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CONTENTS

Editorials	PAGE
Financial Situation	_ 316
Pending Legislation in Congress	327
War and Democray on Two Fronts	
Household Consumers Are the Biggest Investors	
Industry and Agriculture Fear Drug Addiction	
Our Railway Taxes	_ 335
Comment and Review	
Gross and Net Earnings of United States Railroads for the Month of May	337
Book Reviews:	_ 341
The Theory of Forward Exchange	
The Fixed Investment Trust	342
The Compensation of Executive Officers of Reta Companies, 1928-1935	1l - 342
Week on the European Stock Exchanges	_ 320
Foreign Political and Economic Situation	
Foreign Exchange Rates and Comment324	
Course of the Bond Market	
Indications of Business Activity	_ 342
Week on the New York Stock Exchange	
Week on the New York Curb Exchange	_ 378
News	
Current Events and Discussions	
Bank and Trust Company Items	_ 376
General Corporation and Investment News	426
Dry Goods Trade	_ 470
State and Municipal Department	_ 471
Stocks and Bonds	
Foreign Stock Exchange Quotations391	& 424
Dividends Declared	_ 385
Auction Sales	425
New York Stock Exchange—Stock Quotations	392
New York Stock Exchange—Bond Quotations 392	& 402
New York Stock Exchange—Bond Quotations392 of New York Curb Exchange—Stock Quotations	408
New York Curb Exchange—Bond Quotations	419
Other Exchanges—Stock and Bond Quotations	
Canadian Markets—Stock and Bond Quotations	
Canadian Markets—Stock and Bond Quotations	419
Over-the-Counter Securities—Stock & Bond Quotations	422
Reports	
Foreign Bank Statements	
Course of Bank Clearings	
Federal Reserve Bank Statements	
General Corporation and Investment News	
Commodities	
The Commercial Markets and the Crops	457
Cotton	
Prodetuffe	465

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The Financial Situation

APPARENTLY the President is determined that the court issue be fought out to the bitter end, regardless of the consequences. His letter to Senator Barkley seems to leave no room for doubt. In that letter he draws a sharp distinction between "objective" and "method," claiming the prerogative of choosing the former and laying responsibility for the latter upon Congress. This may or may not be an invitation to further "compromise" as far as the technical form of any proposed measure is concerned, but it does not appear likely that he will give his consent to any measure that does not seem to him to

promise attainment of his objective, which, although he has never admitted it, is obviously that of control of the decisions of the Supreme Court. No bill of any description that promises to give the President this power, directly or indirectly, can possibly be accepted by the real statesmen of the Senate or the rank and file of intelligent Americans. No alteration in the text of the measure now before the Senate which does not completely change its fundamental character, and thus in practical effect renounce the "objective" of the President, can serve to eliminate the solemn issue by which both houses of Congress are now faced, although with no desire on the part of their members. The President has thus deliberately passed by another opportunity to escape with a measure of dignity from a situation in which he should never have permitted himself to be placed.

Let Us Dispose of the Matter

It is probably as well. The country has been put on ample notice of the evi-

dent intentions of the President and has had, and has, full opportunity to let its respresentatives in Congress know how it views such machinations. That members of both houses of Congress have in fact heard from the people back home is evident from the strength and determination of the opposition to the court plan. There can not be the slightest doubt that the whole scheme would be voted out of existence within the day if the real convictions of members of Congress were to govern. The President has many extraordinary means at his disposal for bringing pressure upon members of his party in the Senate and the House, but the country, we believe, has less to fear from outright obstinacy on the part of the Presi-

dent than from his more usual strategy of evasiveness. His whole course in the court matter has been replete with evasiveness and lack of forthrightness, but his artful dodging in this instance has been so well exposed that it avails him little. He thus finds himself unmasked before the public as a stubborn man immovably insisting upon a course of action that thoughtful men everywhere condemn and must condemn.

Moreover, the opponents of the President in Congress seem to be in as good a position to administer a well-deserved defeat as they are likely to be. The

tide appeared to have turned before illness and death took three proponents of the measure from the floor of the Senate. The passing of Senator Robinson, leader of the Administration forces in the upper chamber, naturally further demoralized ranks already in confusion and doubtful of their own ground. Meanwhile the House, which had not been prominent in the struggle, seems to have heard from the country and now is reported to be ready, if the occasion arises, to refuse to pass such a measure as that which has been under debate in the Senate. We may as well face this issue now and have done with it.

"Eternal Vigilance"

In the course of his brief address in laying the cornerstone of the new Federal Trade Commission building in Washington on Monday last, the President said:

"But the dangers to the country growing out of monopoly and out of unfair methods of competition still exist and still call for action. . . . Eternal vigilance is the price of opportunity for honest business. It is the price we must pay if business is to be allowed to remain honest and to carry on under fair competitive conditions, protected from the sharp or shady practices of the unscrupulous."

The President is on strong ground when he says the country—he might have said the world—is in danger from lack of fair but vigorous competition. He is equally correct in asserting that eternal vigilance is the price of reasonable safety from such danger.

The trouble is, of course, that he does not act as if he believed his own words. He fostered and still defends the principles of the National Industrial Recovery Act, which more than any other measure in our history, perhaps, was designed to stifle competition, fair and unfair. He is doing his best to create labor monopolies throughout industry and trade, and is apparently determined to reduce competition to a minimum in agriculture. He has shown no real and abiding interest in the enforcement of the so-called anti-trust laws. Many of his policies, if continued and carried to their logical conclusion, would set up government monopolies, right and left.

The eternal vigilance that is the most urgent need of this day is the vigilance maintained by the rank and file of an alert people to protect themselves not only from individuals with evil designs, but also, and chiefly, from the grasping hand of government and from politicians who are always ready, by specious legislative panaceas, to take away both the liberties and the opportunities of business men if thereby they can entrench themselves in public office.

It is this kind of vigilance that today is the price of a continuance of the American system of government and economics.

The Remainder of the Program

The situation that the President has thus insisted upon creating in Congress, and still insists upon continuing there, inevitable raises doubts on all sides as to whether he can command the support necessary to keep a restless and weary Congress in session long enough to enact other measures which he has been inclined to place upon what

is sometimes termed a "must" list. No one questions that there is a great deal of doubt on Capitol Hill about the wisdom not only of the court "packing" plan, but of no small portion of the remaining program of the Administration. It is no secret that similar doubts have assailed many legislators when other measures enacted by overwhelming majorities were being pushed without study through the legislative mill. Only the fear of the political consequences persuaded many supporters of the Administration to vote for a very substantial part of the measures enacted since 1933. These doubts have greatly increased as time has passed, and the seriousness of the danger of political consequences appears

to have diminished. Members of the President's party have, moreover, been disheartened, not to say disgusted, with the stubbornness of the President's unrelenting pressure upon them, and are weary in the heat of a Washington summer. It will be no easy task to keep them at work much longer.

Encouragement is, of course, to be found in the way in which the situation is working out, but overconfidence must be avoided. The President has repeatedly shown himself an artful and resourceful antagonist. On several occasions during the past four or five years he has succeeded in emerging victorious from encounters when the going was rough. He now seems to be facing far more serious difficulties than at any time in his public career, but it will not do to take too much for granted. Those who have been valiantly fighting to save the country from this outrageous court "packing" scheme must be ready for further maneuvers, the nature of which cannot at this time be predicted, and while this particular measure is by far the worst that the Administration at the moment is trying to force Congress to enact, it is by no means the only thoroughly objectionable bill on the President's list. Virtually the whole program laid out for Congress during the remainder of this session ought to be laid upon the shelf. It will be hard enough to get rid of the damage that has been done, and may be done in the future, by measures already passed.

What Needs to Be Done

The duty of Congress is clear. It ought once and for all to end this and all similar plans for robbing the country of the independence of its judiciary, transact such routine business as may be absolutely essential and adjourn sine die. It would by so doing not only save the country a great deal, but would at the same time give its leaders an opportunity which they should not lose a moment in utilizing to the utmost. The period between the date of some early adjournment and the time for reconvening early next year should be used by men of light and leading in all parties to study with the greatest care the real needs of the country and to formulate constructive policies adapted to meet those needs. The President has shown but little regard for traditional party alignments in foisting the New Deal upon the country. There is not the slightest reason why those, both in the Democratic party and elsewhere, who oppose him should show more. On the contrary, there is every reason why they should make the good of their country rather than party considerations their guide. In substantial measure they have shown themselves capable of this larger view in resisting the attempt to 'pack' the Supreme Court. They may well adopt the same attitude in dealing with other highly important and pressing public questions.

It is essential for Congress, and particularly those members of Congress who have been obliged to oppose the President's program, not to permit itself to be made by the politically astute President to appear in the role of mere obstructionists. Assuming that Congress will have the courage to continue to refuse to do the bidding of the President at this time, it simply must not happen that our legislators assemble next year without a definite program and a definite line of policy to replace that now put forward by New Deal managers. If they do, they can be quite certain that the President will find in his hand a powerful weapon to beat down once more their opposition to

policies and measures which they know well enough ought never to be accepted by them. It has been the weakness of the opposition for years past that it had no constructive ideas of its own upon which it could agree. It has from the first been a matter of supporting or rejecting specious plans brought forward by the President, apparently at the suggestion of the oddest collection of advisers ever to surround a President of the United States. No time should be lost in bringing this state of affairs to an end if progress in restoring a normal and common sense order of things in this country is to continue. Defeat of the President on issues of the moment is a necessary first step, but it would leave many major problems still to be solved.

Can it Be Done?

That there are a number of influential men in the major political parties quite capable of formulating constructive policies infinitely preferable to those now constituting the hodge-podge of medievalism, socialism, agrarianism, totalitarianism and many other discarded theories of history commonly known as the New Deal, can scarcely be doubted. Just why should it be impossible for them to function effectively as a nucleus of real statesmanship in this country? Party considerations? In one degree or another, doubtless, partisan antagonisms and party machinery tend to make their task more difficult and delicate, but it is very difficult to believe that impediments of this nature are really insurmountable. Lack of real interest in the welfare of their country? The answer to that question must again be in the negative. The real reason appears to be that heretofore it probably has seemed to such individuals that they had little chance to make themselves and their ideas really effective, so madly had the country turned to the false prophets of the day. They have probably been biding their time. That time now appears definitely to have arrived. The public, certainly large sections of it, have already traveled a long way in its thought and attitudes on public questions, even since last autumn, when, despite a national election, the thoughtful people of the country were presented with hardly more than a Hobson's choice between the New Deal and some other vaguely defined new regine that seemed to differ little in essentials. There is good reason for believing that a very large and influential proportion of the people of the country would rally to the support of a carefully and sensibly formulated program of common sense if given an opportunity when Congress convenes next year.

Federal Reserve Bank Statement

Banking statistics this week show the effects chiefly of a heavy return flow of currency from circulation after the July 4th holiday, and of continuing large Treasury expenditures. These were the chief contributing forces to a rapid advance of member bank reserve deposits with the 12 Federal Reserve banks. The excess of such deposits over legal reserve requirements increased \$80,000,000 in the week to Wednesday night, and the aggregate was estimated officially at \$960,000,000. Gold stocks of the country continued to mount rapidly in the week covered by the latest statistics. The gain for the period was \$47,000,000, and the total now is reported at \$12,423,000,000. Nor is there as yet any definite indication of a return flow of capital

and of gold to France, despite the recent further devaluation of the franc in the hope that fugitive funds thus could be induced to return. The magnetic attraction of the undervalued dollar for the world's gold appears to be little affected by the French monetary change, and to our enormous and puzzling gold stocks further additions are made almost daily. The inactive gold fund of the Treasury now stands at about \$1,200,000,000, while a further \$1,800,000,000,000 of unused gold rests in the stabilization fund, an aggregate of \$3,000,000,000.

With cash in tills mounting rapidly after the recent holiday, total reserves of the 12 Federal Reserve banks moved up to \$9,152,780,000 on July 14, a gain for the week of \$29,314,000. Gold certificates were reported at \$8,835,407,000, up only \$1,000. Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation declined \$38,519,000, leaving the aggregate at \$4,213,898,000. Total deposits with the 12 Federal Reserve banks increased \$80,463,000 to \$7,292,813,000, the variations of accounts consisting of an increase of member bank reserve deposits by \$101,244,000 to \$6,927,-951,000; a decline of Treasury general account deposits by \$10,705,000 to \$90,232,000; a decline of foreign bank deposits by \$13,316,000 to \$159,009,000, and an increase of non-member bank deposits by \$3,240,000 to \$115,621,000. Discounts by the System increased \$2,028,000 to \$15,046,000, while industrial advances fell \$24,000 to \$21,759,000. market holdings of bankers' acceptances were down \$73,000 to \$3,596,000, but holdings of United States Government securities were entirely unchanged at \$2,526,190,000. The reserve ratio fell to 79.5% from 79.6%.

Business Failures in June

BUSINESS failures reported to Dun & Bradstreet in June totaled no more than 670, the smallest of any month this year and sharply reduced from May when there were 834 insolvencies. The summer months are seasonally the ones in which failures are lightest and it is therefore not surprising to find the June figures at the year's low but the number of bankruptcies in that month was nevertheless notably small. Liabilities involved of \$8,191,000 were similarly the smallest of the year and in fact of any month since October, 1919; May liabilities were \$8,364,000. In June 1936 there were 773 failures for \$9,177,000.

All the divisions of industry except the construction group had fewer failures in June this year than last. Construction failures have been greater than in the corresponding month of last year for five successive months. Manufacturing failures numbered 134 in comparison with 143 a year ago; liabilities in this group were however slightly greater amounting to \$2,883,000 in June last and \$2,541,000 in that month in 1936. Retail trade failures were 404 this year and 479 last and liabilities involved in this group dropped to \$3,292,000 from \$3,535,000 a year ago. 66 wholesale firms failed for \$1,109,000 this June while 72 failed for \$1,413,000 in June 1936. Construction failures were 42 this June as compared with 36 last June; liabilities of \$499,000 in June this year however were less than half the \$1,050,000 of June, 1936. Only 24 commercial service organizations failed in June in comparison with 43 in the corresponding month of 1936; liabilities dropped to \$408,000 from \$638,000 a year ago.

Geographically, the greatest improvement was reported in the Philadelphia, Chicago, St. Louis, and San Francisco Federal Reserve districts in each of which failures were 25% to 35% lower than a year ago. In the Atlanta, Minneapolis and Kansas City districts there were more failures than in 1936. Liabilities were also higher in these districts as well as in the New York, Cleveland and Richmond districts where failures were fewer.

The New York Stock Market

RADING in the New York stock market reflected this week a little quiet accumulation of favored issues, but also a degree of indifference to the bulk of stocks by traders and investors. In some groups, such as the steel stocks, the advances of previous weeks not only were maintained but enhanced. Lessening of labor troubles accounted for the good buying of steel and other industrial shares, while another contributing factor was the sharp advance of operations in the industry. Foreign interest in American stocks plainly was on the increase, possibly because of the growing tension with regard to Spain and the Far East. But the summer atmosphere militated against genuine investment interest in stocks within the United States. Holders in general appear to be content with their portfolios, pending clarification of the political situation in Washington, the budgetary intentions of the Federal Administration, the further course of trade and other matters of moment. The turnover, accordingly, was more than 1,000,000 shares on only two occasions this week, on the New York Stock Exchange, while in other sessions it fell considerably under that level.

In quiet dealings last Saturday a slow drift to lower levels was apparent. The liquidation, however, was clearly of the precautionary week-end variety, which failed to affect general prices to any appreciable degree. When trading was resumed last Monday, advances were the rule, with steel stocks in the van of the movement. Reopening of steel mills long closed by strikes gave the steel group tone, while other industrial issues and base metal stocks also were in demand. The trend was reversed on Tuesday, but recessions were small in most instances. Packing stocks, farm implement shares and oil issues were marked a little higher, against the trend. There was no perceptible general tendency on Wednesday. A brisk early advance in a few market leaders was partly counteracted by a late recession, while other stocks merely idled. Main movements on Thursday favored the holders, but steel stocks and a few specialties attracted most of the attention. Such issues showed gains to 3 and 4 points, while others were only fractionally changed. The market yesterday was dull, with levels inclined to slip. United States Steel common was in favor, but other steel and industrial shares reflected the usual week-end selling. Utility stocks held better than others.

In the listed bond market a good investment demand for high-grade issues appeared. United States Treasury securities advanced slowly and ponderously all week, with the net advances for the period quite respectable. Best-rated corporate bonds were similarly firm. Among speculative issues, carrier bonds showed gains in some sessions and losses in others, while other groups were dull.

The foreign section attracted attention, with Japanese issues under modest pressure as a consequence of the new military advances in China. The commodity markets were highly irregular. Wheat advanced sharply on Tuesday on reports of crop damage in Canada, and most of the increase was maintained. Cotton was firm at times, but broke sharply on Thursday. Metal markets were steady. Foreign exchange trading also reflected much uncertainty. Sterling showed persistent strength, but French francs broke heavily yesterday to lowest levels since the change of government and the devoluation of the unit.

On the New York Stock Exchange 22 stocks touched new high levels for the year while 32 stocks touched new low levels. On the New York Curb Exchange 26 stocks touched new high levels and 36 stocks touched new low levels. Call loans on the New York Stock Exchange remained unchanged at 1%.

On the New York Stock Exchange the sales at the half-day session on Saturday last were 297,700 shares; on Monday they were 1,022,840 shares; on Tuesday, 848,610 shares; on Wednesday, 1,036,890 shares; on Thursday, 736,860 shares, and on Friday, 703,980 shares. On the New York Curb Exchange the sales last Saturday were 72,675 shares; on Monday, 217,675 shares; on Tuesday, 212,835 shares; on Wednesday, 240,045 shares; on Thursday, 186,645 shares, and on Friday 172,375 shares.

The stock market the present week enjoyed periods of moderate gains and periods when sagging tendencies held sway and turned prices irregularly lower, but taking the week as a whole the advances outweighed the losses. On the strength of a good business outlook prominent issues on Monday moved up from one to four points, led by the steel shares, with United States Steel enjoying the day's best gain. On Tuesday the market suffered a technical reaction, and the general list turned irregularly lower. In the decline greater losses were suffered by the rail issues than among the industrial shares. In the morning session on Wednesday brisk advances characterized trading and prices rose from one to three points, only to ease in the afternoon and close in an irregular fashion. Sharp declines were again prevalent among the railway issues. A steadier market developed on Thursday and equities closed the day irregularly higher after a rather weak opening. Dulness was a feature of trading yesterday, with the trend of prices somewhat lower, due to week-end liquidation. As compared with Friday of last week, the general list at Yesterday's close shows irregular changes. General Electric closed yesterday at 56% against 55% on Friday of last week; Consolidated Edison Co. of N. Y. at 37 against 361/4; Columbia Gas & Elec. at 123/8 against 125/8; Public Service of N. J. at 415/8 against 411/4; J. I. Case Threshing Machine at 168 against 168; International Harvester at 113\% against 111; Sears, Roebuck & Co. at 921/2 against 913/4; Montgomery Ward & Co. at 61% against 601/2; Woolworth at 45% against 46%, and American Tel. & Tel. at 1693/4 against 169. Western Union closed yesterday at 47 against 48% on Friday of last week; Allied Chemical & Dye at 234 against 228½; E. I. du Pont de Nemours at 160 against 1563/4; National Cash Register at 33% against 33; International Nickel at 61% against 611/2; National Dairy Prod-

ucts at 201/4 against 201/8; National Biscuit at 231/4 against 247/8; Texas Gulf Sulphur at 361/4 against 36; Continental Can at 56½ against 56½; Eastman Kodak at 1793/4 against 1771/2; Standard Brands at 125/8 against 125/8; Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. at 148 against 148; Lorillard at 22 against 221/4; United States Industrial Alcohol at 311/2 against 32; Canada Dry at 261/4 against 263/4; Schenley Distillers at 43% against 421%, and National Distillers at 30% against 30%.

The steel stocks extended their gains and closed yesterday substantially higher than on Friday a week ago. United States Steel closed yesterday at 115% against 108% on Friday of last week; Inland Steel at 118 against 1143/4; Bethlehem Steel at 931/4 against 90%; Republic Steel at 39% against 38%, and Youngstown Sheet & Tube at 91% against 87%. In the motor group, Auburn Auto closed yesterday at 17 against 1634 on Friday of last week; General Motors at 52% against 53; Chrysler at 100% against 103\%, and Hupp Motors at 3\% against 3\%. In the rubber group, Goodyear Tire & Rubber closed yesterday at 39½ against 49% on Friday of last week; United States Rubber at 59 against 611/4, and B. F. Goodrich at 381/4 against 393/4. The railroad shares were subject to pressure the present week and closed yesterday somewhat lower. Pennsylvania RR. closed yesterday at 381/2 against 40 on Friday of last week; Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe at 81 against 82; New York Central at 391/4 against 401/4; Union Pacific at 1311/4 against 130; Southern Pacific at 45½ against 48; Southern Railway at 31% against 32%, and Northern Pacific at 291/4 against 30. Among the oil stocks, Standard Oil of N. J. closed yesterday at 70% against 68% on Friday of last week; Shell Union Oil at 29 against 281/4, and Atlantic Refining at 30% against 30%. In the copper group, Anaconda Copper closed yesterday at 55% against 55% on Friday of last week; American Smelting & Refining at 92 against 921/8, and Phelps Dodge at 49\% against 47.

Trade and industrial reports remain generally encouraging. Steel operations for the week ending today were estimated by the American Iron and Steel Institute at 82.7% of capacity against 67.3% last week and 69.0% at this time last year. The quick increase was due partly to recovery from Independence Day idleness and partly to the reopening of strike-shut mills. Production of electric power was reported by the Edison Electric Institute at 2,096,266,000 kilowatt hours in the week to July 10, which included the holiday suspension. The figure compared with 2,238,268,000 kilowatt hours in the preceding week and with 1,956,230,000 kilowatt hours in the corresponding week of last year. Car loadings of revenue freight for the week to July 10 totaled 682,205 cars, according to the Association of This was a decrease of American Railroads. 123,963 cars from the previous week and of 42,072 cars from the similar week of 1936, the holiday incidence being reflected also in these figures.

As indicating the course of the commodity markets, the July option for wheat in Chicago closed yesterday at 127%c. against 122%c. the close on Friday of last week. July corn at Chicago closed yesterday at 128½c. as against 128½c. the close on Friday of last week. July oats at Chicago closed yesterday at 44c. as against 43%c. the close on

Friday of last week.

The spot price for cotton here in New York closed yesterday at 12.52c. as against 13.05c. the close on Friday of last week. The spot price for rubber yesterday was 18.90c. as against 19.06c. the close on Friday of last week. Domestic copper closed yesterday at 14c., the close on Friday of last week.

In London the price of bar silver yesterday was 19 15/16 pence per ounce as against 20 3/16 pence per ounce on Friday of last week, and spot silver in New York closed yesterday at 44\%\(^3\)4c., the close on Friday of last week.

In the matter of the foreign exchanges, cable transfers on London closed yesterday at \$4.97 5/16 as against \$4.96 the close on Friday of last week, and cable transfers on Paris closed yesterday at 3.82½c. as against 3.87%c. the close on Friday of last week.

European Stock Markets

OVEMENTS were diverse this week on stock exchanges in the leading European financial centers. All markets were affected by the growing difficulties of the Spanish war and its non-intervention farce, while the specter of war in the Far East proved a further disturbing influence. Increasing uneasiness was apparent, moreover, regarding the French internal position, in view of the socialist demands for rigorous political steps to achieve their Despite these unfavorable aspects of the general situation, prices were rather well maintained at London. On the French market a series of sharp breaks occurred, which carried rentes to exceptionally low levels and caused a further flight of capital from the country. The Berlin Boerse was dull and only slightly changed, throughout the week. Some encouragement was gained by European investors from American reports of lessened labor troubles, but this was reflected mainly in a growing demand for United States stocks. The business position in Great Britain remains excellent and Germany is not far behind, the improvement in both cases being attributable in good part to heavy armaments expenditures. French nervousness and uncertainty is quite understandable, in view of the recent devaluation of the franc and indications that fresh difficulties may develop.

The London Stock Exchange was quiet in the initial session of the week, with a declining tendency apparent in most sections. Gilt-edged issues were steady, but most industrial stocks were marked lower. Anglo-American trading favorites dipped on unfavorable week-end reports from New York, while Far Eastern securities fell sharply because of the developing trouble between Japan and China. In a more active period on Tuesday, some buying of British funds was apparent, but industrial issues suffered from renewed liquidation. Anglo-American issues were traded heavily and at advancing levels, owing partly to favorable reports of the New York trend and partly to impressions that labor troubles no longer offer a serious threat to investors in such securities. Commodity stocks were inclined The international difficulties to move upward. modified trading at London on Wednesday. Giltedged issues advanced modestly, while industrial stocks and commodity securities were irregular. Fresh advances were scored in some of the leading Anglo-American issues. Another quiet session was reported on Thursday, with British funds well supported. Industrial stocks and most of the gold mining, rubber and other commodity shares drifted downward. Anglo-American favorites were soft, while other foreign securities dipped sharply. Giltedged issues dipped slightly in a quiet session yesterday, while industrial stocks were irregular.

Prices on the Paris Bourse slumped sharply as trading was resumed for the week, on Monday. Rentes suffered to a relatively heavy degree in the general liquidation, with the declines attributed both to internal troubles and the international tension. Fresh taxation, as proposed by Finance Minister Georges Bonnet, and rumors of outrageous demands at a Socialist convention, proved especially perturbing. Bank and industrial shares dropped along with rentes, while foreign issues were irregular. Tuesday was the last session at Paris before the mid-month settlement, and this fact, coupled with the impending holiday, caused fresh liquidation on the Bourse. Losses in rentes rivaled those of the previous session, but the drop was more modest in equities. Spanish securities advanced following the suspension of the international border control, and some other foreign issues also reflected demand. Dealings were suspended on Wednesday in the traditional observance of Bastille Day. Another session of plunging values was noted on Thursday. The worst fears as to the Socialist Congress at Marseilles were realized, when resolutions were adopted by that body for nationalization of credit and insurance, and other measures of a like nature. Rentes fell further, and French equities of all descriptions also suffered, despite a carryover rate of only 51/2%, against the last month-end settlement of 8½%. International issues were in keen demand. The drop in rentes was accentuated yesterday, but equities were firm and international issues higher.

The Berlin Boerse was quiet and slightly irregular in the first session of the week. Early recessions were offset by late gains, and the net changes were measured in small fractions. Fixed-income issues were stagnant. The trend on Tuesday was upward, with a few leading issues of the utility and textile groups in best demand. Gains in such stocks ranged to 5 points, while advances elsewhere were small. Activity increased at Berlin on Wednesday, with the main trend again upward. The advances were modest, however, and some of the previous favorites lost a little of their gains before the close. Dealings on Thursday were modest, with the tone irregular. Profit-taking developed on a small scale, and it sufficed to upset the market. At the end some issues showed small gains, while most of the market was unchanged. After a dull opening, prices firmed yesterday, and good gains were noted at the close.

Chinese Silver-United States Gold

It seems quite unlikely that any importance attaches to a new arrangement, announced in Washington last Saturday, for an exchange of United States gold for Chinese silver. Secretary of the Treasury Henry Morgenthau, Jr., and the Chinese Finance Minister, Dr. H. H. Kung, announced the program in a joint statement which leaves much to be desired, despite its verbosity. The statement indicated that further progress in monetary cooperation between the two countries would take place on an expanded scale, much along the lines of the agree-

ment reached in May, 1936. There will be a modest variation, however, from the 1936 program of direct United States Treasury purchases of silver from China. with China free to buy gold with the pro-The current arrangement is simply that of direct United States Treasury purchases of silver from the Chinese Government, which in turn will effect similarly direct purchases of gold from the United States. Dollar exchange is to be supplied to China for currency stablization purposes on a broader scale than formerly, it seems. The two finance officials expressed great gratification over the "beneficial results" of the understanding reached last year, and held it to be a source of satisfaction that the "program of monetary reforms and currency stablization in China has been carried out with great success and has been accompanied by an increase of trade."

Perhaps the most significant circumstance is the incidental disclosure that any gold supplied to China in return for silver will be taken from the Inactive Gold Fund of the Treasury. But that fund now is swollen to such prodigious proportions that the takings by China could not possibly have an appreciable effect. The statement fails to disclose the price to be paid by the Treasury for the Chinese silver, and similar silence is maintained about the price of our gold to China, although in the latter case it is evident that the usual Treasury figure of \$35 will prevail. Regarding the amount of these metallic transfers, both Mr. Morgenthau and Dr. Kung remained enigmatic, when questioned in Washington. So far as monetary importance is concerned, the arrangement pales into complete insignificance when it is realized that China was quite free in any event to ship silver to the United States and acquire dollar balances in this manner for defense of her currency. The surmise seems justified, for this reason, that the florid announcement has more political than financial importance, at a moment when relations between China and Japan once again are at the breaking point. There is nothing in the statement about the harm done China by our egregious silver policy, but it is hardly to be supposed that Mr. Morgenthau will emphasize the grave errors of this Administration in monetary matters. It should not be forgotten, however, that Mr. Morgenthau's capricious advance of the world silver price some years ago, and the subsequent drop of the price, almost brought Chinese trade to a halt for a time and intensified the depression measurably.

B. I. S. Meeting

LTHOUGH the principal European central A bankers continue faithfully the practice of journeying to Basle, Switzerland, for the usual monthly meetings of Bank for International Settlements directors, little has been accomplished lately at such Board sessions. In these difficult times, however, the informal exchanges of views must be quite valuable. The Board held its usual meeting last Monday, and heard officially that the Netherlands gold embargo had been raised, and the practice of extending foreign loans resumed in Amsterdam. The informal discussions, a Basle dispatch to the New York "Times" indicates, ranged over a wide field of finance and politics. The French devaluation naturally aroused much interest but no surprise. It was generally agreed that any return flow

of gold to France would be unlikely to attain proportions to menace other major currencies. In one or two instances the thought appeared to prevail that Swiss or Dutch currencies might feel the effect of the French change. The opinion was voiced that the new French Finance Minister, Georges Bonnet, looks toward an eventual conversion of high coupon rentes into lower interest obligations, much in the manner effected in Great Britain and the United States during recent years. Some disappointment prevailed with the results of the investigation into world trade problems undertaken by Belgium's Premier, Paul van Zeeland.

Naval Competition

Y/HATEVER doubt may have remained on the question of qualitative limitation of naval armaments was dispelled by the State Department in Washington, last Saturday, when it was announced that 16-inch guns would be mounted on two new battleships now under construction. The more important quantitative limitations lapsed with the termination of the Washington and London treaties, but strenuous efforts were made by Great Britain and the United States to save from the wreckage at least some of the more obviously sensible limitations of gun calibres. Japan proved the stumbling block and a special appeal was made to that country to keep guns on first-line ships to 14 inches. Tokio declined, on the basis that the Japanese demand for naval parity had not been met. The announcement made at Washington merely noted "that there is not a universal acceptance by the Washington Naval Powers of the limit of gun caliber at 14 inches." The conclusion was reached "with the greatest reluctance" that assurances of a 14-inch limitation could not be obtained, and the decision to place 16-inch guns on the new American battleships followed. There is now much interest in the British intentions along this line. Some months ago it was stated in London that 14 inches would remain the upper limit of guns on British battleships, regardless of actions elsewhere. But such statements naturally are subject to modification, in the light of later events.

European Diplomacy

AINS in the European diplomatic sphere are small and insignificant compared to the gloomy pall dropped on the world by the Spanish war and the new Sino-Japanese crisis, but it is possible to note a few small advances in the general direction of amity and understanding. France and Germany signed, last Saturday, two agreements, covering trade between the countries and the system of payments. In either case, most of the depression encumbrances to trade were removed by the accords, which are to become effective Aug. 1. The clearing system adopted by France to insure German payment of Dawes and Young plan obligations also was dropped. The aim on both sides is to increase trade and keep the exchanges in substantial balance. That the accords will lead to im proved political relations was emphasized both in Paris and Berlin. German relations with Austria received study in recent weeks, and it was indicated in Vienna over the last week-end that apprehensions regarding the intentions of Berlin slowly are waning. The German Ambassador, Franz von Papen.

made it plain that Austrian independence is to be respected, although it also was emphasized once again that Austria is a German State. The British Labor leader, George Lansbury, concluded a visit to Rome, last Monday, with an announcement that his conversations with Premier Mussolini gave him the impression of an ardent desire for peace on the part of Il Duce. Soviet Russian officials entertained the Swedish Foreign Minister, Richard J. Sandler, late last week, and the brief courtesy call by Mr. Sandler was regarded as a satisfactory indication of the continued strict neutrality of Sweden.

Spain

EADING governments in Europe continued to struggle this week with the question of nonintervention in Spain, and the varying views entertained about this trying problem by fascist, communist and democratic States. The British Government was saddled with the task of finding a formula that would fit the present situation, possibly because Great Britain comes nearest to genuine neutrality among the European Powers. After reluctant acceptance of the appointment, London produced a proposal on Wednesday that already has been subjected to extensive criticism and that also seems destined for failure. The simple fact seems to be that the international supporters of the loyalists and rebels are quite willing, in either case, to see a genuine embargo applied to the opponents of their favorites, but not to those they wish to see win the civil war. The scheme for the control of outside aid to the Spaniards rapidly is breaking down completely, in these circumstances, and by the same token it becomes ever clearer that the war in Spain is international in character.

Long sessions of the Non-Intervention Committee of London were held on July 9 in the endeavor to solve the puzzle of effective control. After Germany and Italy withdrew from the naval patrol around Spain, offers were made by Great Britain and France to assume the entire task of maintaining the naval cordon. This, in turn, was unacceptable to the Germans and Italians, who suggested abandonment of the naval patrol and the granting of belligerent rights to the rebel regime of General Francisco Franco. For the problem thus presented the Non-Intervention Committee had no solution to offer, and the 27 nations extended late on July 9 a unanimous invitation to the British representative to engage in private discussions. Last Saturday it was reported from Paris that the French Government would suspend the international control at the border between France and Spain, owing to the ineffectiveness of the similar control between Portugal and Spain. Action to this effect was taken by France at noon, Tuesday, although it was stated at the time that French officials would take up the task and keep the border closed, so far as volunteers and war supplies are concerned.

With the situation thus developing into an ever clearer division of loyalist and rebel supporters, London worked feverishly and proposed on Wednesday a complicated compromise, which immediately was circulated to all the nations concerned. This proposal was communicated to the House of Commons, where it evoked much criticism, as well as some favorable comment. It called for the granting of belligerent rights to loyalists and insurgents

alike, but only after unanimous approval by the Non-Intervention Committee of a complete withdrawal from Spain of all foreign volunteers. Naval patrol would halt, under this plan, but here again it was stipulated that neutral observers would be stationed in Spanish ports to effect the same end. Land control would continue, and air control receive further study. This interesting plan promptly was accepted "in principle" and "as a basis for discussion" by the foremost Powers in Europe, but a small flood of reservations began to pour into London the next day, disheartening the London Foreign Office no little. France was said to feel that there was no justification for granting belligerent rights to General Franco, and there were intimations that Germany and Italy would enter firm objections to the withdrawal of "volunteers." An extensive debate on the British program apparently will develop, and in the meanwhile it seems clear that non-intervention is a complete fiction.

The fighting in Spain this week was bitter and intense, with the loyalists continuing their drive in the environs of Madrid. It is now plain that extensive preparations were made by the loyalists for the general offensive against the rebels, since there has been no intermission in the effort to raise the siege of the capital. Various salients were attacked from time to time, and the points of pressure were altered skilfully to prevent any concentration of rebel troops. The heaviest charges were in the areas west and northwest of Madrid, where the rebels were forced slowly to give ground before the numerous and determined loyalists. So far, however, the territory regained by the loyalists is of more military than practical significance, since it is only a fraction of the ground lost late last year. Airplanes were employed extensively on both sides in this fighting, and most observers agree that the loyalists appeared to have more aircraft and swifter ones than the rebels. The loyalist air equipment was supplied chiefly by the Russians, while German and Italian craft are used by the rebels. There was an almost complete suspension of activities on the Basque front.

Japan and China

MINOUS rumblings of a major clash between China and Japan filled the air in the Far East this week, as skirmishes occurred almost every day between troops of these nations near the former Chinese capital, Peiping. The fighting started a little more than a week ego, and it remains a question as to the origin of the small battles, with either side blaming the other. But this problem now is hardly more than academic, for the Japanese quickly presented their usual series of "demands," which thinly veil an obvious desire to slice off another huge section of northern China and add it to the area of conquest called Manchukuo. tactics reduced the area of Chinese sovereignty markedly since 1931, as the Chinese political and military forces always withdrew in preference to fighting a full-fledged war with Japan. On the present occasion, however, the Chinese authorities give every indication of a firm intention to prevent further incursions, and the patriotic 29th Chinese Army is standing its ground near Peping. Widescale mobilization is reported in China. moved yesterday to place all the Island Empire on a

war footing. The seriousness of the situation is hardly to be exaggerated, for a face-saving formula acceptable to both sides is becoming steadily more difficult to find. Parleys continue between officials of the two countries, but keen observers of Far Eastern affairs suspect that they are mere time-consuming devices, intended to cover the period of intense preparations for war.

Japanese claims and contentions in this matter have been unconvincing. They appear to be designed just a little too shrewdly and methodically to produce a bad situation, from which further territorial advantages could be wrested. Having been applied so often in areas already added to Manchukuo, the process is easily recognized. If the generally accepted surmise is correct, Japanese military authorities, with or without the initial consent of the Tokio politicians, decided to push the issue and take over by degrees a number of the Provinces of China proper. The Chinese incidents followed quickly what is now regarded as a Japanese test of Russian war sentiment, effected through the conflict centering around two marshy islands in the Amur River, which divides Manchukuo and Siberia. When the Russians retreated, the Japanese military authorities apparently decided that there was little to fear from that quarter, and the expansion move at the expense of China promptly was put in motion. The temper of the Chinese people and their rulers clearly has hardened, however, and opposition to the Japanese involves the danger of widespread warfare. This is well realized in Washington, London and other capitals, where the Far Eastern events are being studied with great anxiety.

The initial clash in the present series occurred near Peiping on July 8, and on the following day Japan began to present demands for full acceptance of responsibility by China. A truce was arranged with the readily controlled local political council, this being a favorite Japanese strategem. But the Chinese troops gave every indication of remaining at their stations, and the peace moves failed. Skirmishes in the neighborhood of Peiping were resumed last Sunday, and they continued all of this week. It become generally known by Tuesday that four major demands had been presented by Japan. China was called upon to withdraw all troops from the area of fighting, to punish her military officers severely, to suppress all anti-Japanese movements and to cooperate against Communism. The Japanese further insisted upon restricting negotiations on some important points to the Hopei-Chahar political council. The Nanking Nationalist Government found such demands "utterly untenable." Nationalist armies began to move toward the Peiping area in preparation for eventualities, and Japan moved troops on a large scale from Manchukuo toward the same points. Early yesterday it was decided at Tokio to send the 12th Division of the Imperial Army from Japan to northern China. Some 3,000,000 Japanese army reservists were ordered to prepare for a call to duty, and the entire nation was put on a war basis. In Washington, Secretary of State Cordell Hull conveyed to Japanese and Chinese representatives, last Monday, a hope that war will be averted in northern China, and there is reason to believe the British Government took similar steps.

Discount Rates of Foreign Central Banks

THERE have been no changes during the week in the discount rates of any of the foreign central banks. Present rates at the leading centers are shown in the table which follows:

DISCOUNT RATES OF FOREIGN CENTRAL BANKS

Country	Rate in Effect July 16	Date	Pre- vious Rate	Country	Rate in Effect July 16	Date	Pre- vious Rate
Argentina	334	Mar. 1 1936		Holland	2	Dec. 2 1936	216
Austria	3 34	July 10 1935	4	Hungary	4	Aug. 28 1935	436
Batavia	4	July 1 1935	436	India	3	Nov. 29 1935	334
Belgium	2	May 15 1935	236	Ireland	3	June 30 1932	336
Bulgaria		Aug. 15 1935	7	Italy		May 18 1936	5
Canada		Mar. 11 1935		Japan		Apr. 6 1936	3.65
Chile		Jan. 24 1935	436	Java		Jan. 14 1937	4
Colombia	4	July 18 1933	5	Jugoslavia	3 5	Feb. 1 1935	634
Czechoslo-	-			Lithuania.		July 1 1936	6
vakia	3	Jan. 1 1936	336	Morocco		May 28 1935	436
Danzig	3 4	Jan. 2 1937	5	Norway		Dec. 5 1936	336
Denmark	4	Oct. 19 1936	3 14	Poland		Oct. 25 1933	6
England	2	June 30 1932	236	Portugal	5	Dec. 13 1934	536
Estonia	5	Sept. 25 1934	536	Rumania		Dec. 7 1934	6
Finland	4	Dec. 4 1934	436	South Africa		May 15 1933	4
France	5	July 6 1937	6	Spain		July 10 1935	536
Germany	4	Sept. 30 1932	5	Sweden		Dec. 1 1933	3
Greece	6	Jan. 4 1937		Switzerland		Nov. 25 1936	2

Foreign Money Rates

IN LONDON open market discount rates for short bills on Friday were 9-16% as against 9-16% on Friday of last week, and 9-16% for three months' bills as against 9-16% on Friday of last week. Money on call at London on Friday was $\frac{1}{2}$ %. At Paris the open market rate remains at 5%, and in Switzerland at $\frac{1}{6}$ %.

Bank of England Statement

HE statement for the week ended July 14, shows a small increase of £59,892 in gold holdings raising the total to another record high of £327,-354,426; a year ago gold holdings were £231,954,289. Note circulation contracted £1,019,000 after six successive weeks of increases during which period circulation rose from £475,219,629 on May 26 to £494,424,000 on July 7 which latter was the highest the figure ever attained. The unusually large rise during this period has been generally attributed to French hoarding of British notes; however part of the increase in the latter part of the period was undoubtedly due to usual month-end demands. The changes in these two items brought about an increase of £1,079,000 in reserve. Public deposits rose £7,866,000 and other deposits £605,000. latter consists of bankers' accounts which rose £631,-000 and other accounts which decreased £25,983. The reserve proportion dropped to 22.7%, the low of the year and compares with 23.30% a week earlier and 32.00% a year ago. Loans on government securities increased £7,335,000 and on other securities £92,-904. Other securities comprise discounts and advances which fell off £216,361, and securities which increased £309,265. The discount rate did not change from 2%. Below we show the different items with comparisons for previous years:

BANK OF ENGLAND'S COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

	July 14, 1937	July 15, 1936	July 17, 1935	July 18, 1934	July 19, 1933
-	£	£	£	£	
Circulation	493,405,000	443,258,762	399,567,687	383,888,618	377,374,459
Public deposits	23,120,000	20,391,831	7,883,273	20,644,473	19,051,759
Other deposits	126,301,725	131,321,103	142,427,136	132,690,912	151,363,885
Bankers' accounts.	89,172,522	90,637,413	103,582,360		
Other accounts	37,129,203	40,683,690	38,844,776	35,809,434	57,204,568
Govt. securities	103,960,532	96,813,310	91,886,044	83,187,071	89,590,963
Other securities	29,561,479	24,271,534	22,826,386	19,947,007	25,309,013
Disct. & advances.	8,818,835	5,864,044	9,276,901	7,462,713	
Securities	20,742,644	18,407,490	13,549,485	12,484,294	14,062,528
Reserve notes & coin	33,948,000	48,695,527	53,671,647	68,289,949	73,606,193
Coin and bullion	327,354,426	231,954,289	193,239,334	192,178,567	190,980,652
Proportion of reserve					
to liabilities	22.7%	32.00%	35.70%	44.53%	43.19%
Bank rate	2%	2%	2%	2%	2%

Bank of France Statement

THE statement for the week of July 8 showed a slight increase in gold holdings of 137,970 francs, which brought the total up to 48,859,359,-

303 francs, as compared with 54,606,761,205 francs a year ago and 71,351,359,405 francs the year before. The reserve ratio stands now at 48.23%; last year it was 58.32% and the previous year 74.91%. Notes in circulation fell off 43,000,000 francs, which brought the total down to 88,643,288,350 francs. Circulation a year ago aggregated 86,090,395,580 francs and two years ago 81,728,580,795 francs. Credit balances abroad, French commercial bills discounted, bills bought abroad, advances against securities, creditor current accounts and temporary advances to State recorded decreases, namely 4,000,-000 francs, 148,000,000 francs, 102,000,000 francs, 275,000,000 francs 1,458,000,000 francs and 13,000,-000 francs respectively. Below we furnish a comparison of the different items for three years:

BANK OF FRANCE'S COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

	Changes for Week	July 8, 1937	July 10, 1936	July 12, 1935
	Francs	Francs	Francs	Francs
Gold holdings			54,606,761,205	
Credit bals. abroad_	-4,000,000	13,000,000	43,285,765	9,890,981
a French commercial				
bills discounted	-148,000,000	9,977,380,052	6.406.231.078	6.814.973.075
b Bills bought abr'd	-102,000,000	884,872,036		
Adv. against securs.	-275,000,000			
Note circulation	-43,000,000		86,090,395,580	
Credit, current accts		12,659,480,964		13,517,536,416
c Temp. advs. with-	-,,,	,000,100,001	110001001000	20,021,000,220
out int. to State	-13.000.000	22.153.738.771	15,083,423,335	
Propor'n of gold on	2010001000	,100,100,111	10,000,120,000	
hand to sight liab.	0.70%	48.23%	58.32%	74.91%

a Includes bills purchased in France. b Includes bills discounted abroad. c Representing drafts on Treasury on 10-billion-franc credit opened at Bank.

Gold holdings of the Bank were revalued Sept. 26, 1936, in accordance with devaluation legislation enacted on that date. Immediately following devaluation, 10,000,000,000 francs of the Bank's gold was taken over by the French stabilization fund, but it was announced a few days thereafter that 5,000,000,000 francs of the gold had been returned to the Bank. See notation to table "Gold builion in European Banks" on a subsequent page of this issue.

Note—"Treasury bills discounted" appeared in blank in the statement of Sept. 25 all these bills had matured and have since been transferred to the account remporary advances without interest to the State."

New York Money Market

BUSINESS was dull this week in the New York money market, and rates were unchanged in all departments. The Treasury inaugurated a new series of discount bill issues due next December, and the usual longer issue also was sold, making \$100,000,000 in all. The awards on Monday were at 0.419% average for the \$50,000,000 bills due in 155 days, and at 0.514% average for \$50,000,000 due in 273 days. Bankers' bill and commercial paper rates were unchanged, with little business done. Call loans on the New York Stock Exchange held at 1% for all transactions, while time loans were offered at $1\frac{1}{4}\%$ for datings to 90 days, and at $1\frac{1}{2}\%$ for four to six months' maturities.

New York Money Rates

EALING in detail with call loan rates on the Stock Exchange from day to day, 1% was the ruling quotation all through the week for both new loans and renewals. The market for time money continues quiet, no transactions having been reported this week. Rates continued nominal at $1\frac{1}{4}\%$ up to 90 days and $1\frac{1}{2}\%$ for four to six months' maturities. The market this week for prime commercial paper has been very active. Paper has been in good supply and the demand brisk. Rates are unchanged at 1% for all maturities.

Bankers' Acceptances

HE market for prime bankers' acceptances has quieted down this week. The demand still continues in excess of the supply. There has been no change in the rates. The official quotations as issued by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York for bills up to and including 90 days are ½% bid and 7-16% asked; for bills running for four months, 9-16% bid and $\frac{1}{2}\%$ asked; for five and six months, $\frac{5}{8}\%$ bid

and 9-16% asked. The bill-buying rate of the New York Reserve Bank is ½% for bills running from 1 to 90 days, 3/4% for 91- to 120-day bills and 1% for 121to 180-day bills. The Federal Reserve Bank's holdings of acceptances decreased from \$3,669,000 to \$3,596,000. Open market dealers are quoting the same rates as those reported by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The rates for open acceptances are as follows:

	SPOT	DELIVE	RY			
Prime eligible bills	Bid	Asked		Asked	120 B(d	Days— Asked
Prime eligible bills	90 Bid 35	Days-Asked	Bid 34	Days-Asked	——30 Bid ⅓	Asked
FOR DELI	VERY	WITHIN	THIR	TY DAY	8	
Eligible member banks						%% bid

Discount Rates of the Federal Reserve Banks

HERE have been no changes this week in the rediscount rates of the Federal Reserve banks. The following is the schedule of rates now in effect for the various classes of paper at the different Reserve banks:

DISCOUNT RATES OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS

Federal Reserve Bank	Rate in Effect on July 16	Date Established	Previous Rate
Boston	2	Feb. 8 1934	234
New York	136	Feb. 2 1934	2
Philadelphia	2	Jan. 17 1935	236
Cleveland	136	May 11 1935	2
Richmond	2	May 9 1935	234
Atlanta	2	Jan. 14 1935	236
Chicago	2	Jan. 19 1935	236
St. Louis	2	Jan. 3 1935	236
Minneapolis	2	May 14 1935	236
Kansas City	2	May 10 1935	2 1/2
Dallas	2	May 8 1935	214
San Francisco	2	Feb. 16 1934	236

Course of Sterling Exchange

CTERLING exchange continues firm and in demand. On Friday the pound moved into new high ground for the year when cable transfers sold at \$4.973/8. The firmness displayed during the past few weeks reflects ease in the dollar, resulting partly from the movement of foreign funds from New York to London. Sterling is likewise firm on seasonal account and as a result of a general trend of foreign funds from many quarters to London in search of safety and investment. The range for bankers' sight bills this week has been between \$4.95 13-16 and $\$4.97\frac{1}{4}$, compared with a range of between $\$4.94\frac{1}{2}$ and \$4,96½ last week. The range for cable transfers has been between \$4.95% and \$4.97%, compared with a range of between \$4.94 9-16 and $$4.96\frac{1}{4}$ a week ago.

During the past few weeks foreign exchange traders seem to have discovered signs that some European funds are moving from the New York market into sterling. This seems to be especially true of French and Dutch balances in New York. The movement is due to fears of possible discriminatory taxation in this country against foreign capital as a part of the program to "plug tax-loopholes." The outward movement is induced by the fact that American officials have indicated a willingness to exchange information with other governments in a cooperative endeavor to keep track of capital for tax purposes.

The British Government has consistently refused to consider all suggestions that it cooperate with other members of the tripartite agreement in reporting foreign funds invested in Great Britain. It would be contrary to traditional British policy to take such a stand as would compel British bankers to disclose the business secrets of their customers. The attitude of Great Britain in the matter is merely a reflection and extension of the policy adopted when

in September, 1931, on departing from the gold standard, the Government refused to nationalize gold and gave solemn pledges of the safety of privately owned gold in England whether held by British nationals or by foreigners.

Concurrent with the movement of foreign funds from New York there is evidence of a reduced flow of gold from abroad to the United States. According to Washington advices the United States Treasury is gratified by the recent abatement in the gold movement, but no official comment is likely to be made unless the trend is greatly prolonged. Thus far, at least, the movement is not sufficiently marked to indicate a major trend. The present inflow of gold is small only in comparison with the heavy movements of gold to New York during April, May and June, when the French franc was approaching its latest crisis.

According to the Paris reports from official sources there has been some repatriation of French funds from both London and New York, but foreign exchange traders here and in London find no evidence of such repatriation and interpret the French statements as official expressions designed to stimulate confidence in the franc and the present French regime.

Whatever gold is moving from the United States to Europe represents probably nothing more than exchange of earmarkings by the tripartite countries. Under the terms of the tripartite currency agreement foreign currencies obtained by control operations may be converted into gold at the prices mutually agreed upon by the control involved. It is believed probable that both the British and Dutch controls may have converted dollars acquired in the past several days into gold. However, this is no more than the best surmise of the foreign exchange market, as the operations of the equalization funds are either kept secret or are not disclosed until too late to have any effect on the market.

Gold for hoarding is again in demand in London, while at the same time foreign, especially French, hoarders are acquiring British bank notes. The peak of British note circulation is seasonally some weeks off, but despite the high level of British trade and employment the note circulation of the Bank of England would not be so great at this time were it not for the incessant demand by European hoarders.

Tourist demand for sterling is now at a high level and is not likely to diminish until the approach of September. This year, as last, Great Britain has commanded the major share of tourist traffic, especially from this side.

The tone of British business has acquired a new note of optimism. The scope and incidence of the new National Defense Contribution was fully revealed by Chancellor Simon's speech in the House of Commons on June 21, together with the publication on June 23 of the clauses in the finance bill relating to the measure. Both the City of London and industrial Britain generally have accepted the measure as not in the least oppressive.

Only last week Premier Chamberlain made a cheerful summary of the current British position. His review of the European political situation naturally was cautious, but concerning Britain's economic position he stressed the optimism with which he still regarded the outlook. There is abundant evidence that British industry will suffer no major reaction soon or in the more distant future. Even with the

recession in business activity which might follow completion of the rearmament program some years hence, other upward movements promise a broadened activity.

A gratifying feature has been the quite steady rise in gilt-edged securities from the prolonged depression which chilled investment sentiment throughout the country. According to traditionally accepted London opinion, all British markets follow the lead of the gilt-edged market. In the past few weeks there has been a quick oversubscription of a majority of the new industrial capital issues, indicating the return of public confidence.

Recent tariff reductions in steel and some other metals have given satisfaction to industrial interests in Great Britain which have been suffering from a shortage of materials, with a resultant impetus to imports, highly necessary imports, but offset by British exports and re-exports. British imports for the first six months of the year totaled £483,986,000, an increase over the corresponding period of 1936 of £8,136,000. British exports and re-exports for the first six months of 1937 totaled £291,740,000, an increase over the corresponding period a year ago of £52,390,000.

London money rates continue extremely comfortable, with hardly any change from day to day. Call money is available at ½%. Two- and three-months' bills are 9-16%, four-months' bills 19-32%, and six-months' bills 23-32%. All the gold available in the London open market this week has been taken for unknown destination, believed to have been taken largely for private account and left on deposit with the London banks. On Saturday last there was available £199,000, on Monday £213,000, on Tuesday £433,000, on Wednesday £182,000, on Thursday, £168,000, and on Friday £207,000.

At the Port of New York the gold movement for the week ended July 14, as reported by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, was as follows:

GOLD MOVEMENT AT NEW YORK, JULY 8-JULY 14, INCLUSIVE

GOLD MOTERIAL ILL MENT TO	
Imports	Exports
\$10,608,000 from England	
2,517,000 from Canada	
1,128,000 from France	None
472,000 from India	
\$14,725,000 total	

Net Change in Gold Earmarked for Foreign Account Decrease: \$1,308,000

Note—We have been notified that approximately \$21,463,000 of gold was received at San Francisco, of which \$20,200,000 from Japan, \$1,181,000 from Australia and \$82,000 from China.

The above figures are for the week ended on Wednesday. On Thursday \$2,863,700 of gold was received, of which \$1,343,600 came from England, \$1,234,300 from Switzerland and \$285,800 from Holland. There were no exports of the metal or change in gold held earmarked for foreign account. On Friday, \$270,700 of gold was received from England. There were no exports of the metal, or change in gold earmarked for foreign account. It was reported on Friday that \$1,890,000 of gold was received at San Francisco from Australia.

Gold held in the inactive fund, as indicated in the daily Treasury statements issued during the week ended last Wednesday, was as follows: The day-today changes are our own calculations:

GOLD HELD IN THE TREASURY'S INACTIVE FUND

GOLD HELD IN THE TIE	DINOCITE D INITO	TIE TOTIE
Date-	Amount	Daily Change
July 8	_\$1,153,977,826	+\$9,467,082
July 9	_ 1,166,400,571	+12,422,745
July 10	_ 1,167,601,895	+1,201,324
July 12		+6,054,540
July 13	_ 1,182,859,721	+9,203,286
July 14	_ 1,191,185,888	+8,326,167

Increase for the Week Ended Wednesday \$46,075,144

Canadian exchange during the week was relatively steady. Montreal funds ranged from a distant of 13-64% to a discount of 11-64%.

The following tables show the mean London check rate on Paris, the London open market gold price, and the price paid for gold by the United States:

MEAN LONDON CHECK RATE ON PARIS

	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
TONDON OPEN MAD	OVER COLD DDICE

LONDON OPEN MARKET GOLD PRICE

Saturday, July	10140s. 3d.	Wednesday, July	141408. 1d.
Monday, July	12140s. 2d.	Thursday, July	15140s. 11/2d.
Tuesday, July	13139s. 11d.	Friday, July	16140s. 1d.

PRICE PAID FOR GOLD BY THE UNITED STATES (FEDERAL RESERVE BANK)

Saturday, July 10\$35.00	Wednesday, July 14\$35.00
Monday, July 12 35.00	Thursday, July 15 35.00
Tuesday, July 13 35.00	Friday, July 16 35.00

Referring to day-to-day rates sterling exchange on Saturday last was firm. Bankers' sight was \$4.95 13-16@\$4.96, cable transfers \$4.95 $\frac{7}{8}$ @\$4.96 $\frac{1}{8}$. On Monday sterling was in demand and moved into new high ground for the year. The range was 4.96% \$4.97 for bankers' sight and 4.96%\$4.971/8 for cable transfers. On Tuesday the pound continued firm in active trading. Bankers' sight was $\$4.96\frac{5}{8}$ @\$4.97 and cable transfers $\$4.96\frac{3}{4}$ @ \$4.971/8. On Wednesday exchange on London was slightly easier. The range was 4.96%and \$4.963/4@\$4.97 for cable transfers. On Thursday exchange was steady and showed a firm undertone. Bankers' sight was \$4.96\(\frac{1}{2}\) @\$4.96\(\frac{3}{4}\) and cable transfers were \$4.95\%@\$4.96\%. On Friday sterling continued firmer. The range was \$4.96\%@ $\$4.97\frac{1}{4}$ for bankers' sight and $\$4.96\frac{1}{2}$ @\$4.97\frac{3}{8} for cable transfers. Closing quotations on Friday were 4.97 for demand and 4.97 5-16 for cable transfers. Commercial bills finished at \$4.96 1-16, 60-day bills at \$4.96 5-16, 90-day bills at \$4.96 1-16, documents for payment (60 days) at \$4.96 5-16, and 7-day grain bills at \$4.963/4. Cotton and grain for payment closed at \$4.96 1-16.

Continental and Other Foreign Exchange

THE French franc situation presents no new features. During the past few days the market has been exceptionally quiet, with demand for francs at a minimum. Spot francs are held relatively steady through the cooperation of the exchange Equalization fund, but future francs are at a sharp discount. On Bastille Day, Wednesday, July 14, the Paris market was closed

When the market reopened on Thursday the outlook for the franc was far from propitious. There was no indication of a return of confidence as to the immediate future, as evidenced by the fact that international stocks in Paris were firm, while the remainder of the list was generally heavy. Government bonds dropped sharply, rentes reacting as much as 250 centimes and the Bank of France issue down 215 france.

On Friday spot francs weakened badly. The London rate closed at 130.02 francs to the pound, while the New York close was $3.82\frac{1}{2}$ cents, new lows.

Throughout the past week the New York rate on Paris ranged between 3.82¼ and 3.88½ cents, while the London check rate on Paris was relatively steady around 128 francs to the pound. London expresses some disappointment that the franc should not appreciate to 125.

It is understood that both Washington and official London would be glad to see such an appreciation. According to a recent comment in the London "Financial News": "This is the price which France must pay if she wishes to retain membership in the tripartite agreement." If appreciation to that level fails to bring a repatriation of French capital, the "News" suggests the French, wishing to hold intact the Bank of France gold reserves, "would be forced to let the franc depreciate, whatever Anglo-American opinion might be." It goes on to say: "There is good reason to believe that the other members of the tripartite agreement might in this eventiality grant a credit or at least an overdraft to the French exchange fund so long as the French Government had in the meantime embarked on drastic reforms promised in the ninepoint program." Rumors were current in London a few days ago to the effect that such a credit is already under consideration.

No official comment has been vouchsafed in the matter, but whether a credit is being considered or not, the French fund certainly stands in need of such assistance. In the two withdrawals of gold by the French Equalization Fund from the Bank of France in the past two weeks, amounting to approximately 8,500,000,000 francs, the Bank of France gold holdings were reduced below what is considered the desirable minimum in the event of war.

There can be no doubt of the complete cooperation of the United States Treasury with whatever measures the London authorities deem necessary to improve general economic and financial conditions. However, London's attitude toward the French financial crisis is in a very large measure governed by political considerations.

Foreign exchange traders can find no evidence of repatriation of French balances from New York or London, despite the movement from New York to London of French balances. Semi-official statements from Paris that the French stabilization fund has acquired sterling valued at several millions of francs are discounted in foreign exchange circles as attempts to inspire additional confidence in the franc.

The following table shows the relation of the leading European currencies to the United States dollar:

	Old Parity Parity	New Dollar Parity a	Range This Range
b France (franc)		6.63	3.821/4 to 3.881/2
Belgium (belga)	13.90	16.95	16.83 to 16.8514
Italy (lira)	5.26	8.91	5.261/s to 5.263/s
Switzerland (franc)	19.30	32.67	22.891/2 to 22.941/2
Holland (guilder)	40.20	68.06	54.981/2 to 55.11
- Man delles des bed	town down los	- 48 e 4h-	Tunanaan aumanalaa

a New dollar parity as before devaluation of the European currences
between Sept. 25 and Oct. 5, 1936.
b The franc cut from gold and allowed to "float" on June 30.

The London check rate on Paris closed on Friday at 130.02, against 128.05 on Friday of last week. In New York sight bills on the French center finished at $3.82\frac{1}{2}$, against $3.87\frac{1}{4}$ on Friday of last week; cable transfers at 3.82½, against 3.87¾. Antwerp belgas closed at 16.831/4 for bankers' sight and at 16.831/4 for cable transfers, against 16.84 and 16.84. Final quotations for Berlin marks were 40.22½ for bankers' sight bills and 40.22½ for cable transfers, in comparison with 40.15½ and 40.16. Italian lire closed at 5.26 for bankers' sight bills and at 5.261/4 for cable transfers, against $5.26\frac{1}{4}$ and $5.26\frac{1}{4}$. schillings closed at 18.78 against 18.78; exchange on Czechoslovakia at 3.483/4, against 3.487/8; on Bucharest at 0.74, against 0.74; on Poland at 18.91, against 18.93; and on Finland at 2.20, against 2.20. Greek exchange closed at 0.91 \(\frac{1}{8} \), against 0.91.

EXCHANGE on the countries neutral during the war is generally firm in keeping with the firmer undertone of sterling. This is especially true of the Scandinavian currencies. The Swiss and Dutch units are moving more independently. The guilder is particularly strong. In Tuesday's market the guilder moved into new high ground for the year when the unit was quoted at 55.12 cents in New York. It is understood that for several days the Dutch exchange control was forced to buy dollars vigorously in Amsterdam to offset the heavy movement of Dutch balances from New York to both London and Amsterdam. Should the movement of European balances out of New York continue, it may develop that some gold may be lost from New York to Amsterdam.

Bankers' sight on Amsterdam finished on Friday at 55.10, against 54.99 on Friday of last week; cable transfers at 55.11, against 54.99; and commercial sight bills at 55.06, against 54.95. Swiss francs closed at 22.92 for checks and at 22.92 for cable transfers, against 22.89½ and 22.89½. Copenhagen checks finished at 22.21 and cable transfers at 22.21, against 22.15 and 22.15. Checks on Sweden closed at 25.64 and cable transfers at 25.64, against 25.58 and 25.58; while checks on Norway finished at 24.99 and cable transfers at 24.99, against 24.93 and 24.93. Spanish pesetas are not quoted in New York.

EXCHANGE on the South American countries is generally firm. The conferences which have been in progress for some weeks between the United States Treasury Department and the Brazilian Finance Minister, Arthur de Souza Costa, have terminated. The United States establishes a \$60,000,000 gold credit for Brazil in exchange for dollar balances held by Brazil, with the proviso that the gold be used only for exchange stabilization.

Similar conferences are now being held between representatives of the Treasury of Chile and Washington authorities. Sr. Desiderio Garcia, Subsecretary of the Treasury of Chile, is in Washington and it is understood that he has made suggestions to his Government for changes in its system for control of foreign exchange. The operation of the Chilean system has been held in Washington to be of disadvantage to the United States in a way which makes inadvisable the negotiation of a reciprocal trade agreement because of its effects on exports from the United States.

Argentine pesos are especially firm. Buenos Aires dispatches state that the value of Argentine exports for the six months ended June 30, 1937, aggregated 1,409,047,100 pesos, an increase of 95% over the corresponding half of 1936. Argentina's exports for the first half of this year were the largest in the history of the country.

Argentine paper pesos closed on Friday, official quotations at 33.13 for bankers' sight bills, against 33.05 on Friday of last week; cable transfers at 33.13, against 33.05. The unofficial or free market close was 30.25 @ 30.32, against 30.20. Brazilian milreis, official rates, are 8.87, against 8.85. The unofficial or free market in milreis is 6.60 @ 6.65, against 6.62 @ 6.65. Chilean exchange is nominally quoted at 5.19, against 5.19. Peru is nominal at 26.00, against 25.75.

EXCHANGE on the Far Eastern countries is steady and inclined to firmness in sympathy with the pound. International bankers fear that the Sino-

Japanese conflict may result in weakness in the yen. However, Japanese authorities insist that the yen control is so strong that there will be no difficulty in maintaining the yen at its present parity of 1s. 2d. In view of the already strained position of the yen due to the growing deficit in Japanese foreign trade, some authorities believe that in the event of a major war the Japanese would be faced with a severe test in maintaining the current stability of the yen. For a considerable period the Japanese yen has not been a major factor in the outlook for international currency because of the rigid peg in terms of sterling which the Japanese authorities have maintained. A breakdown in the sterling-yen ratio, it is believed, would seriously impair the prospects of general currency stabilization. Papers have been signed completing the new Chinese-American agreement which provides for sales of gold to China and commensurate purchases of silver by the United States. This does not mean that gold will be actually shipped to China, but that gold and dollar credits will be earmarked in New York for Chinese account. The agreement enables China to get dollar credits for yuan exchange, which she needs for currency stabilization operations.

Closing quotations for yen checks yesterday were 28.91 against 28.79 on Friday of last week. Hongkong closed at 30.39 @ 307-16, against $30.34 @ 30\frac{3}{8}$; Shanghai at $29\frac{5}{8} @ 29\frac{3}{4}$, against 29.75 @ 29.32; Manila at 50.30 against 50.30; Singapore at 58.35, against 58.25; Bombay at 37.56, against 37.45; and Calcutta at 37.56, against 37.45.

Gold Bullion in European Banks

THE following table indicates the amounts of gold bullion (converted into pounds sterling at par of exchange) in the principal European banks as of respective dates of most recent statements, reported to us by special cable yesterday (Friday); comparisons are shown for the corresponding dates in the previous four years:

Banks of—	1937	1936	1935	1934	1933
	£	£	£	£	£
England	327,354,426		193,239,334	192,178,567	190,980,652
France	296,117,329	436,854,089	570,810,875	637,906,834	652,378,739
Germany b.	2,481,450	2,372,300	3,591,050	2,712,750	9.928.350
Spain	87,323,000	88,092,000	90,777,000	90.537.000	90.383.000
Italy	42,575,000	a42,575,000	63,047,000	71,678,000	72,645,000
Netherlands	103,824,000	50,936,000	56,737,000	70,572,000	62,062,000
Nat. Belg	107,305,000	107,141,000	101,530,000	75,538,000	76,573,000
Switzerland.	83,598,000	49,292,000	45,248,000	61.189.000	61,459,000
Sweden	25.831.000	24.028.000	19,760,000	15,278,000	11,997,000
Denmark	6,549,000	6.553.000	7,394,000	7.397.000	7,397,000
Norway	6,602,000	7,210,000	6,602,000	6,577,000	6,569,000
Total week_	1.089.560.205	1.047.007.678	1,351,975,593	1.231.564.151	1.242.372.741
Prev. week_	1.086.000.477	1.037,789,536	1,156,731,941	1.230.580.847	1 238 321 497

a Amount held Oct. 29, 1935, latest figures available. b Gold holdings of the Bank of Germany are exclusive of gold held abroad, the amount of which is now reported as £967,950. c Amount held Aug. 1, 1936: latest figures available.

reported as £967,950. c Amount neid Aug. 1, 1936: latest figures available.

Note—The par of exchange of the French franc cannot be exactly determined, as yet, since the legislation enacted Sept. 26, 1936, empowers the Government to fix the franc's gold content somewhere between 43 and 49 milligrams. However, calculated on the basis on which the Bank of France has revalued its gold holdings the parity between francs and pounds sterling is approximately 165 francs to the pound (the old parity was about 125 francs to the pound). It is on this new basis that we have here converted the French Bank's gold holdings from francs to pounds.

Pending Legislation in Congress

The effort of the Administration to force the court packing bill through the Senate, and the apparent determination of opponents of the bill to fight it indefinitely with whatever legislative means are available, have had the effect of bringing the consideration of other legislation practically to a standstill until the court proposal shall have been disposed of. In the House of Representatives, which on the court measure may be expected to await the action of the Senate, there is less interruption of ordinary procedure, but the interest in the Senate debate is intense, and the fighting speech of Rese

resentative Hatton W. Sumners, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, on Tuesday may forecast a state of things in the House comparable to that which exists in the Senate. As neither body has for months shown great eagerness to act upon even the most important of the many other bills before it, the chances seem many that, with the prolongation of the session and the confusion occasioned by the sudden death of Senator Robinson, the Democratic majority-leader, important bills will either be rushed to passage in the last few days of the session or allowed to rest in committee.

Of the bills pending, one of the most important is the Black-Connery bill for Federal regulation of wages and hours. So much hostility developed to the bill in its original form that the Senate Committee on Education and Labor, of which Senator Black is Chairman, felt it necessary to rewrite Sections 4 and 5 in particular, and the revised text of these sections was reported to the Senate on July After setting forth the existence of extremely low wages and exhaustingly long hours in industries engaged in interstate commerce, pointing out that it is impossible to eliminate these evils "arbitrarily by an abrupt change so drastic that it might do serious injury to American industry and American workers," but that it is necessary to proceed "cautiously, carefully, and without disturbance and dislocation of business and industry," and declaring that the policy of the measure is "to maintain, so far as and as rapidly as is economically feasible, minimum-wage and maximum-hour standards at levels consistent with health, efficiency and general well-being of workers and the maximum productivity and profitable operation of American business," the bill proceeds to indicate how these ends are to be attained.

The statement of the revised Section 4 (b) is such a masterpiece of combined specification and generalization that it deserves quotation in full. "Having regard to such policy," the subsection declares, "and upon finding after notice and hearing, as hereinafter provided, that the application of the minimum wage provisions of this Act to any occupation or occupations will not curtail opportunities for employment, the Board [of five members which is to administer the Act] shall by order from time to time declare, for such occupations, minimum wages which shall be as nearly adequate as is economically feasible, without curtailing opportunity for employment, to maintain a minimum standard of living necessary for health, efficiency and general wellbeing; provided, that the Board's jurisdiction in declaring minimum wages shall not include the power to declare minimum wages in excess of 40 cents an hour, but higher minimum wages fixed by collective bargaining or otherwise shall be encouraged, it being the objective of this Act to raise the existing wages in the lower-wage groups so as to approach as rapidly as practicable a minimum wage of 40 cents an hour without curtailing opportunities for employment and without disturbance and dislocation of business and industry."

A similarly-worded subsection forbids the Board to fix a maximum working period of less than 40 hours per week, a downward approach to that level, however, being expected. In the cases of both wages and hours, the Board is to consider cost of living and terms agreed upon through collective bargain-

ing, and, in the case of hours, the number of persons available in an occupation.

It is obvious that while these revised provisions limit somewhat the extraordinary authority which the original bill conferred upon the Board, they do very little to remove other fundamental objections. The bill still proposes direct Federal interference with wages and hours in most industries and businesses, notwithstanding that regulation of such matters would much better be left to the States. intrusts to a Federal board, especially created for the purpose and in a position to build up an indefinitely large staff of employees, a power of all but universal meddling, and leaves to its discretion the determination of whether or not its rulings and orders will disturb or dislocate business or industry. It practically commits the government to support of a 40-cents-an-hour minimum wage and a 40-hour maximum work week, thereby affirming, by implication, that \$16 a week is to be regarded as a satisfactory wage, notwithstanding that in terms it avoids the establishment of any fixed figure. The revised Section 4, moreover, is shot through with the unfounded theory that employment is dependent upon the scale of wages and hours, and that if wages are raised and hours are shortened there will be more work. The few improvements that the Senate Committee has made in the bill do not suffice to show that the bill should be passed.

In the field of agriculture two measures in particular stand out. On Monday President Roosevelt vetoed a bill continuing low rates of interest on Federal Land Bank loans. In the course of a searching criticism of the bill and a detailed examination of the loan situation with which it dealt, President Roosevelt declared his belief "that there is no justification for continued government subsidy of Federal Land Bank interest rates below the unprecedentedly low rates these banks are now offering farmer borrowers on a business basis." A reduction from 5% to 4% in the interest on loans made by the Land Bank Commissioner on behalf of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation, for which the bill also provided, was rejected as undesirable in view of the fact that most of the Commissioner loans are made on second mortages, and "are frequently granted upon farms which, because of some physical or economic hazard, would not qualify as security for a Federal Land Bank loan." A continuance of the 5% rate, accordingly, seemed to the President warranted by the greater risk involved. These arguments did not, however, appeal to the House, which on Tuesday overrode the veto by the huge majority of 260 to 98. In the Senate, where the bill also had strong support, further action apparently waits upon the disposition of the court packing bill.

Unfortunately, on the same day on which the loan bill was vetoed President Roosevelt, in identical letters to the Chairmen of the Agricultural Committees of the Senate and House, asked for favorable action on the pending farm program in which the ideas of Secretary Wallace and the American Farm Bureau Federation are embodied. In spite of the fact that "industrial employment continues to gain" and that "with few exceptions crops are good and prices for farm products are far above their low level," a stable annual income for the farmer, Mr. Roosevelt insisted, has not been at-

tained, "warning signals are already in sight" and "existing laws are not adequate to guarantee future safety." He accordingly asked for the enactment of legislation which would continue the present agricultural conservation program "as the foundation of the long-time plan," together with the ever normal granary and the "protection of farm prices and farm income." Such a program, in his opinion, "can serve alike the welfare of the farmer and the consumer, of business and of labor."

Whether, in view of Senator Robinson's death, the chances of action on any farm bill are likely to be any better than they have been for the past two months or so, or whether Mr. Roosevelt's letter will overcome the opposition which the proposed legislation has already encountered in Congress, cannot at the moment be safely predicted. sentative Marvin Jones of Texas, Chairman of the Agricultural Committee of the House, while anxious to "do something" for the farmers, would like to retain the present soil conservation program, which the Wallace plan would supersede, as the basis of a permanent system, and would extend the system to all farm products instead of limiting it to wheat, corn, cotton, rice and tobacco. Cotton growers, on the other hand, appear to be increasingly skeptical about the wisdom of government regulation of cotton prices, and are not unmindful of the effect of government interference in the past in disturbing the cotton market. No new arguments have been adduced to show that the ever normal granary could have any effect in stabilizing the prices of farm products whose prices are determined by world supply and not by the domestic crop, or that the financial results would be any less disastrous than those registered by the old Federal Farm Board. A bill embodying Mr. Roosevelt's suggestions was, however, introduced in the Senate on Thursday.

For various other measures the outlook is as uncertain as it appears to be for the wages and hours bill and a farm bill. Consideration by a Senate subcommittee of the bill to create seven "little TVA's" has been delayed by the illness of Senator Norris, the sponsor for the measure, and postponement until the next session appears likely. The bill is a thoroughly mischievous measure, and its enactment would jeopardize every private power company in the country and the position of all holders of power company securities. The Wagner housing bill has continued to undergo revision in committee, a late report indicating a proposed reduction from \$1,000,000,000 to \$700,000,000 in the total of obligations which the Federal Housing Authority would be allowed to issue, and a further reduction in the amount of the first annual appropriation to be made by the Treasury. Meantime a new study of the housing situation is reported to be under way. So much opposition has developed, especially in the Senate, to the proposed reorganization of the Executive departments that no early action on the proposal is expected. Unless the court packing bill is withdrawn or roundly rejected by the Senate, the conditions are favorable for a legislative "jam" of a highly dangerous character. In view of all the circumstances, the country would probably be gratified if Congress, after disposing of the court bill, could see its way to passing promptly the necessary appropriation bills and then adjourn.

War and Diplomacy on Two Fronts

The termination at noon on Tuesday of the international supervision of the Franco-Spanish frontier would probably be entitled, under ordinary circumstances, to be regarded as marking the end of the attempt of the Non-intervention Committee at London to "localize" the Spanish conflict, and the beginning of a period in which some different attitude on the part of the Powers would in due time develop. Unfortunately, the circumstances are not ordinary. For several months the diplomatic maneuvers over Spain have taken on increasingly the appearance of a crudely constructed and poorly acted stage play in which the plot and the acting left the spectators bewildered. Not only is it impossible at the moment to forecast with any assurance the effects of the action of France upon the status of the London Committee, the relations between its members or the immediate course of the war, but the situation has been further confused by the submission on Wednesday of a new and considerably more complicated British proposal under which international supervision would be restored.

Both the French and the British action are the natural fruit—natural, however, in quite different ways-of the futile attempt of the London Committee to reach common ground at its meeting on July 9. After five hours of conference in the course of which Count Dino Grandi, the Italian representative, made a stinging criticism of the actual operation of the naval patrol, and charged that large shipments of food and other supplies, carried by British vessels to Bilbao nominally for women and children, were in fact intended for General Franco's troops, the Committee found itself as far from agreement as ever, and laid the problem in the lap of the Earl of Plymouth, the British representative, for solution, if possible, through his personal efforts. Precisely what connection there is between his efforts and the new plan which was announced on Wednesday is not clear, but in the meantime the French Government had given formal notice that if no agreement was reached by Tuesday, the international observers on the Franco-Spanish border would be superseded and the movement of persons and goods would be supervised, as in ordinary times, by customs officers and police.

There were several reasons for the French decision, There has been no satisfactory denial of the charge that large numbers of volunteers and large quantities of goods in aid of the loyalist Government at Valencia have for months been entering Spain from France, and it is well known that strong pressure was put upon the Blum Government to show its sympathy for the loyalists. As long as the joint patrol of the Spanish coast was maintained, however, France adhered to its agreement, but when the patrol operations were disrupted by the withdrawal of Germany and Italy, following loyalist attacks on German and Italian vessels, the obligation to continue the international land supervision disappeared. By waiting until the German and Italian withdrawal, France was able to avoid responsibility for declining to adhere further to the London agreement, at the same time that, by resuming control of border traffic, it silences the critics who urged that foreign observers could not properly exercise authority in French territory.

The new British plan shows nothing more promising than another shuffling of the diplomatic cards. In place of the joint naval patrol, which is to be discontinued, international observers are to be stationed in Spanish ports and supervision on land frontiers is to be restored. The two parties in Spain are to be accorded belligerent rights at sea, but only on condition that they accept the highly controversial list of contraband goods drawn up by the London Committee, and Powers not members of the Committee are to be invited to recognize the belligerent status granted and to cooperate in making non-intervention "more effective." The Committee, further, is to "pass a unanimous resolution in favor of the withdrawal from Spain" of some nine classes of persons set out in a list which a technical subcommittee drew up some time ago, the list including not only all classes of volunteers from outside who could be regarded as combatants or war auxiliaries, except hospital workers, but also "persons whose activities," to be defined later by a special subcommittee, "are in any way susceptible of prolonging or embittering the present conflict." Finally, the scheme is to be put into effect "as soon as possible" after the British Government has, by negotiation, secured its acceptance by the Spanish

There can be little confidence that this plan, wholly lacking in essential novelty and obviously impracticable as far as the removal of foreign volunteers from Spain is concerned, will succeed. Its connection with the discredited London Committee handicaps it in advance, and mutual distrust among the Powers clouds it with suspicion. Between Great Britain and France a wide gulf has opened, and neither Italy nor Germany is likely to favor an arrangement which, if it were adopted, might make the ultimate victory of the Spanish rebels less certain. After all is said and done, British interest in Spain is primarily concerned with the maintenance in the Peninsula of a Government which is not strong enough to imperil Gibraltar or interfere seriously with British power in the Mediterranean, or else one which, if strong, can be bound to England by commercial or financial ties. The reports of a pending deal by which British capital would be used to finance Spanish exports from rebel territory to Germany and British exports to Spain may or not prove to be well founded, but they point to one of the reasons for Italian distrust of British policy and for the purpose of France to keep its own hands

Into this confused bickering and maneuvering over Spain has suddenly been thrust the possibility of a Sino-Japanese war in North China. As is usual in the clashes that have occurred between Japanese and Chinese armed forces, each side lays the blame on the other, while neutral observers are likely to conclude that the blame must be shared. Whichever side is to be held primarily responsible for the fighting at Peiping and in its neighborhood, however, the episode conforms to an accustomed pattern and reveals familiar underlying aims and ambitions. The ultimate aim of Japan is political and economic domination in the Far East. A few years ago it made a substantial advance in that direction by wresting Manchuria from China and establishing the new State of Manchukuo. A few days ago it administered a sharp check to Soviet

Russia on the Russian-Manchukuoan border. There can be little doubt that it is now seeking to use the Peiping incident to extend its territorial control in North China, and reports from Tokio indicate a willingness, although not, perhaps, a desire, to go to war on a large scale.

How effective the armed opposition can be to what China regards as systematic aggression is highly uncertain. Japanese opinion looks upon China as a country without an effective central government, and the reported refusal of Japanese authorities to recognize Nanking in negotiations for a settlement of the Peiping troubles is a pretty clear indication of a purpose to emphasize the lack of a central Chinese authority and to deal only with local officials. There is some reason for thinking, however, that the position of the Nanking Government has improved somewhat during the past year or two, and that while provincial autonomy or semiautonomy in the north and west is still an element of weakness, the recognition of central authority has in fact been somewhat strengthened. The military resources of Nanking have also been considerably enlarged, particularly in aviation, and past experience shows that Japan does well to make large-scale preparations if it expects to extend its control in North China by conquest. On the other hand, it is more than doubtful that the Nanking Government could, even if it wished, suppress the anti-Japanese propaganda which is one of the principal subjects of Japanese complaint, for enmity toward Japan is deeply ingrained in the mind of the Chinese people, and there is no nation less likely to forget injury or aggression. Japan, on its part, can hardly control the Japanese agitators and hotheads who are persistently active in trouble-making, and Nanking appears to have no very firm control over its border troops.

The reports of consultation between London and Washington, and of anxiety at Washington over the outlook in North China, while they may forecast some diplomatic representations in behalf of peace, almost certainly do not look toward intervention. In spite of the large British investment in China, the British Government is in no position to intervene. Its hands are more than full with efforts to keep the Spanish war from spreading, and with the Ethiopian experience in mind nobody at Downing Street cares to raise the question of sanctions. Moreover, negotiations for an amicable understanding with Japan regarding the Far East are reported to have been making hopeful progress, and nothing is likely to be done now to hinder their completion. The chief concern of the United States, in the event of a war, is the working of the new neutrality legislation. As was pointed out more than once while the neutrality resolution was being discussed, an application of the commercial provisions of the law, in the case of a war between China and Japan, would be heavily in favor of Japan because of Japan's naval strength, while a discriminating application against Japan would embroil that country with the United States.

Those who have predicted that the next world war would not be, like the last one, a world-wide conflict, but rather a series of regional conflicts several of which might go on at the same time, will perhaps find some confirmation of their opinion in the present situations in Spain and North China.

Each conflict menaces world peace, each invites intervention without encouraging it. The success of Japan on the Amur River, coming at a moment when the Stalin Government had resorted to wholesale executions to maintain itself, may well encourage the belief that there will be no Russian intervention in North China, and Europe has troubles enough of its own without taking on others in the Far East. If negotiations fail and Japan goes forward into war, China, apparently, will have to rely upon itself.

Household Consumers Are the Biggest Investors

By ERNEST R. ABRAMS

"And provision should be made for the effective administration of hydro-electric projects which have been or may be undertaken as a part of a multiple-purpose watershed development. water-power resources of the Nation must be protected from private monopoly and used for the benefit of the people." This brief reference to power, buried in the closing paragraphs of the President's message to Congress on regional planning and preceded by a lengthy discussion of the need for flood prevention and soil conservation, would imply only a casual interest in power development were it not for his many previous indications that other public

power projects were in the offing.

What the President appears actually to have called for was a system of Federal power projects, modeled after the Tennessee Valley Authority, which would be interlocked through a national planning board, and soon after the reading of the message Senator Norris and Chairman Mansfield of the House Rivers and Harbors Committee introduced largely similar measures for the creation of seven additional Authorities. Any doubt as to the main purpose of the Norris bill was effectively removed recently when the Senator, in resisting an attempt to have the bill transferred from the Senate Committee on Agriculture, of which he is a member, to the Commerce Committee, said: "It is not a question of navigation, although that is the constitutional peg on which the legislation is hung. It is not going to be a question of flood control, although that is a constitutional privilege." With the leader of the Administration's power forces admitting that navigation improvement and flood control are but constitutional pegs, the contention of the electric uility industry that power is the main purpose would appear to have received tacit

The impelling motive behind this attempt to blanket the Nation with Authorities seemingly results from a desire to aid farm and residential consumers, comprising some 22,000,000 family groups, in obtaining vastly increased quantities of electric energy for approximately the present monthly payment, and the hope that political fortunes will benefit from any resultant goodwill. This desire to gain the support of 22,000,000 families is not an innovation of the New Deal; every Administration for the past century and a quarter has been primarily concerned with continuing the party in power. The major complaint against New Deal power policies today attaches to the failure of the Administration to recognize that present policies may unwittingly injure many of those individuals they are attempting to benefit; for householders today, aside from their security holdings, have a greater proportionate investment in the aggregate electric facilities of the Nation created to serve them than have the private electric utilities themselves.

Our electric utilities today, exclusive of public power projects and municipal systems, have a total invested capital of about \$13,000,000,000, evidenced by some \$6,800,000,000 in bonds and other debt contracts, some \$3,800,000,000 in preferred stocks, and the balance of about \$2,400,000,000 in common stocks. The proceeds derived from the sale or exchange of these securities have been invested in five major classes of utility facilities—about \$3,978,000,000 in generation facilities, about \$1,781,000,000 in conversion facilities, \$2,132,000,000 in transmission, \$3,627,000,000 in distribution, and \$1,482,000,000 in general or miscellaneous facilities. Briefly, generation facilities produce the raw power, conversion facilities alter the voltage of that power to suit best the needs of transmission and use, transmission facilities carry the power from the point of generation to the general point of consumption, distribution facilities peddle the power to the individual consumers, and general facilities cover the necessary administrative, accounting, maintenance, commercial and miscellaneous activities.

The characteristics of the demands which the various classes of electric consumers make upon their electric utilities are such that their peak requirements occur at different intervals of the day. Where residential demand for energy is greatest during the consumption of the evening meal and the few following hours, the demands of industry are highest in mid-morning; where the demands of transportation are greatest during the homeward movement of shoppers and workers in the late afternoon, the demands of street lighting are highest during the late evening hours. Then, too, the quantities of power consumed by the various classes of customers differ widely; during 1936 industry used slightly over 54% of all energy sold to ultimate consumers, while street lighting used but a little under 2.4%.

With no authoritative data or formula available for the determination of those proportions of total investment in the five broad classes of facilities that have been made for the exclusive use of each class of consumers, those engaged in the industry have assumed roughly, an investment was made for each consuming class at the ratio their annual use of energy bore to total energy sales. This formula will be adopted herein. During 1936 farm customers used 2.25% of all energy sold to ultimate consumers, while their average use for the 1927-1936 decade was 2.27%; residential customers used 16.65% of all energy sold in 1936 and 15.46% of sales during the past 10 years; and combined farm and residential consumptions accounted for 18.90% of 1936 sales and 17.73% of all sales during the past decade. On the basis of these consumptions, roughly \$2,457,000,000 of the total investment in utility facilities of \$13,000,000,000 were devoted to their use during 1936 and about \$2,305,000,000, on the average, during the past 10 years. And, with about 22,000,000 farm and residential customers at the end of 1936, the electric utilities of the country

had made an average investment in electric utility facilities of around \$112 for each of them.

However, the total investment in electric facilities in this country is not included in this \$112 per household customer since, if that were the case, no consumer could take advantage of electric service and the electric utilities would have no sales or revenues. Before electric power and light service can be rendered in any community, the inhabitants, in their homes, on their farms, in their offices, stores and factories, must install wiring systems to conduct the desired electricity to the exact point of use and acquire facilities for its consumption in illumination or other services. But illumination, the use to which electric energy was first devoted, has long since been relegated to a position of minor importance in comparative energy consumptions. During 1936, when 16,922,000,000 kilowatt hours were used by farm and residential customers combined, upward of 11,614,000,000 kilowatt hours were consumed in the operation of appliances and but 5,307,000,000 kilowatt hours in illumination. Only about 31.4% is used in the lighting of our homes, our barns and garages.

What, then, is the investment which the average farm and residential customer has made in wiring his premises and in appliances? "Electrical Merchandising," which is devoted to the electric appliance field, estimates there were 10,700,000 electric vacuum cleaners, 9,113,500 electric clocks, 1,338,000 electric cookers, 4,103,500 electric space heaters, 4,100,000 heating pads, 3,525,000 electric grills, 20,-393,000 electric irons, 1,192,000 electric ironing machines, 1,181,600 electric oil burners, 6,960,000 electric percolators, 24,600,000 socket radios, 1,735,450 electric ranges, 9,000,000 electric refrigerators, 11,-450,000 electric toasters, 4,570,000 electric waffle irons, 11,500,000 electric clothes washers, and 174,000 electric water heaters in use at the end of 1936. These 125,635,500 listed appliances represented an investment on the part of consumers of approximately \$5,800,000,000, and while no record is available of the number of these appliances used in stores, offices and factories, an investment of \$4,640,000,000 in consuming facilities by farm and residential customers is indicated, even if as many as 20% of all appliances were devoted to other than household use.

An accepted estimate in contracting circles places the average cost of house wiring over the past 10 years at \$10 per room for bare necessity wiring and of \$25 per room for full convenience wiring, with the maximum number of outlets. If an average of four rooms is used for the 21,887,774 wired homes in the United States at the end of 1936 and an average cost of \$15 per room be accepted, then a total wiring investment of more than \$1,313,000,000 had been made by farm and residential customers by the end of 1936. On the basis of these figures, a combined appliance and wiring investment by farm and residential consumers of \$5,953,000,000 existed at the close of the year.

Accordingly, while the electric power and light utilities of the country have an investment of about \$112 per farm-and-residential customer in facilities to serve him, the average customer in that group has an investment of about \$271 in facilities with which to use that service. Or, of the combined investment of around \$383 per household customer, the utili-

ties have contributed 29.2% and the consumers 70.8% in order that the utility-consumer cycle might function. This average farm-and-residential customer investment in consuming facilities should be accepted, however, only with the understanding that it represents but a rough estimate at best, and that it is an average investment. Included in the totals are the many luxurious homes and apartments where large investments in the highest quality of consuming appliances are made which exert a marked upward influence on the average investment. Were it possible to establish the median investment in consuming facilities, it is probable that such investment would be slightly under \$200 per customer and that the customer proportion of the total investment in combined serving and consuming facilities would run around 62.5%. Allowing, however, for the possibilities of error in the assumptions and formulae, the average investments as here determined sufficiently approximate the actual figures to indicate the average household customer has a substantially greater investment in electric facilities than has his electric utility for serving his class of consumers.

Viewing, then, the farm and residential electric users in their dual capacities of consumers of electric energy and investors in consuming facilities, the possibility of injury to these 22,000,000 family groups through Federal competition with private electric utilities becomes evident. Any injury to their source of electric energy cannot fail to result in injury to this large body of electric users. If the credit of their private utilities becomes so adversely affected that the investing public-the ultimate source of all investment capital-will not provide the funds necessary for additions to utility facilities, that adverse effect is at once transmitted to the investment of these customers in consuming facilities; should such inability to make necessary additions to utility facilities result in a lessening of efficiency in service, the customer is immediately penalized through his inability to secure efficient. use of his investment.

Two pertinent questions naturally arise: What difference would it make to the average farm and residential customer with his investment in consuming facilities already made, whether he purchased his required electricity from a privatelyowned or a publicly-financed electric utility so long as unit costs were approximately the same? and (2) Would not a reduction in electric rates by public power projects permit him to make substantial increase in the use of his consuming facilities for about his present monthly bill, and would not life be more abundant at no greater outlay? Before any honest answer can be made to either of these fair questions, it must be agreed that the cost of electricity is not necessarily the amount of the monthly bill rendered by the serving utility; the true cost of electricity to all consumers-farm, residential and others—is the total of the monthly bill rendered by the utility plus that portion of the customer's tax bill which is levied to cover the electric utility deficits of all governmental agencies which may levy against his property or earnings, less that amount contained in his monthly bill which his serving utility returns in the form of taxes.

By far the major item of cost in the rendering of electric service by private or public undertakings

alike is the carrying charges on the funds devoted to the enterprise. The most important requisite of electric utility service is that of dependability—the requirement that an ample and never-failing supply of electricity shall always be available without prior notice as the customer desires it. To meet this requisite of dependability, facilities must be provided comfortably in excess of the maximum combined demand that all customers of every class may ever make. Yet, such are human habits that we work, eat, play and sleep largely at the same periods of the day, and we make our maximum individual demands upon our electric utilities, whether in our homes, our transportation facilities, our offices or our theaters, at approximately the same hours. The combined result of our individual behaviors is to demand enormous quantities of electric energy at certain periods of the day and very small quantities at other periods, yet, because of that margin of excess facilities which dependability of service requires, our combined demands never equal the maximum capacity our utilities have created to serve us and, at certain times of the day, our minimum demands represent but an exceedingly small proportion of that capacity to serve.

Unfortunately, the laws governing interest are in no way affected by our individual or collective habits, and whether we work or play, eat or sleep, interest on the funds devoted to the creation of that maximum capacity keeps ticking regularly on, like the clock, 24 hours each day. Accordingly, if the complete cost of electric service is to be accurately and honestly measured and assessed against the consumers, the full and complete total of all investment in all facilities must be accurately and honestly determined since, whether or not the true investment be disclosed, interest thereon continues to operate with total indifference whether the funds which created those facilities were advanced directly by private parties or whether public authorities took their money from them and made the investment.

The Tennessee Valley Authority is a case in point. By June 30, 1936, the end of its last full fiscal year, the TVA, according to its annual report, had received cash appropriations of \$111,000,000, property with a value of \$757,068 had been turned over to it, and payables and similar liabilities totaling \$4,546,139 had been created. However, in addition to this total of \$116,303,207, the Muscle Shoals development, which represented an investment by the Federal government of around \$125,000,000, had also been turned over to it, thereby creating a total of cash appropriations (excluding \$17,126,924 still to be advanced), credits and properties in the possession of the project of more than \$220,000,000.

This latest report, without any accounting for the Muscle Shoals property, disclosed that \$81,-345,550, or about \$5% of all funds then expended, had been charged to flood control and navigation and but \$7,396,650, or 7%, had been charged to power activities. Yet, on the basis of data submitted by the government's own engineers as to the investment necessary for adequate flood control and navigation improvement, the retiring President of Edison Electric Institute has estimated that three-quarters of the cost of navigation and flood control dams arose solely from power activities. If three-

quarters of the investment in the Muscle Shoals development were likewise attributable to power, a total investment of about \$140,000,000 in public funds for power is indicated with an annual carrying charge at 3% or \$4.200,000, or more than five times the total revenues derived from energy sales to outside consumers in the last fiscal year.

President Wilkie of the Commonwealth & Southern Corporation, in his analysis of the last TVA report, consolidated the operating results of nine municipal and cooperative systems purchasing power from the TVA with the electric operations of the Authority itself, and arrived at the conclusion that, under standard accounting, the cost of rendering service to the approximately 15,000 ultimate consumers averaged \$73.18 per customer, while the average revenue per customer was \$42.30, thereby resulting in a loss of \$30.88 per customer. He expressed the belief that the project was "barely making operating expenses, with practically nothing left for taxes, interest, renewals and replacements or amortization of the debt," and that the "very substantial savings to consumers" which the TVA claimed had been "effected at the expense of the taxpavers."

Thus the individual farm and residential customers of those nine municipal and cooperative systems in the Tennessee River area which purchased their power supplies from the TVA have benefited from the uneconomic opportunity afforded them to buy their electricity below cost only because the taxpayers of the entire country advanced the difference between what these users paid and what their electric service actually cost. On the basis of the 1935 annual report of the TVA, the economist of Edison Electric Institute found that while the cost of electricity consumed by householders during the 1935 fiscal year was 4.06c. per kilowatt hour, these customers paid but 2.40c. per k.w.h., and the balance of 1.66c. was contributed by the taxpayers of the Nation.

This subsidizing of a relatively small group of citizens in one section of the country was possible only because the taxpayers of the entire country approved the arrangement or because they had yet to understand that in addition to their own electric bills, they were paying around 40% of the cost of serving those favored folks in the TVA area. Should, however, similar Authorities be created to cover the entire country, as is now proposed, and the electric requirements of all farm and residential consumers be billed to them at but 60% of the cost of service, the public would then pay the remaining 40% of the cost of service through taxes and the benefits to any particular section of the country would be erased, except in those economically thin sections of the country which never have paid their way.

The old adage that you must pay for what you get, it would appear, applies equally to electricity whether served by private or public undertakings. In the case of the former, the full cost of service is included in the monthly bill, while the private utility returns approximately 14% of that amount to its customers in the form of taxes paid to their governments. In the case of the latter, only a part of the cost of service is paid directly to the public undertaking which returns little or nothing in the form of taxes, and the balance of the cost is paid

by the public in the form of taxes. Under either private or public ownership and operation, of course, the full cost of electric service includes more than the payments made directly or through taxation for the energy used. With an average investment of \$271 in consuming facilities whose life probably averages 10 years, straight-line depreciation of the investment would average \$27.10 and interest at 3% would amount to \$8.10, resulting in an annual charge against consuming facilities of \$35.20 for each household consumer.

Were the full and accurate cost of electric service without regard to the form of payment the same under either form of utility ownership and operation, no injury would result to farm and residential consumers, nor would their investments in consuming facilities be adversely affected. But experience has amply demonstrated, and is demonstrating now, that the cost of service is not the same under the two forms of operation and that the full and complete cost of electricity is lower under private operation.

Perhaps the outstanding fundamental weaknesses in the public ownership and operation of electric power projects are the political sponsorship under which they are conceived, built and operated, and their seeming inability to correct important mistakes in judgment. As a general rule, political ambitions and not sound business judgment are responsible for their establishment and, once created, political fortunes demand they shall be defended against all criticism and continued in operation. Private operation, because of the inexorable demand that capital shall be rewarded, corrects its mistakes by adjusting operating facilities to the needs of the undertaking or by restating the value of the invested capital to the demonstrated ability of the enterprise to produce. Public operation, with its political control and the need to save face, covers its mistakes through confused accounting and shifts its losses to the taxpayers.

The Tennessee River valley is one of the greatest coal-producing sections of the country, and although the river and its tributaries are only moderately suited to hydro-electric development, they do provide an ample and dependable supply of water for the steam generation of electric power. Had the Federal government desired to improve navigation on the Tennessee River, it could have accomplished that purpose, according to the recommendation of Army engineers, with an investment of \$74,709,000 in the construction of low dams; and had flood control in the area been sought, it could have been secured to the same extent that flood control will be obtained under the contemplated TVA program by the expenditure of \$45,000,000. Instead of an expenditure of \$120,000,000 for these admittedly constitutional ends, the present TVA program calls for a net expenditure of some \$450,000,000, which would indicate a contemplated investment of \$330,-000,000 for power alone. On the basis of that power investment, competent utility experts, including the retiring President of Edison Electric Institute, have estimated the true cost of TVA hydro-generated power at 21/2 times the cost at which the same power could be generated in the Tennessee River valley by steam. Six mills per kilowatt hour may seem of little importance, but had the cost of all electric energy generated in the United States during 1936 been increased by that slight amount, roughly \$636,000,000 would have been added to the operating costs of the electric power and light industry.

The privately-owned electric utilities of the United States as a group are one of the largest taxpayers, having contributed approximately \$270,-000,000 to local, State and Federal governments during 1936, while public power operations contributed almost nothing. The situation in the Tennessee River valley is in point. During 1936 the Tennessee Electric Power Co., which is bearing the brunt of the TVA attack on private operations, had a fixed capital investment of slightly over \$100,000,000 and paid \$2,522,419, or nearly \$6,900 per day in taxes; the TVA, with an investment, including properties turned over to it, of more than \$220,000,000, paid but \$45,347, or about \$124 a day. The rates to householders charged by the private electric utilities of the country, after crediting them with the 14% of operating revenues which they returned to their customers in taxes paid to their governments, averaged lower than those of public operations, despite the fact that practically all public systems were subsidized to a greater or less extent and were relieved of substantial portions of actual operating costs through the services given to them by other governmental departments or agencies.

If the farm and residential customers of the electric utilities of the Nation could be assured that public ownership of their electric utilities would result in honest, capable and efficient operation, that the true and actual investment in utility facilities would be disclosed and set up for amortization, and that accounting would be honestly pursued to the end that complete and full operating costs would be determined, they, as consumers of electricity and as investors in consuming facilities, would have little reason to fear public ownership and operation. As investors in electric utility securities—which many of them are—they would, of course, suffer irreparable injury, but their position as security holders is beyond the scope of this inquiry.

Both past and present experience with public operation of electric utilities and power projects gives no assurance that such efficiency in either operation or accounting can be expected. Rather, experience indicates that efficiency need never be expected from political control or management of any enterprise. For, as the late Thomas A. Edison remarked, "the government never really goes into business, for it never makes ends meet. And that is the first requisite of business. It just mixes a little business with a lot of politics, and no one ever gets a chance to find out what is actually going on."

If, then, capable and efficient management of electric utilities is highly improbable under public ownership and operation, our farm and residential consumers of electricty may confidently expect that the true and accurate cost to them of their electric requirements, whether reflected in their electric bills or in their tax bills, will be substantially higher and that the efficiency of their electric service will deteriorate. With these conditions prevailing, definite injury to their substantial investments in consuming facilities would appear a certainty.

Our Railway Taxes

Taxes paid by the railways of the United States have shown an upward trend for years. Many forms of taxation were devised years ago, and in some cases have been revised to meet changing conditions.

The railway industry today represents a property investment of approximately \$26,000,000,000. It is easy to see why taxing authorities look upon that industry as an excellent source from which to obtain funds. Years ago the theory developed that ability to pay rested where values lay.

Furthermore, railway property is located in, or operates through, every State and nearly every county and town in the United States. It is easily found by the taxing authority, and seldom escapes its tax burden. The result is that the industry faces a real problem in meeting its annual tax demand.

Total taxes paid by the railroads of Class I in 1936 amounted to \$319,716,035. State and local governments received \$275,192,376 of this total, or 86.1%, while the Federal Government received \$44,523,659, or 13.9%.

Turning to the State and local situation, taxes paid by the railways in the several States and local jurisdictions showed a sustained increase for many years to 1930. Some recessions occurred between 1932 and 1935, due mainly to the decline in aggregate gross and net earnings of the carriers, which are subject to special levies on earnings in many of the States. However, a large increase was reported for the year 1936. The railway tax situation since 1921 is outlined in the following statistical table:

RATIOTOF RAILWAY TAXES TO REVENUES, CLASS I RAILWAYS—YEARS 1921 TO 1936, INCLUSIVE

alendar	Total Operating	Net Operating	Railway Tax Accruals							
Year	Revenue (000 Omitted)	Revenue (000 Omitted)	Federal (000 Omitted)	Other (000 Omitted)	Total (000 Omitted)	Ratio to Total Revenues	Ratto to Net Revenue			
1921	\$5,516,598	\$953,930	\$37,169	\$238,707	\$275,876	5.00%	28.92%			
1922	5,559,093	1,144,570	51,846	249,189	301,035		26.30			
1923	6,289,580	1,394,413	77,063	254.853	331,916	5.28	23.80			
1924	5,921,496	1,413,611	73,360	266,977	340,337	5.75	24.08			
1925	6.122,510	1,585,630	86,475	272,042	358,517	5.86	22.61			
1926	6,382,940	1,713,603	108,272	280,651	388,923	6.09	22.70			
1927	6.136,300	1,562,122	84,593	291,517	376,110	6.13	24.08			
1928		1,683,740		301,434	389,432		23.13			
1929	6.279.521	1,773,464		307.239		6.32	22.37			
1930	5,281,197	1,350,268	39,918	308,636	348,554	6.60	25.81			
1931	4,188,343	964,769	10,204	293,325	303,529	7.25	31.46			
932	3,126,760			263,210	275,135	8.80	38.04			
1933	3,095,404	846,172	19,328	230,295	249,623	8.06	29.50			
934	3,271,567	829,744	19.790	219,835	239,625	7.32	28.75			
1935	3,451,929	859,188	24,674		236,945	6.87	27.58			
1936	4,052,734	1.121,276		275,192	319,716	7.89	28.51			

Railway taxation in 1936 absorbed 7.89% of each gross dollar (total operating revenue) earned by the railways. This tax ratio of 7.89% in 1936 was greater than in any previous year excepting 1932 and 1933, and is one measure of the relatively increased burden of railway taxation.

The ratio of railway taxes to the gross dollar has shown an upward trend for many years, and increased nearly 3c. per dollar from 1921 to 1936. When it is considered that railway gross earnings exceeded \$4,000,000,000 in 1936, it is clear that every additional tax levy equivalent to 1c. for each of those dollars means a tax increase of more than \$40,000,000 per year, while an addition of 3c. triples that amount to more than \$120,000,000.

When compared to the net railway dollar (net operating revenue), taxes in 1936 absorbed 28.5%, or a little over one-fourth. That is, nearly one-fourth of the property, activities and traffic of the railways in 1936 was devoted to producing net operating revenue sufficient to pay the tax on railway property as a whole. The remaining three-

fourths had to earn the interest and owners' return on the whole rail investment, including both that part of the plant devoted to paying the tax and the rest of the plant as well.

Between 1911 and 1936 cash dividends paid to the stockholders of Class I railways decreased 57%, notwithstanding additional investment in the interim of \$13,836,718,566, or 116%, and notwithstanding an increase in outstanding capital stock of \$1,332,775,852, or 12%. During that same period of 25 years the taxes paid by the railways of Class I increased 235%. That is, railway owners, operating a regular public service industry, and assuming, in addition, the risks of general business, found their own compensation reduced by 57%, compared with an increase of 235% in what their business paid in taxes.

The railways operate a publicly-regulated industry. The price they charge for their product—transportation—is closely regulated by public authority. Generally speaking, they cannot adjust their rate structure quickly to fluctuations in cost of operation, such as wages, tax rates, prices of supplies, and the like. For this reason the steady rise in their tax bill brings to the railway industry an economic problem all its own, which demands serious attention and study.

So far as Federal taxes are concerned, railway corporations are taxed on the same basis as other corporations, although even here special accounting regulations or other conditions often call for special treatment. In the field of local taxation, however, where the bulk of the railway tax is raised and where the complex question of property appraisals and valuation plays an important role, intelligent study and application of sound economic policies is of prime importance.

Industry and Agriculture Fear Drug Addiction

About the most overwhelming catastrophe which can confront an inept and impecunious physician is the imminent recovery of the patient who has contributed longest and most reliably to his maintenance. He may, if he is sufficiently unscrupulous or enough genuinely misled by superficial selfinterest, prolong the convalescence and postpone recognition of regained vitality as long and as completely as circumstances permit. Political doctors who pretend to exclusive possession of remedies efficient towards restoration of depressed industry may be confronted by equivalent calamity and may be similarly reluctant to admit that there is no longer any depression to suggest further resort to strange devices of legislation or continued pitiful dependence upon the benevolent paternalism of governments that have never yet succeeded in enabling a whole people to elevate itself by means of its own boot-straps. Fortunately, perhaps, for the general welfare, there are many far-seeing and self-reliant citizens, not without representation in the Senate and House of Representatives, who are fully aware that continued dosage of those in sound health with strong drugs, even drugs actually remedial during periods of genuine ill-health, may be quite as detrimental as abstention from their use when their need is indicated by abnormal symptoms, and that this is no more true of the physical condition of an indidivual than it is of the economic condition of a people. President Roosevelt, in his latest appeal for legislative meddling in agriculture, supporting the so-called "ever-normal granary" measure, complains, rather weakly as it seems to us, of these unadventurous persons, suggesting that they "exhibit a certain degree of weariness," which may be true and would not be without justification, and adding that they desire to "defer action at this time."

That the industry of agriculture appears to be doing pretty well is beyond denial, and the President does not venture to question the indisputable evidence of the markets that with abundant production prices remain at a high level indicative of greatly enlarged farm incomes throughout substantially all branches of agrarian activity. But with the stock of white rabbits still plentiful it would not do to admit that the patient has recovered or that the need for official, not to say officious, necromancy has disappeared, and so it is again urged, with almost pathetic intensity, that the business of farming, once characterized by the highest degree of independence among those engaged in it, must be always and utterly dependent upon the wise fatherhood of an all-seeing and persistently benevolent government. "Existing laws," declares the President in his letter to Chairmen Smith and Jones of the Senate and House Committees on Agriculture, "are not adequate to guarantee future safety." Beyond this unconvincing declaration, specification, as usual, is scanty and very much is left to the imagination or to unappeased bewilderment. Those who study the appeal with most earnest desire to comprehend the background of the asserted urgency for the creation of new and elaborate machinery are left in doubt whether the complaint is that the current price for July wheat is \$1.20 a bushel, with a bumper crop in sight, and that such a price is too high and likely to stimulate excessive production next year, or whether it is intended presently to insure against the consequences of any uneconomic stimulation that may prove to be inevitable by advance provision for purchasing for government account any excess in next year's production. It is not at all enlightening to remark, without any further explanation, that:

"Extremes of farm prices represent the principal cause of suffering, of bankruptcy, and of lack of purchasing power among them (i.e., farmers). There is no benefit to any farmer if he sells his crops for high figures one year and the price drops through the bottom the next year."

Obviously, extremes may be high or they may be low; but it is doubted if sympathetic reaction would be obtained in any wheat-raising community to any plan intended to curtail increases in prices in response to diminished foreign production or augmented demand either at home or abroad. Yet the glamor of high prices does tempt many to expand acreage; it does produce exaggerated valuations of farm lands; it does invite ambitious and adventurous men, confident in their capacity and willing industry, to acquire lands beyond their ready means, leaving much of the purchase price represented by liens secured by mortgages, payment of the interest and principal of which must depend upon their frugality and successful endeavor. This

happened on an immense scale during the World War and for a while after its close, and the liquidation that has been necessary, despite the intervention of government, in so many ways, to raise the prices of farm products and to protect the vanishing equities of embarrassed owners has been difficult and enormous, and the end is not yet.

The ever-normal granary plan, to which the President has been converted, calls for the impounding by the government of the surpluses of staple agricultural production in every year in which domestic production exceeds domestic consumption, substantially doubling the normal carryovers of the good years; the supposed justification for the operation being the expectation, or pious hope, that such years will be practically balanced by years of relatively scanty production, during which the impounded surpluses can be disposed of for consumption. In other words, by the device of buying and storing, to raise prices when prices would normally drop, it is supposed that production can be adjusted, over a period of several years, so as sub stantially to be balanced by consumption within the national boundaries. The President is so enamored with this idea that he states it twice in his comparatively short letter to the Chairmen. Our governmental "farm program" ought, he says, to be made "to take care of the consumers' interest in years of bad weather and of the producers' interest in years of good weather." (Note the naive assumption that farmers suffer from abundant harvests and gain when nature yields most scantily.) And, in another paragraph, "an all-weather farm program can level the peaks of over-supply into the valleys of shortage and disaster."

Yet the whole plan depends upon buying to raise prices; selling is not to lower prices, but is to be permitted only if and when it can be accomplished without lowering them. This is implicit in every proposal. The government will gamble in wheat, cotton and other staples of farm production, taking care always to be on the losing side, using taxpayers' money for its vast wagers, with this money insuring the enhancement of prices of everything which is necessary to existence and which the taxpayer must buy. Other direct consequences are only too certain and too clear. The artificially increased prices will stimulate production; they will augment the surpluses to be bought and the cost and difficulty of maintaining the artificial level; they will tend to raise the prices of agricultural lands, and they will lure ambitious men to acquire heavily mortgaged lands, depending upon the maintenance of production and prices for the interest they will promise to pay and for the ultimate liquidation of the indebtedness they will assume. Every agrarian evil of the last 20 years will be repeated and intensified, and grotesquely fatuous legislation, the failure of which could be predicted by the veriest tyro in economics or statecraft, will be the cause. Ultimately, the point would be reached at which even the vast resources of the government would be unequal to the enormous burden imposed to sustain the vicious circle of impounded and unsalable surpluses and augmenting and increasingly excessive production; the last state of agriculture would be immeasurably worse than the first, and relatively more would be directly

affected by the catastrophe.

Gross and Net Earnings of United States Railroads for the Month of May

Although the rate of increase no longer is very pronounced, earnings of the railroads of the country continue to compare favorably with those current a year ago. In the tabulations of gross and net earnings for May, which we now present, a modest advance is to be noted over the same month of 1936. With the trend of business generally upward, gross revenues showed a sizable gain, but rising costs of materials and taxes, together with long-deferred maintenance expenditures, cut heavily into the gross earnings and made it possible for the managers to transfer only a relatively small proportion to net. This trend is occasioning growing concern, since there appears to be little likelihood of marked recessions in the prices of steel and other things needed by the principal carriers. Such financial results of operations suggest emphatically the need for liberal consideration by the Interstate Commerce Commission of the application for increases of freight rates on a number of classes of goods. The necessity for such action is even more apparent in view of the circumstance that a large part of the railroad mileage of the country remains unprofitable, even at the present stage of well advanced recovery from the depression.

The controversy over wages which now is in progress throws additional light on the rail carrier Since the two recent restorations of emergency pay reductions, railroads have been paying wages at 1929 scales, or at the highest levels in history. Not content with such an excellent performance, the railroad brotherhoods now are demanding further advances of wages, which in some instances verge on the ridiculous. There is, of course, no warrant for any increase whatever, but in view of the labor policy adopted by the Administration at Washington some concessions quite possibly will have to be made, with resultant evil effects upon the hard-pressed carriers. It is interesting to note, in this connection, that gross earnings of the railroads in May were \$352,044,249 against \$320,414,211 in May, 1936, a gain of \$31,-630,038, or 9.87%. But increased operating expenses absorbed almost all of the added gross earnings, for net earnings were \$85,335,430 in May against \$80,737,173 in the same month of last year, a gain of only \$4,598,257, or 5.69%. We present the results below, in tabular form:

Month of May-	1937	1936	Inc. (+) or 1	Dec. (-)
Mileage of 137 roads	235,873	236,357	-484	-0.20
	\$352,044,249	\$320,414,211	+\$31.630.038	+9.87
Operating expenses	266,708,819	239,677,038	$\pm 27.031.781$	+11.27
Ratio of expenses to earnings_	75.76%	74.80%	+0.96%	
Net carnings	\$85 335 430	\$80 737 173	± \$4 508 257	15.60

Strikes interfered during May with operating income of the railroads, but the generally good trend of business overshadowed such occurrences. Outstanding among the basic industries which have contributed to the increased earnings of the railroads during the month of May are the iron and steel industries, both of which show most gratifying improvement, and this, too, despite the strikes in the latter industry. Using the statistics compiled by the American Iron and Steel Institute, we find that no less than 5,153,559 gross tons of steel ingots were produced in the month under review—a tonnage exceeded in only two previous months-in May, 1929, when the all-time record of 5,286,246 tons was established, and in March of this year, when the output amounted to 5,216,666 gross tons. The

present year's May output of 5,153,559 tons compares with only 4,037,375 tons in May a year ago (an increase of 27.06%), and with but 2,633,661 in May, 1935. Comparison with preceding years back to and including May, 1929, is as follows: 3,352,788 gross tons in 1934; 1,976,428 in 1933; 1,125,243 in 1932; 2,551,633 in 1931; 3,982,915 in 1930, and no less than 5,286,339 gross tons in May, 1929. In the case of pig iron production, the May, 1937, output was the largest for the month since May, 1929, the tonnage, according to the "Iron Age," aggregating no less than 3,537,231 gross tons as compared with only 2,648,401 in 1936; but 1,727,095 in 1935; 2,042,896 in 1934; 887,252 in 1933; 783,554 in 1932; 1,994,082 in 1931, and 3,232,760 in 1930. Back in May, 1929, however, pig iron tonnage reached 3,896,082 gross tons. Turning to another great basic industry—the manufacture of motor vehicles —here, too, we find a large increase in the output of automobiles as compared with May a year ago, making production the largest in that month since May, 1929. Statistics issued by the Bureau of the Census show that the make of motor cars in May, 1937, totaled 516,899 as against only 460,512 cars in May last year; 361,107 in 1935; 330,455 in 1934; 214,411 in 1933; 184,225 in 1932; 317,163 in 1931, and 420,027 in 1930, but comparing with no less than 604,691 cars in May, 1929.

As to coal production in the month under review, it appears that while the bituminous, or soft coal, output was very much larger than in May a year ago, the anthracite, or hard coal, production was on a greatly reduced scale. The United States Bureau of Mines reports that the quantity of bituminous coal mined in May, 1937, totaled 29,980,000 net tons as compared with 28,684,000 in 1936; 26,849,000 in 1935; 27,385,000 in 1934; 22,488,000 in 1933; 18,384,000 in 1932, and 28,314,000 in 1931. Back in May, 1930, however, the output reached 36,314,000, and in 1929, 40,706,000 net tons. In the case of Pennsylvania anthracite, production in May the present year was only 4,204,000 net tons as compared with 5,121,000 in May, 1936; 4,919,000 in 1935; 5,250,000 in 1934; 2,967,000 in 1933; 3,278,000 in 1932; 5,005,000 in 1931; 5,911,000 in 1930, and no less than 6,308,000 in May, 1929.

Coming now to the building industry, the F. W. Dodge Corp. reports a gratifying improvement, construction contracts awarded in the 37 States east of the Rocky Mountains during May the current year having involved a money outlay of \$244,112,800 (the largest amount recorded for May since 1931) as compared with only \$216,070,700 in May last year. Extending the comparison further back, we find that building contracts awarded in May, 1935, had a money value of \$126,720,100; in May, 1934, of \$134,363,700; in 1933, of \$77,171,700, and in 1932, of \$146,221,200. In May, 1931, however, the valuation was \$306,079,100; in 1930, \$457,416,000, and in 1929, no less than \$587,765,900. In view of the marked improvement in the building trade, lumber production, as might be expected, likewise showed a substantial increase. According to the figures compiled by the National Lumber Manufacturers Association, an average of 535 identical mills in the four weeks ended May 29 reported a cut of 1,137,-778,000 feet of lumber as compared with only 994,-923,000 feet in the same four weeks of 1936, or an

increase of 14%. Shipments of lumber in the same four weeks the present year aggregated 1,045,993,000 feet as against only 953,632,000 feet in the similar period of 1936, or a gain of 10%, while orders received were also on a greatly increased scale, reaching 938,351,000 feet as compared with but 894,865,000 feet in the corresponding four weeks of last year, or 5% above those of May last year.

On the other hand, the grain traffic over Western roads was on a greatly reduced scale in May the present year as compared with May a year ago, and the falling off, moreover, extended in greater or less degree to all the different cereals. We deal with the details of the Western grain movement in a separate paragraph further along in this article, and therefore need only say here that for the five weeks ended May 29 the present year the receipts at the Western primary markets of wheat, corn, oats, barley and rye, combined, reached only 33,359,000 bushels as against 50,608,000 bushels in the same five weeks of 1936, but comparing with 32,148,000 bushels in May, 1935. In previous years, the receipts for the corresponding five weeks were: 35,519,000 bushels in 1934; 81,594,000 in 1933; 51,595,000 in 1932; 59,151,000 in 1931; 53,503,000 in 1930, and 49,487,000 bushels in 1929.

It is, however, when we turn to the statistics showing the loading of revenue freight on all the railroads of the country that the composite result of all that has been said above is most clearly manifested. For the five weeks of May the present year, according to the figures compiled by the Car Service Division of the American Railroad Association, the number of cars loaded with revenue freight on the railroads of the United States aggregated 3,897,704 as compared with only 3,351,564 cars in the same five weeks of last year; 2,887,975 cars in 1935; 3,026,021 cars in 1934; 2,656,168 in 1933; 2,535,500 in 1932, and 3,719,868 in 1931, but comparing with 4,586,357 in 1930, and with no less than 5,186,235 in 1929.

In all the foregoing we have been dealing with the railroads of the country collectively. Turning our attention now to the separate roads and systems, we find the exhibits in consonance with the showing for the roads as a whole. In our compilations giving the increases and decreases in gross and net earnings in excess of \$100,000, only three roads show a loss above that amount in gross earnings, but in the case of the net 20 roads are obliged to report a decrease—indicating very plainly the part played by increased operating expenses in depleting the net earnings of the roads. In this latter category several of the roads have been able to report gains in the case of the gross, outstanding among them being the Pennsylvania RR., which, while heading the list of roads showing increases in gross earnings with a gain of \$5,276,359, reports a decrease in net of \$299,909. Other roads are the Baltimore & Ohio, with 875,139 gain in gross and \$416,544 loss in net; the Chicago Burlington & Quincy, which, with a gain of \$240,349 in gross, reports a decrease of \$240,760 in net, and the Lehigh Valley, reporting \$318,054 increase in gross and \$174,002 loss in net. Lack of space prevents our naming separately (with their increases) the roads distinguished for gains in both gross and net earnings alike, so we shall confine ourselves to naming only a few of the most outstanding. The Duluth

Missabe & Northern (which heads the list in the case of the net) reports \$1,945,228 increase in gross and \$1,501,921 gain in net; the New York Central, with \$2,973,238 gain in gross and \$618,712 increase in net (these figures cover the operations of the New York Central and its leased lines; including the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, the result is an increase of \$3,340,908 in gross and of \$654,482 in net); the Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe, which shows a gain of \$2,007,074 in gross and of \$620,300 in net; the Union Pacific, with \$1,351,503 gain in gross and \$543,827 increase in net; the Great Northern, reporting \$1,157,551 gain in gross and \$602,476 gain in net, and the Bessemer & Lake Erie, with \$742,592 increase in gross and \$581,291 gain in net. In the following table we bring together all changes for the separate roads and systems for amounts in excess of \$100,000, whether increases or decreases, and in both gross and net:

PRINCIPAL CHANGES IN GROSS EARNINGS FOR THE MONTH OF MAY, 1937

	Increase	1	Increase
Pennsylvania		Chicago Burl & Quincy	\$240,349
New York Central		Central of Georgia	237.518
Southern Pacific (2 rds.) -		Chic Milw St P & Pac	235,111
Atch Top & Santa Fe		Western Pacific	226.126
Duluth Missabe & Nor		Virginian	209,868
Union Pacific	1,351,503	N Y Chic & St Louis	195,667
Great Northern		Mobile & Ohio	191,804
Baltimore & Ohio		Lake Superior & Ishpem	181,911
Louisville & Nashville	816,204		170,529
Bessemer & Lake Erie	742,592	Colorado & Sou (2 roads)	167,424
Norfolk & Western		Chicago R I & Pac (2 rds)	153,918
Southern		Boston & Maine	153,127
Erie (2 roads)	571,170	Cinc N O & Tex Pac	148,501
NYNH&Hartford	547.738	Bangor & Aroostook	141,774
Illinois Central		Spok Portl & Seattle	137,650
Atlantic Coast Line	471,889	Western Maryland	133.811
Seaboard Air Line	467,096	Clinchfield	126,688
Northern Pacific	436,037	Alton	120,651
Del Lack & Western	434,883	Chicago & Eastern Ill	108,121
Central of New Jersey	387,351	-	
Elgin Joliet & Eastern	378,235	Total (54 roads)\$	30,806,462
Pittsburgh & Lake Erie	367,670		
Texas & Pacific	360,324		Decrease
N O Tex & Mex (3 rds)	324,099	Chesapeake & Ohio	\$323,979
Lehigh Valley	318,054	Reading	126,185
Wheeling & Lake Erie	315,848	Florida East Coast	114,792
Missouri Pacific	297,398	_	
St. Louis-Southwestern	273,385		
TTIL			

a These figures cover the operations of the New York Central and the leased lines—Cleveland Cincinnati Chicago & St. Louis, Michigan Central, Cincinnati Northern and Evansville Indianapolis & Terre Haute. In cluding Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, the result is an increase of \$3,340,908.

PRINCIPAL CHANGES IN NET EARNINGS FOR THE MONTH OF

	MAY	, 1937	
	Increase		Decreases
Duluth Missabe & Nor	\$1,501,921	Chesapeake & Ohio	\$667,056
Atch Top & Santa Fe	620,300	Baltimore & Ohio	416,544
New York Central	a618.712	Reading	
Great Northern	602,476	Pennsylvania	299,909
Bessemer & Lake Erie	581,291	Denver & Rio Gr West	
Union Pacific	543.827	Chicago Burl & Quincy	240,760
Del Lack & Western	322,755	NYNH& Hartford	199,077
Central of New Jersey	322,621	Chicago & North West	190,216
Louisville & Nashville	274.076	Lehigh Valley	
Atlantic Coast Line		Chicago Great Western	
N O Tex & Mex (3 rds)		Pere Marquette	150.980
Erie (2 roads)	232,198	Grand Trunk Western	139,098
Wheeling & Lake Erie		Wabash	136,536
Seaboard Air Line		Western Pacific	129,063
Texas & Pacific		Chicago R I & Pac (2 rds)	
Chicago Milw St P & Pac		Florida East Coast	113,736
Boston & Maine		Minn St P & S S M	
Lake Sup & Ishpeming		N Y Ont & Western	111,708
Southern	143,450	Chic St P M & Omaha	104,041
Central Vermont	134,078		
Northern Pacific	133,175	Total (20 roads)	\$4,034,569
Elgin Joliet & Eastern	128,982		
Norfolk & Western	123,704		
Bangor & Aroostook	121.081		

Total (30 roads)----- \$8,159,634 |

a These figures cover the operations of the New York Central and the leased lines—Cleveland Cincinnati Chicago & St. Louis, Michigan Central, Cincinnati Northern and Evansville Indianapolis & Terre Haute. Including Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, the result is an increase of \$654,482.

Colorado & Sou (2 rds) __ Clinchfield

When the roads are arranged in groups or geographical divisions, according to their location, as is our custom, the favorable character of the exhibits as compared with May last year is clearly manifested, as it is found that all the three great districts—the Eastern, the Southern and the Western—together with all the various regions comprising these districts, show gains (though in many cases of small amount) in both gross and net earnings alike, with the single exception that in the case of the net, one region—the Pocahontas region in the Southern district—shows a decrease. Our summary by groups is as below. As previously explained, we group the roads to conform with the classification of the Interstate Commerce Commis-

sion. The boundaries of the different groups and regions are indicated in the footnote to the table:

1937 \$14,106,532 67,304,307 77,166,748 158,577,587 43,716,495 21,094,480 64,810,975 42,245,512 59,694,234 26,715,941	144,448,357 39,631,718 20,475,876 60,107,594 38,116,592	Inc. (+) or Do +1,027,757 +4,845,346 +8,256,127 +14,129,230 +4,084,777 +618,604 +4,703,381 +4,128,920	ec. (—) 7.85 7.75 11.98 9.78 10.30 3.02 7.82
67,304,307 77,166,748 158,577,587 43,716,495 21,094,480 64,810,975 42,245,512 59,694,234	62,458,961 68,910,621 144,448,357 39,631,718 20,475,876 60,107,594 38,116,592	$\begin{array}{r} +4,845,346 \\ +8,256,127 \\ \hline +14,129,230 \\ +4,084,777 \\ +618,604 \\ \hline +4,703,381 \end{array}$	7.78 11.98 9.78 10.30 3.02
77,166,748 158,577,587 43,716,495 21,094,480 64,810,975 42,245,512 59,694,234	68,910,621 144,448,357 39,631,718 20,475,876 60,107,594 38,116,592	+8,256,127 +14,129,230 +4,084,777 +618,604 +4,703,381	9.78 10.30 3.02
158,577,587 43,716,495 21,094,480 64,810,975 42,245,512 59,694,234	144,448,357 39,631,718 20,475,876 60,107,594 38,116,592	+14,129,230 +4,084,777 +618,604 +4,703,381	9.78 10.30 3.02
43,716,495 21,094,480 64,810,975 42,245,512 59,694,234	39,631,718 20,475,876 60,107,594 38,116,592	+4,084,777 +618,604 +4,703,381	10.30
21,094,480 64,810,975 42,245,512 59,694,234	20,475,876 60,107,594 38,116,592	+618,604	3.02
21,094,480 64,810,975 42,245,512 59,694,234	20,475,876 60,107,594 38,116,592	+4,703,381	-
42,245,512 59,694,234	38,116,592		7.82
59,694,234		$\pm 4.128.920$	
	E9 000 004		10.83
26 715 041	53,262,264	+6,431,970	12.07
20,710,511	24,479,404	+2,236,537	9.13
128,655,687	115,858,260	+12,797,427	11.04
352,044,249	320,414,211	+31,630,038	9.87
1007			
		Inc. (+) or De	ec. (—)
		+342.656	11.72
			3.01
			0.34
37 40,838,	39,928,216	+910,343	2.27
25 10.697.3	731 9.528.061	+1.169.670	12.27
			4.28
35 19,949,1	97 19,194,150	+755,047	3.93
10 445 1	100 0 E24 ORE	L1 011 504	22.39
			5.34
			11.26
35 24,547,6	374 21,614,807	+2,932,867	13.56
85,335,4	80,737,173	+4.598,257	5.69
	28 16,950,3 32 20,623,4 37 40,838,4 25 10,697,1 10 9,251,4 35 19,949,1 4 10,445,4 24 8,039,4 6,062,5 55 24,547,6 57 85,335,4 4s conforms ollowing ind	352,044,249 320,414,211	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

New England Region-Comprises the New England States.

Great Lakes Region—Comprises the section on the Canadian boundary between New England and the westerly shore of Lake Michigan to Chicago, and north of a line from Chicago via Pittsburgh to New York.

Central Eastern Region—Comprises the section south of the Great Lakes Region east of a line from Chicago through Peoria to St. Louis and the Mississippi River to the mouth of the Ohio River, and north of the Ohio River to Parkersburg, W. Va., and a line thence to the southwestern corner of Maryland and by the Potomac River to its mouth.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT Southern Region—Comprises the section east of the Mississippi River and south of the Ohio River to a point near Kenova, W. Va., and a line thence following the eastern boundary of Kentucky and the southern boundary of Virginia to the Atlantic. Pocahonias Region—Comprises the section north of the southern boundary of Virginia, east of Kentucky and the Ohio River north to Parkersburg, W. Va., and south of a line from Parkersburg to the southwestern corner of Maryland and thence by the Potomac River to its mouth.

WESTERN DISTRICT

Northwestern Region—Comprises the section adjoining Canada lying west of the Great Lakes Region, north of a line from Chicago to Omaha and thence to Portland and by the Columbia River to the Pacific.

Central Western Region—Comprises the section south of the Northwestern Region west of a line from Chicago to Peoria and thence to St. Louis, and north of a line from St. Louis to Kansas City and thence to El Paso and by the Mexican boundary to the Pacific.

Southwestern Region—Comprises the section lying between the Mississippi River south of St. Louis and a line from St. Louis to Kansas City and thence to El Paso and by the Rio Grande to the Guif of Mexico.

The grain traffic over Western roads in May the present year, as we have already indicated, fell very much below that of last year, although, even at that, it was still considerably larger than in May, 1935. Without exception, all the different items in greater or less degree contributed to the shrinkage, the falling off in the case of corn having been particularly pronounced. Thus the receipts of wheat at the Western primary markets in the five weeks ended May 29 totaled only 9,260,000 bushels as against 13,082,000 bushels in the same period of 1936; the receipts of corn but 10,662,000 bushels against 19,589,000; of oats, 6,137,000 against 7,798,000; of barley, 4,948,000 against 7,149,000, and of rye, 2,352,000 against 2,990,000 bushels. Altogether, the receipts of the five staples, wheat, corn, oats, barley and rye, reached only 33,359,000 bushels as against 50,608,000 in the same five weeks of 1936, but comparing with only 32,148,000 bushels in 1935. Going further back, comparison is with 35,519,000 bushels in the same period of 1934; 81,594,000 in 1933; 51,595,000 in 1932; 59,151,000 in 1931; 53,503,000 in 1930, and 49,487,000 bushels in 1929. In the subjoined table we give the details of the Western grain movement in our usual form:

WESTERN FLOUR AND GRAIN RECEIPTS Barley (Bushels) Wheat Corn (Bushels) (Bushels) Oats (Bushels)

5 Wks. End. May 29	Flour (Bbls.)	Wheat (Bush.)	Corn (Bush.)	Oats (Bush.)	Barley (Bush.)	Rye (Bush.)
1937 1936				1,017,000 1,467,000	1,729,000 2,881,000	480,000 555,000
Duluth— 1937		664,000	1,000	36,000	81,000	89,000
Milwaukee-		1,500,000	273,000	583,000	494,000	561,000
1937 1936	66,000 80,000		84,000 703,000	30,000 55,000	1,191,000 2,093,000	48,000 45,000
1937		231,000	162,000	550,000	66,000	14,000
Detroit-	*****	360,000	352,000	1,220,000	4,000	21,000
1937 1936		76,000	12,000	75,000	124,000	61,000
Indianapolis &	· Omaha—	703,000	1,717,000	1,384,000		87,000
1936 St. Louis—		739,000	3,938,000	667,000	~	110,000
1937 1936 Peoria—	512,000 533,000	742,000 1,042,000	1,109,000 2,058,000	632,000 804,000	261,000 247,000	36,000 85,000
1937 1936	199,000 168,000	99,000 59,000	1,403,000 2,187,000	302,000 272,000	415,000 342,000	182,000 233,000
Kansas Ctty	46,000	1,549,000	708,000	238,000		
1936 St. Joseph—	68,000	2,111,000	2,168,000	368,000	*******	*****
1937 1936 Wichtta—		51,000 94,000	63,000 385,000	57,000 99,000		******
1937		523,000 252,000	4,000 40,000	******		
1937 1936		13,000 40,000	86,000 214,000	117,000 30,000	10,000 31,000	4,000 19,000
Total all-						-
1937	1,676,000 1,818,000	9,260,000 13,082,000	10,662,000 19,589,000	6,137,000 7,798,000	4,948,000 7,149,000	2,352,000 2,990,000
5 Mos. Ended May 29 Chicago—	Flour (Bbls.)	Wheat (Bushels)	Corn (Bushels)	Oats Bushels)	Barley (Bushels)	Rye (Bushels)
1937	4,507,000 4,015,000	4,883,000 4,091,000	15,531,000 22,557,000	4,935,000 8,462,000	4,376,000 5,786,000	2,137,000 1,859,000
1937 1936		9,272,000 15,640,000	1,605,000 3,682,000	1,653,000 6,386,000	6,355,000 12,717,000	1,686,000 2,642,000
Duluth— 1937		2,787,000	4,000	75,000	604,000	683,000
1936 Milwaukee—		2,933,000	281,000	1,703,000	2,017,000	1,745,000
1937 1936 Toledo—	310,000 330,000	216,000 118,000	1,698,000 2,757,000	163,000 497,000	5,146,000 9,089,000	322,000 209,000
1937 1936		1,715,000 2,423,000	824,000 1,668,000	2,579,000 3,048,000	75,000 37,000	106,000 75,000
1937 1936		67,000 509,000	2,000 94,000	54,000 335,000	80,000 601,000	63,000 287,000
1937 1936	Omaha—	3,095,000 2,921,000	9,819,000 18,887,000	6,243,000 3,753,000	******	346,000 606,000
1937	2,546,000 2,389,000	3,666,000 4,051,000	9,692,000 10,280,000	3,793,000 3,948,000	1,043,000 1,247,000	144,000 311,000
Peoria— 1937	927,000	521,000	6,435,000	932,000	1,563,000	900,000
Kansas Cuy-	831,000	742,000	8,944,000	1,232,000	1,567,000	1,002,000
1937	272,000 302,000	10,760,000 10,274,000	4,458,000 8,629,000	879,000 1,086,000		
St. Joseph— 1937		422,000 650,000	494,000 1,873,000	829,000 1,229,000		
1930						
Wichtta— 1937		2,630,000	44,000	26,000		
1930			44,000 114,000 673,000	26,000 46,000 476,000	51,000	16,000

1937______8,562,000 40,353,000 51,279,000 22,637,000 19,293,000 6,403,000 1936_____7,867,000 46,438,000 80,749,000 31,858,000 33,219,000 8,809,000

The Western livestock movement, on the other hand, appears to have been considerably larger than in May a year ago. While at Chicago the receipts comprised only 5,661 carloads as against 6,067 in May, 1936, at Omaha and Kansas City they totaled 1,827 and 3,713 cars, respectively, as compared with but 1,720 and 2,236 cars, respectively, last year.

As to the cotton traffic over Southern roads, this was much larger than in May, 1936, that is, so far as the overland shipments of the staple are concerned, but fell far below last year in the case of the port movement of cotton. Gross shipments overland in May the present year aggregated 76,884 bales (the largest receipts for May in all recent years) as compared with 52,914 bales in May last year; 37,676 in 1935; 45,963 in 1934; 36,317 in 1933; 23,095 in 1932; 29,191 in 1931; 44,635 in 1930, and 35,141 bales in 1929. At the Southern outports, cotton receipts in May the present year were only 130,589 bales against 190,101 in May, 1936, but comparing with 87,477 bales in 1935. In previous years back to and including 1929, the receipts totaled 197,085 bales in 1934; 423,059 in 1933; 222,102 in 1932; 99,776 in 1931; 205,975 in 1930, and 134,735 bales in 1929. Details of the port movement of cotton for the past three years are given in the table which follows:

RECEIPTS OF COTTON AT SOUTHERN PORTS FOR MONTH OF MAY AND FROM JAN. 1 TO END OF MAY, 1937, 1936 AND 1935

Ports		May		Since Jan. 1				
Ports	1937	1936	1935	1937	1936	1935		
Galveston	15,663	52,284	14,271	188,829	269,433	162,033		
Houston, &c	13,701	41,229	20,441	147.008	358,209	163,290		
Corpus Christi	109	1.285	1.136	4.300	15.612	9,072		
Beaumont				11,065	6,783	95		
New Orleaus	64,924	68,271	39.349	579.726	391,340	273.558		
Mobile	22,719	11,625	2.841	122,498	57.619	22.058		
Pensacola	529	800	1.843	1.150	18,062	9,480		
Savannah	4,661	8,492	1.934	33.656	31,362	14,278		
Brunswick					0.100	,		
Charleston	4.559	2.833	2.464	23,438	19.682	28,475		
Lake Charles	18	27	501	2,303	713	2.674		
Wilmington	1,456	488	1.512	9,477	4.586	4,231		
Norfolk	1,928	2.767	1.142	15,948	13,297	13,323		
Jacksonville	322		43	548	162	588		
Total	130,589	190,101	87.477 1	,139,946	.186.860	703.155		

Results for Earlier Years

The gains (as indicated above) recorded by the railroads of the country during May, 1937, in both gross and net earnings alike—namely, \$31,630,038 (or 9.87%) in the case of the gross and \$4,598,257 (or 5.69%) in the case of the net, follow substantial increases in both gross and net—\$41,354,127 in the former and \$10,397,914 in the latter in May, 1936, but these gains, in turn, came after a decrease of \$2,489,273 and of \$1,666,850 in gross and net, respectively, in May, 1935. In the previous year (May, 1934) the roads had recorded an increase in gross of \$26,769,505 but accompanied by a decrease in net of \$1,618,619, and in May, 1933, there had been an increase in gross of \$3,584,364 and a gain in net of \$27,428,140, but these increases followed tremendous losses in the three years immediately preceding. In May, 1932, our compilations showed a loss of \$114,034,479 in gross and of \$33,623,278 in net, and this followed \$94,-091,632 loss in gross and \$30,320,738 loss in net in May, 1931, and \$75,131,912 loss in gross and \$35,711,276 in net in May, 1930, business depression having been the cause of the continuous decline in the three-year period. In May, 1929, the returns, of course, showed improved results, but not to the extent expected, having regard to the trade activity prevailing at the time, but which was reflected at that time only in minor degree in the revenue returns of the railroads. Our compilations for May, 1929, showed only \$26,179,817 gain in gross, or 4.86%, and \$17,754,001 gain in net, or 12.9%. Moreover, this very moderate improvement came after poor or indifferent results in May, 1928, and May, 1927, one reason for this having been that the agricultural communities of the country were even at that time already suffering depression, greatly impairing their purchasing and consuming capacity, though the situation in that respect was not so strongly accentuated as it has since become. In May, 1928, our tabulations recorded \$8,823,323 decrease in gross, with \$840,317 increase in net, and in May, 1927, our tables also showed relatively slight changes, namely, \$1,088,017 increase in gross, with \$1,063,507 decrease in net. An important fact to remember, however, is that this last followed quite substantial improvement (we are speaking of the roads as a whole) in May, 1926, over May, 1925, when our compilation showed \$28,515,298 gain in gross, or 5.85%, and \$15,677,492 gain in net, or 13.89%. Moreover, these gains in 1926 succeeded substantial improvement in 1925 over 1924, our tabulations for May, 1925, having recorded \$11,114,584 increase in gross and \$16,805,030 increase in net. On the other hand, it is essential to bear in mind that these increases of 1926 and 1925 came after tremendous decreases in 1924, and to that extent constituted merely recovery of what was then lost. Our statement for May, 1924, showed no less than \$70,-476,133 falling off in the gross and \$30,448,063 falling off in the net. These lesses in turn beweren followed. in the net. These losses, in turn, however, followed pro-digious gains in the year preceding—that is, in May, 1923, when the totals were of exceptional size. In May of that year the roads were in enjoyment of an unexampled volume of traffic, and our compilations showed an addition to the gross (as compared with the preceding year) of no less than \$97,510,054, or 21.77%, and an addition to the net in the sum of \$32,573,715, or nearly 35%. It should be remembered, too, that the 1923 gains in net were simply the top-most of a series of increases that began long before 1923. Thus in May, 1922, when business revival had already begun, but when the carriers suffered a very notable reduction of their coal tonnage by reason of the strike at the unionized coal mines then prevailing throughout the country (coal loadings then having fallen off 47.4% as compared with May of the year before) there was only a very small improvement in the gross earnings—only \$4,069,751, or less than 1%—but there was at the same time a contraction in expenses of \$23,995,177, and this brought about an augmentation in the net in amount of \$28,064,928, or, roughly, 43%. There was improvement also in the net in the year preceding (1921), though gross at that time was declining, owing to the collapse in trade. The decrease in the gross then was \$13,214,331, but it was accompanied by a reduction in expenses of \$58,054,141, thus leaving a gain of \$44,839,810 in the net earnings. The loss in the gross at that time was only 2.89%, which, of course, failed to reflect either the great falling off in traffic or the extent and magnitude of the depression in trade under which the country was then laboring, the reason being that railroad

rates, both passenger and freight, had been advanced and the added revenue from the higher rates served to that extent to offset the loss in earnings resulting from the shrinkage in the volume of traffic. Contrariwise, the saving in expenses then achieved was effected in face of higher wage scales, the Railroad Labor Board having the previous summer awarded a 20% increase to the employees, at the same time that the Interstate Commerce Commission granted the carriers authority to put into effect higher rate schedules for passengers and freight. Had business and traffic remained normal, the higher rate schedules would, according to the computations made at the time, have added \$125,000,000 a month to the gross revenues, and the higher wage schedules would have added \$50,000,000 a month to the payroll of the carriers, as was pointed out by us at the time.

On the other hand, in any attempt to appraise correctly the big reduction in expenses effected in 1922 and 1921, and the steady improvement in operating efficiency that followed, the fact should not be overlooked that, as a result of the antecedent prodigious increases in the expenses, net earnings in 1920 had been reduced to very low levels. High operating costs had been a feature of the returns for many years preceding, and it so happened that in May, 1920, the so-called "outlaw" strike, which served so seriously to interfere with railroad operations the previous month, continued with greatly aggravated consequences. In these circumstances, it was no surprise to find that although gross earnings increased \$38,629,073 over the amount for May of the previous year, the augmentation in expenses reached no less than \$61,011,464, leaving a loss in net of \$22,372,391.

But, as already stated, the 1920 decrease in net was merely one of a series of losses in net that had been continuing through successive years. As indicating how expenses had been mounting up, it is only necessary to note that in May, 1919, though gross earnings increased as compared with 1918 in amount of \$35,132,305, the augmentation in expenses reached \$69,091,093, leaving a diminution in the net of \$33,958,788. Similarly, for May, 1918, our compilations registered \$31,733,655 increase in gross, \$14,459,024 decrease in net, owing to an increase of \$46,-232,679 in expenses. For the three years combined, therefore, the loss in net for this single month was \$70,790,203, in face of an increase in gross earnings of \$105,535,033. penses in the three years for this month increased \$176,-325,236. Even prior to 1918 rising expenses were a feature of the returns, though not, of course, to anywhere near the extent which subsequently developed. In the following we show the May comparisons for each year back to 1909. We give the results just as registered by our own tables each year:

Month	Gross E	arnings	Increase (M lleage			
Month	Year	Year			Year	Year	
May	Given	Preceding	Amount	Per Cent	Given	Preced'g	
1909	\$196,826,686	\$170,600,041	+\$26,226,645	+15.37	220,314	217,933	
1910	230,033,384	198,049,990	+31,983,395	+16.25	229,345	225,274	
1911	226,442 818	231,066,896	-4.624.078	-1.99	236,230	232,503	
1912	232,229,364	226,184,666	+6.044.698	+2.67	235,410	231.597	
1913	263,496,033	232,879,970	+30,616,063	+13.14	239,445	236,619	
1914	239,427,102	265,436,022	-26,007,920	-9.73	246,070	243,954	
1915	244.692,738	243,367,953	+1.324.785	+0.54	247,747	245,207	
1916	308,029,096	244.580.685	+63,448,411	+25.94	248,006	247,189	
1917	353,825,032	308,132,969	+45,692,063	+14.82	248,312	247.842	
1918	373,237,097	342,463,442	+31,773,655	+9.28	230,355	228,892	
1919	413,190,468	378,058,163	+35.132.305		233,931	234,339	
1920	387,330,487	348,701,414	+38,629,073	+11.08	213,206	211.040	
1921	444.028,885	457,243,216	-13,214,331	-2.89	235,333	234,916	
922	447,299,150	443,229,399	+4.069,751	+0.92	234,931	234,051	
1923	545,503,898	447,993,844	+97,510,054	+21.77	235,186	235,472	
1924	476,458,749	546,934,883	-70,476,133	-12.89	235,894	234,452	
1925	487,664,385	476,549,801	+11.114.584	+2.33	236,663	236,098	
1926	516.467.480	487.952.182	+28.515.298	+5.85	236,833	236,858	
1927	517.543.010	516,454,998	+1.088.016	+0.21	238,025	237,275	
1928	509,746,395	518,569,718	-8,823,323	-1.70	240,120	239.079	
1020	536,723,030	510,543,313	+26,179,817	+4.86	241,280	240.798	
1929	462,444,002	537,575,914	-75.131.912	-13.95	242,156	241.758	
1930	368,485,871	462,577,503	-94.091.632	-20.35	242,716	242.542	
1931	254.382.711	368,417,190	-114.034.479	-30.95	241,995	242,163	
1932			+ 3.584.364	+1.41	241,484	242,143	
1933	257,963,036	254,378,672	+26,769,505	+10.50	238,983	240,906	
1934	281,627,332	254,857,827					
935	279,153,707	281,642,980	-2,489,273	0.88	237,951	238,980	
936	320,487,420	279,133,293	+41,354,127	+14.82	237,012	238,159	
937	352,044,249	320,414,211	+31.630,038	+9.87	235,873	236,357	

Month	Net E	arnings	Inc. (+) or Dec. (-)			
Month of May	Year Given	Year Preceding	Amount	Per Cent		
1909	\$64,690,920	\$49,789,800	+\$14,901,120	+29.93		
1910	70,084,170	64,857,343	+5,226,827	+8.06		
911	69,173,574	70,868,645	-1,695,071	-2.39		
912	66,035,597	68,488,263	-2,452,666	-3.58		
913	73,672,313	66,499,916	+7.172.397	+10.79		
914	57,628,765	73,385,635	+15,756,870	+21.47		
915	71,958,563	57,339,166	+14.619.397	+25.50		
916	105,598,255	71,791,320	+33,806,935	+47.09		
917	109,307,435	105.782.717	+3.524.718	+3.33		
918	91,995,194	107.454.218	+14,459,024	+13.58		
919	58,293,249	92,252,037	-33,958,788	-36.81		
920	28,684,058	51,056,449	-22.372.391	-43.82		
921	64,882,813	20,043,003	+44,839,810	+ 223.72		
922	92,931,565	64.866.637	+28.064.928	+43.27		
923	126,173,540	93,599,825	+32,573,715	+34.79		
924	96,048,087	126,496,150	-30,448,063	-24.07		
925	112,859,524	96,054,494	+16,805,030	+17.49		
926	128,581,566	112,904,074	+15,677,492	+13.89		
927	126,757,878	127,821,385	-1,063,507	-0.83		
928	128,780,393	127,940,076	+840,317	+0.66		
929	146,798,792	129,044,791	+17.754.001	+12.09		
930	111,387,758	147,099,034	-35,711,276	-24.22		
931	81.038.584	111,359,322	-30,320,730	-27.23		
932	47,429,240	81,052,518	-33,623,278	-41.48		
933	74,844,410	47,416,270	+27.428.140	+57.85		
934	72,084,732	73,703,351	-1,618,619	-2.20		
935	70,416,370	72,083,220	-1,666,850	-2.31		
936	80,729,491	70,331,577	+10.397.914	+14.78		
937	85,335,430	80.737.173	+4.598.257	+5.69		

The Course of the Bond Market

Bond prices have eased off a little this week. High grades declined fractionally and second-grade rails lost some ground. The exceptions were found in the utility bonds, which continued to push ahead, and the United States Governments, which recorded fair-sized gains on

High-grade railroad bonds have been firm. Atchison gen. 4s, 1995, advanced 11/4 points to 111; Chicago Burlington & Quincy 4s, 1958, were up % at 111%; Union Pacific 4s, 1947, at 114 gained ¾. Lower-grade railroad bonds have been definitely weaker. Erie 5s, 1975, declined 2¾ to 73; Illinois Central 4\%s, 1966, at 67\% were down-2\%; New York New Haven & Hartford 6s, 1940, lost 4 at 60.

The demand for utility bonds has not been an active one, but all classes have maintained a generally firm tone. High-grade utilities moved within a very narrow range, but fluctuations among lower grades have been more pronounced. Brooklyn Union Gas 5s, 1950, closed at 94, off 1/2 for the week; Iowa-Nebraska Light & Power 5s, 1957, advanced 1 to 98; Virginia Public Service 6s, 1946, rose 4 to 91; International Tel. & Tel. 41/2s, 1952, at 711/4 were unchanged. New York tractions have been generally weak. Third Avenue Railway 4s, 1960, closed at 464, down 134; Interborough Rapid Transit 7s, 1932, lost ½ point at 64½.

Industrial bonds gave up part of last week's gains, but recessions have been limited to fractions for the most part. Rubber company issues declined, Goodyear Tire & Rubber 5s, 1957, closing ½ point lower at 105. Obligations of paper companies have been in favor, Champion Paper & Fibre 4\%s, 1950, advancing \% to 106\%. In the steel section, National Steel 4s, 1965, closed unchanged at 1051/2. The oils have been fairly steady, one of the most important changes being the 1/2-point rise to 106 of Socony-Vacuum 3½s, 1950. The non-ferrous metals have been quiet, while amusements drifted lower.

Interest in the foreign bond market has centered chiefly around Japanese bonds which, under renewed pressure of the Sino-Japanese conflict, suffered losses of 3 to 4 points. Polish issues have shown some firmness, but the balance of the list moved irregularly within narrow limits.

Moody's computed bond prices and bond yield averages are given in the following tables:

MOODY'S BOND YIELD AVERAGES (REVISED)

MOODY'S BOND PRICES (REVISED)

(Based on Average Yields)										мо				al Closing		EVISE	<i>)</i>		
1937	U. S. Govt. Bonds	All 120 Domes-	mes- by R		estic Corporate * Ratings			120 Domestic Corporate by Groups *		1937	1937 All 120 Domes-	120	120 Domestic Corporate by Ratings				120 Domestic Corporate by Groups		
Averages	Dunus	Corp.*	Aaa	Aa	A	Baa	RR.	P. U.	In dus.		ticCorp.	Aaa	Aa	A	Baa	RR.	P. U.	Indus.	For eigns-
July 16	108.90	101.58	113.89	110.24	100.53	85.24	94.97	101.58	108.85	July 16	3.91	3.27	3.45	3.97	4.95	4.30	3.91	3.52	5.20
15	108.90	101.58	113.89	110.63	100.53	85.10	94.97	101.58	109.05	15	3.91	3.27	3.43	3.97	4.96	4.30	3.91	3.51	
14	108.77	101.58 101.76	113.89	110.63	100.70	85.10 85.38	94.97 95.29	101.58 101.41	109.05 109.44	14	3.91	3.27 3.26	3.43	3.96	4.96	4.30	3.91	3.51	
12	$108.71 \\ 108.71$	101.76	114.30	110.63	100.70	85.38	95.13	101.23	109.44	12	3.90	3.25	3.44	3.97	4.94	4.29	3.93	3.49	
10	108.65	101.76	114.30		100.53	85.38	95.13	101.23	109.44	10	3.90	3.25	3.44	3.97	4.94	4.29	3.93	3.49	
9	108.59	101.58	113 89	110 24	100 53	85.24	95.13	101.06	109.24	9	3.91	3.27	3.45	3.97	4.95	4.29	3.94	3.50	5.15
8	108.60	101.58	113.89	110.24	100.53	85.24	95.13	101.06	109.24	8	3.91	3.27	3.45	3.97	4.95	4.29	3.94	3.50	***
7	108.54	101.58	113.89		100.53	85.10	95.13	100.88	109.24	7	3.91	3.27	3.44	3.97	4.96	4.29	3.95	3.50	
6	108.53	101.06	113.68	109.84	100.18	84.55	94.81	100.35	109.05	6	3.94	3.28	3.47	3.99	5.00	4.31	3.98	3.51	
5	Stock	Exchan	ge Clo	sed						5	Stock		ge Clos						
3	Stock 108.39		ge Clos 113.68	109.84	100.00	83.87	94.33	100.18	108.66	3	Stock	Exchan 3.28	ge Clos	4.00	5.05	4.34	3.99	3.53	5.17
1	108.40	100.38	113.48	109.84	99.83	83.46	94.01	100.10	108.66	1	3.95 3.96	3.29	3.47	4.01	5.08	4.36	4.00	3.53	1
Weekly-	100.40	100.10	110,40	100.04	00.00	00.10	04.01	100.00	100.00	Weekly-	0.00	0.20	0,17	4.01	0.00	4.00	4.00	0.00	***
June 25	108.36	100.70	113.48	109.64	99.83	93.87	94.33	99.83	108.66	June 25	3.96	3.29	3.48	4.01	5.05	4.34	4.01	3.53	5.12
18	108.44	T01.41	113.89	110.24	100.35	85.10	95.13	100.70	109.24	18	3.92	3.27	3.45	3.98	4.96	4.29	3.96	3.50	5.13
11	108.53	101.76	113.89	110.43	100.70	85.65	95,95	100.88	109.24	11	3.90	3.27	3.44	3.96	4.92	4.24	3.95	3.50	5,11
4	108.59	101 58	113 48	110 24	100.35	85.65	95.46	100.70	109.05	4	3.91	3.29	3.45	3.98	4.92	4.27	3.96	3.51	5.19
May 28	108.73	101.41	113.27	110.04	100.35	85.65	95.62	100.53	108.85	May 28	3.92	3.30	3.46	3.98	4,92	4.26	3.97	3.52	7.00
21	108.22 107.97	101.58 101.23	113.07 112.25	109.84 109.44	100.35 99.83	86.07 86.21	95.46 95.13	100.88 100.88	108.66 108.27	21	3.91	3.31 3.35	3.47	3.98 4.01	4.89	4.27	3.95	3.53	5.27
14	108.03	101.58	112.45	109.05	100.18	87.21	95.78	101.23	108.08	7	3.91	3.34	3.51	3.99	4.81	4.25	3.93	3.56	5.37
Apr. 30	107.59	100.70	111.43	108.27	99.48	86.50	94.97	100.70	106.92	Apr. 30	3.96	3.39	3.55	4.03	4.86	4.30	3.96	3.62	5.41
23	107.17	100.70	111.23	107.69	99.48	86.92	95.29	100.70	106.54	23	3.96	3.40	3.58	4.03	4.83	4.28	3.96	3.64	5.31
16	107.79	100.70	111.03	107.88	99.48	87.21	95.62	100.70	106.54	16	3.96	3.41	3.57	4.03	4.81	4.26	3.96	3.64	5.33
9	107.23	99.48	109.64	107.11	98.45	85.65	94.49	99.31	105.41	9	4.03	3.48	3.61	4.09	4.92	4.33	4.04	3.70	5.33
2	107.19	100.18	110.63	107.49	98.80	86.64	95.13	99.83	106.17	2	3.99	3.43	3.59	4.07	4.85	4.29	4.01	3.66	5.36
	108.40	101.23	111.84	108.27	99.48	87.93	96.11	100.70	107.30	Mar. 25	3.93	3.37	3.53	4.03	4.76	4.23	3.96	3.60	5.33
19	109.32 110.76	101.23 102.30	111.84 112.86	108.46 109.24	99.14 100.35	87.93 89.40	96.11 97.45	100.88 101.76	107.30 108.27	19	3.93 3.87	3.37	3.54	4.05 3.98	4.76	4.23	3.95	3.60	5.26
	111.82	103.74	114.09	110.43	101.76	90.75	98.45	103.38	109.44	5	3.79	3.26	4.55	3.90	4.57	4.09	3.81	3.49	5.30 5.24
	112.18	103.93	114.72	110.83	102.12	90.59	98.62	103.93	109.84	Feb. 26	3.78	3.23	3.42	3.88	4.58	4.08	3.78	4.47	5.13
	112.12	104.11	114.30	110.83	102.48	91.05	98.97	104.11	109.44	19	3.77	3.25	3.42	3.86	4.55	4.06	3.77	3.49	5.13
	112.20	104.48	114.93	111.03	102.84	91.51	99.66	104.30	110.04	11	3.75	3.22	3.41	3.84	4.52	4.02	3.76	3.46	5.18
	112.34	105.04	115.78	111.84	103.38	91.66	100.00	105.04	110.63	5	3.72	3.18	3.37	3.81	4.51	4.00	3.72	3.43	5.19
	112.21		116.64	112.25	103.56	91.51	100.00	105.04	111.43	Jan. 29	3.70	3.14	3.35	3.80	4.52	4.00	3.72	3.39	5.34
	112.39	106.17	117.72	113.27	104.30	92,38 92,28	101.23 101.23	105.79 106.17	112.05 112.25	22	3.66	3.09	3.30	3.76	4.47	3.93	3.68	3.36	5.39
	112.53 112.71	106.36 106.36	118.16 117.94	113.48 113.89	104.48	91.97	101.23	106.17	112.25	15	3.65	3.07	3.29	3.75	4.47	3.93	3.66	3.35	5.43
High 1937		106.54	118.16	113.89	104.67	92.43	101.41	106.17	112.45	Low 1937	3.64	3.07	3.27	3.74	4.46	3.92	3.66	3.34	5.11
Low 1937	107.01		109.64	107.11	98 28	82 66	93.06	99.31	105.41	High 1937	4.03	3.48	3.61	4.10	5.14	4.42	4.04	3.70	5.43
1 Yr. Ago										1 Yr. Ago									
July 16'36	109.81	101.76	115.14	109.64	99.14	86.78	94.81	102.48	108.85	July 16'36	3.90	3.21	3.48	4.05	4.84	4.31	3.86	3.52	5.77
2 Yrs. Ago	100.07	#02 F2	100 05	100 10	00 40	7E 04	04.00	05 70	100 00	2 Yrs. Ago	4 20	9 55	9.00	4.45	F 00	4.07	4.05	205	* 0*
July 16'35	109.07	13.53	108.27	102.12	92.59	75.94	84.96	95.78	100.88	July 16'35	4.39	3.55	3.88	4.45	5.68	4.97	4.25	3.95	5.95

* These prices are computed from average yields on the basis of one "typical" bond (4% coupon, maturing in 30 years) and do not purport to show either the average evel or the average movement of actual price quotations. They merely serve to illustrate in a more comprehensive way the relative levels and the relative movement of yield averages, the latter being the truer picture of the bond market.

BOOK REVIEWS

The Theory of Forward Exchange. By Paul Einzig. 520 Pages. New York: The Macmillan Co. \$7.50

Until this book appeared, the best known discussion of forward exchange—defined by Mr. Einzig as foreign exchange "bought or sold for future delivery (hence the American name 'futures') against payment on delivery"—was found in Keynes's "Tract on Monetary Reform," published in 1923. Mr. Einzig freely acknowledges his indebtedness to Keynes, whose views he frequently refers to and occasionally criticizes, but his own exhaustive research, far and away the most thorough and comprehensive that has so far been attempted, has enabled him to present the subject in a way that sweeps the field of history, theory and practice. For any one who wishes or needs to understand the difficult subject in all its details, as well as to follow a critical examination of what other students have said about it, this is the book.

A summary of the contents of the 47 chapters will suffice to indicate the broad scope of the work. The first three chapters point out some of the difficulties inquiry has to overcome, due to lack of assured information about some of its aspects, and set down a useful list of definitions of terms employed. These are followed by an account of the origin of forward exchange, early dealings and their significance, and the development of the forward exchange market since the World War. A further series of chapters deals with the nature of the forward exchange market and its operations, including the relation of forward exchange to trade and foreign investment, and the questions

of covered and uncovered foreign balances, arbitrage and speculation. Under the general head of the theory of forward exchange the author examines such questions as interest parities, the theories of reciprocity and purchasing power parity, the trade balance, international lending, the relation between spot and forward rates and between long and short rates, and forward exchange under the gold standard and paper currencies. Still another group of chapters interprets forward exchange rates in the cases, respectively, of sterling, the dollar, franc, mark, lira, belga and one or two other currencies. The policies of the various central banks are reviewed, intervention for defense or for commercial purposes is considered, and forward rate and bank rate policies are compared. Appendices give, in addition to a bibliography, elaborate statistics of forward rates from 1921 to 1936, and charts exhibit the forward rates for the dollar, the franc and the reichsmark and their interest parities.

Mr. Einzig disclaims any intention of making his book propaganda for his personal views regarding either the theory or the practice of forward exchange, and on controverted questions he is content to present the various sides without enforcing an opinion. He does, however, in closing, allow himself to ask whether the forward exchange system is likely to disappear. Since the system is part and parcel of the foreign exchange system as a whole. is largely, though not exclusively, determined by the future of the foreign exchange market." It is Mr. Einzig's conviction that the international transfer of funds will eventually be conducted through an international exchange clearing system, which he regards as more rational than the

present practice, but he nevertheless sees no reason why the present system should not survive for many years. He does not look for early stabilization of the exchanges, nor for a return to the gold standard in the near future. On the other hand, there is likely, he thinks, to be more active official intervention in forward exchange, due in part, apparently, to improvement in the technique of central banks and exchange equalization accounts. Even if the free foreign exchange market were abolished, forward exchange facilities would probably continue in one form or another, for "unless and until the economic and social system is changed completely, and foreign trade ceases to involve private profit and risk, there will always be a tendency on the part of some people to safeguard themselves against risk, and there will always be people willing to assume that risk in the hope of a profit."

The Fixed Investment Trust. By Marshall D. Ketchum. 85 Pages. Chicago: The University of Chicago Press. \$1

This valuable monograph combines a history of the investment trust as a financial form and a discussion of its theory, structure and methods. The successive chapters deal with the characteristics of the investment company in general, the history of the contractual type investment company and the theory of that type, the structure and operating methods of such companies, and the history and status of investment companies of the contractual type in England.

Commenting upon the "confusing trends" since 1933, the author notes that "the investment company as a whole has remained quiescent. The fixed type has saved itself from extinction by changing its portfolio policy to one of semifixity, or restricted management. The use of shares of the fixed company as the investment medium for a new type of company, the systematic investment trust, has also helped it to carry on. Still another type, the mutual fund, which during the depression also benefited from the unpopularity of the management type, has been coming to the fore. As the recovery phase of the cycle progresses the management type, showing some evidences of vitality, slowly regains some of its prestige. The most recent trend in the field has been the expansion of the fixed company and its adaptations in England, where 58 companies are at present in existence." The book is in large part a study of the causes and progress of "these shifts in popularity from one type to another."

The Compensation of Executive Officers of Retail Companies, 1928-1935. By John Calhoun Baker. 34 Pages. Boston: Harvard Graduate School of Business Administration. \$1

This bulletin presents data, derived mainly from reports of the Federal Trade Commission and Securities and Exchange Commission, regarding the compensation of business executives and the methods of payment of 38 retail companies for each year from 1928 to 1935. The 38 companies are chosen from a variety of fields and in each case are well known. The annual payments shown vary widely among the different companies, but in general the compensation paid by chain stores is found to be lower than that paid by department stores, the larger firms in each group paying larger amounts, naturally, than smaller ones. On the other hand, the compensation paid by department store companies is found to exceed in general that paid by industrial firms, the highest paid officer in the larger industrial companies being excepted. In relation to sales the outlay for executive compensation appears unimportant, only 1% of the customer's dollar going for such compensation in department stores during the period dealt with, and only 0.3% in chain stores. The report suggests that this difference "may reflect differences in sales per firm, in the degree to which routine or mass procedures can be employed, in the character of executive judgment required, and in the amount of risk incurred."

The inquiry extends also to compensation under incentive plans, of which there are 15 examples among the chains and eight among the department stores in the list used. The author finds that bonus payments accounted for a larger proportion of total compensation in chain stores than in department stores, but with total compensation under bonus plans fluctuating with sales and earnings more widely than in companies having no such plans. During the depression years, moreover, bonus payments were cut severely, and salaries also declined. Dividend payments during the seven years were, for chains, nearly six times the total of executive compensation, and nearly three times as much in the department store group. Although department store executives "ordinarily owned about twice as much voting stock in their companies as did chain store executives," "no apparent relationship" was found "between the proportion of stock owned and the percentage of earnings paid to executives, nor was there evidence that large earnings necessarily accompanied extensive stock ownership by management."

Indications of Business Activity

THE STATE OF TRADE—COMMERCIAL EPITOME

Friday Night, July 16, 1937.

Business activity dropped sharply last weel to 92.1, as against 99.4 for the previous week and 89.3 for the corresponding week of last year, according to the "Journal of Commerce." This was attributed largely to the sharp curtailment of business activity over the Independence Day holiday. It was stated that all components of the weekly business index declined with the exception of petroleum runs to stills. Also, the drop in automotive activity was surprisingly small. The average operating rate of the steel industry is currently at 83% of capacity and will reach 85% or higher by the end of the week, according to the "Iron Age." It is reported that the only reversal of the downward trend in new buying of steel has come to a moderate extent from the automotive industry. General Motors has placed orders for fair-sized lots of sheets for 1938 models. Ford is reported as inquiring for sheets for 250,000 cars. A general buying movement by the automotive industry is expected within the next few weeks for new models. Electric power output shows an increase of 7.2% over a year ago, but a loss of 3.1% from the preceding week. Production of electricity in the United States for the week ended July 10 in actual figures was 2,096,-266,000 kilowatt hours. The American Telephone & Telegraph Co. showed net earnings of \$190,538,672 for the 12 months ended June 30, equal to \$10.20 a capital share, and compares with net of \$138,298,643, or \$7.41 a capital share the previous year. The Class I railroads during June had estimated operating revenues of \$280,287,565 compared with \$268,433,167 for June, 1936, or an increase of 4.4%. Some careful observers assert that if steel operations continue for the next few weeks at the high rent period, no further recession in the adjusted business index would appear probable. It is further stated that if auto production holds another week or so at last week's rate, adjusted indices for July might even advance. summer trend depends almost entirely on the course of these two lines, since most other industries are experiencing recessions of only normal seasonal proportions. The prospect of normal outturns for most important crops, indicated by

the government's July crop report, promises an important stimulus to business activity in the coming months. Retail volume was somewhat curtailed by rain and excessive heat the past week, though gains of 10% to 20% were registered over last year, the increase being due partly to seasonal promotional events, according to Dun & Bradstreet's trade Car loadings of revenue freight in the holidayshortened five-day week ended July 10 totaled 682,205 cars. The report pointed out that the decrease of 123,963 cars from the previous week and 42,072 cars below the 1936 comparative was an unfair comparison, as both these periods were full six-day weeks. The dollar volume of orders booked in the first six months of 1937 by the Baldwin Locomotive Works and subsidiary companies expanded to \$19,638,082 from \$16,865,613 in the corresponding period the year before. June orders were \$2,585,080 against \$1,978,126 in May and \$3,229,571 in June, 1936. In the central and northern portions of the country the week was characterized by abnormally warm weather, moderate temperatures in the South, and relatively cool weather over a large Southwestern area, according to the Government Weather Bureau report. While a decided heat wave prevailed in much of the country, temperatures in general were not nearly so high as at this time last year, the report states. For the week ended July 14, 1936, the maxima ranged generally from 100 to 110 degrees from New York and the Middle Atlantic States westward over all of the central valleys, the Great Lakes, and the central and northern Great Plains, with the weekly averages ranging from 6 degrees to more than 20 degrees above normal throughout the area. Showers of the week were decidedly helpful in most of the Southern States, while good, substantial rains occurred in much of the Rocky Mountain area, the latter being especially beneficial in much of Arizona, New Mexico, western Colorado, Utah and Wyoming. In Wyoming the moisture situation is reported as the best in years. was favorable for farm work, and the winter wheat is now mostly completed, except in some northern sections. In the New York City area the weather generally has been much more comfortable than the previous week, much cooler temperatures prevailing, though with considerable rain. Today it was fair and warm here, with temperatures ranging from 70 to 89 degrees. The forecast was for partly cloudy, probably local thundershowers to-night and Saturday. Cooler Saturday afternoon and night.

Overnight at Boston it was 64 to 76; Baltimore, 74 to 90; Pittsburgh, 70 to 90; Portland, Me., 62 to 70; Chicago, 70 to 88; Cincinnati, 76 to 90; Cleveland, Me., 62 to 70; Chicago, 70 to 88; Cincinnati, 76 to 90; Cleveland, 70 to 88; Detroit, 74 to 90; Charleston, 74 to 90; Milwaukee, 72 to 88; Savannah, 74 to 92; Dallas, 74 to 92; Kansas Citv 64 to 98; Springfield, Mo., 70 to 92; Oklahoma City, 76 to 96; Salt Lake City, 60 to 88; Seattle, 56 to 74; Montreal, 66 to 74, and Winnipeg, 58 to 70.

Steel Strike Dominating Business at End of First Half of 1937—Col. Leonard P. Ayres of Cleveland Trust Co. Finds Production and Trade Activity Moving Ahead Despite Disconcerting Events

The fact that "the first half of 1937 comes to a close with the steel strikes dominating the business news in this country, and with the French monetary difficulties overshadowing even the developments of the Spanish war in the foreign news from abroad," is noted by Colonel Leonard Ayres, Vice-President of the Cleveland Trust Co. of Cleveland, Ohio, in the company's "Business Bulletin" issued July 15. Colonel Ayres makes the observation that "the most noteworthy feature of American business conditions has been the ability of industrial production and trade activity to move steadily ahead with almost full disregard for the continuing flow of items of bad news." "The volume of industrial production," he notes, "remained unchanged at 118% of the 1923-25 level during March, April, The June output will probably prove to be and May. about 116." Colonel Ayres further comments as follows:

The gradual slowing down of business which has come as the inevitable result of the widespread labor difficulties, and of the increased costs of construction, has become apparent in only small degree as yet in the indexes of production and trade, but the adverse influences have shown their effects in the security markets. Stock prices have drifted to lower levels on progressively smaller volumes of trading since early in March, and bond prices have declined during most of the past six months.

The business of organizing workers into new forms of labor unions has

suffered a setback as definite as that which has been under way in the stock market since last March. Until a few weeks ago there was a real bull movement under way for the C. I. O. Its power grew with its own momentum much as happens in speculative markets for securities, or commodities, or real estate, and many observers came to believe that it was a one-way movement. Now it has suffered a recession, and both its followers and its opponents are wondering whether or not it may have reached and passed its peak.

The developments in the monetary affairs of France are also in some measure like those with which we are familiar in the long-term move-ments of the security markets. During most of the time since the war French public finance has been in a bear market. There was a strong recovery when Poincare imposed his drastic reforms in 1926. There was a weak one following the departure from gold last autumn. Now a new There was devaluation promises another rally. A real reversal awaits a balanced

Moody's Commodity Index Advances Moderately

Moody's Index of Staple Commodity Prices advanced moderately this week, closing at 209.5 on Friday, as compared with 208.7 a week ago.

The principal changes were the rise in wheat and steel scrap, and the declines in cotton and hogs. There were also moderate advances in cocoa, hides and wool, and moderate declines in silk, rubber, corn and sugar. Prices of silver,

copper, lead and coffee remained unchanged.

The movement of the index during the week, with com-

parisons, is as follows:

Fri.	July 9208.7	12 weeks ago, July 2207.1
	July 10 *	Month ago, June 16198.3
Mon.	July 12207.0	Year ago, July 16177.2
Tues.	July 13208.1	1936 High—Dec. 28208.7
	July 14208.4	
Thurs.	July 15208.2	1937 High—April 5228.1
Fri.	July 16209.5	Low June 14198.2
# NT	index	

"Annalist" Weekly Index of Wholesale Commodity Prices Unchanged During Week Ended July 13

The "Annalist" announced July 15 that price changes were moderate for the most part during the past week, and largely offset each other, the "Annalist's" price index being unchanged at 95.3% of the 1926 average.

The "Annalist" announcement continued:

Wheat and corn were lower, along with barley, hogs, lambs, eggs, silk and rubber, while steers and cows, beef lard, cotton, hides and zinc made advances.

THE "ANNALIST" WEEKLY INDEX OF WHOLESALE COMMODITY PRICES (1926 = 100)

	July 13, 1937	July 6, 1937	July 14, 1936
Farm products	105.2	105.7	83.8
Food products	85.5	85.1	79.3
Textile products	*79.8	x79.8	70.5
Fuels	*90.1	x90.7	91.0
Metals	108.9	108.8	88.7
Building materials	70.5	70.5	66.2
Chemicals	89.8	88.1	85.8
Miscellaneous	79.1	79.4	68.1
All commodities	95.3	95.3	82.7

* Preliminary. x Revised.

Revenue Freight Car Loadings Drop 123,963 Cars in Week Ended July 10

Loadings of revenue freight for the week ended July 10, 1937 totaled 682,205 cars. This is a decrease of 123,963 cars

or 15.4% from the preceding week; a drop of 42,072 cars, or 5.8%, from the total for the like week of 1936, but an increase of 116,703 cars, or 20.6%, over the total loadings for the corresponding week of 1935. For the week ended July 3, 1937, loadings were 24.1% above those for the like week of 1936 and 71.1% over those for the corresponding week of 1935. Loadings for the week ended June 26, 1937, showed a gain of 8.4% when compared with 1936 and a rise of 25.4% when comparison is made with the same week of

The first 18 major railroads to report for the week ended July 10, 1937, loaded a total of 313,367 cars of revenue freight on their own lines, compared with 371,821 cars in the preceding week and 338,033 cars in the seven days ended July 11, 1936. A comparative table follows:

REVENUE FREIGHT LOADED AND RECEIVED FROM CONNECTIONS (Number of Cars)

	Loaded on Oun Lines Weeks Ended—			Received from Connections Weeks Ended—			
	July 10 1937	July 3 1937	July 11 1936	July 10 1937	July 3 1937	July 11 1936	
Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe Ry.							
Baltimore & Ohio RR Chesapeake & Ohio Ry							
Chicago Burlington & Quincy RR							
Chicago Milw. St. Paul & Pac. Ry		21,503		7,739	8,486		
Chicago & North Western Ry					10,672		
Gulf Coast Lines	1,998					1,054	
International Great Northern RR							
Missouri-Kansas-Texas RR	4,887						
Missouri Pacific RR	16,682						
New York Central Lines					42,642		
New York Chicago & St. Louis Ry							
Norfolk & Western Ry	19,727						
Pennsylvania RR							
Pere Marquette Ry	4,932						
Pittsburgh & Lake Erie RR	6,218						
Southern Pacific Lines						x6,894	
Wabash Ry	4,698	5,226	6,750	7,907	8,596	7,854	
Total	313,367	371.821	338.033	183.543	218.344	182 551	

x Excludes cars interchanged between S, P .Co.-Pacific Lines and Texas & ew Orleans RR, Co

TOTAL LOADINGS AND RECEIPTS FROM CONNECTIONS (Number of Cars)

	Weeks Ended-						
	July 10, 1937	July 3, 1937	July 11, 1936				
Chicago Rock Island & Pacific Ry- Illinois Central System	28,549 27,435 13,526	31,523 31,150 16,319	26,558 29,542 11,423				
Total	69,510	78,992	67,523				

The Association of American Railroads in reviewing the week ended July 3, reports as follows:

Loading of revenue freight for the week ended July 3, totaled 806,168 cars. This was an increase of 156,465 cars or 24.1% above the corresponding week in 1936 and 335,042 cars or 71.1% above the corresponding week The corresponding weeks in the two previous years, however, included Fourth of July Holiday.

Loading of revenue freight for the week of July 3 was an increase of 32,435

cars or 4 2% above the preceding week.

Miscellaneous freight loaded totaled 325,232 cars, an increase of 9,223 cars above the preceding week, 60,643 cars above the corresponding week in 1936, and 127,512 cars above the corresponding week in 1935.

Loading of merchandise less than carload lot freight totaled 169.147 cars, an increase of 2,571 cars above the preceding week, 27,095 cars above the corresponding week in 1936 and 35,572 cars above the same week in 1935.

Coal loading amounted to 117,453 cars, an increase of 3,964 cars above the preceding week, 11,984 cars above the corresponding week in 1936 and

67,292 cars above the same week in 1935.

Grain and grain products loading totaled 51,878 cars, an increase of 10,495 cars above the preceding week, 9,922 cars above the corresponding week in 1936 and 28,000 cars above the same week in 1935. In the Western Districts alone, grain and grain products loading for the week ended July 3 totaled 41,677 cars an increase of 9,801 cars above the preceding week,

and an increase of 11,531 cars above the corresponding week in 1936.

Live stock loading amounted to 11,442 cars, a decrease of 999 cars below the preceding week, but an increase of 46 cars above the same week in 1936 and 2,827 cars above the same week in 1935. In the Western Districts alone, loading of live stock for the week ended July 3 totaled 8,480 cars, a decrease of 696 cars below the preceding week, but an increase of 31 cars above the corresponding week in 1936.

Forest products loading totaled 41,723 cars, an increase of 1,970 cars above the preceding week, 10,813 cars above the same week in 1936, and 19,771 cars above the same week in 1935.

Ore loading amounted to 78,790 cars, an increase of 4,453 cars above the preceding week, 33,453 cars above the corresponding week in 1936, and 48,103 cars above the corresponding week in 1935.

Coke loading amounted to 10,503 cars, an increase of 758 cars above the preceding week, 2,509 cars above the same week in 1936 and 5,965 cars above the same week in 1935.

All districts reported increases in the number of cars loaded with revenue freight, compared with the corresponding weeks in 1936 and 1935.

Loading of revenue freight in 1937 compared with the two previous

	1937	1936	1935
Five weeks in January Four weeks in February	3,316,886 2,778,255	2,974,553 2,512,137	2,766,107
Four weeks in March	3,003,498	2,415,147	2,330,492 2,408,319
Four weeks in April	2,955,241 3,897,704	2,543,651 3,351,564	2,302,101 2,887,975
Four weeks in June	2,976,522	2,786,742	2,465,735
Week of July 3.	806,168	649,703	471,126
Total	10 724 974	17 099 407	15 621 055

In the following we undertake to show also the loadings for separate roads and systems for the week ended July 3. During this period a total of 116 roads showed increases when compared with the same week last year:

REVENUE FREIGHT LOADED AND RECEIVED FROM CONNECTIONS (NUMBER OF CARS)—WEEK ENDED JULY 3

Rastroads		Total Reven Preight Load			ds Received nnections	Railroads		Total Reven Treight Load			is Received nnections
	1937	1 1936	1935	1937	1936		1937	1936	1935	1937	1936
Eastern District Ann Arbor Bangor & Aroostook Boston & Maine Chicago Indianapolis & Louisv Central Indiana Central Vermont Delaware & Hudson	1,159 8,776 1,620 18 1,202 5,012	389 671 6,938 1,513 13 996 4,753	490 1,038 6,337 1,103 12 867 3,860	1,278 306 10,548 2,303 113 2,181 7,734	1,257 270 9,607 2,382 48 2,128 6,931	Southern District—(Concl.) Norfolk Southern Pledmont Northern Richmond Fred. & Potomac Seaboard Air Line Southern System Tennessee Central Winston-Salem Southbound		1,864 422 342 6,963 19,000 389 163	1,156 267 323 5,611 14,764 223 106	1,038 941 4,114 3,925 14,813 641 756	1,076 817 4,104 3,437 14,340 600 778
Delaware Lackawanna & West_ Detroit & Mackinac	469	8,465 392	6,455	6,741	6,870	Total	100,965	90,121	67,538	65,297	62,004
Detroit Toledo & Ironton. Detroit & Toledo Shore Line. Erie. Grand Trunk Western. Lehigh & Hudson River. Lehigh & New England. Lehigh & New England. Lehigh Valley. Maine Central. Monongahela. Montour. New York Central Lines. N. Y. N. H., & Hartford. New York Ontario & Western. N. Y. Chicago & St. Louis. Pittsburgh & Lake Erie. Pere Marquette. Pittsburgh & Shawmut Pittsburgh Shawmut & North. Pittsburgh Shawmut & North. Pittsburgh & West Virginia. Rutland. Wabash. Wheeling & Lake Erie.	9,576 3,071 4,188 2,459 45,446 11,032 1,143 5,420 7,673 6,353 324 379 1,062 707 5,226 4,816	2,286 352 11,018 4,945 189 1,407 8,721 2,527 3,129 1,982 37,785 9,356 1,654 4,543 6,728 6,728 5,219	1,578 253 11,335 3,726 1,330 5,575 2,381 775 667 27,855 7,957 1,629 3,705 3,547 3,744 54 177 256 529 4,010 2,964	1,256 3,045 15,282 7,763 2,102 1,232 8,525 2,208 296 49 42,642 13,116 1,817 10,248 7,056 28 331 1,912 1,085 8,596 3,263	1,262 2,613 14,767 7,306 1,908 1,136 7,290 1,765 254 40,086 12,673 1,994 9,301 5,872 5,260 32 227 1,825 1,097 8,807 3,418	Northwestern District— Beit Ry, of Chicago. Chicago & North Western Chicago Great Western Chicago Milw, St. P. & Pacific. Chicago Milw, St. P. & Pacific. Chicago St. P. Minn. & Omaha Duluth Missabe & Northern Duluth South Shore & Atlantic. Eigin Joliet & Eastern Ft. Dodge Des Moines & South. Great Northern Green Bay & Western Lake Superior & Ishpeming Minn. St. Paul & S. S. M Northern Pacific Spokane International Spokane Portland & Seattle	803 20,465 2,512 21,011 4,020 26,571 1,466 9,380 444 25,916 607 2,861 1,616 7,211 11,066 249 1,563	755 18,108 2,286 18,164 3,315 12,377 1,112 7,012 401 16,960 599 2,624 1,684 5,310 8,405 317 1,578	667 13,913 1,675 13,318 2,694 8,525 917 3,776 268 13,663 454 1,470 1,184 4,226 5,796 5,796 1,173	2,022 10,672 2,792 8,486 3,415 311 509 6,963 241 3,042 631 89 1,736 2,736 4,060 327 1,467	2,258 9,802 3,017 7,401 3,369 222 359 5,248 123 2,551 562 93 1,737 2,056 2,957 300 1,202
Total	162,686	137,427	104,515	168,927	158,552	Total	137,761	101,007	73,942	49,499	43,297
Aliegheny District— Akron Canton & Youngstown Baltimore & Ohio Bessemer & Lake Erie Buffalo Creek & Gauley* Cambria & Indiana Central RR, of New Jersey Cornwall Cumberland & Pennsylvania Ligonier Valley Long Island Penn-Reading Seashore Lines Pennsylvania System Reading Co. Union (Pittsburgh) West Virginia Northern Western Maryland	605 258 142 733 1,189 74,244 15,665 17,027 28 3,778	481 27,138 5,259 1,086 5,491 292 89 619 933 60,326 13,092 11,660 2,623	334 17,525 3,341 127 121 4,348 85 6 784 714 43,782 9,373 4,954 13 1,627	705 17,987 3,047 6 22 12,113 30 49 2,426 1,499 48,384 17,475 7,767 6,465	634 15,863 2,689 9 15 10,772 29 40 3,214 1,070 42,460 15,260 4,991 5,425	Central Western District— Atch. Top. & Santa Fe System. Alton. Bingham & Garfield. Chicago Burlington & Quincy. Chicago & Illinois Midland Chicago Rock Island & Pacific. Chicago & Eastern Illinois Colorado & Southern. Denver & Rio Grande Western. Denver & Salt Lake Fort Worth & Denver City Illinois Terminal. Nevada Northern. North Western Pacific. Peorla & Pekin Union Southern Pacific (Pacific) Toledo Peorla i Western*. Union Pacific System	34,120 3,367 594 14,831 1,759 16,448 2,565 2,624 2,763 1,982 1,832 1,832 1,832 1,48 26,946 199 15,132	24,861 2,997 269 13,591 1,317 12,220 2,493 3,75 1,123 1,594 841 282 219,555 12,227	17,084 2,066 1,93 10,409 9,751 1,563 642 1,579 187 966 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562 1,562	6,509 2,678 132 7,901 10,486 2,562 1,698 2,850 1,441 1,681 1,111 395 32 6,701 1,255 8,370	4,904 2,623 49 6,634 1,097 8,990 2,365 1,285 2,685 840 1,394 297 66 5,119 1,309 8,140
				1		Utah Western Pacific	296 1,504	100	123 1,119	2,024	1,489
Pocahontas District— Chesapeake & Ohlo Norfolk & Western Norfolk & Portsmouth Belt Line Virginian	21,786 23,549 1,200 4,346	20,826 19,738 955 3,005	10,742 10,362 767 2,151	12,297 5,810 1,491 1,196	10,614 4,591 1,158 793	TotalSouthwestern District—	129,264	98,340	72,529	57,647	49,365
Total	50,881	44,524	24,022	20,794	17,156	Alton & Southern Burlington-Rock Island	227 159	193 121	196 106	5,377 303	$\frac{4,450}{232}$
Southern District— Atlabama Tennessee & Northern Atl. & W. P.—W. RR. of Ala Atlanta Birmingham & Coast Atlanta Birmingham & Coast Atlanta Googla Charleston & Western Carolina Clinchfield	289 795 771 8,697 4,214 535 1,432 255 157 467 37 954 592 1,787 192 1,787 192 2,091 2,738	227 677 814 8,118 4,221 486 1,061 246 166 348 35 817 418 1,422 18,328 19,108 126 173 1,727 2,460	118 639 875 6,041 3,279 534 830 183 117 376 32 622 325 1,229 13,547 12,508 144 115 1,384 2,190	217 1,203 7,14 4,348 3,219 1,060 1,967 385 237 480 87 1,671 580 984 11,366 5,325 438 357 1,853 2,578	153 1,098 592 4,274 3,122 927 1,656 258 278 467 88 1,645 470 1,047 10,853 4,999 290 309 1,758 2,568	Fort Smith & Western Guif Coast Lines International-Great Northern Kansas Okiahoma & Guif. Kansas Okiahoma & Guif. Kansas City Southern Louisiana & Arkansas. Lichifeld & Madison Midland Valley Missouri & Arkansas. Missouri & Arkansas. Missouri Pacific. Natchez & Southern Quanah Aeme & Pacific. St. Louis-San Francisco.	104 2,413 2,174 202 2,146 1,650 164 216 5,509 18,937 440 9,748 2,426 7,288 4,751 2,732 294 30	87 1,586 1,708 269 1,894 1,350 126 293 571 121 3,942 14,590 7,461 1,976 4,984 4,984 2,745 262 62	77 2,106 1,970 199 1,395 1,198 59 170 524 3,629 10,505 3,4 95 6,464 1,708 4,634 3,550 2,341 212 40 41,294	266 1,405 1,932 888 2,112 1,253 521 171 283 3,386 9,324 10 170 4,872 2,865 3,120 4,863 19,832 84 90 63,808	200 1,004 1,327 1,021 1,939 1,014 359 936 276 248 2,619 7,571 10 72 3,953 2,103 2,639 19,746 64 49

Note-Previous year's figures revised. * Previous figures.

Wholesale Commodity Prices Further Advanced During Week Ended July 10 According to National Fertilizer Association

Continuing the upward trend of the two previous weeks, wholesale commodity prices advanced during the week ended July 10 reaching a point near the highest level recorded this year, according to the index compiled by the National Fertilizer Association. Last week the index stood at 88.6%, (based on the 1926-28 average of 100%) as compared with 88.3% in the preceding week, and with 88.7%, the highest point for the year and the recovery period. A month ago the index registered 86.9% and a year ago 78.7%. The Association's announcement, under date of July 12, continued:

Rising prices for farm products were primarily responsible for the continued upturn in the index. Higher quotations for cotton, grains and livestock raised the index of farm product prices to the highest point reached since recovery began in 1933. Slight advances were also registered during the week by the indexes representing the prices of textiles and metals. A reversal of the downward trend in steel scrap prices was partially responsible for the upturn in the metal price index. Foodstuff price trends were mixed during the week; although the number of commodities included in the group which advanced exceeded the number of declines, rather sharp recessions in certain heavily weighted items resulted in the index remaining unchanged for the week. Lower quotations for lumber and lime caused a moderate drop in the building material index; this index has now lost most of the rise which occurred from the first of the year through the early part of May.

Twenty-eight price series included in the index advanced during the week and 18 declined; in the preceding week there were 37 advances and 18 declines; in the second preceding week there were 32 advances and 29 declines.

WEEKLY WHOLESALE COMMODITY PRICE INDEX Compiled by The National Fertilizer Association. 1926-1928—100

Per Cent Each Group Bears to the Total Index	Group	Latest Week July 10, 1937	Preced's Week July 3, 1937	Month Ago June 12, 1937	Year Ago July 11 1936
25.3	Foods	85.9	85.9	83.8	80.5
	Fats and oils	77.8 90.3	76.2 86.8	79.3 91.7	74.5 95.0
23.0	Farm products		88.2	85.0	75.4
	Cotton	70.7	69.8	69.1	73.4
	Grains.	110.2	107.1	104.9	85.8
17.0	Livestock	89.4	87.1	82.4	72.3
17.3	Fuels	86.1	86.1	85.3	79.5
10.8	Miscellaneous commodities	87.3	87.3	87.7	77.1
8.2	Textiles	78.7	78.5	78.8	70.0
7.1	Metals	105.4	105.3	105.1	84.1
6.1	Building materials	87.7	89.8	90.6	82.7
1.3	Chemicals and drugs	94.6	94.6	93.7	94.4
.3	Fertilizer materials	71.7	r72.0	r70.4	64 9
.3	Fertilizers	77.3	77.3	77.3	71.1
.3	Farm machinery	96.1	96.1	95.6	92.6
100.0	All groups combined	88.6	88.3	86.9	78.7

r Revised.

Retail Prices Increased 0.4 of 1% During June, According to Fairchild Publications Index—Twelfth Consecutive Monthly Rise

Retail prices have continued the uninterrupted advance which began a year ago at this time, according to the Fairchild Publications Retail Price Index. Quotations on July 1, gained 0.4 of 1% as compared with June 1, reaching the highest levels since March 1, 1931. Prices have gained 9.2% above last year's low, as well as 9.2% above July 1 a year

ago. There has also been an increase of 4.7% since the beginning of the year. Quotations, however, still continue about 18% below the 1929 level, and also 4% below the January, 1931, level. An annonucement issued July 13 by Fairchild Publications, New York, also had the following to say:

Every major classification continued to advance during the month, with the greatest gain in women's wear and home furnishings. As compared with a year ago as well as with the 1936 low, home furnishings and piece goods showed the greatest advances. These two items also showed the greatest gains since the beginning of the year. As compared with the May, 1933, low, the advances have been very marked.

A study of the individual commodities included in the Index shows that with the exception of musical instruments, no one item recorded a decline during the month. Every other item either showed a gain or remained unchanged. Items showing the greatest increases during the month included furs, blankets, floor coverings, men's clothing, men's shoes and infants' shoes. As compared with the beginning of the year, the greatest gains have been recorded for furs, blankets, floor coverings, men's clothing, china and glassware, as well as luggage.

With the recent halt in wholesale price advances, and with the retail tendency towards avoiding marking up quotations at peak replacement values, the outlook is for retail prices to show only nominal changes for the next 60 days and no changes later in the year, according to A. W. Zelomek, Economist, under whose supervision the Index is compiled. He points out that the momentum of the rise has subsided, and unless a sustained rise in wholesale prices occurs, retail prices will show only nominal changes during the next six months.

THE FAIRCHILD PUBLICATIONS RETAIL PRICE INDEX JANUARY, 1931=100

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	May 1, 1933	July 1, 1936	Apr. 1, 1937	May 1, 1937	June 1, 1937	July 1, 1937
Composite index	69.4	87.9	94.5	95.2	95.6	96.0
Piece goods	65.1	84.9	88.2	88.6	88.9	89.2
Men's apparel	70.7	87.4	89.4	89.9	90.1	90.4
Women's apparel	71.8	90 2	93.0	93.4	93.6	94.1
Infants' wear	76.4	92 6	95.3	95.7	95.8	96.0
Home furnishings	70.2	89 2	94.7	95.3	96.3	96.8
Piece goods:	.0.2	00 2	04.0	00.0	00.0	00.0
Siiks	57.4	64.2	64.9	65.0	65.1	65.3
Woolens	69.2	82.9	85.9	86.4	86.6	86.8
Cotton wash goods	68.6	107.7	113.8	114.5	115.0	115.5
Domestics:	0				110.0	110.0
Sheets	65.0	99.4	106.2	107.3	108.2	108.2
Blankets & comfortables	72.9	98.7	108.2	108.7	110.0	111.2
Women's apparel:						
Hosiery	59.2	74.5	76.6	76.7	76.7	76.7
Aprons & house dresses.	75.5	105.3	105.4	106.2	107.0	107.2
Corsets and brassleres	83.6	91.7	93.0	93.0	93.1	93.2
Furs	66.8	100.3	113.0	113.5	114.1	116.0
Underwear	69.2	87.5	86.0	86.3	86.3	86.8
Shoes	76.5	82.1	84.0	84.5	84.6	85.0
Men's apparel:						00.0
Hosiery	64.9	86.8	87.6	87.7	88.0	88.0
Underwear	69.6	91.4	92.9	93.2	93.2	93.2
Shirts and neckwear	74.3	86 2	87.5	88.3	88.3	88.4
Hats and caps	69.7	82.6	84.0	84.0	84.1	84 1
Clothing, incl. overalis	70.1	87.6	92.0	92.9	93.5	94.4
Shoes	76.3	90.2	92.1	93.0	93.5	94.5
Infants' wear:			02.4	00.0	00.0	01.0
Socks.	74.0	94.8	100.7	100.7	100.7	100.7
Underwear	74.3	93.1	93.7	94.0	94.0	94.0
Shoes	80.9	89.8	91.5	92.5	92.7	93.4
Furniture	69.4	91.5	99.4	100.2	100.4	100.4
Floor coverings	79.9	102.0	113.5	114.2	115.4	117.2
Musical instruments	50.6	59.2	60.6	60.7	61.2	61.0
Luggage	60.1	73.8	78.4	79.2	80.1	80.1
Elec. household appliances	72.5	80.4	81.5	81.6	82.2	82.7
China.	81.5	93.1	93.2	94.4		
China	81.6	93.1	93.2	94.4	97.0	97.0

Wholesale Commodity Prices Up 0.6% During Week Ended July 10, According to United States Department of Labor

Largely due to sharp advances in wholesale prices of farm products and foods, the index of wholesale commodity prices of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, United States Department of Labor, advanced 0.6% during the week ended July 10, according to an announcement made July 15 by Commissioner Lubin. "The advance," Mr. Lubin said, "brought the all-commodity index to 87.7% of the 1926 average or within 0.7% of the year's high of April 3. It is 1.2% above the corresponding week of last month and 9.2% above that of last year." He added:

In addition to the farm products and foods groups, textile products, fuel and lighting materials, metals and metal products, housefurnishing goods, and miscellaneous commodities also were higher. Minor decreases were recorded for the hides and leather products and chemicals and drugs groups. Building materials remained unchanged at last week's level.

groups. Building materials remained unchanged at last week's level.

Market prices of raw materials rose 0.5% during the week and are
1.5% above a month ago and 8.2% above a vear ago. Semi-manufactured
commodity prices advanced 0.3% to the level of a month ago. They
are 15.7% above a year ago. Wholesale prices of finished products with
an increase of 0.7% rose to the highest point reached since May 1930.

The index for this group—88.6—is 1.1% and 8.8% above a month ago
and a year ago respectively.

The index for the large group of "all commodities other than farm products"—87.1—reflecting the movement in prices of non-agricultural commodities, reached a new high for the year. It is 0.8% above the corresponding week of last month and 9% above that of last year. Industrial commodity prices, as measured by the index for "all commodities other than farm products and processed foods" advanced 0.2% during the week. Notwithstanding the advance, industrial commodity prices are substantially below the high of April 17. They are 0.1% above the mid-June level and 8.7% above the level for the week ended July 11, 1936.

Commissioner Lubin's announcement also contained the following comment:

Due to increases of 5.5% in market prices of dairy products, 3.5% in meats, and 1.8% in cereal products, the wholesale foods group advanced 1.8%. Higher prices were reported for butter, cheese in the Chicago market, fresh milk at New York, oatmeal, wheat flour, canned apricots, white potatoes, fresh beef at New York, cured and fresh pork, dressed

poultry at Chicago, canned red salmon, lard, corn starch, raw sugar, edible tallow, and cottonseed oil. Fruits and vegetables declined 5.6% because of lower prices for fresh apples in the New York market, bananas, lemons, oranges, canned string beans, canned tomatoes, dried beans, onions, and sweet potatoes. Quotations on rye flour, hominy grits, white cornmeal, Santos coffee, copra, jelly, peanut butter, salt, corn oil, and peanut oil also were lower. This week's food index—86.8—is 2.7% higher than a month ago and 6.1% higher than a year ago.

The farm products group rose 0.9% primarily due to advancing prices for livestock and poultry. Higher prices for wheat caused the subgroup of grains to increase 0.3%. Quotations were higher on steers, hogs, live poultry in the Chicago market, eggs, fresh milk, flaxseed and certain fresh fruits and vegetables. Lower prices were reported for barley, corn, oats, calves, live poultry at New York, cotton, citrus fruits, hops, peanuts, onions, sweet potatoes, and wool. The current farm products index—90.5—is 2.8% above a month ago and 9.7% above a year ago.

Advancing prices for print cloth, silk, and woolen and worsted goods caused the index for the totalle products group to rise 0.6%. Raw jute

Advancing prices for print cloth, silk, and woolen and worsted goods caused the index for the textile products group to rise 0.6%. Raw jute prices were higher but burlap declined. Clothing and knit goods remained steady.

The fuel and lighting materials group increased 0.3% because of higher prices for anthracite. Prices of bituminous coal, coke, and petroleum products were firm.

A new high for the year was reached by the index for the housefurnishing goods group—91.3%. Both furniture and furnishings shared in the advance.

Higher prices for zinc sheets and pig tin caused the metals and metal products group to advance 0.2%. Iron and steel declined fractionally. Average prices for agricultural implements and plumbing and heating fixtures remained unchanged.

Wholesale prices of cattle feed advanced 6.4% and crude rubber rose 0.2%. Paper and pulp declined 1.1%.

As a result of lower prices for skins and leather, the index for the hides and leather products group fell 0.2%. The index is now 106.4% of the 1926 average. Prices of cow and steer hides averaged higher. No changes were reported in prices for shoes and other leather products, such as gloves, harness, and luggage.

such as gloves, harness, and luggage.

Weakening prices for chemicals, principally fats and oils and fertilizer materials, caused the index for the chemicals and drugs group to decrease 0.1%. Drugs and pharmaceuticals and mixed fertilizer prices were stationary.

The index for the building materials group remained at 96.9. Paint materials and other building materials including gravel, lime, and sand advanced fractionally. Average prices for brick and tile and lumber were slightly lower. Cement and structural steel remained steady.

The index of the Bureau of Labor Statistics includes 784 price series weighted according to their relative importance in the country's markets and is based on the average for the year 1926 as 100.

The following table shows index numbers for the main groups of commodities for the past five weeks and for July 11, 1936, July 13, 1935, July 14, 1934, and July 15, 1933:

1926=100

July 10 1937	3	26	June 19 1937	June 12 1937	July 11 1936	13	14	July 15 1933
87.7	87.2	86.7	86.5	86.7	80.3	79.2	74.5	68.9
90.5 86.8	89.7 85.3	88.4 84.4	87.4 84.0	88.0 84.5	82.5 81.8	77.7 82.0	64.5 70.8	61.1 65.9
$\frac{106.4}{77.9}$			107.2 77.3	107.6 77.4	94.3 69.6	89.8 69.9	87.6 71.4	85.4 66.5
78.3 95.3	95.1	95.1	78.1 95.1	78.1 95.1	77.0 86.1	75.3 85.7	73.8 86.4	66.7 80.6
	83.1	96.9 83.0	83.5	83.4	78.6	79.5	75.5	78.8 72.9
78.9	78.8	78.6	79.2	79.4	70.7	81.8 67.8	83.1 69.9	74.0 63.5
86.8	86.5	86.5	86.6	86.8	75.0	:	:	:
						70.5	70.7	70.0
								70.8
	10 1937 87.7 90.5 86.8 106.8 177.9 78.3 95.3 96.9 83.0 91.3 78.9 86.8 86.8 87.1	10 3 1937 1937 87.7 87.2 90.5 89.7 86.8 85.3 106.4 106.6 77.9 77.4 78.3 78.1 96.9 96.9 96.9 98.9 83.0 83.1 91.3 91.0 78.9 78.8 86.9 86.5 86.8 86.5 88.6 88.0 87.1 86.6	10 3 26 1937 1937 1937 87.7 87.2 86.7 90.5 89.7 88.4 86.8 85.3 84.4 106.4 106.6 106.8 77.9 77.4 77.4 78.3 78.1 78.2 96.9 96.9 96.9 95.3 95.1 95.1 96.9 96.9 96.9 96.9 96.9 96.9 96.9 96.9	10 3 26 19 1937 1937 1937 87.7 87.2 86.7 86.5 90.5 89.7 88.4 87.4 86.8 85.3 84.4 84.0 106.4 106.6 106.8 107.2 77.9 77.4 77.3 78.3 78.1 78.3 78.1 78.2 78.1 96.9 96.9 96.9 97.0 83.0 83.1 83.0 83.5 91.3 91.0 91.0 91.0 78.9 78.8 78.6 79.2 86.9 86.5 85.8 85.3 88.6 88.6 86.5 86.6 88.6 88.6 86.5 86.6 87.1 86.6 86.3 86.4	10 3 26 19 12 1937 1937 1937 1937 1937 87.7 87.2 86.7 86.5 86.7 90.5 89.7 88.4 84.0 84.5 196.4 106.6 106.8 107.2 107.6 77.9 77.4 77.3 77.4 78.3 78.1 78.2 78.1 78.1 96.9 96.9 96.9 97.0 97.0 97.0 83.4 83.4 83.4 83.4 84.0 84.5 86.1 83.1 83.0 83.1 78.1 78.2 78.1 78.1 78.2 78.1 78.1 78.2 78.1 78.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 95.1 9	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10 3 26 19 12 11 13 1937 1937 1937 1937 1936 1935 87.7 87.2 86.7 86.5 86.7 80.3 79.2 90.5 89.7 88.4 87.4 88.0 82.5 77.7 86.8 85.3 84.4 84.0 84.5 81.8 82.0 106.4 106.6 106.8 107.2 107.6 94.3 89.8 77.9 77.4 77.4 77.3 77.4 69.6 69.9 78.3 78.1 78.1 78.1 77.0 75.3 95.3 95.1 95.1 95.1 86.1 85.7 96.9 96.9 97.0 97.0 86.1 85.7 91.3 91.0 91.0 91.0 91.0 82.4 81.8 86.9 86.5 86.8 85.8 85.8 86.8 86.8 86.8 86.8 86.8 <t< td=""><td>$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$</td></t<>	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

[•] Not computed.

Electric Output for Week Ended July 10 Totals 2,096,266,000 Kwh.

The Edison Electric Institute, in its weekly statement, disclosed that the production of electricity by the electric light and power industry of the United States for the week ended July 10, 1937, totaled 2,096,266,000 kwh., or 7.2% above the 1,956,230,000 kwh. produced in the corresponding week of 1936. The Institute's statement follows:

PERCENTAGE INCREASE OVER PREVIOUS YEAR

Major Geographic	Week Ended	Week Ended	Week Ended	Week Ended
Regions	July 10, 1937	July 3, 1937	June 26, 1937	June 19, 1937
New England	1.5	13.1	10.4	10.3
Middle Atlantic	5.8	12.0	11.3	11.5
Central Industrial	8.3	11.8	12.7	12.2
West Central	0.7 10.0	3.5 12.5	7.1	3.1 13.1
Rocky Mountain Pacific Coast	22.2	14.9	10.0	13.4
	7.8	9.2	5.9	6.8
Total United States.	7.2	10.3	11.6	11.3

DATA FOR RECENT WEEKS (THOUSANDS OF KILOWATT-HOURS)

Week Ended	1937	1936	Per Cent Change 1937 from 1936	1935	1932	1929
May 1	2,193,779	1,932,797		1,673,295	1,454,505	1,699,822
May 8	2,176,383	1,928,803		1,698,178	1,429,032	1,688,434
May 15	2,194,620	1,947,771		1,701,702	1,436,928	1,698,492
May 22	2,198,646	1,961,694		1,700,022	1,435,731	1,704,426
May 29	2,206,713	1,954,830		1,696,051	1,425,151	1,705,460
June 5	2,131,092	1,922,108		1,628,520	1,381,452	1,615,085
June 12	2,214,166	1,945,018		1,724,491	1,435,471	1,689,925
June 19 June 26	2,213,783 2,238,332	1,989,798 2,005,243	+11.3	1,742,506 1,774,654	1,441,532 1,440,541	1,699,227
July 3	2,238,268	2,029,639 1,956,230	+10.3	1,772,138 1,655,420	1,456,961	1,723,428

June Chain Store Gains Smaller

Some abatement in the rate of increase of chain store sales was noted in June, according to "Chain Store Age." Although volume continued at the year's high for many concerns, gains as compared with June of last year were greatly reduced.

The composite index computed by "Chain Store Age" advanced in June to a preliminary level of 114.0 as compared with 112.0 in May. A year ago the index advanced during the same months from 103.0 to 108.0.

The indicated percentage increase in total sales in June this year over last was about 5.5% as compared with a 9% gain in May.

The index figure in June for the grocery group was approximately 105 against 104 in May; for the variety-department group the figure was 120 against 117 in May and 116.7 in June, 1936.

Sales of the drug group dropped to an index level in June of 129 from 133 in May, while the index for the apparel group dropped to 117 from 124 the previous month. Preliminary figures for the shoe group indicate the index unchanged at the 140 level in May.

Index of Department Store Sales of Board of Governors of Federal Reserve System Unchanged from May to June

The report issued on July 9 by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System indicates that "department store sales continued in June at approximately the same level as in earlier months, when allowance is made for seasonal influence." The Board's index for the last three months and for June, 1936, is shown below.

	June,	May,	A pril,	June,
	1937	1937	1937	1936
Index of department stores sales, 1923-25 average=100:				
Adjusted for seasonal variation	93	93	93	87
	89	95	89	84

Total sales in June were 7% larger than in June, 1936, and in the first half of this year sales were 11% larger than in the corresponding period of last year. The largest increases, both for June and for the year to date, were in the midwestern industrial districts, said the Board, presenting the following compilation:

REPORT BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

	P. C. Change	from Year Ago	Number	Number
	June *	Jan. 1 to June 30	Stores Reporting	Of Cities Included
Federal Reserve districts:				
Boston	+4	+6	52	32
New York	+6	+7	55	29
Philadelphia	+4	+7	29	13
Cleveland	+12	+18	30	12
Richmond	+5	+7	50	23
Atlanta	+10	+11	22	14
Chicago	+13	+16	56	30
St. Louis	+9	+12	35	18
Minneapolis	+6	+5	31 21	19
Kansas City	+2	+7	21	15
Dallas	0	+11	18	7
San Francisco	+2	+9	79	31
Total	+7	+11	478	243

* June figures preliminary; in most cities the month had the same number of business days this year and last year.

Semi-Annual Survey of Real Estate Market by National Association of Real Estate Boards—Finds Prices Advanced at Least 10% Over Last Year in Majority of Cities

Real estate prices are higher than they were a year ago in 84% of the cities of the country, said the National Association of Real Estate Boards, of Chicago, in making available on July 3 the 29th semi-annual survey of the real estate market, covering 256 cities. A 10% advance has been experienced in 63% of the cities, the Association pointed out, and increases of 15% and 20% are not infrequent. The Association also noted that the market for real estate is more active than last year in 91% of the cities.

active than last year in 91% of the cities.

The announcement issued by the Association said that the survey, compiled from confidential reports by the Association's local member real estate boards, also found the following changes:

1. Practically no remaining over-supply of single family dwellings. Under-supply of such dwellings in 73% of the cities, and a prospective shortage reported in an additional 19% of the cities. Shortage of apartment space in 58% of the cities and a prospective shortage indicated by an additional 16%.

2. New home construction bringing definite acceleration in the sale of homesites. But comment from city after city that recent rise in building costs, including materials and labor, is so great as to discourage new building.

3. Rents for business space in central districts at a higher level than a year ago in 78% of the cities reporting, and not s single city reporting lower rates. Space in outlying business districts renting at a level higher than a year ago in 56% of the cities.

4. Office space, which has been slower to recover, now beginning to advance. Downtown office space rates are advancing in 43% of the cities, with only one city showing rates going down. A year ago only 28% showed an up trend.

5. Apartment rents higher than a year ago in 87% of cities reporting, and rents for single family dwellings higher in 90% of the cities.

6. Money seeking mortgage loans in 73% of the cities, reporting while loans are seeking capital in only 11% of the cities. But—

7. A 6% interest rate still decidedly the most common rate for first mortgages on new single-family dwellings. It is checked as the most common rate for this type of loan by 59% of the cities replying. A 7% rate or higher is cited as the commonest rate in 10% of the cities. Only 2% of the cities check a $4\frac{1}{2}\%$ rate as common, and none any lower rate.

Further details of the survey's findings were announced as follows:

While 212 cities out of the 256 showed advancing prices, only 189 at tempted to measure the degree of the up turn. A 5% increase is reported by 15% of these 189 cities, a 10% increase or more by 85% of the cities, making 63% of all cities surveyed, a price rise of at least 15% in 30% of the cities, a rise of 25% or over in 5% of the cities. Only one city reporting indicated a down turn.

Business and Office Space

Shortage of business space is reported by 18% of cities, and an additional 7% show prospective shortage. But 14% still report over-supply. What is more significant, 82% of all cities of over 500,000 population report an over-supply and none report an under-supply. No city of over 200,000 population reports any prospective shortage in business buildings.

On the other hand the larger cities are the group showing most uniformly an up movement in use of office space. Cities of over 500,000 population show central district office rents up in 50% of the cases; 57% of the cities of 200,000—500,000 population report an advance.

Residential Rents

Only one city shows any down movement in residential rents, no city any down movement for single-family dwellings. Cities of over 500,000 population in 100% of cases report residential rents higher than last year in every type of accommodation surveyed. In both the Great Lakes and North Central regions, every city reporting showed the trend as up. In the Northwest and Southeast, about one-fourth of the cities still report rents stationary both for apartments and for single-family dwellings.

both for apartments and for single-family dwellings.

Growing scarcity of detached houses for rent is acting to advance the buying of used homes and the building of new homes, the reports point out.

Construction Contracts Awarded in June

Construction recovery reached a new high point in June, topping the previous recovery peak reported in July, 1936 by 8%. According to figures of F. W. Dodge Corp., the June construction total covering all classes of work amounted to \$318,137,100 in the 37 states east of the Rocky Mountains. This was an increase of 30% over the figure of \$244,112,800 for May of this year and represented a gain of about 37% over the June, 1936 total of \$232,664,700.

Of the June, 1937 total, residential building accounted for \$93,123,100; non-residential building took \$125,087,000; while the remaining \$99,927,000 went into civil engineering projects, i.e., public works and utilities.

The June residential figure compares with \$83,937,000 for May and with \$73,604,600 for June, 1936. Increases in residential building as contrasted with totals for a year earlier were well distributed geographically with every important major area sharing in the advance except metropolitan New York and the St. Louis territory (Eastern Missouri, Arkansas, Southern Illinois and Western Tennessee).

Increases in June over a year ago in non-residential building operations occurred in every major geographic district, excepting only the Southern peninsula of Michigan, the New Orleans territory (Louisiana and Mississippi) and Texas.

Civil engineering projects showed increases over June, 1936 figures in every district except upstate New York, the Southeast (The Carolinas, Georgia, Florida, Alabama and Eastern Tennessee) and the St. Louis territory.

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED—37 STATES EAST OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS

	No. of Projects	New Floor Space (Sq. Ft.)	Valuation
Month of June-			
1937—Residential building	8,826	23,845,200	\$93,123,100
Non-residential building	3,566	21,793,700	125,087,000
Public works and utilities	1,492	754,200	99,927,000
Total construction	13,884	46,393,100	\$318,137,100
1936—Residential building	8,444	20,624,200	\$73,604,000
Non-residential building	3,411	15,915,700	79,078,900
Public works and utilities	1,496	341,500	79,981,000
Total construction	13,351	36,881,400	\$232,664,700
First Six Months—			
1937—Residential building	50.006	136,735,000	\$516,651,500
Non-residential building	19,443	98,871,200	564,513,200
Public works and utilities	6,184	3,345,700	412,967,600
Total construction	75,633	238,951,900	\$1,494,132,300
1936—Residential building	38,228	95,932,600	\$334,844,600
Non-residential building	18,859	91,343,600	489,733,300
Public works and utilities	7,522	2,603,700	412,762,900
Total construction	64,609	189,879,900	\$1,237,304,800

NEW CONTEMPLATED WORK REPORTED—37 STATES EAST OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS

		1937	1936		
	No. of Projects	Valuation	No. of Projects	Valuation	
Month of June Residential building Non-residential building Public works and utilities	9,711 3,958 1,605	\$140,501,800 129,380,000 97,797,000	9,747 3,037 1,326	\$114,222,500 104,041,300 100,852,500	
Total construction	15,274	\$367,678,800	14,110	\$319,116,300	
First Six Months— Residential building Non-residential building Public works and utilities	62,966 23,511 7,822	\$841,611,000 871,183,800 722,546,800	48,300 21,442 8,911	\$562,705,000 607,367,300 592,976,500	
Total construction	94,299	\$2,435,341,600	78,653	\$1,763,048,800	

Crop Report of Bank of Montreal—Severe Drought Continues in Prairie Provinces of Canada

The Bank of Montreal in its report on the Canadian crops, issued July 15, states that "severe and prolonged drought has continued in most areas of the Prairie Provinces and

estimates indicate that the yield of the principal crops this year will be lower than for a number of years." The bank year will be lower than for a number of years.' further said:

In northeastern Saskatchewan and southwestern Alberta, however, crops have benefited from recent rains and in Manitoba crop prospects generally remain satisfactory, although rust is threatening. over many districts in Alberta on Tuesday and Wednesday will improve conditions in some areas. Rain has also fallen in parts of southern and west central Saskatchewan. In Quebec Province, where there has been a continuance of highly satisfactory growing weather, all crops are progressing favorably and pastures are in good condition. Some districts are in need of rain but generally moisture conditions are favorable. Ideal growing conditions prevail for the most part in Ontario, where crops generally are very satisfactory except in northern sections where the weather continues dry and hot and in southwestern counties where rainfall has been excessive. In the Maritime Provinces much-needed warm and dry weather has prevailed in most sections during the past week, and all crops have greatly benefited. At a few points, however, wet conditions have continued in British Columbia, where the weather continues warm and dry, with moisture conditions satisfactory, there is a heavy crop of hay and indications point to good average crops of grain and roots, with a favorable out-

General Business in Canada During First Half of 1937 at Highest Level Since 1929, According to Dominion Securities Corporation

General business in Canada during the first six months of this year was at the highest level since 1929 and well above the 1926 normal, according to the first issue of the "Cana-dian Monthly Review," published by the Dominion Securi-ties Corp., New York. The publication states:

The upward trend of recovery has steadily gained momentum since the Spring of 1933 although somewhat tempered from time to time by certain circumstances of a temporary nature. At the present time domestic conditions in the Dominion, on the whole, are healthy and should continue to improve during the balance of the year. The sentiment of inactivity and caution which has characterized security markets during the past two months at last appears to be receding. Labor conditions both in Canada and the United States show signs of an ultimate settlement; the gold question is no longer immediately alarming and European affairs appear to have taken a

The publication contains current statistics of business, trade and finance, reviews the Canadian security markets, discusses the wheat situation and analyzes the financial report of the Province of Ontario.

Industrial Activity in Canada During June Practically at High Level Recorded in May, According to A. E. Arscott, General Manager of Canadian Bank of

"While no further industrial progress can be reported for June, in contrast with the records of preceding months, there was no downturn of seasonal proportions, nor is any marked slackening in view," said A. E. Arscott, General Manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Toronto, in his monthly report on business conditions in Canada.

The summer period will of course be one of smaller production for several industries than the past season, but, as will be seen from the following analysis, there are constructive elements which should maintain general business activity at a high level until new stimulating influences become effective next autumn," according to Mr. Arscott's report, issued July 10, which also had the following to say:

Business activity as a whole rose to a new recovery peak between January and June—about 15% above that of the corresponding period of last year, with such exceptional progress during May in the forestry, capital goods (mainly industrial equipment) automobile and construction industries as to offset some irregularity in earlier months. Thus, not only was newsprint production in May of record volume, but the cumulative output for the first five months of 1937 was 20% over that of the like period of 1936. The lumber cut in British Columbia was the largest since October, 1929, and increases so greatly as practically to offset the decline which occurred during the winter, when numerous mills were closed because of unusually severe weather. It is of interest, however, to note that overseas trade in lumber during the winter season was well maintained, with British imports of Canadian lumber accounting for about one-third of all takings in that important market; recently, new export business has been difficult to effect because of more competitive prices and less convenient ocean shipping arrangements. It should also be observed that while an increased output of newsprint was necessary to meet an overseas demand about 20% above that of a year ago, the larger requirements of the most important market, the United States, were partly for the purpose of making additions to pub-

Steel production rose by about 15% over the first half of 1936 to a point close to practical limits, and as yet there are no signs of any marked decline. Activity in the automotive industries increased by about 17% above that recorded in the January-May period of 1936 and declined but little in the late spring from the seasonal peak; a higher than seasonal production schedule has also been planned for July. In other heavy industries there were noteworthy gains except in the production of farm implements, although activity in this branch was considerably greater than during the depression period it suffered after the crop damage of 1936. Taking all heavy industries into account, we estimate that by June their output had risen by about 20% above that of the like month of 1936, while a large volume of anticipated work is on hand. Secondary industries, mainly the textile and leather footwear trades, made fair progress from the near-capacity operations of the first half of 1936, and there is less irregularity in these sections than a year previous.

Country's Foreign Trade in May-Imports and Exports

The Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Commerce at Washington on July 3 issued its statement on the foreign trade of the United States for May and the 11 months ended with May, with comparisons by months back to 1932. report is as follows:

A contraseasonal gain brought the value of our export trade in May above the preceding months of this year, while a further slight decrease reduced the import value to the lowest level since February. Compared with April of this year, exports, including reexports, were 7% larger in value, whereas general imports were 1% smaller in value. Compared with May of last year, exports were 44% and imports 49% larger in value.

Exports, including reexports, amounted to \$288,924,000 compared with

\$269,170,000 in April, 1937 and \$200,772,000 in May, 1936.

General imports (goods entered for storage in bonded warehouses, plus goods which entered merchandising channels immediately upon arrival in the country) amounted to \$285,038,000 compared with \$287,207,000 in

April, 1937 and \$191,697,000 in May, 1936.

Imports for consumption (goods which entered merchandising or consumption channels immediately upon arrival in the country, plus withdrawals from warehouse for consumption) amounted to \$278,777,000 compared with \$281,666,000 in April, 1937 and \$189,008,000 in May, 1936.

There was a net balance of merchandise exports of \$3,886,000 in May. In April, 1937 there was a net balance of merchandise imports amounting to \$18,037,000 and in May, 1936 a net export balance of \$9,075,000. This excess of exports in May reduced slightly the import balance for the year to date to a total of \$127,614,000.

to date to a total of \$127.614,000.

Export trade has increased substantially in each month of this year, while import trade has declined after reaching a maximum value in March. The value of exports was 30% higher in May than in January, and if allowance is made for the usual seasonal changes, the gain was even more substantial. The value of general imports was 19% higher in May than in January but 7% lower than in March. Allowing for seasonal variations, the export value stood at 81% of the 1923-25 average in May as compared with 57% in January, and that of imports at 86% compared with 74%.

In May, exports of non-metallic minerals, metals and manufactures, automobiles, unmanufactured tobacco, naval stores, lumber, wood pulp, and lard reached much higher values than in the preceding month, and exports of grains, including preparations, increased moderately. The

exports of grains, including preparations, increased moderately. machinery exports, textile manufactures, and rubber manufactures about the same in value as in the preceding month, while exports of radio apparatus, raw cotton and of fruits dropped off considerably.

The decline in the May import value from that of April was effected by smaller importations of a long list of commodities which included feeds, cocoa, coffee, sugar, textile manufactures, unmanufactured wool, raw silk. diamonds, iron and steel products, copper and fertilizers. Imports of some commodities increased substantially in May; the values of corn, crude rubber, oilseeds, vegetable oils, wood pulp, tin and works of art were much higher than in April

Compared with May of last year, metals and manufactures, machinery, automobiles, and mineral oils were the principal exports to show substantial expansion. Exports of iron and steel scrap increased from 213,366 tons, valued at \$2,501,000 in May, 1936, to 630,671 tons, valued at \$13,307,000, in May, 1937, other iron and steel-mill products from \$7,540,000 to \$19,-401,000; industrial machinery from \$12,291,000 to \$20,550,000; automobiles, including parts and accessories, from \$22,534,000 to \$33,169,000; and petroleum and products from \$24,383,000 to \$34,030,000. These items, comprising slightly over two fifths of the trade, accounted for approximately three-fifths of the \$87,000,000 increase in total United States exports. While many other export commodities rose in value over States exports. While many other export commodities rose in value over May, 1936, the actual increases, and generally the relative increases for , were much less marked than for the above-mentioned items. Exports of a few commodities were smaller in value in May, 1937 than in May, 1936; these included mainly meat products, undressed fur skins and fruits.

Imports for consumption of practically all leading commodities reached much higher levels in May, 1937 than in May, 1936. However, more than half of the gain of \$90,000,000 in the total trade was accounted for by the expansion in imports of vegetable food products and inedible vegetable products, the latter consisting largely of crude rubber, oil seeds, and oils. Partly as a result of marked increases in commodity prices, the value of these two groups of imports increased 52% and 87%, respectively. The percentage increases in the other nine commodity groups of imports ranged from 26% for wood and paper products to 49% for textile fibers and manufactures, and 52% for the relatively small group of machinery and vehicle

Imports of gold amounted to \$155,366,000 compared with \$215,825,000 in April, 1937 and \$169,957,000 in May, 1936. Imports of silver amounted to \$3,165,000 compared with \$2,821,000 in April and \$4,989,000 in May, 1936. Exports of both gold and silver continued relatively small.

MERCHANDISE TRADE BY MONTHS

		May	5 M	5 Months Ending May				rease(+)	
Exports and Imports	1936	1937	19	36 1		937	Dec	rease(—)	
ExportsImports		288,92	8 Doll 4 969		1,2	,000 ollars 70,283 97,897	+:	1,000 00llars 301,015 424,465	
Excess of exports	9,075	3,88	6 -4	,164	1	27,614	+	+123,450	
Month or Period	1932	1933	1934	19	35	1936	1	1937	
Exports, Including Reexports— January February March April May June July August September October November December	1,000 Dollars 150,022 153,972 154,876 135,095 131,899 114,148 106,830 108,599 132,037 153,090 138,834 131,614	1,000 Dollars 120,589 101,515 108,015 105,217 114,203 119,790 144,109 131,473 160,119 193,069 184,256 192,638	170,516 161,672 171,984 191,313 206,413 194,712 170,654	Dol 176 163 184 164 176 176 176 176 176 176 176 176 176 176	000 lars 3,223 3,007 5,026 4,151 5,459 0,244 3,230 2,126 8,803 1,296 9,838 3,469	182,0 195,1 192,7 200,7 185,6 180,3 178,9 220,5 264,3 229,8	8 64 24 13 95 72 93 90 75 39 49 64	1,000 Dellars 222,483 233,098 256,607 269,170 288,924	
5 mos ended May 11 mos. ended May 12 mos. ended Dec	725,864 ,834,187 ,611,016	549,539 1,320,543 1,674,994	865,534 1,871,198 2,132,800	1,950	3,867 3,615 2,874	2,228,0	30 2	,270,283 ,571,300	
General Imports— January February March April May June July September October November December	135,520 130,999 131,189 126,522 112,276 110,280 79,421 91,102 98,411 105,499 104,468 97,087	96,006 83,748 94,860 88,412 106,869 122,197 142,980 154,918 146,643 150,867 128,541 133,518	132,753 158,103 146,523 154,647 136,109 127,229 119,513 131,658 129,635 150,919	152 177 170 170 156 166 161 189 169	3,832 2,491 7,356 0,500 0,533 3,754 3,631 9,030 1,647 9,357 9,385 3,968	192,7 198,7 202,7 191,6 191,0 195,0 193,0 215,7 212,6 196,4	74 01 79 97 77 56 73 01 92	240,447 277,709 307,495 287,207 285,038	
5 mos. ended May 11 mos. ended May 12 mos. ended Dec	636,506 ,619,990 ,322,774	469,895 1,045,883 1,449,559	1,585,201	1.628	7,712 3,924 7,485	2.217.5	52 2	,397,897 ,655,542	

Exports of United States Merchandise and Imports for Consumption

Persons and Impacts		May	5 M	5 Months Ending May			Increase (+)	
Exports and Imports	1936 1937		7 1	1936		1937	Decrease(-	
Exports (U. S. mdse.) _ Imports for consumption		284,0	78 Do	954,069		,000 oilars 49,946 45,346	1,000 Dollars +295,877 +386,299	
Month or Period	1932	1933	1934	19	35	1936	1937	
Exports—U. S Merchandtse— January February March April May June July August September October November December	1,000 Dollars 146,906 151,048 151,403 132,268 128,553 109,478 104,276 106,270 129,538 151,035 136,402 128,975	1,000 Dollars 118,559 99,423 106,293 103,265 111,845 117,517 141,573 129,315 157,490 190,842 181,291 189,808	159,61 187,41 176,49 157,16 167,90 159,12 169,85 188,86 203,53 192,15	7 173 7 160 8 181 0 160 1 159 2 167 8 167 1 169 6 218 6 267 2 220	784 3,560 312 3667 511 791 278 865 683 040 184 258 931	179,33 192,44 189,5 197,00 181,33 177,00 175,82 217,92 262,17 223,92 226,66	S Dollars 218,881 229,64-252,487-4 264,852-66-66-66-66-66-66-66-66-66-66-66-66-66	
5 mos. ended May 11 mos. ended May 12 mos. ended Dec	710,178 ,798,609 ,576,151	539,385 1,295,880 1,647,220	850,263 1,840,583 2,100,13	2 1,917	,841 ,813 ,081	2,194,02	1,249,946 2,533,460	
	134,311 129,804 130,584 123,176 112,611 112,509 79,934 93,375 102,933 104,662 105,295 95,898	92,718 84,164 91,893 88,107 109,141 123,931 141,018 152,714 147,599 149,288 125,269 127,170	128,977 125,04° 153,399 141,24° 147,46° 124,010 117,26° 149,89° 137,97° 140,47° 126,19°	7 152 7 166 7 166 7 155 9 173 180 188 168 189 162	313 096 381 683 806 828	186,37 189,59 194,29 199,77 189,00 194,31 197,45 200,78 218,42 213,41 200,30 240,23	260,224 66 295,950 66 281,666 278,777 8 3 5 9 4	
5 mos. ended May1, mos. ended May1,	630,486	466,023 ,048,121	696,133 1,539,192	829, 1.633.	039	959,04 2,013,60	7 1,345,346 1 2,615,964	

GOLD AND SILVER BY MONTHS Exports, Imports and Net Balance

Exports and Imports	May		5 Months E	Increase (+)		
Exports and Imports	1936	1937	1936	1937	Decrease(—	
Gold-	1,000 Dollars	1,000 Dollars	1,000 Dollars	1,000 Dollars	1,000 Dollars	
ExportsImports	169,957	155,366	26,346 258,841	$\begin{array}{c} 67 \\ 767,224 \end{array}$	$-26,279 \\ +508,383$	
Excess of exports Excess of imports	169,952	155,362	232,495	767,157		
Silver— Exports Imports	203 4,989	341 3,165	1,368 93,613	2,378 28,500	+1,010 -65,113	
Excess of exports	4,785	2,823	92,245	26,122		

Month or Persod		G	old			S		
Moun of Person	1934	1935	1936	1937	1934	1935	1936	1937
	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Exports-	Dollars							Dollars
January	4,715							612
February	51				734	1,661	141	611
March	44		2,315	39	665	3,128	237	346
April	37			13	1,425	1.593	535	468
May	1,780	49			1.638	2.885	203	341
June	6.586	166	77	1	2,404			
July	114				1,789			
August	14,556	102	32		1.741			
September	22,255		42		1,424			
October	2,173		117		1.162			
November	310		127		1,698			
December	140		99		1.014			
2000111001			- 00		1,014	105	200	
5 mos. end. May	6.626	1,060	26,346	67	5,321	10.515	1,368	2,378
11 mos, end, May		40.607	27,080		21,562	19.342		3,778
12 mos. end. Dec.	52,759	1.960	27,534		16,551	18,801		0,110
LE MOS. CHG. Dec.	02,100	1,000	21,001		10,001	10,001	2,900	
Imports-								
January	1.947	149.755	45 081	121,336	3,593	19.085	58,483	2,846
February	452,622			120,326	2,128	16,351		14.080
March		13.543		154,371	1,823	20,842	8,115	5,589
April		148,670		215.825		11,002		2,821
May		140,065				13,501	4.989	3,165
June	70 201	230,538	277 851	100,000	5,431	10,444	23,981	0,100
July	52 460	16.287	16.074					
August	51.781	46,085			2,458	30,230		
September		156.805			21,926	30,820		
October					20,831	45,689		
	13,010	315,424			14,425	48,898	26,931	
November	121,199		75,962		15,011	60,065	4,451	
December	92,249	190,180	57,070		8,711	47,603	2,267	
5 mos and Man	799 007	EMA OFT	050 041	707 004	10.000	00 200	00.010	00 500
5 mos. end. May	701 700	000 101	208,841	707,224	13,933	80,782		28,500
11 mos. end. May	191,780	909,134	1194431			164,143		93,723
12 mos. end. Dec.	11866711	1740979	1144117	(102,725	354,531	182,816	

Cost of Living of Wage Earners in United States Increased Slightly During June, According to National Industrial Conference Board

The cost of living of wage earners in the United States in June, 1937, was slightly, 0.1%, higher than in May, according to the monthly survey of the National Industrial Conference Board. A decline in food prices was offset by increases in rents and clothing prices. Living costs in June of this year, however, were 4.5% higher than a year ago and 24.0% higher than at the low point of 1933, although still 10.6% below the level of June, 1929 Under date of July 12, the Conference Board also stated:

Food prices declined 0.2% from May to June, but they were 3.0% higher than in June, 1936, and 44.4% higher than in the spring of 1933. Food prices in June of this year were still 16.7% below the June, 1929,

Rents continued on their upward trend, rising 0.6% from May to June. Rents are now 11.6% higher than a year ago, 38.1% higher than the beginning of 1934, their low point, and only 5.9% lower than in

June, 1929. Clothing prices in June, 1937, were 0.3% higher than in May, 4.9% higher than in June, 1936, and 26.7% higher than at the low of 1933, although still 21.6% below the level of June, 1929.

Coal prices averaged the same in June as in May, but were 0.7%

lower than a year ago and 7.9% lower than in June, 1929. The cost of sundries as a whole remained the same in June as in May. A decline in carfare rates was offset by increases in the prices of drugs and toilet articles, housefurnishings, and candy. The cost of sundries in June of this year was 2.7% higher than a year ago, 7.3% higher than in the spring of 1933, and only 2.2% lower than in June, 1929.

The purchasing value of the dollar was 112.5c. in June as compared with 112.6c. in May, 117.5c. in June, 1936, and 100c. in 1923.

Item	Relative Importance	Cost o	es of the f Living =100 a	Per Cent of Increase (+) or Decrease (-)	
	tn Family - Budget	June, 1937	May, 1937	May, 1937, to June, 1937	
Food *	33	88.2	88.4	-0.2	
Housing	20 12	86.6 76.9	86.1 76.7	+0.6 +0.3	
Clothing	12	83.7 70.0	83.4 69.9	+0.4 +0.1	
Women's Fuel and light	5	83.7 82.0	83.7 82.0	0.0	
Gas and electricity		87.2	87.2	0.0	
Sundries	30	96.8	96.8	0.0	
Weighted average of all items.	100	88.9	88.8	+0.1	
Purchasing value of dollar		112.5	112.6	-0.1	

* Based on food price indexes of the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics for June 15, 1937, and May 18, 1937. a Revised series. Figures on revised basis for dates prior to July, 1936, may be found in "The Cost of Living in the United States, 1914-1936," price \$2.50.

National Industrial Conference Board Reports Decrease in Number of Unemployed Workers in May as Compared with April

Unemployment in the United States declined between April and May by more than 600,000 persons to a total in the latter month of 6,246,000, according to the latest report of the National Industrial Conference Board, issued July 10. This number, constituting the lowest total for any month since the winter of 1930, marks a decrease since January of this year of more than 2,000,000 persons. The May unemployment total compares with 6,876,000 in April and 7,415,000 in March of this year, and with 8,675,000 in May, 1936, according to the Conference Board. The Board's announcement of July 10 continued:

The decline in unemployment between April and May was due largely to the increase in employment of 421,000 workers in agriculture, 75,000 workers in construction, 32,000 workers in manufacturing, and lesser

amounts in individual fields of enterprise. Total employment in May aggregated 46,697,000 workers, of whom 35,240,000 were engaged in non-agricultural and 11,457,000 in agricultural pursuits. The May total of 11,824,000 workers employed in manufacturing reflected a gain of nearly 5,000,000 persons compared with July, 1932, the low point for this field of enterprise. The May total, according to the Conference Board, was almost a half a million greater than during September, 1929, the highest month of employment in that year, when 11,371,000 workers were engaged in manufacturing activities of all kinds.

Between March, 1933, the month of low ebb of employment in all fields of activity, and May of this year, there has been an increase in employment of 11,111,000 workers.

The following table, prepared by the Conference Board, shows the number of employed workers in the various industrial groups in 1929; May, 1936; April, 1937, and May, 1937:

NUMBER OF EMPLOYED WORKERS

Group Division	1929 Average	May, 1936	A pril.* 1937	May, ● 1937
Agriculture	10,650,000	11,192,000	11,036,000	11,457,000
Forestry and fishing	268,000	191,000	193,000	198,000
Total industry	18,582,000	15,136,000		
Extraction of minerals	1,087,000			
Manufacturing	11,071,000			
Construction	2,841,000	1,303,000	1,312,000	1,387,000
Transportation		1,810,000	1,936,000	1,967,000
Public utilities	1,167,000	908,000	954,000	968,000
Trade, distribution and finance	7,325,000	7,009,000	7,453,000	7,493,000
Service industries	9,160,000	8,821,000	9,198,000	9,224,000
Miscellaneous industries and services.	1,383,000	1,327,000	1,402,000	1,418,000
Total employed	47,368,000	43,676,000	46,018,000	46,697,000

National Industrial Conference Board Reports Further Advancement in Employment and Payrolls in Manufacturing Industries During May

An increase in hourly and weekly earnings, together with an increase in the number of workers employed, resulted in a 2.6% increase in payroll disbursements from April to May in the manufacturing industries covered by the regular monthly survey of the National Industrial Conference Board. Since May, 1936, payrolls have risen 37.9% and are now 2.4% above the average level in 1929. The Board's announcement continued:

Average hourly earnings in May of this year showed an increase of 1.9% over the previous month, and an increase of 13.3% over May, 1936. They are now 18.3% above the 1929 level.

Average weekly earnings rose 1.3% from April to May, and 16.3% since May of last year. They are now only 0.5% below the 1929 average, although the length of the average work week has declined 15.9%.

Real weekly earnings, representing actual earnings adjusted in accordance with changes in the cost of living, were 12.1% higher in May of this year than in 1929, and 9.9% higher than last year.

The number of workers employed in the manufacturing industries covered by the Conference Board's investigation increased 1.2% in May compared with the previous month, and reached a level 18.5% higher than a year ago and 8.0% above the average in 1929.

Weekly Report of Lumber Movement, Week Ended July 3, 1937

The lumber industry during the week ended July 3, 1937, stood at 70% of the 1929 weekly average of production and 74% of 1929 shipments, according to the National Lumber Manufacturers Association. The week's reported production was 12% greater than new business booked and 4% less than reported shipments. During the first half of 1937 reported shipments totaled 6% above production; cumulative new business was 1.4% below production. Reported production in this period was 8% above that of the first half of 1936; shipments were 11% above shipments of the first half of 1936, and new business was 6% above that booked in the 1936 period. The Association further reported:

National production reported for the week ended July 3, 1937, by 13% fewer mills was 19% below the output (revised figure) of the preceding week; shipments were 5% below shipments of that week; new orders were 4% below that week's orders. Production in the week ended July 3, 1937, was shown by mills reporting for both 1937 and 1936 as 29% above output in the corresponding week of 1936, which, however, included the

Fourth of July holiday; shipments were 23% above last year's shipments of the same week; new orders were 23% above orders of the 1936 week.

During the week ended July 3, 1937, 498 mills produced 242,915,000 feet of hardwoods and softwoods combined; shipped 252,082,000 feet; booked orders of 216,834,000 feet. Revised figures for the preceding week were: Mills, 572; production, 299,310,000 feet; shipments, 265,-

week were: Mills, 572; production, 299,310,000 feet; shipments, 265,024,000 feet; orders, 225,492,000 feet.

All regions reported orders below production in the week ended July 3, 1937. All but West Coast, California redwood and Northern hardwoods reported shipments below production. All regions reported orders above those of corresponding week of 1936 except Northern pine, Southern pine and Southern hardwoods. All regions but Southern pine, Southern cyprss and Southern hardwoods reported shipments above those of similar week of 1936, and all reported production above the 1936 week.

Lumber orders reported for the week ended July 3, 1937, by 417 softwood mills totaled 206,850,000 feet, or 11% below the production of the same mills. Shipments as reported for the same week were 242,810,000 feet, or 5% above production. Production was 231,226,000 feet.

Reports from 102 hardwood mills give new business as 9,984,000 feet,

Reports from 102 hardwood mills give new business as 9,984,000 feet, or 15% below production. Shipments as reported for the same week were 9.272,000 feet, or 21% below production. Production was 11,689,000

Identical Mill Reports

Last week's production of 406 identical softwood mills was 230,111,000 feet, and a year ago it was 177,019,000 feet; shipments were, respectively, 241,754,000 feet and 193,677,000 feet, and orders received, 206,050,000 feet and 165,223,000 feet. In the case of hardwoods, 85 idenical mills reported production last week and a year ago 9,940,000 feet and 9,145,000 feet; shipments, 7,667,000 feet and 9,180,000 feet, and orders, 8,197,000 feet and 8,437,000 feet.

Lumber Manufacturing During Five Weeks Ended July 3, 1937

We give herewith data on indentical mills for five weeks ended July 3, 1937 as reported by the National Lumber Manufacturers Association on July 14:

An average of 530 mills reported as follows to the National Lumber Trade Barometer for the five weeks ended July 3, 1937:

(In 1,000 Feet)	Produ	uction	Shipments		Orders Received	
(In 1,000 Feet)	1937	1936	1937	1936	1937	1936
Softwoods	1,334,312 48,045		1,234,045 38,253			
Total lumber	1 382 357	1 207 617	1.272.298	1.175.636	1.086.977	1 101 539

Production during the five weeks ended July 3, 1937, as reported by these mills, was 14% above that of corresponding weeks of 1936. production in 1937 was 15% above that of the same weeks of 1936 and 85% above the record of comparable mills during the same period of 1935. Hardwood output was 3% above production of the 1936 period. Shipments during the five weeks ended July 3, 1937, were 8% above those

of corresponding weeks of 1936, softwoods showing gain of 9% and hardwoods, loss of 14%.

Orders received during the five weeks ended July 3, 1937, were 3% below those of corresponding weeks of 1936. Softwood orders in 1937 were 3% below that of similar weeks of 1936 and 50% above the same weeks of 1935. Hardwood orders showed loss of 11% as compared with cor-

responding weeks of 1936.
On July 3, 1937, gross stocks as reported by 458 softwood mills were 3.288,702,000 feet, the equivalent of 116 days' average production (three years average, 1934-5-6), as compared with 3,308,827,000 feet on July 4, 1936, the equivalent of 117 days' average production.

On July 3, 1937, unfilled orders as reported by 453 softwood mills were 893,828,000 feet, the equivalent of 32 days' average production compared with 679,583,000 feet on July 4, 1936, the equivalent of 24 days' production.

Automobile Financing in May

Automobile Financing in May

The dollar volume of retail financing for May, 1937, for the 456 organizations amounted to \$190,655,670, an increase of 5.1% when compared with April, 1937; an increase of 3.3% compared with May, 1936, and an increase of 67.8% over May, 1935. The \$193,527,218 snown for wholesale financing for May, 1937, is an increase of 6.3% over April, 1937; an increase of 42.8% over May, 1935.

Figures of automobile financing for the month of April, 1937, were published in the June 12 issue of the "Chronicle," page 3912.

AUTOMOBILE FINANCING

			Retail Financing							
Year and	Wholesale Financ- ing		otal	New	Care	Used and Unclassified Cars				
Month	Volume in Thousand Dollars	Number of Cars	Volume in Thou- sand Dollars	Number of Cars	Volume in Thou- sand Dollars	Number of Cars	Volume in Thou- sand Dollars			
Summary for 1937—	456 Ident	tcal Orga	nizations							
April	182,102 193,527		181,344 190,655		108,927 117,532					
Total 5 mos. ended May	860,976	1,866,851	756,010	781,090	453,912	1,085,761	302,098			
1936— April May	194,323 185,123	446,956 460,876	180,926 184,574		119.894 120,193	237,649 253,301	61,032 64,380			
Total 5 mos. ended May	778,331	1,760,612	701,309	791,393	453,103	969,219	248,204			
1935— April May	163,235 135,510	320,855 312,186	118,663 113,601	140,478 127,201	75,622 70,175	180,377 184,985	43,040 43,424			
Total 5 mos. ended May	652,519	1,249,800	461,320	538,816	291,357	710,984	169,962			
	282 Ident	ical Orga	ntzations	c-						
1937— April May	176,572 188,370	421,098 d437,185	171,841 181,021		105,038 113,185	240,334 243,700	66,802 67,835			
Total 5 mos. ended May	836,041	1,754,927	717,211	752,202	437,580	1,002,725	279,631			
1936— April May	189,480 180,665	423,220 436,543	172,981 176,315	202,995 201,307		220,225 235,236	56,685 59,746			
Total 5 mos. ended May	756,996	1,662,809	668,630	767,054	439.045	895,755	229,584			
1935— April May	159,930 132,074	302,860 293,693	113,026 107,820	135,811 122,663	73,058 67,630	167,049 171,030	39,966 40,189			
Total 5 mos. ended May	637,463	1,177,260	438.601	520,188	281,126	657,072	157,474			

a Of these organizations, 37 have discontinued automobile financing, number 43.4% were new ears, 56.2% were used cars, and 0.4% unclassifie the 282 organizations, 24 have discontinued automobile financing, on number, 44.3% were new cars, 55.3% used cars, and 0.4% unclassified.

World Wheat Crop this Year Expected to Be 20 to 30% Above Last Year's

The world wheat crop this year will be from 20 to 30% larger than it was last year, it was officially announced in Rome, Italy, on July 12, by the International Institute of Agriculture. Final figures will not be published until about the middle of August, it was pointed out in advices from Rome, July 12 (Havas), to the New York "Journal of Commerce" of July 13. The advices said:

An announcement of the International Institute of Agriculture said that total wheat production in the United States will probably be about 24,000,000 tons, which compares with 17,000,000 produced last year and an average yearly production of 18,497,000.

Of the 1937 total, about 18,062,000 tons will be in winter wheat and 5.950,000 in spring wheat.

Production of Flour During June, 1937

General Mills, Inc., summarizes the comparative flour production as totaled for the mills reporting in the following milling centers. These mills annually account for approximately 65% of the total estimated United States flour production.

PRODUCTION OF FLOUR (NUMBER OF BARRELS)

	Month	of June	11 Mos. Ended June 30		
	1937	1936	1937	1936	
Northwest Southwest Lake, Central and Southern Pacific Coast	1,042,829 2,181,220 1,658,966 393,146	1,421,078 1,835,232 1,630,571 361,764	13,590,261 25,806,362 20,924,531 4,779,190	16,744,548 22,067,660 21,121,000 4,809,141	
Grand total, all mills reporting	5,276,161	5,248,645	65,100,344	64,742,349	

Petroleum and Its Products-Members of Interstate Compact Meet—Daily Average Crude Output Dips—Crude Oil Stocks Higher—Special Hearing Set for Texas Field—Anti-Trust Case Postponed

Observers from several non-member oil producing States attended the July 13 meeting of representatives of the six states comprising the Interstate Oil Compact Commission held in Santa Fe. The group has yet to add any members to the original six—Colorado, Illinois, Kansas, New Mexico, Oklahoma and Texas—although it has invited all other oil producing States to join the Commission.

Main factors discussed at the meeting were the need for

national legislation in connection with production of crude oil, the possibility of increased taxation on both crude and refined products, and the determination of waste brought about by storing oil over long periods of time. The Commission was founded on, and its principal purpose still is conservation of crude by improving methods of production and storage rather than arbitrarily articles. and storage rather than arbitrarily establishing production

The report of the American Petroleum Institute disclosing that the survey inaugurated by the United States Bureau of Mines to determine accurately the marketable value of oil in storage attracted much interest. The Institute reported that the Bureau of Mines has started an exhaustive analysis of samples of stored oil to determine the consequent loss from evaporation, basis settlement and spoilage. While approximately 1,400 samples already have been analyzed, it was continued, the Bureau declines to reveal any results until "many more tests are made."

With all major States paring production with the exception of California, daily average crude oil output for the week ended July 10 dipped 4,900 barrels fo 3,520,750 barrels, according to the American Petroleum Institute. The total was only 92,000 barrels above the July market demand as estimated by the Bureau of Mines, the smallest excess for production over estimated demand since last February. The 3,520,750-barrel figure, however, was nearly 575,000 barrels over actual turnout in the like 1936 period.

A decline of 1,300 barrels in Oklahoma brought the total

A decline of 1,300 barrels in Oklahoma brought the total for that State to 618,300 barrels, materially below the joint State-Federal quota of 629,700 barrels daily during July. Kansas also held below the 195,600 allowable, dipping 850 barrels to 192,150 barrels. Despite a drop of 6,200 barrels for Texas, the 1,410,400-barrel aggregate was substantially in excess of the State allowable of 1,385,476 barrels, and the Federal recommendation of 1,375,100 barrels.

Louisiana production dropped 6,900 barrels to 254,450, against the State allowable of 263,850 and the United States total of 253,000 barrels. The net decline of 16,700 barrels for all areas east of the Rocky Mountains was pared sharply

for all areas east of the Rocky Mountains was pared sharply by the 11,800-barrel spurt in California production. The boost lifted production there to 666,900 barrels, against 602,900 barrels set by the Central Committee of California Oil Producers and the Bureau of Mines' figures of 605,500

Stocks of domestic and foreign petroleum held in the United States showed the broadest expansion in many periods during the week ended July 3. The increase of 1,065,000 barrels reflected the high total daily average crude oil production ruling during this period, it was pointed out, and lifted the total to 308,744,000 barrels. Domestic stocks spurted 1,087,000 barrels, offsetting a drop of 22,000 barrels

in foreign crude inventories.

The Texas Railroad Commission announced in Austin on July 12 that a special meeting had been called for July 23 on the Colmena Field, Duval County. The Commission adopted a special order setting a spacing program of 1 well to 10 acres for a 15-day period. The Commission on the same day disclosed that despite the fact that production fell more than 1,000,000 barrels below the State allowable, May crude production for the State hit a new peak at 44,185,400 barrels, against a record quota of 45,402,338 barrels. New producing wells brought in during the month totaled 1,171, sending the aggregate for the State to 71,923, of which 29,185 are flowing and 42,738 operating "on the pump."

The Oklahoma Supreme Court on July 12 reaffirmed a decision ordering the Oklohoma Corporation Commission to grant the British-American Oil Producing Co. retroactive back allowable for its well No. 1 Mary Green, discovery well in the Mansion area of the Oklahoma City field, and further directed that the allowable be fixed at 109,320 barrels.

The case developed when the Commission originally denied the company an adjustment on its potential and allowable. The company argued that its well was completed Oct. 2, 1935, but that delay by conservation officials caused the hole to fill with oil. This meant, it was continued, that the swab was lost when official tests were started, which resulted in a "fishing job" that lasted until Dec. 25, 1925. The Commission had granted the company only the allowable from the date of completion of the official potential on the later date. The court ruled that the well was completed on Oct. 2, and held that to deny the company an adjustment will amount

to discrimination.

Operators of "stripper wells" in Venango County are obtaining a return barely enough to cover overhead charges, testimony before the Oil Industry Investigating Committee named by Governor Earle to probe the Pennsylvania oil industry revealed. Operators asked for relief from tax burdens and an import tax. The committee also heard witnesses testify on details of pipeline operation, refinery processes and the manner of fixing prices. The Government's anti-trust cases against major oil com-

panies were continued until Aug. 3 in Federal Court in Madison, Wis., on agreement between counsel, it was disclosed on July 13. Counsel for the "National Petroleum News" notified the court that he had asked for a bill of particulars on the Government's indictments.

There were no crude oil price changes.

Prices of Typical Crudes per Barrel at Wells (All gravities where A. P. I. degrees are not shown)

Bradford, Pa	\$2.82	Eldorado, Ark., 40	\$1.27
Lima (Ohio Oil Co.)	1.25	Rusk, Texas, 40 and over	1.35
Corning, Pa	1.42	Darst Creek	1.09
Illinois	1.35	Central Field, Mich	1.42
Western Kentucky	1.40	Sunburst, Mont	1.20
Mid-Cont't, Okla., 40 and above	1.30	Huntington, Calif., 30 and over	1.22
		Kettleman Hills, 39 and over	
Smackover, Ark., 24 and over	0.90	Petrolia, Canada	2.10

REFINED PRODUCTS-STANDARD OF JERSEYS POSTS WIDE-SPREAD GASOLINE PRICE BOOST—OTHER MAJOR COM-PANIES JOIN ADVANCE—MOTOR FUEL STOCKS SLUMP DESPITE HIGHER REFINERY OPERATIONS

Rising costs of production and transportation coupled with the record demand brought a wide-spread price increase in motor fuels for all grades and deliveries by the four marketing subsidiaries of Standard Oil Co. (N. J.) on July 12, effective the following day.

The ½ boost in tank car and tank wagon deliveries was put into effect by Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey, Standard of Pennsylvania, Standard of Louisiana and the Colonial-Beacon Oil Co. The sole exception to the broad increase was in the metropolitan New York area.

Back of the increase, which was met by all major companies operating in the areas affected by the far-flung lift in prices, are several factors, chief of which are the record pace of consumption, higher charter rates from the Gulf Coast here to Atlantic Seaboard areas and the higher levels ruling for crude oil.

Shell Union Oil Corp. on July 13 announced that it had met the increase throughout Pennsylvania and Delaware. The Texas Corp. stated that it would generally meet the increases, while the Gulf Oil Corp. advanced prices ½ cent

a gallon in West Virginia, Virginia and Maryland.

The Socony-Vacuum Oil Co., Inc., in addition to meeting the ½ cent advances posted in its New York-New England marketing area by the Colonial Beacon Oil Co. posted advances of ½ to 1 cent a gallon at several points around Boston and Providence where a sub-normal market had prevailed for some time.

Reflecting the record demand for gasoline over the Fourth-of-July week-end holiday, stocks of finished and unfinished motor fuel slumped 1,354,000 barrels during the week ended July 10 to 73,976,000 barrels, according to the American Petroleum Institute. It was pointed out, however, that had it not been for a revision of the July 3 storage figures, the decline would only have been 696,000 barrels. The July 10 total was equal to approximately 42 days' supply, against 43 days' supplies on hand at the like time last year.

Refinery gasoline stocks dropped 997,000 barrels to 42,813,000 barrels, while holdings at bulk terminals were off 404,000 barrels to 23,766,000 barrels. Stocks of unfinished gasoline rose 47,000 barrels to 7,397,000 barrels. Inventories of gas and fuel oil rose 1,973,000 to hit 103,537,000 barrels, which is about 4,000,000 barrels under last year.

Refinery operations came within fractions of the all-time high, climbing 0.7 point to 83.7% of capacity. Daily average runs of crude to stills broke through the old high of 3,320,000 barrels set last June 19 with a 55,000-barrel jump setting a new peak at 3,225,000 barrels. An increase of 25,000 barrels lifted production of cracked gasoline to 740,000 barrels.

Representative price changes follow:

July 12—Standard of New Jersey, Standard of Pennsylvania, Standard of Louisiana and Colonial-Beacon Oil posted an advance of ½ cent a

of Louisiana and Colonial-Beacon Oil posted an advance of $\frac{1}{2}$ cent a gallon in tank car and tank wagon prices on all grades of gasoline except metropolitan New York, effective July 13.

July 13—Shell Union Oil Corp., the Texas Corp. and Gulf Oil met the $\frac{1}{2}$ cent a gallon advances of the Standard group.

July 13—Socony-Vacuum met the $\frac{1}{2}$ cent increases of the Standard group, and also posted jumps of $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 cent a gallon in sub-normal markets around Beaton and Providence.

around Boston and Providence.

U. S. Gasoline (Above 65 Octane), Tank Car Lots, F.O.B. Refinery Other Cities-New York-

Stand. Oil N. J. 3 Socony-Vacuum. Tide Water Oil Co Richfield Oil (Cai.) Warner-Quinlan.	.08 .0814 .0714	Gulf Shell E		.0834	Chicago \$.0505; New Orleans06 ½07 Guif ports05 ½05; Tulsa05 ½05;	16
Kerosene	41-43	Water V	vhite. Tank	Car.	F.O.B. Refinery	

Gas Oil, F.O.B. Refinery or Terminal N. Y. (Bayonne)— 27 plus.......\$.04 % | Chicago, 28-30 D......\$.053 | Tulsa -- \$.02 14-.03

Gasoline, Service Station, Tax Included

 s New York
 \$.19
 Newark
 \$.165
 Buffaio
 \$.175

 s Brooklyn
 .19
 Boston
 .18
 Chicago
 177

 s Not including 2% city sales tax.
 18
 Chicago
 177

Daily Average Crude Oil Output off 4,900 Barrels in Week Ended July 10

The American Petroleum Institute estimates that the daily average gross crude oil production for the week ended July 10, 1937 was 3,520,750 barrels. This was a decline of 4,900 barrels from the output of the previous week. current week's figures remained above the 3,423,800 barrels calculated by the United States Department of the Interior to be the total of the restrictions imposed by the various oil-producting States during July. Daily average production for the four weeks ended July 10, 1937 is estimated at 3,521,750 barrels. The daily average output for the week ended July 11, 1936 totaled 2,947,700 barrels. Further details, as reported by the Institute, follow:

Imports of petroleum for domestic use and receipts in bond at principal United States ports for the week ended July 10 totaled 1,323,000 barrels, a daily average of 189,000 barrels, compared with a daily average of 185,286 barrels for the week ended July 3 and 187,250 barrels daily for the four weeks ended July 10.

Receipts of California oil at Atlantic and Gulf Coast ports for the week ended July 10, totaled 108,000 barrels, a daily average of 15,429 barrels compared with a daily average of 5,714 barrels for the week ended July 3 and 14,179 barrels for the four weeks ended July 10.

Reports received from refining companies owning 88.8% of the 4,084,000barrel estimated daily potential refining capacity of the United States, indicate that the industry as a whole ran to stills, on a Bureau of Mines

basis, 3,325.000 barrels of crude oil daily during the week, and that all companies had in storage at refineries, bulk terminals, in transit and in pipe lines as of the end of the week, 73,976,000 barrels of finished and unfinished gasoline and 103,537,000 barrels of gas and fuel oil.

Cracked gasoline production by companies owning 94.8% of the potential charging capacity of all cracking units indicates that the industry as a whole, on a Bureau of Mines' basis, produced an average of 740,000 barrels daily during the week.

DAILY AVERAGE CRUDE OIL PRODUCTION

	((Figures in Barrels)										
	B. of M Dept. of Interior Calcu- lations (July)		Week Ended July 10, 1937	Change from Previous Week	Four Weeks Ended July 10, 1937	Week Ended July 11. 1936						
OklahomaKansas	629,700 195,600											
Panhandle Texas		79,000 61,675 67,848 177,040 118,649 466,000 221,973 193,291	72,900 33,900 199,800 121,300 467,800 236,350	+300 +250 -800 -2,450 +1,250 -100	72,650 33,500 198,900 121,650 466,200 234,300	59,050 25,300 182,900 54,600 425,600 152,250						
Total Texas	1,375,100	1,385,476	1,410,400	-6,200	1,408,200	1,137,200						
North Louisiana Coastal Louisiana			85,950 168,500	-2,350 -4,550	94,850 172,750	79,800 150,750						
Total Louisiana	253,000	263,850	254,450	-6,900	257,600	230,550						
Arkansas	28,400 122,100 39,800 52,900 16,200 4,700		28,100 115,900 42,800 55,350 17,600 4,300	-7.650 -300 +6.450 +400	119,500 42,600 50,000 17,400 4,150	4,500						
New Mexico	100,800	114,500	114,500	-100	115,050	74,050						
Total East of Calif	2,818,300 605,500	x602,990	2,853,850 666,900		2,863,050 658,700	2,361,300 586,400						
Total United States.	3.423,800		3,520,750	-4,900	2,521,750	2,947,700						

* Recommendation of Central Committee of California Oil Producers. (Revised.) Note—The figures indicated above do not include any estimate of any oil which might have been surreptitiously produced.

CRUDE RUNS TO STILLS AND STOCKS OF FINISHED AND UNFINISHED GASOLINE AND GAS AND FUEL OIL, WEEK ENDED JULY 10, 1937 (Figures in Thousands of Barrels of 42 Gallons Each)

		y Refini apacity	ng	Crude to St			tocks of Finished and Unfinished Gasoline		
District						Fin	ished	Unfin'd	
	Poten-	Repor	ting		P. C.	AA Da	Terms	in Nap'tha	and
	Rate	Total	P. C.	age	ated	fineries		Distil.	Fuel
East Coast	669	669	100.0	563	84.2	5,342	12.383	1.157	9.646
Appalachian.	146	129	88.4	106	82.2	1,210	1,447	245	807
Ind., Ill., Ky	507	467	92.1	450	96.4	8,441	3,303	924	6.098
Okla., Kan.,			-						-,
Mo	449	380	84.6	309	81.3	4,483	2.615	613	3,202
Inland Texas	355	201	56 6	138	68.7	1,394	139	424	1.662
Texas Gulf	793	757	95.5	685	90.5		318	1.743	8,015
La. Gulf	164	158	96.3	146	92.4		459	329	2,344
No. LaArk.	91	58	63.7	43	74.1	257	129	92	406
Rocky Mtn.	89	62	69.7	46	74.2	1,631		102	794
California	821	746	90.9	551	73.9	9,540	2,273	1,468	67,963
Reported		3.627	88.8	3,037	83.7	39.813	23,066	7.097	100,937
Est. Unreptd		457		288		3,000	700	300	2,600
aEst.tot.U.S.									
July 10 '37	4.084	4.084		3,325		42.813	23,766	7.397	103.537
July 3 '37	4,084	4,084		3.270		c43,810			c101564
U. S.B.of M.									
aJuly 10 '36	1		- 1	b2.958		37.763	21,273	6.750	105,996

a Estimated on Bureau of Mines basis. b July, 1936, daily average. c Revised. Comparable with week of July 10 but not prior weeks.

May Production of Natural Gasoline

The daily average production of natural gasoline for May, 1937, was 5,403,000 gallons, according to a report prepared by the Bureau of Mines for Harold L. Ickes, Secretary of the Interior. This is 72,000 gallons lower than the 5,475,000 gallons daily average for April, but materially higher than the 5,314,000 gallons daily average for the first five months of the year and almost a million gallons above the 4,437,000 gallons daily average for May, 1936.

The only State to show a material increase was Oklahoma,

The only State to show a material increase was Oklahoma, the largest percentage decline was in the Appalachian district. Stocks at refineries and plants and terminals increased 29,274,000 gallons to 251,538,000 gallons on May 31, compared with 222,264,000 gallons on April 30.

PRODUCTION AND STOCKS OF NATURAL GASOLINE (In Thousands of Gallons)

		Prod	uction			St	ocks	
		1	1	1	May 3	May 31, 1937		30, 1937
	May, 1937	A pril, 1937	Jan May, 1937	Jan May, 1936	At Refin- eries	At Plants & Ter- minals	At Refin- eries	At Plants & Ter- minals
East coast					4.242		4,494	
Appalachian	5,689	6,509	34,366	30,669				
Ill., Mich., Ky	1,008	1,048	5,088	4,473	2,226	528	2,772	481
Oklahoma	40,665			166,699			3,318	21,914
Kansas	4,624	4,773	23,521	14,166	168	2,386	126	2,010
Texas	49,936	48,872		199,361	3,612	79,151	6,678	66,845
Louisiana	7,881	8.014	37.767	23,297	42	4,471	126	2,291
Arkansas	1,014	945	4.543	4,990	378			119
Rocky Mountain	5,949	5,799	28,257	23.943	3,402	2,468	2,478	2,227
California	50,730			236,617	105,630	2,359	97.734	2,221
Total					124,530	127,008	118,272	103,992
Daily aver.	5,403	5,475	5,314	4,633				
Total (thousands	3,988	3,911	19,104	16.767	2,965	3,024	2,816	2,476
Daily aver.						0,021	-,010	-,

Coal Production During Week Ended July 3

The United States Department of the Interior, in its weekly coal report, showed that-production of soft coal for the country as a whole showed little change in the week ended July 3. The total output is estimated at 7,215,000 net tons, an increase of 67,000 tons, or 0.9%, over the preceding week. Production in the corresponding week in 1936 (a holiday week) amounted to 6,481,000 tons.

Anthracite production in Pennsylvania during the week

Anthracite production in Pennsylvania during the week ended July 3 is estimated at 1,012,000 net tons, an increase of 119,000 tons, or 13.3%, over the preceding week. Production in the corresponding week of 1936 amounted to 939,000 tons.

ESTIMATED UNITED STATES PRODUCTION OF COAL AND BEEHIVE COKE (IN NET TONS)

Week Ended—	July 3, 1937 d	June 26, 1937 c	July 4, 1936
Bituminous coai: a			
Total, including colliery fuel	7.215,000	7,148,000	6,481,000
Daily average	1,203,000	1,191,000	21,296,000
Pennsylvania anthracite: b			-
Total, including colliery fuel	1,012,000	893,000	939,000
Daily average	168,700	148,800	g187,800
Commercial production_c	964,000	850,000	894,000
Beehive coke:			
Total for period	63,100	65,600	18,100
Daily average	10.517	10,933	g3.620
Calendar Year to Date—	1937	1936 f	1929 f
Bituminous coal:a			
Total, including colliery fuel	224,987,000	201,343,000	259,129,000
Daily average	1,447,000	1,303,000	1,667,000
Pennsylvania anthracite: b			
Total, including colliery fuel	h	h	h
Daily average	h	h l	h
Commercial production c	h	h	h
Beehive coke:			
Total for period	1,855,900	670,000	3,447,100
	11,746	4,268	21,956

a Includes for purposes of historical comparison and statistical convenience the production of lignite and of anthracite and semi-anthracite outside of Pennsylvania. b Includes washery and dredge coal and coal shipped by truck from authorized operations. c Excludes colliery fuel. d Subject to revision. e Revised. f Adjusted to make comparable the number of working days in the three years. g Average based on five days. h Comparable data not yet available.

ESTIMATED WEEKLY PRODUCTION OF COAL, BY STATES (IN THOUSANDS OF NET TONS)

[The current estimates are based on railroad carloadings and river shipments and are subject to revision on receipt of monthly tonnage reports from district and State sources, or of final annual returns from the operators.]

State		W	eek Ende	d—		June Arge. 1923 d
State	June 26 1937 p	June 19 1937 p	June 27 1936 r	June 29 1935	June 29 1929	
Alaska	2	2	3	. 2	8	
Alabama	236	225	200	178	325	387
Arkansas and Oklahoma	16	13	22	20	62	70
Colorado	70	66	77	59	120	178
Georgia and North Carolina		1	*	*		
Illinois	590	590	682	592	842	1.243
Indiana	240	248	233	244	297	416
Iowa	6	8	52	48	57	'88
Kansas and Missouri	74	66	86	100	101	128
Kentucky—Eastern	709	706	698	603	901	661
Western	123	120	104	113	195	183
Maryland	23	24	28	28	43	47
Michigan	3	4	2	5	11	12
Montana	33	33	44	33	50	38
New Mexico	22	36	23	23	46	51
North and South Dakota	15	15	11	12	s13	814
Ohio	399	418	328	295	446	888
Pennsylvania bituminous	1.934	1,966	1,859	1.854	2.802	3.613
Tennessee	96	91	74	75	99	113
Texas	15	14	14	13	16	21
Utah	30	34	20	31	58	89
Virginia	250	245	190	1881	238	240
Washington	26	25	25	21	51	44
West Virginia-Southern a	1.587	1.570	1.641	1.491	2.045	1.380
Northern_b	568	510	382	402	735	856
Wyoming	81	81	68	105	93	104
Other Western States_c	*	1	1	*	s2	ső.
Total bituminous coal	7.148	7,112	6,867	6,515	9,648	10,866

a Includes operations on the N. & W., C. & O., Virginian, K. & M., B. C. & G., and on the B. & O. in Kanawha, Mason, and Clay counties. b Rest of State, including the Panhandic District and Grant, Mineral, and Tucker counties. c Includes Arizona, California Idaho, Nevada, and Oregon. d Average weekly rate for the entire month. p Preliminary. r Revised. s Alaska, Georgia, North Carolina, and South Dakota included with "other Western States." * Less than 1,000 tons.

World Zinc Production

The American Bureau of Metal Statistics issued the following compilation of world zine production by primary metallurgical works in short tons:

*	May, 1937	A pril, 1937	March, 1937	February, 1937	January, 1937	Dec., 1936
United States	55.012	52,009	53,202	37,794	40,047	47,050
Other North America a Belgium and Neth-	17,894	17,469	17,371	10,418	11,660	13,735
lands	23,500	22,900	23,200	21,500	23,300	23,300
France	6,090	5,961	6,178	5,172	5,568	5,257
Germany	c15,000	14.572	14.912	13.554	14,589	13,579
Italy	c3,000	c3,100	3,200	3,100	3,200	2,700
Rhodesia	1,322	1,691	1,960	1,786	1,921	1,960
Spain	c500	434	c600	c600	639	629
Anglo-Australian.	12,541	11,965	12,599	10,942	12,413	11,941
b Elsewhere	27,400	26,900	26,600	24,300	26,000	25,100
World's total	162,259	157,001	159,822	129,166	139,337	145,251
United States	55,012	52,009	53,202	37,794	40,047	47,050
Elsewhere	107,247	104,992	106,620	91,372	99,290	98,201

a Partly estimated. b Includes Norway, Poland, Japan, and Indo-China, with estimates for Czechoslovakia, Yugoslavia, and Russia. c Estimated.

June Anthracite Shipments 14.92% Above a Year Ago

Shipments of anthracite for the month of June, 1937, as reported to the Anthracite Institute, amounted to 4,-040,363 net tons. This is an increase, as compared with shipments during the preceding month of May, of 249,842

net tons, or 6.59%, and when compared with June, 1936, shows an increase of 524,485 net tons, or 14.92%. Shipments by originating carriers (in net tons) are as follows:

	June, 1937	May, 1937	June, 1936	May,1936
Reading Co	923,214	406,712	673,378	956,304
Lehigh Valley RR	782,186	781,767	749,544	856,235
Central RR. of New Jersey	321,085	401,598	287,135	299,770
Del. Lackawanna & Western RR	559,965	648,881	451,865	473,526
Delaware & Hudson RR Corp	402,712	439,477	404,656	592,953
Pennsylvania RR	454,818	395,426	335,687	402,558
Erie RR	355,926	304,235	272,336	248,621
New York Ontario & Western Ry	105,619	153,684	195,656	184,195
Lehigh & New England RR	134,838	258,741	145,621	259,973
Total	4.040,363	3,790,521	3.515,878	4,274,185

June Production and Shipments of Slab Zinc

The American Zinc Institute on July 7 released the following tabulation of slab zinc statistics:

SLAB ZINC STATISTICS (ALL GRADES)-1929-1937

		(Tons	of 2,000 Pe	junds)	-	1	1
	Produced During Period	Shipped During Period	Stock at End of Period	(a) Shipped for Export	Retorts Operating End of Period	Average Retorts During Period	Unfilled Orders End of Period
77 1000							
Year 1929 Year 1930	631,601 504,463	602,601 436,275	75,430 143,618	6,352	57,999 31,240	68,491 47,769	18,585 26,651
Year 1931	300,738	314,514	129.842	41	19,875	23,099	18,273
Year 1932	213,531	218,517	124,856	170	21.023	18.560	8.478
Year 1933	324,705	344,001	105,560	239	27,190	23,653	15,978
Year 1934	366,933	352,663	119,830	148	32,944	28,887	30,786
Year 1935	431,499	465,746	83,758	59	38,329	32,341	51,186
1936							
January	41,642	46,341	79,059	0	38,205	35,872	42,219
February	36,156	39,846	75,369	0	38,004	34,334	56,829
March	42,411	38,087	79,693	0	37,922	36,189	41,638
April	43,180	42,239	80,634	0	41,400	37,778	35,968
May	44,833	43,905	81,562	0	41,048	37,888	28,370
June	44,875	41,582	84,855	0{	40,700	38,176	27,090
	44 404			0}	*36,934	*36,972	
July	45,481	41,819	88,517	1 {	41,308	38,135	44,458
	40 -40	40.010	00.010		*37,350	*36,734	la
August	43,542	46,013	86,046	0{	41,308 *36,418	38,358 *37,006	65,173
September	42,211	51,775	76,482	0	40,672	38,326	54,064
Deptember	42,211	01,110	10,202	1	*36,843	*36,897	}02,002
October	46,225	53,963	68,744	0	41,733	39,157	60.513
000000	20,220	00,000	00,1	1	*38,052	*37,893	}
November	45,670	56,887	57.527	0	43,103	40,125	75.891
		,	0.,000	1	*38,607	*38,588	1
December	46,940	59.512	44,955	0	42,965	40,642	78,626
				-1	*38,461	*38,538	}
Total for yr.	523,166	561,969		0			
Monthly aver.	43,597	46,831		0		37,915	
1937	40.047			0/	40.005	40.010	100 544
January	40,047	51,227	33,775	0{	40,285	40,613	76,544
February	37,794	46,953	24,616	0	*35,719 42,786	*38,447 39,948	77,969
rebruary	37,792	40,955	24,010	0	*38,289	*37,851	11,909
March	53,202	59,635	18,183	0)	43,635	40,588	89,846
				- 31	*38,979	*38,417	[
April	52,009	56,229	13,963	0/	43,660	41,177	81,448
	** ***			[]	*39,019	*38,936	Com * 45
May	55,012	55,201	13,774	0)	43,724	43,429	67,143
Yann a	FO FOC	FO 010	14 001	- 1	*43,270	*42,519	1 =0 000
June	50,526	50,219	14,081	0{	44,186	43,205	59,209
				()	*43,007	*42,186)

* Equivalent retorts computed on 24-hour basis. a Export shipments are included in total shipments.

Copper Statistics for Month of June, 1937

The copper Institute on July 14 released the following statistics pertaining to the production, deliveries and stocks of duty-free copper.

UNITED STATES DUTY-FREE COPPER STATISTICS (IN TONS OF 2,000 LBS.)

	Mine or Smelter Production	Refined	Delivertes to	x Refined Stock at	
	& Custom Intake	Production	Domestic	Export	Refineries
Year 1933					523,435
Year 1934		336,710	379,843	125.866	354,436
Year 1935		496,658	528,194	91,485	231,415
Year 1936	731,629	748,660	764,560	54,447	161,068
Jan. 1936	57,201	55.845	54,390	1.982	230,888
Feb. 1936		54,451	51.417	3,630	230,292
Mar. 1936	57.574	67,147	56,448	2,287	238,704
April 1936	61.560	58,801	59,704	3.874	233,927
May 1936	62,100	59,374	59,906	3.090	230,305
June 1936	55,960	60,562	57,149	4,901	228,817
July 1936	50,420	53,985	59.807	4,290	218,705
Aug. 1936	51,961	55,410	64,140	4,239	205,736
Sept. 1936	66,842	62,655	75,892	3,780	188,719
Oct. 1936	72,074	72,895	75.919	7.677	178,018
Nov. 1936	73,978	68,682	67,379	8,030	171,291
Dec. 1936	69,656	78,853	82,409	6,667	161,068
Jan. 1937	75,212	68,097	80,812	5,979	142,374
Feb. 1937	72,023	71,233	74,610	2,876	136,121
Mar. 1937	91,117	83,676	94,830	3,519	121,448
April 1937	94,580	83,178	95,884	9,166	99,576
May 1937	87,655	95,265	81,336	4,920	108,585
June 1937	89,732	86,016	77,725	5,856	111,020

x On consignment and in commission exchange warehouse. Does not include unsumers' stocks at their plants or warehouses.

Zinc Advanced to 7c. St. Louis Basis-Lead in De Copper Stocks Rise

"Metal and Mineral Markets" in its issue of July 15 reported that the feature in the market for non-ferrous metals was the unexpected activity in zinc, following publication of the June statistics that revealed that virtually no progress was made in alleviating the shortage in supplies. Prime Western zinc advanced one-quarter cent per pound. The copper statistics, showing an increase in stocks, had no

apparent influence on the price structure of that metal. Demand for lead was good and the views of most producers were strengthened. Tin showed little change. Domestic antimony was advanced and refined platinum moved up \$1 per ounce. Quicksilver declined \$1 per flask. The publication further reports:

Copper

The copper statistics for June, released July 14, showed a gain in world stocks of refined and blister of 18,000 tons. Of this total 6,151 tons represented the net increase in this country and the remainder abroad. Stocks of refined in this country increased 2,435 tons, with the gain in the total abroad 7,882 tons. The increase in stocks was smaller than expected. Domestic mine production increased from 72,088 tons in May to 73,610

tons last month. Foreign mine production was 4,410 tons smaller in June than in the preceding month. Deliveries were down both here and abroad. The copper statistics of the Copper Institute for the months of May and

June, in short tons, are summarized as follows:

May	June	May	June
Production (blister):		Deliveries, refined (appa-	
United States mine 72,088			
U. S. scrap, &c 15,567	16,122		77,725
Foreign mine112,048	107,638	Foreign114,719	111,957
Foreign scrap, &c 8,911	10.597		
		Totals196,055	189.682
Totals208,614	207.967		
		domestic only 4.920	5.856
Production (refined):		Stocks, refined:	-1
United States 95.265	86.016		111,020
	113,983		
Total	110,000	10101811	1001110
Totals 204 140	199 999	Totals 201 448	301.765

(Detailed U. S. figures as released by the copper Institute are given

elsehwere in this department—Ed.)

Demand for copper in the domestic market was fair and held at about the same rate as in recent weeks, the total quantity booked in the last seven days amounting to 11,881 tons. There was no talk of a higher market, but days amounting to 11,881 tons. There was no talk of a higher market, but the tone was firm on the 14c. basis. Quotations abroad showed little net change, compared with a week ago. Buying was in fair volume until July 14 when traders elected to move slowly pending publication of the June sta-

The recent improvement in the demand for lead continued in the week just ended. In fact, the buying was on a larger scale, with most of the important consuming industries represented in the week's business. Sales for the week totaled 7,450 tons, which compares with 5,250 tons in the pre-

ceding seven-day period. Producers believe that the improved labor outlook encouraged buying. The undertone at the close was quite firm.

Quotations continued at 6c., New York, which was also the contract settling basis of the American Smelting & Refining Co., and 5.85c., St. Louis. Business was reported by St. Joseph Lead in its own brands for delivery in the East at a premium.

London prices ruled firm on a steady call for the metal . The market abroad held around 5½c. per pound in terms of United States currency.

Zinc

As the week opened, demand for zinc became quite active, and, with supplies scarce, the situation strengthened appreciably. By Saturday several producers announced that their quotations would be raised one-quarter cent per pound. This failed to check the buying interest, and inquiry continued fairly active throughout the remainder of the week. Sales in the week that ended yesterday totaled more than 20,000 tons. A good part of the total traded in called for future delivery; in fact, last-quarter business accounted for a substantial tonnage. The June statistics disappointed many consumers who confidently expected production to increase. Stocks of Prime Western at the end of June totaled only 10,256 tons, or actually less than a month previous. Total stocks, all grades, amounted to 14,081 tons. The 7c. basis for Prime Western zinc became effective on Monday, July 12.

Tin

There was a fair demand for tin during the last week, and prices ruled firm. It was reported that Straits shipment are increasing, but this news was offset as a market factor by rumors that Bolivian producers are experiencing further trouble because of labor and political unrest. The rumors, however, lacked confirmation. Consumption of tin in the United States continues at a high level. Spot supplies remain light. Compared with a week ago the price of Straits tin advanced about one-quarter cent per

Imports of tin into the United States in the first five months of 1937 totaled 87,813,000 lb., against 66,668,000 lb. in the same perod last year. Chinese tin, 99%, was nominally as follows: July 8th, 58.375c.; 9th, 58.125c.; 10th, 58.150c.; 12th, 57.875c.; 13th 58.500c.; 14th, 58.875c.

DAILY PRICES OF METALS ("E. & M. J." QUOTATIONS)

	Electrolytic Copper		Straits Tin	Lei	Zinc	
	Dom., Refy.	Exp., Refy.	New York	New York	St. Louis	St. Louis
July 8	13.775	13.825	59.625	6.00	5.85	6.75
July 9	13.775	13.800	59.375	6.00	5.85	6.75
July 10	13.775	13.800	59.400	6.00	5.85	6.75
July 12	13.775	13.800	59.125	6.00	5.85	7.00
July 13	13.775	13.850	59.750	6.00	6.85	7.00
July 14	13.775	13.750	60.125	6.00	5.85	7.00
Average	13.775	13.804	59.567	6.00	5.85	6.875

Average prices for calendar week ended July 10 are: Domestic copper f.o.b. refinery, 13.775c.; export copper, 13.850c.; Straits tin, 59.480c.; New York lead, 6.00c.; St. Louis lead, 5.85c.; St. Louis zinc, 6.75c., and silver, 44.750c. The above quotations are "M. & M. M. "s" appraisal of the major United States markets, based on sales reported by producers and agencies. They are reduced to the basis of cash, New York or St. Louis, as noted. All prices are in cents per pound, Copper, lead and zinc quotations are based on sales for both prompt and future deliveries; tin quotations are for prompt delivery only.

Daily London Prices

	Coppe	Copper, Std.	Copper Tin, Std.		*Lead		*Zinc		
	Spot	3М	Electro. (Bid)	Spot	3M	Spot	3M	Spot	3M
July 8 July 9	5615 ₁₆ 563%	5615 ₁₆ 5634	62¼ 62	264¾ 264	264¾ 264	2415 ₁₆ 2413 ₁₆	2411 ₁₆ 249 ₁₆	2214	221116 221116
July 12 July 13	56 1/4 56 1/4	56 3/8 56 3/8	62 62	261¾ 266⅓	$261\frac{1}{4}$ $265\frac{1}{4}$	24 1/8 2413 ₁₆	24 5/8 249 ₁₆	2234 2213 ₁₆	22 1/8
July 14	55916	553/4	62	266%	265%	241316	24 %	23	23316

x Buyers' price.

Prices for lead and zinc are the official prices for the first session of the London Metal Exchange; prices for copper and tin are the official closing buyers' prices. All are in pounds sterling per long ton (2,240 lb.).

June Steel Shipments Lower Than Preceding Month

Snipments of finished steel products by subsidiaries of the United States Steel Corp. were smaller in June than in May, but as compared with the corresponding month a year ago, presented at least as substantial a gain as preceding months showed over the earlier period. 1,268,550 tons were shipped in June; in May the amount shipped was 1,304,039 tons, and in April 1,343,644 tons. In June, 1936, however, the figure was only 886,065 tons.

Following is a tabulation of the monthly shipments since

1933:

TONNAGE OF SHIPMENTS OF STEEL PRODUCTS BY MONTHS FOR YEARS INDICATED

Month	Year 1933	Year 1934	Year 1935	Year 1936	Year 1937
January	285,138	331.777	534.055	721,414	1.149.918
February	275,929	385,500		676.315	1.133.724
March	256,793	588,209	668.056	783.552	1,414,399
April	335,321	643.009	591.728	979,907	1,343,644
May	455,302	745.064	598,915	984.097	1.304.039
June	603.937	985,337	578,108	886.065	1,268,550
July	701.322	369,938	547.794	950.851	-,,
August	668,155	378,023	624,497	923,703	7
September	575,161	370,306	614.933	961.803	
October	572,897	343.962	686,741	1,007,417	
November	430,358	366,119	681,820	882,643	
December	600,639	418,630	661,515	1,067,365	
Yearly adjustment	+(44,283)	-(19,907)	—(23,750)	-(40,859)	
Total for year	5,805,235	5,905,966	7.347.549	10.784.273	

Steel Output in June Drops 19% Below May

Production of steel ingots during June dropped off sharply because of strike conditions and failed to equal the May out-

because of strike conditions and failed to equal the May output by nearly 1,000,000 gross tons, according to a report released July 8 by the American Iron and Steel Institute.

June production amounted to 4,183,762 gross tons, almost 19% below the total of 5,153,559 gross tons produced in May. Percentage of capacity operated in June was 74.46, compared with 88.82% in May.

Total production in the first six months of 1937 almost certainly would have set a new all-time peak for the half-

certainly would have set a new all-time peak for the half-year period had output not been curtained by strikes. A total of 28,764,633 gross tons of steel ingots was produced during the first half of 1937, less than 1% below the output of 29,036,274 gross tons in the first half of 1929. The total in the first six months of this year was almost four times as much as the total of 7,697,210 gross tons produced in the first half of 1932.

The tonnage produced in June was only 5% above the output of 3,975,569 gross tons in June, 1936 but the six months' total for this year was 35% above the total of 21,-276,007 gross tons in the corresponding produced in June was only 5% above the six months' total for this year was 35% above the total of 21,-276,097 gross tons in the corresponding period of last year.

MONTHLY PRODUCTION OF OPEN HEARTH AND BESSEMER STEEL INGOTS—JANUARY, 1936, TO JUNE, 1937 (Calculations based on reports of companies which in 1936 made 98.29% of the open hearth and 100% of the Bessemer ingot production)

	Calculated Produ		Calculated Weekly	Number of Weeks in
-	Gross Tons	*Per Cent of Capacity	Production (Gross Tons)	Month
1937				
January	4,724,939	81.43	1,066,578	4.43
February	4,413,832	84,25	1,103,458	4.00
March	5,216,666	89.91	1,177,577	4.43
First quarter	14,355,437	85,23	1,116,286	12.86
April	5.071.875	90.27	1.182.255	4.29
May	5.153,559	88.82	1,163,332	4.43
June	4,183,762	74.46	975,236	4.29
Second quarter'	14,409,196	84.56	1,107,548	13.01
First six months	28,764,633	84.89	1,111,891	25.87
1936—				
January	3,039,804	52.39	686,186	4.43
February	2.956.891	54.53	714,225	4.14
March	3,333,853	57,46	752,563	4.43
First quarter	9,330,548	54.80	717,734	13.00
April	3,932,605	69.99	914.593	4.29
May	4,037,375	69.58	911,371	4.43
June	3,975,569	70.75	926,706	4.29
Second quarter	11,945,549	70.10	918,182	13.01
First six months	21,276,097	62.45	817,997	26.01
fuly	3,914,370	67.61	885,604	4.42
ugust	4,184,287	72.11	944,534	4.43
September	4,151,388	74.05	969,950	4.28
	4,101,000	71.00	200,000	4.20
Third quarter	12,250,045	71.23	932,981	13.13
Nine months	33,526,142	65.40	856,570	39.14
October	4,534,246	78.15	1,023,532	4.43
November.	4.323.025	76.94	1,007,698	4.29
December	4,424,367	76.42	1,000,988	4.42
Fourth quarter	13,281,638	77.17	1,010,779	13.14
Total	46,807,780	68.36	895,329	52.28

Note—The percentages of capacity operated are calculated on weekly capacities of 1,309,760 gross tons based on annual capacities as of Dec. 31, 1936 as follows: Open hearth and Bessemer ingots, 68,290,862 gross tons.

June Pig Iron Output Down: First Half Rises 46.4%

The "Iron Age," in its issue of July 8, reported that production of coke pig iron in June, at 3,107,506 gross tons, compares with 3,537,231 tons in May. As was to be expected on account of the strikes, the daily rate last month dropped 9.2% from that in May, or from 114,104 to 103,584 tons. The "Age" further reported:

Output for the first half of this year rose to 19,706,593 tons from 13,528,226 tons in the corresponding period last year, or a gain of 46.4% in the daily rate. The first six months is the highest for that period since the all-time high reached in 1929, when 21,640,960 tons was produced, and contrasts sharply with the recent all-time low in 1933, when production dropped to only 4,441,008 tons.

There was a net gain of 11 furnaces making iron on July 1, the 181 furnaces operating at a rate of 105,975 tons daily against 170 on June 1, producing 103,960 tons daily. Fourteen furnaces were blown in during the month and three were blown out or banked. The United States Steel Corp. put in one turnace and took one off blast; independent producers put 11 in operation and took one off blast, and merchant producers put two in and one out.

Among the furnaces blown in were the following: One Ensley, Tennessee Coal, Iron & RR. Co.; one Susquehanna, National Steel Corp.; one Sparrows Point, Bethlehem Steel Codp.; three Haselton, one Pioneer, Republic Steel Corp.; three Campbell, one Hubbard, Grace and Jeanette, Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co., and one Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co. furnace.

Furnaces blown out or banked included: One Gary, Carnegie-Illinois Steel Corp.; one Monessen, Pittsburgh Steel Co., and the Rackdale furnace of the Tennessee Products Corp.

The number of available furnaces making pig iron has been reduced from 241 to 240 by the dismantling of the Vanderbilt furnace of the Woodward Iron Co.

DAILY AVERAGE PRODUCTION OF COKE PIG IRON IN THE UNITED STATES BY MONTHS SINCE JAN. 1, 1932—GROSS TONS

	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937
January	31,380	18,348	39,201	47,656	65,351	103.597
February	33,251	19,798	45.131	57,448	62,886	107,115
March	31.201	17,484	52,243	57.098	65.816	111,596
April	28,430	20,787	57,561	55,449	80,125	113,055
May	25.276	28,621	65,900	55.713	85,432	114,104
June	20,935	42,166	64,338	51,750	86,208	103,584
First six months.	28,412	24,536	54,134	54,138	74,331	108,876
July	18,461	57.821	39.510	49,041	83,686	
August	17.115	59,142	34.012	56.816	87,475	
September	19,753	50,742	29,935	59,216	91,010	
October	20,800	43,754	30,679	63.820	96,512	
November	21.042	36,174	31,898	58,864	98,246	
December	17,615	38,131	33,149	67,950	100,485	
12 mos. average	23,733	36,199	43,592	57,556	83,658	

PRODUCTION OF COKE PIG IRON AND OF FERROMANGANESE

	Ptg Iron x		Ferroman	ganese
	1937	1936	1937	1936
January February March. April May June	3,211,500 2,999,218 3,459,473 3,391,665 3,537,231 3,107,506	2,025,885 1,823,706 2,040,311 2,403,683 2,648,401 2,586,240	23,060 24,228 27,757 26,765 34,632 34,415	24.766 24.988 22.725 19.667 18.363 15,549
Half year	19,706,593	13,528,226	170,857	128,058
July	•	2,594,268 2,711,721 2,730,393 2,991,887 2,947,365 3,115,037		20,205 20,658 15,919 19,805 24,368 25,715
Year		30,618,797		254,728

z These totals do not include charcoal pig iron. y Included in pig iron figures

All Major Steel Units Resume Operations

The July 15 issue of "Iron Age" stated that with resumption of work at the Indiana Harbor works of the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co., all of the major steel units that were affected by strikes are again operating. This, together with the starting up of mills that were closed for vacations last week, brings the average operating rate for the industry up to 83%, and it will be 85% or higher by the end of the week, when Sheet & Tube's Chicago district plant will be turning out steel and some units of Republic Steel Corp. will be on a better operating basis. The "Age" further stated:

The Chicago average rate is 79 ½%, but it will be 86% by Friday July 16, compared with 94% just prior to the strike, but equal to the best rates that prevailed during April and the early part of May. Republic Steel Corp. is now averaging better than 80% in its plants. Its operations in the Youngstown district, at 62%, will be increased this week. All of its blast furnaces in that area have resumed production. Its Cleveland plant has 12 of its 14 open hearth furnaces in operation and 85% of its employees there have returned to work. The Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co. is on a normal operating basis in Youngstown,

The effect of holiday and vacation shutdowns last week was most noticeable in the Pittsburgh-Wheeling area. The Pittsburgh rate has rebounded 17 points to 86% of capacity and the Wheeling rate is also up 17 points to

Indications are that the industry will hold to an average rate of 85% during the remainder of July. Present operations in some products are possible through August and even longer, but the continued decline in new business, unless arrested, may reduce rollings of other products by next month. Large backlogs exist in tin plate, sheets and heavy plate, but orders are needed for bars, strip steel, rails and some other items. Sheet backlogs are so extended that some buyers are now making reservations as far ahead as December at whatever price is in effect at shipping time. In view of this situation, there is a possibility that fourth quarter prices may be announced within the next week or two so that consumers may make their plans for the fourth quarter. It is generally believed there will be no price advances except possibly on tin plate and pig iron.

The only reversal of the downward trend in new buying has come to a moderate extent from the automobile industry. General Motors has placed orders for fairsized lots of sheets for 1938 models and Ford Motor Co. is inquiring for sheets for 250,000 cars. A general buying movement from the automobile industry is expected within the next few weeks for its new models. This activity is already reflected in pig iron purchases at Cleveland, where three orders totaling 15,000 tons have been placed for automobile csatings. Other industries whose steel buying is on an undiminished basis are the manufacturers of farm tractors and electric refrigerators.

A spectacular rise in prices of steel scrap reflects partly the conviction of the usually foresighted scrap trade that the steel strikes have been decisively defeated and that steel buying should show signs of an upward trend before many weeks. There has been some mill buying of scrap at advanced prices, but the scrap price rise has been hastened by short covering by brokers on orders taken at higher than today's prices. Advances of \$1.50 at Philadelphia, \$1 at Chicago and 75c. at Pittsburgh have raised the "Iron Age" scrap composite price to \$18.50, a rise of \$1.08, which is more than occurred in any one week of the spring advance. A repetition of the first quarter flurry is not unlikely as reports are heard of scrap scarcity caused to a large extent by heavy exports.

Appraisal of fourth quarter prospects for steel is generally favorable, based on resumption of automobile manufacturing of new models on a fairly large scale following curtailment during the changeover period of the next few weeks; farm prosperity that will result from abundant crops marketed at high prices; and further railroad buying of equipment as carloadings rise to autumn peaks. In addition, a growing export demand will take whatever surplus American mills may have to offer. British buying under reduced import duties has begun with the purchase of a fairly large tonnage of tin bars for Welsh tin plate mills.

THE "IRON AGE" COMPOSITE PRICES

Finishe	d Steel	
July 13, 1937, 2.605c, a Lb. One week ago	wire, rails, black rolled strips. The	beams, tank plates, pipe, sheets and hot see products represent d States output.

		1 84/10		44	uw
1937		Mar.	9	2.330e.	Mar. 2
1936	_2.330c.	Dec. 2	28	2.084c.	Mar. 10
1935	_2.130c.	Oct.	1	2.124c.	Jan. 8
1934	_2.199c.	Apr. 2	24	2.008c.	Jan. 2
1933	_2.015c.	Oct.	3	1.867c.	Apr. 18
1932	_1.977c.	Oct.	4	1.926c.	Feb. 2
1931	_2.037c.	Jan. 1	13	1.945c.	Dec. 29
1930	_2.273c.	Jan.	7	2.018c.	Dec. 9
1929	_2.317e.	Apr.	2	2.273c.	Oct 29
1928	_2.286c.	Dec. 1	11	2.217c.	July 17
1927		Jan.	4	2.212c.	Nov. 1

Pig Ir	on
July 13, 1937, \$23.25 a Gross Ton (B	sased on average of basic iron at Valley
One week ago\$23.25	furnace and foundry irons at Chicago,
One month ago 23.25	Philadelphia, Buffalo, Valley, and
One year ago 18.84	Southern from at Cincinnati

	I.	Isoh	I	ow
1937	\$23.25	Mar. 9	\$20.25	Feb. 16
1936	19.73	Nov. 24	18.73	Aug. 11
1935	18.84	Nov. 5	17.83	May 14
1934	17.90	May 1	16.90	Jan. 27
1933	16.90	Dec. 5	13.56	Jan. 3
1932	14.81	Jan. 5	13.56	Dec. 6
1931		Jan. 6	14.79	Dec. 15
1930	18.21	Jan. 7	15.90	Dec. 16
1929	18.71	May 14	18.21	Dec. 17
1928	18.59	Nov. 27	17.04	July 24
1927	19.71	Jan. 4	17.54	Nov. I

| Steel | Scrap | Steel | Scrap | Steel | Stee

	. E	r rgn	L	ow
1937	\$21.92	Mar. 30	\$17.08	June 15
1936	17.75	Dec. 21	12.67	June 9
1935	13.42	Dec. 10	10.33	Apr. 23
1934	13.00	Mar. 13	9.50	Sept. 25
1933	12.25	Aug. 8	6.75	Jan. 3
1932	8.50	Jan. 12	6.43	July 5
1931	11.33	Jan. 6	8.50	Dec. 29
1930	15.00	Feb. 18	11.25	Dec. 9
1929		Jan. 29	14.08	Dec. 3
1928		Dec. 31	13.08	July 2
1927		Jan. 11	13.08	Nov. 22

The American Iron and Steel Institute on July 12 announced that telegraphic reports which it has received indicated that the operating rate of steel companies having 98% of the steel capacity of the industry will be 82.7% of capacity for the week beginning July 12 compared with 67.3% one week ago, 76.6% one month ago and 69.0% one year ago. This represents an increase of 15.4 points, or 22.9% from the estimate for the, week July 6, 1937. Weekly indicated rates of steel operations since June 8, 1936, follow:

1936-	1936-	1937-	1937—
June 869.5%	Sept. 21 74.4%		Apr. 1991.3%
	Sept. 2875.4%		Apr. 2692.3%
June 2270.2%	Oct. 575.3%		May 391.0%
June 3074.0%	Oct. 12 75.9%		May 1091.2%
July 667.2%	Oct. 19 74.2%	Feb. 1 79.6%	May 1790.0%
July 1369.0%	Oct. 26 74.3%		May 2491.0%
July 2070.9%			May 3177.4%
July 2771.5%			June 7 76.2%
Aug. 3 71.4%			June 1476.6%
Aug. 1070.0%			June 2175.9%
Aug. 1772.2%			June 2875.0%
Aug. 2472.5%	Dec. 776.6%	Mar. 2289.6%	July 567.3%
Aug. 3171.5%			July 1282.7%
		Apr. 5 89.9%	
Sent 14 72 50%	Dec 28 77 0%	Apr 12 90 3%	

"Steel" of Cleveland, in its summary of the iron and steel markets, on July 12 stated:

In the face of expected decline in steel buying in the lighter lines steel-makers continue to produce at the best rate circumstances will allow, in the effort to work off tonnages already specified and to reduce the present delay in deliveries.

In spite of such efforts some mills can offer no better than ten to 12
weeks on cold-rolled sheets and some are booked into October on hot-

rolled. In other cases four to eight weeks can be obtained.

With this situation, better buying is appearing in other lines, notably in heavy steel, and some early placements of sheets, strip, bars and other steel are being made for 1938 models of automobiles. Railroads have placed substantial orders for rails and rolling stock and a fair volume is pending for this purpose. Structurals are being placed in large tonnages, especially in the west. A leading steelmaker shipped more tonnage in June than in May.

The general expectation is that the fall will bring a renewed volume of buying and that this is likely to appear before present backlogs have been cleared, thus bridging the summer lull and reducing the usual dull period. Some sellers are not booking beyond third quarter, though there is no indication of a rise in prices for that delivery. Some sentiment for an increase of \$1 on pig iron has appeared but is not strong.

Observance of the July Fourth holiday and some vacation idleness brought the national operating rate down $3\frac{1}{2}$ points to 74% of capacity for last week as a whole. However, resumption of production by strike-bound plants during the week gave a higher rate at midweek, probably about 78%, and the promise is for a better level this week. Last week Pittsburgh dropped 13 points to 67%, Wheeling 15 points to 77, New England 6 points to 86, Detroit 5 points to 95, Cleveland 2 points to 47 and Eastern Pennsylvania 1 point to 65%. Chicago gained $6\frac{1}{2}$ points to 70%, Youngstown 1 point to 76 and Birmingham 13 points to 96. Buffalo at 87% and Cincinnati and St. Louis, both at 93, showed no change,

town 1 point to 76 and Birmingham 13 points to 96. Buffalo at 87% and Cincinnati and St. Louis, both at 93, showed no change, Steel ingot production in June was 19% less than in May, because of strike interruption, and only 5% above that of June, 1936. June tonnage was 4,183,762 tons. First half ingot production was less than 1% less than the record first half of 1929. Except for strike effects a new mark would have been set, by a wide margin. First half this year brought 28,764,633 tons, compared with 29,036,274 tons in the corresponding period of 1929, only 271,641 tons short, less than a week's production.

World hunger for steel and iron products and scrap are well illustrated

World hunger for steel and iron products and scrap are well illustrated in export figures in May. Finished and semifinished steel exports totaled 405,810 gross tons, which compares with 450,859 tons for the first five months of 1936. Pig iron exports were 117,598 tons and steel ingots and blooms 99,551 tons. Scrap reached an alltime high at 637,679 tons, which is 72% of the total scrap exported in five months of 1936. The accelerating pace of foreign buying is indicated by this comparison.

ing pace of foreign buying is indicated by this comparison. As an incentive to importers Great Britain has reduced import duties to $2\frac{1}{2}$ % on entente quotas of steel from the Continent and to $12\frac{1}{2}$ % on shipments in exces of quotas.

Automobile production last week showed the effect of approaching end of the 1937 model season, with total output of 100,981 cars, compared with 122,890 the preceding week. Ford was the only producer holding to the previous rate, with 27,172 compared with 27,210 the previous week. General Motors fell off to 40,091 from 50,490 and Chrysler to 21,050 from 28,775. Output of all other makers dropped to 12,668 from 16,415.

As a result of underlying strength in scrap the composite has reacted sharply, gaining 67 cents, to \$17,75. This has wiped out the decline of June and regained the level of the final week of May. The iron and steel composite also reflected the rise in scrap by advancing 8 cents to \$39,89. The finished steel composite continued unchanged at \$61.70.

Steel ingot production for the week ended July 12, is placed at 78% of capacity, according to the "Wall Street Journal" of July 15. This compares with 70% in the previous week, and with 75% two weeks ago. The "Journal" further reported:

United States Steel is estimated at 81%, against 80% in the week before and 86% two weeks ago. Leading independents are credited with 76%, compared with 62% in the preceding week and $66 \frac{1}{2}\%$ two weeks ago.

The following table gives a comparison of the percentage of production with the nearest corresponding week of previous years, together with the approximate changes, in points, from the week immediately preceding:

	Industry	U. S. Steel	Independents
1937	78 + 8	81 + 1	76 +14
936	67 + 11/2	61	72 + 3
935	37 + 3	34 + 2	39 + 4
934	28 + 41/2	28 + 4	28 + 6
933	56 + 21/2	47 + 2	63 + 2
931	31 - 1	31 - 11/2	31 - 1
930	57 - 2	63 — 1	52 - 2
929	95 + 2	99 + 3	91 + 1
928	6916- 11/2	73 — 2	67 - 1
927	67 + 1/2	69	64

1932 not available.

Current Events and Discussions

The Week with the Federal Reserve Banks

During the week ended July 14 member bank reserve balances increased \$101,000,000. Additions to member bank reserves arose from decreases of \$67,000,000 in money in circulation, \$7,000,000 in Treasury cash, other than inactive gold, \$11,000,000 in Treasury deposits with Federal Reserve banks, and \$10,000,000 in nonmember deposits and other Federal Reserve accounts, and an increase of \$7,000,000 in Reserve bank credit. Excess reserves of member banks on July 14 were estimated to be approximately \$960,000,000, an increase of \$80,000,000 for the week. Inactive gold included in the gold stock and in Treasury cash amounted to \$1,191,000,000 on July 14, an increase of \$46,000,000 for the week.

\$46,000,000 for the week.

The statement in full for the week ended July 14 in comparison with the preceding week and with the corresponding date last year, will be found on pages 390 and 391.

Changes in the amount of Reserve bank credit outstanding and related items during the week and the year ended July 14, 1937, were as follows:

	Increase (+)	or Decrease (-)
		ince
July 14, 1937	July 1, 1937	July 15, 1936
Bills discounted 15,000,000	+2,000,000	$\pm 12,000,000$
Bills bought 4,000,000		$\pm 1,000,000$
U. S. Government securities 2,526,000,000 Industrial advances (not including		+96,000,000
\$16,000,000 commitm'ts—July 14) 22,000,000		-7,000,000
Other Reserve bank credit 18,000,000	+5,000,000	+5,000,000
Total Reserve bank credit 2,585,000,000	+7,000,000	+107,000,000
Gold stock12,423,000,000	+47,000,000	+1.794.000,000
Treasury currency 2,551,000,000	-1,000,000	+55,000,000
Member bank reserve balances 6,928,000,000	+101,000,000	+1.056.000.000
Money in circulation 6,457,000,000	-67,000,000	+267,000,000
Treasury cash	+39,000,000	$\pm 1.122,000,000$
Treasury deposits with F. R. bank. 90,000,000	-11,000,000	-503,000,000
Non-member deposits and other Fed-	,,	,,
eral Reserve accounts 533,000,000	-10,000,000	$\pm 12,000,000$

Returns of Member Banks in New York City and Chicago-Brokers' Loans

Below is the statement of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System for the New York City member banks and also for the Chicago member banks for the current week, issued in advance of full statements of the member banks, which latter will not be available until the coming Monday:

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN CENTRAL RESERVE CITIES

	-Nos	v York C	lity-		Chicago	-
	July 14	July 7	July 15	July 14	July 1	July 15
	1937	1937	1936	1937	1937	1936
(I	a Million	s of Dol	lars)			
Assets—	8	8	8	8	8	8
Loans and investments-total	8,325	8,417	8,884	1,979	1,963	2,037
Loans—total		4,000	3,279	674	666	558
On securities	239	230	*	31	32	*
Otherwise secured & unsec'd	1,519	1,491	*	413	404	
Open market paper	162	164	*	28	27	*
Loans to brokers and dealers Other loans for purchasing or	1,147	1,207	978	48	49	49
carrying securities		279	*	78	78	
Real estate loans		134	132	14	14	15
Loans to banksOther loans:		73	26	2	2	5
On securities	246	247	*	24	24	
Otherwise secured & unsec'd	172	175	*	36	36	*
U. S. Govt. direct obligations		3,006	3,945	919	911	1,083
Obligations fully guaranteed by						
United States Government		429	519	95	95	92
Other securities	971	982	1,141	291	291	304
Reserve with Fed. Res. bank	2,514	2,462	2,173	595	583	630
Cash in vault		52	50	30	30	37
Balances with domestic banks		68	81	152	156	203
Other assets—net	460	460	456	61	60	77
Demand deposits-adjusted	6,061	6,011	6,194	1,511	1,494	1,524
Time deposits		742	551	454	455	433
United States Govt. deposits		248	191	34	35	101
Inter-bank deposits:						
Domestic banks	1,927	1,985	2,521	553	543	669
Foreign banks	583	592	394	7	7	5
Borrowings		4				
Other liabilities	401	402	364	19	19	25
Capital account	1.474	1,475	1,429	239	239	227

^{*} Comparable figures not available.

Complete Returns of the Member Banks of the Federal Reserve System for the Preceding Week

As explained above, the statement of the New York and Chicago member banks are given out on Thursday simultaneously with the figures for the Reserve banks themselves, and covering the same week, instead of being held until the following Monday, before which time the statistics covering the entire body of reporting member banks in 101 cities cannot be compiled.

In the following will be found the comments of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System respecting the returns of the entire body of reporting member banks of the Federal Reserve System for the week ended with the close of business July 7:

The condition statement of weekly reporting member banks in 101 leading cities shaws the following principal changes for the week ended July 7: Decreases of \$332,000,000 in demand deposits adjusted and \$70,000,000 in government deposits, and an increase of \$124,000,000 in deposits credited to domestic banks; a decrease of \$73,000,000 in loans and investments, and a decrease of \$122,000,000 in reserve balances with

Federal Reserve banks.

Commercial, industrial and agricultural loans show little change for the week. Loans to brokers and dealers in securities declined \$20,000,000 at reporting member banks in New York City and \$22,000,000 at all reporting member banks. Loans to banks increased \$12,000,000 in New York City and \$13,000,000 at all reporting member banks. "Other loans" declined \$14,000,000 in New York City and \$12,000,000 at all reporting member banks.

Holdings of United States Government direct obligations increased \$18,000,000 in the Richmond district and declined \$9,000,000 in the San Francisco district and \$8,000,000 in the Boston district, all reporting Francisco district and \$8,000,000 in the Boston district, all reporting member banks showing a net decrease of \$4,000,000 for the week. Holdings of obligations fully guaranteed by the United States Government declined \$8,000,000 in New York City and \$11,000,000 at all reporting member banks. Holdings of "Other securities" declined \$15,000,000 in New York City and \$32,000,000 at all reporting member banks.

Demand deposits-adjusted declined in nearly all districts, the principal decreases being \$232,000,000 in New York City, \$25,000,000 in the Cleveland district. \$24,000,000 in the San Francisco district and \$23.000,000

land district, \$24,000,000 in the San Francisco district and \$23,000,000 in the Chicago district. Time deposits increased \$24,000,000 in New in the Chicago district. Time deposits increased \$24,000,000 in New York City and \$14,000,000 at all reporting member banks, and declined \$10,000,000 in the San Francisco district. Government deposits declined in nearly all districts, the principal decrease being \$42,000,000 in New York City and the total decrease being \$70,000,000. Deposits credited to domestic banks increased in all districts, the principal increases being \$28,000,000 in New York City and \$22,000,000 in the Kansas City district, and the total increase being \$124,000,000. Deposits credited to foreign banks increased \$16,000,000 in New York City and \$21,000,000 at all reporting member banks. reporting member banks.

Borrowings of weekly reporting member banks amounted to \$9,000,000 on July 7, compared with none the week before.

A summary of the principal assets and liabilities of the reporting member banks, together with changes for the week and year ended July 7, 1937, follows:

			nce Decrease (—)
Assets—	July 7, 1937	June 30, 1937	July 8, 1936
Loans and investments-total	22,217,000,000	-73,000,000	-245,000,000
Loans—total	9,734,000,000		+1,377,000,000
On securities	561,000,000	-5,000,000	•
Otherwise secured and unsec'd	3.772,000,000	+7.000,000	
Open market paper Loans to brokers and dealers in	462,000,000	-5,000,000	•
securities.	1,425,000,000	-22,000,000	+265,000,000

			or Decrease (—)
	July 7, 1937		July 8, 1936
Loans—(Concluded)			
Other loans for purchasing or			
carrying securities	713,000,000	-1,000,000	
Real estate loans	1,168,000,000	-1,000,000	+21,000,000
Loans to banks	111,000,000	+13,000,000	+53,000,000
Other loans:	,,	,,,	1 0010001000
On securities	728,000,000	-8,000,000	
Otherwise secured and unsec'd	794,000,000	-4,000,000	
U. S. Govt. direct obligations	8,297,000,000		-1,196,000,000
Onligations fully guaranteed by	-11	-11	-111
United States Government	1,141,000,000	-11,000,000	-136,000,000
Other securities	3,045,000,000	-32,000,000	-290,000,000
Reserve with Fed. Res. banks	5.278,000,000	-122,000,000	+606,000,000
Cash in vault	314,000,000	+11,000,000	-84,000,000
Balances with domestic banks	1,743,000,000	-40,000,000	-744,000,000
Liabilities—			
Demand deposits—adjusted	4.855,000,000	a-332,000,000	+225,000,000
Time deposits	5,249,000,000	+14,000,000	+250,000,000
United States Government deposits	477,000,000	a-70,000,000	-359,000,000
Inter-bank deposits:			00010001000
Domestic banks	5.140,000,000	a+124,000,000	-934,000,000
Foreign banks	637,000,000	+21,000,000	+201,000,000
Borrowings	9,000,000	+9,000,000	+9,000,000
	-1-001000	1 -10001000	, .,,,,,,,,,

^{*} Comparable figures not available. a June 30 figures revised (Chicago district).

Non-Intervention Committee Considers British Proposals to Govern International Action Toward Rival Forces in Spanish Civil War-Plan Would Grant Belligerent Status to Both Sides

The International Non-Intervention Committee met at London yesterday (July 16) to consider proposals offered by the British Government, designed to continue control of shipments of arms and ammunition to belligerents in the Spanish civil war. Progress of the war was reported in the "Chronicle" of July 10, pages 205 and 206. Loyalist forces this week continued their drive around Madrid, but although their airplanes recorded several important victories, the defense of the rebel troops stiffened, and the Loyalist advance was retarded.

From London yesterday (July 16) United Press advices

The 27 nations represented on the Spanish Non-Intervention Committee agreed unanimously today to accept as a basis of discussion a new British proposal designed to revive the moribund non-intervention agreement.

The committee adjourned at 5:10 o'clock after hearing the French and

Russian Ambassadors accept the plan in principle. Previously, Italy and Germany did likewise.

The British plan now will be referred to the chairman's sub-committee for consideration, probably on Tuesday. It provides for reimposing neutrality control along the coasts and frontiers of Spain.

Italy and Germany eased the situation by agreeing to the plan at a

morning session of the committee.

The British proposal submitted to the Non-Intervention Committee was a compromise intended to satisfy France, Germany and Italy. It would grant belligerent rights to both Loyalists and rebel sides. A London dispatch of July 14 to the New York "Times" (from Frederick T. Berchall) outlined the plan as follows:

The proposals are a miracle of compromise, with a string of attachments such as the British excel everybody else in devising. They grant belligerent rights to Salamanca, as well as to Valencia, thus pleasing the Italians and Germans and displeasing the Russians and the French. But the grant is conditional on a whole lot of things.

Contraband is to coincide with the articles prohibited under the non-

intervention agreement, but this list may be added to by negotiation. Ships carrying non-intervention observers are to be exempt from stop--unless they are engaged in unneutral service in carrying military intelligence, which presumably can only be proved after stoppage.

Volunteers to Be Withdrawn

Belligerent rights are to be granted anyway only after the committee has unanimously approved the withdrawal of volunteers as defined in the report of its technical subcommittee and has agreed that the with-drawal is proceeding satisfactorily.

Land control is to be established, but the naval patrol is to be dropped. Instead neutral observers are to be stationed in Spanish ports with the consent of the parties in control—which still has to be obtained. Air control is to be "further studied."

The idea behind the proposals is obvious enough. If they can be adopted the "principle" of non-intervention is safe for the time being. There is endless opportunity to quarrel over the details—the list of contraband articles alone affords such opportunities—during which diplomacy will still

be in control and an explosion will be unlikely.

Nothing previously has shown more clearly British determination to isolate the Spanish conflict and to keep her own skirts clear of the con-

sequences of it no matter what may be the effect on the one side or the other.

"In submitting this scheme," says the British Government synopsis,
"they (the Government) would make one observation. It is admittedly a compromise between varying points of view; it can only be successful if it is accepted by the Governments concerned in a spirit of compromise.

Held Chance for Cooperation

"All the Nations represented on the committee have repeatedly expressed the view that they wish non-intervention in the Spanish conflict to continue. They have now the opportunity to give to that wish practical effect. Unless a greater spirit of international cooperation is evident than has been achieved in the past this scheme will fail and the Nations of Europe will be faced with a new and infinitely more dangerous situation.

"His Majesty's Government, therefore, urge other Nations represented on the Non-Intervention Committee to give these proposals their immediste consideration and in the event of their being accepted to devote a real spirit of International collaboration to their practical application."

The Cabinet approved the proposals this morning before they were What the committee will do with them on Friday is still in doubt tonight but the probability is that the British will be authorized to open negotiations with the contending factions for their effectuation and committee will then adjourn to a future date.

The reaction tonight is that the Germans are believed to be favorable

The Italians are known to be pleased with them.

The French probably will be bitterly displeased with the proposal to grant belligerent rights to General Francisco Franco but publicly are not likely to reject the proposals because they are in no position to risk a break with Great Britain.

The Russians will probably disapprove violently in the committee but the more they resist the more they will encourage the four Western powers to go ahead without them not only in this but in other European problems.

Monthly Meeting of Directors of Bank for International Settlements—Sentiment on France Divided—Next Meeting Oct. 11

The sentiment of European central bankers toward the French financial situation appeared divided in the exchange of views at the monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of the Bank for International Settlements, Basle, Switzerland, held on July 12. Both sides, however, seemed to be agreed that France hasn't enough financial weight for the franc to upset the dollar or the pound, said a wireless account from Basle, July 12, to the New York "Times" of July 13,

Only in German circles did one hear fear expressed that the franc at its worst would weaken the Swiss or Dutch currencies.

There seemed an agreement, too, among bankers, who described the political situation in Europe now is "tense because of Spain." They give the impression it is worse under the surface than appears but the tendency is strongly toward believing that peace can be maintained. This hope seems largely based on the assumption the British and French will not in any event fight over Spain and if Franco wins he will turn against Italy and Germany.

The strongest optimists regarding the franc base their hopes therefor partly on existing European political tension, arguing that France can now settle down because the French know they cannot afford to be weakened with Europe in the condition it is. . . . L. J. A. Trip, governor of the Bank of Holland, told the board his country had raised its embargo on gold and foreign loans, which made a good impression here. Except for this the board meeting was accupied only with routine matters. Norman, Schacht and Labeyrie and all the big central bank governors attended.

The next meeting of the directors of the Bank for International Settlements will be held on Oct. 11.

Greece to Resume Negotiations for Final Settlement of Service on External Debt

Speyer & Co., New York, announced on July 15 that they had received the following announcement from the League Loans Committee (London):

Greek External Debt Service

With reference to their communique of March 31, last, the Council of Foreign Bondholders and the League Loans Committee announce that the Greek Government has undertaken to send representatives to London to resume direct and unrestricted negotiations regarding a final settlement of the service of the Greek external debt, including the payment of coupons which have fallen due since March 31, 1937. The delegation will probably leave Greece in the course of next week. A further announcement will be issued in due course.

The March 31 communique was referred to in our issue of April 3, page 2224.

Uruguay Chamber and Senate Pass Law to Convert Loans Floated in United States ,

The following is from an United Press dispatch from Montevideo, Uruguay, July 14:

The Chamber of Deputies tonight approved a law to convert Uruguayan loans floated in the United States in 1915, 1921 and 1930 as agreed between Finance Minister Cesar Charlone and American bondholders. The Senate passed the law July 8.

Drawing for Redemption Sept. 1 of \$176,000 of Credit Consortium for Public Works, of Italy External Loan 7% Gold Bonds, Series B, due March 1, 1947

J. P. Morgan & Co., as fiscal agents, are notifying holders of Credit Consortium for Public Works, of Italy external loan sinking fund 7% secured gold bonds, series B, due March 1, 1947, that \$176,000 principal amount of these bonds have been drawn by lot for redemption on Sept. 1, 1937, out of moneys in the sinking fund. The drawn bonds will be paid at the principal sum thereof upon presentation and surrender at the office of the fiscal agents on and after Sept. 1, 1937,

from which date interest on the drawn bonds will cease.
Attention is called to the fact that on July 12, 1937, \$8,000 principal amount of the series A bonds, due March 1, 1937, and \$10,000 of the series B, previously drawn were still unredeemed.

Member Trading on New York Stock and New York Curb Exchanges During Week Ended June 19

In the week ended June 19 trading by all members of the New York Stock Exchange (except odd-lot dealers) and of the New York Curb Exchange for their own account, in relation to total transactions, increased over the preceding week ended June 12, it was shown in data issued yesterday (July 16) by the Securities and Exchange Commission. The number of shares traded in for the account of the members during the week ended June 19 was also above the previous

week. During the latest week trading on the Stock Exchange for the account of members (in round-lot transactions) totaled 2,247,170 shares, which amount was 20.61% of total transactions on the Exchange of 5,450,420 shares. This compares with member trading during the previous week ended June 12 of 1,423,560 shares, or 19.31% of total transactions of 3,685,470 shares. On the Curb Exchange member trading during the week ended June 19 amounted to 485,530 shares, or 19.65% of the total volume on that Exchange of 1,235,160 shares; during the preceding week trading for the account of Curb members of 346,895 shares was 18.43% of total trading of 240,070 shares. total trading of 940,970 shares

The data issued by the SEC are in the series of current figures being published weekly in accordance with its program embodied in its report to Congress last June on the "Feasibility and Advisability of the Complete Segregation of the Functions of Broker and Dealer. The figures for The figures for the week ended June 12 were given in these columns of July 10, page 207. In making available the data for the week ended June 12 the Commission said:

The figures given for total round-lot volume for the New York Stock Exchange and the New York Curb Exchange represent the volume of all round-lot sales of stock effected on those exchanges as distinguished from the volume reported by the ticker. The total round-lot volume for the week ended June 19 on the New York Stock Exchange, 5,450,420 shares, was 6.7% larger than the volume reported on the ticker. On the New York Curb Exchange, total round-lot volume in the same week, 1,235,160 shares exceeded by $7.6\,\%$ the ticker volume (exclusive of rights and warrants).

The data published are based upon reports filed with the New York Stock Exchange and the New York Curb Exchange by their respective members. These reports are classified as follows:

	New York Stock Exchange	New York Curb Exchange
Number of reports received	1,075	865
Reports showing transactions:		
As specialists *	206	103
Other than as specialists		
Initiated on floor	237	68
Initiated off floor	293	125
Reports showing no transactions	521	593

*Note—On the New York Curb Exchange the round-lot transactions of specialists "in stocks in which registered" are not strictly comparable with data similarly designated for the New York Stock Exchange, since specialists on the New York Curb Exchange perform the functions of the New York Stock Exchange odd-lot dealer, as well as those of the specialist.

The number of reports in the various classifications may total more than the number of reports received because, at times, a single report may carry entries in more than one classification.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE-TRANSACTIONS IN ALL STOCKS FOR ACCOUNT OF MEMBERS * (SHARES) Week Ended June 19, 1937

Week Ended June 19, 1937		
Total volume of round-lot sales effected on the Exchange	Total for Week 5,450,420	Per Cent a
Round-lot transactions of members except transactions of specialists and odd-lot dealers in stocks in which registered: 1. Initiated on the floor—Bought	318,660 344,240	
Total	662,900	6.08
2 Initiated off the floor—Bought	208,320 230,260	
Total	438,580	4.02
Round-lot transactions of specialists in stocks in which registered—Bought	555,200 590,490	
Total	1,145,690	10.51
Total round-lot transactions of members, except transactions of odd-lot dealers in stocks in which registered—BoughtSold	1.082,180 1,164,990	
Total	2,247,170	20.61
Transactions for account of odd-lot dealers in stocks in which registered: 1 In round lots—Bought	292,480	-
elold	117,480	
Total	409,960	
2. In odd lots (including odd-lot transactions of specialists): Bought Sold	797,913 1,005,768	
Total	1.803.681	

NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE-TRANSACTIONS IN ALL STOCKS FOR ACCOUNT OF MEMBERS * (SHARES)

Week Ended June 19, 1937 Total volume of round-lot sales effected on the Exchange	Total for Week 1,235,160	Per Centa
Round-lot transactions of members, except transactions of specialists in stocks in which registered: 1. Initiated on the floor—Bought	44,550	
Total	93,700	3.79
2. Initiated off the floor—Bought	50,595 29,200	
Total	79,795	3.23
Round-lot transactions of specialists in stocks in which registered—BoughtSold	141,640 170,395	
Total	312,035	12.63
Total round-lot transactions for accounts of all members: Bought Sold	236,785 248,745	
Total	485,530	19.65
Odd-lot transactions of specialists in stocks in which registered: Bought Sold	88,105 75,752	

\$695,000 of Kingdom of Norway 6% External Loan Gold Bonds Due Aug. 15, 1943, Selected by Lot for Redemption Aug. 15

The National City Bank of New York, as Fiscal Agent, is notifying holders of Kingdom of Norway 20-year 6% sinking fund external loan gold bonds due Aug. 15, 1943, that there has been selected by lot for redemption on Aug. 15, 1937, at par, \$695,000 principal amount of these bonds. Drawn bonds should be presented for payment at the head office of the bank, 55 Wall Street.

Odd-Lot Trading on New York Stock Exchange During Week Ended July 3 as Reported by SEC

A summary was made public on July 9 by the Securities and Exchange Commission for the week ended July 3, 1937 of the daily corrected figures on odd-lot transactions of odd-lot dealers and specialists in stocks, rights and warrants on the New York Stock Exchange, continuing a series of current figures being published weekly by the Commission. The figures for the week ended June 26 were given in our

issue of July 3, page 34.

The data published are based upon reports filed daily with the Commission by odd-lot dealers and specialists. The following are the Commission's figures for the week ended July 3:

ODD-LOT TRANSACTIONS OF ODD-LOT DEALERS AND SPECIALISTS IN STOCKS, RIGHTS AND WARRANTS ON THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE, WEEK ENDED JULY 3, 1937

Trade Date	(Custon	Sales mers' Order	rs to Buy)	(Custon	Purchase ners' Orde	
	No. Ord.	Shares	Value	No. Ord.	Shares	Value
Total for week _	27,400	683,511	\$29,600,921	21,496	534,461	\$23,356,994
June 28 June 29	6,507 4,662	158,185 113,227	6,755,032 4,940,824	3,728	116,630 90,982	5,272,285 3,884,814
June 30 July 1 July 2 July 3	4,736 5,359 6,136	122,031 135,121 154,947	4,850,202 6,174,601 6,880,262	4,167	101,033 $101,081$ $124,735$	4,650,473 4,498,118 5,051,304

* Exchange closed.

Two New Rules Issued by SEC Under Public Utility Holding Company Act—Deal with Relationships

The Securities and Exchange Commission announced on July 14 the issuance of two rules under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, dealing with realtionships between foreign subsidiaries which obtain exemption pursuant to Section 3(b) of the Act and other holding companies The new rules are Regarding them, of the same holding company system. designated Rule 12B-1 and Rule 3D-7. the announcement of the SEC had the following to say

Rule 12B-1 is adopted pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, which prohibits loans or extensions of credit or agreements to indemnify between companies of the same holding company system in violation "of such rules and regulations or orders as the Commission deems necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors or consumers or to prevent the circumvention of the provisions of this title or the rules, regulations, or orders hereunder."

Rule 12B-1 is intended to prevent circumvention of the provisions of the Act resulting from extensions of credit by non-exempt holding companies and subsidiaries to foreign companies which have been exempted from the provisions of the Act. This rule prohibits such extensions of credit in excess of a certain prescribed minimum, unless specifically authorized by order of the Commission.

Rule 3D-7 is adopted pursuant to Section 3(d) of the Act, which authorizes the Commission to adopt rules exempting classes of persons from obligations imposed upon them as subsidiary companies or affiliates and to provide that persons so exempted shall not be deemed subsidiary companies or affiliates, within the extent of any such exemption.

This rule serves the technical purpose of enlarging the scope of any exemption granted pursuant to Section 3 (b) to a foreign subsidiary company so as to include exemption from obligations imposed upon the foreign subsidiary as an affiliate under Section 9 (a) (2) of the Act, and also to exempt in certain respects the domestic parent company as to transactions within the extent of the exemption which may be granted to its foreign subsidiary. to its foreign subsidiary.

SEC Adopts New Form for Registration on an Additional Exchange

The Securities and Exchange Commission and University State of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, to be used for the Securities on an additional exchange. This registration of securities on an additional exchange. This form, known as Form 8-C, may be used by issuers which have securities listed and registered on one exchange, and which desire to have the same or other securities listed and registered upon another exchange, said the Commission, which added:

If the securities to be registered on the additional exchange are already registered on the original exchange, the form requires, in general, the filing of copies of material previously filed with the original exchange. If, however, the securities to be registered are of a different class from those registered on the original exchange, the form requires that in addition there be filed as an exhibit a statement on the form which would be appropriate for the registration of such securities on the original exchange.

The Commission also amended Rule JBI under the Securities Exchange Act by inserting the following rule for the use of the new form:

Form 8-C for Registration on an Additional Exchange-This form may be used for applications for registration of securities on an exchange upon which no securities of the registrant are listed and registered. if

(a) Securities of the registrant are registered pursuant to Section 12 (b), (c) and (d) on another exchange, and

(b) An application on a form other than Form 7, 8-A, 8-B, or 8-C, filed by the registrant (or by the predecessor of the registrant if the registrant had securities registered pursuant to an application on Form 8-B) became effective on such other exchange not more than three years before the filing of this application.

New Form Adopted by SEC—Covers American Cer-tificates Issued Against Securities of Foreign Issuers Deposited in American Depositaries

Announcement was made on July 8 by the Securities and Exchange Commission of the adoption of a new form, designated "Form C-3," for registration under the Securities Act of 1933 of American Certificates (for example, so-called American Depositary Receipts for foreign shares or American participation certificates in foreign bonds or notes) issued against securities of foreign issuers deposited or to be deposited with an American depositary (whether physically held by such depositary in America or abroad) and of the foreign securities so deposited. In explanation of the new form the SEC said:

The form is divided into two parts: Part I, concerning the American certificates, the depositors, the depositary, and the deposit agreement; Part II, the issuer of the underlying securities. Part II need be filed only if the sale of the underlying securities, if made directly rather than through the means of American certificates, would require registration of such securities. It need not be filed, however, if a registration statement for the underlying securities is in effect at or before the effective date of the registration statement on Form C-3.

Moderate Decline in Industrial Activity During June, Due Chiefly to Strikes, Noted by National City Bank of New York—Finds Satisfactory Half Year in Business

Pointing out that "the month of June has brought a moderate decline in industrial activity, due in part to seasonal influences, but chiefly to the strikes in the steel, automobile and other industries," the National City Bank of New York in its July "Monthly Letter" adds that "the shutdowns involving plants of the Republic, Bethlehem, Youngstown and Inland companies reduced steel mill operations from above 90% of capacity to around 76%." It is likewise noted that "automobile production has dropped about 15% from the spring peak; probably half of the decline is attributable to seasonal trends," says the bank, "and the remainder to the labor troubles, which have harassed General Motors in particular. It has been impossible for some producers to turn out as many cars as their orders on hand would justify."

In the consumers' goods industries the bank states "production is receding from the spring peak though still at a rate well above a year ago, with factories working on old The bank observes that "retail trade has run ahead of last year by about the same margin as heretofore, starting the month better but slackening later."

In surveying the half-year record, the bank says, in part: Except for the prevalence of labor disturbances, the facts given in this brief summary hardly seem to warrant much concern as to the business situation. It is a frequent observation, however, that business sentiment is not as good as the business facts, especially in quarters influenced by the dectines in the security markets. In conjunction with the labor troubles, these declines have tended to spread conjecture as to the fall prospect, and it is the usual thing to take fresh stock of the situation during the off-season.

The month of June completed a very satisfactory half-year in business, during which industrial production, employment and payrolls, the volume

of trade, and business earnings were all higher than in any like period since the beginning of the depression.

Manufacturers of goods of everyday use have enjoyed a phenomenal activity, exceeding the 1929 peak, which is practical evidence as to the improved balance in price relationships and the other elements that affect the exchange of goods. The industries have been spending more for betterments and expansion, and this has carried the recovery forward in

lines hitherto lagging.

This improvement is all on record. It does not represent an abnormal expansion of business, when measured against the needs to be filled and the capacity available to fill them, or when compared with the past; and if the industries are allowed to operate with efficiency, keep their costs down, and price their goods at levels that will keep trade going, there will be little concern as to business in the second half-year.

The apprehensions aroused by the labor situation are also discussed by the bank, which says: "If the labor situation leads to pronounced increases in the cost of production, either through wage increases or loss of efficiency, it will have an adverse effect on trade; for it will either cut into business earnings or compel price advances which will check the sale of goods. This is the chief cause of apprehension.

Volume of Bankers' Acceptances Dropped \$21,592,124 During June to \$364,203,843 June 30—However, Showed Gain of \$47,772,111 Over Year Ago

During June the volume of bankers' acceptances decreased \$21,592,124 to \$364,203,843 June 30 from \$385,795,967 May 29, according to the monthly report of the Acceptance Analysis Unit of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, issued July 13. This is the fourth consecutive month in which acceptances outstanding were below the previous month. However, the volume outstanding at the close of the latest month was \$47,772,111 above the figure for June 30, 1936, of \$316,431,732.

The decline during June in the volume was due to losses in all classifications of credit excepting those drawn for dollar exchange. The year-to-year gain is attributed to increased credits for imports, exports, domestic shipments and domestic warehouse credits. The report for June 30 was issued as follows by the New York Federal Reserve Bank:

BANKERS' DOLLAR ACCEPTANCES OUTSTANDING—UNITED STATES
—BY FEDERAL RESERVE DISTRICTS

Federal Reserve District	June 30, 1937	May 29, 1937	June 30, 1936
1. Boston	\$39,476,584	\$41,966,163	\$32,370,69
2. New York	267,766,349	279,268,698	232,668,33
3. Philadelphia	16,225,364	17.033.320	10,895,62
Cleveland		2,131,047	1.540.87
· Richmond	768,094	1.137.338	622,44
. Atlanta	1,735,244	1,682,475	781.71
7. Chicago	12,548,126	15,164,905	16,816,000
8. St. Louis	318,221	521,859	434.41
9. Minneapolis	1,438,920	991,582	1,825,133
10. Kansas City		*******	19.50
11. Dallas	- 521,871	2,073,688	583,65
2. San Francisco	21,606,018	23,824,892	17,873,32
Grand total	\$364,203,843	\$385,795,967	\$316,431,73

Decrease for month, \$21,592,124. Increase for year, \$47,772,111. ACCORDING TO NATURE OF CREDIT

	June 30, 1937	May 29, 1937	June 30, 1936
Imports	\$157,034,526	\$167,505,817	\$106,780,471
	76,988,528	80,781,962	73,991,670
	12,638,827	13,053,761	9,381,012
	42,035,052	48,493,197	39,548,307
	1,484,389	1,371,679	1,564,361

between foreign countries	74,022,521	74,589,551	85,165,911
BILLS HELD BY	ACCEPTING	BANKS	1
Own bills Bills of others			\$129,890,259 142,813,604
Total Decrease for month			\$272,703,863 22,777,508

CURRENT MARKET RATES ON PRIME BANKERS ACCEPTANCES JULY 13, 1937

Days—	Dealers' Buying Rate	Dealers' Selling Rate	Days-	Dealers' Buying Rate	Dealers' Selling Rate
30 60 90	1/4 1/4 1/4	7-16 7-16 7-16	120 150 180	9-16 % %	9-16 9-16

The following table, compiled by us, furnishes a record of the volume of bankers' acceptances outstanding at the close of each month since June 29, 1935:

1935-		1936-		1936→	
	\$343,285,933		376,804,749		\$349,053,490
July 31	320,890,746		359,004,507		372,816,963
Aug. 31	321,807,411		343,694,299	1937—	
Sept. 30	327,834,317		330,531,460	Jan. 30	387,227,280
Oct. 31	362,984,286	June 30	316,531,732	Feb. 27	401,107,760
Nov. 30	387,373,711	July 31	315,528,440	Mar. 31	396,471,668
Dec. 31	396,957,504	Aug. 31	308,112,141	Apr. 30	395,031,279
1936-		Sept. 30	315,000,590	May 29	385,795,967
Jan. 31	384,146,874	Oct. 31	330,205,152	June 30	364,203,843

Institute of International Finance Finds United States Losing Importance as Creditor Nation— —Reports \$7,022,149,980 of Foreign Dollar Bonds Outstanding in Country at End of 1936, Against \$7,490,413,280 Year Before

"The drop in the outstanding amount of foreign dollar bonds publicly offered in the United States indicates the declining importance of the United States as a creditor states the Institute of International Finance in its annual "Statistical Analysis of Publicly Offered Foreign Dollar Bonds." The Institute, which is conducted by the Investment Bankers Association of America in cooperation with New York University, reported that there were \$7,022,149,980 of the bonds outstanding at the close of 1936 as compared with \$7,490,413,280 at the end of 1935. It

New issues of foreign dollar bonds totaled \$164,500,000. They represented primarily refunding operations by political bodies that have paid their contractual debt service charges in full and were thus able to take advantage of the low interest rates prevailing in the American markets. In the absence of new foreign lending, the operations of sinking funds and the conversion of external dollar bonds into internal debt brought about the reduction in the total of foreign dollar bonds outstanding. Due to repatriation and purchases of bonds by foreigners, however, it is estimated that not more than \$3,862,182,490, or about 55% of the total outstanding foreign dollar bonds, are actually held in the United States. The default position of the bonds outstanding has become slightly worse since the end of 1935. At that time, 38.2% of the bonds outstanding were in default as to interest. As of the end of 1936 the corresponding figure was 39.5%. This increase can be accounted for by the new Polish and Province of Alberta defaults, together with the retirement of New issues of foreign dollar bonds totaled \$164,500,000.

ring figure was 39.5%. This increase can be accounted for by the new Polish and Province of Alberta defaults, together with the retirement of bonds not in default. In absolute figures the total principal amount of bonds in default as to interest at the end of 1936 was \$2,770,863,120. There were \$190,479,140 of bonds in default as to principal and \$72,-700,500 in default only as to sinking fund.

On \$1,456,850, or on 52.5% of the total in default as to interest,

some form of payment was offered for the coupons due. Payments were offered either partially in cash, partly in cash and partly in funding bonds, to the full amount in funding bonds or, in the case of Hungary, in blocked pengos. The amount received in cash for coupons maturing in 1936 was equivalent to 63.4% of the contractual amount due. This in blocked pengos. was equivalent to an actual rate of return of 3.53% on all foreign dollar bonds outstanding as compared to a contractual rate of 5.57%.

Of the total foreign dollar bonds in default as to interest, 53.3% were of Latin American and 42.1% of European obligors, the latter chiefly German. An analysis by types of obligors reveals that corporate bonds represent 41.1% of the total in default and that 38.4% consists of national government issues. These percentage distributions are similar to those for 1935. An inclusive figure of the total face value of interest coupons defaulted since 1931 indicates that 58.7% of the total amount due has still not been paid in any form whatever. In many instances, however, negotiations are being carried on by the Foreign Bondholders Protective Council, Inc., or by various bondholders' committee, and it is hoped that with the world-wide improvement in economic conditions, provision for the resumption of debt-service payments and for the settlement of past due coupons will be made, with a consequent better showing on American foreign portfolio investments.

The "Statistical Analysis of Publicly Offered Foreign Dollar Bonds," which is Bulletin No. 93 in the Institute's series, is another of its special bulletins on securities in default.

Fluctuations in June in Excess Reserves of Member Banks Noted in July "Bulletin" of Governors of Federal Reserve System—Bank Loans to Customers Increase-Rates Thereon Near Low Level of Last Year

In June excess reserves of member banks showed considerable fluctuations, it is noted in the July issue of the Federal Reserve "Bulletin" issued by the Governors of the Federal Reserve "Bulletin" issued by the Governors of the Federal Reserve "Bulletin" issued by the Governors of the Federal Reserve "Bulletin" issued by the Governors of the Federal Reserve "Bulletin" issued by the Governors of the Federal Reserve "Bulletin" issued by the Governors of the Federal Reserve "Bulletin" issued by the Governors of the Federal Reserve "Bulletin" issued by the Governors of the Federal Reserve "Bulletin" issued by the Governors of the Federal Reserve "Bulletin" issued by the Governors of the Federal Reserve "Bulletin" issued by the Governors of the Federal Reserve "Bulletin" issued by the Governors of the Federal Reserve "Bulletin" issued by the Governors of the Federal Reserve "Bulletin" issued by the Governors of the Federal Reserve "Bulletin" issued by the Governors of the Federal Reserve "Bulletin" issued by the Governors of the Federal Reserve "Bulletin" issued by the Governors of the Federal Reserve "Bulletin" issued by the Governors of the Federal Reserve "Bulletin" is the Governors of the Governors eral Reserve System, which goes on to say that "these reserves, which had been at about \$900,000,000 since May 1, when the final increase in reserve requirements went into effect, declined by \$180,000,000 during the week ended June 16, as a result of Treasury operations around the mid-June financing." The "Bulletin" adds:

The decrease reflected a reduction of \$120,000,000 in total balances of member banks with the Reserve banks and an increase of about \$60,000,000 in required reserves owing to a growth in Treasury balances at depositary banks. During the following week excess reserves increased to \$810,000,000. These changes had little effect in the money market and caused advances in money rates. Rates on bankers' acceptances declined slightly in June.

From the "Bulletin's" "Review of the Month" we also quote, in part, as follows:

Rates on Customer Loans

During the first quarter of this year open-market rates for money advanced somewhat from the extreme low levels of the latter part of 1936, but this stiffening in open-market rates was not reflected in changes in rates charged by banks to their customers. Rates on customer loans as reported by banks in 36 leading cities have continued in recent months near the low level reached last year. The open-market rate on commercial paper increased from $\frac{3}{4}$ of $\frac{1}{6}$, which had prevailed since the beginning of 1935, to $\frac{1}{6}$ in the latter part of March, but customer rates on the average showed little change. on the average showed little change.

This is in accordance with usual developments. Open-market rates quickly reflect changes in credit conditions, while customer rates are usually much slower to respond. Customer rates had not fully reflected until last year the extreme monetary ease caused by the growth in excess reserves and the decline in the demand for credit during the depression. From the latter part of 1929 to the beginning of 1935 open-market comparates that the state with the party within extreme market comparates the state of the st mercial paper rates fell sharply, while customer rates showed a much smaller decline. In 1935 and 1936, on the other hand, open-market rates remained steady at a low level, while customer rates continued to fall, though not to the extremely low level reached by open-market rates.

In 1929 customer rates in leading cities were close to 6%. By the summer of 1936 they had fallen in New York to below 2½%, and have

remained near that level since that time. In other leading cities there were further reductions in customer rates in the latter half of 1936, and this year they have averaged about 3%% in eight other northern and eastern cities and about 41/8% in 27 southern and western cities.

Treasury Financing

During the first five months of 1937 the Treasury increased the public debt by about \$800,000,000 and reduced its working balance by \$900,000,000. In order to replenish the working balance, the Treasury on June 15 sold \$850,000,000 of Treasury notes. The offering was divided equally into two issues, one maturing on Sept. 15, 1939, and the other on March 15, 1942. Receipts from these new issues, together with income taxes and other revenues in June, were utilized for meeting current expenditures, for purchases of gold, and for the redemption of \$300,000,000 of Treasury bills, and in addition the working balance of the Treasury increased by \$500,000,000.

Member Bank Credit

Bank loans to customers for business purposes have continued to increase. At reporting member banks in leading cities the increased demand for commercial loans was reflected through May 12 in so-called "other" loans, and since that time in the newly reported item of "commercial, industrial, and agricultural loans." Until June commercial loans increased both at banks in New York City and other banks, but in the four weeks ending June 23 the further increase was confined to banks in New York City. In this period New York reporting banks also showed a further increase in loans to brokers and dealers in securities. These loans have

increase in loans to brokers and dealers in securities. These loans have increased during most of the period since last November and for all reporting banks are now about \$320,000,000 larger than at that time.

Member bank holdings of United States Government securities, after declining sharply in the first quarter of the year, showed further slight reductions until June, when they increased. On June 15 reporting member banks in leading cities purchased a considerable part of the \$850,000,000 of notes issued by the Treasury. Subsequently a part of the notes purchased was resold to other investors, and bank holdings of Treasury bills also declined owing to the repayment by the Treasury of maturing bills. As a net result of these transactions, holdings of direct obligations As a net result of these transactions, holdings of direct obligations of the United States Government at reporting member banks increased during the two weeks ending June 23 by \$120,000,000, all of which was in leading cities outside New York and Chicago.

Payment for the new Treasury notes acquired by banks was made largely through crediting the deposit accounts of the Treasury, with the consequence that United States Government deposits at banks increased by \$440,000,000 in the week ending June 16. ment deposits in these banks, which had declined from \$700,000,000 at the beginning of the year to a small figure by the middle of June, were

restored to \$550,000,000 by June 23. Disbursements by the Treasury of its bank balances largely accounted for the increase in adjusted demand deposits at reporting member banks

As the Treasury drew upon its balances, which are not included in adjusted demand deposits, funds were transferred to private accounts and were added to these deposits.

Balances due to banks, following a decline from March through the early part of May in connection with adjustment by interior banks to the raising of reserve requirements, showed little change thereafter in New York but York they continued to decline through the first part of June. On June 23 balances due to banks by all reporting member banks were somewhat less than \$5,000,000,000, as compared with a level of about \$6,000,000,000 during the latter half of 1936 and the opening months of this year and with an average level of about \$3,000,000,000 for several years prior to 1934.

New Offering of Treasury Bills in Two Series to Amount of \$100,000,000—\$50,000,000 of 148-Day Bills and \$50,000,000 of 273-Day Bills—Both Series to be Dated July 21, 1937

Announcement of a new offering of two series of Treasury bills, both to be dated July 21, 1937, in amount of \$100,000,-000, or thereabouts, was made on July 15 by Secretary of the Treasury Henry Morgenthau Jr. Tenders to the offering

Treasury Henry Morgenthau Jr. Tenders to the offering will be received at the Federal Reserve banks, or the branches thereof, up to 2 p.m., Eastern Standard Time, Monday, July 19, but not at the Treasury Department, Washington. There is a maturity of Treasury bills on July 21 in amount of \$50,060,000. The new bills to be dated July 21 will be 148-day bills, maturing Dec. 16, 1937, and 273-day bills, maturing April 20, 1938; each series will be offered in amount of \$50,000,000 or thereabouts. The bills will be sold on a discount basis to the highest bidder, and on their maturity dates will be payable without interest at their face amount. dates will be payable without interest at their face amount. Bidders are required to specify the particular series for which each tender is made, Secretary Morgenthau pointed out. His announcement of July 15 also said:

The bills will be issued in bearer form only, and in amounts or denominations of \$1,000, \$10,000, \$100,000, \$500,000, and \$1,000,000 (maturity

No tender for an amount less than \$1,000 will be considered. Each tender must be in multiples of \$1,000. The price offered must be expressed on the basis of 100, with not more than three decimal places, e.g., 99,125. Frac-

Tenders will be accepted without cash deposit from incorporated banks and trust companies and from responsible and recognized dealers in investment securities. Tenders from others must be accompanied by a deposit of 10% of the face amount of Treasury bills applied for, unless the tenders are accompanied by an express guaranty of payment by an incorporated bank or trust company

Immediately after the closing hour for receipt of tenders on July 19, 1937, all tenders received at the Federal Reserve banks or branches thereof up to the closing hour will be opened and public announcement of the acceptable prices for each series will follow as soon as possible thereafter, probably on the following morning. The Security of the Treasury expressly reserves the right to reject any or all tenders or parts of tenders, and to allot less than the amount applied for, and his action in any such respect shall be final. Any tender which does not specifically refer to a particular series will be subject to rejection. Those submitting tenders will be advised of the acceptance or rejection thereof. Payment at the price offered for Treasury bills allotted must be made at the Federal Reserve banks in cash or other immediately available funds on July 21, 1937.

The Treasury bills will be exempt, as to principal and interest, and any gain from the sale or other disposition thereof will also be exempt from all taxation, except estate and inheritance taxes. No loss from the sale or other disposition of the Treasury bills shall be allowed as a deduction, or otherwise recognized, for the purpose sof any tax now or hereafter imposed

by the United States or any of its possessions.

Treasury Department Circular No. 418, as amended, and this notice prescribe the terms of the Treasury bills and govern the conditions of their issue

Tenders of \$262,183,000 Received to Offering of \$100,-000,000 of Two Series of Treasury Bills-\$50,060,000 Accepted for 155-Day Bills at Rate of 0.419% and \$50,000,000 for 273-Day Bills at Rate of 0.5149

Of tenders totaling \$262,183,000 received to the offering of \$100,000,000, or thereabouts, of two series of Treasury bills, dated July 14, 1937, Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau announced on July 12 that \$100,060,000 were accepted. The tenders to the offering, which was referred to in our issue of July 10, page 209, were received at the Federal Reserve banks and the branches thereof up to 2 p. m., Eastern Standard Time, July 12. Each series of the bills was offered in amount of \$50,000,000, or thereabouts; one series was 155-day bills, maturing Dec. 16, 1937, and the

other 273-day securities, maturing April 13, 1938.

Details of the bids to the two issues of bills were made available as follows on July 12 by Secretary Morgenthau:

155-Day Treasury Bills, Maturing Dec. 16, 1937

For this series, which was for \$50,000,000, or thereabouts, the total amount applied for was \$120,248,000, of which \$50,060,000 was accepted. The accepted bids ranged in price from 99.872, equivalent to a rate of about 0.297% per annum, to 99.813, equivalent to a rate of about 0.434% per annum on a bank discount basis. Only part of the amount bid for at the latter price was accepted. The average price of Treasury bills of this series to be issued is 99.819, and the average rate is about 0.419% per annum on a bank discount basis.

273-Day Treasury Bills, Maturing April 13, 1938

For this series, which was for \$50,000,000, or thereabouts, the total amount applied for was \$141,935,000, of which \$50,000,000 was accepted. Except for three bids totaling \$700,000, the accepted bids ranged in price from 99.700, equivalent to a rate of about 0.396% per annum, to 99.597, equivalent to a rate of about 0.531% per annum on a bank discount basis. Only part of the amount bid for at the latter price was accepted. The average price of Treasury bills of this series to be issued is 99.610, and the average rate is about 0.514% per annum on a bank discount basis.

\$24,370,000 of Government Securities Purchased by Treasury During June

Net market purchases of Government securities for Treasury investment accounts for the calendar month of June, 1937, amounted to \$24,370,400, Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau announced July 15. This compares with \$3,-853,550 of the securities purchased during May.

1935—			1936—		
January	\$5,420,800	purchased	April	\$19,025,000	
	1,300,000		May	15,794,000	purchased
March			June	30,465,400	purchased
April			July	15,466,700	purchased
May	23,326,525	purchased	August		purchased
June	8,765,500	purchased	September	47,438,650	purchased
July	33,426,000	purchased	October	27,021,200	purchased
August	35,439,000	purchased	November	5,912,300	purchased
	60,085,000				purchased
October	17,385,000	purchased.	1937—		
November	18,419,000			14,363,300	
December	5.275,200	purchased	February		purchased
1936-				119,553,000	
January	18,546,850	purchased	April	11,856,500	purchased
February	4,500,600	purchased	May	3,853,550	purchased
March	32,702,150	purchased	June	24,370,400	purchased

U. S. to Sell Gold to Brazil Up to Total of \$60,000,000-Under Agreement Between Secretary Morgenthau and Brazilian Finance Minister, U. S. Will make Dollar Exchange Available to Brazil to Promote Stabilization—Plans Designed to Facilitate Creation in Brazil of Central Reserve Bank—Secretary Hull's Statement Regarding Trade Agreements

In a joint statement issued at Washington on July 15, Secretary of the Treasury Henry Morgenthau and Brazilian Finance Minister Arthur de Souza Costa announced that they were entering into an agreement whereby the United States would sell gold to Brazil up to a total of \$60,000,000, and that the United States will make dollar exchange available to Brazil to promote "exchange equilibrium." According to the statement the agreement is also designed "to facilitate the establishment by the United States of Brazil of a Central Reserve Bank." A joint statement was likewise issued on July 15 by Secretary of State Cordell Hull and Finance Minister de Costa in which they declared their intention of continuing the present reciprocity trade agreement in force, 'and of bending every effort towards the attainment of its objectives.

In Associated Press accounts from Washington, July 15 it was stated:

The statment did not mention Germany, which some trade experts contend has been subsidizing exports and thereby boosting sales to Brazil faster than this country. It is no secret, however, that German competition has been a subject of recent discussion between the American and Brazilian officials. Within recent months that competition has extended to automobiles, typewriters, calculating machines, office equipment and machinery.

Barbossa Carneiro, spokesman for Brazilian officials here, declared today's development signify no change in Brazil's relations with Germany, however. He said a pact between Brazil and Germany ended a month

ago but that there will be negotiations for its continuance.

Joint Brazilian-American committees of trade representatives are to be established in Rio de Janeiro and in New York or Washington, it was announced, to assist in meeting any obstacles to natural trade development between the two countries.

Secretary Morgenthau explained, after signing the agreement with Brazil, that that country will purchase gold with United States dollars which it is at liberty to obtain anywhere in the world. It might obtain dollars through

its favorable trade balance with this country, he said.

When Brazil is provided with the gold, Morgenthau continued, the Treasury will advance dollars as required, retaining the gold as collateral.

The statement issued by Messrs Morgenthau and Costa, is given herewith:

The Secretary of the Treasury of the United States of America and the Minister of Finance of the United States of Brazil are entering into an agreement under which: The United States undertakes to sell gold to Brazil at such times

and in such amounts as the Brazilian Government may request, up to a total of \$60,000,000; 2. The United States will make dollar exchange available to the Govern-

ment of Brazil or its fiscal agent, under conditions which safeguard the interests of both countries, for the purpose of promoting exchange equili-The agreement is designed to promote the development of conditions

favorable to the maintenance of monetary equilibrium between the two countries and to facilitate the establishment by the United States of Brazil of a central reserve bank as a part of the program of the Brazilian Government for improving the financial structure of the Nation to meet the needs of its expanding economy.

In recent years there has occurred a notable improvement of the trade and financial position of Brazil. It is a matter of gratification both to the Secretary of the Treasury and the Finance Minister that this favorable development of the Brazilian economy makes feasible at this time this important step.

Both the Secretary of the Treasury and the Minister of Finance are pleased to have had this opportunity to extend the field of cooperation between their countries and, in accordance with their conversations, the Secretary of the Treasury stands ready to supply such technical assistance as Brazil may care to avail itself of in connection with the organization of the new bank.

From the New York "Times" we take as follows the joint statement issued by Secretary Hull and Minister Costa:

The commercial agreement negotiated between the United States and Brazil was the first accord—apart from the agreement between the United States and Cuba-signed under the authority of the Trade Agreement Act.

Under the agreement each country, by lowering various tariff restrictions, prepared the way for an increase in trade between them. Further, by exchanging pledges against the increase in existing duties or the application of new duties on many products vital in their trade they safeguard their existing trade.

The specific trade concessions were no more important from a long-range view than the type of agreement that was negotiated and the type of trade policy to which the two Governments committed themselves in this agree

It is based on the mutual exchange of most-favored-Nation pledges which guarantee that the products of each country should find opportunity in the markets of the other on terms no less favorable than the products of any other country.

The underlying meaning of this pledge is a broad one; to wit, that both countries gain reciprocal assurances of both the form and substance of equality of treatment, and that the trade relations between them and the rest of the world may be enabled to develop with that protection.

In Operation Nearly 2 Years The agreement has been operative for almost two years. It was both natural and desirable that advantage be taken by the principals of the

Brazilian Mission in this country, to review its past operations and its prospects. This has been done in a series of comprehensive discussions in which both countries have freely explained their position and their problems.

As these conversations come to an end the two Governments declare their intention of continuing the agreement in force and of bending every effort

toward the attainment of its objectives. Experience has demonstrated that a number of minor complementary measures are advisable in order to feguard its principles and benefits in view of the form of trading pursued

by some other countries.

Accordingly, they undertake to protect these principles and benefits against outside competition that is directly subsidized by Governments.

The high convenience was furthermore recognized of the creation of two joint Brazilian-American committees composed of representatives of the trade interests of the two countries. One will be established in Rio de Janeiro and the other in New York or Washington, with the purpose of traditions the level manual process of the developing trade between Parasil and studying the best means indicated for developing trade between Brazil and the United States, and of securing, within the commitments mutually entered into by the Government of Brazil and the Government of the United States in the commercial agreement of Feb. 2, 1935, the most appropriate solutions in order to overcome the obstacles which might hinder the natural development of trade between the two countries.

These two joint committees will have independent standing, and the obligation of reporting to the two Governments. They will be guided entirely by the wish to foster trade between the two countries. The two Governments are convinced that this innovation in commercial arrangements

between the two countries, suggested by the President of Brazil, will provide the basis of experience useful to them both.

The discussion also dealt with certain minor administrative customs regulations, bearing upon the operation of the agreement. The Brazilian Mission has undertaken to give full and prompt study to certain of these regulations with a view toward simplifying or modifying them as may be found processary.

This would complete the substantial improvement of customs administra-tion already made effective by the Brazilian Government.

Treasury Department to Sell Gold to China-Agree ment Between Secretary Morgenthau and Dr. H. H. Kung Also Provides for Additional Purchases by United States of Silver from China—Representative Dirksen Seeks Details of Arrangement

Agreement on the part of the United States Treasury to sell to the Government of China a substantial amount of gold, was reached during the past week between Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau and Dr. H. H. Kung, Finance Minister of the Chinese Republic. The announcement of the agreement on July 9, added that "to aid the Chinese Government thus to augment its gold reserves, and in accordance with the terms of the United States Silver Purchase Act of 1934, the United States Treasury will purchase an additional amount of silver from the Chinese Government."

It was further stated that "the United States Treasury will also breaden the scope of the arrangement under which the Central Bank of China has been enabled, under conditions which safeguard the interests of both countries, to

ditions which safeguard the interests of both countries, to obtain dollar exchange for currency stabilization purposes.

The agreement was made known in a joint statement issued July 9 by Messrs. Morgenthau and Dr Kung in which reference was made to the Monetary Conferences in May, 1936 between Government officials and Representatives of the Chinese Minstry of Finance, as a result of which the United States arranged to purchase silver from the Central Bank of

China, and to make available to the latter dollar exchange for currency stabilization purposes. That arrangement was noted in these columns May 23, 1936, page 3436.

Details of the agreement just concluded between the Treasury and with China were sought on July 13 by Representative Everett M. Dirksen (Ill.) in a letter to Secretary Morgenthau according to a special Washington advice on that date to the New York "Journal of Commerce" which also reported: also reported:

The agreement, which contains a foreign exchange credit arrangement, was today seen possible of cancellation in the event that war-like developments in the Sino-Japanese situation should necessitate the application of our neutrality law restrictions to credits and trade.

Mr. Dirksen wants to know how much silver is to be acquired by the Treasury and at what price and whether the latter accords with world prices and with that paid for domestic production. He asks how much gold China will get, whether the agreement contains any provision to take care of changes in the price of gold, what is the life of the pact and can

it be canceled on notice.

He further asks whether silver certificates will be issued against the silver so purchased, whether similar agreements are in contemplation with other so-called silver countries, and finally he raises the question as to what is the reason for this action at this time. With the possible execption of the question whether silver certificates would be issued against the silver so acquired, and answered in the affirmative, Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau has previously declined to answer newspaper inquiries along these

same lines.
In a dispatch July 9 from Washington to the New York "Times" it was stated:

The new program will consist of purchases of gold from the United States by the Chinese Government, payment for the gold to be made from the large silver reserves of the Central Bank of China.

The gold will come from the Treasury's fund of "sterlized" gold, which stood at \$1,144,510,744 on July 7. This means of "cashing in" on the Government's huge gold supply was believed to have been welcomed by fiscal officers. More gold may be taken from the "sterilized" fund by a similar process as a result of negotiations with Brazilian financial officers, it was believed.

Mr. Morgenthau said the new silver obtained by the Treasury would be reflected in an increase of silver certificates. Silver certificates outstanding as of July 7 amounted to \$1,300,498,546. Other silver liabilities of the sury are \$1,172,022 in outstanding Treasury notes of 1890 and \$41,

653,914 of silver in the general fund.

Against these three liabilities, aggregating \$1,343,324,482, the Treasury on July 7 had \$837,781,751 in silver and \$505,542,731 in silver dollars, according to the most recent Treasury statement.

The gold to be purchased by the Government of China will remain in the United States at various banks, affording a sound reserve for Chinese currency and a stabilizer of its exchange transactions in other currencies.

Documents giving effect to the new agreement were signed by Secretary Morgenthau on July 12, at which time the "Times" Washington advices said:

It was learned from Treasury officials that the new agreement provides for extension to China of dollar or yuan exchange without sale of silver to this country, provided China has gold or silver on deposit here as collateral for such loans. The loans, it was said, would be solely for currency-stabilization purposes. It was understood that before the new agreement this credit

could be obtained only against silver actually sold to this country.

This feature of the Chinese agreement would seem to preclude similar arrangements with Nations which owe war debts to this country, as the Johnson Act prohibits loans to such debtor Nations.

The joint statement issued as Washington on July 9 by Secretary Morgenthau and Dr. Kung follows:

The monetary cooperation which resulted from the conference of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States of America with representatives of the Chinese Ministry of Finance in May, 1936, has contributed to the very successful functioning of the new Chinese monetary system with benefits both to the internal economy of China and to American trade.

We are now able to announce further progress in monetary cooperation etween the two countries in pursuit of the understanding reached a year ago. At that time the Secretary of the Treasury, in a public statement, said:

At that time the Secretary of the Treasury, in a public statement, said:

"I feel confident that the monetary program being pursued by the National Government of China is not only along sound lines, but constitutes an important step toward the desired goal of stability of world currencies.

"To supplement their efforts toward that objective and to cooperate with them in their program of monetary reform and currency stabilization, and in accordance with our silver purchase policy, we have definitely indicated our willingness, under conditions mutually acceptable, to make purchases from the Central Bank of China of substantial amounts of silver, and also to make available to the Central Bank of China under conditions which safeguard the interests of both countries, dollar exchange for currency stabilization purposes."

At the same time, the Minister of Finance of China in a public statement expressed the firm belief that the new measures of monetary reform which were then being adopted by the Chinese Government and the arrangements made with the United States would insure the stability of the Chinese cur-

made with the United States would insure the stability of the Chinese currency, and this would inevitably lead to greater economic improvement and prosperity of the Chinese people.

Arrangements have now been made through which the Government of China will purchase from the United States Treasury a substantial amount of gold. To aid the Chinese Government thus to augment its gold reserves, and in accordance with the terms of the United States Silver Purchase Act of 1934, the United States Treasury will purchase an additional amount of silver from the Chinese Government.

The United States Treasury will also broaden the scope of the arrangements under which the Central Bank of China has been enabled, under conditions which safeguard the interests of both countries, to obtain dollar

conditions which safeguard the interests of both countries, to obtain dollar exchange for currency stabilization purposes.

Both the Secretary of the Treasury and the Finance Minister of China are greatly gratified by the beneficial results to both countries which have been the consequence of their understanding reached last year, and they are equally gratified to be able to announce further progress in their cooperation. It is a source of satisfaction to them that the program of monetary reforms and currency stabilization in China has been carried out with great success and has been accompanied by an increase of trade between China and other Nations, particularly the United States, which occupies the first place in China's foreign trade.

Because of his desire to express the appreciation of the Chinese Government and the people of China, the Chinese Minister of Finance came in person to the United States to conduct the negotiations which have just been

The Secretary of the Treasury greatly appreciates having had this opportunity for personal contact with the Finance Minister of China and of undertaking in conference with him to further the welfare of both countries.

Detailing in the Washington "Post" the agreement concluded, Franklyn Waltman said:

Those present in the Secretary of the Treasury's office when the announcement of the new agreement was made, in addition to Morgenthau and Kung, were the Chinese Ambassador, Dr. Chenting T. Wang, P. W. Kuo, Director of the Bureau of Foreign Trade, Chinese Ministry of the Interior; Dr. Jacob Viner, Economic Adviser to the Treasury, and Archie Lochhead, in charge of the technical operations of the American stabilization

Following the conclusion of the agreement Dr. Kung sailed for England on July 13 on the steamer Normandie.

Governmental Expenditures in 1936 Approximated \$17,-000,000,000, According to Survey by National Industrial Conference Board—Total in 1935 Was \$14,-931,000,000.

Total Governmental expenditures in the United States in 1936 amounted to approximately \$17,000,000,000, according to a survey published on June 29 by the National Industrial Conference Board. This estimate compared with expendi-Conference Board. This estimate compared with expenditures of \$14,931,000,000 in 1935. In summarizing the results of its study, the Conference Board said:

Combined governmental expenditures were approximately \$17 billion in 1936, according to preliminary estimates. Expenditures were \$14,931 million in 1935, an increase of nearly \$500 million.

Per capita governmental expenditures rose from \$114.11 in 1934 to \$117.09 in 1935, and show an increase of nearly 50% in the period from

Combined tax collections in 1935 amounted to \$9,717 million, representing more than one-sixth of the realized national income.

The gross debt of all governmental units was \$53,421 million at the end of the fiscal year 1936. This figure represents an increase of 37% since 1932. Per capita gross public debt at the end of the fiscal year 1936 was \$415.96, compared with \$59.28 in 1913 and \$311.72 in 1932.

Federal expenditures for the fiscal year 1936 totaled \$8,576 million, compared with an annual average of \$3,242 million during the period from 1922.

pared with an annual average of \$3,342 million during the period from 1923

Federal tax collections reached a peak of \$3,847 million in 1936. The corporation income tax was the largest single source of Federal revenue,

Combined State and local governmental expenditures amounted to \$8,087. million in 1935, compared with \$7,665 million in 1934 and \$7,500 million

Combined State and local tax collections in 1935 are estimated at \$6,171 million, an increase of 4.9% over 1934.

President Roosevelt, in Laying Cornerstone of New Building of FTC Declares Improvement in Business Ethics Have Been Helped Through Administra-tion of Acts Such as That Creating Commission— Contends, However, That Dangers Growing Out of Monopoly Still Exist and Call for Action

In laying, on July 12, the cornerstone of the building in Washington, D. C., which is to be the permanent home of the Federal Trade Commission, President Roosevelt declared that "eternal vigilance is the price of opportunity for honest business." "Undoubtedly", he said, "in large measure improvement in business ethics has been helped by the constant play of the light of publicity, growing out of the administration of Acts such as the Federal Trade Commission. administration of Acts such as the Federal Trade Commission Act." "But," he added, "the dangers to the country growing out of monopoly and out of unfair methods of competition still exist and still call for action. They make the work of the Federal Trade Commission of vital importance in our economic life." Earlier in his address the President trated that "all of the first things achieved in the interest. stated that "all of the fine things achieved in the interest of fair trade practices since the approval by President Wilson, in September, 1914, of the original Federal Trade Commission Act Justify the event for which we are assembled here." "When that far-seeing statesman asked the Congress to create the Federal Trade Commission he saw in the realm of trade and commerce a field in which prevention was indeed better than punishment." In further referring to the Commission and its duties, the President said: "When the Commission discovered practices which were unfair or which tended toward monopoly, it was to deal with them by injunction rather than by punishment, punishment being reserved for the violator of the injunction." In conclusion he said: "May this permanent home of the Federal Trade Commission stand for all time as a symbol of the purpose of the government to insist on a greater of the purpose of the government to insist on a greater application of the government to insist on a greater application of the golden rule to the conduct of corporations and business enterprises in their relation to the body politic." Present at the exercises were Cabinet officers, members of Congress, and other government officials, according to the Washington "Post," which also said:

The trowel used was the one wielded by George Washington at the Capital expressions laying

Capitol cornerstone laying.

Capitol cornerstone laying.

W. A. Ayres, Chairman of the Federal Trade Commission, presided. The invocation was by the Rev. James Shera Montgomery, chaplain of the House of Representatives, and the benediction by the Rev. ZeBarney Thorne Phillips, chaplain of the Senate.

The ceremonies started stone work on the structure, which is being financed by a \$3,665,000 Public Works Administration allotment and will be finished Jan. 1.

Its erection completes the architectural unit of the \$75,000,000 Federal Triangle facing on Constitution Avenue.

The President's address, which was broadcast, follows in full:

Chairman Ayres, members of the Federal Trade Commission, Ladies and Gentlemen: Most of the great Federal commissions were set up in the belief that "an ounce of prevention was worth a pound of cure." The Federal Trade Commission was no exception to that sound legislative

Federal Trade Commission was no exception to that sound legislative intent. Prevention of unfair business practices is generally better than punishment administered after the fact of infringements, costly to the consuming public and to honest competitors.

Great and incalculable impacts have shaken the economic world in the period since the Commission began its work. The most disastrous depression in the history of business has given new and forcible emphasis to the need for just the contribution which the Commission has made

economic life.

All of the fine things achieved in the interest of fair trade practices since the approval by President Wilson, in September, 1914, of the original Federal Trade Commission Act justify the event for which we are assembled here today: the laying of the cornerstone of a new home for the Commission. The record of accomplishments in the interest of fair the Commission. The record of accomplishments in the interest of fair competition, in prosperous times and when evil days were upon the land, warrants that this body shall have a habitation adequate to its needs and in keeping with the importance of the tasks which it has accomplished and will continue to perform in the protection of American trade.

The vision of Woodrow Wilson has been vindicated again. When that far-seeing statesman asked the Congress in January, 1914, to create the Federal Trade Commission he saw in the realm of trade and commerce a field in which prevention was indeed better then remishment.

a field in which prevention was indeed better than punishment.

To the Federal Trade Commission, therefore, was given the task of protecting competitive business from further inroads by monopoly and of assuring to the public the fullest possible measure of benefit growing out of the competitive system. When the Commission discovered practices which were unfair or which tended toward monopoly, it was to deal with them by injunction rather than by punishment, punishment being reserved for the violator of the injunction. Undoubtedly, in large measure improvement in business ethics has been helped by the constant play of the light of publicity growing out of the administration of Acts, such as the Federal Trade Commission Act.

Dangers of Monopoly Still Exist

But the dangers to the country growing out of monopoly and out of unfair methods of competition still exist and still call for action. They make the work of the Federal Trade Commission of vital importance in our economic life. We must not be lulled by any sense of false security. Eternal vigilance is the price of opportunity for honest business. It is the price we must pay if business is to be allowed to remain honest and to carry on under fair competitive conditions, protected from the sharp or shady practices of the unscrupulous.

to carry on under fair competitive conditions, protected from the sharp or shady practices of the unscrupulous.

The erection of this splendid home for the Federal Trade Commission completes the architectural unit facing on Constitution Avenue.

Furthermore, it carries forward the plan of housing eventually in government-owned buildings all of the departments and agencies of the Federal Government in the District of Columbia. During the greater part of its existence the Federal Trade Commission has been housed in temporary lath and plaster construction of the World War years. Many other departments and agencies have been and are housed in rented buildings. The War Department, for example, is scattered over 18 locations. ings. The War Department, for example, is scattered over 18 locations, for most of which the government pays a large annual rental. Dictates of economy and good business sense call for a continuation of the erection of Federal buildings in order, over a comparatively short period of years,

to save the taxpayers' money.

May this permanent home of the Federal Trade Commission stand for all time as a symbol of the purpose of the government to insist on a greater application of the golden rule to the conduct of corporations and business enterprises in their relationship to the body politic.

President Roosevelt and Government Officials Discuss Plans for Increased Residential Building Construc-tion—Regard Costs of Material and Labor as Retarding Building

Plans to bring about an increase in residential construction were discussed in Washington on July 13 by President Roosevelt and heads of Government agencies. The President, of the opinion that increased building would do much to ease the unemployment situation, intimated that construction was being retarded by the rising costs of material and labor. his warning last April that certain commodity prices were advancing too quickly, but added that they would have to be lowered further if building was to resume. According to a Washington account, July 13, to the New York "Herald-Tribune" of July 14, those attending the conference with President Roosevelt included: He said that the costs had declined somewhat since he issued

Henry Morgenthau Jr., Secretary of the Treasury; Miss Frances Perkins, Secretary of Labor; Daniel Bell, acting Budget Director; Marriner S. Eccles, Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; Charles E. Merriam, Chairman of the National Resources Committee; Isidor Lubin, Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor Statistics; John H. Fahey, Chairman of the Home Owners Loan Corporation, and Stewart Mc-Donald, Administrator of the Federal Housing Administration.

The advice quoted had the following to say regarding the

The President's experts told him that there was now a shortage of 750,000

family dwelling units.

The plan for a housing program that would provide living quarters at cheaper rentals, the President said, was in the talk stage.

The President declared he was considering some such idea as limited dividend corporations to build houses that could be rented for much less than the current levels. He thought such corporations could get ample finances from persons with savings who are now receiving only 2% from banks and a little better rate from the Treasury's baby bonds. It would not be necessary to look to bond issues or bank funds carrying rates as high as 5%, the Treasury thought. He was confident persons with small savings accumulations would be glad to find a safe investment in the bonds of limited dividend corporations bearing a rate not exceeding 3¼%.

The type of home for which there is the most demand today, the President was told, was a house costing about \$5,000.

was told, was a house costing about \$5,000.

President Roosevelt Signs Resolution Appropriating \$3,000,000 for Federal Participation in New York World's Fair—Congressional Action on Legislation Completed July 6—Grover Whalen Commends

On July 10 President Roosevelt signed the joint resolution authorizing Federal participation in the New York World's Fair, to be held in New York City during 1939. Congress completed action on the legislation on July 6, when the resolution was approved by the Senate in exactly the same form in which it was adopted by the House on June 30. Following the approval of the resolution by the Senate Committee on Commerce, on July 6, the resolution was called up in the Senate under a unanimous agreement. Approval of the bill by the House Foreign Affairs Committee was referred to in our issue of June 19, page 4101.

The bill was introduced by Representative Matthew J. Merritt of Flushing, N. Y., after President Roosevelt had vetoed a similar resolution authorizing an appropriation of \$5,000,000 and providing for a commission under control of Congress to direct Federal participation. The President vetoed the original resolution because of both these provisions. The following regarding the resolution as finally passed is from Washington advices of July 6 to the New York "Times" of July 7:

A United States World's Fair Commission is set up under the bill, the members of which will be the Secretaries of Commerce, Agriculture and Labor, three members of the House, to be named by Speaker Bankhesd, and three Senators, who will be named by Vice-President Garner. The commission will name a United States Commissioner for the fair who will receive a salary of \$10,000 per year. It will also name two Assistant

Commissioners, one to be a Republican, each to receive an annual salary

With the approval by the President of the newly-enacted legislation, Grover Whalen, President of the New York World's Fair Commission, said:

We of the Fair are most grateful at the action of President Roosevelt. The way is now clear for the Fair Corporation to lay out the United States section and to close agreements with foreign governments for

pavilions and exhibit space.

We are confident the leadership of the American Government will be reflected by nations throughout the world, and that the New York Fair will have the largest governmental participation on record by city, by State, by the National Administration, and by forein countries.

President Roosevelt Urges Adoption of Long-Term Farm Program-In Letters to Chairmen of Senate and House Agricultural Committees Says Problem of Stability Is Not Yet Solved—Cites Three-Fold

In accordance with his plans made known last week, President Roosevelt on July 12 sent an identical letter to the Chairmen of the Senate and House Agricultural Committees in which he urged the committees to go forward with, and Congress give "sympathetic consideration" to legislation for a long-term farm program. While the President did not indicate it as his desire that the legislation be adopted at the present session of Congress, he explained that "if we wait until next year the ultimate objective will be the rif we wait until next year the ultimate objective will be the same but we may be faced with emergency conditions which would make the legislative and administrative problem more difficult because of the very fact of moving hurriedly under the fire of an emergency." Although the President favors Secretary of Agriculture Wallace's ever-normal-granary idea, his letter to the Chairmen of the Agricultural Committees did not refer specifically to the bill now before Congress embracing this plan. bracing this plan.

bracing this plan.

The President's letters were addressed to Senator Ellison D. Smith, of South Carolina, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Agriculture, and Representative Marvin Jones, of Texas, head of the House Committee. Mr. Roosevelt pointed out in his letters that the problem of crop stability has not yet been solved "though we have made much progress." "Good as our present farm program is," he said, "it ought to be improved to take care of the consumers' interest in years of bad weather and of the producers' interest in years of good weather." The President asked that consideration be given to the following three-fold program: consideration be given to the following three-fold program:

First, to the continuation of the present agricultural conservation program

as the foundation of the long-time plan.

Second, for the assurance of abundance for consumers by storage of substantial reserves of food for use in years of crop failure.

Third, for protection of farm prices and farm income.

In our issue of July 10, page 212, we referred to the plans of President Roosevelt to ask Congress to adopt a broad, ong-term farm program. The following is the letter sent by the President to Senator Smith and Representative Jones:

My dear Mr. Chairman: As a nation we are engaged in the task of giving stability and increasing purchasing power to those who toil in the factory and on the farm. It is true that industrial employment continues to gain and it is true that with few exceptions crops are good and prices for farm products are far above their low levels. This has led some people to say, with a certain degree of weariness. "Let well enough alone; let us defer further action at this time."

Industrial work and farm work include the great majority of all Americans who toil. In both groups the curse of the past has been instability-instability of annual income.

That is especially true among the farmers of the nation. Extremes of arm prices represent the principal cause of suffering, of bankruptcy and of lack of purchasing power among them. There is no benefit to any farmer he sells his crops for high figures one year and the price drops through the bottom the next year

We have not solved the problem of crop stability yet, though we have made much progress. Warning signals are already in sight. Existing laws are not adequate to guarantee future safety.

It is my philosophy that the time to repair a leaky roof is when the sun

Repeatedly in the last four years the Agricultural Committees of the Congress have worked with speed and effectiveness to enact emergency arm measures. In 1933 the Agricultural Adjustment Act met a desperate price emergency. In 1934 the Congress made swift action possible in order to cope with the unprecedented drought. In 1936 the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act served to hold the line after the Agricultural

Adjustment Administration production adjustment program had been stopped by the Supreme Court.

We have been fortunate in the past, even though programs have been put through in the face of actual existing emergencies. Your committee will, I know, recognize the great difficulty, from an administrative standpoint, of carrying through any program on the spur of the moment of threatened disaster.

Situation now "Excellent"

Though the situation of the moment is excellent, we have no safeguard, even in the year 1938, against the great danger of loss of income due to drought or against the equally great danger of low prices. I have expressed my belief that a program to guard against both these future dangers would be of enormous value not only to farmers but to the consumers of the ation, if it could provide for an ever-normal granary with storage of surpluses grown in big-crop years for use in time of short crops.

Management of Low Farm Prices Aim

Good as our present farm program is, it ought to be improved to take care of the consumers' interest in years of bad weather and of the producers rest in years of good weather

We welcome the prospect of the early return to well-filled bins, but we seek to avert the danger of ruinously low farm prices if bumper crops and overhanging surpluses return. They can and should be managed in a way to benefit the entire country.

May I express to you once more my hope that your committee will go forward and that sympathetic consideration may be given by the Congress: First, to the continuation of the present agricultural conservation program as the foundation of the long-time plan; second, for the assurance of abundance for consumers by storage of substantial reserves of food for use in years of crop failure; third, for protection of farm prices and farm

Farmers and consumers can be safeguarded against the disaster that resulted from the accumulation of surpluses by the Federal Farm Board, by the means of adjusting production and marketing of the five major export crops. If such adjustment is made available only after surpluses pile up with crushing effect, the cost will be prohibitive and the results doubtful

Legislation Would Not Increase In Expenditures

I believe that the cost of this national farm program can be kept in line with the government's fiscal program. Legislation can be integrated with existing programs in such a way as to involve no increase in expenditures for the fiscal year 1938 over existing authorizations for the operations

An all-weather farm program can level the peaks of oversupply into the valleys of shortage and disaster. It can serve alike the welfare of the farmer and the consumer, of business and of labor.

The vital interests of the nation demand that sooner or later protective measures of this type be placed in effect. If we wait until next year the ultimate objective will be the same, but we may be faced with emergency conditions which would make the legislative and administrative problem more difficult because of the very fact of moving burriedly under the fire of an emergency.

Very sincerely yours,

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

President Roosevelt Insists on Passage of Supreme Court Reorganization Bill at This Session—In Letter to Senator Barkley Declares Advantage is Being Taken of What Should be "Period of Mourn-ing" Following Senator Robinson's Death

President Roosevelt made known on July 15 his intention to insist on action by Congress at this time on legislation for the reorganization of the United States Supreme Court. In United Press accounts from Washington it was noted that the announcement came at the close of a day in which the report spread that the President was willing to let Congress decide whether the bill, which has split the Democratic party into two bitterly opposed factions, should be shelved for this session, following the death of the majority leader of the Senate, Senator Robinson, to which reference is made elsewhere in these columns today.

In a letter to Acting Majority leader Alber W. Barkley

In a letter to Acting Majority leader Alben W. Barkley (Dem.) of Kentucky, the President declared that "the objectives of the President, as to court reform and, I believe, of the great majority of our citizens, remain the same," and "I believe that it is the duty of the Congress, and especially of the members of the majority party in the Senate and the House of Representatives, to pass legislation at this session to carry out the objectives."

The President said that he had hoped that at least until

The President said that he had hoped that at least until the funeral services of Senator Robinson "a decent respect for his memory would have deferred discussion of political and legislative matters." He added that "it is therefore with

and legislative matters." He added that "it is therefore with regret that I find that advantage is being taken of what in all decency should be a period of mourning."

Senator Edward R. Burke (Dem. Neb.), a leader of the bloc of Senators opposing the court reorganization bill, was reported in United Press accounts from Washington on July 15 as stating that the President's letter could have "only one possible effect"—to galvanize and unite the opposition to the court bill to the court bill.

Senator Wheeler, also one of the Senate leaders opposing the legislation issued a statement on July 15 saying

"I can not believe the President wrote such a letter. It would not be in character for the man who is President of our country and the leader of our party and the man other Liberals and I fought for in 1932 and 1936. "I can not believe President Roosevelt could make political capital out of tragedy such as this.

"But if it is true he must have accepted bad counsel in an hour in which men who have lost a friend are particularly susceptible.

"When Senator Robinson passed away I canceled all engagements and forgot the court bill. After Tuesday I hope that we will all counsel with one another for the good of the country."

The President's letter to Senator Barkley follows:

My Dear Alben:

July 15, 1937

I am glad you called my attention to certain events of yesterday and today. Lest there be any misunderstanding in regard to Judicial reform, please let me clarify the situation.

please let me clarify the situation.

Since the untimely death of our majority leader I had hoped, with you, that at least until his funeral services had been held a decent respect for his memory would have deferred discussion of political and legislative matters. It is, therefore, with regret that I find, that advantage is being taken of what, in all decency, should be a period of mourning.

Because of this situation, however, I am compelled in the public interest, though against every inclination, to write to you. I do this because you are

the acting majority leader in the Senate.

Over four years ago it became apparent to the American people and to the leadership of the new administration of the national Government and to the newly elected Congress that grave problems of many kinds called for great reforms. The American people, in an overwhelming majority, recognized the need for bank reform, for agricultural reform, for labor reform, for housing reform and for judicial reform.

Other lesser reforms went hand-in-I cite the above merely as examples. hand with them as National needs. The Congress and the administration effected during the first four years many of these reforms. The reform of the processes of justice, the need for which was nothing new, was recommended by me on Feb. 5 of this year. The time had come to act.

In my message to Congress I set forth objectives. With these objectives

the overwhelming majority of the people of this country were in accord.

With these objectives the overwhelming majority of the Congress were in

Proposed tentative legislation was drawn at that time to facilitate discussion of methods in both houses of the Congress and discussion commended immediately in the Congress and throughout the country.

Let me make clear once more the objectives. They constituted improvements in the process of justice in all Federal courts, from the lowest to the highest. These improvements included systematic addition of younger judges to all such courts in which there were judges beyond retirement age who had not taken advantage of retirement privileges—for the dual purpose of helping the older judges give a maximum of justice in a minimum of time, and of keeping the social viewpoints of the courts abreast of changing conditions. These improvements also contemplated adequate machinery for supervision by the Supreme Court of the expeditions dispatch of business by the lower courts, and for getting constitutional questions to the Supreme

These were the objectives. At no time have I or any member of my Administration insisted that the method or methods originally proposed be sacred or final except to point out that action was of immediate necessity be sacred or final except to point out that action was of immediate necessity and, therefore, that the process of constitutional amendment was an impossibility if the objective was to be attained within a reasonable time. It is, of course, clear that any determined minority group in the Nation could, without great difficulty, block ratification by one means or another in at least 13 States for a long period of time.

Objectives can be obtained by constitutional legislation, and both the original bill and Senator Robinson's bill were clearly constitutional.

There was the other reason for action by legislation rather than by Constitutional amendment. The situation of the civilized world has been, for several years, at a point of extreme danger. This has been caused by three factors—aggression and armament, economic crisis and major social needs.

factors—aggression and armament, economic crisis and major social needs.

The United States is happily free from any thought of aggression or armament for aggression, but the people of the United States have called for economic security and for major social improvements. National safety

demands them.

About a month ago Senator Robinson advised me that some new form or forms of method were called for if the objectives of judicial reform were to be attained. I told him that in my judgment, the bill he proposed would be a satisfactory method of attaining such objectives. I told him further what I had told to all others who have asked my opinion—that on the Congress of the United States falls the primary responsibility for the adoption of methods, but that on the President falls the responsibility of recommend-This is in accordance with the Constitution

To abandon any reform of the judicial processes at this session of the Congress means an abandonment of the objectives.

An abandonment of judicial reform, including, of course, all the Federal courts, because of the inability of a majority of Senators or a majority of Representatives to agree on method and reach a vote, places the responsi-

bility squarely on the Congress of the United States.

May I, therefore, tell you very simply once more that the objectives of the President, and I believe of the great majority of our citizens, remain the same, and that I believe that it is the duty of the Congress, and especially of the members of the majority party in the Senate and the House of Representatives, to pass legislation at this session to carry out the objectives.

Very sincerely yours,

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT.

Hon. Alben W. Barkley, United States Senate, Washington, D. C.

President Roosevelt Vetoes Bill to Continue 31/2% Rate on Federal Land Bank Loans—House Passes Bill Over Veto—President Declares Legislation Involves Additional Draft on Treasury of Over \$30,000,000

In a special message sent to the House of Representatives July 12, President Roosevelt vetoed the Jones bill to extend for one year the 3½% rate on certain Federal Land Bank loans. The bill would also provide a 4% interest rate on such loans for the period from July 1, 1938 to June 30, 1939, and provide for a 4% interest rate on Land Bank Commissioner's loans for a period of two years.

The House overrode the President's veto on the bill on July 13, the vote being 260 in favor of over riding to 98 against such action. Regarding the vote Washington advices July 13 to the New York "Times" said:

In overriding the veto, 189 Democrats were joined by 62 Republicans, 6 Progressives and 3 Farmer-Laborites.

Only 90 Democrats supported the President. Seven Republicans and 1 Progressive made the total 98, 50 members did not vote and 24 were

The bill was sent to the Senate to take its place in the legislative jam caused by the administration's attempt to bring the judiciary reorganiza-

In vetoing the bill the President stated that "the reduction of the rates of interest on Federal Land Bank loans to $3\frac{1}{2}\%$ for the fiscal year 1938, and to 4% for the fiscal year 1939, as required by the bill for loans made through National Farm Loan Associations would, it is estimated, necessitate payments from the Treasury in the amount of approximately \$31,700,000 for the former year and \$21,200,000 for the latter, a total of \$52,900,000." He added than "the effect of such an arrangement is that part of the individual borrower's interest is paid for him by the United States. In other words, it constitutes a gift to individual borrowers from the Federal Treasury." The President likewise said:

As indicated by me in my letter of June 8, 1937 . . . the whole question involves the rate of interest charged by Government agencies and relates not only to farm loans, but also to moneys lent by the Home Owners Loan Corporation, the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, the Public Works Administration and other agencies.

The President in stating in his veto message that he is definitely seeking the balancing of the budget, said that the approval by him of the bill, "involving as it does an additional draft upon the Treasury in excess of \$30,000,000 during the fiscal year 1938, would be totally inconsistent with my purpose to bring about a balancing of the budget for that

According to the President, to continue the 31/2% rate for 1938, and to fix a 4% rate for 1939 would, it is estimated necessitate payments from the Treasury in the amount of

approximately \$52,900,000 for the two years. In the House on July 13, when the bill was brought before that body for passage over the veto, Representative Jones expressed regret that he could not "follow the suggestions contained in the message of the President." Among other things he said:

All of the land-bank loans made during the last two years have borne a contract rate of 4%, and that is the rate that is called for in the loans that are being made at this time; that is, the current loans.

However, for the past two years we have had an emergency land-bank rate of 31/%. This rate expires this month, and in the absence of legis-

lation, all of the outstanding loans will revert to the various contract rates. The bill under consideration continues the emergency rate of $3\,\%$ for

the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1937, and provides for a 4% rate on all outstanding loans for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1938.

If the present measure is enacted into law, the emergency 3 ½% rate will be continued for one year, and then it steps up on all loans to the current contract rate of 4%, so that beginning with July 1, 1938, all land-bank and Commissioner's loans will bear interest at the rate of 4%. This seems to me to be a fair rate, and I believe these interest rates are as high as the to me to be a fair rate, and I believe these interest rates are as high as the farmer should be called upon to pay. If the measure is not enacted, the farmers will have different rates of interest, to pay, varying from 4% to 6%, depending upon the time at which the loans were made.

The bill vetoed by the President was passed by the House on June 7, and adopted by the Senate on June 29. Reference to it appeared in these columns April 24 page 2754 and July 3, page 40.

The following is President Roosevelt's veto message.

To the House of Representatives:

I return herewith, without my approval, H. R. 6763, entitled "An act to extend for one additional year the $3\,\%$ % interest rate on certain Federal Land-Bank loans, to provide a $4\,\%$ interest rate on such loans for the period July 1, 1938, to June 30, 1939, and to provide for a $4\,\%$ interest rate on Land-

Section 1 of the bill extends for two additional years the policy originally adopted as an emergency measure in 1933 under which borrowers from the Federal Land-Banks are allowed to pay interest on their loans at rates lower than those provided in their mortgage contracts.

Section 2 of the bill broadens the field of loans on which interest reductions are granted by providing that for a period of two years interest may be

are granted by providing that for a period of two years interest may be paid at the reduced rate of 4% on loans made by the Land-Bank Commis-

Section 1-Federal Land Bank Loans

At present, through the sale of bonds to the investing public, new loans are being made by Federal Land Banks at the lowest rate that has ever been made available to farmers generally in this country, namely, 4% per annum. A decrease in farm-mortgage interest rates has been brought about through the refinancing operations of the Federal Land Banks and the Federal Land Banks and the Land Bank Commissioner. The average rate of interest on the private loans refinanced by the Federal Land Banks in 1933 and subsequent years has been 6.3%. Consequently, those farmers who refinanced their private loans in 1933 and 1934 by converting them into 5% Federal Land Bank loans cut their annual interest charges more than 20%, while those who have refinanced at the present 4% rate have obtained a permanent reduction in excess of 40%. I believe, therefore, that there is no justification for continued Government subsidy of Federal Land Bank interest rates below the unprecedentedly low rate these banks

are now offering farmer-borrowers on a business basis.

Furthermore, the ability of farmers to pay interest at the rates provided for in their mortgages with the Federal Land Banks has been very substantially improved, due to an increase of more than 100% in the level of farm prices since the emergency period of 1932-'33. In December 1936 the index of farm prices as reported by the Department of Agriculture stood at 126, as compared with 55 for the month of March 1933, and an average of 100 for the pre-war period, August 1909 to July 1914. The gross farm income as estimated by the Department of Agriculture also rose from \$5,337,000,000 in 1932 to \$9,530,000,000 in 1936.

As an illustration of the lightening of the interest burden during the last four years through improvements in farm prices and the refinancing of farm debt, the following instance may be cited: The quantity of farm products required to meet the annual interest charge on a 6.3% private loan refinanced as a 5% Federal Land Bank loan in 1933 is now only 63% of the quantity required during the five pre-war years 1910 to 1914. The greatly increased debt-paying capacity indicated in the foregoing figures is borne out by the record of actual payments on Federal Land Bank loans. Approximately 85% of all loans of the Federal Land Banks were in good standing at the end of 1936, as opposed to approximately 50% delinquency.

Approximately 85% of all loans of the Federal Land Banks were in good standing at the end of 1936, as opposed to approximately 50% delinquency when the emergency legislation was first passed.

The reduction of the rates of interest on Federal Land Bank loans to 3½% for the fiscal year 1938, and to 4% for the fiscal year 1939, as required by the bill for loans made through National farm loan associations, would, it is estimated, necessitate payments from the Treasury in the amount of approximately \$31,700,000 for the former year and \$21,200,000 for the latter, a total of \$52,900,000. The effect of such an arrangement is that part of the individual borrower's interest is paid for him by the United States. In other words, it constitutes a gift to individual borrowers from the Federal Treasury.

states. In other words, it constitutes a gift to individual borrowers from the Federal Treasury.

As indicated by me in my letter of June 8, 1937, addressed to the committees of Congress then considering this legislation, the whole question involves the rate of interest charged by Government agencies and relates not only to farm loans but also to moneys lent by the Home Owners' Loan Corporation, the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, the Public Works Administration and other agencies.

The foregoing considerations have led me to the conclusion that further reductions in the interest rates payable on Federal Land Bank loans are not justified.

not justified.

Section 2—Land Bank Commissioner Loans

The farm loans made by the Land Bank Commissioner on behalf of the In view of the circumstances under which these loans are made, it cannot In view of the circumstances under which these loans are made, it cannot reasonably be said that a 5% rate of interest is excessive. Comparison with Federal Land Bank loans may serve to illustrate this point. A majority of the loans made by the Land Bank Commissioner are secured by second mortgages. Federal Land Bank loans may only be granted on first mortgage security. A Land Bank Commissioner loan may be made for an amount which, taking into account any prior liens, equals 75% of the value of the property, including both land and buildings. A Federal Land Bank loan is restricted by law to a sum not exceeding 50% of the value of the land and 20% of the value of the improvements. Land Bank Commissioner loans are frequently granted upon farms which because of some physical

or economic hazard, would not qualify as security for a Federal Land Bank loan. Finally, Land Bank Commissioner loans lack the element of cooperative responsibility through stock ownership by borrowers of their National farm loan associations upon which the Federal Land Bank system is built. In view of the added factors of risk present in the average Land Bank Commissioner loan. Lifet that the 5% interest rate above the added factors of risk present in the average Land Bank Commissioner loan, I feel that the 5% interest rate charged on these loans compares favorably with the present 4% rate of the Federal Land Banks. I have been unable to find any system in which second-mortgage loans have been made available to farmers generally on a basis as low as the present 5% Land Bank Commissioner loan rate.

The contemplated reduction in interest rates on commissioner loans from 5% to 4% under the bill would reduce the annual income of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation, which owns these loans, by an amount of approximately \$8,350,000. No provision is made for a corresponding reimbursement of this sum by the Treasury to the Corporation. Losses suffered by the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation ultimately fall upon the United States as the sole holder of the Corporation's capital stock. More than this, the payment of principal and interest on all bonds issued by the Corporation is guaranteed by the United States.

Any reduction in the interest rate on Commissioner loans will place the

Any reduction in the interest rate on Commissioner loans will place the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation in such a position that there is definite possibility that it may not be able to meet its obligations from its own in-

The passage of this bill was not contemplated in the preparation of the budget for the fiscal year 1938. As the Congress is well aware, I am definitely seeking the balancing of that budget. To this end, I have called upon the heads of all Government departments, establishments, and agencies to set up reserves of not less than 10% of all funds available for the fiscal year 1938, except such funds as are not susceptible to such treatment. Approval by me of the bill under consideration, involving as it does an additional draft upon the Treasury in excess of \$30,000,000 during the fiscal year 1938, would be totally inconsistent with my purpose to bring about a balancing of the budget for that year.

For all these reasons I am constrained to withhold my approval of the

bill H. R. 6763. - A

Bankhead Farm Tenancy Bill Sent to White House After Senate and House Accept Conference Report —Would Permit Loans to Tenants to Buy Land— House Proviso for Funds to Purchase Submarginal Land Retained by Conferees

The farm tenancy bill sponsored by Senator John H. Bank-The farm tenancy bill sponsored by Senator John H. Bankhead, of Alabama, received final Congressional approval this week and was sent to the White House for President Roosevelt's signature. The measure was transmitted to the President after the Senate on July 15 approved a conference report previously adopted by the House on July 13. The conferees reached agreement on a compromise bill on July 9. Previous Senate and House action on the bill was referred to

Previous Senate and House action on the bill was referred to in our issue of July 10, page 212.

The bill, as adjusted in conference, authorizes an appropriation of \$10,000,000 this fiscal year, \$25,000,000 next year, and \$50,000,000 the following year and thereafter, for Federal loans to be made directly to competent tenant farmers to enable them to purchase farm land. The loans would be payable in 40 years at 3% annual interest. The Senate had sought to have the Federal Government buy the land and lease it to the tenants instead of making lease to land and lease it to the tenants instead of making loans to them as stipulated by the House and approved by the con-ferees. The conferees also retained in the bill a House proviso authorizing a \$10,000,000 appropriation this year for the purchase and retirement for cultivation of submarginal land, and \$20,000,000 for the same purpose during each of the next two years. The farm tenants purchasing land would take title immediately, but could not sell for five years, said an Associated Press dispatch from Washington, July 15, which added:

Until their loans are completely repaid purchasers of farms will be required to follow farming practices prescribed by the Agriculture Depart-

ment.

The bill contains no civil service provisions, despite repeated recomdations of the President that all new agencies be put under the merit

MAdvocates expressed confidence Mr. Roosevelt will sign it, however. He gave it administration blessing earlier this session.

Senate Committee Favorably Reports Wage and Hour Bill—House Group Begins Consideration Administrative Measure

The Senate Committee on Education and Labor on July 13 favorably reported the Administration's bill to provide favorably reported the Administration's bill to provide maximum hours and minimum wages in industry. Committee hearings on the measure were referred to in the "Chronicle" of July 10, page 214. The House Labor Committee on July 12 began consideration of the bill. The Senate Committee on Education and Labor said in its report that the bill, as amended in Committee, is a "cautious legislative approach" to the realization of improved social and economic conditions. It added that the bill is designed to aid only the low wage and long working-hour industrial workers to obtain a minimum wage and that "a start should be made at the present session of the Congress to should be made at the present session of the Congress to protect this Nation from the evils and dangers resulting from wages too low to buy the bare necessities of life and from long hours of work injurious to health." Congressional action on the bill was described as follows in a Washington dispatch of July 13 to the New York "Journal of Commerce."

The Committee's report was made available as the House Committee, yielding to pressure for action, continued its study of the original draft of the legislation in executive session. While it could not be determined with complete accuracy, it was indicated in several quarters today that the House Committee disapproves of some of the provisions so strongly t it is seriously considering the substitution of the Senate bill in toto for that originally introduced.

Committee sessions will continue on the legislation throughout the remainder of the week, at which time, it is expected, the members will be ready to cast their ballots on whether to adopt the Senate revision for that carrying the name of the late Committee Chairman, Senator Connery of Massachusetts. In the event the bill is reported before an agreement is reached by the leadership to recess the House, while the Senate wrangles over the Court Bill, an attempt will be made to jam it through. Otherwise, it is said, the measure may be abandoned for this session.

In effect, the Senate (Committee in its report on the legislation served)

notice on the courts that in its opinion the bill could not be held unconstitutional on the grounds upon which the National Receovery Act was invalidated—undue delegation of Congressional legislative powers.

"This bill does not contain any delegation of legislative power," the report stated flatly. "The powers with reference to the findings of the Administrative Board concerning wages and hours have been reduced to the lowest minimum believed to be consistent with the fair application

"Where powers to declare applicable wages and hours have been entrusted to the Board, it has been the earnest desire of the Committee to chart the way with the plainest possible pronouncement of policies and most specific standards capable of affording sufficient flexibility for geographical and industrial variations and authorizing at the same time a sufficiently restricted range of powers to protect the interests of the public from the confusion that might result from unwarranted delegation of legislative responsibilities."

House Committee Favorably Reports Jones "Compromise" Sugar Bill—Would Impose Tax of \$65,000,000 Annually on Sugar Consumed in United States—Measure also Provides New Quota System Presidential Opposition to Bill

The House Committee on Agriculture on July 2 favorably reported to the House the "compromise" Jones bill, to provide a new quota system for the domestic and foreign sugar producing areas supplying the sugar market of the continental United States. Advices from Washington, July 15, to the New York "Journal of Commerce" of July 16 said that the bill received a setback on July 15 when the House Rules Committee refused to grant a rule to the legislation. The measure, imposing a tax of \$65,000,000 annually on sugar consumed in the United States, is designed to supplant the Jones-Costigan Sugar Control and Domestic Allotment Act which expires on Dec. 31 next. It would also authorize the payment of cash benefits to domestic producers who comply with Federal production control regulations, said Associated Press advices from Washington, July 2, which continued:

Payments would be made at the base rate of 60c. per 100 pounds on

The benefits would be paid from the proceeds of a tax of half a cent a pound on manufactured sugar.

In line with recommendations of President Roosevelt, the bill would In line with recommendations of President Roosevett, the bill would deny benefits to producers employing children 14 years of age or younger. The proposed quota system, said Chairman Jones of the House Agriculture Committee, represents a compromise between demands of American producers and refiners on the one hand and Hawaiian, Philippine, Cuban, Puerto Rican and foreign producers and refiners on the other. It would allot domestic producers 55.59% of the American market, or a minimum of 3,715,000 short tons, and foreign producers 44.41%, or an approximate minimum of 2,967,670.

approximate minimum of 2,967,670.

It was explained in a Washington dispatch, July 1, to the New York "Journal of Commerce" that the bill agreed to by the committee on July 1 (and favorably reported July 2) differs in three respects from the original "compromise" bill made public during June by Representative Marvin Jones (Democrat) of Texas, viz.:

1. Maximum benefit payment is set at 30c. per hundredweight, payable to producers having an annual crop of 30,000 short tone, raw value, or more. Payments begin at the base of 5c. for producers of from 500 to 1,500 short tons; 7½c. for 1,500 to 6,000; 10c. for 6,000 to 12,000, and 12½c. from 12,000 to 30,000.

22½c. from 12,000 to 30,000.

2. Exemption from the ½c. per pound excise tax of sugar used in the distillation of alcohol has been removed outright. Under the compromise bill now, only sugar exported or used in the manufacture of live stock feed escapes the levy.

3. The definition of "manufactured sugar" is amended to conform to the above provise that the distillation of alcohol is no longer tax-free. The amendment adds the following phrase: . . "Notwithstanding the foregoing, except sugar in liquid form (regardless of its non-sugar content) which is to be used in the distillation of alcohol shall be considered as manufactured sugar."

It was reported on July 9 that President Roosevelt is opposed to the provisions of the compromise bill, the President's views against the legislation, it is said, having been made known in a confidential memorandum addressed to majority leader Rayburn of Texas by James Roosevelt, son of the President, recently named to the White House Sectional staff. retarial staff. Mr. Rayburn was quoted as saying on July 9 that he was not at liberty to disclose the contents of the memorandum. Secretary of the Interior Harold L. Ickes voiced his opposition to the bill on July 11. Reference to his criticisms appears in another item in this issue.

James Roosevelt, President's Son, Confers in Boston with Publishers on Industrial Reemployment of WPA Workers—Denies Reports of Candidacy for Lieutenant-Governor-Also Denies Intimations of Tax Evasion Through Foreign Holding Company

Before the joint congressional committee on Tax Avoidance and Evasion, on July 13, James Roosevelt, son of the President, asked to have placed into the committee's records a statement in which he asserted that "neither now nor ever" has he had any connection with a foreign personal holding company. Regarding the unexpected appearance of Mr. Roosevelt before the committee, Associated Press advices from Washington on July 13 said:

Representative Fish [of New York] suggested to the committee last week that it examine the income tax of the President's son to see whether he had any interest in a personal holding company in the Bahama Islands. Mr. Fish said a Mr. Darby of New York City had come to him with a statement that he had a photostatic copy of information pertaining to such a holding company.

such a holding company.

Mr. Roosevelt told reporters he did not know Mr. Darby.

When the committee opened its session, the tall son of the President stepped forward and asked the Chairman whether he could make a state-

"Will you give your name and address, please?" Mr. Doughton asked.
"I am James Roosevelt," the witness replied. "I live at 3331 O Street, Washington.'

"You may proceed," Mr. Doughton said.

Mr. Roosevelt continued:

"On July 9 Congressman Fish appeared before your committee and said, in substance, that a certain Mr. Darby had photostatic copies of my connection with a foreign personal holding company—I think he said in the

"Although I understand Mr. Darby has since denied that he has such copies, I would like to put a statement in the record that I neither now, nor ever, have had any connection, directly or indirectly, with a foreign personal holding company."

On the same day (July 13) Representative Treadway (Republican) of Massachusetts called upon Mr. Roosevelt to submit to the committee his income tax returns for a five-year period during which he was in the insurance business. Mr. Roosevelt indicated that he would be glad to submit the returns, said the Associated Press, from which we also quote:

The committee, however, refused to press the demand, deciding to take

it up later in closed session.
Young Mr. Roosevelt, now serving his father as Secretary, entered the

On July 12 James Roosevelt announced that a blanket invitation had been extended by him to 229 publishers and editors of daily and weekly newspapers in Massachusetts to meet with him yesterday (July 16) at the Parker House in Boston to determine upon measures for the absorption by private industry of workers scheduled to be dropped from the State's Works Progress Administration rolls on July 15. Others invited to attend the meeting, according to a Washington account, July 12, to the Boston "Herald," were officials of Chambers of Commerce, Governor Hurley, James T. Moriarty, State Commissioner of Labor; Frederick Graham, Director of the State Reemployment Bureau; Colonel John McDonough, State WPA Director, and David K. Niles, Assistant Federal WPA Administrator, the last-named representing Harry Hopkins.

Reports that he might at the same time make known his candidacy for Governor or Lieutenant-Governor of Massachusetts were refuted by James Roosevelt, who was quoted

as saying:

It is one of the annoying things in my official work here that I can make no move or statement without having a political aspiration ascribed

Some people always try to read some unpleasant implication in anything

James Roosevelt became Secretary to his father on July 1 at a salary of \$10,000 a year; he had previously served as

aid and unofficial Secretary to his father.
On July 1, also, Marvin H. McIntyre and Stephen Early, who had been Assistant Secretaries to the President, were elevated to the ranks of full Secretaries.

Chairman Eccles of Federal Reserve System, Before House Committee, Opposes Use of "Sterilized" Gold to Redeem National Debt—Views on Patman Bill for Government Ownership of Reserve Banks, Reserve Requirements and Taxation of Non-Resident Aliens

Before the House Committee on Banking and Currency on July 14, Marriner S. Eccles, Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System opposed the use of the so-called "idle gold" for the retirement of the National debt. From its Washington bureau, the "Wall Street Journal" reported:

In reply to questions by Representative Gifford (Rep., Mass.), Mr. Eccles said that should this gold be used in paying on the Federal debt, it would go back into excess reserves and might result in credit inflation which

the Federal Reserve System could not control. He estimated gold in the stabilization fund and "sterilized gold" at approximately \$3,000,000,000 and said it should be retained to redeem outstanding gold certificates.

Questions by Representative Steagali (Dem., Ala.). Committee Chairman, brought from Mr. Eccles a statement that the Treasury and Federal Reserve have between \$4,500,000,000 and \$5,000,000,000 of gold in excess of the minimum required by law as security for outstanding currency

Mr. Eccles who, according to Washington advices July 14 to the New York "Journal of Commerce," testified before the House Banking Committee on a bill to reimburse the Reserve banks for amounts spent in printing gold notes now barred from circulation, said that several proposals have been suggested for strengthening the hand of the Board over the money market but there appears to be no possessity at the money market but there appears to be no necessity at the present time for Congressional action to bring this about. From the same advices, we quote:

Although reserve requirements of the member banks were increased to the maximum 50% allowed by the Banking Act of 1935 under orders of the Board effective last May, he asserted, it would be inadvisable to make a further increase unless there is a unification of the banking structure. Numerous protests followed the Board's order, he pointed out, and if similar steps were again taken they would have the tendency of forcing banks out of the system and discourage others from joining.

Mr. Eccles, on July 15, defended the Federal Reserve System against the attacks of Representative Patman (Dem., Texas), who is sponsoring legislation for Government ownership of the banks, and the order of the Board last May boosting the reserve requirements of the member banks against contentions that the order was a reversal of easy money policies. The Washington account, July 15, to "Journal of Commerce" reporting this, went on to say:

During the hearing Mr. Patman charged that the Reserve banks have evaded the law by failing to pay the interest required of them on notes issued

"It would seem that you are of the opinion," Mr. Eccles said, "that because of the private ownership of these banks some one gets a particular advantage. As a matter of fact, the Reserve banks have not made a profit in the last three years."

He said that it was of no particular interest who owns the stock of the banks—whether it is owned by the Government or not. The principal thing, he added, is who controls the money policies, and under the Banking Act of 1935 this power is placed in the hands of the Board of Governors, who are appointed by the President.

"Would it be objectionable to you if the Government owned the Res

System?" Representative Patman asked.
"I would put it this way," Mr. Eccles replied. "There is no necessity for any stock in the System. I don't think that is important. The question is what are the powers of the System?"
"Would you oppose a bill providing Government ownership of the stocks?" Mr. Patman persisted.

Favors Independence

"I do not see that it makes very much difference," the Chairman insisted. "I would oppose it if the banks did not have a certain amount of independence. I would prefer that the stock be eliminated and have no stock at all."

He added that he had not given much consideration to the subject, but Mr. Patman asked that he be prepared to go further into the question because he would be asked to testify on his Government ownership bill during hearings to be held later.

Mr. Patman then went into the question of the reserve requirement increase, stating that he believed the Board was opposed to an increase in the prices of raw materials and that the policy of the Board has been one of deflation rather than inflation

Defending the action of the Board, Mr. Eccles said that it made absolutely no difference on the prices of commodities. If the Board's action had brought about such a restriction on the lending powers of the member banks as to prevent a free flow of credit then it could be said that it was deflationary, he stated. But the fact is, interest rates today are still as low as they ever were

"I cannot say that the action of the Board has restricted credit," he continued. "It was merely an adjustment of the position of the banks to the new gold position which had been created in the form of foreign capital that increased reserves to an unprecedented amount. It was felt that the reserve requirements of member banks should be adjusted in relationship to the amount of gold the Reserve system had. Even after putting the increase in effect there was still \$900,000,000 of excess re-

The Patman bill embodying legislation for Government ownership of the Reserve banks was referred to in our April 24 issue, page 2752. Taxation of non-resident aliens who have investments in this country is favored by Mr. Eccles, as to this we quote the following from the "Journal of Commerce" Washington dispatch:

Chairman Eccles said that he would be in favor of increasing the with-holding tax up to as high as 22 or 25%, while at the same time applying the capital gains and losses levies to the realizations of the non-rexident aliens from their activities in the American market. The withholding tax at the present time is 10%, a levy he believed to be entirely inadequate.

He said also that in his opinion it should be a flat levy and not a graduated arrangement because it would lead to less administrative difficulties and minimize evasions He added that he was "sure" that the State Department, which opposed a 22 1/4 % withholding levy proposed during considera-tion of the 1936 Revenue Act would not seriously oppose an increase in

The Chairman blamed much of the present troubles of the Treasury Department with reference to gold upon the low rate of tax applicable to income of non-resident aliens from investments in this country and appeared insistent that action be taken at an early date to curb the inflow of gold from abroad. He refused to predict, however, that legislation to accomplish this end might be expected before adjournment of Congress.

Regulations Issued Providing for Government Control of Futures Trading in 13 Agricultural Products Covered by Commodity Exchange Act

Regulations providing for Government control over futures trading in the 13 principal agricultural products covered by the Commodity Exchange Act were issued on July 14 by Harry L. Brown, Acting Secretary of Agriculture. The new regulations will become effective Aug. 2. The 13 commodities covered by the Commodity Exchange Act are wheat, corn, oats, grain sorghums, rye, barley, flaxseed, rice, cotton, butter, eggs, Irish potatoes and mill feed. It is estimated that the futures trading in these products is \$25,000,000,000 annually. Although the rules are applicable to all of the 13 commodities, it is pointed out that regulations dealing solely with cotton, butter, eggs, Irish potatoes and mill feed will with cotton, butter, eggs, Irish potatoes and mill feed will be issued later. The following bearing on the regulations is from a Washington account, July 14, to the New York "Herald Tribune" of July 15:

The new regulations require futures commission merchants and exchange members to report upon the volume of trading in each commedity on each exchange, as well as upon the amount of open contracts in various futures. The grain trade has been making such reports since 1922, and traders in cotton, butter, egg., potatoes and mill feeds will have to make such reports hereafter.

The handling of customers' funds by futures commission merchants is prescribed in detail by the new regulations. Futures commission merchants cannot use the net equity, or profit on a trade, of one customer to carry the trades or to effect the net deficit, or losses, of himself or any other customer.

For the first time, dealers in the cash-grain trade holding or controlling 200,000 bushels in any one future will have to report weekly their net long or net short cash-grain position.

Text of Resolution Appropriating \$1,500,000,000 for Relief and Work Relief—Also Extends PWA for Two Years—Provides Funds for WPA, RA, and NYA—Limit of Investments by RFC in Securities Purchased from Administration Increased to \$400,000,000

We are presenting below the text of the joint resolution making available \$1,500,000,000, together with unexpended balances, for relief and work relief purposes during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1938, and extending the life of the Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works for two years until July 1, 1939. The resolution was signed by President Roosevelt at 11 p. m., June 29; in reporting the signing of the measure in our issue of July 3, page 40, it was erroneously stated that the measure was approved on June 30. Other references to the course of the resolution through Congress appeared in our issues of June 26, page 4261; June 19, page 4099, and June 5, page 3766. The following is the text of the resolution:

[H. J. Res. 361] JOINT RESOLUTION

Making appropriations for relief purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I

That in order to continue to provide relief, and work relief on useful public projects, in the United States and its Territories and possessions (including projects heretofore approved for the Works Progress Administration which projects shall not be subject to the limitations hereinafter specified in this section), there is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain available until June 30, 1938, and to be used in the discretion and under the direction of the President, \$1,500,000,000 together with such unexpended balances as the President may determine, of appropriations made by (a) the second paragraph of the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act of 1936, as supplemented by the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1937, and (b) section 1 of the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act of 1935, including the unexpended balances of appropriations referred to therein: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for the following classes of public projects, Federal and non-Federal, and the amounts to be used for each class shall not, except as hereinafter provided, exceed the respective amounts stated, namely: (a) Highways, roads, and streets, \$415,000,000; (b) public buildings, parks and other recreational facilities, including buildings therein, public utilities, electric transmission and distribution lines or systems to serve persons in rural areas including projects sponsored by and for the benefit of nonprofit and cooperative associations, sewer systems, water supply and purification, airports and other transportation facilities, flood control, conservation, eradication of insect pests, and miscellaneous work projects, \$630,000,000; (c) assistance for educational, professional, and self-help, and clerical persons and women's projects, \$380,000,000; and (d) National Youth Administration, \$75,000,000: Provided further, That no portion of the funds hereby appropriated shall be allocated or used for any purpose except to provide relief or work relief for persons in need: Provided further, That not to exceed 5% of the amount allotted or used by any department or agency may be expended for administration of such relief or work relief; except that this provision shall not apply to allocations made to the General Accounting Office, the Department of Justice, the Treasury Department, the Employees' Compensation Commission, the United States Employment Service of the Department of Labor, the Bureau of Air Commerce of the Department of Commerce, the National Emergency Council, the Resettlement Administration or to the Prison Industries Reorganization Administration istration, for administrative expenses in performing functions for or behalf of the relief or work-relief program: Provided further, That the amount specified for any of the foregoing classes may be increased proportionately in accordance with the amount of such unexpended balances as the President transfers for the purposes of this section from the appropriations made by (a) the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act of 1935, and (b) the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act of 1936, as supplemented: Provided further, That the amount specified for any of the foregoing classes may be increased by not to exceed 15% thereof by transfer of an amount or amounts from any other class or classes in order to effectuate the purposes of the foregoing appropriation: Provided, That no Federal construction project shall be undertaken or prosecuted under this appropriation unless and until there shall have been allocated and irreappropriation unless and until there shall have been allocated and irrevocably set aside Federal funds sufficient for its completion; and no non-Federal project shall be undertaken or prosecuted under this appropriation unless and until the sponsor has made a written agreement to finance such part of the entire cost thereof as is not to be supplied from Federal funds. This appropriation shall be available for expenditure by the Resettlement Administration for such loans, relief, and rural rehabili-tation for needy persons as the President may determine, including such cost of administration as the President may direct: Provided, That no person employed on work projects and certified as in need of relief refuses a bona-fide offer of private employment under reasonable working conditions which plays as much or more in compensation for the same length of service as such person receives or could receive under appropriation and who is capable of performing such work, shall be retained in employment under this appropriation for the period such private employment would be available: Provided further, That any person who takes such private employment shall at the expiration thereof be entitled to immediate resumption of his previous employment status under this appropriation if he is still in need of relief and if he has lost the private employment through no fault of his own.

The funds herein appropriated shall be so apportioned and distributed over the 12 months of the fiscal year ending June 30. 1938, and shall

be so administered during such fiscal year, as to constitute the total amount that will be furnished during such fiscal year for relief purposes.

SEC. 2. In carrying out the purposes of the foregoing appropriation the President is authorized (a) to prescribe such rules and regulations as may be necessary and to utilize agencies within the Government and to empower such agencies to prescribe rules and regulations to carry out the functions delegated thereto by the President: Provided, That the rates of pay for persons engaged upon projects under the foregoing appropriation shall be not less than the prevailing rates of pay for work of a similar nature in the same locality as determined by the Works Progress Administration with the approval of the President; and (b) to accept and utilize voluntary and uncompensated services, and utilize, with the consent of the State, such State and local officers and employees as may be necessary, and prescribe their authorities, duties, and responsibilities: Provided, however, That in the employment of persons, applicants in actual need whose names have not heretofore been placed on relief rolls shall be given the same eligibility for employment as applicants whose names have heretofore appeared on such rolls: Provided further, That in order to insure the fulfillment of the purposes for which the foregoing appropriation is made and to avoid competition between the Works Progress Administration and other Federal or non-Federal agencies in the employment of labor on construction projects of any nature whatsoever, financed in whole or in part by the Federal Government, no relief worker shall be eligible for employment on any project of the Works Progress Administration: Provided further, That any relief worker who has been engaged on any Federal or non-Federal project and whose service has been regularly terminated through no fault of his own shall not lose his eligibility for restoration to the relief rolls or for reemployment on any other Federal or non-Federal project on account of such previous employment: Provided further, That the fact that a person is entitled to ro has received either adjusted-service bonds or a Tre

SEC. 3. The departments, agencies, or establishments having supervision of projects for which funds from the foregoing appropriation are made available shall not knowingly employ on such projects aliens illegally within the limits of the United States or aliens who have not filed declaration of intention to become citizens, and they shall make every reasonable effort consistent with prompt employment of the destitute unemployed to see that such aliens are not employed, and if employed and their status as such alien is disclosed they shall thereupon be discharged: Provided, That preference shall be given to American citizens who are in need of relief in employment by the Works Progress Administration and next those aliens who are in need of relief and who have declared their intention to become citizens prior to the enactment of this joint resolution: Provided further, That veterans of the World War and Spanish War who are in need of relief shall be given preference for employment by the Works Progress Administration.

SEC. 4. Any Administrator or other officer named to have general supervision at the seat of government over the program and work contemplated under the foregoing appropriation and receiving a salary of \$5,000 or more per annum from such appropriation, and any State or regional administrator receiving a salary of \$5,000 or more per annum from such appropriation shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate: Provided, That the provisions of section 1761 of the Revised Statutes shall not apply to any such appointee and the salary of any person so appointed shall not be increased for a period of six months after confirmation.

SEC. 5. Appointments to Federal positions of an administrative or advisory capacity under the foregoing appropriation in any State shall be made from among the bona-fide citizens of that State so far as not inconsistent with efficient administration.

So far as not inconsistent with efficient administration no part of the

So far as not inconsistent with efficient administration no part of the sums appropriated by this joint resolution shall be available to pay the compensation of any officer or employee of the United States who holds an administrative, executive, or supervisory position under this joint resolution, if the position is in any office located outside the District of Columbia or is on any project prosecuted in any place outside the District of Columbia, unless such person is an actual and bona-fide citizen of the State, Territory, region, or district in which the office or project is situated, but this provision shall not apply to the temporary and emergency assignment of any person to a position where the period of service in such position does not exceed 60 days.

SEC. 6. No part of the foregoing appropriation shall be used to pay

SEC. 6. No part of the foregoing appropriation shall be used to pay the salary or expenses of any person who is a candidate for any State, district, county, or municipal office (such office requiring full time of such person and to which office a salary or per diem attaches), in any primary, general, or special election, or who is serving as a campaign manager or assistant thereto for any such candidate.

Sec. 7. Hereafter, so far as not inconsistent with efficient administration, all appointments of persons to the Federal Service for employment within the District of Columbia, under the provisions of this joint resolution, whether such appointments be within the classified Civil Service or otherwise, shall be apportioned among the several States and the District of Columbia upon the basis of population as ascertained at the

last preceding census.

In making separations from the Federal Service, or furloughs without pay to last as long as three months, of persons employed within the District of Columbia, under the provisions of this joint resolution the appointing power shall give preference, as nearly as good administration will warrant, in retention to appointees from States that have not received their share of appointments according to population: Provided, however, That soldiers, sailors, and marines, the widows of such, or the wives of injured soldiers, sailors, and marines, who themselves are not qualified, but whose wives are qualified to hold a position in the Government Service, shall be given preference in retention, in their several grades and

classes, where their ratings are good or better.

Sec. 8. The provisions of the Act of Feb. 15, 1934 (48 Stat. 351), relating to disability or death compensation and benefits shall apply to persons (except administrative employees qualifying as civil employees of the United States) receiving compensation from the foregoing appropriation for services rendered as employees of the United States and to persons receiving assistance in the form of payments from the United States for services rendered under the National Youth Administration created by Executive order of June 26, 1935: Provided, That hereafter the monthly compensation in any individual case heretofore or hereafter coming within the purview of said Act of Feb. 15, 1934, shall not exceed the rate of \$30, exclusive of medical costs: Provided further, That so much of the foregoing appropriation as the United States Employees' Compensation

Commission, with the approval of the District of the Bureau of the Budget, estimates and certifies to the Secretary of the Treasury will be necessary for the payment of such compensation and administrative expenses shall be set aside in a special fund to be administered by the Commission for such purposes; and after June 30, 1938, such special fund shall be available for such purposes annually in such amounts as may be specified therefor in the annual appropriation Acts: Provided further, That this section shall not apply in any case coming within the purview of the workmen's compensation law of any State or Territory, or in which the claimant has received or is entitled to receive similar benefits for

SEC. 9. Subject to the limitations of section 1 of this joint resolu-SEC. 9. Subject to the limitations of section 1 of this joint resolution so much of the foregoing appropriation as may be determined by the President to be necessary for administrative expenses of any department, establishment, or agency of the United States for additional work incident to carrying out the purposes of such appropriation or the provisions of section 5 of the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act of 1935, or as may be necessary for administrative expenses of the National Resources Committee, may be allotted therefor by the President, and the funds so allotted shall be available until June 30, 1938, for expenditure in the discretion of the President for the purposes and in accordance with the provisions of the first paragraph of section 3 of said Act. the provisions of the first paragraph of section 8 of said Act.

SEC. 10. In carrying out the purpose of the foregoing appropriation the President is authorized to prescribe rules and regulations for the establishment of special funds in the nature of revolving funds for use, until June 30, 1938, in the purchase, repair, distribution, or rental of material, supplies, equipment, and tools: Provided, That the requirement in section 1 hereof that no Federal construction project shall be undertaken unless and until there have been allocated and irrevocably set aside taken unless and until there have been allocated and irrevocably set aside sufficient funds for its completion shall not apply to flood-control and water-conservation projects authorized by other law and prosecuted here-

SEC. 11. The provisions of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5) shall not apply to any purchase made or service procured in connection with the foregoing appropriation when the aggregate amount involved is less than \$300.

SEC. 12. Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud the United States makes any false statement in connection with any application for any project, employment, or relief aid under the foregoing appropriation, or diverts, or attempts to divert or assists in diverting, for the benefit of any person or persons not entitled thereto, any portion of such appropriation, or any services or real or personal property acquired there-under, or who knowingly, by means of any fraud, force, threat, intimidaor boycott, or discrimination on account of race, religion, or political affiliations, deprives any person of any of the benefits to which he may be entitled under such appropriation, or attempts so to do, or assists in so doing, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and fined not more than \$2,000 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

SEC. 13. The Works Progress Administrator is hereby authorized and directed to liquidate and wind up the affairs of the Federal Emergency Relief Administration established under the Act of May 12, 1933, as amended, and funds available to said Federal Emergency Relief Administration shall be available for expenditure for such purpose until

Sec. 14. A report of the operations under the foregoing appropriation, including a statement of the expenditures made and obligations incurred by classes and amounts, shall be submitted by the President to Congress before the 15th day of January in each of the next two regular sessions

of Congress.

SEC. 15. No part of the funds made available in this joint resolution sec. 15. shall be loaned or granted, except pursuant to an obligation incurred prior to the date of the enactment of this joint resolution, to any State, or any of its political subdivisions or agencies, for the purpose of carrying out assisting in carrying out any program or project of constructing, rebuilding, repairing, or replanning its penal or reformatory institutions, unless the President shall find that the projects to be financed with such loan or grant will not cause or promote competition of the products of convict labor with the products of free labor.

SEC. 16. Title I of this joint resolution may be cited as the "Emergency Relief Appropriation Act of 1937".

TITLE II

SEC. 201. The Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works (herein called the "Administration") is hereby continued until July 1, 1939, and until such date is hereby authorized to continue to perform all functions which it is authorized to perform on June 29, 1937. All provisions of law existing on June 29, 1937, and relating to the availability of funds for carrying out any of the functions of such Administration are hereby continued until July 1, 1939, except that the date specified in the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act of 1936, prior to which in the determination of the Federal Emergency Administrator of which, in the determination of the Federal Emergency Administrator of Public Works (herein called the "Administrator"), a project can be substantially completed is hereby changed from "July 1, 1938" to "July 1, 1939" SEC. 202.

SEC. 202. The amount which the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized by existing law to have invested at any one time in securities purchased from the Administration is hereby increased from \$250,-000,000 to \$400,000,000.

The amount of funds which the Administrator, upon direction of the President, is authorized to use for grants from moneys raalized from the sale of securities is hereby increased from \$300,000,000 to \$359,000,000; and after the date of the enactment of this joint resolu-

\$359,000,000; and after the date of the enactment of this joint resolution no allotment shall be made by the Administrator for any project the application for which has not been approved by the examining divisions of the Administration prior to such date.

SEC. 204. The paragraph in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1938, under the caption "Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works" is hereby amended by (a) striking out the words "in connection with the liquidation" and (b) striking out the sum of "\$10,000,000" and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of "\$15,000,000".

SEC. 205. The funds available to the Administrator for the making of loans or grants or loans and grants may be used for projects (in addition to other purposes for which funds may be used of the following classes.

to other purposes for which funds may be used) of the following classes, in amounts not to exceed the sums specified for each such class: (a) For school projects (other than those included in subdivisions (b) and (c) of this section) to replace, eliminate, or ameliorate existing school facilities or conditions which, in the determination of the Administrator, are hazardous to the life, safety, or health of school children, \$60,000,000 for grants and \$11,000,000 for loans; (b) for projects which have been authorized, or for the financing of which bonds or other obligations have been authorized, at elections held prior to the date of enactment of this joint resolution, or for projects for which an authority or board constituting an

independent corporation without taxing power has been specifically created by a State legislature prior to such date, \$70,000,000 for grants and \$22,000,000 for loans; (c) for projects for which appropriations have been made by the legislatures of the States, \$15,000,000 for grants and \$2,000,000 for loans; (d) for projects to be financed, except for the grant, when the issuance to contractors of the x or acceptment sequificant sequiposes. by the issuance to contractors of tax or assessment securities at not less than their par value: Provided, That an allotment shall not be made for any such project unless the applicant has, in the determination of the Administrator, made or incurred substantial expenditures or obligations in contemplation of receiving an allotment, \$5,000,000 for grants; (e) for projects for which funds have been tentatively earmarked by the Administrator but for which formal allotments have not been made, \$54,000,000 for grants and \$78,000,000 for loans: Provided, That the grant for any such project shall not exceed the amount tentatively earmarked as a grant for such project: *Provided further*, That the amount specified for any of the foregoing classes may be increased by not to exceed 15% thereof by transferring an amount or amounts from any other class or

classes in order to effectuate the purposes of the title.

SEC. 206. No new applications for loans or grants for non-Federal projects shall be received or considered by the Administration after the

date of enactment of this joint resolution.

SEC. 207. Title II of this joint resolution may be cited as the "Public Works Administration Extension Act of 1937".

Approved, June 29, 1937, 11 p. m.

Objections to Jones "Compromise" Sugar Bill Voiced by Secretary Ickes Contends Legislation Would Discriminate Against Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and Cuba-Statement by Senator O'Mahoney

Criticism of the Jones "compromise" sugar bill, which we indicate in another item in this issue was favorably reported to the House on July 2, was voiced in a statement issue in Washington on July 11 by Harold L. Ickes, Secretary of the Interior, on the ground that the bill would dis-criminate against Hawaii, Puerto Rico and Cuba. Secretary Ickes also criticized the bill for its failure to restrict domestic cane sugar except in the insular possessions. "This," he said, "would mean that, contrary to the fundamental principles of democratic government, one group of American citizens would be compelled to suffer a wholly unnecessary and undesirable discrimination." According to According to Mr. Ickes, the enactment of the bill would also mean the setting up of trade barriers within the United States which would be contrary to the long established principle of guaranteeing each part of our country the right to exchange its products freely with all other domestic areas. He

Furthermore, it would mean that the Government of the United States would be acting in an extremely imperialistic manner by erecting trade barriers against the products of American citizens in its own territories, who would be legally powerless to defend themselves by setting up similar barriers against products from other parts of the country, under such a policy, which would tend to be expanded from time to time as a result of the pressure of special groups, the economic welfare of the insular parts of the United States could be completely destroyed.

On July 14 Senator Joseph C. O'Mahoney, Democrat, of Wyoming, in a prepared statement virtually held Secretary Ickes responsible for the failure of an agreement being reached in Congress on the sugar legislation. The Senator's statement was summarized in part as follows in a Washington dispatch, July 14, to the New York "Journal of Commerce" of July 15:

In the opinion of the Wyoming Senator, except for the objections advanced by Mr. Ickes "in the interest of the expansion of sugar refining in Hawaii and Puerto Rico, there is now no substantial disagreement in Congress or in the Administration with respect to the pending sugar bill. "The only question that now remains unanswered is 'shall there be any

limitation within the quota on the amount of refined sugar which may come into continental United States from Puerto Rico and Hawaii?"

The State, Agriculture and Interior Departments propose, it is stated, that Hawaii and Puerto Rico be permitted to send their entire quotas of 938,000 and 798,000 short tons into the United States. Representative Jones would limit Hawaii to 29,616 and Puerto Rico to 126,000 tons.

Criticism of so-called sugar lobbyists was contained in Mr. Ickes's statement, as to which he is reported as saying the present situation with regard to pending sugar legislation appears to be "that the domestic sugar producers are being victimized by their own lobbyists."

United States Urges Peace in Appeals to Envoys of China and Japan—Secretary Hull Receives Communication from British Government, Believed to Concern Far Eastern Crisis

Secretary of State Hull announced on July 13 that he had received a communication from the British Government. Mr. Hull refused to reveal the contents of this document, but it was believed to contain a proposal for international consultation concerning the Far Eastern situation, created by renewed hostilities between China and Japan and threats of a Japanese attack on Peiping. After announcing the receipt of the note, it was indicated in Washington that the appeal for peace made by Mr. Hull on July 12 to the diplomatic representatives of China and Japan was considered sufficient action by this country. A Washington dispatch of July 13 to the New York "Times" commented on the attitude of the United States as follows:

Secretary Hull disclosed that a communication had been received from Great Britain late yesterday after he had expressed his views to Hirhosi Saito, the Japanese Ambassador, and Zaung Teh Ing. the counselor of the

Chinese Embassy, who conferred with him in the temporary absence from the capital of Dr. C. T. Wang, the Chinese Ambassador.

While Mr. Hull declined to reveal what was contained in the note from London, it was learned that the communication merely gave an account for the information of the United States Government of the steps Great Britain was taking to encourage peace. There could be read in it by impli-cation, however, a plea for the United States to move in the situation, if not to take leadership in the effort to prevail upon Japan and China to

Secretary Hull did not read this into the note, as was indicated when he emphasized that it was received after he had made his appeal to the Japanese and Chinese diplomats, that it required only an acknowledgment and that no new measures were being taken by Washington for the present.

Independent on Foreign Issues

The United States, Secretary Hull said, generally follows a policy of dealing separately and independently with foreign questions as they arise. Naturally, he added, there was some flexibility to that policy when there were common conditions, common interests and common policies with others. Policies of the United States and other Governments, he pointed out, might parallel each other in some case

There was no occasion for an exchange of information with others in the present crisis, Mr. Hull said, beyond that announced in connection with his appeal for peace to China and Japan yesterday.

In diplomatic circles there was a disposition to read into the position outlined by Secretary Hull a fresh reminder that the Roosevelt Administration has not forgotten that in 1931, When Secretary Stimson appealed for British cooperation during the Manchurian crisis, it was not forthcoming and that Washington consequently does not intend to step out again in the lead of other Powers in such a situation as is now presented.

From what was said, the Nine-Power treaty, which provides for consul-

tation among the Powers in an emergency involving China, does not appear to have been taken up actively. Ambassador Wang, who conferred with Secretary Hull today, indicated as much, saying efforts were still being concentrated on ascertaining facts in the situation.

His 20-minute conference with the Ambassador, according to Secretary

Hull, consisted of an exchange of information on and a discussion along the lines of the one held with the counselor of the Chinese Embassy yesterday. Nothing new developed, Mr. Hull said.

President Roosevelt Regarded as Opposed to World Economic Parley at This Time

Reports from abroad suggesting that President Roosevelt sponsor an international economic conference do not appear to be receiving the support of the President, it is indicated in recent Washington press accounts. One of these accounts, bearing date of July 13, and appearing in the New York "Journal of Commerce" of July 14, had the following to say:

The apparent lack of interest in the matter is said to grow out of the belief that the President would be expected to produce some sort of a miracle to overcome the jealousies and other inharmonies existing in Europe.

It was agreed in White House circles that all over Europe almost every

not only members of governments but the man on the stree that they are up against a stone wall with no one in Europe who can solve

President Roosevelt was revealed as questioning the feasibility of an international economic conference until such time as there are evidences of the likelihood of some measure of success growing out of the meeting. This is not the time, it was asserted, although the United States long ago evolved a plan which it considers would solve the problems and bring about a greater sure of peace and prosperity to the world.

However, it is insisted, there is no short cut and the nations must each make their contribution, lower their trade barriers and otherwise free in-

ternational trade, and desist from warlike moves.

Merger of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, Home Owners' Loan Corporation and Federal Housing Administration Favored Before Senator Byrd's Committee on Federal Reorganization by Dr. Hardy of Brookings Institution—Secretary Morgenthau Indicates Personal Opposition to Proposal to Con-solidate Federal Police Agencies

Appearing before Senator Byrd's Committee on Federal Executive Agency Reorganization in Washington on July 9, Dr. Charles O. Hardy of the Brookings Institution is reported as saying that savings approximating \$18,000,000 would be as saying that savings approximating \$18,000,000 would be realized by the Government through a merger of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, the Home Owners' Loan Corporation and the Federal Housing Administration. Senator Byrd's bill to consolidate the three Government agencies into one agency to be known as the Federal Home Credit Administration was referred to in these columns May 15, page 3259. According to advices from Washington, July 9, to the New York "Journal of Commerce," Dr. Hardy said that while he had not made a study of the worthiness of the that while he had not made a study of the worthiness of the agencies he was convinced that there was not enough difference between the FHA and the others to make necessary the maintenance of separate establishments. From the same account we quote:

Merger of the field offices of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board and the FHA, he added, would reduce the expenditures of the Government by

Dr. Hardy told the Committee that he thought that the pre good a time as any to begin liquidation of the HOLC in view of the present position of the money market.

ition of the money market.
"The absorption of a large block of mortgages would place the large holders of real estate mortgages in a more normal position," he said. "The banks and the insurance companies now hold excessive amounts of United banks would be exceedingly glad to sacrifice United States bonds from their portfolios in exchange for guaranteed mortgages.'

He pointed out that insurance companies at the beginning of 1937 held \$1,000,000,000 less in mortgages than they held in 1929, but \$3,231,611,000

more in Government bonds than they did on that date. Sees Cut in Expense Item

While one cannot make an accurate estimate of the economies involved in the consolidation of the FHA and the Home Loan Bank Board, a reduce tion of 25% to 50% in the present \$10,000,000 expense account for FHA

when consolidated with these agencies does not seem out of reason," he

John H. Fahey, Chairman of the Home Loan Bank Board and Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Home Owners Loan Corporation, attended the hearings and requested that he be furnished with a stenographic report of the testimony, after which he will be prepared to appear before the Committee on the bill in a week or ten days.

On July 12, Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau, expressing his views as an individual, in a talk to newspaper men, said that the consolidation of Federal police agencies, as recommended to the Senate Select Committee on Government Reorganization, would be "dangerous." A Washington dispatch, July 12, to the New York "Times," in indicating this, also had the following to say:

His (Secretary Morgenthau's) comment was in reply to a question concerning the report of the Brookings Institution to the Senate committee, made public Saturday by Senator Byrd, in which it was recommended that the Secret Service and Postal Inspectors' force be merged with the Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice.

Mr. Morgenthau spoke vigorously against the proposal, warning of "what happens in countries where they have central police."

"I haven't had a chance to talk it over," he stated, however, indicating that he had not discussed the matter with the President.

"But, talking as Henry Morgenthau Jr., if I can talk as such, I would

regret this consolidation very much. I sincerely hope it doesn't happen."

He would have the same objection should the police powers be centralized

in the Treasury Department, he asserted.
"Under this form of government," he stated, "I don't like to see a concentration of the police forces in one department. It might be dangerous.'

Farmers Reject Administration's Proposal to Lower Wheat Acreage Next Year

A suggestion made the preceding day by Administration officials that Federal benefit payments be so conditioned that they would restrict plantings of wheat for harvest next year, was rejected on July 2 by representatives of wheat farmers, it is learned from Washington advices July 2 by the Associated Press. Secretary of Agriculture Wallace, H. R. Tolley, Agricultural Adjustment Administrator, and economists of the Department of Agriculture made the suggestion to the farmers' representatives on July 1 that the farmers put a limit on wheat acreage under the Federal soil conservation program of 1938. The Associated Press advices of July 2, from Washington, also said:

Instead, the 56 representatives, who had been summoned here from 31 States by telegrams from government officials, voted to continue present policies, which allow a farmer to grow as much wheat as he wishes as long as he shifts part of his acreage from corn, oats and other major crops to those classed as soil conserving.

Observers said this was one of the few times that farm leaders called to Washington with expenses paid, rejected an Administration proposal. Alfred D. Stedman, an assistant administrator, told reporters the AAA would continue its soil conservation program in 1938 with a general crop depleting base rather than a specific limitation on wheat. Some of the wheat area spokesmen vigorously opposed restrictions on acreage at a time when wheat prices have been near seven-year highs and domestic and world supplies are low.

domestic and world supplies are low.

Farmers from wheat areas were said to have agreed that plantings this fall and next spring probably would approach those for 1937. The acreage seeded for harvest this year, an Administration statement said, was about 18,000,000 acres, the largest on record, excepting that of 1919.

Opponents of Compromise Court Bill Gain Adherents —Death of Senator Robinson is Blow to Adminis-tration Leaders—Measure Attacked by Senators Bailey and O'Mahoney and Representative Sumners

Opposition to the proposed compromise on the Administration's court reorganization bill increased in the Senate tration's court reorganization bill increased in the Senate this week, and chances of approving the measure seemed smaller, following the death of Senator Robinson, majority leader, who had been heading the fight for passage of the bill. Opening debate on the bill was summarized in the "Chronicle" of July 10, pages 213-214. Late this week it was reported that 41 Senators were publicly against the bill, with 40 publicly favoring it and the rest uncommitted.

That the President has no intention of giving up his demands for Court reform was indicated in a letter which he addressed on July 15 to Senator Barkley of Kentucky, Acting majority leader, which we give in full in another item in this

majority leader, which we give in full in another item in this issue, in which he said, "an abandonment of judicial reform places the responsibility squarely on the Congress of the United States." The President went on to say "that the objectives of the President, and I believe of the great majority of citizens, remain the same and that I believe that it is the duty of Congress, and especially of the members of the majority party in the Senate and the House, to pass legislation at this session to carry out the objectives

After the death of Senator Robinson on July 14, opponents of the measure said that they had enough votes to send it back to committee. A Washington dispatch of July 14 to the New York "Times" by Turner Catledge, said:

The Court Bill battle and the future of remaining legislation on the administration's "preferred" list were only two of a number of problems placed immediately before the President and Congress by Senator Robinson's death.

Among these is the choice by the Senate Democrats of Mr. Robinson's accessor as leader, and the selection by the President of a new appointee to the Supreme Court to succeed Justice Van Devanter. It has been generally assumed in Washington that the place was promised to Senator Robinson.

The move to end the controversy over the Court Bill, extending its sweep to other legislation, and to adjourn the session became a fervent cause with substantial groups in both bodies even before they convened for It was augmented by a warning of Senator Copeland, a physician, that disastrous consequences possibly awaited other Senators unless the bitter disputes were ended and the Congress session were brought to a close. His warning was uttered in a dramatic session of the Senate, during a eulogy of the dead leader.

Court Speeches Called Off

Senator Robinson's death dispelled for the time being the bitternes that had been generated in the Senate over the court issue. Arriving at the Senate Chamber at noon, sad-faced members avoided any discussion among themselves of the bill, which some insisted with feeling had increased the burden and shortened the life of Senator Robinson.

President Roosevelt takes the opposite view, it was learned, and is inclined to feel that the opposition to his court plan hastened the death of

Mr. Roosevelt is said to hold that the passing of his leader should make no difference to his legislative program, and is still insistent that it be carried through, with the Court Bill as the primary consideration.

He is represented as believing that he has enough votes in the Senate for passage, and some of his advisers are confident that the House, despite the opposition speech of Representative Sumners of Texas, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, will follow along.

Mr. Roosevelt is said to feel that all he needs, to win, is a roll-call. Mr. Roosevelt wants Congress to stay in session until other parts of his program are enacted, and contends that the death should not be allowed

to hasten adjournment. In a statement issued in connection with Senator Robinson's death,

Senator Wheeler, leader of the Democratic opponents of the Court Bill, appealed to the President with a biblical quotation to abandon his campaign

"Joe Robinson was both a political and personal friend of mine," said Mr. Wheeler. "Had it not been for the Court Bill he would be alive today. I beseech the President to drop the fight lest he appear to fight against God."

A radio debate on the Court Bill between Senator Logan and Represent-ative Pettengill of Indiana, scheduled for tomorrow night, was quickly canceled and Senator Wheeler called off speeches against the measure at New Orleans and Atlanta, set for Sunday and Monday.

The Court Bill foes warned, however, that they were prepared to proceed with the fight if the administration forces insisted. They were willing and eager to stop the debate now and allow a vote on a motion to recommit the measure to the Judiciary Committee.

The Court Bill had obviously lost votes in the last few days. out 10 days ago with claims of 54 supporters in the Senate, administration leaders conceded last night that they had no more than 50, and among these ere counted several members hotly contested by the opponents

Representative Sumners of Texas, Chairman of the House Judiciary Committee, on July 13 declared in the House that he would do his utmost to prevent the Court Bill from being reported by the Committee on to the floor. His remarks were reported as follows in a Washington dispatch of July 13 to the New York "Herald Tribune" from Hickman Powell:

In his hour-long speech, which quite blanketed the continuing Senate debate on the Court Bill and which brought the House to its feet with cheers, Mr. Sumners said he was merely pleading for "horse sense." He called the Court Bill unnecessary and compared it to the use of dynamite to repair an automobile's clogged gasoline line, but he specifically refrained from predicting dire results from its passage.

The dire results, he said, would come from splitting the Nation and Congress from top to bottom at a time when democratic, Anglo-Saxon institutions are on the defensive against a world-wide trend toward dictatorship. The Court Bill, he asserted, was working havoc with the solidarity

"Is there anybody who has any sense who does not know that the problems of this hour challenge us to produce the most united people and the most capable people who ever assumed the responsibility of Government on the face of this earth?" he cried. "Is there anybody at this hour who has any sense who does not know this?"

The whole court issue would smooth itself through the mere operation of nature, Mr. Sumners argued, helped by the Retirement Act for Supreme Court Justices, the adoption of which had been followed soon by the retirement of Justice Willis Van Devanter.

"As soon as we take the lash from above the heads of these judges over there, some more of them will retire," he said. "I mean that as a fact. Everybody knows it is a fact. What is the excuse, then, for this bill being pressed any further? To save my life I cannot figure it out.

Sees Bitter Battle

"If they force that bill into this House, when we are trying to preserve the solidarity of the Nation, if they bring that bill into this House for consideration, I do not believe they will have hide enough left to be worth bothering about."

Mr. Sumners compared the powers given President Roosevelt in 1933 to

those given President Wilson in the war years, when the people granted him dictatorial authority, "and then had the genius to retain the power to control it and the ability to recapture and distribute it."

"I don't know whether Mr. Wilson misunderstood his commission, his trusteeship, or not, but when that interesting time came when under the influence of the same Anglo-Saxon sentiment, when the time came when that Governmental power should have been sent back into the Anglo-Saxon

Governmental power should have been sent back into the Anglo-Saxon institutions, he did not recognize it," continued the Texas veteran. "He was not well. I pray God that same thing may not happen again."

In the Senate, meanwhile, Senator Royal S. Copeland, Democrat, of New York, had taken over the floor at the conclusion of the long speech of Senator Josiah W. Bailey, Democrat, of North Carolina, against the Court Bill.

Dr. Copeland warned the President it would split the Democratic party if he did not drop the bill. Drawing a mournful picture of a \$40,000,000,000 public debt, he said. "Disaster is not far ahead of us," and blamed this not on unchanged old-line Democrats, but on the men "who have taken possession of our organization."

He said New York City apparently was in for a repetition of the 1933 t for the city Democrats, resulting from the President's "blundering into the municipal campaign.

Senator Copeland still held the floor, to begin again tomorrow, after another parliamentary row in which consideration of other legislation was blocked, including the President's veto of the Bill continuing 3½% interest on Federal farm loans.

The House had just declared its independence of the White House by overriding the farm bill veto, 260 to 98, when Mr. Sumners took the floor. He had reserved the hour's time some days ago, for a speech on "The State of the Nation," but his very secretiveness on the subject matter and his strategic position in the court fight assured him a large audience. More

than 250 members were in the seats when he took the floor, an unusually large attendance for the speech period in later afternoon

The bill was attacked in the Senate on July 12 by Senators Bailey and O'Mahoney, whose remarks were summarized as follows in a Washington dispatch of July 12 to the "Herald Tribune" from Albert L. Warner:

Leaving the President out of the picture, Senator O'Mahoney denounce the bill as a possible prelude to the "wreckage" of American liberty. A stout supporter of the New Deal, he nevertheless accused the Administration leadership of operating a "steam roller" to "throttle" debate.

"The measure before us today should not be entitled a bill to reform the Judiciary," he said, "it should be called a bill to centralize the administration of justice and to give the central establishment at Washington greater control over the local administration of justice than it has ever had in this democracy."

Bailey Chides President

Full of biblical quotations, Senator Bailey, his usually neatly parted hair falling down over his eyebrows as he shook a preacher's finger at his colleagues, summoned the President into the very middle of his word

'Now, now, now," he echoed Mr. Roosevelt's cry for action on the court, but Senator Bailey's demand was for the rejection of a Presidential mea which he conceived to be an attempt to end 150 years of judicial inde-

The North Carolina Senator read from the President's Democratic Victory Day speech the plea for a "three-horse team." "Senators, come and get the picture," said Senator Bailey. "The court has got to pull his way and that of Congress—that is the idea. When did courts get to pulling before? Courts declare the law. Courts find the truth. Nobody rides in the buggy behind the courts. Courts are not hitched up. Courts heretofore have been free and independent.

Criticizes the Analogy

"Here is another thing. The Supreme Court is a court; it is not anything like a horse. There is no analogy. It is an illustration which does not illustrate the case, but it illustrates the conception here: the conception that we ought to have a court which will construe the Constitution the way the other two horses are pulling. He wants a court that will make legislation to be proposed by him constitutional."

Not because judges are old or because dockets are congested, but in order to effect judicial determinations the bill is offered, said Senator Bailey.

order to effect judicial determinations the bill is offered, said Senator Bailey. "It is said that to do it in a little way and year by year will not be such a grave matter. Commit murder on that basis by slow poison and see how quickly you get electrocuted."

Opposition to Revised Bill for Reorganization of Supreme Court by Merchants Association of New York—Condemns All Plans to Interfere with Federal Judiciary

The Merchants' Association of New York announced on July 10 that it had forwarded letters to Senators Copeland and Wagner urging them to do all in their power to defeat the revised court bill now before the Senate. The Association referred to a communication which it sent to the New York members in Congress on Feb. 19 last, setting forth in considerable detail its objections to the court bill then pending. The opposition registered against the original bill by the Association was indicated in our Feb. 27 issue, page 1374. The latest letter addressed to Senators Copeland and Wagner anent the substitute court bill reads as follows:

July 8, 1937.

Hon. Royal S. Copeland, United States Senate, Washington, D. C.

Dear Senator Copeland: On Feb. 19, 1937, the Merchants' Association of New York sent you a letter expressing opposition to the proposal then pending for the appointment of additional justices to the Supreme Court

pending for the appointment of additional justices to the Supreme Court of the United States. We desire now to record with you in language as vigorous as we can devise our opposition to the amended form of this proposal as introduced in the Senate on July 2 last.

The so-called compromise measure of July 2 differs not one whit in principle from the original proposal. Speaking for the thousands of business men whom we represent, we condemn any and all plans to interfere with the independence of the Federal judiciary. Any encroachment upon the Supreme Court, direct or indirect, by the Executive or by Congress, must merit sweeping disapproval of those who believe in the soundness of the American system of government.

We earnestly urge that you do all in your power to bring about the defeat of the amended proposal.

Very truly yours,

THE MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION OF NEW YORK.

THE MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION OF NEW YORK,
Louis K. Comstock, Presiden

Reference to the substitute court bill appeared in these columns July 3, page 40, and July 10, page 213.

Council of Boston Bar Association Urges Massachusetts Members of Congress to Reject Original and Substitute Proposals to Reorganize United States Supreme Court

Opposition to all proposals to reorganize the United States Supreme Court is voiced in a resolution adopted on July 11 by the Council of the Boston Bar Association and sent to the Massachusetts delegation in Congress, according to the Boston "Herald" of July 12. Rejection is urged of both the original bill recommended by the President and the substitute offered July 2. According to the "Herald," the reso lution, signed by Bentley W. Warren, President of the Bar Association, follows:

The Judiciary Committee of the Senate of the United States has done an eminent service to all the people of this country not only by the firm stand which it has taken in support of the fundamental principle that justice in our courts can be obtained only if these courts are not subservient either to the executive or to the legislative branches of the government, but also by the committee's clear and convincing statement that the proposal before it violates that principle. The principle admits of no compromise. The proposed amendment submitted to the Senate on July 2, 1937, though differing in method, seeks the same vicious end. Therefore, be it

P.!Resolved, That the Council of the Bar Association of the City of Boston urges the Congress of the United States to reject without compromise the proposals contained in the President's message of Feb. 5, 1937, and in the bill accompanying it, and the proposed amendment of July 2, 1937, in so far as they relate to the appointment of Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States; and "Resolved, That this resolution be submitted to the Senate of the United States for its consideration."

United States Chamber of Commerce Finds Same Objections Exist in Case of Substitute Court Bill as in Original

The United States Chamber of Commerce, in its weekly review of business, declares that the same objections to the original bill proposing the reorganization of the United States Supreme Court apply with equal force to the substi-tute measure. United Press advices from Washington, July 11, quote the Chamber's review as follows:

Judged from any angle the Administration's Supreme Court plan is no

less objectionable than the original proposal.

The principle involved is the same. The difference is merely numerical. If it is wrong to pack the court with six new justices for particular purposes, it is equally wrong to pack the court with a lesser number.

New York State Labor Relations Board and Newly Appointed State Industrial Mediation Board Begin Functioning—Rev. Dr. John P. Boland Chairman of First Named Board—William H. Davis Chairman of Latter

The operations of two newly created Boards designed to act in labor controversies in New York State in accordance with recently enacted legislation by the State Legislature have already gotten under way. Temporary offices were opened on July 2 by the New York State Labor Relations Board at 342 Madison Ave., New York City and while the Board at 342 Madison Ave., New York City and while the Board is already receiving petitions growing out of labor disputes, jurisdiction over the most urgent cases is expected to be assumed by it on July 20. The Board was named by Gov. Lehman on June 24 under the measure signed by the Governor on May 25, known as the "Little Wagner Act." Reference to its approval by Gov. Lehman was made in our June 12 issue, page 3932. The Board, as named by the Governor consists of the following:

Rev. Dr. John P. Boland (Chairman), Regional Director of the National Labor Relations Board, who retires as Pastor of two Catholic Parishes in Buffalo, N. Y.

John D. Moore, of New York City, formerly acting Regional Director of the National Labor Relations Board, of which he is a technical advisor.

Paul M. Herzog, of New York City, a lawyer, member of the National

Labor Relations Board

The members of State Industrial Mediation Board, also appointed by Gov. Lehman on June 24 are:

William Hammatt Davis (Chairman), New York City patent lawyer, non-official member of the President's Committee on Industrial Analysis and formerly Compliance Director of the NRA.

Arthur S. Meyer, of New York City Board of Industrial Relations, member of the Schulte Real Estate Co., formerly a member of the NRA

Code Authority in the retail tobacco trade.

Mabel Leslie, Director of the Art Workshop of the Rivington Neighborhood Association, New York City, member of the executive board of the

Women's Trade Union League.

John C. Watson, Albany, N. Y., President of the John G. Myers Co. of Albany, and of the New York State Council of Retail Merchants.

Max Meyer, New York City, Chairman, Millinery Stabilization Commission, member of the New York Industrial Council.

The Mediation Board was created to act in labor disputes to effect a voluntary settlement of differences between employers and employees. It is explained by Mr. Davis that "the powers of the State Board of Mediation are quite distinct from the powers of the State Board of Labor Re-

lations. He further explained: The latter Board is empowered to pass upon questions of employee organization, to supervise the selection of representatives for collective bargaining and to prevent unfair labor practices; but it may not mediate in industrial disputes. The New York State Board of Mediation, on the

contrary, is designed for mediation and for mediation only Temporary quarters of the Mediation Board have been established in the offices of Mr. Davis at 165 Broadway,

New York City.

With the creation of these two Boards, it was noted in the New York "Herald Tribune" of July 2, the City Industrial Relations Board, which has been doing the same

tasks in New York City, technically went out of existance.

Following a conference with Gov. Lehman on June 28, a statement was issued as follows by the State Labor Relations Board.

The preservation of industrial peace is the primary object of the State Labor Relations Act. The statute guarantees to employees in intrastate trade and industry the same rights of self-organization and collective bargaining that the Wagner Act gives to workers in interstate industry. The State law is substantially the same as the Federal Act, held constituttional by the United States Supreme Court in its historic decisions of April 12, 1937. The State Board expects to avail itself of the experience of the National Labor Relations Board.

The state board will rapidly establish offices in Albany, New York City and Buffalo, select its limited personnel and adopt rules and regulations. It hopes, therefore, to be ready to assume jurisdiction over the most urgent cases on or about July 20. Meanwhile it has established temporary quarters

at 342 Madison Avenue. The Board's principal duties are to prevent unfair labor practices and to investigate controversies regarding the identity of employees' representatives for the purpose of collective bargaining. Where there is a ubstantial charge that an employer has engaged in an unfair labor practice,

the Board will conduct a formal hearing after adequate notice to the

If the charge is unfounded the complaint will be dismissed. If, however, the evidence shows that the employer has committed the unfair practice, the Board has power to order him to cease and desist therefrom, and to grant appropriate affirmative relief. The law empowers the Board if necessary to seek enforcement of its order in the courts of the State.

In a controversy regarding the identity of employees' representatives the Board will, on the application of the employees, investigate the controversy and ascertain who their representatives actually are. Unlike the national board, the State board has power under certain circumstances to investigate such a controversy upon the request of an employer. The Board may, and frequently will, conduct an election to determine the free choice of the employees.

The ultimate objective of the State labor relations act is not the mere prevention of unfair labor practices or the conduct of elections. Industrial peace is the goal. The provisions of the act are intended to remove certain all-too familiar obstacles on the road to that goal, so that employers and employees may be free to deal with one another on an equal plane

The Board looks forward to cooperating closely with the State Mediation

Effective Debt Control of State and Local Governments Urged by Committee of Chamber of Commerce of United States—Necessity of Long Range Systematic Planning Cited as First Step in Any Program

In a nation-wide campaign to stimulate interest among business men and other taxpayers in the fiscal affairs of State and local governments, the Committee on State and Local Taxation of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States has issued a report in which it urges that every means be employed looking to effective debt control; it frankly states, however, that it is under no illusions as to universal efficacy of statutory methods. There is no statutory or continuity of statutory methods. tory or constitutional substitute for common sense in debt management, says the committee, which adds that municipalities bent on incurring exceedingly large debts probably will succeed in doing so regardless of the legal restrictions placed upon them, if their desire is strong enough, and if buyers of their bonds can be found.

"That there is real need for more efficient control," the committee explains, "is evidenced by the imprudent fiscal practices of many local communities in recent years which have led to definite and other acute financial situations. Many local governments have assumed debt charges which consume more than a third of their current revenues. There have been frequent failures to retire indebtedness within the useful life of the improvements which give rise

to the indebtedness."

As a first step in any program of debt control, the committee lays stress upon the necessity of long-range, systematic financial planning. It is generally agreed, the committee states, that governmental units should plan their finances in advance for a term of years, in order that the construction of various anticipated public improvements may be financed in an orderly and economical manner, and in correlation with current expenditures for operations. In furtherance of a program of financial planning, the committee offers the following suggestions:

mittee offers the following suggestions:

Local governments should plan in advance for the construction and financing of projected improvements. Such plans should take cognizance of trends in city growth and development, and of the probable need for improvements. The improvement program should be correlated with the current spending program of local government.

Pay-as-you-go instead of bonds should be used to finance all improvements of a recurring nature, and there should be greater reliance upon current revenues for paying the cost of non-recurring expenditures.

Debt should not be incured when it will increase debt-service charges to a point where they consume more than 25% of dependable current revenues. The percentage often should be lower.

Serial bonds should be used whenever practicable.

Debt maturities should be so scheduled that each issue matures in approximately equal amounts each year.

Term bonds may contain provisions permitting retirement each year in an approximately equal amount.

in an approximately equal amount.

Callable issues of bonds may be advantageous under certain conditions, particularly in periods of high interest rates, but caution should be exercised in the issuance of this type of security in view of marketing obstacles.

As a second major step, the committee believes that "specific limitations upon the power to incur debt can be, if properly devised and used, effective in controlling local indebtedness. The fault with present limitations of this type lies principally with their application and administration. It is believed that a system can be devised which will be workable, if used in connection with financial planning, and with some form of State assistance to local governments in their fiscal administration."

States may well consider revision of their restrictions upon local debt incurrence in view of the defects disclosed by developments of the past few years, the committee advises. An effective system of debt limits, the committee

suggests, would include:

(1) A flat-rate limit on the amount of debt which can be incurred, such limit being a fixed percentage of the valuation of property for local taxation, in accordance with accepted assessment methods, at 100% of true value.

(2) An additional restriction based upon the ratio of debt to tax collections, which provides that the amount of debt incurred can not exceed an amount equivalent to total tax collections over a specified period

(3) To prevent inflated borrowing capacity in times of rapidly rising real estate prices, the assessed valuation used as a basis for flat-rate debt limits should be the average assessed valuation for a specified period of years-not less than five.

(4) Municipalities having a percentage of tax delinquency above a specified figure, or not operating on a cash basis, should not be permitted to incur additional debt.

As a third important step in any program of debt control, the committee says:

A State can be of substantial help to its municipalities, particularly the smaller communities, by setting up an agency to assist them in develop-ing and following good practices in the exercise of their borrowing power. The States in which such an agency has been established long enough to enable it to function effectively had but few municipal defaults during the depression. There is a distinct relationship between State guidance or supervision and good records of local fiscal administration

Finally, the committee offers several methods for dealing with the problem of overlapping debt. The most effective solution, the committee says, would be reorganization and consolidations of local governmental units. This process, however, it is explained, is slow, and such consolidations are not being undertaken to any great extent. Alternate methods, which may be helpful, in the opinion of the committee, would include establishment of a voluntary board for coordinating incurrence of indebtedness by overlapping governments, or establishments of such a board as an official agency with authority specified by State law.

Repeal of Federal Surtax on Undistributed Corporate Profits Urged in Report of Committee of New York Chamber of Commerce—Held to Be Handicap to Recovery and to Reemployment of Those on

Declaring that the Federal surtax on undistributed corporate profits has failed to achieve its purpose and is a handicap to recovery and to the reemployment of millions of persons now on relief, an interim report made public by the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York on Sunday, July 11, urged Congress to repeal the Act for the general economic welfare of the country. Copies of the report will be sent to President Roosevelt, Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau and members of Congress.

In the event that repeal at this time may be found impracticable, the report, which was drawn by the Committee on Taxation, stressed the importance of immediate modification of the law to remove the inequities and hardships it works upon smaller and weaker corporations. It recommended that the Act be so amended as to allow credits or exemptions to corporations for the following purposes:

1. To repair capital losses.

2. To provide necessary working capital.
3. To enable new plant expansion or rehabilitation.
4. To set up reserves against future losses and for other appropriate corporate purposes.

5. To deduct losses incurred in the preceding year from profits of the current year, and to exempt from the surtax dividends paid after the close of the fiscal year when it is not possible to ascertain definitely before the close of the year the profits of that year.

The committee was unable to find any vidence to support the claim of the pre-enactment advocates of the surtax that it would multiply the number of individuals with large incomes through the distribution of corporate profits to stockholders. It pointed out that there was always refuge for such persons in the large available volume of tax-exempt securities, adding:

Even if this were not the case and some additional revenue could be obtained by such a measure through increased taxes upon some large incomes, this would be an insufficient reason for impairing the stability of our economic system, as will inevitably result from the many undermining influences of this tax.

Referring to the fact that corporations are regarded as a major source for accumulating capital to expand business and increase employment, the report said:

If tax legislation dissipates this source of new capital, we cannot see how resources will be available in sufficient amount for new developments, for the expansion of existing industries to supply needed goods for consumption and to provide work for the employment of a growing repulation.

Asserting that the hardships and inequities of the surtax on undistributed corporate profits "must now be apparent to business men in all sections of the country and to public officials who consider its consequences," the committee said, in concluding its report:

The difficulties and dangers which your committee has set forth are by no means all that might be mentioned or that have been widely discussed, but in our judgment are sufficient to warrant repeal of the tax. If for any reason such repeal cannot be had in the present session of Congress, no time should be lost in adopting remedial action so that corporations with impaired capital would be exempt until current earnings have been applied to make up the deficit.

Reasonable credit should also be allowed for earnings used for needed working capital, plant expansion, and other appropriate corporate pur-

working capital, plant expansion, and other appropriate corporate purposes, and for the establishment of reserves against losses in future years. Permission should be given to offset the losses of one year against the profits of another. More reasonable provision should be provided to enable the payment of dividends after the close of the fiscal year and after the profits in that year have been definitely ascertained.

The report is to be submitted to the Chamber at its monthly meeting to be held Oct. 7. Edwin G. Merrill is Chairman of the Committee on Taxation, whose membership includes Jesse S. Phillips, Charles K. Etherington, James T. Lee, John J. Hopkins, Frank C. Belser and Robert L. Hoguet The committee where represents called L. Hoguet. The committee, whose report represents only its opinion until it is acted upon by the Chamber, found

that the revenue derived from the tax was "most disappointing" and that its operations had brought "numerous undesirable economic consequences."

United States Cane Sugar Refiners Association Pro-tests Proposed Changes in Sugar Bill Civing Hawaii and Puerto Rico Greater Benefits in Refining Product

If demands of Hawaiian and Puerto Rican sugar producers for changes in the pending sugar control bill were granted they would destroy the continental cane sugar refining in-dustry and throw its employees out of work, the United States Cane Sugar Refiners' Association said in a statement issued July 14. The statement asserted that if the demands issued July 14. of Hawaii and Puerto Rico were granted they would cut the volume of the continental plants by half. In discussing the effect of the restrictions on tropical refined sugar to consumers the Association said:

The competition of tropical refined sugar does not reduce prices consumers pay for home refined sugar. Hawaiian and Puerto Rican refined sugar fastens itself to the existing price structure, and moves its price up and down with the latter. What keeps the price of refined sugar down in the United States is the keen competition prevailing among the sellers of home refined sugar and of domestically produced beet and cane sugar. This competition kept down refined sugar prices in this country to responsible competition kept down refined sugar prices in this country to reasonable levels over current prices for raw sugar before tropical refined sugar was ever sold in the United States. In 1936 continental refiners' profits averaged only 7/100 of a cent per pound of sugar refined.

American citizens have invested many millions of dollars of their saving in the home sugar refiners. One refining company alone has over 21,000 stockholders. Many who have invested in this industry are persons of small means who could ill afford losing their savings by reason of our Government permitting highly subsidized Hawaiian and Puerto Rican sugar interests to scrap the home sugar refineries.

Permitting Hawaii and Puerto Rico to send here all their sugar in refined form would go contrary to the purposes of the sugar bill by injuring the interests of domestic beet and cane sugar growers, through disruption of their logical markets and their price and freight structure, without any corresponding benefit to consumers.

No other important country in the world remains important of their logical structure.

No other important country in the world permits imports of refined sugar from tropical areas, whether colonial or foreign to displace home refining. England, distinguished by its sound colonial policy, takes exceptional measures to foster home refining, while promoting raw sugar production in her tropical islands.

Instalment Sales Increased 25% in 1936—Department of Commerce Survey Estimates Total for Last Year at \$4,500,000,000

Instalment sales during 1936 totaled \$4,500,000,000, as compared with \$3,600,000,000 in the preceding year, Alexander V. Dye, Director of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, revealed on June 14, in an introduction to the Bureau's annual survey of retail credit conditions. Mr. Dye pointed out that last year instalment sales increased 25% over 1935 for 12 of the 14 kinds of retail trade classified in 88 cities throughout the United States. The increase of open credit or regular charge sales was about 15%, and when this figure is applied to census data the estimated volume for 1936 is placed at \$8,000,000,000. Mr. Dye stated, however, that accounts receivable did not increase more rapidly than the rate of increase in sales, nor did percentages of bad losses to credit sales increase.

The survey summarized some of its principal findings

(1) Customers of the reporting stores paid their accounts-receivable more promptly in 1936 than in 1935. They paid their regular charge accounts on an average of every 64 days, in 1936, two days less than in 1935. Instalment accounts were liquidated in seven months and one day, on the average in 1936, a reduction of five days from 1935.

(2) Ratios of bad-debt losses for some trades were the lowest reported since 1929. The average of all 14 trades covered was five-tenths of 1% in 1936 and six-tenths of 1% in 1935 on open-credit sales; on instalment sales,

1.2% in 1936 and 1.5% in 1935.(3) The increase in total volume of sales was accompanied by an increase in the proportion of sales made on instalment.

(4) Instalment sales for all reporting stores increased 25% in 1936 over 1935, contrasted with an increase of 15% for open-credit sales and 11%

for cash sales.

(5) Measured in relation to total volume of business, cash and opencredit sales accounted for the bulk of business; however, the proportion of cash sales decreased slightly to 41% of total sales in 1936 from 43% in 1935. The proportion of open-credit sales remained about the same (44.7% from 44.6%), while instalment sales increased to 14% from 13%.

(6) The slight increase in the rate of collections on accounts receivable and the decrease in the ratio of bad-debt losses were in the direction of reduced costs of doing a credit business.

reduced costs of doing a credit business.

Defects in National Labor Relations Act Emphasized by President Roosevelt's Observations That Col-lective Bargaining Agreements Are Not Permitted Between Government and Federal Employees— National Association of Manufacturers Holds It Equally Unbelievable That Strikes Against Public Agencies Should Be Allowed

President Roosevelt's comments upon the impossibility collective bargaining between Federal employees and the Federal Government are to be commended, says the National Association of Manufacturers, but, it adds, they emphasize anew woeful defects in the National Labor Relations Act. Observations by President Roosevelt to the effect that government workers are permitted to join unions but that the government cannot make collective bargaining agreements were referred to in our July 10 issue, page 219. In a statement issued July 9 relative to the President's comments, the Association says that "it is inconceivable that a government established for all the people and interested in the welfare of all employees should be subjected to demands by organized minorities. The Association further declares:

It is equally unbelievable that strikes against public agencies, whose uninterrupted operation is necessary, should be permitted. But as the law now stands, no matter what the President's attitude may be, there is no general Federal statute which specifically forbids strikes against or picketing of government agencies.

This is but one of the many serious omissions from existing law to which the National Association of Manufacturers has been directing attention for years. These were specifically discussed before Congress during the first Senate hearings on what later became the National Labor Relations Act.

The National Association of Manufacturers believes that rights guaranteed by law should be accompanied by responsibilities required by law. Is it unreasonable to require labor combinations to meet reasonable limitations upon their conduct which are essential to protect the public interest?

Such limitations are clearly necessary in the case of the Federal Government, and it is to be hoped they will be made a part of the law.

Is it not just, also, in the consideration of the Federal Government's problem, to ask Congress to correct other plain defects in the present law? Is it not fair to ask that workers be protected from coercion from any source and not just one source in determining whether they wish to join a union and which union, if any, they wish to join; that strikes be forbidden without the previous presentation of demands and the allowance of reasonable time to consider the demands; that strikes be forbidden in deliberate violation of agreements or voluntary arbitration awards to ance of reasonable time to consider the demands; that strikes be forbidden in deliberate violation of agreements or voluntary arbitration awards to which the labor organization has been a voluntary party and which it has agreed to accept; that strikes to force employers to violate the law be forbidden; that all employees affected be granted the opportunity of a secret ballot before a strike may be called; that strikers be restrained from taking possession of the property of others and continuing to hold it until their demands are met; that jurisdictional disputes instead of interrupting production be referred to some higher authority selected by the disputants within their own national organization; that some restrictions be placed upon sympathetic and general strikes against those with tions be placed upon sympathetic and general strikes against those with whom the strikers have no quarrel?

These are pressing practical needs. The full benefits of our march toward recovery cannot be realized until barriers which impede that march are removed.

Secretary Perkins Makes Public Report of Federal Mediation Board on Steel Strike

The Committee for Industrial Organization is a "responsible" labor union, Secretary of Labor Perkins declared on July 1, in making public a special report from the Federal Mediation Board which had been appointed to seek a settlement of the strike of employees in four steel companies. The report was referred to briefly in the "Chronicle" of July 3, page 45. Miss Perkins, while taking issue with Tom M. Girdler, Chariman of the Republic Steel Corp., qualified her statement by remarking that she did not mean that certain individuals of the CIO might not be irresponsible at times. She pointed out that the report of the Mediation Board did not seek to place blame for failure to end the steel strike, although it criticized the independent steel companies for failure to negotiate with the Steel Workers Organizing Com-

The report discussed in detail the claims of the CIO and of company officials, detailing the various conferences held in furtherance of the efforts of the Board to negotiate a settlement of the strike. The concluding portion of the report discussed the final conference on June 24, saying:

We met at 10 o'clock Thursday morning, June 24, with the officials of the Inland Steel Co., Messrs. Block, Ryerson, Randall and Sykes, Mr. Ballard, their General Counsel, was also present. We brought them up to date on all matters discussed in previous conferences. However, in that conference and in the following conference with all the companies, no further progress was made. The company heads still refused to meet with Murray and the union representatives in a joint conference and maintained their position that they would not enter into any agreement, written or oral, with the SWOC.

We informed the four companies of the conversations we had had Wednes-

day with other steel companies regarding the operation of the SWOC contracts in their plants, but the experience of these other companies with

the SWOC did not in any way change their attitude.

We thereupon proposed to each company the following settlement: "The making and signing of an agreement with the union, to become effective only if the union wins an election; the calling off of the strike and the return of all the men to work, the holding of a secret ballot election in the company's plants by the National Labor Relations Board; the agreement to go into effect if the union wins, and to be torn up if the union loses."

The companies refused this proposal, as well as suggested modifications of it, such as an oral understanding to be recorded by the board, put in writing and filed if the union should win the election. The conference then

We met Thursday afternoon with the union representatives and reported to them the result of our conference of the morning. While the union representatives did not definitely accept the proposal we had made to the companies, they did say that they would be glad to negotiate on that

After further consideration the Board decided, in view of the attitude of the companies, that it could not accomplish anything further by way of mediation. We did agree, however, to hold ourselves in readiness for any further service in the situation, and both sides indicated that if they thought

we could be of any further service they would be giad to call on us.

After the conference adjourned the four companies handed us a joint statement. The Inland Steel Co. handed us a separate statement. We cannot but believe that the bitterness and suspicion which separate

two sides would be allayed by a man-to-man discussion around the conference table between the heads of the four companies and the union representatives, and that the only present possible hope of settlement lies

We further believe that the refusal of the four companies to enter into any agreement with the S. W. O. C. regardless of the number of employees whom it actually represents, which could be demonstrated by a secret ballot election, is not the way to industrial peace.

The union members who were parties to the conferences with the Board were:

John L. Lewis, Chairman, C. I. O.; Philip Murray, Chairman, S. W. O. C. David J. McDonald, Secretary-Treasurer, S. W. O. C.; Van A. Bittner, Western Regional Director, S. W. O. C.; Lee Pressman, General Counsel, S. W. O. C., David Watkins, District Director, Johnstown, Pa., S. W. O. C. John Owens, President, District 6 (Ohio), United Mine Workers of America; Ora E. Gasaway, International Board member, U. M. W.; Vincent Sweeney, Publicity Director, S. W. O. C.

Representatives of the employers who met with the mediation Board at the conference on June 21 were:

H. G. Dalton, Chairman, Youngstown Sheet and Tube Co.; Frank Purnell, President, Youngstown Sheet and Tube Co.; J. C. Argetsinger, Vice-President and general counsel, Youngstown Sheet and Tube Co.; J. A. Voss, Industrial Relations Manager, Republic Steel Corp.; T. M. Girdler, Chairman, Republic Steel Corp.; R. J. Wysor, President, Republic Steel Corp.; T. F. Patton General Counsel, Republic Steel Corp.; T. F. Veach, Counsel, Republic Steel Corp.; Wilfred Sykes, Assistant to President, Inland Steel Co.; H. A. Moore, Counsel, Bethlehem Steel Corp.; Eugene Grace, President, Bethlehem Steel Corp.: J. M. Larkin, Vice-President, Bethlehem Steel Corp.

Col. Leonard P. Ayres Describes as Appalling the Magnitude of Task Confronting Board Which Is to Administer Proposed Wage and Hour Law—Comments on Speed of C. I. O. in Organizing Workers and Move to Hasten Congressional Action on Bill

Commenting on the Black-Connery bill—the so-called wage and hour legislation—Colonel Leonard P. Ayres, Vice-President of the Cleveland Trust Co. of Cleveland, notes that the bill confers upon the Federal Labor Standards Board of five members, to be created under the Act, "a virtually unrestrained authority to fix for every industry in the United States, and for every employee of each industry, with the exception of agricultural laborers and persons employed in an executive, administrative, supervisory, or professional capacity, minimum wages and maximum hours, and in its discretion to change such wages and hours." "The magnitude which would confront such a Board is appalling," says Colonel Ayres in the July 15 "Bulletin" issued by the Cleveland Trust Co. In part, he continues:

The Federal Reserve "Bulletin" for May includes figures showing the average hourly earnings of workers in various industries in 1937. The first of the two following diagrams [these we omit.—Ed.] shows by means of hollow bars the varying wages paid in 10 industries ranging from the prevailing pay of 43c. an hour in factories making tobacco products to that of 93c. an hour in tire factories. The tire worker gets for his hour of effort 116% more than does the operative in the tobacco factory, while the carnings of the workers in the eight other sorts of industries are between these two extremes. are between these two extremes.

The second diagram represents by bars the average weekly wages paid The second diagram represents by bars the average weekly wages paid in 1935 to all factory workers in eight geographical regions of the country according to data compiled by the National Industrial Conference Board. These weekly pay rates range from \$14.25 in the South Atlantic States to \$22.02, or 54% more, in the East North Central States. If the proposed Federal Labor Standards Board is brought into existence its test will be to fix minimum pages and maximum board for the standards. task will be to fix minimum wages and maximum hours for these workers, and many millions more.

The present prevailing wages were reached by the slow processes of continuous competition. They are subject to never-ending change. They will be different next year, and even next month. They are all subject to varying rates of change. They involve many thousands of different occupations. The bill under discussion assumes that a board of five individuals can determine the proper hours and wages of the workers in each accuracion in every locality more justly than it can be done by triel and occupation in every locality more justly than it can be done by trial and error and experience and competition, but the validity of that assumption may well be doubted.

at present the Committee for Industrial Organization is working at highest speed and with almost feverish energy to organize the workers in the mass-production industries. Meanwhile, at Washington the members of Congress have been told that the hours and wages bill must be acted upon at this session. One cannot help wondering if there is involved something of a contest for priority. If the Black-Connery bill is enacted there would seem to be left little appeal for the workers in the arguments of the new labor movement organizers. On the other hand, if the organizing progress of the C. I. O. should continue to be as rapid as it was during the first four months of this year, one might well wonder whether the wages and hours bill could be enacted.

Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co. Concludes Pact with C. I. O., Ending Strike—7,000 Return to Work—2 Killed in Rioting at Massilon, Ohio, Plant of Republic Steel Corp.—Indictments for Obstruction

Steel mill operations increased further this week, as the Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co. and representatives of the Committee for Industrial Organization reached an agreement ending the strike in the company's plants at South Chicago and Indiana Harbor, Ind. The agreement was concluded through the intermediation of Governor Townsend of Indiana. On July 13 the Youngstown plants were opened, thus ending the 47 day steel strike which had affected four companies with plants in seven States. Our most recent reference to the strike was contained in the "Chronicle" of July 10, page 218.

The headquarters of the C. I. O. at Massilon, Ohio, were The headquarters of the C. I. O. at Massilon, Ohio, were closed on July 12 after a riot at the plant of the Republic Steel Corp., when striking pickets battled police. Two men were killed and 15 were injured in the riot.

On July 14 a Federal Grand Jury at Cleveland indicted nine men for obstructing the mails at steel plants in Ohio affected by strikes. Representatives of the Department of

Justice said they would be tried "as speedily as possible." Associated Press advices of July 14 from Cleveland described the indictments as follows:

The indictments followed a controversy between Republic Steel Corp. and the Post Office Department, which refused to make other than "normal" deliveries to strike-affected plants. Republic officials charged C. I. O. men were "censoring" mail intended for delivery at the plants. The Senate Post Office Committee which made a preliminary investigation, heard Assistant Postmaster General W. W. Howes uphold the department's position with the assertion the department would not subject its employees to danger in passing picket lines. Republic finally filed a mandamus action against Postmaster General

James A. Farley seeking to force him to accept parcel-post shipments. This action is pending. The corporation made numerous unsuccessful attempts to mail food into plants where men remained at work in the face of the strike called by C. I. O. in an effort to obtain signed bargaining

Resumption of work at the Youngstown plants was re ported as follows in an Associated Press dispatch of July 13 from East Chicago, Ind.:

Controversy over who had "won" the strike abated little. The company, re-asserting its position that no agreement had been made with any

one, posted large signs at each gate. They read:

"Notice—We have not made any agreement or contract with any official, person or organization. This plant is open for work on the conditions which existed when work was stopped May 26, 1937."

Van A. Bittner, Regional Director for the Steel Workers' Organization

Committee, repeated his contention that the company had made an agre

ment with Governor M. Clifford Townsend and that the union was showing "*s "good faith and our responsibility as parties to a compact."

W. B. Gillies, Sheet and Tube Vice-President in charge of production, estimated some 7,000 employees in the Calumet area of Indiana and Illinois had lost about \$2,000,000 in wages during the shutdown.

In addition to the "harbor" plant, there is a smaller one in South Chicago, which resumed partial operations a week ago, and a small one in Evanston,

suburb of Chicago, which had remained open.

When the strike began, May 26, more than 70,000 employees of Sheet and Tube, the Republic Steel Corporation and the Island Steel Co. were thrown out of work. Later the Bethlehem Steel Corp.'s Cambria plant at Johnstown, Pa., employing 15,000 was closed, but soon reopened. In the last three weeks all of the mills have returned to at least partial operations, and one company—Inland, employing 13,000 in the Calumet district—resumed fully after a truce arranged through Governor Townsend.

Union Workers End Seven-week Strike at Plants of Aluminum Co. of America in Alcoa, Tenn.—Agreement Bars Discrimination

The seven-week strike at the Alcoa, Tenn., plants of the Aluminum Co. of America was ended on July 11 and the strikers, members of the Aluminum Workers Union, returned to their jobs during the week. The Company employs a force of 5,200. The strike was started on May 18 when 3,000 workers walked out in demand for elimination of an 18-cent-an-hour differential between the Company's plants at Alcoa and New Kensington, Pa. Previous reference to the strike appeared in our issue of May 22, page 3432. It is stated that the wage differential now amounts to about 15 cents an hour.

The strikers voted almost unanimously on July 11 to return to work at the Alcoa mill. This action was hastened by an appeal from William Green, President of the American Federation of Labor. The conclusion of the strike was reported as follows in Associated Press advices of July 11 from

In announcing the decision, Fred Wetmore, who resigned today as President of the local union, said:

"The union voted almost unanimously to return to work after I had pleaded with them for three-quarters of an hour to do so."

He declared he had resigned at the suggestion of Francis J. Dillon, personal representative of William Green, President of the A. F. of L., "for the good of the union."

E. M. Chandler, Superintendent of the febricating will said the strikes.

E. M. Chandler, Superintendent of the fabricating mill, said the strikers

"We will not discriminate in any way against the union men and hope to have jobs for all of them," he asserted. "They have been told to report to their foremen for assignment of shifts."

He added that the company "deeply deplores the incident Wednesday," when two men were killed and 28 wounded in a gun battle between strikers and Alcoa officers.

and Alcoa officers.

Mr. Dillon left tonight for Washington, saying he would report to Mr. Green and recommend that "he appoint some one to assume leadership of

Mr. Wetmore said that the union did not vote on whether to withdraw charges he filed with the National Labor Relations Board yesterday that the company failed "to bargain collectively."

"As far as I know," he declared, "the charges will be pursued."

The strike had forced the closing of the mills and these were reopened on July 8 when some of the non-union workers entered the plants. On the preceding day two men were killed, 20 were shot and many were injured in a fight between strikers and police outside the gates of the plant. Order was finally restored after troops had been called. Associated Press advices of July 7 from Alcoa described the riot as follows:

Seventeen strikers and four policemen were carried to the hospita with bullet wounds following the battle near the gates of the plant. Tonight company officials said a check revealed that at least 11 officers suffered pistol or club wounds in the battle. W. M. Hunt, an officer, was shot in the abdomen and was in a critical condition.

Meanwhile, shifts changed at the mill tonight under the protection of a machine-gun company of Tennessee National Guardsmen from Knoxville.

union had abandoned its picket line. Infantry companies of Guardsmen from Athens and Elizabethton and a special squad from Nashville to handle tear gas and riot guns were expected to reach Alcoa before midnight. Adjutant General R. O. Smith arrived from middle Tennessee to take charge of the troops. The clash occurred as the company reopened its fabricating mill, closed since May 18, when workers walked out demanding that the basic hourly wage be increased.

Approximately 3,000 men are affected. The reduction and carbon plants of the company, employing 1,500, had continued in operation.

Bloodshed followed a club fight at the plant's entrance. Witnesses said a truck headed for the mill was surrounded by pickets and officers charged

The company said a \$15,000,000 expansion program would be undertaken and that the approximately 5,000 employees would be doubled

when the program was completed.

The power, the announcement said, would be delivered from Norris Dam, 35 miles away, over a 154,000-volt transmission line, just completed by the Tennessee Valley Authority.

Boy Scouts' National Jamboree in Washington-Visit of President Roosevelt to Encampment

Approximately 30,000 Boy Scouts from 48 States and 24 foreign countries attended the annual National Jamboree, which was held in Washington from June 30 to July 9. President Programmer Scout London toward the Scout dent Roosevelt, Honorary Scout Leader, toured the Scout Encampment on both sides of the Potomac River on July 7. Again on July 8 President Roosevelt visited the encampment, where he and Mrs. Roosevelt, riding in an open car, passed in review before the Scouts. From Washington July 8 United Press advices said: Press advices said:

The review, with the boys standing still and the President driving between the double line, was devised by Scout leaders to spare the Scouts fatigue and possible heat prostration of a long march past a Presidential

The Chief Executive paid his first visit to the 350-acre "tent city" yesterday afternoon when he drove through the camp for more than an hour and ended his trip by reviewing a replica of the "Summer White House" and pinning an Eagle Scout badge on Franklyn St. John, of Poughkeepsie,

Cars containing members of the Cabinet and Senators and Representatives followed the one in which the President and Mrs. Roosevelt rode during the review on July 8. In a radio address from London July 6 Lord Baden-Powell, founder of the Boy Scout movement, urged the youths attending the Washington Jamboree to be good friends and promote unity rather than partisanship in order to make their country strong.

During the Jamboree Scouts visited the Chamber of Com-merce of the United States and saw a series of performances of a program which the Chamber arranged for their benefit. An announcement by the Chamber on June 28 said:

The program will begin with an address of welcome that will contain some surprises for the boys. This address will be followed by a visual demonstration and lecture entitled "Fire Hazards in Action" by William H. Rodda, a fire prevention expert representing a group of fire insurance companies. The third item on the program will be the sound film "Once Upon a Time," which is an animated street-safety cartoon that is full of action. This film is being furnished by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. The concluding number will be a motion picture with sound entitled "The Highlights of the 1936 Olympics." This sport film will be of interest to boys of all nationalities.

It is also planned to have George H. Davis, President of the National Chamber; John W. O'Leary, Chairman of the Executive Committee, ank other officials of the Chamber talk informally to the boys in the various delegations that will visit the Chamber headquarters. Each boy will receive a souvenir program containing pictures of the Chamber building.

About 1,000 American Scouts accompanied by the 500 from the 24 foreign countries sailed this week for Holland, where the great world jamboree of Scouts will be held beginning late this month.

John L. Lewis of C. I. O. Plans Union to Include State, County and Municipal Workers—To Be Distinct from Recently Created United Federal Workers of America—Bill Penalizing Federal Employees Who Strike Introduced in House—New York State Civil Service Employees to Resist any Movement De-stroying Their Unity

stroying Their Unity Under the name of the State, County and Municipal Workers of America, John L. Lewis, Chairman of the Com-mittee for Industrial Organization, announced on July 12 the formation of a union to embrace State, county and municipal employees. According to the Washington "Post," the new union will be entirely separate from the recently-created United Federal Workers of America for employees of the National Government. The same paper stated, in

Nucleus of the national union, it was said by C. I. O. officials, would be the 15,000 members of the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees which was reported leaving the American Federation of Labor to affiliate with the rival Lewis-controlled C. I. O. In addition, it was estimated there are some 5,000 members of other local unions on the Pacific Coast, in St. Louis and other cities who have petitioned the C. I. O. for affiliation.

The C. I. O. announcement said:

"Undoubtedly such an organization should promote a better understanding between the Government employees and the public, secure a higher standard of efficiency in service and provide adequate machinery for the adjustment of grievances or disputes within the limits of law and sound public policy."

lowing President Roose that there can be no strike against the National Government, the C. I. O. statement said:

"The general methods to be employed by this union in achieving its aim shall be that of legislation and education. The use of strikes or picketing by the union shall be deemed a violation of the policy of this organization."

Police officers, military forces, fire-fighters, education workers, as well as executives with authority to hire and fire, are specifically from possible membership. During the intensive organization drive there will be no initiation fee, but membership dues will be \$1 a month, "properly distributed" between the local union and the national office.

The remarks on July 9 by President Roosevelt that government workers are permitted to join unions but that the government cannot make collective bargaining agreements was referred to in our July 10 issue, page 219. On July 12 Representative Hoffman (Republican), Michi-

gan, introduced a resolution making it unlawful for any person or group to influence a strike among Federal employees. It provides fines and imprisonment for violation.

A statement by Mr. Lewis in explanation of the new

union was given as follows in United Press accounts from Washington, July 12:

Employees of State, county and municipal divisions of our government have long felt the need of an organization to promote their welfare and provide means for the adjustment of grievances arising through their em-

Realizing their inadequate protection because of their inability to take up grievances individually, numerous groups of these employees have formed local organizations through which it was proposed to promote their

These several local units have applied to the C. I. O. for a charter of affiliation.

The C. I. O. has given serious consideration to the problems affecting these several groups, and has recognized the need of a national organization of State, county and municipal employees which would provide machinery to establish, in the interest of the service, a cooperative working relationship between them and their respective governmental adminis-

Abram Flaxner of New York has been named Executive Vice-President of the new organization and has opened offices in Washington in the building in which the C. I. O. is housed.

Warning to Mr. Lewis that it would "resist as demoralizing ventures any movement which would destroy their present unity" was given by the Association of State Civil Service Employees on July 14, it was stated in United Press advices from Albany on that day, which added:

Action of the Association, with a membership of 15,000, followed announcement by Mr. Lewis that he intended to organize municipal, county and State employees throughout the Nation.

Charles A. Brind Jr., President of the State group, said in a letter to

the C. I. O. Chairman:
"While the complete organization of the nearly 40,000,000 unorganized, salaried and wage-earning men and women of the United States is a wholly desirable and necessary means to the fullest development of national economic and social well-being, this Association must denounce as dishonest any attempt to disrupt this group of organized workers which has shown efficiency and vision in dealing with its problems."

Death of Senator Robinson of Arkansas—Majority Leader—Funeral Services Held in Senate Before Body Is Sent to Little Rock, Ark.—Tribute By President and Others

Senator Robinson of Arkansas, majority leader of the Senate, died suddenly on July 14 at his home in Washington as a result of a heart attack. He was 65 years old. Immediately after his death was announced to the Senate by Senator Caraway, the Senate adjourned out of respect to his memory, thus ending the "legislative day" which began on July 6 during the debate on the court reorganization proposal. It was believed that Senator Robinson's place as majority leader would be taken by either Senator Barkley, Senator Harrison or Senator Byrnes. Funeral services for Senator Robinson were held in the Senate chamber on July 16, after which the Senate and House adjourned until July 20. Delegations from both Senate and House went to Little Rock, Ark., to attend burial services for Senator Robinson.

A statement by President Roosevelt in which he said "I personally mourn the passing of a greatly beloved friend whose fidelity through long years never wavered," was one of the many tributes to the late Senator,—Cabinet members, Senate and Representatives, as well as various State officials, and others, joining in eulogizing the Senate majority leader. President Roosevelt's statement, issued July 14 follows:

In the face of a dispensation so swift in its coming and so tragic in the loss it brings to the Nation we bow in sorrow. A pillar of strength is gone.

A soldier has fallen with face to the battle.

I personally mourn the passing of a greatly beloved friend whose fidelity through long years never wavered. Those who knew Joseph Taylor Robinson best recognized in him the qualities of true liberal thought. Mindful of the needs of the under-privileged he was devoted always to improvement of the lot of the masses.

In his going Joe Robinson has left a record as high in achievement as it was faithful in performance. He never temporized with principle nor bargained where the public interest was the issue.

But, day by day, through long service in high office, he brought to the National councils the contribution of great learning and sound widsom— a leadership inspired by courage and guided by consummate common sense and a devotion to duty given without selfish interest.

And so death found him at the last with hope unfaltering, with vision undimmed, and with courage unafraid. Of him well may it be said:

"He has fought a good fight; he has finished his course; he has kept the

Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau in deploring the

"The death of Joe Robinson is a tragic loss to the Nation. It was due largely to his far-sighted wisdom and leadership that the Congress has been enabled to function with such great efficiency in these last few years."

Other tributes by Cabinet members, which we are unable to give because of a lack of space, were of a like tenor. Governor Bailey of Arkansas was also one of those who praised the late Senator; in a special dispatch from Little Rock July 14 it was stated:

While Governor Bailey declined to forecast the political effects of Senator Robinson's death it was said by associates that he probably would call a special election to name a successor and that he would not appoint any one to serve during the meantime.

The law requires that such a vacancy as has been created must be filled by a special election to be held within 120 days. Friends of the Governor said he would call the election well within that limit.

It is generally expected that Governor Bailey will declare his candidacy for the Senatorship to succeed Senator Robinson, and make the race at the

special election.

President and Mrs. Roosevelt attended the State funeral ceremony in the Senate Chamber yesterday (July 16) the White House group including Stephen T. Ealry and Marvin H. McIntyre, Secretaries to the President, and Capt. Paul Bastedo and Col. Edwin M. Watson, White House naval and military aids. The President canceled all appointments and engagements for the day, including the regular weekly Cabinet meeting.

A Washington dispatch of July 14 to the New York "Times" reported the death of the Senator as follows:

The death of the 65-year-old Arkansan, a conspicuous figure in national politics for years, was attributed to the terrific strain he had endured as Senatorial leader for the New Deal, specially in the fight over President Roosevelt's proposals to reorganize the Federal judiciary.

Marshal of the administration Senate forces in the court reorganization conflict, the majority leader's death at this crisis in President Roosevelt's relations with Congress cast a deeper shadow of doubt as to the outcome so far as the White House was concerned, although it was declared that the fight for passage of the Court Bill would go forward with no modification.

Immediately the Democratic majority in the Senate was confronted with another fundamental division—a fight over the successorship to the majoritity leader's post. Quiet campaigning has been in progress for weeks on the assumption that the Senator would be appointed to the Supreme Court. A Democratic Senatorial caucus will be summoned for Tuesday or Wednesday.

Eulogized as Friend and Leader

Despite party or legislative differences the Senate, stunned by the sight of the vacant chair of Senator Robinson, heard eulogies of him as a leader and as a friend voiced from all sides of the chamber by all factions. The spirit of grief was unmistakable.

uneral services will be held in the Senate chamber at noon on Friday.

At 6 o'clock the body will be taken to Little Rock for burial.

Mrs. Robinson, who rarely has left her husband's side was in Little Rock. She broke down when a group of Senatorial leaders attempted to consult her over the telephone about the funeral arrangements. She prepared to leave this afternoon by train to be here for the ceremonies on

Friday. The Robinsons had no children.

President Roosevelt was notified at 8:30 this morning, while he was still in bed. Stephen T. Early, one of his secretaries, telephoned him

Besides drawing up a statement, the President telegraphed to Governor

Carl E. Bailey of Arkansas and wrote a note to Mrs. Robinson. Funeral plans and the situation arising from the death were discussed by the President at a luncheon conference with Senator Pittman, the

by the President at a lunction.

President pro tempore of the Senate.

The President, it was said at the White House, did not plan to go to

The President, it was said at the White House, did not plan to go to

The President at a lunction.

The President at a lunction. Little Rock, but will attend the Senate services. Vice-President Garner, an intimate friend of Mr. Robinson for decades, will go to Little Rock from Uvalde, Texas. Pressure of business, it is stated, now makes it seem very unlikely that Mr. Roosevelt will be able to leave Washington, although there may be a change in his plans.

Body Is Found on Floor

Mary Jasper, a colored maid long in Senator Robinson's service, discovered the body of her employer. Arriving at the apartment at 110 Maryland Ave., N. E., across the street from the Capitol grounds, soon before 8 a. m., she found him lying on the floor near his bed. He was clad in pajamas

The maid immediately notified Chesley Jurney, sergeant at arms of the Senate, who lives in the same apartment house known as the "Methodist Building," since it is owned by the Methodist Board of Temperance. At the same time an elevator boy telephoned to Casualty Hospital.

Kennedy F. Rea, clerk of the Senate Appropriations Committee, another resident of the building, called Dr. George W. Calver, the Capitol physician, and Colonel Harry M. Rutherford of the Army Medical Corps, Senator

Robinson's personal physician.

Coronor A. Magruder MacDonald, who was summoned to the apartment, agreed with the doctors that Senator Robinson had suffered a heart attack and had died probably shortly after midnight. It was believed that he attempted to summon aid, but died before help could arrive. Some of those present concluded that Mr. Robinson, unable to sleep, had been reading in bed. His glasses were discovered near him on the floor.

Senator Robinson, it became known to the capital only today, had not been in good health for some time. His massive physique, unbounded energy and powerful voice all seemed to belie such a condition, but Dr. Calver disclosed that the Senator had consulted him several times recently about his heart, which had troubled him for six months.

Only a week before his death Senator Robinson began the debate (July 6) on the compromise court proposal, reference to which appeared in these columns July 3, page 40 and July 10, page 213.

Death of Judge A. W. Hammarskjold of World Court-Was Appointed to Bench Several Months Ago

Judge Ake Wilhelm Hammarskjold of the Permanent Court for International Justice (World Court), The Hague, Netherlands, died on July 7 at The Hague. He was 44 years old. Mr. Hammarskjold, a Swedish diplomat and lawyer, had been appointed to the World Court bench only a few months ago. Prior to that he had been Registrar of the Court since its foundation. He was also a member of the lastitute of International Law. Institute of International Law.

Senate Confirms Nomination of A. Manuel Fox as
Member of United States Tariff Commission
The nomination, by President Roosevelt on July 9, of
A. Manuel Fox, of New York as a member of the United States Tariff Commission, was confirmed by the Senate on July 12. Mr. Fox succeeds Robert L. O'Brien, of Massachusetts (who recently resigned), for the unexpired term ending June 16, 1942. Mr. Fox has been Director of Research of the Tariff Commission since 1934.

Death of P. J. Haltigan, Reading Clerk of House of Representatives for Past 17 Years

Patrick J. Haltigan, reading clerk of the House of Representatives for the past 17 years, died on July 8 in Washington at the age of 74. Mr. Haltigan was born in Ireland in 1862 and at the age of 20 came to New York where he worked as a printer for 7 years. In 1889 he went to Washington to become a proofreader in the Government Printing Office in which resition he remained 11 years are invited. Office in which position he remained 11 years, resigning in 1901 to become editor and publisher of the "National Hibernian." Mr. Haltigan joined the House staff in 1911 and served for 26 years, 17 of which were in the capacity of reading clerk.

Many Changes Made in Reorganization of Personnel of American Diplomatic Corps—Two Envoys Made Assistant Secretaries of State—Assistant Secretary W. J. Carr Named Minister to Czechoslovakia

The program initiated by President Roosevelt and Secretary of State Cordell Hull at the close of March to reorganize the personnel of the American diplomatic service has resulted in many changes and has also brought about several changes at the State Department at Washington. An Assistant Secretary of State, Wilbur J. Carr of New York, has been appointed Minister to Czechoslovakia, while two envoys abroad have been named to Assistant Secretaryships. They are George S. Messersmith of Delaware, Minister to Austria, who was named to succeed Mr Carr, and Hugh R. Wilson of Illinois, Ambassador to Belgium, who was appointed to succeed R. Walton Moore, recently named to the recreated post of Counselor of the State Department. Abroad, many important posts were involved in the changes, including the resignation from the service of Dave Hennen Morris, Ambassador to Belgium and Minister to Luxemburg, which was made known on July 10. Several of the most recent changes have not yet received the confirmation of the Senate. The following is a complete list of all the changes that have occurred since the reorganization program was started:

Hugh R. Wilson of Illinois, Minister to Switzerland, as an Assistant Secretary of State; nominated June 28, confirmed July 2. Leland Harrison of Illinois, Minister to Rumania, as Minister to Switzer-

land, vice Mr. Wilson; nominated July 1, confirmed July 8.

George S. Messersmith of Delaware, Minister to Austria, as an Assistant
Secretary of State; nominated July 2, confirmed July 8.

Grenville T. Emmet of New York, Minister to The Netherlands, as

Minister to Austria, vice Mr. Messersmith; nominated July 6, confirmed July 8.

George A. Gordon of New York, Minister to Haiti, as Minister to The Netherlands, vice Mr. Emmet; nominated July 10, not yet confirmed.

Ferdinand L. Mayer of Indiana, Counselor at Berlin, Germany, as Minister to Haiti, vice Mr. Gordon; nominated July 1, confirmed July 8.

Leo J. Keena of Michigan, Minister to Honduras, as Minister to Union of South Africa, vice Ralph J. Totten; nominated July 9, not yet confirmed

John D. Erwin of Tennessee, as Minister to Honduras, vice Mr. Keena;

nominated July 9, not yet confirmed.

Ray Atherton of Illinois, Counselor of Embassy at London, as Minister to Bulgaria, vice Frederick A. Sterling; nominated July 6, confirmed July 8.

July 8.

Hugh S. Gibson of California, Ambassador to Brazil, as Ambassador to Belgium and also Minister to Luxemburg, vice Dave Hennen Morris, resigned; nominated July 1, confirmed July 8.

Jefferson Caffery of Louisiana, Ambassador to Cuba, as Ambassador to Brazil, vice Mr. Gibson; nominated July 1, confirmed July 8.

J. Butler Wright of Wyoming, Minister to Czechoslovakia, as Ambassador to Cuba, vice Mr. Caffery; nominated July 1, confirmed July 8.

Wilbur J. Carr of New York, Assistant Secretary of State, as Minister to Czechoslovakia, vice Mr. Wright; nominated July 2, confirmed July 8.

Alvin Mansfield Owsley of Texas, Minister to Irish Free State, as Minister to Denmark; nominated May 19, confirmed May 24.

John Cudahy of Wisconsin, Ambassador to Poland, as Minister to Irish

John Cudahy of Wisconsin, Ambassador to Poland, as Minister to Irish Free State, vice Mr. Owsley; nominated May 19, confirmed May 24.

Anthony J. Drexel Biddle Jr. of Pennsylvania, Minister to Norway, as Ambassador to Poland, vice Mr. Cudahy; nominated April 19, confirmed April 27.

Florence Jaffray Harriman of the District of Columbia, as Minister to Norway, vice Mr. Biddle; nominated April 19, confirmed April 27.

William H. Hornibrook of Utah, formerly Minister to Iran (Persia) and Afghanistan, as Minister to Costa Rica; nominated July 1, con-

firmed July 1.

Edward Albright of Tennessee, Minister to Finland, as Minister to Costa Rica; nominated March 29, confirmed April 19.

H. F. Schoenfeld of the District of Columbia, Minister to Dominican Republic, as Minister to Finland, vice Mr. Albright; nominated March 29,

confirmed April 19. R. Henry Norweb of Ohio, Minister to Bolivia, as Minister to Dominican Republic, vice Mr. Schoenfeld; nominated March 29, confirmed April 19. Robert Granville Caldwell of Texas, Minister to Portugal, as Minister to Bolivia, vice Mr. Norweb; nominated April 19, confirmed April 27. Herbert Claiborne Pell of Rhode Island, as Minister to Portugal, vice Mr. Caldwell: perminated April 19, confirmed May 20.

Mr. Caldwell; nominated April 19, confirmed May 20. Fred Morris Dearing of Missouri, Ambassador to Peru, as Minister to Sweden, vice Laurence A. Steinhardt; nominated March 29, confirmed

April 19. Laurence A. Steinhardt of New York, Minister to Sweden, as Ambassador to Peru, vice Mr. Dearing; nominated March 29, confirmed April 19.

Dave Hennen Morris submitted his resignation to President Roosevelt as Ambassador to Belgium and Minister to

Luxemburg on Jan. 20, but the President did not accept it until June 4, effective June 25. Mr. Morris expressed a desire to return to private duties. Mr. Roosevelt accepted the resignation "with great reluctance," and expressed his regret that Mr. Morris found it necessary to retire.

I am grateful for the services you have given to the government and I hope you will permit me to think that at some future time I may be able to call on you again to serve the American people if you can be spared even for a short time from the duties and work to which you are now returning.

National Security Traders Association Appoints Committee for Selection of Officers for Coming Year

A nominating committee has been appointed for the selection of officers of National Security Traders Association for the fiscal year beginning Oct. 1, 1937. Lawrence S. Pulliam, of Wooden & Co. Lea Appelea in Chairman of the committee. of Weeden & Co., Los Angeles, is Chairman of the committee, which also includes Herbert M. May, of Herbert M. May & Co., New York; Ralph G. Randall, Fairman, Randall & Co., Chicago; R. J. Glas, of Moore and Hyams, New Orleans; and Franklin O. Curtis, of Colonial Bond and Share Corp., Baltimore.

Dr. Ernest Gruening Resigns as Administrator of Puerto Rico Reconstruction Administration — M. H. Fairbank Appointed Acting Administrator

The resignation of Dr. Ernest Gruening as Administrator of the Puerto Rico Reconstruction Administration was accepted on July 13 by President Roosevelt. At the same time announcement was made by the Interior Department, in Washington, of the appointment of Miles H. Fairbank as Acting Administrator. Mr. Fairbank is now in San Juan. In accepting his resignation President Roosevelt wrote Mr. Gruening in part as follows: Gruening in part as follows:

In accordance with your request of June 7, I am very reluctantly accepting your resignation.

I do so only because I realize that you have, in the last two years, been overburdened with these duties and that under your administration the long-range program of reconstruction of Puerto Rico has been successfully

F. D. Everett Appointed Governing Member of New York Stock Exchange—S. Howland Davis Resigns From Committee of Foreign Business and F. E. Williamson from Advisory Group

The Governing Committee of the New York Stock Exchange at its meeting held July 14 appointed F. Dewey Everett a Governing Member to fill the vacancy created by the death of Thomas H. Gammack, until the next annual election. Mr. Everett, a partner of Hornblower & Weeks, was first associated with the firm in 1919. In 1927 he was appointed chief statistician, serving in this position until Jan. 1, 1939, when he became a general partner.

Howland S. Davis has resigned as a member of the Committee on Foreign Business, it was appounded by the Ex-

mittee on Foreign Business, it was announced by the Exchange on July 14. Mr. Davis recently was appointed Chairman of the Committee on Business Conduct, succeeding Allen L. Lindley, and he is also a member of the Law Committee, both of which positions he retains. Reference to Mr. Davis' appointment as Chairman was made in our issue

Frederick E. Williamson, President of the New York Central Railroad Co., on July 14 resigned as a member of the New York Stock Exchange Advisory Group, which meets regularly with the Governing Committee. Mr. Williamson became a member of this group in September, 1934. He also has been a member of the Conference Committee and the Law Committee. mittee and the Law Committee.

A. D. Fraser Nominated for Presidency of Mortgage Bankers Association of America

A. D. Fraser, President of A. D. Fraser, Inc. of Cleveland, A. D. Fraser, President of A. D. Fraser, Inc. of Cleveland, is slated for election to the Presidency of the Mortgage Bankers Association of America at the organization's 24th annual convention next October in Cleveland, according to an announcement issued July 13 by the nominating committee headed by W. Walter Williams of Seattle. Mr. Fraser was named the nominee by the committee in its report of July 13 and his nomination is tantamount to election. Mr. Fraser, a member of the Association's Board of tion. Mr. Fraser, a member of the Association's Board of Governors since 1931, succeeds James W. Collins, President of the Tracy Loan & Trust Co. of Salt Lake City. He is a Trustee of the Cleveland Real Estate Board and former President of the Cleveland Apartment House Owners Association.

Twentieth Century Fund Adds Five New Members to Board of Trustees

The Twentieth Century Fund announced June 28, through its President, Edward A. Filene, the addition of five new members to its Board of Trustees. They are: Francis Biddle, of Philadelphia, Pa.; Robert H. Jackson, of Washington, D. C.; Robert S. Lynd, of New York City; Charles P. Taft, of Cincinnati, Ohio; and Harrison Tweed of New

The present members of the Board who have been reelected, comprise: A. A. Berle, Jr., Chamberlain of the City of New York.

Bruce Bliven, editor of the New Republic. Henry S. Dennison, President of the Dennison Manu-

facturing Co.

John H. Fahey, Chairman of the board of directors,
Home Owners Loan Corp.

Edward A. Filene, Boston merchant. Oswald W. Knauth, President of the Associated Dry

Goods Corp.
Morris E. Leeds, President of Leeds & Northrup Co.
James G. McDonald, member of the editorial staff, New

York Times; and Roscoe Pound, Professor of Jurisprudence, Harvard University. Regarding the new trustees we take the following from the announcement by the Twentieth Century Fund, Inc.:

Of the new trustees, Mr. Lynd, who is Professor of Sociology at Columbia University, is best known as co-author of "Middletown" and "Middletown in Transition," social studies of a typical mid-western city.

Mr. Taft is a Cincinnati lawyer who has been active in Governmental

reform in Ohio and was recently a member of the Steel Mediation Board, appointed by President Roosevelt.

appointed by President Roosevelt.

Mr. Biddle, a Philadelphia attorney, was formerly Chairman of the National Labor Relations Board. He has served on the Fund's Special Committee on Taxation, which recently published a report of its findings under the title, "Facing the Tax Problem."

Mr. Jackson is Assistant Attorney General of the United States.

Mr. Tweed, a prominent New York lawyer, is a partner in the firm of Milbank, Tweed, Hope, and Webb.

Paul Fielden Elected President of National Association of Credit Men

Paul Fielden of the Norton Co., Worcester, Mass., was elected President of the National Association of Credit Men at the annual convention in Chicago, June 21 to 24. Mr. Fielden has been in close touch with the affairs of the National Convention of the National Association of Credit Men at the annual convention in Chicago, June 21 to 24. tional Association, having been a director in 1934 and Vice-President in 1935. As a credit man, Mr. Fielden has been engaged in credit work with the Norton Co. for 17 years, 10 years as Assistant Credit Manager and seven years as Credit Manager. Previous references to the addresses made at the convention appeared in our issue of June 26, pages 4262 and 4271.

ITEMS ABOUT BANKS, TRUST COMPANIES, &c

The membership of A. C. Israel, on the New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange, was sold on July 14th, to Jerome Lewine for \$5,000, off \$200 from the previous sale. On the same Exchange, the Membership of Charles Slaughter, was sold on July 15th, to S. J. Sklenker for \$5,200, an increase of \$200 from the sale transacted on the previous day.

At the July meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Bank for Savings, New York, held on July 14, Thomas A. Cornwall was elected Assistant Comptroller. Mr. Cornwall has been with the bank sixteen years.

The New York State Banking Department on June 26, approved plans of the Guaranty Safe Deposit Co., New York, to reduce its capital stock from \$400,000 consisting of 4,000 shares of the par value of \$100, each share, to \$250,000 to consist of 2,500 shares of the par value of \$100 each. The reduction became effective at the close of business June 30, 1937, thus starting July 1, 1937 with the reduced capital of \$250,000.

Carl Boschwitz, founder & President of the New York Hanseatic Corp., dealers in Government securities and bankers' acceptances, died on July 12 at his office 37 Wall Street, New York City, of heart disease. He was 60 years old. Born in Filene, Germany, Mr. Boschwitz had been in the textile business. When the World War broke out he was traveling in the United States, and unable to return to Germany, he devoted his attention to the relief of interned Germany in this country, this work gaining for him the con-Germans in this country, this work gaining for him the confidence of the State Department. After the war Mr. Boschwitz decided to remain in this country and became a citizen. In 1920 he organized the New York Hanseatic Corp. to aid in the resumption of German-American trade relations. Beginning in 1923 the firm's activity shifted increasingly to the financial field. To-day the New York Hanseatic Corporation are dealers in American Bankers' Acceptances, U. S. Government securities, New York bank stocks and foreign

Guaranty Trust Co. of New York announces the appointment of R. Tupper Barrett as Joint Manager of its Paris Office. Mr. Barrett was formerly Assistant Manager of the Paris Office.

The statement of condition of the Banca Commerciale Italiana Trust Co. of New York, as of June 30, 1937, shows total deposits of \$12,474,023; resources, \$16,245,897; cash on hand and due from banks, \$5,839,065; U. S. Government obligations, State, municipal and other bonds, \$3,535,923; loans, discounts and banker's acceptances purchased, \$1,-965,445; capital and surplus, \$2,750,000; special reserves and undivided profits, \$107,661.

John T. Smith, Vice-President of General Motors Corp., was recently elected to the Board of Trustees of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank of New York City, to fill a vacancy caused by the death of William E. Barett in March.

The General Motors Acceptance Corp., New York, received permission on July 7 from the New York State Banking Department to open a branch office at San Bernardino,

Sterling National Bank & Trust Co., New York, on July 1 disclosed in its statement of condition as of June 30, that its loans and discounts have increased to \$16,374,646 from \$5,619,562 three months ago and \$11,536,419 a year ago. Cash holdings have risen to \$9,320,920 from \$8,709,636 three months ago and \$6,434,615 a year ago while holdings of IT S. Government honds have been reduced to \$2,280,867 three months ago and \$6,434,615 a year ago while holdings of U. S. Government bonds have been reduced to \$2,280,867 from \$2,731,756 three months ago and \$3,854,945 on June 30, 1936. Holdings of State, municipal and corporate securities likewise have been cut to \$1,822,226 from \$2,851,215 on March 31, 1937, and \$5,840,918 on June 30, 1936. Deposits have increased to \$26,407,052 from \$26,394,446 three months ago and \$24,806,262 a year ago. Resources total \$30,744,286 compared with \$31,058,001 three months ago and \$28,459,524 a year ago. Surplus and undivided profits have increased to \$1,585,910 from \$1,553,547 three months ago and \$1,104,917 a year ago.

Clinton Trust Co., New York, reports total assets of \$9,099,234 as of June 30 compared with \$8,974,646 on March 31. Deposits increased to \$7,763,355 compared with \$7,603,431 three months ago. Capital stock remained unchanged at \$600,000 while capital notes of \$150,000 showed a reduction of \$50,000 compared with March 31. Surplus and undivided profits were unchanged at \$502,624.

The June 30 statement of condition of the Empire Trust Co., New York City, reflects the sale of 50,000 additional shares of \$10 par value capital stock at \$25 per share. This transaction resulted in an increase of \$500,000 in the capital account and \$750,000 in surplus and undivided profits. The capital on June 30 amounted to \$3,500,000, as compared with \$3,000,000 on March 31, while surplus and undivided profits on the latest date totaled \$4,859,709 against \$4,069,978 on March 31; the total increase in surplus and undivided profits for the period was \$789,731 of which all but \$39,731 resulted from the stock sale referred to above. Deposits of the bank on June 30 were in amount of \$68,852,934, compared with \$79,873,648 at the end of the first quarter; deposits at the end of June were made up of \$5,079,201 of time deposits and \$63,773,733 of demand deposits. Assets at the latest date totaled \$77,369,853, compared with \$87,069,423 March 31. Of the assets \$22,406,519 represented cash in vaults and banks (against \$25,978,560 March 31); \$12,923,767 United States Government securities (compared with \$15,828,763), and \$21,181,183 street and demand collateral loans (against \$21,657,199).

The New York State Banking Department on June 28 approved an increase in the capital stock of the Hudson River Trust Co., Hudson, N. Y., from \$125,000 to \$175,000.

Concerning the affairs of the closed Jeffers 1 Trust Co. of Hoboken, N. J., the "Jersey Observer" of July 10 carried the following:

A second dividend of 5% on the assets of the Jefferson Trust Co. of Hoboken was directed by Vice-Chancellor Egan yesterday (July 9). Just before last Christmas the court directed payment of a dividend of 10%.

The bank has been under liquidation by Banking Commissioner Carl K.

Withers since September, 1935.

In its condition statement as of June 30, the Fidelity Union Trust Co. of Newark, N. J., shows total resources of \$160,132,490 as compared with total assets of \$157,073,626 on March 31, last, and total deposits of \$142,726,371 as against \$140,572,842 on the earlier date. The principal items making up the assets in the present report are: Cash and due from banks, \$26,316,263; United States Government obligations (direct or fully guaranteed), \$46,621,488; loans and discounts, \$49,221,848, and bonds and mortgages, \$10,160,180. On the liabilities side of the statement, capital and surplus, at \$8,000,000 and \$5,500,000, respectively, remain unchanged, but undivided profits have risen to \$2,022,207 from \$1,396,387 on March 31.

Charles S. W. Packard, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania Company for Insurances on Lives & Granting Annuities of Philadelphia, and for more than 30 years one of the best-known financiers of that city, died at his home in Rittenhouse Square, Philadelphia, on July 9, after a prolonged illness. Prior to 1934, when he resigned and became Chairman of the Board, Mr. Packard for 35 years was President of the Pennsylvania Company. in Philadelphia on June 30, 1860, Mr. Packard was educated at Rugby Academy in that city, later entering the University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1880. Two years later he began his business career as Secretary to the Philadelphia Warehouse Co., where he continued until 1887. At that time he was named Treasurer of the Washington Manufacturing Co., a position he held for five years. Attracted to the banking field, Mr. Packard in 1892 joined the Pennsylvania Company as Auditor and the following year was made Treasurer. During the next few years he advanced rapidly, and in 1899 was elected President of the institution. His other interests were varied and many. During the last year he resigned directorships of the Philadelphia National Bank and the Lehigh Coal & Navigation Co., but retained until his death a trusteeship of the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Co., was a Manager of the Philadelphia Saving Fund Society and a director of a large group of insurance companies. large group of insurance companies.

William G. Littleton, a Vice-President of the Fidelity-Philadelphia Trust Co., Philadelphia, Pa., from 1915 until his retirement last February, died in the Hahnemann Hospital, that city, on July 11. Mr. Littleton, who was 69 years old, was born in Philadelphia and was graduated from the Pennsylvania Law School in 1888. Shortly after being admitted to the Philadelphia Bar, he became associated being admitted to the Philadelphia Bar, he became associated with the Fidelity Trust Co.'s trust department. Mr. Littleton was the author of books and pamphlets on constitutional law and laws of trust estates.

In indicating that the defunct Citizens' National Bank of

Jenkintown, Pa., was to pay a final dividend, beginning July 7, the Philadelphia "Record" of July 6 said:

J. C. Maschke, receiver for the closed Citizens' National Bank of Jenkintown, announced yesterday (July 5) that distribution will begin tomorrow of a final dividend to all depositors who have proven their claims.

In its condition statement as of June 30, the First National Bank at Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pa., shows total deposits of \$98,818,406 and total resources of \$112,175,381 as against \$97,015,191 and \$110,313,556, respectively, on March 31 last. The principal items comprising the assets in the present statement are: Cash and due from banks, \$31,950,500 (as compared with \$33,252,180 on March 31); United States Government obligations direct and/or fully guaranteed, \$36,444,483 (as against \$36,462,764); other bonds and investments, \$19,925,975 (against \$18,748,433), and loans and discounts, \$18,839,377 (compared with \$16,-214,572). On the debit side of the report capital remains 741,579). On the debit side of the report capital remains unchanged at \$6,000,000, but surplus and undivided profits and reserves are given, respectively, at \$3,600,000 (up from \$3,500,000) and \$2,831,918 (down from \$3,033,820). Frank F. Brooks is President.

Total resources of \$342,144,037 and total deposits of \$249,577,404 are reported by the Union Trust Co. of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pa., in its statement of condition at the close of business June 30, comparing with \$342,961,968 and \$250,261,421, respectively, at the close of business March 31. Loans and discounts in the later report are shown at \$127,-976,765, up from \$89,250,441 on the earlier date, while United States Government securities are reported at \$148,-855,413, down from \$159,666,460. The company's capital and surplus remain unchanged at \$1,500,000 and \$75,000,000, respectively, but undivided profits have increased to \$2,725,485 from \$1,826,315.

The Union Trust Co. of Maryland, Baltimore, Md., in its condensed statement of condition as of June 30, reports total assets of \$39,743,951 (as compared with \$38,267,402 on March 31 last), of which the principal items are: Cash and due from banks, \$14,363,016 (against \$10,240,616 on the earlier date); loans, \$12,543,617 (against \$12,128,021), and United States Government obligations (at or below par), \$8,147,396 (down from \$10,987,188). On the debit side of the statement, total deposits are given as \$34,742,967 (against \$33,350,771 on March 31), and the institution's capital structure is shown at \$4,572,618 (against \$4,553,375 on the earlier date).

In its condensed statement of condition as at the close of business June 30, the Cleveland Trust Co., Cleveland, Ohio, shows total deposits of \$341,269,315 and total resources of \$381,785,608 as against \$336,595,697 and \$376,289,288, respectively, on March 31 last. Cash on hand and in banks on June 30 totaled \$96,461,462 (up from \$84,356,984 on March 21): United States Government obligations direct March 31); United States Government obligations, direct and fully guaranteed, \$100,046,760 (down from \$104,-157,517), and loans, discounts and advances less reserves, \$146,174,600 (against \$149,577,603). The company's capital structure is given as \$32,396,484, down from \$32,570,905 on March 31. Harris Creech is President of the institution.

Payment of a 5% dividend to depositors and creditors of the old Fletcher American National Bank of Indianapolis was announced on July 1 by Otto J. Feucht, John P. Collett and William N. Fleming Jr., it is learned from the Indianapolis "News" of that date, which also said:

Funds for this dividend, amounting to approximately \$282,000, have been deposited with American National Bank at Indianapolis. This is the sixth payment of 5% made by the liquidating trustees. Previous payments were made in February, May, July and November, 1936, and January, 1937. The depositors of the Fletcher Bank were paid 5% of their deposits in February, 1933, and in August, 1933, the depositors

received 50% of the balance.

From Aug. 23, 1983, the date the reorganization plan of the Fletcher American National Bank became effective, until Aug. 23, 1935, the liquidating trustees were not permitted to make any payments to depositors. During this period a loan in the amount of \$1,200,000 was made by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation to the Fletcher American National

The Continental Illinois National Bank & Trust Co. of Chicago, Chicago, Ill., reports in its condition statement of June 30, total resources of \$1,136,237,901 (as compared with \$1,057,325,345 on March 31, last), of which \$333,806,160 represents cash and due from banks (against \$271,151,850 on March 31); \$487,180,824 represents United States Government obligations, direct and fully guaranteed (against \$486,-605,621), and \$229,617,070 loans and discounts (as compared with \$217,397,200). On the debit ide of the statement, total deposits are shown at \$1,015,616,004, as against \$935,-712,727 on March 31. Capital remains the same at \$75,000,-000, but surplus and undivided profits have increased to \$16,000,000 and \$8,491,702, respectively, from \$15,000,000 and \$7,611,391, respectively, on the earlier date.

In its June 30 statement of condition the Harris Trust & Savings Bank of Chicago, Ill., reports total resources of \$224,-722,175 (as compared with total assets of \$215,227,086 on Mar. 31), of which the principal items are: Cash on hand, in Federal Posseyus hand, and due from banks and handsons. Federal Reserve bank, and due from banks and bankers, \$70,214,213 and time loans and bills discounts, \$46,889,212. On the debit side of the statement, deposits are given at \$194,025,884 (against \$173,077,776 three months ago). The bank's capital and surplus remain at the same figures, namely, \$6,000,000 and \$7,000,000, respectively.

The Board of Directors of the First National Bank of Chicago, Ill., at its meeting on July 9 elected Elmer E. Schmus and W. F. Copeland Vice-Presidents of the bank. Both were formerly Assistant Vice-Presidents of loaning divisions of the institution.

At the same meeting the Board declared the quarterly dividend of \$1.50 per share on the capital stock of the bank, payable Oct. 1, 1937, to stockholders of record Sept. 30. This s at the same rate, 6% per annum, hereto-

A 15% dividend, amounting to \$84,026, was paid on June 29 to approximately —— depositors of the defunct Prudential State Savings Bank of Chicago, it is learned from the Chicago "Tribune" of June 30, which added that the payment was the first to be made since the institution closed.

Alex Highland has been elected President of the Empire National Bank of St. Paul, Minn., to succeed David C. Shepard, who will become Chairman of the Board of Directors. Mr. Highland, formerly of the Twin Cities, is now Executive Vice-President of the First National Bank of San Diego, Calif. He will assume his new duties on Sept. 1. In noting the changes, the St. Paul "Free Press" of July 3

Mr. Highland will return to the Twin Cities familiar with local banking practices as the result of executive positions formerly held with financial organizations.

For several years he was President of the Stockyards National Bank at South St. Paul, and in 1932 he became a Vice-President of the Northwest Bancorporation, with offices in Minneapolis. Two years later he accepted the Vice-Presidency of the San Diego bank.

Mr. Shepard was born in St. Paul. He has been active in local financial circles for many years, and became President of the Empire Bank in 1926.

The Mutual Bank & Trust Co. of St. Louis, Mo., has declared a 2% dividend, or \$1 a share, on its capital stock, payable July 23 to shareholders of record the same date, it is learned from the St. Louis "Globe-Democrat" of July

which went on to say in part:
This is the second dividend of \$1 per share paid this year.
The capital stock of the bank is being increased from \$350,000 to \$450,000 and the surplus from \$110,000 to \$160,000 through the sale of 2,000 shares of stock at the rate of \$75 per share.

In its statement of condition as at the close of business June 30, the Boatmen's National Bank of St. Louis, St. Louis, Mo., reports total resources of \$50,453,607 and total deposits of \$46,049,970 as compared with \$53,817,433 and deposits of \$46,049,970 as compared with \$53,817,433 and \$49,505,759, respectively, at the close of business March 31 last. The principal items comprising the assets in the current statement are: Cash and due from banks, \$15,989,342 (against \$16,073,068); loans and discounts, \$14,804,348 (as compared with \$15,061,806), and United States Government obligations, \$12,814,911 (as compared with \$13,291,532). The bank's capital and surplus remain unchanged at \$2,000,000 and \$1,610,000, respectively, but undivided profits have increased from \$300,012 to \$343,516 on the later date. The institution was founded in 1847. Tom K. Smith is President. K. Smith is President.

On June 30, The Broadway National Bank of Tampa, Tampa, Fla., was chartered by the Comptroller of the Currency. The new institution, which is capitalized at \$100,000, represents a conversion to the national system of the Latin-American Bank of Ybor City, Tampa. V. H. Northcutt heads the new bank and Jules I. Griffin is

In indicating that a 5% dividend, amounting to approximately \$210,000, would shortly be distributed to depositors of the defunct City National Bank of Paducah, Ky., advices from that city under date of June 30 to the Louisville "Courier-Journal," said in part:

From Washington today came word that the United States Controller of Currency has approved recommendations for issuance of a 5% dividend by the receiver of the defunct City National Bank here, amounting to approximately \$210,000. . . .

approximately \$210,000. . . . Four 10% dividends have been paid to depositors by the receiver since the bank closed its doors on Oct. 28, 1931. The last 10% payment was made on Oct. 17, 1935, amounting to \$410,427.54. The last dividend came four days after Hooker announced sale of the bank building to the Citizens Savings Bank for \$150,000 cash.

Savings Bank for \$150,000 cash.

Eighty-five per cent of the dividends have gone to depositors in and near Paducah. It is expected that more than 9,000 depositors will participate in the forthcoming payment.

A. F. Rawlings, receiver for the old First National Bank of Jackson, Miss., on July 2 announced a final dividend payment of \$144,395 to depositors. This last payment, according to the Jackson "News" of July 2, will bring to 79.13% the amount received by depositors, making their loss slightly more than 20%. Mr. Rawlings was quoted as saying that the checks would be available for delivery at his office for approximately two weeks, after which time they would be forwarded to the office of the Comptroller of the Currency at Washington.

The statement of condition of The Hibernia National Bank in New Orleans, New Orleans, La., as of June 30, 1937, exhibits total deposits of \$41,580,214, which is an increase of \$1,063,430 during the past twelve months. Loans during the same period increased from \$7,556,574 to \$9,571,985, a gain of 26%, which significantly reflects the trend in general business conditions. Cash and U. S. Government obligations decreased during the year from \$33,540,454 to \$31,674,739, and in spite of the gratifying increase in loans, the bank is approximately 76% liquid. The capital funds consist of \$2,700,000 capital, \$350,000 surplus, and \$797,000 undivided profits and reserves. In addition to its main office, the bank maintains four branches in New Orleans. A. P. Imahorn is President of the institution and R. S. Hecht, Chairman of the Board of Directors.

THE CURB EXCHANGE

Curb market prices have shown moderate improvement during most of the present week. There have been occasional periods of irregularity due to profit-taking, and while the gains have not been particularly noteworthy, the advance has been fairly steady. Specialties have attracted some buying and a few selected issues among the utilities and oil shares have registered modest gains. The heavy industries were represented on the side of the advance by Jones & Laughlin Steel, Babcock & Wilcox and Carrier Corp., all of which have been in good demand. Chemical shares were also higher.

Stock transfers were down to the minimum during the brief session on Saturday as many traders were out of town for the week-end and others were away on account of the intense heat. The transfers were down to 73,000 shares with 241 issues traded in. The advances and declines were evenly divided, though the market, as a whole, showed a slight downward tendency. Public utilities were inclined to recede due to persistent selling and oil stocks attracted little or no attention. Some of the industrial specialties showed modest gains but most of these were in minor fractions. Mead Johnson was an outstanding strong feature as it climbed 2½ points to 118½ and Canadian Hydro Electric pref. jumped 6¾ points to 83¼.

Rallying tendencies all along the line were apparent as the

Rallying tendencies all along the line were apparent as the market resumed trading on Monday. Some prominent issues slipped back but these were few and the declines were generally small. Gains were registered by the specialties, public utilities and mining and metal shares. Oil issues did not participate in the improvement though most of the group were steady at the previous close. Stocks in the heavy industries were unusually active, Jones & Laughlin Steel moving up 2 points to 107 and Babcock & Wilcox 4½ points to 122. Other gains included Aluminum Co. of America, 1½ points to 146½; Carrier Corp., 2¾ points to 60¾; Empire Gas & Fuel 6% pref., 9½ points to 44½; Newmont Mining, 3 points to 107, and Minn. Power & Light pref. (7), 3% points to 89.

3½ points to 89.

There were many strong features on Tuesday but considerable profit-taking developed which gave the list an appearance of irregularity. Advances were numerous among the specialties, Brill pref. moving forward 2½ points to 49, Colt's Patent Firearms 3 points to 70, Sherwin Williams 6½ points to 139, Douglas Shoe pref. 2½ points to 35; Fanny Farmer 2¾ points to 23, and Insurance Co. of North America 3 points to 75. Some of the oil issues were higher and a number of the utilities, particularly the preferred stocks, registered small gains but there were also many shares in these groups that closed on the side of the decline.

Irregular price movements during the early dealings held the market back for a brief period on Wednesday but the list steadied as the day progressed and several of the speculative favorites closed on the side of the advance. Specialties were in good demand, public utilities were somewhat mixed and the mining issues were generally off. Oil stocks, on the other hand, were stronger and showed improvement all along the line though the gains were generally small. Babcock & Wil-

cox was particularly active and climbed upward 5 points to 128; Jones & Laughlin Steel attracted fair buying and moved up 4 points to 111, and Pittsburgh Plate Glass 3½ points to 131. Other gains scattered through the list included such trading favorites as Canadian Hydro Electric pref., 3¼ points to 88½; Sherwin Williams, 1½ points to 140½, and American Potash & Chemical, 2 points to 47.

Market movements were moderately firm on Thursday though there were some soft spots scattered through the list which, at times, gave it an appearance of weakness. Some of the stocks that have repeatedly made new tops during the past week or two were somewhat reactionary, Carrier Corp. dipping to 58 and finally closing at 59, New Jersey Zinc slipping back 2 points to 75 and Sherwin Williams 1½ points to 139. On the side of the advance Babcock & Wilcox was up 1 point to 129; Brill pref. 2 points to 51; Industrial Finance pref. 3 points to 20; Royal Typewriter 3 points to 110; Singer Manufacturing Co. 2 points to 303; Todd Shipyard 1 point to 71; St. Regis Paper pref. 134 points to 11234 and Cuneo Press pref. 2 points to 106½.

Narrow price movements and comparatively light trading were the outstanding characteristics of the curb market dealings on Friday. There were few changes of importance, and while there were occasional strong spots scattered here and there through the list, the market was without definite trend. As compared with Friday of last week, prices were generally lower, Commonwealth Edison closing last night at 114 against 115 on Friday a week ago; Fairchild Aviation at 4 against 4½; Fisk Rubber Corp. at 13 against 13½; Glen Alden Coal at 9½ against 10; New Jersey Zinc at 75 against 77½; Pennroad Corp. at 3½ against 3½; Pioneer Gold Mines of B. C. at 3¾ against 4; Standard Oil of Kentucky at 20 against 20¼ and United Shoe Machinery at 85¾ against 85¾.

DAILY TRANSACTIONS AT THE NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

	Stocks (Number -							
Week Ended July 16, 1937	of	Domestic		reign rnment	Poreign Corpora		Total	
Saturday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday	72,675 217,675 212,835 240,045 186,645 172,375 \$1,102,250	\$743,000 1,038,000 1,147,000 1,231,000 1,048,000 1,236,000 6,443,000		\$12,000 46,000 27,000 27,000 16,000 14,000	\$26,0 20,0 17,0 5,0 22,0 \$95,0	00 00 00 00 00	\$781,000 1,104,000 1,191,000 1,263,000 1,069,000 1,272,000 \$6,680,000	
Sales at New York Curb	Week Ended July		16 Jan. 1 to July 16			y 16		
Exchange	1937	1936		193	17		1936	
Stocks—No. of shares_ Bonds Domestic Foreign government Foreign corporate	1,102,250 \$6,443,000 142,000 95,000	\$13,404,0 367,0	000	\$260,5 7,6	570,352 994,000 368,000 325,000	\$	79,255,484 496,339,000 11,005,000 7,470,000	
Total	\$6,680,000	\$13,939,0	000	\$275,2	287,000	8	514,814,000	

H. S. EDWARDS & CO.

Members | Pittsburgh Stock Exchange | New York Ourb Exchange (Associate)
UNION BANK BLDG., PITTSBURGH, PA.
Tel. Court-6800 A. T. & T Tel Pitb-391
120 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Specialists in Pittsburgh Listed and Unlisted Stocks and Bonds

Pittsburgh Stock Exchange

July 10 to July 16, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Frida Last Sale	Week's	Range	Sales for Week	Range	Stace	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks-		Low	High	Shares	Lo	10	H4	gh
Arkansas Nat Gas pref.				11		May		
Armstrong Cork Co	* 553			157		July		
Rights	13	1 134	21/4	11,378	134			
Blaw-Knox Co	* 243	2434	25%	146		Apr	29%	
Carnegie Metals	1 23	2 14	236	3,300	15%	June	4	Feb
Clark (D L) Candy Co.		514	514	200	5	June	8%	Feb
Columbia Gas & Electric	e_*	123%	1234	227		June	2016	Jan
Devonian Oil		6 23	23 1/4	575	18%	Jan	26	Feb
Duquesne Brewing		2134	21 1/2	700	18	Jan	24 14	Feb
Electric Products		13	13 14	830	10	Jan	13%	Apr
Foliansbee Bros pref		6 33	35 14	160	2514	June	50	Feb
Fort Pitt Brewing		000		1,985	85c	June	1.25	Jan
Harb-Walker Refrac com			46 14	67	4034	June	5834	Mar
Koppers Gas & C pref. 1		109	109 14	130	104	Apr	11136	Feb
Lone Star Gas Co	. * 103	1014		933	10	June	14 14	Jan
McKinney Manufacturin		214	214	100	134	Jan	456	Feb
Mesta Machine			6334	20	5814	June	7236	Mar
Mountain Fuel Supply		7%		2,081	73%		12 34	Jan
Nat Fireproofing Corp		53%	51/2	960	5	June	10	Mar
Penn Federal pref1			28	25	27	Apr	29	Jan
Phoenix Oil Common2		-		2,000		June	25e	Jan
Pittsburgh Brewing Co.		436		145	31/4	Jan		Feb
Pittsburgh Coal common		12	12	100	12	July	12	July
Pittsburgh Forging Co	1 24 34	20%	2434	145	18%	Jan	27	Feb
Pittsburgh Screw & Bolt.		15	15	374		June	1934	Mar
Pittsburgh Steel Foundry		15	15	15	15	June	30	Jan
Plymouth Oil Co			2736	153	24 %	Feb	2914	Apr
Renner Co		4 0 /	136	100		June		Mar
Reymer & Bros com	*		314	200		June		May
Ruud Manufacturing	5	16	16	200	15%	July	19	Jan
Shamrock Oil & Gas	* 634		6%	1,795	634	Jan	734	Jan
Standard Steel Spring	* 321	2814	32 14	435	22	June	35	Jan
Standard Steel Spring United Engine & Foundr	v 02/2	52 34	52 3/8	5		July	6136	
Victor Brewing Co	1 950	90c	95c	1,130	900	July		Feb
Waverly Oil class A	*		434	96	3	Jan	814	Feb
Waverly Oil class A Westinghouse Air Brake_		45	45	5		June	56 54	Feb
West'house Elec & Mfg_	50	147%		40	132 %		163 %	Jan
Unlisted—			+/ 110					
Pennroad Corp v t c		4	436	45	314	June'	516	Mar

^{*} No par value.

Our booklet "Foreign Exchange Regulations Affecting Exports" contains valuable information for manufacturers and merchants who sell abroad.

MANUFACTURERS TRUST COMPANY

PRINCIPAL OFFICE AND FOREIGN DEPARTMENT: 55 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK

Member Federal Reserve System Sember New York Clearing House Association Member Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 522 of the Tariff Act of 1930, the Federal Reserve Bank is now certifying daily to the Secretary of the Treasury the buying rate for cable transfers in the different countries of the world. We give below a record for the week just passed:

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES CERTIFIED BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS TO TREASURY UNDER TARIFF ACT OF 1930 JULY 10, 1937, TO JULY 16, 1937, INCLUSIVE

Country and Monetary	Noon Buying Rate for Cable Transfers in New York Value in United States Money							
Unti	July 10	July 12	July 13	July 14	July 15	July 16		
Europe-	8	\$	\$	\$	\$	8		
Austria, schilling	.1876334							
Belgium, belga	.168373	.168394	.168392	.168392	.168371	.168344		
Bulgaria, lev	.012825*							
Czechoslo'kia, koruna	.034858	.034862	.034858	.034867	.034858	.034853		
Denmark, krone	.221437	.221722	.221850	.221725	.221756	.221693		
England, pound sterl'g		4.966666	4.969333	4.967083	4.967375	4.966500		
Finjand, markka	.021879	.021905	.021912	.021910	.021925	.021912		
France, franc	.038760	.038803	.038831	.038820	.038802	.038316		
Germany, reichsmark	.401600	.401808	.402014	.402114	.402229	.402119		
Greece, drachma	.009073*							
Holland, guilder	.549839	.549817	.550867	.550917	.550896	.550925		
Hungary, pengo	.197600*		.197725*		.197725*			
Italy, lira	.052600	.052603	.052602	.052604	.052605	.052605		
Norway, krone	.249227	.249531	.249712	.249583	.249585	.249510		
Poland, sloty	.189200	.189250	.189200	.189175	.189175	.189000		
Portugal, escudo	.044916*		.045012*	.044983*	.045000*	.045100*		
Rumania, leu	.007310*		.007282*	.007296*	.007282*	.007329*		
Spain, peseta	.052000*		.050800*		.050800*	.051625*		
Sweden, krona	.255729	.256016	.256179	.256072	.256083	.256002		
Switzerland, franc	.228948	.229078	.229264	.229303	.229321	.229203		
Yugoslavia, dinar	.023070*	.023090*	.023080*	.023080*	.023080*	.023080*		
Asia-								
China—					001100	001000		
Chefoo (yuan) dol'r	.296125	.295812	.294916	.295208	.294166	.294000		
Hankow(yuan) dol'r	.296291	.295979	.295083	.295375	.294333	.294166		
Shanghai (yuan) dol	.296250	.295520	.293750	.294958	.293750	.293541		
Tientsin(yuan) dol'r	.296291	.295979	.295083	.295375	.294333	.294166		
Hongkong, dollar	.302906	.302593	.301843	.302312	.302468	.302625		
India, rupee	.374135	.374708	.374954	.374806	.374857	.374793		
Japan, yen	.287850	.288080	.289279	.289133	.289066	.288822		
Singapore (S. S.) dol'r Australasia—	.581437	.582500	.582750	.582500	.582750	.582000		
Australia, pound	3.951607*	3.955178*	3.959583*	3.956517*	3.956250*	3.955937*		
New Zealand, pound. 3	3.981666*	3.985625*	3.989375*	3.987291*	3.985312*	3.988229*		
South Africa, pound 4	908671*	4.919500*	4 917968*	4 921250*	4.921250*	4.920750*		
North America	1.500011	1.010000	1.011000	1.021200	1.021200	2.020100		
Canada, dollar	.997956	.998138	.998125	.998151	.998125	.998004		
Cuba, peso	999166	.999166	.999166	.999166	.999166	.999166		
Mexico, peso	.277500	.277500	277500	.277500	.277500	.277500		
Newfoundland, dollar	.995488	.995647	.995647	.995625	.995625	.995758		
South America-	.000100	.00001		.500020				
Argentina, peso	.330600*	.330966*	.331283*	.331116*	.330883*	.330966*		
Brazii (officiai) milreis	.087255*	.087272*	.087288*	.087272*	.087272*	.087255*		
(Free) milreis	.065962	.065975	.065912	.065900	.065875	.066071		
Chile, peso	.051775*	.051775*	.051775*	.051725*	.051775*	.051775*		
Colombia, peso	.569905*	.569905*	.569905*	.569905*	.569905*	.570905*		
Uruguay, peso	.794000*	.794166*	.793500*	.793500*	.793833*	.793833*		

• Nominal rates; firm rates not available

THE ENGLISH GOLD AND SILVER MARKETS

We reprint the following from the weekly circular of Samuel Montagu & Co. of London, written under date of June 30, 1937:

GOLD

The Bank of England gold reserve against notes amounted to £326,406,625 on June 23rd as compared with £321,261,366 on the previous Wednesday.

Conditions in the open market were comparatively quiet. At the daily fixing about £2,500,000 of bar gold changed hands during the week and offerings continued to be taken for shipment to America. Prices advanced slightly owing to the firmer tendency of the dollar in terms of sterling, but again ruled below dollar parity.

	Per Ounce Fine	Equivalent Value of £ Sterling
June 24	140s. 436d.	12s. 1.25d.
June 25	140s. 616d.	12s. 1.07d.
June 26	140s. 736d.	12s. 0.99d.
June 28	140s. 8d.	12s. 0.95d.
June 29	140s. 9d.	12s. 0.86d.
June 30	140s. 9d.	12s. 0.86d.
Average	140s. 7.42d.	12s. 1.00d.

Average 140s. 7.42d. 12s. 1.00d.

An important announcement to the effect that the Exchange Equalization Fund is to be increased by £2C0,000,000 to £550,000,000 was made by the Chancellor of the Exchequer on June 25th and the reason for the increase was dealt with at length when the resolution was moved in the House of Commons on June 28th.

Whilst emphasizing the need for secrecy with regard to the current operation of the account, the conclusion was reached that there would be no harm in indicating at a date after the event the amount of gold and all other assets held by the account every six months, the information being made public three months in arrear; it was proposed henceforth to publish at the end of June and December the position at the end of the preceding March or the preceding September. In accord with this proposal it was stated that the gold held in the Exchange Account on March 30th last was 26,674,000 fine ounces and the amount held in the Issue Department of the Bank of England on the same date was 73,342,000 fine ounces, making a total of 100,516,000 fine ounces.

Measures to deal with the crisis of the franc were announced yesterday, when the French Finance Minister stated that if the Government obtained the powers they desired the franc would be detached from the gold standard and allowed to find its own level. He said that he had been in communication with Mr. Morgenthau and Montagu Norman and had received their assent to this proposal.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of sold registered from mid-day on the 21st inst. to mid-day on the 28th inst.:

Imports British South Africa Tanganyika Territory Kenya British India Australia New Zealand France Germany Netherlands	8,676 5,074 34,626 257,864 23,077 8,341,278 5,396	United States of America & British India Belgium Netherlands Finland Switzerland Yugoslavia Other countries	3,906,303 8,250 896,386 12,675 22,570 2,125 25,455 1,229
Netherlands Switzerland Other countries	$\frac{2,822}{693,757}$	Marian de la companya	4 874 003
	ELL 675 100	£	A 874 QQ3

The SS. Corfu which salled from Bombay on June 26th carries gold to the value of about £135,000.

SILVER The tone of the market improved during the week and there was a slight advance in prices. The Indian Bazaars were less inclined to resell and gave some support, but American buying was only in evidence at the lower levels. China sales and speculative re-sales continued on a moderate scale. The market appears fairly steady at about the present level and no wide movements are expected in the near future.

The following were the United Kingdom imports and exports of silver, registered from mid-day on the 21st inst. to mid-day on the 28th inst.:

Immoute	Elements
Imports	Exports British India
* Coin at face value. Quotations during the week:	£265,037
IN LONDON Bar Silver per Oz. Std. Cash 2 Months June 24 19½d. 19 15-16d. June 25 19 13-16d. 19 ½d. June 26 19½d. 19 15-16d. June 28 19 15-16d. 20d. June 30 20 1-16d. 20½d. June 30 20 1-16d. 20½d. Average 19.927d. 19.979d.	IN NEW YORK (Per Ounce .999 fine) June 23

ENGLISH FINANCIAL MARKET—PER CABLE

The highest rate of exchange on New York recorded during the period from he 24th to the 30th June was \$4.94% and the lowest \$4.92%.

The daily closing quotations for securities, &c., at London, as reported by cable, have been as follows the past week:

	Sat., July 1-	Mon., July 12	Tues., July 13	Wed., July 14	Thurs., July 15	Fri., July 16
Silver, per oz.d.			20 1-16d.	20d.	19 15-16d.	19 15-16d.
Gold, p. fine oz. Consols, 2 1/2 %.		140s.2d.	139s.11d.	140s.1d. 74 15-16	140s.1 1/4d.	74 13-16
British 3 1/2 %— W. L	Holiday	10014	100%	100%	1001/4	1001/4
British 4%— 1960-90	Holiday	1101/4	1101/4	1101/4	11014	1101/4

The price of silver per ounce (in cents) in the United States on the same days has been:

Bar N. Y. (for- eign) U. S. Treasury	Closed 50.00	44 ¾ 50.00				
(newly mined)		77.57	77.57	77.57	77.57	77.57

COURSE OF BANK CLEARINGS

Bank clearings this week will show an increase compared with a year ago. Preliminary figures compiled by us, based upon telegraphic advices from the chief cities of the country, indicate that for the week ended today (Saturday, July 17) bank clearings from all cities of the United States from which it is possible to obtain weekly returns will be 0.6% above those for the corresponding week last year. Our preliminary total stands at \$6,157,065,777, against \$6,117,351,876 for the same week in 1936. At this center there is a loss for the week ended Friday of 0.2%. Our comparative summary for the week follows:

Clearings—Returns by Telegraph Week Ending July 17	1937	1936	Per Cent
New York	\$2,781,104,087	\$2,787,242,574	0.2
Chicago	291,891,249	257,223,284	+13.5
Philadelphia	307,000,000	309,000,000	-0.6
Boston	198,622,000	200,117,000	-0.7
Kansas City	125,430,744	109,659,636	+14.4
St. Louis		84,800,000	+7.4
San Francisco	136,625,000	126,644,000	+7.9
Pittsburgh	126,131,115	110,255,612	+14.4
Detroit	105,070,077	89,511,576	+17.4
Cleveland.	96,413,622	78,509,572	+22.8
Baltimore	64,120,200	55,986,223	+14.5
New Orleans	32,471,000	30,942,000	+4.9
Twelve cities, five days	\$4,355,979,094	\$4,239,891,477	+2.7
Other cities, five days	774,909,054	750,421,820	+3.3
Total all cities, five days	\$5,130,888,148	\$4,990,313,297	+2.8
All cities, one day	1,026,177,629	1,127,038,579	-8.9
Total all cities for week	\$6,157,065,777	\$6,117,351,876	+0.6

Complete and exact details for the week covered by the foregoing will appear in our issue of next week. We cannot furnish them today, inasmuch as the week ends today (Saturday) and the Saturday figures will not be available until noon today. Accordingly, in the above the last day of the week in all cases has to be estimated.

In the elaborate detailed statement, however, which we

present further below, we are able to give final and complete results for the week previous—the week ended July 10. For that week there was a decrease of 12.9%, the aggregate of clearings for the whole country having amounted to \$5,316,171,660, against \$6,101,220,500 in the same week in 1936. Outside of this city there was a decrease of 13.4%, the bank clearings at this center having recorded a loss of 12.5%. We group the cities according to the Federal Reserve districts in which they are located, and from this it appears that in the New York Reserve District (including this city) the totals register a decrease of 12.4%, in the Boston Reserve District of 21.6% and in the Philadelphia Reserve District of 17.4%. In the Cleveland Reserve District the totals are smaller by 12.8%, in the Richmond Reserve District by 2.7% and in the Atlanta Reserve District by 12.2%. The Chicago Reserve District suffers a falling off of 14.5%, the St. Louis Reserve District of \$8.5% and the Minneapolis Reserve District of 13.9%. In the Kansas City Reserve District there is a loss of 9.0% and in the San Francisco Reserve District of 13.0%, but in the Dallas Reserve District there is a gain of 3.7%.

In the following we furnish a summary by Federal Reserve districts:

districts:

SUMMARY OF BANK CLEARINGS

Week End. July 10, 1937	1937	1936	Inc.or Dec.	1935	1934
Federal Reserve Dists.	8	8	%	3	3
1st Boston 12 cities	224,779,078	286,711,019		235,224,314	205,904,511
2nd New York.13 "	3,189,109,464	3,641,794,631	-12.4	3,562,883,477	3,323,925,577
3rd Philadelphia 10 "	325,240,619	393,987,054	-17.4	335,243,900	309,204,202
4th Cleveland 5 "	260,824,939	299, 185, 540	-12.8	224,302,959	221,182,483
5th Richmond . 6 "	133,529,366	137,213,784	-2.7	110,769,800	100,734,933
6th Atlanta 10 "	124,186,427	141,411,904	-12.2	107,072,081	99,551,350
7th Chicago 18 "	418,101,788	488,908,684	-14.5	383,365,903	360,107,810
8th St. Louis 4 "	122,759,598	134,186,036	-8.5	110,727,462	106,842,809
9th Minneapolis 7 "	94,787,313	110,030,852		100,811,215	84,738,446
10th KansasCity 10 "	148,475,097	163,099,769	9.0	129,730,702	120,104,184
11th Dallas 6 "	57,918,590	55,865,832		46,483,955	44,769,522
12th San Fran11 "	216,469,381	248,825,395	-13.0	213,525,213	175,709,504
Total112 cities	5,316,171,660	6,101,220,500	-12.9	5,560,140,981	5,152,775,331
Outside N. Y. City	2,232,407,722	2,577,265,515		2,102,273,344	1,921,361,685
Canada32 cities	473,741,134	454,017,708	+4.3	330,023,512	328,657,88

We now add our detailed statement showing last week's figures for each city separately for the four years:

Tight First Federal Reserve Dist Section Secti	Clearings at-		Week	Ended J	uly 10—	
First Federal Maine—Bangor. 16.716 1.894.057 1.71.1 1.891.494 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.64 5.6	Cibar snys us—	1937	1936			1934
First Federal Maine—Bangor. 17:16,716 Fortland Maine—Bangor. 17:16,716 Fortland Mass.—Boston 19:275,443 Fall River 16:46,715 Fall River				%	8	8
Portland				n —		
Same			9 108 49	7 -17.		564,212
Fall River		192.575.44	3 246.850.98	5 -22		1,728,676
New Bedford 304,035 381,128 -0.1 306,696 256 Springfield 3,159,365 3,960,450 -20.2 3,182,166 2,548 Vorcester 1,988,257 2,105,760 -5.6 1,708,129 1,562 2,548 3,600,450 -20.2 3,182,166 2,548 3,600,450 -20.2 3,182,166 2,548 3,600,450 -20.2 3,182,166 2,548 3,600,450 -20.2 3,182,166 2,548 3,600 1,744,000 -5.6 1,708,129 1,562 3,178,840 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190 3,190	Fall River	546,71	5 714,91	5 -23.		
New Bedford	Lowell	304,63	6 381,12	8 -20.	306,696	259,796
Vorcester			648,84	3 -6.	749,206	554,904
Conn.—Hartford New Haven New Haven 3,678,961 1,478,664 64.1 3,798,900 10,744,000 112,8 9,572,400 8,461 499,199 507 Total (12 cities) Second Feder al Reserve D istrict—New Ny.—Albany 7,467,410 1,012,204 1,088,190 1,012,204 1,088,190 1,012,204 1,088,190 1,012,204 1,088,190 1,012,204 1,088,190 1,012,204 1,088,190 1,012,204 1,088,190 1,012,204 1,088,190 1,012,204 1,088,190 1,012,204 1,088,190 1,012,204 1,088,190 1,012,204 1,088,190 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,012,204 1,0						
New Haven			7 12.280.13	9 -22		
R. I. — Providence 9,369,600 10,744,000 -12.8 9,572,400 8,461	New Haven	3,678,96	1 4,483,65	0 -17.		3.190.440
Total (12 cities) 224,779,078 286,711,019 -21.6 235,224,314 205,904		e 9,369,60	0 10,744,00	0 -12.8	9,572,400	8,461,200
N. Y.—Albany						
Sumaro	Second Feder	al Reserve I	istrict-New	W York-		
Sumaro	N. Y.—Albany	7,467,410	6,828,93	5 +9.3	7,257,577	6,947,663
Elmira	Binghamton	1,012,20	1,068,19	0 -5.2		877,445
Samestown	Elmira	504 18		1 -40.1	28,100,000	
New York	Jamestown	663.762	627.90	5 +5.7	722.702	403,936 527,858
Rochester	New York	[3,083,763,938	3,523,954,98	5 -12.5	3,457,867,637	3.231.413.646
WestchesterCo. 3,003,178 3,144,521 -4.5 2,578,334 1,568 1,564,039 4,138,036 -6.4 2,298,860 2,740 30,055 15,644,057 19,849,789 -21.2 15,625,510 16,076, 16,076, 17.5 36,462,880 25,579 15,625,510 16,076, 16,076, 17.5 36,462,880 2,740 2,740 3,750,000 257, 17.5 36,462,680 25,579 15,625,510 16,076, 16,076, 17.5 36,462,880 2,740 3,750,000 257, 17.5 36,462,880 25,579 15,625,510 16,076, 16,076, 17.5 36,462,880 25,579 15,625,510 16,076, 17.5 36,462,880 25,579 15,4378 16,868,592 -25.1 537,063 316, 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 16,206, 17.5 1	Rochester	7,012,471	8,718,07	3 -19.6	6,409,680	5,973,697
Conn.—Stamford N. J.—Montclair 330,055 527,658 374, 375,000 257, 376, 375, 375, 375, 375, 375, 375, 375, 375				3 -7.9		
Total (13 cities) 7, 13, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 409, 409, 409, 409, 409, 409, 409, 4			4 129 02	4.5	2,578,334	1,568,595
Total (13 cities) 3,189,109,464 3,641,794,631 Third Federal Pa.—Altoona Bethlehem	N. J.—Montelair		527.65	-37.4	375.000	2,740,240
Total (13 cities) 7, 13, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 464 7, 189, 109, 409, 409, 409, 409, 409, 409, 409, 4	Newark	15,644,057	19,849,78	-21.2	15.625,510	16,076,790
Third Federal Pa.—Altoona. S14.378 686.592 -25.1 537.063 316, 767.159 400.000 +91.8 225.338 x 229, 7905 369.718 -19.4 220.859 258, 338 x		29,487,259	35,748,79	5 -17.5	36,426,860	25,579,557
Pa.—Altoona 514,378 686,592 —25.1 537,063 316, 316, 328, 338 x Chester 297,905 369,718 —19.4 220,859 258, 388 x Philadelphia 312,000,000 369,000,000 —15.4 323,000,000 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 299,000, 290,000, 299,000, 290,000, 299,000, 290,000, 299,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000, 290,000,					3,562,883,477	3,323,925,577
Bethlehem	Third Federal	Reserve Dist	rict-Philad	elphia		010 700
Chester	Bethlehem	767.159	400,000	T01 8	285 228	316,702
Tancaster	Chester	297,905	369,718	-19.4	220,859	258,222
Palladelphia	Lancaster	1,445,361	1,432,237	+0.9	1,002,952	882,524
Scraton Wilkee-Barre York	Philadelphia	312,000,000	369,000,000	-15.4	323,000,000	299,000,000
Wilkes-Barre	Reading				1,048,460	1,076,114
Total (10 cities) 3,469,000 15,164,000 -77.1 4,401,000 3,259,0	Wilkes-Barre	975,971	1.349.041	-27.7		
Total (10 cities) 325,240,619 393,987,054 -17.4 335,243,900 309,204,25		1.530.114		-5.6	1.630.321	1.311.694
Fourth Feder Ohio—Canton	N. J.—Trenton	3,469,000	15,164,000	-77.1	4,401,000	3,259,000
Chlo-Canton X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>335,243,900</td><td>309,204,202</td></th<>					335,243,900	309,204,202
Clietinati	Fourth Feder		istrict—Clev			_
Cleveland	Cincinnati		58.662.654		47 479 116	49 009 157
Columbus	Cleveland	79,840,668		-8.6		66,542,986
Youngstown		9,686,500	13,996,800	-30.8	13,060,200	8,761,000
Pa.—Pittsburgh 116,990,141 137,757,941 -15.1 94,445,208 102,771,8 Total (5 cities) 260,824,939 299,185,540 -12.8 224,302,959 221,182,4 W. Va.—Hunt'n 382,532 21,354 +22.9 144,573 244,000 Richmond 37,526,579 37,445,587 41.0 30,478,339 27,404.1 B. C.—Charlest n 1,364,951 1,183,403 +15.3 988,590 625,5 D.C.—Washin n 22,148,022 25,745,365 -14.0 19,321,826 15,309,5 Total (6 cities) 133,529,366 137,213,784 -2.7 110,769,800 100,734,9 Sixth Federal Penn Reserve Dist 1,680,473 3,678,025 -18. 2,582,857 2,204,0 Nashville 3,006,841 3,678,025 -18. 2,582,857 2,204,0 Augusta 3,006,841 17,108,053 -1.8 11,749,407 10,850,0 Augusta 977,175 1,408,478 -30.6 863,195 835,000 Augusta 977,175 1,408,478 -30.6 863,195 835,000 B. C.—Charlest n 1,599,177 -7.3 1,575,3672 14,759,489,177 -7.3 1,575,5672 14,759,489,177 -7.2 1,243,063 948,948,948,948,948,948,948,948,948,948,		1,839,594	1,443,474	+27.4	1,445,413	1,104,537
Reserve Dist Rese		116,990,141	137,757,941	-15.1	94,445,208	102,771,803
W. Va.—Hunt n. Va.—Hunt n. Va.—Norfolk 382,532 311,354 +22.9 144,573 164.8 Va.—Norfolk 2,752,000 2,893,000 —4.9 2,249,000 2,664,000 1. 37,626,579 37,465,687 +1.0 30,476,839 27,404.1 1. 364,951 1,183,403 +15.3 988,590 625,5 Md.—Baltimore. D.C.—Washin n. Total (6 cities)	Total (5 cities) _	260,824,939	299,185,540	-12.8	224,302,959	221,182,483
Va. — Nortolk 2,752,000 2,803,000 —4,9 2,249,000 2,244,0 Richmond 37,626,579 37,445,587 +1.0 30,478,839 27,404,1 B. C.—Charlest n 1,364,951 1,183,403 +15.3 988,590 625,5 M. G.—Washin n 22,148,022 25,745,365 —14.0 19,321,826 15,309,5 Total (6 cities) 133,529,366 137,213,784 —2.7 110,769,800 100,734,9 Sixth Federal ren.—Knoxville 3,006,841 3,678,025 —18.2 2,582,857 2,204,0 Nashville 16,803,473 17,108,053 —1.8 11,749,407 10,850,0 Augusta 977,175 1,408,478 30,6 863,195 835,00 Augusta 388,980 1,054,317 —18.5 876,312 754,9 Fla —3cks'nvilic 16,311,684 17,599,177 —7.3 14,230,63 948,9 Miss —3ckson x x 1,524,277 —1.2 1,243,063 948,9	Fifth Federal	Reserve Dist	rict-Richm	ond-	144 500	104 000
Richmond 37,826,579 37,465,587 +1.0 30,476,839 27,404.1 8. C.—Charlest n 1.364,951 1.183,403 +15.3 988,590 25.5 69,615,075 —0.8 57,588,972 22,148,022 25,745,365 —14.0 19,321,826 15,309,5 50.2 50.2 50.2 50.2 50.2 50.2 50.2 50.	Va.—Norfolk	2.752.000	2.803.000	T42.9	9 949 000	2 264 000
S. C. Charlest n 1,364,951 1,183,403 +15.3 988,590 625,6 69,615,075 -0.8 57,588,972 54,966,8 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1,084 1		37.826.579	37,465,587		30.476 839	27.404.171
Md.—Baltimore. D.C.—Washin n. 22,148,022 25,745,365 —14.0 19,321,826 15,309,5 Total (6 cities). Sixth Federal Penn.—Knoxville Nashville	8. C.—Charlest n	1,364,951	1,183,403	+15.3		625,541
Total (6 cities)		69,055,282	69,615,075	-0.8	57,588,972	54,966,873
Sixth Federal Reserve Dist 3,006,841 3,678,025 -18.2 2,582,857 2,204,0						15,309,540
Tenn.—Knoxville 3,006,841 3,678,025 —18.2 2,582,857 2,204,0 Nashville 16,803,473 17,108,053 —1.8 11,748,407 10,850,0 3a.—Atlanta 42,000,000 51,500,000 —8.4 36,200,000 35,000,0 Augusta 977,178 1,408,478 —30.6 863,195 835,0 Macon 858,980 1,054,317 —18.5 876,312 754,9 Fla.—Jacks'nvilic 15,684,000 14,489,000 +8.1 14,931,000 11,521,0 Ala.—Birm'ham 16,311,684 17,599,177 —7.3 15,753,672 14,759,4 Miss Jackson x x 1,524,277 —1.2 1,243,063 948,9	The same of the same of				110,709,000	100,704,900
Nashville 16,803,473 17,108,053 —1.8 11,748,407 10,850,0 3a.—Atlanta 42,000,000 51,500,000 —8.4 36,200,000 35,000,0 Augusta 977,178 1,408,478 —30.6 863,195 835,0 Macon 858,980 1,054,317 —18.5 876,312 754,9 Ta.—Jacks'nvilic 15,684,000 14,489,000 +8.1 14,931,000 11,521,00 Machie 1,506,591 1,524,277 —1.2 1,243,063 948,9 Miss.—Jackson x x x 248,9		3.006.841	3.678.025	-18 2	2 582 857	9 904 008
Ga.—Atlanta 42,000,000 51,500,000 —8.4 36,200,000 35,000,00 Augusta 977,178 1,408,478 —30.6 863,195 835,0 Macon 858,980 1,054,317 —18.5 876,312 754,9 FlaJacks'nvilic 15,664,000 14,489,000 +8.1 14,931,000 11,521,000 Ala.—Birm'ham. 16,311,684 17,599,177 —7.3 15,753,672 14,759,4 Mobile 1,566,591 1,524,277 —1.2 1,243,063 948,9 Miss.—Jackson x x x x	Nashville		17,108,053		11.748.407	10,850,030
Augusta 977,178 1,408,478 —30.6 863,195 835,0 Macon 858,980 1,054,317 —18.5 876,312 754,9 Fla —Brm'ham 15,664,000 14,489,000 +8.1 14,931,000 11,521,000 Mobile 1,506,591 1,524,277 —1.2 1,243,063 948,9 Miss —Jackson x x x 948,9	3a.—Atlanta	42,000,000	51,500,000	-8.4	36,200,000	35,000,000
Ta.—Jacks'nvilic 15,664,000 14,489,000 +8.1 14,931,000 11,521,00 11,521,00 16,311,684 17,599,177 —7.3 15,753,672 14,759,4 158.—Jackson 1,506,591 1,524,277 —1.2 1,243,063 948,9	Augusta	977,178	1,408,478		863,195	835,037
Ales.—Jackson x x x x x	Macon Jacka'nville	15 884 000	14 489 000	18.0	14 921 000	754,905
Ales.—Jackson x x x x x	la.—Birm'ham	16.311.684	17,599,177	—7.3	15.753 672	14,750 434
diss.—Jackson x x x x	Mobile		1,524,277		1,243,063	948,910
	Alss.—Jackson	x	x	x	x	x
A.—New Orleans 26,885,061 32,888,867 —18.3 22,753,491 22,547,9	Vicksburg	172,619 26,885,061	161,710 32,888,867	+6.7 -18.3	120,084 22,753,491	130,051 22,547,975
	-					99,551,350

-	1	Wasi	Rudad	July 10—	11, 1501
Clearings at—	1937	1936	Inc. o		1934
-	8	8	%	8	\$
Seventh Federal Mich.—Ann Ark	al Reserve		i cago-	-	
Detroit	82,187,14	2 97.830,94	-16.	0 80,547,77	5 65,997.48
Grand Rapids			39 -7.	1 883.52	1 1,260,82
Ind.—Ft. Wayn	e 976,90	1,178,82	3 -17.	1 764,61	1 931,99
Indianapolis South Bend	1,362,56	6 1,442,72	7 -5.	6 1.818.83	769,59
Terre Haute Wis.—Milwauke	4,297,87 e 18.123,60	5,286,12 3 21,687,17			
lowa-Ced. Rap	950.17	4 1.126.91	3 -15.	7 941,29	592,879
Des Moines Sioux City	2,790,03	9,085,67 0 3,860.24	9 -27	7 2,879,810	2,593,289
Ili.—Bloom'ton_ Chicago	399,93	8 365,46 0 313,472,30	3 +9.		
Decatur	817,67	3 880,42	3 -7.	1 661,864	580,688
Rockford	1,225,28	61 1,305,57	3 -6.	862,480	742,108
Springfield		9 1,494,10	6 -4.3	897,102	1,467,023
Total (18 cities	418.101,78	8 488,908,68	4 -14.8	383,365,903	360,107,810
Eighth Feder	1 Reserve Di	strict-St. L			
Mo.—St. Louis Ky.—Louisville	79,200,00	85,200,00 8 32,546,41		72,900,000	
TennMemphi	13,861,020		1 -12.4		
Ill.—Jacksonville Quincy	588,000	608,00	-3 a	438,000	397,000
Total (4 cities)	122,759,59	134,186,03	-8.6	110,727,462	106,842,809
Ninth Federa					0 444 000
Minn,—Duluth Minneapolis		3,116,20 73,220,02			2,441,200 56,878,338
St. Paul	21,551,882	26,410,040	-18.4	26,893,411	20,711,810
N. D.—Fargo S. D.—Aberdeen Mont.—Billings	643,391	952,89	-32.5	612,057	473,836
Mont.—Billings	673,232 2,635,833			578,179 2,860,672	
Total (7 cities)					
Tenth Federal	Reserve Dis	trict-Kan	as City	_	
Neb.—Fremont	98,700	132,058	-25.3	100,070	119,254 77,998
Lincoln	124,918 2,480,131	238,216 3,834,481		2,399,436	2,479,610
Omaha Kan.—Topeka	26,998,972 2,858,348		$\frac{-27.1}{+19.0}$	30,127,192 3,157,102	27,852,841 2,164,048
Wichita Mo.—Kan. City.		5,260,729	+20.6		4,125,893
Mo.—Kan. City. St. Joseph	105,390,891 2,952,054	109,391,597 3,195,441		86,508,339 2,966,067	78,868,879 3,305,286
Col.—Col. Sprgs_	622,184	774,647	-19.7	617,000	560,552 550,023
Pueblo Total (10 cities)	148,475,097			129,730,702	120,104,184
Total (To cities)	140,410,001			120,100,102	,
Eleventh Fede Texas—Austin	1,181,320	District—Da 1,354,776	-12.8	1,048,061	829,380
Dallas	40,400,812	42,504,017	-4.9	34,823,732 5,985,717	33,915,951 6,179,966
Ft. Worth Galveston	1,887,000	6,341,373 1,583,000	+19.2	1,418,000	1,965,000
Wichita Falls La.—Shreveport.	944,698 3,142,789	877,200 3,205,466		720,041 2,488,404	1,879,225
Total (6 cities)	57,918,590			46,483,955	44,769,522
Twelfth Feder	al Reserve D	istrict—San	Franci	sco-	22
WashSeattle	31,932,001	33,135,482	-3.6 -20.5	28,370,105	23,523,632 7,560,000
Spokane Yakima	7,816,000 1,081,634	9,837,000 1,028,051	+5.2	8,711,000 677,445	478,704
Ore.—Portland Utah—S. L. City	26,327,454 13,758,888	28,049,663 15,195,920	-6.1 -9.5	26,173,806 12,330,743	20,272,230 10,028,734
Calif.—Long Bch	3,664,121	4,790,187	-23.5	3,754,351	2,650,996
Pasadena San Francisco.	3,519,617 121,866,000	3,674,169 145,984,022	$\frac{-4.2}{-16.5}$	3,245,337 125,375,105	2,511,522 104,128,660
San Jose Santa Barbara_	2,652,558 1,450,676	3,206,859 1,573,933	-17.3 -7.8	2,220,599 1,256,541	2,066,577 1,106,955
Stockton	2,390,432	2,350,109	+1.7	1,410,181	1,381,494
Total (11 cities)	216,459,381	248,825,395	-13.0	213,525,213	175,709,504
Grand total (112 cities)	5,316,171,660	6,101,220,500	-12.9	5,560,140,981	5,152,775,331
Outside New York	2,232,407,722	2,577,265,515	-13.4	2,102,273,344	1,921,361,685
		Week I	nded Ju	ly 8—	
Clearings at-	1		Inc. or	1	1004
	1937	1936	Dec.	1935	1934
Canada—	8	\$	%	8	\$
Toronto Montreal	149,169,989	138,911,280 108,101,282	+7.4	105,083,795 84,035,934	103,520,513 92,751,218
Winnipeg	47,388,652	98,988,324 20,898,132	-52.1	52,378,821	69.647.780
VancouverOttawa	161,747,213 47,388,652 23,246,975 29,747,461	32,646,529	$+11.2 \\ -8.9$	14,565,982 30,360,387	16,030,985 5,622,839 4,613,795
Quebec	6,899,866 3,671,787	5,552,739 3,065,452	+24.3	4,315,789 2,514,148	4,613,795 2,671,499
Hamuton	9.022.733	5,823,583	$+19.8 \\ +54.9$	3,900,054	3,909,148
Calgary St. John	6,353,580 2,563,605	6,426,077 2,032,833	$\frac{-1.1}{+26.1}$	5,822,896 1,734,850	4,816,267 2,073,171
Victoria	2,275,628	2,094,023	+8.7	1,705,965	1,619,908
London	3,749,084 4,348,327	3,893,414 4,788,440	-3.7 -9.2	2,823,562 3,771,641	2,487,375 3,670,506
Regina Brandon	5,486,801 442,178	4,225,655 456,559	$+29.8 \\ -3.1$	4,024,951 353,825	2,644,789 347,305
Lethbridge	516,598	485.641	+6.4	441,573 1,473,610	353,631
Saskatoon Moose Jaw	1,690,109 796,072	1,696,688 655,577 1,504,471	$\frac{-0.4}{+21.4}$	469,520	1,262,094 458,084
Brantford	1,379,222	1,504,471 923,895	$\frac{-8.3}{+5.4}$	469,520 1,082,208 597,788	955,487 678,238
Fort William New Westminster	973,400 891,637	722.411	+23.4	597,788 496,796	548,702
Medicine Hat Peterborough	313,403 858,676	330,746 870,890	-5.2 -1.4	259,208 781,343	195,868 793,417
Sherbrooke	836,613	727,430	+15.0	695,831	599,752
Kitchener Windsor	1,361,611 3,270,855	1,256,733 2,893,439	$+8.3 \\ +13.0$	895,461 2,033,512	1,099,195 2,094,768
Prince Albert	417,145 1,128,398	408.351	$+2.2 \\ +47.6$	350 342	272.171
Kingston	809,655	767,207	+5.5	627,180	647,928 589,769 432,089
Sarnia	662,476 593,115	764,685 767,207 565,194 571,903	$+17.2 \\ +3.7$	713,109 627,180 453,290 504,992	421,419
Sudbury	1,128,270	968,125	+16.5	755,149	828,089
Total (32 cities)	473,741,134	454,017,708	+4.3	330,023,512	328,657,889
* Estimated. x l	Figures not av	ailable.			

^{*} Estimated. x Figures not available.

167,505

1,148,264

1,220,785

354,568

6,907,453

2,441,336

4,466,117

523,110

182,023

504,660

203,905

172.766

Total Group II

Grand total

NATIONAL BANKS

The following information regarding National banks is from the office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Treasury Department:

CAPITAL STOCK PAID IN

July 7-Woodbridge National Bank, Woodbridge, N. J.

CONSOLIDATION

CONSOLIDATION

June 30—The Lincoln National Bank of Hamlin, W. Va. Preferred stock, \$25,000; common stock, \$25,000.

The Oil Field National Bank of Griffithsville, W. Va. 25,000

Consolidated today under the provisions of the Act of Nov. 7, 1918, as amended, under the charter and title of "The Lincoln National Bank of Hamlin," charter No. 8171, with capital stock of \$75,000, consisting of \$25,000 par value of preferred stock and \$50,000 par value of common stock, and surplus of \$30,000.

The consolidation becomes effective close of business today.

TREASURY MONEY HOLDINGS

The following compilation, made up from the daily Government statements, shows the money holdings of the Treasury at the beginning of business on the first of April, May, June and July, 1937:

Holdings in U. S. Treasury	Apr. 1, 1937	May 1, 1937	June 1, 1937	July 1, 1937
		3	8	8
Net gold coin and bullion.	827,095,424	1,056,215,603	1.250.329.931	1,583,626,713
Net silver coin and bullion	454,760,487			
Net United States notes	3,444,244			2,840,293
Net National bank notes.	1,320,641			467,026
Not Federal Reserve notes	16,411,272			
Not Fed. Res. bank notes.	936,648			
Net subsidiary silver	7,410,316			
Minor eoin, &c	7,470,916			
Total cash in Treasury.	1,318,849,948	1,536,423,688	1,718,723,455	*2021 953,120
Less gold reserve fund	156,039,431	156,039,431	156,039,431	156,039,431
Cash balance in Treas	1,162,810,517	1,380,384,257	1,562,684,024	1,865,913,689
Dep. in spec'l depositories account Treas'y bonds, Treasury notes and cer-				
tificates of indebtedness	425,754,000	317,931,000	192,119,000	649,462,000
Dep. in Fed. Res. bank	367,462,942	131,641,764	111.304.127	141,337,926
Dep. in National banks-	001,102,012	201,011,101	,00-,1	
To credit Treas, U. S.	13,862,502	12,315,231	13,228,804	19,114,610
To credit disb. officers.	35,380,962	32,829,146	31,751,502	29,202,614
Cash in Philippine Islands	1,581,406	1,884,406	1,962,484	1,657,514
Deposits in foreign depts.	3,241,348	2,933,043	2,761,559	2,605,799
Net cash in Treasury				
	2.010.093.677	1.879.918.847	1,915,811,500	2,709,294,152
Deduct current labilities.	184,365,375		162,264,140	
Available cash balance.	1.825.728.302	1.701.512.814	1.753.547.360	2.553.473.898

Includes on July 1 \$374,693,834 silver buillon and \$3,796,003 minor, &c., coin not included in statement "Stock of Money."

MONTHLY REPORT ON GOVERNMENTAL CORPO-RATIONS AND CREDIT AGENCIES AS OF MAY 31, 1937

The monthly report of the Treasury Department, showing assets and liabilities as of May 31, 1937, of governmental corporations and credit agencies, financed wholly or in part by the United States, was contained in the Department's "Daily Statement" for June 30, 1937. The report is the 36th such to be issued by the Treasury; the last previous one, for April 30, 1937, appeared in our issue of June 26, 1937, page 4281.

The report for May 31 shows in the case of agencies financed wholly from Government funds a proprietary interest of the United States as of that date of \$2,668,518,375, which compares with \$2,652,968,774, April 30,1937.

The Government's proprietary interest in agencies financed partly from Government funds and partly from private funds as of May 31 was shown to be \$1,220,785,988. This compares with \$1,216,219,569 as of April 30, 1937. In the case of these Government agencies, the Government's proprietary interest is the excess of assets over liabilities, exclusive of inter-agency items, less the privately-owned interests: interests:

FOOTNOTES FOR ACCOMPANYING TABLE

- a Non-stock (or includes non-stock proprietary interests).
- b Excess inter-agency assets (deduct). c Deficit (deduct)
- d Exclusive of inter-agency assets and liabilities (except bond investments).
- e Also includes real estate and other property held for sale.

 If Adjusted for inter-agency items and items in transit.
- g Includes legal reserves and undivided profits totaling \$4,934,495.

 1 Includes U. S. Housing Corporation, U. S. Railroad Administration, U. S. Spruce Production Corporation, and notes received on account of sale of surplus war supplies.
- J Includes Disaster Loan Corp.; Electric Home and Farm Authority; Farm Credit Administration (crop-production and other loans); Federal Housing Administration; Federal Prisons Industries, Inc.; Indian Rehabilitation loans; Inland Waterways Corporation; Puerto Rico Reconstruction Administration; Resettlement Administration; Rural Electrification Administration; The RFC Mortgage Company; Tennessee Valley Associated Cooperatives, Inc.; Tennessee Valley Authority; loans to railroads and inter-agency interest heid by the United States Treasury.
- k Net after deducting estimated amount of uncollectible obligations held by the arm Credit Administration. 1 Includes \$4,193,239 due to Federal Land banks from the U.S. Treasury for subscriptions to paid-in surplus.
- m Shares of State building and loan associations, \$30.125.300; shares of Federal avings and loan associations, \$142,639,900.

 n Less than \$1,000.
- Assets not classified. Includes only the amount of capital stock held by the United States.

 q In liquidation.
- r Represents capital stock, paid-in surplus, and other proprietary inter-agency terests which are not deducted from the capital stock and paid-in surplus of the

					Assets d						Liabatt	Liabilities and Reserves d	D 8924		Proprietory Interest	Interese	Distribut	Distribution of II & Junear	
				I	Insestments	-		Real	-		-	-		Ezcess	-			200	
	Loans	Preferred Cuptud Stock, &c.	Cash	United G	Securities Quaranteed by United States	All R. Other	and Other Receivables	and Other Business Property	Other	Total	Guaranteed by United States	Not Guar- anteed by United States	Total	of Assets Over Labilities d	Privately	Owned by United States	Capital	Surplus	
I. Fluanced wholly from Government funds— Reconstruction Finance Corporation Commodity Gredit Corporation	1,148,909	\$87,668	-	4,430			\$ f34,920	\$ 466	\$ f5,803	1,787,649	\$ 252,036	45,	\$ 297,219	1.490.429		\$ 1.490.429	800.000	\$ 949	
Export-Import Banks. Public Works Administration.	17,636						133	4 ca	8 9 9	126,098		946	946	125,152		125,152	21,000	c22,14	104
Regional Agricultural Credit corporations Production Credit corporations	23,462		6,649	4.709	14.063	101,713	1,021	12	19,920	31,149		4,475	4,475	142,783		26,673	#142,783 15,000	11.67	100
Faustin Kaurond Co. United States Maritime Commission. War Emersency Cornoration and Assaulted	80,175		6,170	9,439		2,406	19,498	26,012	107	44,632		944	944	43,688		43,688	7,000	37,171	0=
Other I.	E348,069	18.	58,207	21,282		21,699	9,816	148,713	16,715	8,165	06	21,272	21,363	8,165		8,165 803,165	4,441,840	c31,312 c4,987	ICE
Total Group I	1,871,929	587,698	79,403	39,985	14,063	140,419	68,636	175,288	42,700	3,020,125	252,127	99,480	351,607	2,668,518		2.668.518	5.474.890	155.847	10
II. Financed party from Gont, and party with private funds: Federal Land hanks. Federal intermediate Credit banks.	2,078,341		39,590	44,116	21,810	6	143,987	6,373	134,605	2,447,045		1,978,721	1,978,721	468,323	11	291,494	120,064	1143,119	. 11 00
Forces Fall Moregage Corporation Banks for co-operatives Home Loan banks	- 45,062 - 163,491		32,523 16,215 23,795	48,098	47,013	762,130	29,267	39		1,673,230	1,446,004	50,521	1,496,525	176,705	2,600	176,705 154,801	200,000 140,000	39,678	
Home Owners Loan Corporation i Federal Savings & Loan Insurance Corporation	2,591,115	m172,765	70,343	5,723	101,887		33,424	5,730		3,183,211	8,020,112	94,681 94,681 740	3,114,794	155,844 68,416 107,853	635,838	120,006 68,416	200,000	c31,583	
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation War Finance Corporation q	6,461		10,573	342,450		II	3,135	30	13,409	48,183		86,761	86,761	48,183	139.299	48,183	48,183	0001	0000

TREASURY STATEMENT SHOWING APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES FOR RECOVERY AND RELIEF AS OF JUNE 30, 1937

The various agencies of the Federal Government, it is shown in a tabulation given in the Treasury's "Daily Statement" of June 30, appropriated \$19,786,688,080 for recovery and relief up to the end of June, which compares with \$19,800,020,924 appropriated as of May 29, 1937. The figure for June 30 does not include amounts advanced under the Kerr-Smith Tobacco Act, the Bankhead Cotton Control Act and the Potato Control Act of 1935, which laws were repealed by Congress in February, 1936, after the United States Supreme Court had held the Agricultural Adjustment Act unconstitutional. The Treasury's tabulation for June 30 follows:

FUNDS APPROPRIATED AND ALLOCATED FOR RECOVERY AND RELIEF, EXPENDITURES THEREFROM, AND UNEXPENDED BALANCES AS OF JUNE 30, 1937

			Sources	of Funds			Expen	ditures	
		Арртор	ortations					1	
Organizations		Statutory	and Executive	Allocations		PROHE LI	VIII TO		
Organizations	Specific	National Industrial Recovery Act Approved June 16, 1933	Emergency Appropriation Act 1935, Approved June 19, 1934	Emergency Relief Appropriation Acts a	Reconstruction Finance Corporation	Total	Fiscal Year 1937	Fiscal Year 1936 and Prior Years t	Unexpended
Agricultural aid: Agricultural Adjustment Administration	\$ c260,000,000	\$ 37,495,227	\$	\$	\$ d	\$ 297,495,227	8 10,765,452	187,461,008	99,268,76
Commodity Credit Corporation.e Farm Credit Administration.e Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation Federal Land banks:	57,635,449	3,000,000 60,000,000	94,311,620	16,900,000	f353,790,861 316,376,778 200,000,000	356,790,861 545,223,847 200,000,000	g111,787,757 g17,826,050	233,912,892 390,172,291 200,000,000	172,877,60
Capital stock Paid-in surplus Reduction in int, rates on mortgages Relief:	125,000,000 169,000,000 88,950,000					125,000,000 169,000,000 88,950,000	35,198,811	123,912,630 106,961,657 48,571,912	26,839,53
Federal Emergency Relief Admin	h604,918,257	152,072,943	480,590,512	935,005,625		3,083,627,339	4,010,952		1
Civil Works Administration Emergency conservation work Department of Agriculture, relief	h332,481,750 93,101,630	399,548,290 317,566,732	321,069,000 84,060,431	594,969,951	88,960,000	820,990,040 1,326,707,313 84,060,431	296,750 64,676,732 476,249	1,253,730,688	8,299,89
Public Works (including Work Relief): Boulder Canyon project Loans & grants to States, munic., &c_e Loans to railroads_e	11,339,960	44,093,000 595,625,912	3,000,000 126,173,971	10,000,000 321,836,877	i	68,432,960 1,043,636,761	9,739,350 221,361,809	53,289,599 397,507,814	5,404,016 424,767,13
Public highways River and harbor work Rural Electrification Administration Works Progress Administration		438,041,640 254,702,875	2,239 93,708,085	509,536,136 144,628,195 15,594,476 3,351,186,746	46,500,000	1,203,068,233 493,039,156 62,094,476 3,351,186,746	260,908,921 94,483,515 10,254,231 1,896,446,658	1,419,475	25,861,771 50,420,761 191,078,593
All other	72,000,000	786,107,798		482,226,327		1,415,473,627	367,540,710	865,973,581	181,959,33
Home-loan bank stock	150 000 000				125,000,000 200,000,000		20,664,100	99,342,000 200,000,000 49,930,642	
Emergency housing Federal Housing Administration Resettlement Administration Subsistence homesteads		29,213,621 1,000,000 19,929,621 6,403,484	3,389,487	108,310,483 424,796,653	d51,121,074	137,524,104 52,121,074 448,115,762 6,403,484	50,734,419 16,740,080 209,695,579 g 12	31,755,610 30,468,473 139,669,386 6,142,514	55,034,074 4,912,521 98,750,796 260,981
Miscellaneous: Export-Import Banks of Washington_e_ Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation_ Administration for Industrial Recovery_	150,000,000	1,250,000 19,315,142	4,992,568		45,000,000 k	46,250,000 150,000,000 24,307,711	g1,452,710 4,873	19,619,285 150,000,000 24,240,593	28,083,428
Reconstruction Finance Corp.—direct loans and expenditures e Tennessee Valley Authority	1	50,000,000	25,000,000		d3724886,929	3,724,886,929 75,000,000			2,027,555,659
Total									
Inallocated funds		113,109	169,206	12,019,673		12,301,989			40 004 000

a Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, 1935, approved April 8, 1935, and Emergency Relief Appropriation Act, 1936, approved June 22, 1936, as amended by the First Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1937.

b The emergency expenditures included in this statement for the period prior to the fiscal year 1934 include only expenditures on account of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and subscriptions to capital stock of Federal land banks under authority of the Act of Jan. 23, 1932. Expenditures by the several departments and establishments for public works under the Emergency Relief and Construction Act of 1932 were made from general disbursing accounts, and, therefore, are not susceptible to segregation from the general expenditures of such departments and establishments on the basis of the daily Treasury statements.

c The sum of \$260,000,000 includes appropriations under the Acts of May 12, 1933, May 25, 1934, and Aug. 24, 1935.

d There are no statutory limitations on the amounts of funds which may be made available by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation for carrying out the purposes of Sec. 5 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, and for the purchase by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation of preferred stock or capital notes of banks and trust companies under the Act of March 9, 1933. The Reconstruction Finance Corporation is required to make available to the Federal Housing Administrator such funds as he may deem necessary for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of the National Housing Act. The amounts included in this column for the purposes specified are based upon checks issued therefor from time to time by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. The authority of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation to issue its bonds, notes, and debentures has been increased by such amounts as may be required to provide funds for such purposes.

Expenditures are stated on a net basis, i.e., gross expenditures less repayments

e Expenditures are stated on a net basis, i.e., gross expenditures less repayments and collections, details of which are set forth in the supplementary statement below.

f Net, after deducting repayments to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

h The appropriation of \$950,000,000 provided in the Act of Feb. 15, 1934, was allocated by the President as follows: Federal Emergency Relief Administration, \$605,000,000, of which \$81,742.11 has been transferred to the Emergency Relief appropriation, and Civil Works Administration, \$345,000,000, of which amount \$7,300,000 has been transferred to the Emergency Relief appropriation, and \$5,218,-250 transferred to the Employees' Compensation Commission.

I Under the provisions of the Emergency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1935, the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized to purchase marketable securities acquired by the Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works, but the amount which the Reconstruction Finance Corporation may have invested at any one time in such securities may not exceed \$250,000,000. Moneys paid for such securities are available for loans under Title II of the National Industry Recovery

Act, and, under the provisions of the Emergency Relief Appropriation Act of 1936 not to exceed \$300,000,000 of the proceeds of the sale of such securities, in the discretion of the President, are available for the making of grants. The amount of obligations which the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized to have outstanding at any one time is increased by the sums necessary for such purchases, not to exceed \$250,000,000. The purchase of such securities by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is reflected as expenditures of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and as credits against expenditures of the Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works. The amount by which the available funds on account of such transactions has been increased is, therefore, included in the funds of the "Reconstruction Finance Corporation—direct loans and expenditures."

J Includes \$700,000 allocated for savings and loan promotion as authorized by ec. 11 of the Act of April 27, 1934.

k Under Sec. 3 of the Act of June 16, 1934, the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized to purchase at par, obligations of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation in a face amount of not to exceed \$250,000,000, and the amount of obligations which the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized to have outstanding at any one time is increased by \$250,000,000. The amount to be included in this column will represent the proceeds deposited with the Treasurer of the United States on account of the sale of such obligations by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

I The appropriation of \$500,000,000 for subscription to capital stock is included the figures shown in the column for Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

m Exclusive of the \$84,520,600 transfer referred to in note o.

n Exclusive of the \$39,124,000.00 and \$47,536,186,06 transfers referred to in note o, and \$2,550,000 transferred to salaries and expenses, Farm Credit Administration; and \$25,358,189 carried to the surplus fund of the Treasury.

o Includes \$4,000,000,000,000 specific appropriation under the Act of April 8, 1935. \$1,425,000,000 specific appropriation under the Act of June 22, 1936, \$789,000,000 specific appropriation under the Act of June 22, 1936, \$789,000,000 specific appropriation under Act of Feb. 9, 1937, and transfers of unexpended balances as follows: From the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, \$500,000,000; from the appropriation of \$3,300,000,000 for National Industrial Recovery, \$84,520,600; from the appropriation of \$525,000,000 for relief in stricken agricultural areas provided in the Emergency Appropriation Act of 1935, approved June 19, 1934, \$39,124,000,00; from the appropriation of \$899,675,000 for emergency relief and public works provided in the Emergency Appropriation Act of 1935, approved June 19, 1934, \$47,536,186,06; from the appropriation of \$950,000,000 for emergency relief and civil works provided in the Act of Feb. 15, 1934, \$7,381,742.11; from unobligated moneys referred to in Sec. 4 of Act of March 31, 1932, \$21,527,113.76; and moneys transferred pursuant to Sec. 15 (f) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, \$12,921,502.64

DETAILS OF REVOLVING FUNDS INCLUDED IN GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

On the state of th		This Month			Fiscal Year 1937	
Organizations .	Payments	Repayments and Collections	Net Expenditures	Payments	Repayments and Collections	Net Expenditures
Commodity Credit Corporation. Farm Credit Administration. Loans and grants to States, municipalities, &c	\$452,277.15 808,212.01 24,444,219.91 40.00	\$2,728,876.63 1,414,393.29 1,856,595.13 10,590.00	a\$2,276,599.48 a606,181.28 22,587,624.78 a10,550.00	26,636,420.00 305,590,596.50 1,722,108.69	44,462,470.18 81,110,168.06 4,840,727.91	a\$111787757.34 a17.826,050.18 224,480,428.44 a3,118,619.22
Export-Import Hanks of Washington— Reconstruction Finance Corporation—direct loans & expenditures	488,007.98 36,375,732.59	889,496.97 28,612,462.75	a401,488.99 7,763,269.84	9,504,839.32 405,545,259.24	10,957,550.28 739,409,714.49	a1,452,710.96 a333,864,455.25

a Excess of repayments and collections (deduct) .

GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

Through the courtesy of the Secretary of the Treasury, we are enabled to place before our readers today the details of Government receipts and disbursements for June, 1937 and 1936, and the 12 months of the fiscal years 1936-37

and 1936, and the 12 and 1935-36:	months	of the f	iscal year	s 1936-37
General and Special Funds-		of June		to June 30-
Receipts— Internal Revenue:	1937	1936	1936-37	1935-36
Income tax	547,114,518 209,761,098			
Unjust enrichment tax	2,214,87	7		
Taxes upon carriers & their	52,681,64	2	252,160,840	********
employees	20,600	9,335,18		76,649,383
Customs	41,715,54			
Proceeds of Govtowned secs.				
Principal—for'n obligations. Interest—for'n obligations.	2,547		72,094 5 518,493	69,898 477,414
Panama Canal tolls, &c	1,362,548			90,360,933 25,899,995
Seigniorage Other miscellaneous	2,722,150 6,824,124	2,723,863	48,911,891	39,266,510 60,218,663
Total receipts				
Expenditures-	867,699,895	529,215,153	5,293,840,237	4,115,956,615
General-Departmental a	41,892,626			442,994,433
Public buildings_a Public highways_a	3,800,481			15,045,265 28,799,817
Panama Canal a	14,487,254		140,478,750	71,398,632 11,447,779
Postal deficiency (current) b. Postal deficiency (prior years) c	15,761,374 f6,424,842	26,000,000	48,321,786	86,038,862
Railroad Retirement Act	943,443	103,383		270,435
Retirement funds (U. S.share)	65,248,870		447,759,139 46,735,300	28,445,293 40,662,400
Dist. of Col. (U. S. share) National defense: a	**********	********	5,000,000	5,707,500
Navy	30,987,518 47,901,832			373,014,978 391,424,149
Veterans' pensions & benefits: Veterans' Administration ad	48,969,067			575,982,094
Adjusted service ctf, fund Agricul. Adjust, Admina	e500,380,370 f26,205	1,673,492,532	e556,665,425	1,773,492,532 344,737,068
Agricul. Adjust. Admin. (Act Aug. 24, 1935)				
Agricultural Contract Adjusts.	771,392 297,131			24,161,602 135,453,093
Soil Conservation & Domestic Allotment Act Emergency Conserv. Work_a	32,529,481	311,104	357,199,796	322,037
Farm Credit Administration a	32,718,640 1,081,504		321,130,998 27,271,869	11,551,343
Tennessee Valley Authority a Debt charges—Retirements	3,011,631 2,226,400	3,790,314	41,994,141	21,016,755 403,240,150
Interest_ Refunds—Customs	2193,578,383	131,527,711	2866,384,331	749,396,802
Internal revenue	1,758,869 3,564,186	2,917,160	32,848,860	14,085,195 30,100,430
Processing tax on farm prod.	342,039		6,515,774	10,081,744
Recovery and relief:	1,040,650,956	2,091,589,340	5,258,695,615	5,588,870,388
Agricultural aid:				
Agricul. Adjust. Admin Commodity Credit Corp	2,248,663 f 2,276,599	f13,028,158 f19,306,143	10,765,452 1111,787,758	27,850,207 129,715,023
Farm Credit Admin Federal Land banks	f606,181 3,234,327	f 1,142,670 3,472,053	f 17,826,050 64,181,014	f33,223,232 60,486,791
Relief: Fed. Emer. Reilef Admin. (Incl. Fed. Sur-				
plus Com. Corporation) Civil Works Administration	792,534 12,383	283,591 46,818	12,401,286 296,751	495,591,987 676.196
Emerg. Conserva'n work	966,527	31 677,412	64,676,732	486,281,194
Public Work (incl. work rel'f):	1,889	115,550	476,249	2,882,449
Boulder Canyon project Loans and grants to States.	f 74,764	1,088,781	9,739,351	10,023,711
Loans to railroads	22,587,625 110,550	48,550,435 f 3,723,504	224,480,428 f3,118,619	172,116,012 1127,881,597
Public highways River and harbor work	18,921,897 4,574,441	24,301,576 15,291,717	260,908,922 94,483,515	215,095,581 152,318,737
Rural Electrifica'n Admin.	2,029,262	338,105	10,254,233	1,402,654
Works Progress Admin	144,171,312 29,167,162	177,076,188 43,154,291	1,896,446,658 367,540,711	1,263,661,490 405,333,219
Ald to home-owners: Home loan system	2,179	811,959	20,686,284	37,385,358
Emergency housing Federal Housing Admin	5,911,909 892,717	620,510 1,107,192	50,734,420 16,740,080	24,906,423 14,504,600
Resettlement Administra'n Subsistence homesteads	21,201,298 105	17,126,044 #320,000	209,695,580 f13	137,907,723 108,264
Miscellaneous: Export-Import Bks. of Wash.	f 401,489	f1,729	f1,452,711	19,581,458
Admin. for Indus. Recovery Reconstruction Finance Corp.	f6,687	f 1,803	4,873	5,111,371
-direct loans & expend's	7,763,270	f 72,023,193	f 333,864,455	£238,722,417 27,814,668
Tennessee Valley Authority Total recovery and relief	261,103,230	255,515,022	2,846,462,933	3,290.927,870
Total expenditures	1,301,754,186	2,347,104,362	8,105,158,548	8,879,798,258
Excess of receipts Excess of expenditures	434,054,291	1,817,889,209	2,811,318,311	4,763,841,642
Summary				
Excess of expenditures (+) or receipts (-)	-434,054,291	+1,817,889,209	+2,811,318,311 -	-3,763,841,642
Excess of expenditures (+) or	2,226,400	10,603,500	103,971,200	403,240,150
receipts () (excluding pub-	L421 827 801 -	±1 807 285 709 ·	+2,707,347,111 +	-A 360 601 493
Trust accts., increment on gold.	101,001,091	110011001100	, 2,101,017,111	. 1000,002,100
&c., excess of receipts (—) or expenditures (+)	14,028,463	+24,020,872	+166,333,225	+274,307,192
Less nat. bank note retire't	417,799,428 5,920,221	1,831,306,581 12,291,165	2,873,680,336 99,573,791	4,634,908,685 397,422,480
Total excess of expenditures				
Increase (+) or decrease (-)i n			+2,774,106,545 +	
general fund balance	-799,926,537	+323,087,962	-128,036,307	+840,164,664
the public debt+1	,211,805,745 -	-2,142,100,378	+2,646,070,238+	-5,077,650,869
or year 35				
Public debt this date 36	,424,613,738	33,778,543,494	36,424,613,732 3	3,778,543,494
			DADATI	

Trust Accounts, Increment on Gold, &c		1936 \$	1936-37	1935-36 8
Receipts— Trust accounts Increment resulting from reduc- tion in the weight of the gold		18,463,186	£256,232,632	238,827,935
dollar	61,488		1,676,187	784,464
cengmorage	1,831,545		39,786,924	
Unemployment trust fund			294,439,871	18,949,421
Total	99,205,190	34,951,605	592,135,615	434,351,237
Expenditures— Trust accounts Transactions in checking acc'ts	29,171,058	10,464,117	233,793,123	205,131,956
of governmental agencies (net) Chargeable agst, increm.on gold:	f886,226		127,380,803	80,788,693
Melting losses, &c Payment to Fed. Res. banks (Sec. 13b, Fed. Res. Act as amended).		223,272	333,153	
For retirem't of Nat. bk. notes Unemployment trust fund—In-		12,294,165	875,000 99,573,790	5,614,453 397,422,480
vestments	48,752,000	8,477,000	293,386,000	18,909,000
Otner			1,000,000	********
Old-age reserve account: Investments & transfers (net)	2,200,000		2,100,000	
Benefit payments	19,674		26,969	*********
Total	-	58,972,477	758,468,840	708,658,429
Excess of receipts or credits				
Excess of expenditures		24,020,871	166,333,225	274,307,192
Public Debt Accounts				
Treasury bilis Certificates of Indebtedness (ad-	300,319,000	400,648,000	3,604,543,000	3,556,159,000
justed service ctf. fund series) Certificates of indebtedness (un-		**********	54,900,000	354,600,000
employment trust fund series)	351,755,000	26,638,000	596,439,000	37,070,000
Treasury notes.	852,904,100	435,164,500 68,713,000	852,904,100 204,425,400	2,590,266,150 795,517,400
Old-age reserve acct. series Civil service retirement fund	42,100,000		267,100,000	**********
Foreign service retirem't fund	35,000,000	54,200,000	78,700,000	91,200,000
Foreign service retirem't fund series	518,000	296,000	881,000	631,000
series	134,000	1,817,000	634,000	2,378,000
fund series	10,000	********	52,000	30,000,000
Postal Savings System series Treasury bonds	**********	670,846,550	1,221,413,000	2,301,699,900
Exchanges United States savings bonds (in-	********	965,841,600	1,546,939,100	2,182,661,400
cluding unclassified sales)	29,178,342	28,401,911	519,731,009	265,239,521
Adjusted service bonds	1,829,500	1,668,752,150	140,589,400	1,668,752,150
(Govt. Life Ins. Fund series). Postal Savings bonds Deposits for retirement of Na-	e500,157,956	*******	e500,157,958	20,744,000
tional bank notes	********	********	********	223,895,115
Total	2,113,905,898	4,311,318,711	9,589,408,965	14,120,813,636
Expenditures (incl. Public Debi				
Retirements shown above)— Treasury bills	539,614,000	207,582,000	3,666,199,000	3,283,135,000
Certificates of indebtedness	145,450	316,950	2,533,700	4,159,000
Adjusted serv. ctf. fund series	2,000,000	121,100,000	144,100,000	383,300,000
Unemployment trust fund ser. Treasury notes	303,003,000 961,550	18,161,000	303,053,000	18,161,000 2,017,122,850
Civil service retirem't fund ser. Foreign service retirement	25,600,000	45,100,000	44,000,000	64,200,000
fund series	419,000	211,000	654,000 179,000	1,878,000
Canal Zone retirem't fund ser. Postal Savings System series	7,000	1,709,000	70,000,000	55,000,000
Federal Deposit Insurance				
· Corporation series	156,000	**********	5,000,000 532,400	1,500
Treasury bonds United States savings bonds	4,434,362	1,647,328	36,206,921	11,162,525
Adjusted service bonds	18,254,700	724,235,500	696,531,400	724,235,500
War savings securities	987	1,006	11,863 29,822	16,025 60,617
Treasury savings securities First Liberty bonds	2,050 304,800	2,450 1,606,700	14,850,550	101,393,300
Second Liberty bonds	21,000	14,450	132,100	169,000
Third Liberty bonds	12,000	9,300	160,000	253,200 1,276,754,450
Fourth Liberty bonds	890,800 3,050	3,453,300 2,400	19,457,600 42,150	48,200
Victory notes Postal Savings bonds	3,600	600	1,789,200	1,798,160
Consols of 1930	50	3,000	8,950	596,706,650
Other debt items	433	50,000 534	36,700 2,061	74,687,260 4,688
National bank notes and Fed'l	703	0.54	2,001	7,000
Reserve bank notes	6,366,321	13,714,965	114,402,169	428,476,842
Total	902,100,153	2,169,218,333	6,942,338,727	9,043,162,767
Excess of receiptsExcess of expenditures	1,211,805,745	2,142,100,378	2,646,070,238	5,077,650,869
		0.00		

a Additional expenditures on these accounts for the months and the fiscal years are included under Recovery and Relief Expenditures, the classification of which will be shown in the statement of classified receipts and expenditures appearing on p. 7 of the daily Treasury statement for the 15th of each month.

b The item Postal Deficiency represents advances from the General Fund of the Treasury to the Postmaster General to meet deficiencies in the postal revenues. These figures do not reflect any allowance for offsets on account of extraordinary expenditures or the cost of free mailings contributing to the deficiency of postal revenues certified to the Secretary of the Treasury by the Postmaster General pursuant to the Act of Congress approved June 9, 1930. Further, the expenditures shown above on account of postal deficiency for this month and the fiscal year 1937 are exclusive of \$6,245,165.06 and \$16,245,165.06, respectively, on account of transfers of appropriations from the Post Office Department to the U. S. Maritime Commission pursuant to the Act of June 29, 1936 (49 Stat. 1988). These transferred funds when expended by the U. S. Maritime Commission are classified on this page as "Departmental," and on p. 7 on the 15th of the month as "Departmental—U. S. Maritime Commission."

c Represents repayment of funds by Post Office Department on account of grants

c Represents repayment of funds by Post Office Department on account of grants for fiscal years 1925 to 1933 (deduct).

d Includes administrative expenses.

e Includes \$500,157,956.40, representing the amount certified by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs for payment to the United States Government Life Insurance Fund in 4½% bonds in accordance with Sec. 5 of the Adjusted Compensation Payment Act of Jan. 27, 1936.

f Excess of credits (deduct).

g Includes \$22,507,108.04, representing one year's interest at 4½% on \$500,-157,956.40 face amount of bonds issued to the United States Government Life Insurance Fund pursuant to Sec. 5 of the Adjusted Compensation Payment Act of Jan. 27, 1936.

COMPARATIVE PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT

	(0)	n the basis of daily T	reasury statements)			
	March 31, 1917, Pre-War Debt	Aug. 31, 1919, When War Debt Was at its Peak	Dec. 31, 1930, Lowest Post-War Debt	June 30, 1936, A Year Ago	May 31, 1937, Last Month	June 30, 1937
Gross debt Net balance in general fund	\$1,282,044,346.28 74,216,460.05	\$26,596,701,648.01 1,118,109,534.76	\$16,026,087,087.07 306,803,319.55	\$33,778,543,493.73 2,681,510,203.96		\$36,424,613,732.29 2,553,473,897.31
Gross debt less net balance in general fund	\$1,207,827,886.23	\$25,478,592,113.25	\$15,719,283,767.52	\$31,097,033,289.77	\$33,459,260,627.65	\$33,871,139,834.98
Gross debt per capita	12.36 2.395	250.18 4.196	129.66 3.750	263.01 2.562	272.41 2.559	281.63 2.582

TREASURY CASH AND CURRENT LIABILITIES

The cash holdings of the Government as the items stood June 30, 1937, are set out in the following. The figures are taken entirely from the daily statement of the United States Treasury of June 30, 1937.

CURRENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES GOLD

2 318 172 420 10	Gold certificates:	
2,020,212,220.20		
	of Treasury)	2,903,632,809.00
	of Govs., F. R.Sys	6,020,442,436.78
		10,470,461,75
	Gold reserve	156,039,430.93
	Exch. stabilisa'n fund.	1,800,000,000.00
		10,890,585,138.46
	Gold in general rund:	1 000 707 999 10
	result. from reduc-	1,086,787,223.10
		140.965.030.63
	In working balance	199,835,027.91
		1,427,587,281.64
9 218 179 490 10	Total	10 910 170 490 10
\$346,681,016 of outstanding. Tr	f United States notes a reasury notes of 1890 are	nd \$1,172,022 of
· SIL		
835 195 892 46		1 305 281 987 00
	outstanding	1,172,022.00
	Silver in general fund	34,344,683.46
1,340,798,692.46	Total	.1,340,798,692.46
GENERA	L FUND	
8	Liabilities-	8
1,427,587,281.64	Treasurer's checks out	
34,344,683.46	standing	7,682,140.97
2,840,293.00		
565 577 50		2,933,367.58
5,202,106.45		
	System:	
373,978,296.70	5% reserve, lawfu	
W1 F F00 00	money	59,300,000.00
715,536.98		5,457,603.01
2 661 573 73		
2,002,010.10		
141,337,925.68	Deposits for:	
640 469 000 00	heat notes (50)	
049,402,000.00	lawful money	408,460.09
	Uncollected items, ex-	
	changes, &c	7,357,302.60
19.114.609.99	changes, &co	7,007,002.00
19,114,609.99		155,820,254.30
19,114,609.99 29,202,614.20	Balance today: Inact. gold (as above)	155,820,254.30 1,086,787,223.10
	Balance today: Inact. gold (as above) Increment on gold (as above)	155,820,254.30 1,086,787,223.10 140,965,030.63
29,202,614.20 1,136,779.21	Balance today: Inact. gold (as above) Increment on gold (as above)	155,820,254.30 1,086,787,223.10 140,965,030.63
29,202,614.20	Balance today: Inact. gold (as above) Increment on gold (as above)	155,820,254.30 1,086,787,223.10 140,965,030.63
29,202,614.20 1,136,779.21	Balance today: Inact. gold (as above) Increment on gold (as above) Seigniorage (silver) see note 1	155,820,254.30 1,086,787,223.10 140,965,030.63 355,687,781.26
	2,318,172,420,10 outstanding. Trisury. 835,195,892,46 505,602,800.00 1,340,798,692,46 GENERA 1,427,587,281,64 2,840,293,00 13,755,310.00 565,577,50 467,026,50 5,202,106,45 3,796,002,84 373,978,296,70 715,536,98 2,661,573,73	2,318,172,420.10 Gold certificates: Outstanding (outside of Treasury) Gold ctf. fund—Bd. of Govs., F. R. Sys Redemption fund—Fed. Res. notes. Gold reserve. Exch. stabiliza'n fund: Inactive. Balance of increment result. from reduction in weight of the gold dollar. In working balance. 2,318,172,420.10 3346,681,016 of United States notes at outstanding. Treasury notes of 1890 are sury. SILVER 835,195,892,46 505,602,800.00 1,340,798,692.46 GENERAL FUND Labilities—Silver in general fund. 1,340,798,692.46 GENERAL FUND Labilities—Silver in general fund. 1,340,798,692.46 GENERAL FUND Labilities— Silver in general fund. Total Silver in general fund. Total Silver in general fund. Total Silver in general fund. Total Silver in general fund. Total Silver in general fund. Total

Total_____2,709,294,151.61 Total_____2,709,294,151.61 Note 1—This item represents seignlorage resulting from the issuance of silver certificates equal to the cost of the silver acquired under the Silver Purchase Act of 1934 and the amount returned for the silver received under the President's proclamation dated Aug. 9, 1934.

Note 2—The amount to the credit or disbursing officers and certain agencies today was \$1,511,224,154.01.

CURRENT NOTICES

—Announcement has been made of the resignation of J. Gentry Daggy, of J. Gentry Daggy & Co., Philadelphia, as President of the National Security Traders Association. Mr. Daggy, in a letter addressed to Joseph W. Sener, of Mackubin, Legg & Co., and Secretary of the Association, said that because of the pressure of personal matters, he did not feel it possible

that because of the pressure of personal matters, he did not feel it possible to devote the time and attention to the affairs of the Association that the office of the presidency entails, particularly inasmuch as such duties are greatly augmented in connection with its forthcoming convention.

"Rather than do an injustice to a splendid organization," he said, "I feel that it is advisable for me to tender my resignation at this time. It has been a privilege and a pleasure to serve as your executive and it is with real regret that I relinquish the duties of office. Needless to say, I shall continue to give as much of my time and energy as possible in furthering the interest of our Association."

—Formation of the firm of Martin and Chambers to conduct a general bond business is announced by Durno Chambers and Leonard A. Martin. Thew new firm, which will specialize initially in Government and Municipal bonds, has opened offices at 120 Broadway, N. Y. City.

Mr. Chambers was formerly associated with the Bankers Trust Co. for 7½ years in its municipal bond department and later was a general partner for three years with the New York Stock Exchange firm of Bull & Eldredge.

Eldredge

Mr. Martin was formerly with Otis & Co. in its statistical department. More recently he has been associated in investment analysis and security activities with his father, Robert W. Martin, for many years a partner of Wm. A. Read & Co., Dillon, Read & Co. and with the old investment firm of Vermilye & Co., when the late Wm. A. Read was its active partner.

-With its total membership higher than at any time since its formation, the New York Security Dealers Association announced the election of Morris a & Co and Samuel Englands to active membership.

The continuing growth of interest in the Association is attributed in part to the prominent position it has taken in connection with legislation affecting over-the-counter dealers.

According to a membership directory just issued, outlining its activities, the Association now furnishes, through a Central Bureau, quotations on approximately 600 issues to all of the local newspapers, and to representative newspapers throughout the United States through press associations,

-George D. Walsh is now associated with Kennedy, Hall & Co., in their trading department.

PRELIMINARY DEBT STATEMENT OF THE UNITED STATES, JUNE 30, 1937

The preliminary statement of the public debt of the United States, June 30, 1937, as made up on the basis of the daily Treasury statement, is as follows:

Treasury statement, is as follows:		
3% Panama Canal loan of 1961	\$49,800,000.00	
3% Conversion bonds of 1946-47	28,894,500.00	
21/2 % Postal Savings bonds (13th to 49th ser.)	119,086,360.00	\$197,780,860,00
Treasury bonds: 4½ % bonds of 1947-52	\$758,955,800.00	
4% bonds of 1944-54	1,036,702,900.00	
3¼ % bonds of 1946-56	489,080,100.00 454,135,200.00	
81/4 % bonds of 1940-43	352,993,950.00	
3½% bonds of 1941-43	544,870,050.00 818,627,000.00	
	755,469,500.00	
3¼% bonds of 1941 3¼% bonds of 1943-45 3¼% bonds of 1944-46	834,463,200.00 1,400,534,750.00	
314 % bonds of 1944-46	1,518,737,650.00	
3% bonds of 1946-48	1,036,874,400.00 491,375,100.00	
274 % bonds of 1955-60	2,611,107,650.00	
24 % bonds of 1945-47	1,214,428,950.00 1,223,496,350.00	
234 % bonds of 1951-54 234 % bonds of 1956-59	1,626,687,650.00	
2½ % bonds of 1949-53	981,848,050.00 1,786,362,050.00	
		19,935,749,800.00
United States Savings bonds: Series A	\$187,767,107.50	
Series B	350,119,466.75 218,811,243.75	
Series CUnclassified sales	42,951,083.77	
-	2200 E74 2E0 00	799,648,901.77
Adjusted Service Bonds of 1945	\$388,574,650.00 500,157,956.40	
_		888,732,606.40
Total bonds		21,821,912,168.17
Treasury Notes— 314 % series A-1937, maturing Sept. 15, 1937— 214 % series A-1938, maturing Feb. 1, 1938— 214 % series B-1938, maturing June 15, 1938— 214 % series C-1938, maturing Mar. 15, 1938— 214 % series C-1938, maturing Mar. 15, 1938— 214 % series C-1939, maturing Dec. 15, 1939— 114 % series B-1939, maturing Dec. 15, 1939— 114 % series C-1939, maturing Mar. 15, 1939— 114 % series C-1939, maturing Sept. 15, 1939— 114 % series C-1940, maturing Mar. 15, 1940— 114 % series C-1940, maturing Dec. 15, 1940— 114 % series C-1941, maturing Dec. 15, 1941— 114 % series B-1941, maturing Mar. 15, 1941— 114 % series B-1941, maturing Dec. 15, 1941— 114 % series C-1941, maturing Dec. 15, 1941— 114 % series C-1941, maturing Dec. 15, 1941—	\$817,483,500.00	
256 % series A-1938, maturing Feb. 1, 1938	276,679,600,00	
21/2 % series B-1938, maturing June 15, 1938 3 % series C-1938, maturing Mar. 15, 1938	618,056,800.00 455,175,500.00	
214 % series D-1938, maturing Sept. 15, 1938	596,416,100.00 1,293,714,200.00	
214 % series A-1939, maturing June 15, 1939 114 % series B-1939, maturing Dec. 15, 1939	1,293,714,200.00 526,233,000.00	
11/2 % series C-1939, maturing Mar. 15, 1939	941,613,750.00	
1% % series D-1939, maturing Sept. 15, 1939 156 % series A-1940, maturing Mar. 15, 1940	426,554,600.00 1,378,364,200.00	
134% series B-1940, maturing June 15, 1940	738,428,400.00	
134 % series C-1940, maturing Dec. 15, 1940 134 % series A-1941, maturing Mar. 15, 1941	737,161,600.00 676,707,600.00	
132 % series B-1941, maturing June 15, 1941	503,877,500.00	
134 % series C-1941, maturing Dec. 15, 1941 134 % series A-1942, maturing Mar. 15, 1942	204,425,400.00 426,349,500.00	
•	10,617,241,250.00	
3% Old-Age Reserve account series, maturing		
June 30, 1941 and 1942	267,100,000.00	
to 1942 4% Foreign Service retirement fund, series	309,400,000.00	
1938 to 1942	3,111,000.00	
4% Canal Zone retirement fund, series 1938 to 1942	3,304,000.00	
4% Alaska RR. retirement fund series, ma-		
turing June 30, 1941	52,000.00	
June 30, 1940	30,000,000.00	
2% Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation series, maturing Dec. 1, 1939	95,000,000.00	
-		11,325,208,250.00
Certificates of Indebtedness— 4% Adjusted Service Certificate Fund series,		
maturing Jan. 1, 1938	\$37,600,000.00	
turing June 30, 1938	312,295,000.00	
Treasury bills (maturity value)		349,895,000.00 2,303,094,000.00
value (martin) value/	-	
Model Indonest &		00,800,109,418.17
Total interest-bearing debt outstanding		
Matured Debt on Which Interest Has Ceased- Old debt matured—issued prior to Apr.1, 1917	\$4,711,540.26	
Matured Debt on Which Interest Has Ceased- Old debt matured—issued prior to Apr.1, 1917 3½%,4%,and 4½% First Liberty Loan bonds	\$4,711,540.26	
Matured Debt on Which Interest Has Ceased- Old debt matured—issued prior to Apr. 1, 1917 3½ %, 4%, and 4½ % First Liberty Loan bonds of 1932-47.	\$4,711,540.26 28,557,800.00	
Matured Debt on Which Interest Has Ceased- Old debt matured—issued prior to Apr. 1, 1917 3½ %,4%, and 4½ % First Liberty Loan bonds of 1932-47 4% and 4½ % Second Liberty Loan bonds of 1927-42.	\$4,711,540.26 28,557,800.00 1,435,100.00	
Matured Debt on Which Interest Has Ceased- Old debt matured—issued prior to Apr. 1, 1917 3½ %,4%, and 4½ % First Liberty Loan bonds of 1932-47 4% and 4½ % Second Liberty Loan bonds of 1927-42.	\$4,711,540.26 28,557,800.00 1,435,100.00 2,390,350.00 38,755,550.00	
Matured Debt on Which Interest Has Ceased- Old debt matured—issued prior to Apr. 1, 1917 3½ %, 4%, and 4½ % First Liberty Loan bonds of 1932-47. 4% and 4½ Second Liberty Loan bonds of 1927-42. 4½ % Third Liberty Loan bonds of 1928 4½ % Fourth Liberty Loan bonds of 1933-38 3½ % and 4½ % Victory notes of 1922-23	\$4,711,540.26 28,557,800.00 1,435,100.00 2,390,350.00 38,755,550.00 693,150.00	
Matured Debt on Which Interest Has Ceased- Old debt matured—issued prior to Apr.1, 1917 34%, 4%, and 44% First Liberty Loan bonds of 1932-47 4% and 44% Second Liberty Loan bonds of 1927-42 44% Third Liberty Loan bonds of 1928 44% Fourth Liberty Loan bonds of 1933-38- 34% and 44% Victory notes of 1922-23 Treasury notes, at various interest rates. Cts. of indebtedness, at various interest rates.	\$4,711,540.26 28,557,800.00 1,435,100.00 2,390,350.00 38,755,550.00 693,150.00 18,368,650.00 5,999,400.00	
Matured Debt on Which Interest Has Ceased- Old debt matured—issued prior to Apr.1, 1917 3½%, 4%, and 4½% First Liberty Loan bonds of 1932-47. 4% and 4½% Second Liberty Loan bonds of 1927-42. 4½% Third Liberty Loan bonds of 1938	\$4,711,540.26 28,557,800.00 1,435,100.00 2,390,350.00 38,755,550.00 693,150.00 18,368,650.00	
Matured Debt on Which Interest Has Ceased-Old debt matured—issued prior to Apr.1, 1917 3½%, 4%, and 4½% First Liberty Loan bonds of 1932-47 4% and 4½% Second Liberty Loan bonds of 1927-42 4½% Third Liberty Loan bonds of 1928-4½% Fourth Liberty Loan bonds of 1933-38 3½% and 4½% Victory notes of 1922-23 Treasury notes, at various interest rates. Ctfs. of indebtedness, at various interest rates. Treasury bills Treasury savings certificates	\$4,711,540.26 28,557,800.00 1,435,100.00 2,390.350.00 38,755,550.00 693,150.00 18,368,650.00 5,999,400.00 17,357,000.00	118,529,815.26
Matured Debt on Which Interest Has Ceased- Old debt matured—issued prior to Apr.1, 1917 3/5 %, 4%, and 4½ % First Liberty Loan bonds of 1932-47 4% and 4½ % Second Liberty Loan bonds of 1927-42 4¼ % Third Liberty Loan bonds of 1928 4¼ % Fourth Liberty Loan bonds of 1933-38 3½ % and 4½ % Victory notes of 1922-23 Treasury notes, at various interest rates. Cts. of indebtedness, at various interest rates. Treasury solis. Treasury solis certificates Debt Bearing No Interest— United States notes.	\$4,711,540.26 28,557,800.00 1,435,100.00 2,390,350.00 38,755,550.00 693,150.00 18,368,650.00 5,999,400.00 17,357,000.00 261,275.00	118,529,815.26
Matured Debt on Which Interest Has Ceased-Old debt matured—issued prior to Apr.1, 1917 34%, 4%, and 44% First Liberty Loan bonds of 1932-47 4% and 44% Second Liberty Loan bonds of 1927-42 44% Third Liberty Loan bonds of 1928.—44% Fourth Liberty Loan bonds of 1933-38. 34% and 44% Victory notes of 1922-23.—7reasury notes, at various interest rates. Cts. of indebtedness, at various interest rates. Treasury bills. Treasury savings certificates.	\$4,711,540.26 28,557,800.00 1,435,100.00 2,390,350.00 38,755,550.00 693,150.00 18,368,650.00 5,999,400.00 17,357,000.00 261,275.00	118,529,815.26
Matured Debt on Which Interest Has Ceased-Old debt matured—issued prior to Apr.1, 1917 3/5 %, 4%, and 4½ % First Liberty Loan bonds of 1932-47 4% and 4½ % Second Liberty Loan bonds of 1928-24 4¼ % Third Liberty Loan bonds of 1928-34 4¼ % Fourth Liberty Loan bonds of 1933-38 3½ % and 4½ % Victory notes of 1922-23 Treasury notes, at various interest rates. Ctfs. of indebtedness, at various interest rates. Treasury bills. Treasury sills. Treasury servings certificates Debt Bearing No Interest— United States notes. Less gold reserve.	\$4,711,540.26 28,557,800.00 1,435,100.00 2,390,350.00 38,755,550.00 693,150.00 18,368,650.00 5,999,400.00 17,357,000.00 261,275.00	118,529,815.26
Maiwred Debt on Which Interest Has Ceased-Old debt matured—issued prior to Apr.1, 1917 3/5 %, 4%, and 4/4 % First Liberty Loan bonds of 1932-47 4% and 4/4 % Second Liberty Loan bonds of 1927-42 4/4 % Third Liberty Loan bonds of 1928-4/4 % Fourth Liberty Loan bonds of 1933-38. 3/4 % and 4/4 % Victory notes of 1922-23. Treasury notes, at various interest rates. Ctfs. of indebtedness, at various interest rates. Treasury savings certificates. Debt Bearing No Interest— United States notes. Less gold reserve. Deposits for retirement of National bank and	\$4,711,540.26 28,557,800.00 1,435,100.00 2,390,350.00 38,755,550.00 693,150.00 18,368,650.00 5,999,400.00 17,357,000.00 261,275.00 \$346,681,016.00 156,039,430.93 \$190,641,585.07	118,529,815.26
Matured Debt on Which Interest Has Ceased-Old debt matured—issued prior to Apr.1, 1917 3½%, 4%, and 4½% First Liberty Loan bonds of 1932-47. 4% and 4½% Second Liberty Loan bonds of 1928-24. 4½% Third Liberty Loan bonds of 1928-34. 4½% Fourth Liberty Loan bonds of 1933-38-34. 3½% and 4½% Victory notes of 1922-23. Treasury notes, at various interest rates. Ctfs. of indebtedness, at various interest rates. Treasury bills. Treasury savings certificates. Debt Bearing No Interest— United States notes. Less gold reserve. Deposits for retirement of National bank and Federal Reserve bank notes. Old demand notes and fractional currency.	\$4,711,540.26 28,557,800.00 1,435,100.00 2,390,350.00 38,755,550.00 693,150.00 18,368,650.00 5,999,400.00 17,357,000.00 261,275.00 \$346,681,016.00 156,039,430.93	118,529,815.26
Maiwred Debt on Which Interest Has Ceased-Old debt matured—issued prior to Apr.1, 1917 3/5 %, 4%, and 4/4 % First Liberty Loan bonds of 1932-47 4% and 4/4 % Second Liberty Loan bonds of 1927-42 4/4 % Third Liberty Loan bonds of 1928. 4/4 % Fourth Liberty Loan bonds of 1933-38. 3/4 % and 4/4 % Victory notes of 1922-23. Treasury notes, at various interest rates. Ctfs. of indebtedness, at various interest rates. Treasury bills Treasury savings certificates. Debt Bearing No Interest— United States notes. Less gold reserve. Deposits for retirement of National bank and Federal Reserve bank notes. Old demand notes and fractional currency. Thrift and Treasury savings stamps, unclassi-	\$4,711,540.26 28,557,800.00 1,435,100.00 2,390,350.00 38,755,550.00 693,150.00 18,368,650.00 5,999,400.00 17,357,000.00 261,275.00 \$346,681,016.00 156,039,430.93 \$190,641,585.07 310,038,301.50 2,032,511.50	118,529,815.26
Matured Debt on Which Interest Has Ceased-Old debt matured—issued prior to Apr.1, 1917 3½%, 4%, and 4½% First Liberty Loan bonds of 1932-47. 4% and 4½% Second Liberty Loan bonds of 1924-2. 4½% Third Liberty Loan bonds of 1928-3. 4½% Fourth Liberty Loan bonds of 1933-38-3½% and 4½% Victory notes of 1922-23. Treasury notes, at various interest rates. Ctfs. of indebtedness, at various interest rates. Treasury bills. Treasury savings certificates. Debt Bearing No Interest— United States notes. Less gold reserve. Deposits for retirement of National bank and Federal Reserve bank notes. Old demand notes and fractional currency.	\$4,711,540.26 28,557,800.00 1,435,100.00 2,390,350.00 38,755,550.00 693,150.00 18,368,650.00 5,999,400.00 17,357,000.00 261,275.00 \$346,681,016.00 156,039,430.93 \$190,641,585.07	118,529,815.26 505,974,498.86

CURRENT NOTICES

Total gross debt_____\$36,424,613,732.29

—Chas. D. Barney & Co., New York Stock Exchange members, announce today the opening of an office in Bethlehem, Pa., their eighth branch office. The new office will be under the management of Edgar Mc C. Ulman, while Ezra M. Stiles will act as assistant manager.

The firm, established 64 years ago in Philadelphia, now has representation

on 11 major security and commodity exchanges and direct wires to correspondent firms and branch offices in 21 cities.

-William H. Dayton, formerly railroad editor of the Wall Street Journal, division of the firm's Security Supervision. Mr. Dayton is regarded as one of the best informed students of railroad conditions and analyst of financial affairs of railroad companies in the country. In addition to his articles in the Wall Street Journal he has had published several special studies of individual roads and the railroad industry as a whole.

—Bioren & Co., members of New York and Philadelphia Stock Exchanges, announce that Russell M. Dotts has become associated with them as manager of their Municipal Trading Department. Mr. Dotts was formerly connected with C. C. Collings & Co. and has been in the investment business for a number of years.

DIVIDENDS

Dividends are grouped in two separate tables. In the first we bring together all the dividends announced the current week. Then we follow with a second table in which we show the dividends previously announced, but which have not yet been paid. Further details and record of past dividend payments in many cases are given under the company name in our "General Corporation and Investment News Department" in the week when declared:

The dividends announced this week are:

The dividends announced this week	are:		
Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	Holders of Recor
Adams-Millis Corp., common	- 500	Aug. 2	July 23
7% preferred (quar.)	- \$134	Aug. 2 Aug. 10	July 23 July 31
7% preferred (quar.) Alaska Packers Assn. (quar.) Allentown Bethlehem Gas, 7% pref. (quar.) Allied Internat. Invest. \$3 conv. pref. American Art Works. Inc. 6% pref. (quar.)	- \$1 % - \$2 - 87 % c - †50c	Aug. 10	July 31
American Art Works. Inc. 6% pref. (quar.)	- 150c	Aug. 1 July 15	July 23 June 30
American Business Shares (quar.)	\$134 20	Sept. 1	Aug. 16
American Art Works. Inc. 6% pref. (quar.) American Business Shares (quar.) American Fidelity Co. (quar.) Amer. Invest. Co. of Illinois \$2 pref. (quar.) Anglo-Canadian Telephone 5½% pref. Asbestos Mfg. Co., \$1.40 conv. pref. (quar.) Atlantic Macaroni (quar.) Atlantic Safe Deposit (N. Y.), (quar.) Bank of Toronto (quar.) Berland Shoe Stores 7% pref. (quar.)	50c	July 15 Sept. 1 July 15 Aug. 2 Aug. 2 Nov. 1	July 20
Aspestos Mfg. Co., \$1.40 conv. pref. (quar.)	- 11%%	Aug. 2	July 15
Atlantic Macaroni (quar.)	\$1		July 20
Bank of Toronto (quar.)	\$11/4 \$21/4 \$11/4	Sept. 1	July 14 Aug. 14
Berkshire Fine Spinning Assn —	4-10	arab	July 20
\$5 preferred (initial quar)	\$114	July 23	July 20
7% old preferred (resumed)	\$3 %	Sept. 1 July 23	Aug. 25 July 20
7% old preferred (resumed)	\$137	Sept. 1	Aug. 20
\$5 preferred (adjustment) 7% old preferred (resumed) 7% old preferred (resumed) Best & Co., dommon (quar.) Preferred (semi-annual)	\$114 \$314 \$114 6214c	July 31	July 30
Blauner's Inc. common (quar.)	25c	Sept. 1 Aug. 16 July 31 July 24 Aug. 16 Aug. 16 July 24	Aug. 1
\$3 preferred (quar.)	25c 75c 3814c 40c	Aug. 16	Aug. 1
Broadway Dept. Stores, Inc. (quar.)	40c	Aug. 1	amy 11
Bireley's Inc. (quar.) Blauner's Inc. common (quar.) \$3 preferred (quar.) Brandywine Shares Broadway Dept. Stores, Inc. (quar.) 5% cum, preferred (Initial) Bronxville Trust Co. (Bronxville, N. Y.) (quar.)	\$2	Aug. 1	July 17 July 24
Extra Buckerfield's Ltd. 7% pref. (accumulation)	181 V	Aug. 2 Aug. 2 June 30 June 30 July 26	July 24 June 29
7% preferred (quarterly) Buda Company	18192	June 30	June 29 June 29 July 23
Bullock's, Inc. (Los Ang.) 5% preferred (quar.). Canadian Investment Fund Ltd.—	#\$11/4 #\$13/4 37/40 \$1/4	Aug. 1	July 12
Ordinary shares	15e	Aug. 2	July 15
Ordinary shares Special shares Canadian Investors Corp., Ltd. (quar.) Carolina Insurance (semi-ann.) Central Arizona Lt. & Pow. \$7 pref. (quar.)	‡5e ‡5e ‡10e	Aug. 2 Aug. 2 Aug. 2 Aug. 2 Aug. 2 Aug. 1 Aug. 16 Aug. 1 Aug. 1 Aug. 1 Sept 1	July 15 July 17
Carolina Insurance (semi-ann.)	65c	Aug. 2	July 15
\$6 preferred (quar.) Central Ohio Steel Products (increased)	\$134 \$134 35c	Aug. 2	July 15 July 15
Central Ohio Steel Products (increased) Century Ribbon Mills	35c 10c	Aug. 16	July 20 Aug. 7
Century Ribbon Mills	41c	Aug. 1	July 14 July 15
Common (quar.)	5c \$1 1/4 †\$1 25c 20c \$1 1/4 †27c	Aug. 1	July 15
Chicago Elec. Mfg. \$2 class A pref.	151	July 29	Aug. 1 July 19
Cleveland Hobbing Machine (quar)	25c	Sept. 1	Aug. 20
Clinton Water Works 7% pref. (quar.)	\$134	July 15	July 1
Common (quar.) Chartered Investors \$5 pref. (quar.) Chicago Elec. Mfg. \$2 class A pref. Chicago Yellow Cab Cleveland Hobbing Machine (quar.) Clinton Water Works 7% pref. (quar.) Coast Breweries Ltd. (quar.) College Point National Bank (N. Y.) (sa.) Colt's Patent Fire Arms Mfg. (quar.) Columbia Pictures \$2.75 conv. pref. (quar.)	25c	July 15	July 12
Colt's Patent Fire Arms Mfg. (quar.) Columbia Pictures \$2.75 conv. pref. (quar.)	25c 37 1/4 c 68 1/4 c 14 c 25 c	Sept. 30 8	Sept. 13
Columbia Pictures \$2.75 conv. pref. (quar.) Commonwealth Internat. Corp., Ltd. (quar.) Community Public Service, v. t. c. (quar.)	14c	Aug. 16	July 15
Extra. Confederation Amusements Ltd. 8% partic. pref.		Aug. 1 Sept 1 July 1 July 15 July 15 July 15 July 16 Aug. 16 Aug. 16 Aug. 2 Aug. 2 Aug. 2 Aug. 2 Aug. 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 July 1 Aug. 1 July 1 Jul	uly 20
Consolidated Press., Ltd., class A.	175c 125c 75c 35c 50c	Aug. 1	uly 15
Consolidated Press., Ltd., class A	75c 35c	Aug. 14 J	uly 24 uly 20
Cuneo Press common (quar.) Preferred (quarterly) De Met's Inc. \$2.20 pref. (quar.) Diamond Alkali Co. (quar.) Distillers CorpSeagrams, pref. (quar.) Dow Chemical Co. (quar.) 5% Preferred (quar.)	50c	Aug. 2 J	uly 20
De Met's Inc. \$2.20 pref. (quar.)	55c	Aug. 1 J	uly 26
Distillers CorpSeagrams, pref. (quar.)	\$114	Aug. 2 J	uly 20
5% Preferred (quar.)	75c \$114 25c	Aug. 164	1110 2
Duquesne Brewing Co. of Pittsburgh (quar.)	25c	Aug. 2 J	uly 22
Dow Chemical Co. (quar.) 5% Preferred (quar.) Duquesne Brewing Co. of Pittsburgh (quar.) Edmonton City Dairy Ltd., pref. (quar.) Electric Products Corp. (Pa.) English Electric Co. of Canada, Ltd.— \$3 non-cum. class A (resumed) Erie & Kalamazoo RR. Co. (quar.) Faber Coe & Gregg, 7% pref. (quar.) Felin (J. J.) & Co., com. (sa.) reduced Preferred (quar.) Fidelity & Deposit Co. (Baltimore) (quar.) Extra	\$114 50c		une 28
\$3 non-cum. class A (resumed)	6214c \$214 \$14 \$1 \$1 \$1	Sept. 15 A Aug. 2 J Aug. 2 J July 15 J July 31 J July 31 J Aug. 2 J	ug. 31
Faber Coe & Gregg, 7% pref. (quar.)	\$1 %	Aug. 2 J	uly 26 uly 15
Felin (J. J.) & Co., com. (sa.) reduced	\$134	July 15 J	uly 10
Fidelity & Deposit Co. (Baltimore) (quar.)	\$1	July 31 J July 31 J	uly 19
Fidelity Fund, Inc. (quar.)	25c	Aug. 2 J	uly 20
Extra Fidelity Fund, Inc. (quar.) First All-Canadian Trustee Shares (1945) Fund Payable on coupon No. 15 First Management Foundation benefic. interest	716c	J	uly 15
	6c	July 15 J July 15 J July 15 J July 15 J July 15 J July 15 J July 31 J July 31 J July 31 J Aug. 16 J Aug. 15 J Aug. 2 J Aug. 2 J Aug. 2 J Aug. 2 J July 14 J Aug. 15 J Aug. 2 J July 14 J July 14 J July 14 J July 19 J July 19 J	uly 12
Extra Franklin Fire Insurance (Phila.) (quar.)	4c 25c	July 15 J Aug. 2 J	uly 12
Extra Franklin Ry Supply	25c 10c	Aug. 2 J	uly 20
Hammond Lumber Co., 5% pref	†\$114	July 1 J	une 30
Hawaiian Pineapple, Ltd.	50c	July 31 J	uly 15
Hill Packing Co., 7% conv. partic. pf. (quar.) Hollander (A.) & Son. Inc. (quar.)	\$1 †\$1 68% c 50c 834 c 25c 50c 25c \$1 \$1 \$25c \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1	Aug. 16 J	uly 1
Homestead Fire Insurance (Balt.) (semi-ann.)	50c	Aug. 2 J	aly 20
6% preferred class A (quar.)	\$114	Aug. 15 J	uly 31
Hydro-Electric Securities 5% pref. (quar.)	25c	Aug. 2 Ju	aly 24 uly 15
Idaho Power, 7% pref. (quar.)	\$134	Aug. 2 Ju	ly 15
Illinois Northern Utilities, \$7 junior pf. (quar.)	\$134	Aug. 2 Ju	ily 15
International Harvester 7% pref. (quar.)	\$134 60c	Sept. 1 A	ug. 5
International Utilities, \$7 prior pref. (quar.)	\$1%	Aug. 1 Ju	ly 22*
Interstate Hosiery Mills (quar.)	\$1% 87% 62% 50c	Aug. 16 A	ug. 22*
Jarvis (W. B.) Co. (quar.) Jewel Tea Co., Inc. (quar.)	50c	Sept. 20 Se	ug. 14
General Baking Co. (quar.)	50c \$1 15c \$134 \$134 \$134 \$134 \$134	Aug. 2 Ju	ly 17
7% preferred (quar.)	\$1.2	Dec. 1 N	ov. 20
7% preferred (quar.)	\$134	6-1-38 5	2-19-38 -20-38
General Foods Corp. (quar.)	37 16c	Aug. 16 Ju	ly 26
Extra Franklin Fire Insurance (Phila.) (quar.) Extra Franklin Ry. Supply. Hammond Lumber Co., 5% pref. Hartford Times, 5½% pref. (quar.) Hawaiian Pineapple, Ltd Hill Packing Co., 7% conv. partic. pf. (quar.) Hollander (A.) & Son, Inc. (quar.) Homestead Fire Insurance (Balt.) (semi-ann.) Hornel (Geo. A.) Co. (quar.) 6% preferred class A (quar.) Horne (Joseph) Co. 6% pref. (quar.) Hydro-Electric Securities 5% pref. B (sa.) Idaho Power, 7% pref. (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.) Illinois Northern Utilities, \$7 junior pf. (quar.) International Harvester 7% pref. (quar.) International Harvester 7% pref. (quar.) International Utilities, \$7 prior pref. (quar.) \$3.50 prior preferred (quar.) Interstate Hosiery Mills (quar.) Javvis (W. B.) Co. (quar.) General Baking Co. (quar.) General Baking Co. (quar.) General Foods Corp. (quar.) General Foods Corp. (quar.) General Tire & Rubber, 6% preferred Gilmore Oil Co. Globe & Republic Insurance (quar.) Extra	37 14c 17 14 15c	July 31 Ju	ly 20
Gilmore Oil Co	20c	July 30 Ju	ly 20
Extra Grace National Bank (N. Y.) (sa.)	5c	July 14 Ju Sept. 1 A July 19 Ju Aug. 1 Ju Aug. 1 Ju Aug. 16 A Sept. 1 A Sept. 20 Se Aug. 2 Ju Sept. 1 A Dec. 1 N 3-1-38 6-1-38 5 Aug. 16 Ju July 30 Ju July 30 Ju July 30 Ju July 30 Ju Sept. 1 Au	ig. 26

W	Per	When	Holder	
Name of Company Group Securities, Inc.—	Share		le of Reco	rd
Agricultural shares		July 3	I July 1	5
ExtraAutomobile shares	.0260	July 3	I July 1 I July 1	5
Extra	030	July 3	1 July 1	555
Extra Chemical shares	.018c	July 3	1 July 1	5
Extra Distillery & Brewers shares	.0070	July 3	July 1	5
Extra Electrical equipment shares	.017c	July 3	1 July 1	5
Extra Food shares	.015c	July 3	1 July 1 1 July 1	5
Extra	_1 .005c	July 3	1 July 1	5
Extra	.02c	July 3 July 3	1 July 1. 1 July 1. 1 July 1.	5
Extra	.032c	July 3 July 3	1 July 1. 1 July 1.	
Extra Mining shares	.01c	July 3 July 3	1 July 1. 1 July 1.	
Extra Petroleum shares	005c 013c	July 3 July 3	1 July 14 1 July 14	
ExtraRailroad shares	01c	July 3 July 3	1 July 18 1 July 18	5
Railroad equipment shares	_1 .01C	July 3 July 3	July 14	
Steel shares	- 0130	July 3 July 3	July 18	5
Extra	025c	July 3 July 3	July 18	5
Extra_ Utilities shares	02c	July 3 July 3	July 15	5
Extra	005c	1		
Guelph Carpet & Worsted Spinning Mills, Ltd. 6 ½ % preferred (quar.). Guilford-Chester Water (sa.). Kendall Co. \$6 partic, pref. (quar.). Key Company.	1.621	Aug. July 1	July 20 July 1	
Kendall Co. \$6 partic. pref. (quar.) Key Company	25c	July 2	July 20	
Goy Company (ings County Trust (Bklyn.) (quar.) (ittanning Telephone (quar.) (ilein (D. E.) & Co., Inc. (quar.)		July 1	July 7	
5% preferred (quar.)	50c 25c 6214c 40c	Aug.	July 20 July 20 July 20	1
5% preferred (quar.) fress (S. H.) Co., new com. (quar.) Special preferred (quar.) 'Air Liquide (Amer. deposit rcts.)—	15c	Aug.	Aug. 10 6 July 20 2 July 26 0 July 7 1 Sept. 20 1 July 20 2 July 20 2 July 20	5
L'Air Liquide (Amer. deposit rcts.)— Series O bearer shares (final)————————————————————————————————————	94c	July !	7	
iquid Carbonic Corn —			July 19	
100% stock div. payable in common stock— oulsiana & Missouri RR., 7% gtd. pf. (sa.)— oulsiana Power & Light, \$6 pref. (quar.)————————————————————————————————————	\$3 \\ \$1 \\ \$2 \\ \$4 \\ 25c		2 July 20)
ouisville & Nashville RR. Co. (irregular)	\$2	Aug. 2	July 28	
5% preferred (sa.)	\$216	Aug. 1	July 31	
vnch Corp	- \$1 50c	Aug. 16	Aug. 15 July 19	
cGraw Electric (quar.) cLennan, McFeeley & Prior, Ltd., cl. A (qu.)	50c 12½c 12½c 12½c	June 30	June 24 June 24	
[anufactures Trading Corp (quar.)[archall Field & Co., 7% prior pref. (quar.)	8134	July 20 June 30	2 July 15 5 July 28 5 July 31 5 July 31 6 July 31 6 July 30 6 Aug. 15 7 June 24 7 June 24 7 June 15 7 June 15 7 June 15 7 June 15	
6% convertible preferred (quar.)	\$134 \$134 \$134 15c			
Class B (quar.) Innufactures Trading Corp (quar.) Inshall Field & Co., 7% prior pref. (quar.) 6% convertible preferred (quar.) Iercantile Stores 7% pref. (quar.) Iercants & Mfrs. Fire Insurance (quar.) Ietropolitan Industries— 8% avia elletropet et 6, 50% paid	. 15c		July 20	
Setropolitan Investments, Inc. (quar.)	20c	Aug.	July 21 July 21	
ichigan Rakeries Inc. common	40c 25c	July 15 Aug. 1 Aug. 1	July 22	
Common (quar.) \$7 preferred (quar.) (idland Bank, Ltd. (interim) (ine Hill & Schuylkill Haven RR. (sa.)	\$134 16% \$134 75c	Aug. 1 July 15	July 22	
inneapolis-Honeywell Regulator (quar.)	75c	Aug. 20	July 15 Aug. 4 July 15 Aug. 2 Aug. 2 July 20 July 10 July 25	
inneapolis-Honeywell Regulator (quar.) ississippi Power, Ltd., \$6 1st pref. (quar.) oody's Investors Service \$3 partic. pref	†\$11½ †\$2 75c	Aug. 16	Aug. 2	
oore Drop Forging class A (quar.)	\$116 75c	Aug. 2 July 15	July 20 July 10	
orris Plan Bank (Cleveland)	30c	Aug. 1 Aug. 1	July 25 July 24	
uskogee Co. 6% cum. pref. (quar.)	\$134 \$134 25c	Sept. 1 July 15	July 25 July 24 Aug. 14 June 30 July 10	
loody's Investors Service \$3 partic. Prei. \$3 partic. pref. (quar.). loore Drop Forging class A (quar.). lorris Plan Bank (Bridgeport, Conn.) (quar.). lorris Plan Bank (Cleveland). lortgage Corp. of Nova Scotia (quar.). luskogee Co. 6% cum. pref. (quar.). lutual Management (quar.). lyles Standish Co. ational Guarantee & Finance Co.— 8% conv. preferred (quar.).	\$1			
6% conv. preferred (quar.)	3714c	July 1 Sept. 1	June 25 July 16 July 15	
ation-Wide Securities series Baum (T.) Company (semi-annual)	25c	Aug. 2 Aug. 1 July 15	July 15	
ew Bedford Gas & Edison Light (quar.) ewberry (J. J.) Co. 5% pref. A (quar.)	\$114	Sept. 1	Aug. 16	
ational Guarantee & Finance Co.— 6% conv. preferred (quar.)————————————————————————————————————	\$1 \$1¼ 50c 50c	Sept. 1	Aug. 16 July 10 Aug. 12 July 26	
		July 30	July 26 July 20	
lagara Hudson Power Corp.— 1st preferred 5% series (4002)	\$114	July 31 July 31 July 31 July 15 July 29 July 29 July 31 July 31 Aug. 1 July 1	July 22 July 22 July 22	
lagara Hudson Fower Corp	\$1 1/4 \$1 1/4 \$1 1/4 70	July 31	July 22	
orthern Insurance Co. (semi-annual)	\$114	July 29	July 15	
rthern New York Utilities 7% pref. (quar.)	\$114 \$1 \$14 \$145 †45c	July 31	July 15 July 15 July 10 July 12 July 26 June 15	
yes F. Co. 6% pref	†45c	Aug. 1	July 26	
Extra- orthern New York Utilities 7% pref. (quar.) orthern RR. of N. H. (quar.) syses J. F.) Co. 6% pref. d Jo Distilling Co., common (quar.) 8% preferred (quar.) openheim, Collins & Co. (resumed) ange & Rockland Electric. wego & Syracuse RR. (semi-annual) orreseas Securities Co., Inc. (Irregular) offord Pipe Line, Ltd., 7% pref. (semi-ann.) ocific Gas & Electric 6% pref. (quar.) 514% preferred (quar.)	10c 10c 50c	July 1 July 1 July 1 Aug. 16 Aug. 30 Aug. 2 Aug. 16 Aug. 16 Aug. 1 Aug. 1	June 15 July 21	
ange & Rockland Electric	10c	Aug. 1	July 25 Aug. 6	
rerseas Securities Co., Inc. (irregular)	\$2.25 40c 31/% 37/4c 34%c †\$1% †\$1%	Aug. 2	July 26 July 15	
cific Gas & Electric 6% pref. (quar.)	3715c	Aug. 16 Aug. 16	July 31 July 31	
offic Down & Light 70% professor	+918/	Aug. 1 Aug. 1	July 17 July 17	
arson Company common The preferred (1) American Airways (initial) American Airways (initial) Arson Company common The preferred A (quar.)	25c \$134	Aug. 2 Aug. 2	July 23	
arson Company common	\$1¼ 5c 31¼c	Aug. II		
oples National Bank (Brooklyn) (semi-ann.)	10c 75c	A110. 2	July 10 July 13	
Stock dividend payable in common stock iladelphia Suburban Water 6% pref. (quar.)_	6 2-3% \$11/2	Aug. 2	July 13 Aug. 12	
cenix Securities common (resumed)	25c	Aug. 2	July 22	
Certain-teed Products 6% pref. for each sh. of Phoenix held		Aug. 2	July 22 Sept. 15	
outh County Electric	75c 25c	Oct. 1 July 15	Sept. 15 July 14 July 9	1
mouth Rubber 7% pref. (quar.) eumatic Scale Corp., Ltd., 7% pref. (quar.)	171/sc	Inly 1	June 24	
tomac Edison 7% pref. (quar.)	\$173	Aug. 2 Aug. 2 July 15	July 20	
% preferred (quar.)		uly 15	July 1	
Stock div. payable at rate of 1-70th of a sh. of Certain-teed Products 6% pref. for each sh. of Phoenix held \$3 conv. pref. A (quar.) ymouth County Electric ymouth Rubber 7% pref. (quar.) neumatic Scale Corp., Ltd., 7% pref. (quar.) tomac Edison 7% pref. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) entice (G. E.) Mfg. (quar.) blic National Bank & Trust (sa.) Semi-annual gent Co.	3714c	Oct. 1	Sept. 21 Dec. 21 July 10	!

Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	Holders of Record
Quincy Market Cold Storage & Warehouse-			
5% preferred	†75c	Aug. 2	July 15 July 26
Railway & Light Securities Co., com. (irreg.)	30c	Aug. 2	July 26
Preferred A (quar.)	\$1½ 15c	Aug. 2	July 26
Republic Investors Fund 6% pref. A (quar.)	15c	Aug. 2 Aug. 2 Aug. 2 Sept. 11 Aug. 1	July 15
Dile Kumler Co (quar.)	15c 25c	Ropt 11	July 15 Aug. 27
Pivereide Coment \$1.25 partie A	†25c	Ang 1	July 10
5% preferred Railway & Light Securities Co., com.(irreg.) Preferred A (quar.) Republic Investors Fund 6% pref. A (quar.) 6% preferred B (quar.) Rike Kumler Co. (quar.) Riverside Cement \$1.25 partic. A \$6 1st preferred (quar.)	\$136	A 1182	JIHV IA
Roosevelt Co	50c	July 15	July 10
Royal Bank of Canada (quar.) Royal Butch-New York Shares (final) Royal Trust Co. (Montreal) (quar.) Savannah Sugar Refining (quar.) Schmidt Brewing (quar.)	\$2	July 15 Sept. 1 July 30	July 31
Royal Dutch-New York Shares (final)	\$2.101/2	July 30	July 16
Royal Trust Co. (Montreal) (quar.)	80c	July 31	July 31
Savannah Sugar Refining (quar.)	50c	Aug. 2	July 15
Schmidt Diewing (dum.)	2/20	July 31 Aug. 2 July 17 Aug. 2 Aug. 15	July 7
Schuyler Trust Shares ord, regis	75c	Aug. 15	June 30
Seasoned Investments Inc. (quar.)	200	Aug. 1	July 21
Securities Corn general \$7 pref (quar.)	\$134	Aug. 2	July 20
\$6 preferred (quar.)	\$136	Aug. 2	July 20
Sedalia Water 7% pref. (quar.)	20c \$134 \$114 \$134	July 15	July 1
Shamokin Valley & Pottsville RR. (sa.)	\$11/2	Aug. 2	July 21 July 20 July 20 July 20 July 1 July 15
Shareholders Corp. (quar.)	10c	July 15	July 10
Schuyler Trust Shares ord. regis Sears Roebuck & Co. (quar.) Seasoned Investments, Inc. (quar.) Securities Corp. general \$7 pref. (quar.) \$6 preferred (quar.) Sedalla Water 7% pref. (quar.) Shamokin Valley & Pottsville RR. (sa.) Shareholders Corp. (quar.) Shell Transport & Trading— Amer. shares for ordinary bearer (final) Shwitzer-Cummins (quar.) Simms Petroleum (liquidating) Sivyer Steel Castings Co. Six-Twenty Jones Corp. (reduced) Sikinner Organ Co. Sovereign Investors, Inc. Sovereign Investors, Inc. Sovereign Investors, Inc. Sovereign Investors, Inc. Syracuse Lighting 6% preferred (quar.) 6½% preferred (quar.) Telephone Investment Corp. (monthly) Texas & Pacific Ry. Co., 5% non-cum. pref. Texas Power & Light 7% pref.	61 02	Y-1- 02	T. 10
Amer. snares for ordinary bearer (final)	\$1.23 25c	July 23 Aug. 2	July 16 July 20 July 26 July 25 July 2
Simme Petroleum (liquidating)	50c	Aug. 3	July 26
Sivver Steel Castings Co	50c	Aug. 15	July 25
Six-Twenty Jones Corp. (reduced)	50c	July 7	July 2
Skinner Organ Co	5c	July 1	June 25 July 31
Sovereign Investors, Inc.	11/2c	Aug. 20	July 31
Stover Mfg. & Engine Co. 7% non-cum pf. (qu.)	\$114	July 20	July 10
Syracuse Binghamton & N. Y. RR. gtd. (quar.)	\$3	Aug. 2	July 23
Syracuse Lighting 6% preferred (quar.)	11/2c \$1/4 \$3 \$1/2 \$1.62/4	July 31	July 20 July 20 July 20
8% preferred (quar.)	\$1.0272	July 31 July 31	July 20
relephone Investment Corp. (monthly)	27 16c	Aug. 1	July 20
Texas & Pacific Ry. Co., 5% non-cum. pref	\$21/2	July 15	July 10
Texas Power & Light 7% pref	\$1%	Aug. 2	July 17
6% preferred	27 1/2 27 1/2 \$2 1/4 \$1 1/4 \$1 2 c 25 c 21 1/4 25 c 21 1/4 21 1/4 21 1/4 22 c 23 c 24 c 25 c 25 c 26 c 27 c	Aug. 1 July 15 Aug. 2 Aug. 21 Aug. 14 Sept. 1	July 17
Trans Co. common (quar.)	250	Aug. 21	July 22 July 31
\$6 first professed (quar.)	\$11/2	Sent 1	Sent 1
Union Oil Co. of Caif. (quar.)	30c	Aug. 10	July 22
United Corp. Ltd. \$1.50 class A	†75c	Sept. 1 Aug. 10 Aug. 16	July 31
United Insurance Trust Shares—			
6 % preferred. Toburn Gold Mines (quar.). Trane Co., common (quar.). \$6 first preferred (quar.). Union Oil Co. of Caiff. (quar.). United Corp. Ltd. \$1.50 class A. United Insurance Trust Shares. Series F (coupon) payable on Coupon No. 17. Series F (registered). United N. J. RR. & Canal (quar.). United Stove Co. Utica Gas & Elec. 7 % pref. (quar.). \$6 preferred.	4c	Aug. 2	June 30 Sept. 20
United N. I. P.P. & Canal (quar)	4c	Aug. 2 Oct. 10	Sept 20
United Stove Co	\$2½ 15c	June 30	June 25
Utica Gas & Elec. 7% pref. (quar.)	\$134	July 31	July 28
\$6 preferred	\$1.68	July 31	July 15
Walker & Co. \$2.50 class A	†50c	June 30 July 31 July 31 July 26	July 15
\$6 preferred Walker & Co. \$2.50 class A Walker (Hiram) Gooderham & Worts, Ltd.(qu.)	\$134 \$1.68 †50c 50c	Sept. 15	Aug. 20
\$1 preferred (quar.) Walton (Chas.) & Co. 8% pref. (quar.)	25c	Sept. 15	Aug. 20
Walton (Chas.) & Co. 8% pref. (quar.)	\$2	Aug. 1	July 15
Warwick Co	913/	July 15	July 10 July 30
West Penn Electric 7% pref. (quar.)	\$114	Aug. 16	July 20
Western Cartridge 6% pref. (quar.)	\$116	Aug. 20	Aug. 2
Wheeling & Lake Erie RR. 4% prior lien (qu.)	\$1	Aug. 1	July 24
51/2 % conv. preferred (quar.)	\$1.371/2	Aug. 1	July 24
WJR The Goodwill Station (quar.)	40c	July 30	July 20 July 15
Wolverine Brass Works 6% pref. (sa.)	\$3	July 15	July 15
Woodworth (F. W.) Co. (quar.)	50c	Sept. 1	Aug. 10
6% preferred (quar.)	\$116	Sept. 15 Sept. 15 Aug. 16 Aug. 16 Aug. 20 Aug. 20 Aug. 11 July 30 July 15 Sept. 1 Sept. 30 Aug. 31	Aug. 3
west Penn Lactric 7% pref. (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) Western Cartridge 6% pref. (quar.) 5½% conv. preferred (quar.) WJR The Goodwill Station (quar.) WJR The Goodwill Station (quar.) Woolworth (F. W.) Co. (quar.) Worcester Salt common (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) 6mith Radio (quar.)	\$1½ 50c 50c	July 31	Aug. 3 July 20 July 6
Zenith Radio (quar.) Zions Cooperative Mercantile Inst. (quar.)	50c	July 15	July 6
flous Cooperative Mercantile Inst. (quar./			

Below we give the dividends announced in previous weeks and not yet paid. The list does not include dividends announced this week, these being given in the preceding table.

Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	Holders of Record
Adams (I. D.) Mfg. Co. (quar.)	15c	Aug. 2	July 15
Adams (J. D.) Mfg. Co (quar.)	35c	Sent 22	Sent 2
Administered Fund Second Inc	10c	July 20	Sept. 2 June 30
Administered Fund Second, Inc	130c	Sept. 1	Aug. 16
Extra	130c		Aug. 16
Extra 7% preferred (quarterly) Alabama Great Southern RR., preferred	1\$1 .75	Oct. 1	Sept. 15
Alabama Great Southern RR., preferred	\$1 %		July 12
Alabama Power Co., \$5 preferred (quar.)	- 81 1/4	Aug 9	Index 15
Alaska Juneau Gold Mining (quar.)	_ 15c	Aug. 2	July 10
Extra	15c	Aug. 2	July 10 July 10 July 9 July 21
Allied Chemical & Dye Corp. (quar.)	\$11/5	Aug. 2	July 9
Aloe (A. S.) Co. (increased, quar.)	- 50c	Aug. 1	July 21
Alpha Portland Cement Altorfer Bros. Co., preferred (quar.) Auditorfer Bros. Co., preferred (quar.)	25c	Sept. 25	Sept. 1
Alterier Bros. Co., preferred (quar.)	75c	Aug. 1	July 15
Additional, Ltd., 6% preferred	\$1 154	Sant 1	Aug. 14 Aug. 14
Aluminum Manufacturing Inc. (quar.)	500	Sept 30 Dec 31 Sept 30 Dec 31	Sept 15
Quarterly	50c	Dec 31	Dec. 15
7% preferred (quar)	\$136	Sept 30	Sept. 15
7% preferred (quar.)	\$1%	Dec 31	Dec. 15
Amalgamated Sugar Co., 5% pref. (quar.)	1234c	Aug. 1	July 17
Amerex Corp. (semi-ann.)	50c	Aug. 2	July 10
American Can Co. (quar.)	. 31	Aug. 16	July 10 July 26
American Chicle Co. (quar.)	. 31	Sept. 15	
Quarterly 7% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) Amalgamated Sugar Co., 5% pref. (quar.) American Can Co. (quar.) American Chicle Co. (quar.) Amer Cities Power & Light Corp —			
Convertible A optional dividend series	. 75c	Aug. 1	July 10
1-32 of one share of class B stock or cash			11391
Amerada Corp. (quarterly) American Envelope Co., 7% pref. A (quar.) 7% preferred A (quarterly)	. 50c		July 15.
American Envelope Co., 7% pref. A (quar.)	\$1%	Sept. 1	25 v. 25
7% preferred A (quarterly)	\$134	Dec. 1	V. 25
American Equitable Assurance Co. (quar.)	40C	July 24	July 15
American Gas & Electric, preferred (quar.)	10c		July 15
American Gas & Electric, preferred (quar.)	31 1/2 20c	Aug. 2	July 8 July 14*
American Home Products (monthly)		Aug 9	luly 15
American Light & Traction (quar.)	37160	Aug. 2	July 15
Preferred (quar.) American Machine & Foundry Co. common	3714c 25c	Aug. 2 Aug. 2 Sept. 15	July 17
American Paper Goods Co., 7% pref. (quar.)	\$1%	Sept. 15	Sept. 5
7% preferred (quarterly)	\$192	Dec. 15	Dec. 5
7% preferred (quarterly) American Reserve Insurance (sa.)	50c	Aug. 2	July 15
Extra	25c	Aug. 2	July 15
Extra American Seating Co	25c	July 22	July 2
American Shipbuilding	1 50c	Aug. Z	July 15
American Shipbuilding	75c \$1 % \$2 %	Aug. 31	Aug. 6
7% preferred (quar.) American Telephone & Telegraph (quar.)	\$1%	July 31	July 9 June 15 July 20
American Telephone & Telegraph (quar.)	\$2 14	July 15	June 15
American Thermos Bottle	25C	Aug. 2	July 20
Extra American Toll Bridge Co. (quar.)	750	Aug. 2 Sept. 15	July 20
American Toll Bridge Co. (quar.)	2c 2c	Dec. 15	Dec. 1
Quarterly American Water Works & Electric Co	20c	Sept. 15	Aug. 20
American Zinc, Lead & Smelting preferred	\$1 14	Aug 2	Aug. 20 July 20
Archer-Daniels-Midland Co. pref. (quar.)	8182	Aug. 12	July 21
Ashestos Mfg. Co. \$1.40 prof. (quar.)	\$1 % 35c	Aug. 2	July 20
Asbestos Mfg. Co., \$1.40 pref. (quar.) Assoc. Telep. Co., Ltd., \$1½ pref. (quar.) Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe	311/sc		July 15
Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe	\$2	Sept. 1	July 30
		Aug. 2	June 25
Atlanta & Charlotte Air Line Ry (e-a)	\$412	Sept. 1	
Atlantic Refining Co. preferred (quar.)	\$1	Aug. 2	July 6
Atlas Powder Co., 5% preferred (quar.)	\$114	Aug. 2	July 20
Atlantic Refining Co. preferred (quar.) Atlas Powder Co., 5% preferred (quar.) Badger Paper Mills, 6% preferred (quar.)	75c	Aug. 2	July 20
Baldwin Rubber Co	1236c	July 20	July 15

Name of Company	Per Share	When Holders Payable of Record
Baltimore American Insurance Co. (sa.) Extra	. 5c	Aug. 16 July 31
Bangor Hydro-Electric Co (quarterly) Barnsdall Oil Co. (quar.) Bath Lean Works Corp. payable in stock	25c	Aug. 2 July 10 Aug. 12 July 10 Dec. 30 Dec. 15
Beatty Bros., Ltd., 6% 1st pref. (quar.)	25c 3% \$11/4 25c 25c	Aug. 1 July 15 July 31 June 21
Bangor Hydro-Electric Co (quarterly) Barnsdall Oil Co. (quar.) Bath Iron Works Corp., payable in stock Beatty Bros., Ltd., 6% 1st pref. (quar.) Belding Heminway Co. Bellows & Co., class A (quar.) Class A (quar.) Beneficial Industrial Loan Corp. (quar.) Proferred series A (quar.)	25c 25c	Sept. 15 Sept. 1 Dec. 18 Dec. 1
Preferred, series A (quar.) Binks Mfg. Co Birtman Electric Co. (quar.)	25c 37 1/2 c 87 1/2 c 15c	July 30 July 15 July 30 July 15 July 30 July 20
	250	Aug. 2 July 15
Preferred (quar.) Bloomingdale Bros. 5% pref. (quar.) Blue Ridge Corp. \$3 conv. pref. (quar.) Payable at rate of 1-32 sh. of com. or cash.	\$1¾ \$1¼ 75c	July 24 July 14 Sept. 1 Aug. 5
Payable at rate of 1-32 sh. of com. or cash. Bon Ami Co. class A (quar.)	\$1	July 31 July 15
Class B (quar.) Boss Mfg. Co. common	6236c	July 31 July 15 Aug. 16 July 31
Brewer (C.) & Co. (monthly) British Columbia Telep. Co. 6% 1st pfd (qu.)	18114	July 26 July 20 Aug. 2 July 15
Broadway & Newport Bridge Co. (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.)	\$213	July 31 July 15 July 31 July 15 Aug. 16 July 31 Aug. 2 July 10 July 26 July 20 Aug. 2 July 15 Aug. 1 June 30 Aug. 1 June 30
Preferred (quar.)	\$136	Oct. 15 Oct. 1 1-15-38 Dec. 31
Preferred (quar.) Brooklyn Union Gas.	\$113 40c	4-15-38 Apr. 1 Oct. 1 Sept. 1
61/4% preferred (quar.)	\$1 % 112 % c	Aug. 15 July 20 Aug. 15 July 20 Aug. 16 Aug. 2
Payable at rate of 1-32 sh. of com. or cash. Bon Ami Co. class A (quar.). Class B (quar.). Boss Mfg. Co. common. Boston Edison Co. (quar.) Brewer (C.) & Co. (monthly) British Columbia Telep. Co. 6% 1st pfd (qu.). Broadway & Newport Bridge Co. (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.). Brooklyn-Manhattan Transit— Preferred (quar.). Preferred (quar.). Preferred (quar.). Brooklyn Union Gas. Buckeye Steel Casting. 6 ½% preferred (quar.). Buffalo Ankerite Gold Mines (quar.) Bullaok Fund, Ltd. (quar.). Burdine's, Inc. (fregular) Burlington Mills. Calamba Sugar Estate (quar.). Preferred (quar.).	\$7 Ke	Aug. 15 July 20 Aug. 16 Aug. 2 Aug. 16 Aug. 2 Aug. 2 July 15 Aug. 1 July 15 July 26 July 12 Aug. 15 Aug. 5 Oct. 1 Sept. 15
Bullock Fund, Ltd. (quar.) Burdine's, Inc. (irregular) Burlington Mills	30c 50c 25c	July 26 July 12
Calamba Sugar Estate (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Calgary Power Co. 6% preferred (quar.)	40c 35c	Oct. 1 Sept. 15 Oct. 1 Sept. 15
California Packing Corn (quar)	37160	Oct. 1 Sept. 15 Aug. 2 July 15 Aug. 16 July 31 Aug. 16 July 31 July 20 July 6
Preferred (quar.). Canada Bud Breweries, Ltd., common. Canada Northern Power Corp., Ltd. (quar.)	130c	July 26 June 30
Canadian Propose Co. Itd. common (quan)	271/0	Aug. 2 June 28 Aug. 2 July 20 Aug. 2 July 20
Preferred (quar.) Canadian Dredge & Dock, Ltd. (interim) Canadian Industries, Ltd. A & B (quar.) Carolina Clinchfield & Ohio Ry. (quar.) Stamped certificates (quar.)	\$1 14 \$1 \$1	July 31 July 14 July 31 June 30
Carolina Clinchfield & Ohio Ry. (quar.) Stamped certificates (quar.)	\$1 1/4 \$1 \$1 1/4 25c \$1 1/4	Aug. 2 June 28 Aug. 2 July 20 July 31 July 14 July 31 June 30 July 20 July 10 July 20 July 10 July 23 July 15 Aug. 2 June 30 Aug. 2 June 30
Carpel Corp. (reduced) Celotex Corp., 5% pref. (quar.) Central Hudson Gas & Electric (quar.) Central Illinois Securities Corp., pref	\$114 20c	Aug. 2 July 20 Aug. 2 June 30
Central Mississippi valley Electric Prop.—		Aug. 1 July 20 Sept. 1 Aug. 14
6% preferred (quar.) Central Power & Light 7% preferred 6% preferred. Central & Southwest Utilities 7% prior lien	\$134 \$134 \$134 \$134 \$134 \$134	Aug. 2 July 15
Central & Southwest Utilities 7% prior lien 6% prior lien Centrifugal Pipe Corp. (quar.)	\$134	July 20 July 10 July 20 July 10
Century Ribbon Mills preferred (quar.)	\$134	Aug. 16 Aug. 5 Nov. 15 Nov. 5 Sept. 1 Aug. 20
Cerro de Pasco Copper Corp Champion Paper & Fibre (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	50c	Aug. 2 July 19 Aug. 16 July 31 Oct. 1 Sept. 15
Preferred (quar.) Charis Corp. (quar.) Chase National Bank (semi-annual) Cherry-Burrell Corp. (quar.)	\$1 1/4 37 1/4 c 70 c	Aug. 1 July 22 Aug. 2 July 16 July 31 July 20 July 31 July 20
Cincinnati Union Terminal Co. 5% pref (qu)	\$1 1/4 \$1 1/4	Oct. 1 Mar. 20
City of Paris Dry Goods Co. 7% 1st pref. (qu.) - 7% 1st pref. (quar.)	\$1 % \$1 % \$1 % \$1 % \$1 %	Aug. 16 Aug. 10 Nov. 15 Nov. 10 Aug. 2 July 20
Cleveland Cincinnati Chicago & St. Louis		July 31 July 21 July 31 July 21
Cleveland & Pittsburgh RR. Co. gtd. (quar.) Guaranteed (quar.) Special guaranteed (quar.) Special guaranteed (quar.)	87 ½c 50c	Sept. 1 Nov 10 Dec. 1 May 10 Sept. 1 Nov 10
Special guaranteed (quar.) Cliffs Corp Cluster Peabody & Co. new (intial)	50c	Dec. 1 Mar 12 July 30 July 20 Aug. 2 July 21
Colon Development Co. 6% red. conv. pref 5% red. income stock, series A	114%	July 1
Cliffs Corp. Cluett Peabody & Co., new (initial). Colon Development Co. 6% red. conv. pref. 5% red. income stock, series A. Columbia Gas & Elec. Corp., 6% ser. A (quar.). 5% preferred series No. 33 (quar.). 5% preferred series No. 22 (quar.). Columbia Pictures Corp. com. v. t. c., sik. div. Columbia & South Ohio Elec. Co. 61% pf. (qu.) Commonwealth Edison Co. (quar.).	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Aug. 15 July 20 Aug. 15 July 20 Aug. 15 July 20 Aug. 15 July 20
Columbia Pictures Corp. com. v. t. c., stk. div Columbus & South Ohio Elec. Co. 6 1/2 % pf. (qu.)	\$1.62 \$1.4	Aug. 23 Aug. 9 Aug. 2 July 15
Commonwealth Utilities Corp. 614% pf. C (qu.)	5c \$1%	Aug. 2 July 15 Aug. 2 July 14 Sept. 1 Aug. 14 Aug. 14 July 31
Concord Gas Co. 7% preferred. Confederation Life Assoc. (Ont.) (quarterly)	50c \$1 \$1	Aug. 14 July 31 Sept. 30 Dec. 24 Dec. 31 Mar. 15
Connecticut River Power Co. 6% pref. (sa.)	\$114	Sept. 1 Aug. 16
Consolidated Assets Corp. (initial)	37 1/6 37 1/6	July 20 July 10 July 30 July 15 Aug. 1 July 15
Consolidated Cigar Corp. 7% pref. (quar.)	121/3c \$1%	Aug. 1 July 15 Sept. 1 Aug. 16
Prior preferred (quar.) Consolidated Edison of N. Y., \$5 pref. (quar.) Consolidated Laundries, \$7 1/4 pref. (quar.) Consolidated Oil Corp. (quar.)	\$114	Aug. 2 June 25 Aug. 2 July 15
Consolidated Oil Corp. (quar.) Extra Consolidated Royalty Oil Co	10c	Aug. 14 July 15 Aug. 14 July 15
	150 1	July 25 July 15 Aug. 2 July 10 Aug. 2 July 10
Copperweld Steel Co. (quar.)	50c 75c	Aug. 31 Aug. 14 Aug. 2 July 22 July 20 July 6 Aug. 15 July 31
7% preferred (quar.) Copperweld Steel Co. (quar.) Corn Exchange Bank Trust Co. (quar.) Corn Products Refining (quar.) Corporate Investors, Ltd. (quar.) Crane Co., 7% preferred Crowell Publishing Co. 7% pref. (semi-ann.) Crown Cork & Seal, Ltd. (quar.) Crown Drug Co. preferred (quar.)	61/2C	Sept. 101
Crown Cork & Seal, Ltd. (quar.)	\$3 ½ 20c 43 % c	Aug. 2 July 24 Aug. 15 July 31
Crown Orug Co. preferred (quar.) Crum & Forster, preferred (quarterly) Cumberland Co. Pow. & Lt. Co., 5 1/3 % pf. (qu.) Cunningham Drug Stores (quar.)	\$13%	Aug. 16 Aug. 2 Sept. 30 Sept. 20 Aug. 2 July 17
Cunningham Drug Stores (quar.) 6% preferred B (quar.) Davenport Water, 6% pref. (quar.) Davison Bros., Inc. (interim) Dentists Supply Co. of N. Y. (quar.)	31 1/2	Aug. 2 July 17 July 20 July 5 July 20 July 5 Aug. 2 July 20
Davison Bros., Inc. (interim)	75c 75c	July 24 July 14 Sept 1 Aug. 20 Dec. 1 Nov. 20 Oct. 1 Oct. 1 Dec. 23 Dec. 23
Quarterly	911/	Oct. 1 Oct. 1
Quarterly 7% preferred (quarterly) 7% preferred (quarterly) 7% preferred (quarterly)	\$133	Aug. 23 Dec. 23
7% preferred (quarterly) 7% preferred (quarterly) Dennison Mfg. Co. debenture stock (quar.) Denver Union Stockyards, 5½% pref. (quar.) Deposited Insurance Shares, series A	75c \$134 \$134 \$134 2% \$136 74c	Aug. 2 July 20 Sept. 1 Aug. 20 Aug. 2 July 1
7% preferred (quarterly) 7% preferred (quarterly) Dennison Mfg. Co. debenture stock (quar.) Denver Union Stockyards, 5½% pref. (quar.) Deposited Insurance Shares, series A Series B Detroit Gasket & Mfg. Co. (quar.)	\$1% 7% c 7c 25c	Dec. 23 Dec. 23 Aug. 2 July 20 Sept. 1 Aug. 20 Aug. 2 July 1 Aug. 2 July 1 July 20 July 3 1-5-38 Dec. 20
7% preferred (quarterly) 7% preferred (quarterly) Dennison Mfg. Co. debenture stock (quar.) Denver Union Stockyards, 5½% pref. (quar.) Deposited Insurance Shares, series A	\$1% 7% c 7c 25c	Dec. 23 Dec. 23 Aug. 2 July 20 Sept. 1 Aug. 20 Aug. 2 July 1 Aug. 2 July 1 July 20 July 3 1-5-38 Dec. 20 July 20 July 10

Diamond Match Co. Common	Name of Company	Per Share	When Holders Payable of Record
Common aik. dir. of 4-50ths of as h. of Pan monot Mache Om. six. held. Payable in three installments, the ais of 2-50ths; the Prof. six. div. of 1-50th of a sh. of Pas m. March Corp. for each sh. of Diamond March Corp. for each sh. of Diamond Prof. of the Corp. of each sh. of Diamond Prof. of the Corp. of each sh. of Diamond Prof. of the Corp. of each sh. of Diamond Prof. of the Corp. of each sh. of Diamond Prof. of the Corp. of each sh. of Diamond Prof. of the Corp. o	Common	950	Sept. 1 Aug. 14 Dec. 1 Nov. 15
Preferred Grown Free F	Common stk. div. of 4-50ths of a sh. of Pan Amer. Match Corp. for each sh. of Dia-	200	
Preferred (semi-ann.)	ZO AC ACI OF 1-DUED PACE.		
Preferred (semi-ann.)	Pref. stk. div. of 1-50th of a sh. of Pas Am. Match Corp. for each sh. of Diamond	,	
Demm Mines Lidd (quar)	Preferred (semi-ann.) Preferred (sem -ann.)	75c 75c	Sept. 1 Aug. 14 Marl'38 Feb 15'38
Demm Mines Lidd (quar)	Dixie-Vortex Co., (quarterly) Class A (quarterly) Doctor Penper Co. (quarterly)	3714c 6214c	Oct. 1 Sept. 10 Oct. 1 Sept. 10
Down Drugs C. (quar.)	Quarterly Doehler Die Casting	20c 50c	
Down Drugs C. (quar.)	Ertra	\$2	July 20 June 30 July 20 June 30
### State 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999		\$156 25c	July 31 July 10 July 30 July 22
### State 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999	Dow Drug Co. (quar.) Driver-Harris Co. (quar.) Duplan Silk Corp. (semi-ann.)	37 15c	July 20 July 10 Aug. 14 Aug. 5
### State 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999	du Pont de Nemours (E. I.), deb. stock (quar.) Eastern Theatres, Ltd., pref. (sa.)	\$114	July 24 July 9 July 31 June 30
### State 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999	Quarterly East Penn RR. 6% gtd. (semi-ann.)	50c \$134	Nov. 15 Nov. 6 July 20 July 10
### State 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999	Edison Electric Illum. Co of Boston Electric Bond & Share Co. \$6 pref. (quar.) \$5 preferred (quar.)	\$11/2	Aug. 2 July 10 Aug. 2 July 6
### State 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999 1999	Elgin National Watch Employers Group Assoc. (quar.)	50c 25c	Sept. 15 Sept. 1 July 31 July 17
### Sprefered (quar.)	Emporium Capwell Corp., 7% preferred (sa.) 4½% cumul. preferred A (quarterly)	5634 C	Sept. 23 Sept. 11 Oct 1 Sept. 21 1-2-38 Dec. 23
### Sprefered (quar.)	Eppens Smith (semi-ann.) Erie & Pittsburgh RR. Co., 7% gtd. (quar.)	87 14c	Aug. 1 July 26 Sept. 10 Aug. 31
### Sprefered (quar.)	Guaranteed betterment (quar.) Guaranteed betterment (quar.)	80c 80c	Sept. 1 Aug. 31 Dec. 1 Nov. 30
Pederal Insurance (Jersey City) (quar.)	Eureka Pipe Line Co. (quar.) Fansteel Metallurgical Corp. \$5 pref. (quar.)	\$1 1/2	Aug. 2 July 15* Sept. 30 Sept. 15
Filar (Amer. deposit receipus) Fibreboard Products, inc., 6% pref. (qu.) Filoreboard Products, inc., 6% preferred (quar.) Fiscal Fund, Inc. (beneficial share) Bank stock series (stock div.) Bank stock series (stock div.) Fishman (M. H.) Co., 5½ % preferred (ss.) Fishman (M. H.) Co., 5½ % preferred (ss.) Fishman (M. H.) Co., 5½ % preferred (ss.) Fishman (R. H.) Co., 5½ % preferred (ss.) Fishman (R. H.) Co., preferred (quar.) Fishman (Grain & Maling (quar.) Fishman (Grain & Maling (quar.) Freedred Grain & Maling (quar.) Freedred Grain & Maling (quar.) Frost Steel & Wire, 7% ist preferred Fishman (Grain & Maling (quar.) Fishman (G	ETTER	\$212 50c	Oct. 1 Sept. 10 Oct. 1 Sept. 10
Fiscal Fund, Inc. (beneficial share)		41.2c	July 7
Fiscal Fund, Inc. (beneficial share)	Fibreboard Products, Inc., 6% pref. (qu.) Filene's (Wm.) Sons, preferred (quar.)	\$1.18%	Aug. 2 July 16 July 26 July 23
Pahnman (M. M. M. S. Control Pake Rubber Corp., preferred Pake Rubber Corp., preferred Pake Rubber Corp., preferred Pake Rubber Corp.	6% preferred A (quar.) Fiscal Fund, Inc. (beneficial share)—	4-/-	Sept. 1 Aug. 14
Fuller Brush Co. 7% preferred (quar.) Gardner Denver Co. (quar.) Freferred (quar.) Freferred (quar.) Gas Securities Co. (mo.) Gas Securities Co. (mo.) Gas Securities Co. (mo.) General Electric Co. General Electric Co. General Electric of G. B., Ltd. (annual) Extra. Less tax; for year ending March 31, 1937. General Mills, Inc. (quar.) General Electric Co. General Motors Corp., preferred (quar.) General Outdoor Advertisement preferred. General Public Service Corp., 36 pref. (quar.) \$554 preferred (quarterly) General Telephone Allied Corp., 36 pref. Gibbellost Fire & Marine Insurance. Gibbellost Fire & Marine Insurance. Gimble Bros., preferred (quar.) Giobe Hoist Co. (initial, quar.) Giobe Boist Co. (initial, quar.) Gotham Silk Hoslery Co., Inc., 7% cum. pref. 7% cumulative preferred (quar.) Greant Lakes Engineering Works (increased) Great Lakes Engineering Works (increased) Gotham Silk Hoslery Co., Inc., 7% cum. pref. 7% cumulative preferred (quar.) Great Lakes Engineering Works (increased) Gotham Silk Hoslery Co., Inc., 7% cum. pref. 76c Aug. 2 July 15 Aug. 2 July 16 Aug. 2 July 19 July 24 July 26 July 20 Sept. 1 Aug. 31 General Clectric Light Co. (monthly) Monthly Monthly Voting trust certificates (quar.) The Freferred (quar.) Freferred (quar.) The Good Mines, E.) Co. class A common (quar.) Freferred (quar.) The Good Mines, E.) Co. class A common (quar.) The Spence, Barclett & Co. (monthly) Locker Products Corp. (quar.) The Good Mines, E.) Co. class A common (quar.) The Good Mines, E. (quar.) The Good Mines, E. (quar.) The Good Mines, E. (quar	Insurance stock series (stock div.) Fishman (M. H.) Co., 5 4 % preferred (sa.)	215%	Sept. 15 Aug. 16 Sept. 15 Aug. 16 Sept. 1 Aug. 20
Fuller Brush Co. 7% preferred (quar.) Gardner Denver Co. (quar.) Freferred (quar.) Freferred (quar.) Gas Securities Co. (mo.) Gas Securities Co. (mo.) Gas Securities Co. (mo.) General Electric Co. General Electric Co. General Electric of G. B., Ltd. (annual) Extra. Less tax; for year ending March 31, 1937. General Mills, Inc. (quar.) General Electric Co. General Motors Corp., preferred (quar.) General Outdoor Advertisement preferred. General Public Service Corp., 36 pref. (quar.) \$554 preferred (quarterly) General Telephone Allied Corp., 36 pref. Gibbellost Fire & Marine Insurance. Gibbellost Fire & Marine Insurance. Gimble Bros., preferred (quar.) Giobe Hoist Co. (initial, quar.) Giobe Boist Co. (initial, quar.) Gotham Silk Hoslery Co., Inc., 7% cum. pref. 7% cumulative preferred (quar.) Greant Lakes Engineering Works (increased) Great Lakes Engineering Works (increased) Gotham Silk Hoslery Co., Inc., 7% cum. pref. 7% cumulative preferred (quar.) Great Lakes Engineering Works (increased) Gotham Silk Hoslery Co., Inc., 7% cum. pref. 76c Aug. 2 July 15 Aug. 2 July 16 Aug. 2 July 19 July 24 July 26 July 20 Sept. 1 Aug. 31 General Clectric Light Co. (monthly) Monthly Monthly Voting trust certificates (quar.) The Freferred (quar.) Freferred (quar.) The Good Mines, E.) Co. class A common (quar.) Freferred (quar.) The Good Mines, E.) Co. class A common (quar.) The Spence, Barclett & Co. (monthly) Locker Products Corp. (quar.) The Good Mines, E.) Co. class A common (quar.) The Good Mines, E. (quar.) The Good Mines, E. (quar.) The Good Mines, E. (quar	Fisk Rubber Corp., preferred (quar.) Food Machinery Corp. (quar.)	\$114 25c	July 20 July 10 July 31 July 15
Fuller Brush Co. 7% preferred (quar.) Gardner Denver Co. (quar.) Freferred (quar.) Freferred (quar.) Gas Securities Co. (mo.) Gas Securities Co. (mo.) Gas Securities Co. (mo.) General Electric Co. General Electric Co. General Electric of G. B., Ltd. (annual) Extra. Less tax; for year ending March 31, 1937. General Mills, Inc. (quar.) General Electric Co. General Motors Corp., preferred (quar.) General Outdoor Advertisement preferred. General Public Service Corp., 36 pref. (quar.) \$554 preferred (quarterly) General Telephone Allied Corp., 36 pref. Gibbellost Fire & Marine Insurance. Gibbellost Fire & Marine Insurance. Gimble Bros., preferred (quar.) Giobe Hoist Co. (initial, quar.) Giobe Boist Co. (initial, quar.) Gotham Silk Hoslery Co., Inc., 7% cum. pref. 7% cumulative preferred (quar.) Greant Lakes Engineering Works (increased) Great Lakes Engineering Works (increased) Gotham Silk Hoslery Co., Inc., 7% cum. pref. 7% cumulative preferred (quar.) Great Lakes Engineering Works (increased) Gotham Silk Hoslery Co., Inc., 7% cum. pref. 76c Aug. 2 July 15 Aug. 2 July 16 Aug. 2 July 19 July 24 July 26 July 20 Sept. 1 Aug. 31 General Clectric Light Co. (monthly) Monthly Monthly Voting trust certificates (quar.) The Freferred (quar.) Freferred (quar.) The Good Mines, E.) Co. class A common (quar.) Freferred (quar.) The Good Mines, E.) Co. class A common (quar.) The Spence, Barclett & Co. (monthly) Locker Products Corp. (quar.) The Good Mines, E.) Co. class A common (quar.) The Good Mines, E. (quar.) The Good Mines, E. (quar.) The Good Mines, E. (quar	Froedtert Grain & Malting (quar.)	\$1 1/2 15c	Aug. 2 July 26 Aug. 2 July 15 July 25 July 15
Sardner Denver Co. (quar.) 255 July 20 July 10	Frost Steel & Wire, 7% 1st preferred.	\$1.05 †\$1%	July 25 July 15 Aug. 2 July 16 Oct. 1 Sept. 22
General Electric Co. General Electric Co. General Electric Co. General Electric Co. General Mils. Inc. (quar.) 10% July 24 June 24 Extra. Less tax; for year ending March 31, 1937. 75c Aug. 2 July 10 General Mils. Inc. (quar.) 56 pref. (quar.) 514 Aug. 2 July 16 General Public Service Corp., \$6 pref. (quar.) 514 Aug. 2 July 16 General Telephone Allied Corp., \$6 pref. (quar.) 514 Aug. 2 July 15 General Telephone Allied Corp., \$6 pref. (quar.) 50c Oct. 18 pt. 14 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 14 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 14 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 14 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 14 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 14 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 14 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gotham Silk Hosierer & Greenfeed (quar.) 50c Aug. 2 July 15 Gude Winmin Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gude Winmin Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gude Winmin Insuran	Fuller Manufacturing Co. Gardner Denver Co. (quar.)	5c 25c	July 20 July 10
General Electric Co. General Electric Co. General Electric Co. General Electric Co. General Mils. Inc. (quar.) 10% July 24 June 24 Extra. Less tax; for year ending March 31, 1937. 75c Aug. 2 July 10 General Mils. Inc. (quar.) 56 pref. (quar.) 514 Aug. 2 July 16 General Public Service Corp., \$6 pref. (quar.) 514 Aug. 2 July 16 General Telephone Allied Corp., \$6 pref. (quar.) 514 Aug. 2 July 15 General Telephone Allied Corp., \$6 pref. (quar.) 50c Oct. 18 pt. 14 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 14 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 14 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 14 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 14 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 14 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 14 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gilbraitar Fire & Marine Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gotham Silk Hosierer & Greenfeed (quar.) 50c Aug. 2 July 15 Gude Winmin Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gude Winmin Insurance 50c Oct. 18 pt. 1 Gude Winmin Insuran	Preferred (quar.) Gas Securities Co. (mo.)	75c	Aug. 1 July 20 Aug. 2 July 15
General Mills, Inc. (quar.)	Preferred (monthly) Gellman Mfg Co General Electric Co	50c 10c	Aug. 2 July 15 Aug. 10 July 31
General Mills, Inc. (quar.)		10% 71%	July 24 June 24 July 24 June 24
Simble Bros. preferred (quar.) 313/2 July 26 July 10	General Motors Corp., preferred (quar.)	75c	Aug. 2 July 10
Simble Bros. preferred (quar.) 313/2 July 26 July 10	General Public Service Corp., \$6 pref. (quar.)	15112	Aug. 2 July 15
Simble Bros. preferred (quar.) 313/2 July 26 July 10	Gibraltar Fire & Marine Insurance	†\$312 50c	Oct. 1 Sept. 14
Greenfield Gas Light Co. 6% preferred (quar.) 75c Aug. 2 July 15	Gillette Safety Razor, \$5 preferred (quar.) Gimble Bros., preferred (quar.)	\$114	Aug 9 Turks 1
Greenfield Gas Light Co. 6% preferred (quar.) 75c Aug. 2 July 15	Glen Alden Coal (interim) Globe Hoist Co. (initial, quar.) Globe & Rutgers Fire Inc. Co. 2d prof. (saa.)	1214c 25c	July 20 July 3 July 20 July 15
Greenfield Gas Light Co. 6% preferred (quar.) 75c Aug. 2 July 15	Gotham Silk Hoslery Co., Inc., 7% cum. pref 7% cumulative preferred (quar.)	\$134	Aug. 2 July 12 Aug. 2 July 12
Greenfield Gas Light Co. 6% preferred (quar.) 75c Aug. 2 July 15	Great Lakes Engineering Works (increased)	40c \$134	Aug. 2 July 15
Hartford Electric Light Co. (quar.). Hartford Electric Light Co. (quar.). 61% preferred (quar.). 620c preferred (quar.). 61% preferred (quar.). 620c preferred (q	Greenfield Gas Light Co. 6% preferred (quar.) Gude Winmill Trading Corp	75c \$2	Aug. 2 July 15 Aug. 2 July 15
Hibbard, Spencer, Bartlett & Co. (monthly)	Harbison-Walker Refractories Co., pref. (qu.)	\$136	July 20 July 6 Aug. 2 July 15
Hibbard, Spencer, Bartlett & Co. (monthly)	61/2% preferred (quar.) Hawaiian Agricultural Co. (monthly)	\$15% 20c	Aug. 1 July 15 Aug. 1 July 15 July 31 July 24
Hibbard, Spencer, Bartlett & Co. (monthly)	Hecker Products Corp. (quar.) Hercules Powder Co. preferred (quar.)	\$136 \$136	Aug. 1 July 10 Aug. 14 Aug. 3
Monthly	Conv. pref. (quar.) Hibbard, Spencer, Bartlett & Co. (monthly)	20c	Aug. 16 July 24 July 30 July 20
Holiand Furnace Co.	Monthly Hires (Chas. E.) Co. class A common (quar.)		Sept. 24 Sept. 14
Humberstone Shoe Co., Ltd. (quar.) 150c Aug. 2 July 15	Holland Furnace Co	25c	Aug. 2 July 16 Aug. 2 July 15
Humberstone Shoe Co., Ltd. (quar.) 150c Aug. 2 July 15	Homestake Mining Co. (new) Honolulu Gas Co., Ltd	3734c 45c	July 26 July 20 July 20 July 12
Humberstone Shoe Co., Ltd. (quar.) 150c Aug. 2 July 15	Horn & Hardart Co. (N. Y.) (quar.) Hotel Barbizon, Inc., yot. tr. ctfs. (quar.)	50c 50c	Aug. 2 July 20 Aug. 2 July 12 Aug. 5 July 24
Imporial Life Assurance of Canada (quar.) Quarterly Incorporated Investors Indiana Security Corp. 6% preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) International Business Machine Corp International Cigar Machine Co. common International Cigar Machine Co. common Interstate Department Stores, 7% pref. (quar.)	Voting trust certificates (quarterly) Howey Gold Mines, Ltd. (semi-ann.) Humberstone Shop Co. Ltd. (semi-ann.)	\$2 2c	Nov. 5 Oct. 25 Aug. 2 June 26
Imporial Life Assurance of Canada (quar.) Quarterly Incorporated Investors Indiana Security Corp. 6% preferred (quar.) Preferred (quar.) International Business Machine Corp International Cigar Machine Co. common International Cigar Machine Co. common Interstate Department Stores, 7% pref. (quar.)	Hussman-Ligonier (quar.) Huttig Sash & Door Co. 7% preferred (quar.)	25c \$134	Aug. 1 June 20 Sept. 30 Sept. 20
Indiana Security Corp. 6% preferred (quar.) 374c Sept. 15 Interchemical Corp. (quar.) 574c Sept. 15 Interchemical Corp. (quar.) 514d Sept. 15 International Business Machine Corp. 514d Sept. 12 International Cigar Machine Co. common 50c Aug. 1 July 20 International Nickel Co. of Canada, pref. (qu.) 514d Aug. 2 July 3 Interstate Department Stores, 7% pref. (quar.) 514d July 31 July 31 Interstate Department Stores, 7% pref. (quar.) 514d July 31 July 31 Interstate Department Stores, 7% pref. (quar.) 514d July 31 July 30 Interstate Department Stores, 7% pref. (quar.) 514d July 30 Interstate Department Stores, 7% pref. (quar.) 514d July 30 Interstate Department Stores, 7% pref. (quar.) 514d Interstate	Imperial Life Assurance of Canada (quar.)	\$114	Dec. 30 Dec. 20 Aug. 2 July 15
International Business Machine Corp	Quarterly Incorporated Investors Indiana Security Corp. 8 of particular and a securit	30c	1-3-38 Dec. 31 July 30 July 6
International Business Machine Corp	Interchemical Corp. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	50c	Aug. 1 July 20
Interstate Department Stores, 7% pref. (quar.) \$11/4 July 31 July 19	International Cigar Machine Co. common International Cigar Machine Co. common International Nickel Co. of Canada, pref. (cu.)	50c 13134	Oct. 9 Sept. 22 Aug. 2 July 17
6% preferred C +75c July 20 June 30 Isotta Fraschini Amer. deposit receipts 3 1/4c July 7	Interstate Department Stores, 7% pref. (quar.) - lowa Electric Light & Power, 7% pref. A 6 ½% preferred B	18716c	July 31 July 19 July 20 June 30 July 20 June 30
	6% preferred O Isotta Fraschini Amer, deposit receipts	†75c	July 20 June 30 July 7

Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	Holders of Record
fron Fireman Mfg. Co. (quar.)Quarterly	30c 30c	Sept. 1 Dec. 1	Aug. 10 Nov. 10 July 15
Quarterly Jantzen Knitting Mills (quar.) Preferred (quarterly) Joslin-Schmidt Corp. 7% pref. (quar.) Kalamazoo Stove & Furnace (quar.)	25c \$1 1/4 \$1 3/4	1 A 11 CF 12 5	A 1102 203
Kangas City St. Louis & Chicago DD 60' of gtd	25c	Aug. 2 Aug. 20	Sept. 20 July 20 July 20 July 20 July 20
Kaurmann Dept. Stores (quar.)	40c	July 28 July 31 July 31	July 10 July 12
5% preferred (quar.) Kemper-Thomas Co.— 7% special preferred (quar.)	\$134 \$134	Sont 1	
7% special preferrred (quar.) Keokuk Electric 6% preferred (quar.) Keystone Steel & Wire	\$1 1/4 \$1 1/4 \$1 1/5 20c	Dec. 1 Aug. 16 Aug. 2 July 24 Aug. 2 Oct. 1	Aug. 10 July 12
Knickerbocker Insurance Co. (N. Y.) (quar)- Kokomo Water Works Co., 6% pref. (quar.)	20c \$1 ½	July 24 Aug. 2	July 15 July 20
Kellog Switchboard & Supply Co. 5% preferred (quar.) Kemper-Thomas Co. 7% special preferred (quar.) 7% special preferred (quar.) Keokuk Electric 6% preferred (quar.) Keystone Steel & Wire Knickerbocker Insurance Co. (N. Y.) (quar.) Kokomo Water Works Co., 6% pref. (quar.) Kroehler Mfg. Co., A pref. (quar.) A, preferred (quarterly) Kroger Grocery & Baking, 7% preferred (quar.) Landis Machine (quarterly) Quarterly	\$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\ \$1 \\	Dec. 31 Aug. 2	Dec. 24 July 20
Quarterly 7% preferred (quarterly)	25c 25c \$134	Aug. 15 Nov. 15 Sept. 15	Nov 5 Sept 5
7% preferred (quarterly) Lane Bryant, Inc., 7% pref. (quar.) Lanston Monotype Machine Co	11/4 %	Dec. 15 Aug. 2	Dec 5 July 15 Aug. 21
Lawbeck Corp., 6% pref. (quar.) Lee Rubber & Tire Corp.	\$11/2 75c	Aug. 2 Aug. 2	July 20 July 15*
Landis Machine (quarterly) Quarterly 7% preferred (quarterly) 7% preferred (quarterly) Lane Bryant, Inc., 7% pref. (quar.) Lanston Monotype Machine Co Lawbeck Corp., 6% pref. (quar.) Lee Rubber & Tire Corp Lehigh Portland Cement Co., com. (quar.) Lehigh & Wilkes-Barre Corp. (quar.) Leonard (C.) Tailors Co. (quar.) Leonard (C.) Tailors Co. (quar.) Lerner Stores Corp., preferred (quarterly) Leslie Salt Co. (quar.)	\$1 10c	July 22 July 31	July 12 July 15
	50c 25c 25c	Sept. 15 Sept. 1	Aug. 31 Aug. 15
Quarterly Lexington Utilities, pref Preferred (quar.) Lincoln National Life Insurance Co. (qu.)	\$156 \$156 30c	Dec. 31 Aug. 22 Aug. 15 Nov. 15 Sept. 15 Dec. 15 Aug. 22 Aug. 22 Aug. 22 July 22 July 22 July 22 July 31 Aug. 20 Aug. 10 Sept. 10 Dec. 10 Sept. 10 Dec. 10 Sept. 10 July 31 Aug. 31 Sept. 30	July 31 July 31
Lincoln National Life Insurance Co. (qu.) Quarterly Lincoln Printing Co., pref. (quar.)	30c 30c 87 1/4 c	Aug. 2 Nov. 1 Aug. 2	July 27 Oct. 26 July 15
Quarterly Lincoln Printing Co., pref. (quar.) Link Belt Co. (quar.) Preferred (quar.) Lion Oil Refining (quar.)	87 1/4c 50c \$1 1/4 25c 25c	Sept. 1 Oct. 1	Aug. 14 Sept. 15 June 30
Extra Little Miami RR., special guaranteed (quar.) Special guaranteed (quar.) Original capital	25c 50c	July 20 Sept. 10	June 20 Aug. 25
Original capital Original capital Lockhart Power Co., 7% pref. (sa.) Lock Joint Pipe Co. (monthly)	\$1.10 \$1.10	Sept. 10 Dec. 10	Aug. 25 Nov. 26
	75c 75c	July 31 Aug 31	July 21 Aug 21
Monthly	750	Sept. 30 Oct. 30 Nov. 30 Dec. 31	Sept. 20 Oct. 20 Nov. 20
Monthly 8% preferred (quar.) 8% preferred (quar.)	75c \$2	Dec. 31 Oct 1 1-3-38	Dec. 20 Sept. 28 Dec. 31
Monthly 8% preferred (quar.) 8% preferred (quar.) Loew's, Inc., \$6½ pref. (quar.) Lone Star Gas Corp. 6½% preferred (quar.) Loose-Wiles Biscuit Co., common. 5% preferred (quar.)	\$1.10 \$1.10 \$3.14 75c 75c 75c 75c 75c 75c 75c 82 \$2 \$2 \$1.63	Aug. 14 Aug. 21	July 29 July 21 July 14
Loose-Wiles Biscuit Co., common 5% preferred (quar.)	50c \$114	Aug. 1 Oct. 1	July 19. Sept. 17.
Lovel Electric Light Corp. (quar.) Lunkenheimer Co., preferred (quarterly)	\$114 \$2 90c \$156	July 30 Oct 1	June 30 Sept. 21
Preferred (quar.) Luzerne Co. Gas & Electric Corp., 1st \$7 pref lst \$6 preferred (quarterly)	\$135 \$135 \$135 \$135	1-3-38 Aug. 16 Aug. 16	Dec. 20 Sept. 28 Dec. 31 July 29 July 21 July 14 July 19* Sept. 17* July 16 June 30 Sept. 21 Dec. 21 July 31
Loose-Wiles Biscuit Co., common 5% preferred (quar.) Lord & Taylor, 2d preferred (quar.) Lowell Electric Light Corp. (quar.) Lunkenheimer Co., preferred (quarterly) Preferred (quar.) Luzerne Co. Gas & Electric Corp., 1st \$7 pref 1st \$6 preferred (quarterly) Macfadden Publications, Inc., preferred Madison Square Garden Corp Magma Copper Co. Magmin (I) & Co., 6% preferred(quar.) 6% preferred (quar.)	\$133 20c 50c	Sept. 21 Aug. 31 Sept. 15	Aug. 31 Aug. 16 Aug. 27
Magnin (I) & Co., 6% preferred (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) Manufacturers Trading Co. (quar.)	\$1 1/2 \$1 1/2 6c	Aug. 15 Nov. 15 July 20	Aug. 5 Nov. 5 July 15
6% preferred (quar.) Manufacturers Trading Co. (quar.) Maritime Tel. & Tel., Ltd. 7% preferred (quar.) Massachusetts Investors Trust (quar.) Massawippi Valley RR. Co. (sa.)	1716c 24c \$3	Aug. 16 Aug. 21 Sept. 21 Aug. 31 Sept. 15 Nov. 15 July 20 July 20 July 20 Aug. 2 Sept. 1 Aug. 2 Aug. 2 Aug. 2 Aug. 2	June 30 June 30 July 1
May Dept. Stores Co. (quar.). Mayfair Investment Co. (Los Angeles) (qu.) Maytag Co. \$6 1st pref. (quar.). \$3 preferred with warrants (quar.). \$3 preferred without warrants (quar.).	\$3 75c 75c \$11/4 75c 75c	Sept. 1 Aug. 2 Aug. 2	Aug. 16 July 20 July 16
\$3 preferred with warrants (quar.) \$3 preferred without warrants (quar.)	75c 75c 50c	Aug. 2 Aug. 2	July 16 July 16 July 15
McCall Corp., common (quar.) McClatchy Newspapers, 7% pref. (quar.) 7% preferred (quarterly) McCrory Stores Corp., 6% conv. pref. (quar.) McLellan Stores, pref. (quar.) Melville Shoe Corp. (quar.) Preferred (quar.)	50c 43%c 43%c \$1% \$1% 7%c 15c 26c	Aug. 2 Aug. 2 Aug. 2 Aug. 3 Nov. 30 Aug. 1 Aug. 1 Aug. 1 Aug. 16 Aug. 16 Oct. 30 July 20 July 31 July 20 July 31 July 20 Aug. 2 Aug. 2 Aug. 2 Aug. 1 1 July 31 July 20 Aug. 2 Aug. 1 1 July 31 July 31	Aug. 31 Nov. 30
McLellan Stores, pref. (quar.) Melville Shoe Corp. (quar.)	\$112	Aug. 1	July 10 July 16
Merchants & Mfrs. Securities class A & B (qu.)	15c 26c	Aug. 16 Aug. 16	Aug. 2
Merchants Refrigerating Co. (N. Y.) 7% pref Messinger Corp. (quar.)Quarterly	26c †\$134 25c 25c	Aug. 2 July 31 Oct. 30	July 15 Oct. 15
Metal & Thermit Corp. Michigan Central RR. Co. (sa.) Michigan Gas & Elec. 7% prior lien.	\$25 †\$1.40 †\$1.20	July 31 July 31 July 20	July 20 July 21 July 10
Michigan Public Service 7% preferred	†\$1.20 †\$1.4	July 20 Aug. 2	July 10 July 15 July 15
Milwaukee Elec. Ry. & Lt. Co. 6% pref. (qu.) Modine Mfg. Co. (quar.)	\$133 \$133 750	July 31 Aug. 2	July 15 July 20
Milwaukee Elec. Ry. & Lt. Co. 6% pref. (qu.) — Modine Mfg. Co. (quar.) — Monmouth Consol. Water Co. (quar.) Montana Power Co. preferred (quar.) Montreal Light, Heat & Power Consol. (quar.) — Monre (Wm. R.) Dr. Goods (quar.) —	38c	Aug 1 July 31	July 12 June 30
Quarterly	31% 38c 31% 31% 31%	1-2-38 Sept 1	Jan. 2 Aug. 27
Quarterly Mullins Mfg., class B (payable in stock) Mutual Chemical Co. of Amer., 6% pref. (quar.)	100%	Sept 1 Dec. 1 July 20 Sept. 28 Dec. 18	July 7 Sept. 18
6% pref. (quar.) National Automotive Fibres, class A National Bearing Metal (irregular)	500	Sept. 1	Aug. 17
7% preferred (quar.)	\$134 40c \$134 50c 25c 75c 50c	Oct. 15	July 16 Sept. 10 Aug. 13
Preferred (quar.) National City Bank (semi-annual) National City Lines (Chicago) (initial) 32 preferred (quarterly)	50c 25c 75c	Aug. 31 Aug. 2 Aug. 1 Aug. 1	July 10 July 20 July 20
\$2 non-cumul. A (quarterly) National Distillers Products (quarterly) National Funding, class A and B (quar.)	50c 50c 1736c	Aug. 1 Aug 2 July 20	July 15* June 30
Class A & B (extra) National Investors Corp. (initial) National Lead, preferred B (quar.) National Liberty Insurance Co. of Amer. (sa.)	17 1/2 c 2 1/2 c 5 c \$1 1/2	July 20 July 29 Aug. 2	July 15* June 30 June 30 June 30 July 16 July 31 July 31 July 31 July 10* Aug. 2
Extra	10c	Aug. 16 Aug. 16 July 24	July 31 July 31 July 10*
National Malleable & Steel Casting	25c \$114 \$114 133(c	Aug. 16 Aug. 16	Aug. 2 Aug. 2 June 28
5% preferred. 5% preferred. National Power & Light, \$6 pref. (quar.). National Tea Co., 5½% pref. (quar.). Nein Corp. (resumed).	1334c	Aug. 2 July 31	July 14 July 15 July 15
Nein Corp. (resumed) Neisner Bros. \$4% pref. (quar.) Nevada-Calif. Electric Corp., pref. (quar.) Newberry (J. J.) Realty Co. 6½% pf. A (qu.) 6% preferred B (quarterly)	\$1.18% \$1% \$1% \$1%	Aug. 2 Aug. 2 Aug. 2 Aug. 2	July 10* Aug. 2 June 28 July 14 July 15 July 15 June 30* July 16 July 16
New Jersey & Hudson R. Ry. & Ferry Co. 6% preferred (sa.)	4-/-	B	July 31

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Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	Holders of Record
New Jersey Zinc	50c 75c	Aug. 10 J July 26 J	
than \$20 and for fractional parts of \$20. New York Merchandise Co. (extra) Quarterly Niagara Shares Corp. of Md., class B	10c 20c 15c	Aug. 2 J Aug. 2 J July 26 J Aug. 16 J Nov. 15 h Aug. 16 J Sept. 18 A Aug. 19 J Sept. 1 J July 26 J July 26 J July 26 J July 26 J July 26 J Sept. 1 h Aug. 2 J Aug. 2 J Sept. 1 h Sept. 1 h July 20 J July 20 J	uly 20 uly 20 uly 2
Quarterly Niagara Shares Corp. of Md., class B Nineteen Hundred Corp., class A (quar.) Class A (quarterly) Class B (quarterly) Norfolk & Western Ry. (quar.)	50c 50c 25c \$216 \$1	Nov. 15 1 Aug. 16 J Sept. 18 4	Nov. 1 uly 31 lug. 31
North American Edison Co. pref. (quar.) North Carolina RR. Co. 7% gtd. (semi-ann.) North Ontario Power Co. 6% pref. (quar.)	\$1 \$3½ \$1½ \$3½ \$1½ 75c 37½c \$1½ \$1 \$1 \$1	Sept. 1 A Aug. 1 J July 26 J	ug. 16 uly 21 une 30
Northern Illinois Finance Corp. (quar.)	25c 37 %c \$1 %	Aug. 2 J Aug. 2 J Sept. 1 A	uly 12 uly 12 uly 12 ug. 17
6% preferred (quar.) Northern RR. Co. of N. J., 4% pref. (quar.) 4% preferred (quarterly) Northern States Power Co. (Del.) 7% pref. (qu.)	\$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1	Sept. 1 A Dec. 1 N July 20 J	lug. 21 Nov. 20 une 30
6% preferred (quar.) Northwest Engineering Co. Nunn-Bush Shoe Co., 5% pref. (initial) 7% preferred (quar.)	25c 98.611c	July 31 J July 31 J July 31 -	uly 15 uly 15
7½% 2d preferred (quar.) Oceanic Oil Co. (quar.) Ohio Public Service Co., 7% pref. (mo.) 6% preferred (monthly)	\$1 1/6 2c 58 1-3c 50c	July 31 July 30 J Aug. 2 J Aug. 2 J	uly 3 uly 15 uly 15
5% preferred (monthly)Oklahoma Natural Gas 6% pref. (quar.)Oliver United Filters, class A (quar.)Onomea Sugar Co. (monthly)	41 2-3c \$1 1/2 50c 20c	Aug. 2 J Sept. 30 8 Aug. 1 J July 20 J	uly 15 ept. 15 uly 20 uly 10
Outboard Marine & Mfg. Co	75c 75c \$1%	Aug. 10 J Aug. 2 J Aug. 2 J Aug. 2 J	uly 26 uly 21 uly 21 uly 21
Northern Oklahoma Gas Co. 6% pref. (qu.) 6% preferred (quar.) Northern RR. Co. of N. J., 4% pref. (quar.) 4% preferred (quarterly) Northern States Power Co. (Del.) 7% pref. (qu.) 6% preferred (quar.) Northwest Engineering Co. Nunn-Bush Shoe Co., 5% pref. (initial) 7% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) Oceanic Oil Co. (quar.) Oceanic Oil Co. (quar.) 6% preferred (monthly) 5% preferred (monthly) 5% preferred (monthly) 0klahoma Natural Gas 6% pref. (quar.) Oliver United Filters, class A (quar.) Outboard Marine & Mfg. Co Outlet Co. (Providence, R. I.) common (quar.) 1st preferred (quar.) 2d preferred (quar.) Paauhau Sugar Plantation Co. (monthly) Preferred A (quarterly) Preferred A (quarterly) Preferred C (quarterly) Preferred C (quarterly) Pacific Lighting Corp. (quar.) 1st preferred (quarterly) Pacific Public Service Co., 1st preferred 1st preferred (quarterly) Pacific Public Service Co., 1st preferred 1st preferred (quarterly) Package Machinery Co., 7% 1st pref. (quar.) Pan American Airways Payne Furnace & Supply Co. (initial) Peninsular Telephone (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.)	10c \$114 20c	Aug. 2 J Aug. 2 J Aug. 2 J	uly 15 uly 15 uly 15
Preferred C (quarterly) Pacific Lighting Corp. (quar.) Pacific Public Service Co., 1st preferred 1st preferred (quarterly)	16 % c 75c †32 % c 32 % c	Aug. 2 Jr Aug. 16 Jr Aug. 2 Jr Aug. 2 Jr	uly 15 uly 20 uly 15 uly 15
Package Machinery Co., 7% 1st pref. (quar.)—Pan American Airways—Payne Furnace & Supply Co. (initial)————Panisular Telephone (quar.)	\$1 1/4 25c 20c 40c	Aug. 2 Ju Aug. 2 Ju Aug. 1 Ju Oct. 1 Se	aly 20 aly 20 aly 28 ept. 15
7% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) Penmans, Ltd. (quar.)	\$134 \$134 75c	Aug. 15 A Nov. 15 N 2–15–38 F Aug. 16 A	ug. 5 ov. 5 eb. 5 ug. 5
Preferred (quar.) Penna. Power Co., \$6 preferred (quar.) \$6.60 preferred (monthly) \$6.60 preferred (monthly)	\$114 550 550	Aug. 2 Ju Sept. 1 A Aug. 2 Ju Sept. 1 A	lly 21 ug. 20 uly 20 ug. 20
Pennsylvania RR. Co Pennsylvania Salt Mfg. Co Penn Traffic Co Phelps, Dodge Corp	40c \$1 14 \$1 14 75c \$1 14 55c 55c 55c 50c 7 14 c 45c	July 22 Ju Sept. 15 Au July 26 Ju Sept. 10 Au	ine 21 ug. 31 uly 9 ug. 20
Philadelphia Co. (quarterly)	\$114 50c 50c	Aug. 2 J Aug. 1 J Oct. 15 N Aug. 15 A Nov. 15 N Aug. 16 A Aug. 16 A Aug. 2 J Aug. 2	lly 10 ept. 10 elly 15
Phillips Jones Corp., preferred	50c 50c 121/sc	Oct. 1 Se Aug. 2 Ju Aug. 2 Ju Oct. 10 Se 1-10-38 Do Sept. 1 Au Aug. 15 Au	pt. 30 ec. 31
Preferred (semi-ann.) Pirelli Co. of Italy Amer. shares Pittaburgh Bessemer & Lake Erie RR. (sa.) Pitta. Cincinnati Shicago & St. Louis	54 lire 75c \$214	Oct 1 g	dy 7
Pacific Public Service Co., 1st preferred 1st preferred (quarterly) Package Machinery Co., 7% 1st pref. (quar.) Pan American Airways Payne Furnace & Supply Co. (initial) Peninsular Telephone (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) Penmans, Ltd. (quar.) Penna. Power Co., \$6 preferred (quar.) \$6.60 preferred (monthly) \$6.60 preferred (monthly) Pennsylvania RR. Co. Pennsylvania Salt Mfg. Co. Penn Traffic Co. Penn Traffic Co. Phelps, Dodge Corp Philadelphia Electric Co. \$5 pref. (quar.) Philadelphia Electric Power, 8% pref. (quar.) Philadelphia Insulated Wire (semi-ann.) Philips Jones Corp. R%, pref. (quar.) Philadelphia Insulated Wire (semi-ann.) Prilit Co. of Italy Amer. shares Pittaburgh Bessemer & Lake Eric RR. (sa.) Pittaburgh Ft. Wayne & Chicago Ry. Co. (qu.) 7% preferred (quar.) Pittaburgh Service W & Bolt Corp Pittaburgh Service W & Bolt Corp Pittaburgh Service (quar.) Pymouth Cordage Co. (quar.) Potomac Electric Power, 6% pref. (quar.) 53/% preferred (quar.) Protered Quar.) Protered & Gambalo Co. (quar.) Properity Co., Inc., 5% pref. (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.) Properity Co., Inc., 5% pref. (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.) Properity Co., Inc., 5% pref. (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.) Properity Co., Inc., 5% pref. (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.) 9% preferred (quar.) 9% preferred (quar.) 9% preferred (quar.) 6% preferred (monthly) 6% preferred (monthly) 6% preferred (monthly) Public Service Corp. of N. J. (quar.) 6% preferred (monthly) Public Service Corp. of N. J. (quar.) 6% preferred (monthly) Public Service of Northern Illinols (quar.) 6% preferred (monthly) Public Service of Northern Illinols (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) 9% preferred (quar.) 9% preferred (quar.) 9% preferred (monthly) Public Service of Northern Illinols (quar.) 6% preferred (quar.) 9% preferred (quar.) 9% preferred (quar.) 9% preferred (quar.)	\$134 15c	Oct. 5 Se July 21 Ju	pt. 10 pt. 10 ne 24
7% preferred (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) Plymouth Cordage Co. (quar.) Employees' stock)	1216c	Sept. 1 At Dec. 1 No July 20 Ju July 20 Ju Aug. 2 Ju Sept. 1 Au July 26 Ju	ly 29 ne 29
Potomac Electric Power, 6% pref. (quar.)	\$113 \$133 \$25c	Sept. 1 Au Sept. 1 Au July 26 Ju	ig. 16 ig. 16 ig. 3
Prosperity Co., Inc., 5% pref. (quar.) 5% preferred (quar.) Public Service Co. of Colorado, 7% pref. (mo.) 5%	\$114 1 \$114 1 81-3c 4	lug. 2	19 20
5% prior preferred (monthly) 4 Public Service Corp. of N. J. (quar.) 8% preferred (quar.)	1 2-3c 2 65c 8	Nov. 1 Aug. 2 Ju Aug. 2 Ju Aug. 2 Ju Sept. 30 Sej Sept. 30 Sej Sept. 30 Sej Lept. 30 Sej Luly 31 Ju Aug. 31 Au Lug. 2 Ju	ly 15 pt. 1 pt. 1
\$5 preferred (quar.) 6% preferred (monthly 6% preferred (monthly)	50c J 50c J	lept. 30 Sej uly 31 Jul lug. 31 Au	ot. 1 y 1 g. 2
Public Service of Northern Illinols (quar.) 6% preferred (quarterly) 7% preferred (quarterly)	65c 8 \$2 8 \$1 4 8 50c J 50c 50c 8 114 A 37 4c A 30c A	lug. 2 Jul	y 15 y 15
Public Service of Northern Illinois (quar.) 6% preferred (quarterly) 7% preferred (quarterly) Pulman, Inc. (quar.) Quaker Oats, preferred (quar.) Quarterly Income Shares, Inc. (quar.) Class A & B (extra) 8% preferred (quar.) Railway Equipment & Realty Co. (quar.) 6% 1st preferred (quarterly) Rapid Electrotype Co. (quar.)	\$116 A 30c A 5c J 10c J	ug. 31 Au lug. 1 Jul uly 20 Jul	g. 2 y 15 ne 30
8% preferred (quar.) Railway Equipment & Realty Co. (quar.) 6% 1st preferred (quarterly) Rapid Electrotype Co. (quar.)	10c J 20c J 25c J \$11/4 J 60c S 60c I 25c A 25c A 50c A	uly 20 July 25 July 25 July 25 July 25 July ept. 15 Ser	ne 30 ne 30 ne 30 nt. 1
Raymond Concrete Pile Co. (quar.)	60c I 25c A 25c A 75c A	Dec. 15 De lug. 2 Jul lug. 2 Jul	c. 1 y 20 y 20 y 20
Reading Co. (quar.) 1st preferred (quarterly) 2nd preferred (quarterly) Regent Knitting Mills, non-cumu, pref. (qu.)	50c A 50c S 50c S 40c S	Aug. 31 Au Aug. 1 Jul Aug. 20 Ju uly 20 Ju uly 20 Ju uly 25 Ju uly 25 Ju ept. 15 Sep ec. 15 De aug. 2 Jul aug. 2 Jul aug. 2 Jul ept. 9 Au ept. 14 Sep ept. 14 Sep ept. 14 Sep ept. 1 Au	y 15 g. 19 ot. 23 g. 5
Non-cumulative preferred (quarterly) Reliance Mfg. Co. (quarterly) Extra Republic Portland Cement Co. 5% pref. (qu.)	40c D 15c A 10c A \$114 S	Dec. 1 No lug. 2 Jul lug. 2 Jul ept. 1 Au Dec. 1 No	y. 15 y 22 y 22 g. 20 v. 20 y 10
\$3 convertible preferred (quar.) Reading Co. (quar.) 1st preferred (quarterly) 2nd preferred (quarterly) Regent Knitting Mills, non-cumu., pref. (qu.) Non-cumulative preferred (quarterly) Reliance Mfg. Co. (quarterly) Extra Republic Portland Cement Co. 5% pref. (qu.) 5% preferred (quar.) Revere Copper & Brass. 7% pref. 5¼ % preferred Rhode Island Public Service Co. \$2 pref. (qu.) Series A (quar.)	\$114 A \$114 A 50c A	ug. 2 Julug. 2 Julug. 2 Jul	v. 20 y 10 y 10 y 15
Series A (quar.). Richmond Insurance Co. of N. Y. (quar.) Rich's, Inc. (quarterly). Rockland Light & Power Co. (quarterly). Stock trust certificates (quarterly). Rolland Paper Co., Ltd. (quar.). Preferred (quarterly).	\$1 A 15c A 50c A 18c A	lec. 1 No lug. 2 Juli lug. 16 Augent. 1 Augent. 1 Augent. 1 Iuli	y 15 y 12 y 20 y 15
Stock trust certificates (quarterly) Rolland Paper Co., Ltd. (quar.) Preferred (quarterly) Roos Bros., Inc. (Del.), \$6½ pref. (quar.)	18c A 25c A \$114 8c \$114 A	ug. 2 Jul ug. 16 Au opt. 1 Au ug. 1 Jul	y 15 g. 6 g. 16 y 15
Preferred (quarterly) Roos Bros., Inc. (Del.), \$6½ pref. (quar.) Roxborough Knitting Mills, Inc.— Participating preferred (quar.) Royal Typewriter Co., Inc., common Pref. (for period of July 1 to July 31, 1937)58	8c Se Julia 1-3c Julia	ept. 1 Aug ily 22 July ily 22 July	r. 14 y 12 y 12

omomere .			
Name of Company	Per Share	When Payable	Holders of Record
Saguenay Power, 51/8 pref. (quar.)	\$136 50c 25c \$134 75c 75c \$134 8734c \$2	Aug. 1 Sept. 20 Aug. 2 Aug. 2 Sept. 30 Dec. 15 Oct. 1 1-3-38 Aug. 2 Aug. 10 July 19 Aug. 2 Aug. 10 July 19 Aug. 2 Aug. 11 Aug. 16 Aug. 15 Aug. 15	July 15 Sept. 9
Saguenay Power, 51/2 % pref. (quar.) St. Joseph Lead Co. (quar.) St. Lawrence Flour Mills (quarterly) Preferred (quarterly) San Francisco Remedial Loan Assoc. (quar.)	25c \$134	Aug. 2 Aug. 2	July 20 July 20
San Francisco Remedial Loan Assoc. (quar.) Quarterly	75c 75c	Sept. 30 Dec. 15	Sept. 15 Dec. 1
San Francisco Remedial Loan Assoc. (quar.) Quarterly. Servel, Inc., preferred (quarterly) Preferred (quar.). Sharpe & Dohme, Inc., \$3.50 pref. A (quar.). Sheaffer (W. A.) Penn Co., 8% pref. (quar.). Sierra Pacific Electric, pref. (quar.). Silex Co. (Hartford, Conn.) (initial). Simmons Co. (interim). Simon (H.) & Sons, pref. (semi-ann.). Skelly Oil Co., pref. (quar.). Smith (S. Morgan) Co. (quar.). Ouarter y	\$1%	1-3-38	Sept. 17 Dec. 20
Sharpe & Dohme, Inc., \$3.50 pref. A (quar.) Sheaffer (W. A.) Penn Co., 8% pref. (quar.)	\$7 % c \$2 \$1 % 25c	July 20	June 30
Silex Co. (Hartford, Conn.) (initial)	25c 50c	Aug. 10 July 19	July 31 July 8
Simon (H.) & Sons, pref. (semi-ann.)	\$314	Aug. 2 Aug. 2	July 20 July 6
Smith (S. Morgan) Co. (quar.) Quarter y	\$1	Aug. 1 Nov. 1	Aug. 1 Nov. 1
Southern Calif. Edison Co., com. (quar.)	\$3½ \$1½ \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1,4 37½c ‡20c	Aug. 15	July 20
Quarter, y Solvay American Corp. 5½% pref. Southern Calif. Edison Co., com. (quar.) Southern Canada Power Co., com. (quar.) Southern Indiana Gas & Electric Co.— 4.8% preferred (quarterly) Southern New England Telep. (quar.) Southern Chalfart & Co. 6% preferred		Aug. 1	July 15
		Aug. 1 July 15 Aug. 2 July 31 Aug. 16	June 30 July 16
Spencer Chain Stores	15c 2%	Aug. 16	Aug. 2
each 100 shs. beld. Spiegel, Inc. (quar.)	25c	Aug. 1	July 15
\$4½ convertible preferred (quar.) Preferred A (quar.)	\$1.125 87½c	Sept. 15 Aug. 1	Sept. 1 July 15
Square D Co. (quarterly) Squibb (E. R.) & Sons, \$6 1st pref. (qu.)	\$1½	Sept. 30 Aug. 2	July 15
Standard Silver-Lead Mining Co. Stanley Works, 5% preferred (quarterly)	31 1/c	Aug. 16	July 30
73/% preferred (quar.)	\$1 % †43 % c	Dec. 31 Aug. 2	Dec. 18 July 7
Preferred (quarterly) Stix, Baer & Fuller, 7% preferred (quar.)	143 % c 43 % c	Aug. 2 Sept. 30	July 7 Sept. 15
7% preferred (quar.) Sun Ray Drug Co. (quar.)	4334 C 20c	July 26	July 15
Surray Oil Corp. (interim)	10c	Aug. 25	July 20 July 20
Tacony-Palmyra Bridge, preferred (quar.) Tamblyn (G.) Ltd. (quarterly)	\$114 20c	Aug. 1.	June 17
Telautograph Corp. (quarterly) Tennessee Corp	15c 25c	Aug. 2 July 22	July 15 July 8
Texas Guif Sulphur Co. (quarterly) Texas Hydro-Electric Corp., 33 1/2 cum. pref That the Mar Co. 22 60 pref	125c	July 21	July 7
The Fair, preferred (quarterly)	\$134	Aug. 1.	July 20 Aug. 20
Toledo Edison Co., 7% pref. (monthly)	58 1-3c 50c	Aug. 2	uly 15 July 15
5% preferred (monthly) Transamerica Corp. (semi-annual)	25c	July 31	uly 15
Tung-Sol Lamp Works, 80c. conv pref. (quar.)	20c \$134	Aug. 2 J	uly 19
Spencer Kellogg & Sons, stock dividends. Optional div., \$50 cash or 2 shs. of com, for each 100 shs. held. Spiegel, Inc. (quar.). \$4½ convertible preferred (quar.). Preferred A (quar.). Square D Co. (quarterly). Squibb (E. R.) & Sons, \$6 1st pref. (qu.). Standard Silver-Lead Mining Co. Stanley Works, 5% preferred (quarterly). Stecher-Traung Lithograph 7½% pref. (quar.). 7½% preferred (quar.). Steel Co. of Canada (quarterly). Preferred (quarterly). Stix. Baer & Fuller, 7% preferred (quar.). 7% preferred (quar.). Sun Ray Drug Co. (quar.). Preferred (quarterly). Sunray Oil Corp. (interim). Symington-Gould Corp., common. Tacony-Palmyra Bridge, preferred (quar.). Tamblyn (G.) Ltd. (quarterly). Telautograph Corp. (quarterly). Tennessee Corp. Texas Gulf Sulphur Co. (quarterly). Texas Gulf Sulphur Co. (quarterly). Texas Hydro-Electric Corp., \$3½ cum. pref. Thatcher Mfg. Co., \$3.60 pref. (quar.). The Fair, preferred (quarterly). Timken-Detroit Axle Co., preferred (quar.). Toledo Edison Co., 7% pref. (monthly). 5% preferred (monthly). 5% preferred (monthly). Transamerica Corp. (semi-annual). Truax-Traer Coal Co. (quarterly). United Biscuit, preferred (quarterly). United Biscuit, preferred (quarterly). United Gas Improvement (quar.). Preferred (quarterly). United Gas Improvement (quar.). Preferred (monthly). 6.36% preferred (monthly)	112	Oct. 1 8	lept. 10 Dec. 10
United Gas Improvement (quar.)	\$1 1/4	Sept. 30 A	lug. 31
7% preferred (monthly)	58 1-3c 58 1-3c	Sept. 1 A	ug. 16 lept. 15
6.36% preferred (monthly)	53c 53c	Aug. 2 J Sept. 1	uly 15 ug. 16
6.36% preferred (monthly)	53c 50c	Aug. 2 J	ept. 15 uly 15
6% preferred (monthly) United States & Foreign Securities 1st pref	50c	Oct. 18	ept. 15
United States Graphite Co. (quar.)	50c 50c	Sept. 15 8 Dec. 8 N	ept 1 Nov. 24
Quarterly United States Guarantee Co. (quar.) United States Hoffman Machine Corp., pref. United States & Internat'l Securities, 1st pref. United States Pipe & Foundry Co., com. (quar.) Common (quarterly)	\$11/4 50c 30c 68/4 c \$1/4 75c 75c 75c 75c \$1/4 90c \$2/4 \$1/4 25c	Aug. 15 Sept. 15 Sept. 30 Sept. 20 Aug. 2 JAug. 10 JAUg.	ept 18 uly 21
United States Pipe & Foundry Co., com. (quar.)	75c	Sept. 20 A Dec. 20 N	ug. 31•
Common (quarterly) United States Steel Corp., preferred Universal Leaf Tobacco (quarterly)	75c	July 30 J Aug. 1 J	uly 9 uly 14
Extra Utica Clinton & Binghamton RR	90c	Aug. 10 J	uly 31
Debenture (semi-ann.) Vapor Car Heating Co., Inc. 7% pref. (quar.)	\$1.2	Sept. 10 S Dec. 10 D	ept. 1
Virginia Coal & Iron Co. (quar.) Virginian Ry., preferred (quarterly)	25c	Sept. 1 A Aug. 2 J	ug. 21 uly 17
Vulcan Detinning, preferred (quarterly————————————————————————————————————	\$1 1 % 1 % % 1 % % 20c 50c	Oct. 20 O	ct. 11
Walgreen Co. (quar.)	50c 1.125	Aug. 1 Jo Sept. 15 A	ug. 26
Vapor Car Heating Co., Inc. 7% pref. (quar.) 7% preferred (quar.) Virginian Ry., preferred (quarterly) Vulcan Detinning, preferred (quarterly) Preferred (quarterly) Walluku Sugar Co. (monthly) Walgreen Co. (quar.) 4½% preferred w w (quar.) Walker Mfg. Co., \$3 conv. preferred Waltham Watch. prior preferred (quar.) Warren Pipe & Foundry Co Extra Washington Gas Light (quar.) \$4½ cum. conv. preferred (quar.) Washington Ry. & Electric Co 5% preferred (quarterly) 5% preferred (quarterly) 5% preferred (semi-ann.) Waukesha Motor Co. (extra) Weisbaum Bros. Brower (quar.) Extra Ouarterly	†75c \$13∕4	Aug. 1 Ju Oct. 2 8	ily 31 ept. 18
Warren Pipe & Foundry Co	50c	Aug. 2 Ju	ny 15
\$436 cum. conv. preferred (quar.)	1.125	Aug. 10 Ju	ily 31 ug. 16
5% preferred (quarterly)	\$114	Sept. 1 A Dec. 1 N	ug. 16 ov. 15
5% preferred (semi-ann.) Waukesha Motor Co. (extra)	25c	July 30 July 3	ov. 15
Weisbaum Bros, Brower (quar.) Extra Quarterly	15c 10c	July 23 Jusept. 1 A	ily 10
Quarterly Western Tablet & Stationery (quar.) Westinghouse Air Brake (quar.)	10c	Dec. 1 N Aug. 16 A	ov. 9 ug. 5
Westinghouse Air Brake (quar.)	25c 25c 25c 3134 30c 3134	Oct. 30 Se	opt. 30
Quarterly— Quarterly— Quarterly— West Jersey & Seashore RR. Co. (sa.)— 6% Special guaranteed (sa.)— Weston (Geo.), Ltd., pref. (quar.)— West Penn Power Co., 7% pref. (quar.)— 6% preferred (quarterly)— Westvaco Chlorine Products, pref. (quar.)— \$6 preferred (quarterly)— \$6 preferred (quarterly)— \$8 preferred (quarterly)— Winstead Hoslery Co. (quarterly)— Extra— Extra—	\$114	1-3-38 D Dec. 1 N	ec. 15 ov. 15
Westmoreland, Inc. (quarterly) Weston (Geo.), Ltd., pref. (quar.)	30c	Oct. 1 Se	pt. 15
West Penn Power Co., 7% pref. (quar.)	\$1 1/4 2 \$1	Aug. 2 Ju	dy 6
Wilson & Co. (quar.)	12 13 c 8	Sept. 1 A	ng. 14
Winstead Hoslery Co. (quarterly)	50c	Aug. 1 Ju	ly 15
	50c	Nov. 1 O	et. 15
wisconsin Telep. Co., 7% pref. (quar.) Wrigley (Wm.) Jr. Co. (monthly)	250	lug. 2 Ju	ly 15
Wisconsin Telep. Co., 7% pref. (quar.) Wood (Alan' Steel, 7% preferred. Wrigley (Wm.) Jr. Co. (monthly) Monthly Monthly Monthly Towns Mfg. Co.	\$1 % 1 50e 1 \$1 % 3 \$1 25e 25e 8 25e 8 25e 15e	Sept. 1 A	ng 20 pt. 20
Monthly Yale & Towne Mfg. Co Zimmerknit Co., Ltd., 7% pref. (sa.)	\$1% A	Sept. 1 A Dec. 1 N Aug. 16 A July 30 July 30 July 30 July 30 July 30 July 31 J	pt. 10 ly 15
Transfer books not closed for this dividend.			

Transfer books not closed for this dividend.
 † On account of accumulated dividends.

[‡] Payable in Canadian funds and in the case of non-residents of Canada. deduction of tax of 5% of the amount of such dividend will be made.

Weekly Return of the New York City Clearing House

The weekly statement issued by the New York City Clearing House is given in full below:

STATEMENT OF MEMBERS OF THE NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION FOR THE WEEK ENDED SATURDAY, JULY 10, 1937

Clearing House Members	* Capital	* Surplus and Undivided Profits	Net Demand Deposits, Average	Time Deposits, Average
		8	8	8
Bank of N Y & Trust Co	6,000,000			11,576,000
Bank of Manhattan Co.	20,000,000		400,462,000	44,523,000
National City Bank	77,500,000		a1,447,805,000	201,224,000
Chem Bank & Trust Co.	20,000,000	54,132,100		26,916,000
Guaranty Trust Co	90,000,000		61,394,744,000	69,674,000
Manufacturers Trust Co	42,777,000		453,497,000	99,274,000
Cent Hanover Bk&Tr Co	21,000,000	68,112,400	715,038,000	60,930,000
Corn Exch Bank Tr Co.	15,000,000	17,508,900	247,947,000	23,594,000
First National Bank	10,000,000	107,641,600	455,308,000	2,430,000
Irving Trust Co	50,000,000	60,956,200	480,964,000	350,000
Continental Bk & Tr Co	4,000,000	4,054,900	44,925,000	2,487,000
Chase National Bank	100,270,000	128,220,000	c1.806.739.000	76,458,000
Fifth Avenue Bank	500,000	3,553,200	52,287,000	
Bankers Trust Co	25,000,000	75,366,200	d311,018,000	47,104,000
Title Guar & Trust Co	10,000,000	1,295,900	15,559,000	555,000
Marine Midland Tr Co	5,000,000	9,012,200	85,407,000	3,203,000
New York Trust Co	12,500,000	28,136,700	286,927,000	29,650,000
Comm'i Nat Bk & Tr Co	7,000,000	8,092,800	76,914,000	1,571,000
Public Nat Bk & Tr Co.	7,000,000	8,616,700	77,708,000	49,777,000
Totals	523,547,000	894,463,200	9,434,818,000	751,296,000

*As per official reports: National, June 30, 1937; State, June 30, 1937; trust companies, June 30, 1937. Includes deposits in foreign branches as follows: a \$270,050,000; b \$89,351,000; c \$127,137,000; d \$45,519,000.

The New York "Times" publishes regularly each week returns of a number of banks and trust companies which are not members of the New York Clearing House. The following are the figures for the week ended July 9:

INSTITUTIONS NOT IN CLEARING HOUSE WITH THE CLOSING OF BUSINESS FOR THE WEEK ENDED FRIDAY, JULY 9, 1937 NATIONAL AND STATE BANKS-AVERAGE FIGURES

	Disc. and	Other Cash, Including Bank Notes	Res. Dep., N. Y. and Elsewhere	Dep. Other Banks and Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits
Manhattan-	8	5	8	8	3
Grace National	22,830,800	123,200	6,929,600	1.885.300	27,823,800
Sterling National	20.763.000	620,000	6,799,000	793,000	25,509,000
Trade Bank of N. Y. Brooklyn-	5,655,050	288,291	1,600,441	51,326	5,805,214
People's National	4,928,000	116,000	754,000	226,000	5,436,000

TRUST COMPANIES-AVERAGE FIGURES

120	Loans Disc. and Investments	Cash	Res. Dep., N. Y. and Hisowhere	Dep. Other Banks and Trust Cos.	Gross Deposits
Manhattan-	\$	3	5	3	\$
Empire	56,942,200	*5.658.000	8,447,100	3,580,300	64.631.300
Federation	8,854,019	217,440	1,988,971		
Fiduciary	10,597,738	*1,006,232	768,640		9,845,999
Fulton	19.025,400		916,100	556,100	23,479,100
Lawyers	28,090,300	*11,337,100	666,300		37,914,100
United States	75,058,865	30,778,870	16,127,026		91,762,172
Brooklyn	80.742,000	3,475,000	40.832,000	69,000	117,170,000
Kings County	29,888,528		7,654,972		34,532,427

Includes amount with Federal Reserve as follows: Empire, \$3,326,400; Fiduciary, \$634,624; Fulton, \$7,287,400; Lawyers, \$10,571,900.

Condition of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York

The following shows the condition of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York at the close of business July 14, 1937, in comparison with the previous week and the corresponding date last year:

	July 14, 1937	July 7, 1937	July 15, 1936
*	8	\$	\$
Assets— Gold certificates on hand and due from United States Treasury	3,349,414,000 1,270,000 82,254,000	1,441,000	1,198,000
Total reserves	3,432,938,000	3,368,819,000	3,161,726,000
Bills discounted: Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations, direct or fully guaranteed Other bills discounted	6,809,000 1,762,000	3,863,000 1,845,000	718,000 1,378,000
Total bills discounted	8,571,000	5,708,000	2,096,000
Bills bought in open marketIndustrial advances	1,339,000 5,885,000		1,102,000 7,327,000
United States Government securities: Bonds	210,233,000 334,566,000 180,230,000	210,233,000 334,566,000 180,230,000	85,803,000 406,144,000 168,614,000
Total U. S. Government securities	725,029,000	725,029,000	660,561,000
Total bills and securities	740,824,000	738,039,000	671,086,000
Due from foreign banks	82,000 6,442,000 189,228,000 10,053,000 12,416,000	82,000 3,435,000 146,011,000 10,053,000 12,033,000	83,000 6,984,000 166,956,000 10,854,000 32,594,000
Total assets	4,391,983,000	4,278,472,000	4,050,283,000
Liabilities— F. R. notes in actual circulation Deposits—Member bank reserve acc't U. S. Treasurer—General account Foreign bank Other deposits	927,059,000 3,026,785,000 31,272,000 58,418,000 49,000,000	934,341,000 2,956,830,000 9,454,000 63,472,000 49,037,000	819,654,000 2,553,777,000 212,030,000 21,671,000 160,957,000
Total deposits	3,165,475,000	3,078,793,000	2,948,435,000
Deferred availability items	179,064,000 51,223,000 51,474,000 7,744,000 9,117,000 827,000	145,029,000 51,201,000 51,474,000 7,744,000 9,117,000 773,000	159,352,000 49,874,000 50,825,000 7,744,000 8,849,000 5,550,000
Total liabilities	4,391,983,000	4,278,472,000	4,050,283,000
Ratio of total reserve to deposit and F. R. note liabilities combined	83.9% 1,470,000	83.9% 1,458,000	83.9%
Commitments to make industrial ad-	5,527,000	5,553,000	9,424,000

† "Other cash" does not include Federal Reserve notes or a bank's own Federal eserve bank notes.

x These are certificates given by the United States Treasury for the gold taken over from the Reserve banks when the dollar was, on Jan. 31, 1934, devalued from 100 cents to 59.06 cents, these certificates being worth less to the extent of the difference, the difference itself having been appropriated as profit by the Treasury under the provisions of the Gold Reserve Act of 1934.

Weekly Return for the Member Banks of the Federal Reserve System

Following is the weekly statement issued by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, giving the principal items of the resources and liabilities of the reporting member banks in 101 leading cities from which weekly returns are obtained. These figures are always a week behind those for the Reserve banks themselves. The comment of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System upon the figures for the latest week appears in our department of "Current Events and Discussions," immediately preceding which we also give the figures of New York and Chicago reporting member banks for a week later.

nmencing with the statement of May 19, 1937, various changes were made in the breakdown of loans as reported in this statement, which were described in an ement of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York of April 20, 1937, as follows:

The changes in the report form are confined to the classification of loans and discounts. This classification has been changed primarily to show the amounts to (1) commercial, industrial, and agricultural loans, and (2) loans (other than to brokers and dealers) for the purpose of purchasing or carrying securities. The revised form also eliminates the distinction between loans to brokers and dealers in securities located in New York City and those located outside New York City. Provision has been made also to include "acceptances of own bank purchased or discounted" with "acceptances and commercial paper bought in open market" under the revised caption "open market paper," instead of in "all other loans" as at present.

Subsequent to the above announcement it was made known that the new items "commercial, industrial, and agricultural loans" and "other loans" would each be segregated as "on securities" and "otherwise secured and unsecured." A more detailed explanation of the revisions was published in the May 29, 1937, issue of the "Chronicle," page 3590.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF WEEKLY REPORTING MEMBER BANKS IN 101 LEADING CITIES, BY DISTRICTS, ON JULY 7, 1937(In Millions of Dollars)

Pederal Reserve Districts-	Total	Boston	New York	Phila.	Cleveland	Richmond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minneap.	Kan. Cuy	Dallas	San Fran.
ASSETS	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	\$	3	3	8	
Loans and investments—total	22,217	1,318	9,296	1,174	1,880	638	550	3,029	641	391	690	491	2,119
Loans—total	9,734	706	4,444	461	697	238	268	987	279	166	259	221	1,008
Commercial, indus. and agricul. loans:	-,		-,										-,
On securities	561	38	243	42	42	14	11	49	42	9	18	14	39
Otherwise secured and unsecured	3,772	267	1,602	160	227	87	127	543	117	75		123	303
Open market paper	462	103	179	27	17	10	5	49	10		21	3	31
Loans to brokers and dealers	1,425	44	1,226	26	23	14	7	58	6	9	-4	3	22
Other loans for purchasing or carrying	1,420	**	1,220	20	20	-	'	90		-	-		
securities	713	37	361	90	38	90	17	93	13	0	14	16	56
Real estate loans	1,168	85	242	39 60	178	20 29	27	81	45	6	19	91	375
Loans to banks	1111	60	74	00	110	29	21	01	- 40	0	1	1	0,0
Other loads:	111	0	"	2	9	2	9	0	0	******	1	•	2
On securities	728	64	280	48	121	30	24	46	12	9	14	9	71
Otherwise secured and unsecured	794	62	237	57	47	42	45	62	26	49	27	31	109
United States Government obligations	8,297	448	3,232	334	857	300	174	1,438	209	169	259	192	685
Obligations fully guar. by U. S. Govt.	1.141	23	466	94	60	32	31	174	50	12	44	28	127
Other securities	3.045	141	1,154	285	266	68	77	430	103	44	128	50	299
Reserve with Federal Reserve Bank.	5,278	250	2,584	258	334	130	103	795	151	84	170	110	309
Cash in vault	314	34	69	17	40	18	11	64	11	R	13	11	20
Balances with domestie banks	1.743	100	149		150	106	98	315	91	73		148	165
Other assets—net	1,282	86	531	139 88	156		39	92	23	16	23	94	214
LIABILITIES	1,282	80	991	88	105	39	39	92	1		20	20	214
Demand deposits—adjusted	14,855	969	6,557	852	1,080	415	332	2,238	392	273 121	478	386	883
Time deposits	5,249	280	1,143	852 279	720	200	180	866	184	121	144	122	1,010
United States Government deposits	477	39	256	20	17	12	13	50	8	2	8	11	41
Inter-bank deposits:								-	_		-	-	
Domestic banks	5.140	219	2.052	272	332	191	180	747	238	112	375	183	239
Foreign banks	637	11	594	212	902	101	100	8	200	1	0.0	200	14
Borrowings.	007	- 11	4	9	-	9	il	0					1
Other liabilities	869	33	414	21	19	19	6	25	8	5	3		312
Capital account	3,598	236	1,609	227	345	91		361	87	56	91	90	327

Weekly Return of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The following was issued by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System on Thursday afternoon, July 15, showing the condition of the twelve Reserve banks at the close of business on Wednesday. The first table presents the results for the System as a whole in comparison with the figures for the eight preceding weeks and with those of the corresponding week last year. The second table shows the resources and liabilities separately for each of the twelve banks. The Federal Reserve note statement (third table following) gives details regarding transactions in Federal Reserve notes between the Reserve Agents and the Federal Reserve banks. The comments of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System upon the returns for the latest week appear in our department of "Current Events and Discussions."

COMBINED RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS JULY 14, 1937

COMBINED RESOURCES AND	LIABILITI	ES OF THE	FEDERAL	RESERVE	BANKS A	T THE CL	OSE OF BU	USINESS JU	JLY 14, 19	37
Three ciphers (000) omitted	July 14, 1937	July 7 1937	June 30, 1937	June 23, 1937	June 16, 1937	June 9, 1937	June 2, 1937	May 26, 1937	May 19. 1937	July 15, 1936
ASSETS Gold ctfs. on hand and due from U. S. Treas_x Redemption fund (Federal Reserve notes) Other cash *	\$ 8,835,407 9,549 307,824	\$ 8,835,406 10,399 277,661	\$ †8,835,907 10,471 †312,309	10,241	\$,837,903 9,860 313,595	9,971	11,341	\$,838,414 11,341 296,310	8,838,913 11,583 289,155	12,542
Total reserves	9,152,780	9,123,466	9,158,687	9,169,636	9,161,358	†9,154,114	9,122,437	9,146,065	9,139,651	8,486,718
Bills discounted: Secured by U. S. Government obligations, direct or fully guaranteed Other bills discounted.	11,718 3,328	9,623 3,395	7.042 2,887	9,844 3,459	11,521 2,807	11,006 3,289	12,524 4,961	12,326 3,372	11,624 3,658	1,052 1,847
Total bills discounted	15,046	13,018	9,929		14,328	14,295		15,698	15,282	2,899
Bills bought in open market	3,596 21,759	3,669 21,783	3,801 22,152	4,273 22,012	5,094 22,049	5,818 22,196		6,260 22,407	4,475 22,523	
United States Government securities—Bonds. Treasury notes.	732,508 1,165,713	732,508 1,165,713 627,969	732,508	732,558 1,168,213	732,608 1,166,213 627,469	732,608 1,152,213 641,469	732,608 1,152,213 641,469		732,608 1,152,213 641,469	315,672 1,494,218
Tota U. S. Government securities	2,526,190	2,526,190	2,526,190		2,526,290	2,526,290	2,526,290	2,526,290	2,526,290	2,430,227
Other securitiesForeign loans on gold							10		b	181
Total bills and securities		2,564,660	2,562,072	2,565,828	2,567,761	2,568,599			2,568,570	
Gold held abroad_ Due from foreign banks Federal Reserve notes of other banks Uncollected items Bank premises All other assets	219 26,890 759,714	219 21,950 638,313 45,601 41,977	219 23,933 664,235 45,615 41,720	219 23,108 630,603 45,697	219 21,277 866,372 45,700 40,243	226 22,025 595,266 45,687 49,199	226 18,847 646,056 45,685 47,853	228 21,615 604,558 45,776 47,202	228 21,402 701,718 45,788 46,464	229 25,884 681,238 48,055 43,499
Total assets	12,594,740	12,436,186	12,496,481	†12,475,824	12,702,930	†12,435,116	12,453,372	12,436,099	12,523,821	11,751,471
LIABILITIES Federal Reserve notes in actual circulation	4,213,898	4,252,417	4,206,477	4,162,832	4,177,805		4,235,114	4,184,042	4,184,425	4,006,015
Deposits—Member banks' reserve account United States Treasurer—General account. Foreign banks Other deposits	6,927,951 90,232 159,009 115,621	6,826,707 100,937 172,325 112,381	6,900,288 92,813 157,400 127,671	6,854,411 150,928 166,963 156,553	8,807,978 250,212 147,450 119,479	6,928,977 84,642 139,671 139,470	6,853,710 115,099 121,749 133,705	6,943,597 80,486 124,041 136,725	6,918,227 116,777 126,110 123,933	5,871,746 592,501 60,100 205,713
Total deposits	7,292,813	7,212,350	7,278,172	7,328,855	7,325,119	7,292,760	7,224,263	7,284,849	7,285,047	6,730,060
Deferred availability items Capital paid in Surplus (Section 7) Surplus (Section 13-B) Reserve for contingencies All other liabilities	741,434 132,459 145,854 27,490 35,906 4,886	625,371 132,355 145,854 27,490 35,906 4,443	664,852 132,302 145,854 27,490 35,906 5,428	634,198 132,205 145,854 27,490 †35,906 8,484	851,089 132,240 145,854 27,490 35,931 7,402	591,267 132,196 145,854 27,490 35,940 8,644	645,317 132,198 145,854 27,490 35,940 7,196	618,046 132,202 145,854 27,490 35,939 7,677	705,826 132,199 145,854 27,490 35,939 7,041	669,018 129,822 145,501 26,513 34,111 10,431
Total liabilities	12,594,740	12,436,186	12,496,481	†12,475,824	12,702,930	†12,435,116	12,453,372	12,436,099	12,523,821	11,751,471
Ratio of total reserves to deposits and Federal Reserve note liabilities combined	79.5% 4,150	79.6% 4,138	79.7% 4,015	79.8%	79.6% 3,745	79.6% 2,532	79.6% 1,532	79.7 % 1,532	79.7% 1,532	79.0%
Commitments to make industrial advances	16,171	16,110	16,331	16,733	16,801	16,956	17,018	17,188	17,311	23,839
Maturity Distribution of Bills and Short-term Securities— 1-15 days bills discounted	12,877 151 761 414 843	11,053 162 562 399 842	8,044 596 724 206 359	11,451 616 375 400 461	12,663 474 437 397 357	12,525 586 416 406 362	15,947 269 574 367 328	14,276 165 722 236 299	14,044 108 586 132 412	1,959 17 61 725 137
Total bills discounted	15,046	13,018	9,929	13,303	14,328	14,295	17,485	15,698	15,282	2,899
1-15 days bills bought in open market	1,455 190 324 1,627	438 1,256 348 1,627	232 1,523 419 1,627	1,956 470 1,421 426	3,098 233 647 1,116	3,223 880 528 1,187	1,437 3,002 635 1,187	770 1,663 886 2,915 26	364 457 581 3,073	1,625 352 837 270
Total bills bought in open market	3,596	3,669	3,801	4,273	5,094	5,818	6,261	6,260	4,475	3,084
1-15 days industrial advances	749 736 657 808 18,809	784 767 341 969 18,922	849 246 721 813 19,523	871 140 910 748 19,343	903 135 920 687 19,404	791 297 996 465 19,647	812 324 521 735 19,840	794 178 566 1,027 19,842	817 188 552 1,024 19,942	1,502 288 670 840 26,157
Total industrial advances	21,759	21,783	22,152	22,012	22,049	22,196	22,232	22,407	22,523	29,457
1-15 days U. S. Government securities 16-30 days U. S. Government securities 31-60 days U. S. Government securities 61-90 days U. S. Government securities Over 90 days U. S. Government securities	35,561 38,628 57,993 146,834 2,247,174	35,063 33,045 61,621 153,359 2,243,102	32,247 35,561 66,075 148,926 2,243,381	\$4,710 \$5,063 78,920 132,266 2,245,281	44,151 32,247 76,689 58,493 2,314,710	33,561 34,660 70,608 70,121 2,817,340	22,120 42,051 67,808 63,075 2,331,236	24,767 33,461 70,223 78,920 2,318,919	26,107 28,520 68,298 76,689 2,326,676	28,827 28,459 69,886 130,275 2,172,780
Total U. S. Government securities	2,526,190	2,526,190	2,526,190	2,526,240	2,526,290	2,526,290	2,526,290	2,526,290	2,526,290	2,430,227
1-15 days other securities										/
31-60 days other securities 61-90 days other securities										
Over 90 days other securities Total other securities	11									181
Federal Reserve Notes-	4 550 040	4 550 484	4 700 070	4 501 800	4 *0* 070	4 517 110		4,498,626	4,498,606	4,331,177
Issued to Federal Reserve Bank by F. R. Agent Held by Federal Reserve Bank	4,552,646 338,748	4,550,464 298,047	4,508,973 302,496	4,501,262 338,430	4,505,873 328,068	4,517,118 315,069	4,505,125 270,011	312,584	314,181	325,162
In actual circulation	4,213,898	4,252,417	4,206,477	4,162,832	4,177,805	4,202,049	4,235,114	4,184,042	4,184,425	4,006,015
Collateral Held by Agent as Security for Notes Issued to Bank— Gold etts. on hand and due from U.S. Treas_ By eligible paper United States Government securities	4,587,632 14,860 20,000	4,563,632 12,844 20,000	4,552,632 9,984 20,000	4,542,632 13,801 20,000	4,544,632 15,634 20,000	4,550,132 16,324 20,000	4,538,132 19,943 20,000	4,537,132 18,037 20,000	4,535,632 15,891 35,000	4,348,023 1,647 39,000
Total collateral	4,622,492	4,596,476	4,582,616	4,576,433	4,580,266	4,586,456	4,578,075	4,575,169	4.586,523	4,388,670

^{• &}quot;Other cash" does not include Federal Reserve notes. † Revised figure.

x These are certificates given by the United States Treasury for the gold taken over from the Reserve banks when the dollar was devalued from 100 cents to 59.06 cents on Jan. 31, 1934, these certificates being worth less to the extent of the difference, the difference itself having been appropriated as profit by the Treasury under the provisions of the Gold Reserve Act of 1934

Weekly Return of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (Concluded)

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF RESOURCES AND LIABILITIES OF EACH OF THE 12 FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS JULY 14, 1937

Three Ciphers (000) Omitted Federal Reserve Agent at—	Total	Boston	New York	Phila.	Cleveland	Richmond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minneap.	Kan, City	Dallas	San Fran
RESOURCES	\$	\$	8	\$	\$	\$	8	8	8	\$	\$	\$	8
Gold certificates on hand and due from United States Treasury Redemption fund—Fed. Res. notes Other cash *	8,835,407 9,549 307,824	435,976 514 39,207	3,349,414 1,270 82,254	511,107 313 22,461	697,133 525 14,977	269,588 426 18,667	231,839 1,402 12,112	1,724,808 651 41,871	280,637 1,165 16,944	197,986 679 6,312	282,252 358 15,502	185,188 440 11,088	1,806
Total reserves	9,152,780	475,697	3,432,938	533,881	712,635	288,681	245,353	1,767,330	298,746	204,977	298,112	196,716	697,714
direct and(or) fully guaranteed Other bills discounted	11,718 3,328	770 67	6,809 1,762	1,014	566 84	1,091 53	376 599	145 38	75 86	34 60	91	234 306	604 174
Total bills discounted	15,046	837	8,571	1,022	650	1,144	975	183	161	94	91	540	778
Bills bought in open market	3,596 21,759 732,508 1,165,713 627,969	224 2,973 53,385 84,958 45,766	1,339 5,885 210,233 334,566 180,230	355 3,910 61,861 98,443 53,032	322 874 71,309 113,481 61,132	2,001 38,575 61,389 33,070	108 195 32,184 51,216 27,591	385 898 80,726 128,467 69,205	86 320 32,298 51,398 27,689	60 771 23,828 37,921 20,427	96 619 35,992 57,279 30,856	99 1,238 28,601 45,514 24,519	376 2,075 63,516 101,081 54,452
Total U. S. Govt. securities	2,526,190	184,109	725,029	213,336	245,922	133,034	110,991	278,398	111,385	82,176	124,127	98,634	219,049
Total bills and securities Due from foreign banks Fed. Res. notes of other banks Uncollected items Bank premises All other resources	219	188,143 16 346 78,544 3,029 2,599	740,824 83 6,442 189,228 10,053 12,415	218,623 22 1,034 56,757 4,889 5,031	247,768 20 1,305 80,000 6,293 4,619	136,325 9 1,741 60,137 2,755 2,723	112,269 8 2,096 22,751 2,216 1,659	279,864 26 3,599 108,773 4,651 3,975	111,952 1,898 34,645 2,366 1,625	83,101 3 1,903 19,227 1,495 1,525	124,933 6 1,916 44,654 3,203 1,918	100,511 6 564 29,333 1,253 1,668	222,278 16 4,046 35,665 3,398 3,188
Total resources	12,594,740	748,374	4,391,983	820,237	1,052,640	492,371	386,352	2,168,218	451,236	312,231	474,742	330,051	966,305
Deposits: Member bank reserve account U. S. Treasurer.—General account. Foreign bank	6,927,951 90,232 159,009	1,026 11,491	3,026,785 31,272 58,418	315,012 388,500 4,696 15,427	435,236 463,106 8,087 14,483	190,942 213,095 4,664 6,769	169,876 169,519 3,592 5,510	976,354 1,003,381 19,187 18,261	178,972 209,740 3,870 4,722	137,334 138,193 2,863 3,621	164,828 247,704 4,254 '4,565	92,037 182,062 3,860 4,565	337,702 543,091 2,861 11,177
Other deposits	115,621	2,876	49,000	9,431	20,721	3,530	3,121	1,594	6,910	2,358	187	4,881	11,012
			3,165,475	418,054	506,397	228,058	181,742	1,042,423	225,242	147,035	256,710	195,368	568,141
Deferred availability items	741,434 132,459 145,854 27,490 35,906 4,886	77,713 9,378 9,826 2,874 1,570 299	179,064 51,223 51,474 7,744 9,117 827	53,942 12,245 13,362 4,325 3,000 297	79,194 12,916 14,323 1,007 3,121 446	58,539 4,860 4,869 3,422 1,497 184	22,045 4,336 5,616 754 1,690 293	104,681 12,746 21,504 1,416 7,832 1,262	36,531 3,823 4,655 545 1,199 269	18,541 2,896 3,116 1,003 2,055 251	43,241 4,022 3,613 1,142 941 245	31,628 3,877 3,851 1,262 1,847 181	36,315 10,137 9,645 1,996 2,037 332
Total liabilitiesContingent liability on bills purchased	12,594,740	748,374	4,391,983	820,237	,052,640	492,371	386,352	2,168,218	451,236	312,231	474,742	330,051	966,305
for foreign correspondents	4,150 16,171	306 2,145	1,470 5,527	411 167	386 1,435	180 1,991	147 315	486 10	1,072	96 63	122 125	122 302	298 3,019

^{• &}quot;Other cash" does not include Federal Reserve notes.

FEDERAL RESERVE NOTE STATEMENT

Three Ciphers (000) Omitted Federal Reserve Bank of—	Total	Boston	New York	Phtla.	Cleveland	Richmond	Atlanta	Chicago	St. Louis	Minneap.	Kan. City	Dallas	San Fran.
Federal Reserve notes: Issued to F. R. Bank by F. R. Agent Held by Federal Reserve Bank	\$ 4,552,646 338,748	\$ 331,887 43,341	1,032,588 105,529	331,127 16,115		\$ 202,129 11,187	\$ 188,930 19,054	\$ 1,005,242 28,888	\$ 187,565 8,593			\$ 100,969 8,932	
In actual circulationCollateral held by Agent as security for notes issued to banks: Gold certificates on hand and due	4,213,898	288,546	927,059	315,012	435,236	190,942	169,876	976,354	178,972	137,334	164,828	92,037	337,702
from United States Treasury Eligible paper U. S. Government securities	4,587,632 14,860 20,000	336,000 837	1,040,000 8,192	335,000 1,058	465,500 679	205,000 1,170	173,000 967 20,000	1,020,000	190,632 106	145,000 94	176,000	102,500 551	399,000 923
Total collateral	4,622,492	336,837	1,048,192	336,058	466,179	206,170	193,967	1.020.183	190,738	145,094	176,100	103,051	399,923

United States Government Securities on the New York Stock Exchange—See following page.

United States Treasury Bills—Friday, July 16 Rates quoted are for discount at purchase.

	Bid	Asked		Bid	Asked
July 21 1937	0.30%		Dec. 8 1937	0.42%	
July 28 1937	0.30%		Dec. 15 1937	0.42%	
Aug. 4 1937	0.30%		Dec. 22 1937	0.44%	
Aug. 11 1937	0.30%		Dec. 29 1937	0.44%	
Aug. 18 1937	0.30%		Jan. 5 1938	0.45%	
Aug. 25 1937	0.30%		Jan. 12 1938	0.45%	
Sept. 1 1937	0.33%		Jan. 19 1938	0.45%	
Sept. 8 1937	0.33%		Jan. 26 1938	0.45%	
Sept. 15 1937	0.33%		Feb. 2 1938	0.46%	
Sept. 22 1937	0.33%		Feb. 9 1938	0.46%	
Sept. 29 1937	0.33%		Feb. 16 1938	0.46%	
Oct. 6 1937	0.35%	*****		0.40%	
Oct. 13 1937	0.35%		Mar. 2 1938	0.40%	
Oct. 20 1937	0.35%		Mar. 9 1938	0.40%	
Det. 27 1937	0.35%		Mar. 16 1938	0.40%	
Nov. 3 1937	0.38%		Mar. 23 1938	0.52%	
Vov. 10 1937	0.38%		Mar. 30 1938	0.52%	
Nov. 17 1937	0.38%		April 6 1938	0.52%	
Nov. 24 1937	0.38%		April 13 1938	0.52%	
Dec. 1 1937	0.42%				

Quotations for United States Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness, &c.—Friday, July 16

Figures after decimal point represent one or more 32d of a point.

Maturity	Int. Rate	Bid	Asked	Maturity	Int. Rate	Bid	Asked
Dec. 15 1941	11/4%	99.10		Mar. 15 1940	1%%	100.27	100.29
Sept. 15 1939 Dec. 15 1939	1%%	100.15		Mar. 15 1942 June 15 1939	21/8 %	100.15 101.29	100.17 101.31
June 15 1941 Mar. 15 1939	13/8 %	99.27		Sept. 15 1938	21/2%	102.6 101.7	102.8
Mar. 15 1941	11/2 %	100.26 100.10	100.12	June 15 1938	21/8%	102.4	102.6
June 14 1940 Dec. 15 1940	12%	100.18		Mar. 15 1938 Sept. 15 1937	3%	101.25	101.27

Transactions at the New York Stock Exchange, Daily, Weekly and Yearly—See page 407.

Stock and Bond Averages-See page 407.

THE PARIS BOURSE

Quotations of representative stocks as received by cable each day of the past week:

	July 10 Francs	July 12 Francs	July 13 Francs	July 14 Francs	July 15 Francs	July 16 Francs
Bank of France		6,800	6.700		6,500	6,500
Banque de Paris et Des Pays Bas		1,190	1,203		1,171	
Banque de l'Union Parisienne		438	433		414	
Canadian Pacific		310	312		305	308
Canal de Suez cap		25,100	25,100		25,400	25.600
Cie Distr d'Electricite		560	543		534	
Cie Generale d'Electricite		1.220	1,250		1,220	1,200
Cie Generale Transatlantique		50	47		56	-,
Citroen B		541	512		512	
Comptoir Nationale d'Escompte		708	706		702	
Coty S A		220	200		190	210
Courrieres		218	218		213	
Credit Commercial de France		465	470		463	
Credit Lyonnaise		1,410	1,400		1,350	1,340
Eaux Lyonnaise cap		1,220	1,230		1,190	1,230
Energie Electrique du Nord		307	287		295	
Energie Electrique du Littoral		497	487		483	
Kuhlmann		616	622		613	
L'Air Liquide	Holi-	1,010	1,010	Holi-	990	980
Lyon (P L M)	day	638	655	day	643	
Nord Ry			655		669	
Orleans Ry 6%		370	368		354	360
Pathe Capital		22	20		23	
Pechiney		1,840	1,861		1,800	
Rentes, Perpetual 3%		72.40	71.75		69.25	67.00
Rentes 4%, 1917		70.90	70.20		68.80	66.30
Rentes 4%, 1918		70.40	69.70		68.00	65.00
Rentes 4 1/2 %, 1932 A		75.30	74.40		71.90	x67.70
Rentes 41/2%, 1932 B		74.00	73.00		70.90	68.90
Rentes 5%, 1920		93.50	93.00		92.00	89.70
Royal Dutch		5,790	5,810		5,880	6,030
Saint Gobain C & C		1,920	1,900		1,858	
Schneider & Cle		124	125			
Societe Francaise Ford		77	77		77	75
Societe Generale Fonciere		122	125		125	
Societe Lyonnaise			1,232		1,190	
Societe Marseillaise			478			
Tubize Artifical Silk, pref		170	173		173	
Union d'Electricite		373	372		363	
Wagon-Lits		78	99		98	
x Ex-dividend.						

Stock and Bond Sales-New York Stock Exchange

DAILY, WEEKLY AND YEARLY

Occupying Altogether Sixteen Pages-Page One

NOTICE—Cash and deferred delivery sales are disregarded in the day's range, unless they are the only transactions of the day. No account is taken of such sales in computing the range for the year.

United States Government Securities on the New York Stock Exchange

Below we furnish a daily record of the transactions in Treasury, Home Owners' Loan and Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation bonds on the New York Stock Exchange during the current week.

Quotations after decimal point represent one or more 32ds of a point.

Quotations after acci	mede p		Procen			0 024
Datly Record of U. S. Bond Prices	July 10	July 12	July 13	July 14	July 15	July 16
Treasury {High Low_Close			115.30		116.8 116.1 116.8	116.14 116.10 116.10
Total sales in \$1,000 units			45	10		42
3 1/48, 1943-45	106.15	106.16	106.18 106.18	106.18 106.21	106.30	106.28
4s, 1944-54		111.16	111.16 111.16 111.16 111.16	111.21 111.20 111.21 2	111.25	112 112 112
3 % 8, 1946-56		109.27 109.27 109.27	109.30 109.30	109.31 109.31 109.31		110.4 110.2 110.2
334s, 1943-47		106.31 106.31 106.31	106.31 106.28			107.7
3s. 1951-55	103 102.30 103	103.2 102.30 103.2	102.30 102.30 102.30	103.2 103.1 103.2	103.5 103.2 103.5	103.4 103 103
3s, 1940-48		104.5 104.5 104.5		104.13 104.10 104.13 24	104.18 104.18 104.18 24	
3 1/28, 1940-43		105.15		105.17 105.17 105.17 105.17		
8 1/18, 1941-43		106.11 106.11	106.8 106.8 106.8	106.15 106.10 106.15		
3348. 1946-49		105	105 105 105	105 105 105	105.9 105.3 105.9 26	105.9 105.9 105.9
3148, 1949-52				::::	104.25 104.25 104.25	
Total sales in \$1,000 units High Low. Close Cl				106.11 106.11 106.11	3	
10tat sates (n \$1,000 tintis	•			2		
31/s, 1944-46	106.12 106.12 106.12	106.16 106.14 106.16 7	106.18 106.15 106.15 11	106.20 106.18 106.20 10	106.23 106.23 106.23	106.30 106.25 106.25 16
2368, 1955-60	100.25 100.22 100.23 30	100.25 100.23 100.25 47	100.27 100.24 100.26 16	100.27 100.24 100.27 33	100.30 100.26 100.28 101	101 100.30 101 41
2%8, 1945-47	102.21 102.21 102.21	102.28 102.24 102.28 17	102.29 102.23 102.23 31	102.26 102.25 102.25 5	103.3 102.26 103	103.7 103.3 103.3 40

Daily Record of U. S. Bond Prices	July 10	July 12	July 13	July 14	July 15	July 16
Treasury 2348, 1948-51	100.26 100.26			100.26 100.24	100.31 100.28	101.2 100.29
Total sales in \$1,000 units	100.26		****	100.26	100.31 14	100.29
2%s, 1951-54	99.29	99.31 99.29	99.30 99.28	99.30 99.28	100 99.30	100.2 99.31
Total sales in \$1,000 units	99.29	99.29	99.30 69	99.30	100 228	100
2 1/4 s, 1956-59	99.21 99.24	99.26 99.25 99.25	99.25 99.23 99.24	99.26 99.26 99.26	99.29 99.27 99.29	99.29 99.26 99.29
Total sales in \$1,000 units	97.28	98.2	98.1	98.1	98.5	28
2 1/28, 1949-53	97.28	98.2 98.2	98.1 98.1	98 98.1	98.1 98.5	98.7 98.4 98.5
Total sales in \$1,000 units	1		1	90	131	40
Federal Farm Mortgage 31/48, 1944-64			103.2 103.2 103.2	103.3 103.3 103.3	103.9 103.3 103.8	103.9 103.9 103.9
Federal Farm Mortgage (High		102.20	102.18	102.18	102.25	102.25
3s, 1944-49Low. Close Total sales in \$1,000 units		102.20 102.20	102.16 102.18	102.18 102.18	102.25 102.25	102.23 102.25
Federal Farm Mortgage High 38, 1942-47	103.2 103.2			103.5 103.5		103.10 103.6
Total sales in \$1,000 units	103.2			103.5		103.10 23
Federal Farm Mortgage High 23/8, 1942-47Low. Close						
Total sales in \$1,000 units					****	
Home Owners' Loan 3s, series A, 1944-52 High Close	102.9 102.9 102.9	102.9 102.9 102.9	102.9 102.8 102.9	102.10 102.10 102.10	102.16 102.13 102.13	102.14 102.14 102.14
Total sales in \$1,000 units	1	5	14	6	7	27
Home Owners' Loan 23/48, series B, 1939-49{Low. Close	100.20 100.17 100.20	100.19 100.18 100.19	100.20 100.18 100.20	100.20 100.18 100.20	100.21 100.21 100.21	100.23 100.22 100.22
Total sales in \$1,000 unus	7	4	14	79	14	42
Home Owners' Loan High Low Close	100.7 100.7 100.7		100.10 100.7 100.10			100.10 100.9 100.10
Total sales in \$1,000 units!	10		13			26

Note—The above table includes only sales of coupon bonds. Transactions in registered bonds were:

- United States Treasury Bills—See previous page.

United States Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness, &c.—See previous page.

New York Stock Record

LOW AND	HIGH SA	LE PRICE	S—PER SHA	RE, NOT P	ER CENT	Sales	NEW YORK STOCK	Range Since Jo On Basis of 100-Si		Range for Year	
	Monday July 12	Tuesday July 13	Wednesday July 14	Thursday July 15	Friday July 16	the Week	EXCHANGE	Lowest H	(ighest	Lowest	Highest
July 10	July 12 per share 4734 48 4734 48 5414 6212 75 76 1734 1812 224 2434 8018 3038 2258 278 825 278 825 278 814 41 40 4012 4012 4012 4012 4012 819 41 6614 3658 814 1914 77 79 8814 69 8514 69 8514 69 8514 69			July 15 \$ per share 4838 4812		Shares 600 2,200 5,300	Abbott Laboravories No par Abraham & Straus No par Adams Express No par Adams Express No par Adams Millis No par Adams Express No par Alir Reduction Inc No par Alir Reduction Inc No par Ali & Vickaburg RR Co 100 Alaska Juneau Gold Min 10 Aliegheny Corp No par 5½% Pref A with \$40 war100 5½% Pref A with \$40 war100 \$2.50 prior conv pref. No par Aliegheny Steel Co No par Aliegheny Steel Co No par Alied Mills Co Inc No par Alied Mills Co Inc No par Alied Mills Co Inc No par Alied Stores Corp No par So preferred 100 Alila Chalmers Mig No par John Portland Cem No par Amalgam Leath Cos Inc No par A	\$ per share 44½June 29 57 July 6 634₄ Jan 6 634₄ Jan 6 634₃ Jan 4 22½June 7 28 June 29 36 2 June 16 64½June 17 97 Mar 11 100 11 June 16 12½June 17 34½June 27 34½June 27 34½June 27 35 July 2 36 July 2 37 Jul	mar 8 Mar 8 Mar 8 Mar 6 12 Apr 20 3 Mar 11 3 Feb 3 Jan 9 3 Jan 26 14 Jan 25 12 Jan 25 12 Jan 25 12 Jan 25 12 Jan 25 12 Jan 25 12 Feb 18 3 Feb 11 12 Feb 17 18 Feb 17 18 Feb 18 3 Mar 15	\$ per share; 42 Mar 59 Apr 958 Abr 17'8 June 22'18 Jan 21'18 Jan 58 Apr 13 July 21'2 Apr 12'8 Jan 12'12 Jan 12'12 Jan 12'12 Jan 12'12 Jan 27 Apr 26'7a July 98 Feb	
915 ₈ 915 ₈ 9 *921 ₂ 941 ₂ 9	3 93 4 941 ₂ 38 ₄ 251 ₂	92 931 ₄ 931 ₂ 94 251 ₈ 251 ₂ *601 ₄ 64	x92 95 *921 ₂ 94 251 ₂ 261 ₂ *601 ₄ 64	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	95 95 93 93 26 26 ¹ 2 62 62	2,200 800 4,500 30	Amerada Corp	80 June 28 1147 83 Jan 5 1011 2018 June 30 418	78 Mar 11 12 Jan 22 18 Jan 16 18 Feb 4	75 Jan 49 July 36 Dec 65 Jan	12512 Mar 89 Nov 5512 Apr 73 Nov
* Bid and a	sked prices	; no sales of	this day.	‡ In receivers	hip. a Def.	delivery	. n New stock. r Cash sale.	z Ex-div. y Ex-rig	ghts. ¶ C	alled for rede	mption.

	LOW A		IGH S		PRICE			-				Sales for	1	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK		nce Jan. 1 100-Share Low		Previous 1936
-	July 10	Ju re \$ pe	ly 12 r share	3 per	share	Wedn July \$ per	14 share	July \$ per		Jul;	share	the Week Shares	8	EXCHANGE Par		Highest \$ per share		Highest \$ per share
	*62 ¹ 8 63 132 ¹ 8 134 101 ¹ 2 102 155 ¹ 2 153	*132 21 ₈ 101	8 63 8 1331 ₂ 1 ₂ 1021 ₄ 1 ₄ 156		63 1331 ₂ 1048 ₄ 156	132 1031 ₂	64 132 1048 ₄ 155	63 ¹ 2 132 102 ¹ 2 *153	63 ¹ 2 132 103 155	1321	64 1321 103 155	2,000 70 5,200 700	0	Am Brake Shoe & Fdy No par 5¼ % conv pref 100 American Can 25 Preferred 100	125 Mar 25 9014June 15	160 Feb 18 121 Jan 9		141 Dec 1371 ₂ July
1	*531 ₈ 53 *81 83 31 31	31 ₂ 54 81 31	2 541 ₂ 2 83 4 311 ₂	541 ₄ 828 ₄	541 ₄ 83 311 ₂	521 ₂ 82 31	54 82 317 ₈	52 *81 31	521 ₄ 82 ₁₂ 311 ₄	*81 31	$ \begin{array}{r} 521_4 \\ 82 \\ 311_2 \end{array} $	1,500	0	American Car & FdyNo par Preferred100 Am Chain & Cable Inc.No par	77 June 30 28 June 14	71 Feb 4 1041 ₂ Feb 4 328 ₄ June 7	3058 Apr 57 Apr	601 ₂ Dec 100 Dec
	*130 135 *10384 110 *2514 35 *1584 16	38 *103 34 *25	4 3584	*1033 *2514	3584		145 10384 3584 16	*130 1021 ₄ *251 ₄ *151 ₄	145 103 358 ₄ 16	*130 10218 *2514 1584	3584		- 1	5% preferred	98 Apr 26 25 June 15	z106 May 28	111 Nov 8758 May 27 Nov 712 July	11318 Oct
	225 ₈ 22 *261 ₈ 26 *93 94	84 *26 93	23 26 ³ 8 94 9 9 ³ 8	2284 2614 *93	23^{5}_{8} 26^{1}_{4} 93^{8}_{4}	231 ₄ 261 ₄ 938 ₄	$23\frac{3}{4}$ $26\frac{3}{8}$ 94	23 26 94	23 ⁵ 8 26 94	231 ₂ *26 *93	231 ₂ 261 ₂ 94	2,400 500 80	0 :	Am Comm'i Alcohol Corp20 American Crystal Sugar10 6% 1st preferred100	2012June 17 25 June 17 8812June 14	30 ⁸ 4 Mar 31 33 ⁵ 8 Jan 21 99 ¹ 4 Mar 2	2012 July 1614 Jan 89 Apr	35% Nov 32 Aug 101 Sept
-	*10 ³ 4 14 174 ¹ 2 300 8 ¹ 2 8		4 14 2 300	*11 ¹ 4 *174 ¹ 2 8 ¹ 2	300	918 *1112 *17412 838	$\begin{array}{c} 9^{3_8} \\ 13^{1_2} \\ 300 \\ 8^{5_8} \end{array}$	9 *11 ¹ 2 *174 ¹ 2 8 ¹ 2		*11 ¹ 2 *174 ¹ 2 8 ³ 8				American Encaustic Tiling1 Amer European SecsNo par American Express Co100 Amer & For'n PowerNo par	5%June 30 10½June 29 225 Mar 4 6½June 15	17 Jan 18 225 Mar 4	312 Apr 984 Jan 175 Oct 612 Apr	85g Dec 145g Feb 175 Oct 984 Mar
	*52 54 24 ¹ 4 24 *42 48	1 ₄ 244 +43	54 4 2518 461 ₂	1	53	521 ₂ 241 ₂	5318 2484 44	*51 241 ₄ *42	5184 248 45	5118 24 *40		1,900 2,300		\$7 preferred	45 May 19 1812May 18	687 ₈ Jan 18 381 ₂ Jan 22	294 Jan	6038 Dec 2212 Dec
	*16 16 71 ₂ 7 *401 ₄ 41 431 ₂ 43	5 ₈ 78 3 ₄ *391		16 758 4014 243		16 758 4058 43	16 758 4058	*16 712 *4014	161 ₂ 75 ₈ 41	16 738 *4014	16 71 ₂ 41	2,700 200	0 3	Amer Hawaiian SS Co10 American Hide & Leather1 6% preferred50	1434 June 29 578 June 17 3684 June 28	21 Feb 5 114 Mar 13 554 Mar 13 528 Mar 3	13 Jan 458 Oct 3118 Oct	211 ₂ July 83 ₈ Mar 46 Jan
	*318 3 *22 23 1438 14	12 31 12 23 12 14	8 31 ₄ 231 ₂ 8 141 ₈	*31 ₄ 231 ₂ 145 ₈	$ \begin{array}{r} 31_2 \\ 231_2 \\ 145_8 \end{array} $	33 ₈ 23 141 ₈	43 33 ₈ 231 ₈ 141 ₂	*4212 3 2312 1418	318	4284 *3 23 *1418	23 23	1,200 1,200 1,900	0 4	American Home Products	40% June 17 21 ₂ Jan 5 171 ₈ Jan 7 1214 June 30	434 Mar 16 2758 Feb 15 1734 Mar 11	37 Jan 218 Sept 1612 Sept 958 Apr	5178 Nov 558 Jan 24 Jan 1518 Nov
	42 42 107½ 107 20¼ 20 *9⅓ 9	12 *105	110 2 201 ₂	4284 *1078 2018 *918	110 201 ₂	425 ₈ 1081 ₂ 20 *81 ₈	431 ₂ 1081 ₂ 203 ₈ 91 ₂	$\begin{array}{r} 42 \\ 1071_2 \\ x197_8 \\ *91_8 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 428_{4} \\ 1071_{2} \\ 20 \\ 91_{2} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 421_4 \\ 1071_8 \\ 195_8 \\ *91_8 \end{array}$	10718	4,000 400 2,100 100		American Locomotive No par Preferred	37 June 30 101 ¹ 4June 28 18 ⁸ 8June 28 7 ⁸ 4June 30	587 ₈ Feb 4 125 Feb 5 293 ₈ Mar 8 135 ₈ Jan 20	2318 Apr 66 Apr 21 May 10 Apr	48% Dec 12212 Nov 29% Jan 15 Feb
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	18 511 12 *119 12 *63	2 52 1221 ₂ 70	*119 *63	$\begin{array}{c} 51^{5_{8}} \\ 1221_{2} \\ 70 \end{array}$	*481 ₂ *119 *63	$\begin{array}{c} 491_2 \\ 1221_2 \\ 70 \end{array}$	4884 *116 *63	4884 120 70	4884 *116 *63	$120 \\ 70$	1,900		Amer Metal Co LtdNo par 6% conv preferred100 Amer News N Y CorpNo par	4314June 15 112 June 1 6012June 15	6884 Mar 10 1291 ₂ Feb 1 75 Feb 15	27 Apr 118 Dec #351 ₂ Jan	5478 Nov 134 July 69 Nov
	97 ₈ 10 59 59 52 52 207 ₈ 21	$\begin{bmatrix} 1_4 \\ 1_4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 601 \\ 52 \end{bmatrix}$	2 618 ₄ 521 ₄	98 ₄ 601 ₂ 52 207 ₈	$\frac{61^{3}4}{52^{1}4}$	958 6058 52 2012	10^{1}_{4} 61^{5}_{8} 52^{7}_{8} 21	$\begin{array}{c} 98_{4} \\ 605_{8} \\ 521_{4} \\ 201_{4} \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 617_8 \\ 521_2 \\ 21 \end{array} $	93 ₄ 62 53 203 ₄	10 62 5384 2118	$18,600 \\ 2,400 \\ 2,500 \\ 13,900$		Amer Power & LightNo par \$6 preferredNo par \$5 preferredNo par Am Rad & Stand San'y.No par	7 June 17 4918 June 28 4014 June 17 1858 June 17	16 ¹ 2 Jan 13 87 ¹ 8 Jan 18 72 ¹ 2 Jan 12 29 ¹ 2 Feb 3	712 Feb 43 Feb 3658 Feb 1884 Apr	14% July 8712 Sept 7412 Sept 27% Jan
	157 165 37 ¹ 8 37 28 ¹ 4 28	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1_2 & 373 \\ 1_4 & 281 \end{array}$	2814	*157 37 *281 ₄	1651 ₂ 38 281 ₂	*157 37 2814	165 3778 2814	$\frac{157}{3614}$	$\frac{157}{3718}$	$^{*1491_{4}}_{365_{8}}_{271_{2}}$	$\frac{159}{3758}$ $\frac{271}{2}$	39,400 800		Preferred100 American Rolling Mill25 American Safety Razor18.50	153 Apr 16 3158May 13 2634June 14	170 Jan 21 454 Mar 11 36 Feb 3	157 Jan 2384 July 31 Dec	16512 Aug 37 Nov 3984 Oct
	*251 ₂ 26 *48 50 911 ₈ 91 140 140	8 ₄ *48 91	4978 9212	50 915 ₈	528 ₄ 928 ₄ 1408 ₄	28 251 903 ₄ 1401 ₂	281 ₂ 511 ₄ 923 ₈ 1401 ₉	2758 50 9058 1404	50 9258 14084	271 ₂ 50 915 ₈ *1401 ₂	50 931 ₄ 1411 ₂	540 17,300 200	1	American Seating CoNo par Amer Ship Building CoNo par Amer Smeiting & RefgNo par Preferred	22 ¹ 4 Apr 27 41 Jan 23 79 ⁵ 8 May 13 138 ¹ 2 Apr 14	58 Mar 19 105% Mar 11 154 Jan 28	25% Jan 56% Jan 1361 Jan	284 Nov 4518 Dec 103 Nov 1528 Mar
111	55 55 127 132 561 ₂ 57	*127 563	543 ₄ 132 575 ₈	5484 *127 5712	547 ₈ 132 587 ₈	551 ₂ *127 575 ₈	551 ₂ 132 583 ₄	55 ³ 4 132 56 ³ 4	$\begin{array}{c} 55^{3}4 \\ 132^{1}4 \\ 58^{3}8 \end{array}$	*54 *130 57	$56^{12} \\ 133^{14} \\ 58$	1,400 30 9,800	1	American Snuff25 6% preferred100 Amer Steel Foundries_No par	5214June 23 13112 July 1 4858May 14	681g Jan 29 148 Feb 5 7314 Jan 21	5712 Mar 1338 Jan 2012 Apr	731 ₂ Jan 1451 ₄ Dec 64 Dec
III	18 ¹ 2 18 48 ¹ 4 48 127 ¹ 2 127 •21 22	12 471 12 1273	12734	$18 \\ 478_4 \\ 1267_8 \\ 228_4$	12678	181 ₂ 461 ₂ 1261 ₄	181 ₂ 467 ₈ 127 231 ₄	18 461_2 1263_4 23	18 4684 130 23	*17 ⁵ 8 45 ⁸ 4 *127 23	$ \begin{array}{r} 1878 \\ 4614 \\ 130 \\ 23 \end{array} $	2,000 800 1,600	A	American StoresNe par American Sugar Refining100 Preferred100 Am Sumatra TobaccoNe par	157 ₈ June 18 37 June 17 1241 ₈ June 30 211 ₈ June 14	26 ¹ 2 Jan 20 56 ⁷ 8 Jan 11 143 ² 4 Jan 13 25 ⁷ 8 Jan 25	2412 Dec 4814 Apr 129 Jan 2058 Mar	36 Jan 6358 Aug 145 Sept 2638 Jan
11	1681 ₂ 168 *76 77 783 ₄ 78 136 140	761 78 781	1691 ₂ 761 ₂	168 7512 7714	1691 ₂ 761 ₄ 788 ₄	169 ¹ 4 75 76 ³ 8	170 75 771 ₄	1681 ₂ *741 ₂ 763 ₈	169 ¹ ₄ 75 ¹ ₂ 76 ³ ₄	169 *751 ₂ 77	$\begin{array}{r} 1698_4 \\ 761_2 \\ 771_4 \end{array}$	5,400 1,600 4,400	A	Amer Telep & Teleg Co100 American Tobacco25 Common class B25	159 ⁸ 4June 29 73 ⁸ 4June 12 74 ¹ 8May 18	187 Jan 8 99 Jan 28 9978 Feb 4	1491 ₂ Apr 87 Mar 881 ₂ Mar	1901 ₈ Nov 1021 ₂ Feb 104 Feb
	13 ¹ 2 14 18 ¹ 8 18 ¹ 83 ³ 4 88	14 181 *833	141 ₄ 188 ₄ 88	1378 1784 *8384	1878 88	*1361 ₂ 138 ₄ 181 ₄ *838 ₄	141 ₈ 183 ₄ 88	1358 1818 *8384	136 ³ 4 14 18 ⁵ 8 88	1371 ₂ 138 ₄ 181 ₈ *838 ₄	1384 1858 88	7,900 17,500	A	6% preferred100 Am Type Founders Inc10 Am Water Wks & Elec_No par \$6 lst preferredNo par	128 ¹ 4May 13 11 ⁵ 8June 28 15 ¹ 4June 17 88 June 25	1501 ₂ Jan 26 201 ₈ Feb 3 291 ₂ Jan 13 107 Feb 1	136 Jan 878 June 1918 Apr 9234 Jan	150 Mar 18 Dec 274 Oct 1094 Sept
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	621 8 131	65	95 ₈ 65 14 *140	95 ₈ 65 143 ₄	91 ₂ 64 14 *140	95 ₈ 641 ₂ 143 ₄		$ \begin{array}{c} 95_8 \\ 66 \\ 141_4 \\ 190 \end{array} $	93 ₄ 66 ¹ 2 14	$10^{1}_{8} \\ 66^{3}_{4} \\ 14^{3}_{8} \\ 190$	2,800 $4,700$ $18,600$		American WoolenNo par Preferred	7 ² 4June 28 54 ¹ 2June 29 6 ² 5 Jan 2 100 Jan 13	1438 Jan 18 79 Jan 12 20 Feb 23 185 Feb 23	758 Sept 5234 Sept 312 July 44 Jan	1112 Feb 70% Feb 7% Mar
	54 67 547 ₈ 55 75 80	*59 55% 80	75	*56 551 ₂ *801 ₂	66 563 ₈ 82	*58 551 ₉ *801 ₄	66 56 ¹ 4 82	*58 5484 8014	60 56 801 ₄	*58 5518 *79	60 557 ₈	38,100		\$5 prior conv pref25 Anaconda Copper Mining_50 Anaconda W & Cable_No par	4412 Jan 7 474 May 13 79 Apr 10	798 Feb 23 6912 Mar 10 97 Feb 23	24 May 28 Jan 35 Jan	50 Dec 55% Nov 891, Dec
	211 ₂ 211 106 1091 22 25 *71 ₈ 71	2 *106 *22	215 ₈ 1091 ₂ 25 71 ₄	21	211 ₄ 110 25 71 ₄	2118		21	21 107 26	211 ₈ 107 *22	211 ₈ 107 26	1,600	A	\$6.50 conv preferred Ne par Indes Copper Mining 20	18 Jan 4 105 May 21 18 June 22	245 ₈ Jan 16 111 Feb 13 371 ₂ Jan 12	151 ₂ Jan 97 May 9 June	2634 Mar 111 Jan 43 Nov
:	411 ₂ 421 188 ₄ 120 1071 ₂ 109	8 4214 *11884 *10812	43 120 109	*4278 *11912 *10812	120	421 ₂ *1191 ₂ 1 109			$\begin{vmatrix} 7^{1_2} \\ 4^2 \\ 120 \\ 109 \end{vmatrix}$		$ \begin{array}{c} 8^{7}8\\41^{1}4\\120\\108^{5}8 \end{array} $	200 700 100 200	1	A P W Paper CoNo par Archer Daniels Midl'd No par 7% preferred 100 Armour&Co(Del)pf 7% gtd100	512 Jan 8 3958 July 1 11644 May 4 106 June 30	10 ¹ 4 Feb 10 46 Feb 18 121 ¹ 4 Feb 8 111 Mar 6	3 July 37 Apr 118 May 1054 Jan	7 Nov 50 Jan 122 Jan 11012 Jan
1	115 ₈ 118 988 91 01 105 55 56	*90 *101 543s	92 105	*90 *101 557 ₈	121 ₂ 92 107 57	9112	123 ₄ 911 ₂ 107 56	1218 90 101 55	12 ⁵ 8 90 ³ 4 107 56 ¹ 4	121 ₄ *891 ₂ 101 553 ₈	12 ⁵ 8 90 ⁸ 4 107 55 ⁸ 4	73,790 400 14,400		**The street of the street of	7 Jan 4 814 Jan 2 96 Feb 4 548 July 12	1384 Feb 27 9912 Mar 1 126 Jan 6 7012 Mar 13	458 June 6614 Jan 104 Aug 4714 Feb	78 Jan 84 Jan 128 Dec 628 Mar
III •	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11 ₂ 13 105 ₈	13 11	13 *1058	2 13 11	$\begin{array}{c} 15_8 \\ 123_4 \\ 105_8 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 13_4 \\ 123_4 \\ 103_4 \end{array}$	158 1284 *1014	$17_8 \\ 128_4 \\ 11$	15_{8} 127_{8} $*101_{8}$	13 ₄ 13 ₁₈ 11	198,200 900 300	A	Rights	11 ₂ July 10 11 June 18 84 June 17	2 ¹ 4 July 8 16 ¹ 4 Feb 27 17 ³ 8 Jan 21	712 Jan 818 Jan	185 ₈ Nov 221 ₈ Feb
.	98 100 1714 171 84 88 00 112	4 *99 1714 *84 *100	100 18 88 111	178 ₄	100 18 88 111	1788 *87		1788 *87	173 ₈ 90	173 ₈	100 171 ₂ 90 111	5,500	A	Preferred	95 Mar 2 15% Apr 28 87 July 6 112 June 1	98 June 11 2484 Mar 5 101 Jan 28 125 Mar 9	95 Jan 1258 Apr 95 Dec 98 Feb	108 May 2778 Nov 112 Oct 124 Oct
1:	49 55 95 85 90 81 ¹ 4 81 ⁷	*52	55 95 90	*49 *921 ₂	52 95 88	53 921 ₂ *85	53 93 88	*49 *928 ₄ *85	521 ₂ 95 88	*49 95 *85	521 ₂ 95 88	100 50		5% pref with warrants_100 \$5 pref without warrants 100	4958 Mar 24 92 June 18 88 June 29	5712 Feb 18 106 Feb 18 88 June 29		
	971 ₂ 978 508 ₄ 511 191 ₂ 198	9784	978 ₄ 52 198 ₄	978 ₄ 518 ₄ *18	98 521 ₂ 19	978 ₄ 508 ₈	5112	*978 ₄ 50 *161 ₂	981 ₂ 511 ₄ 19	981 ₄ 50 *161 ₂	8158 9814 5038 19	900 5,000	A	tch Topeka & Santa Fe100 5% preferred100 tlantic Coast Line RR100 tl G & W I SS LinesNo par	93 June 30 4418 Jan 26	944May 7 104 Feb 9 5512 Mar 17	2158 Apr	881 ₂ Aug 107 Oct 49 Dec
*1	28 28 30 ¹ 8 30 ¹ 09 114	261 ₂ 303 ₈ *109	261 ₂ 311 ₂ 114	*26 31*8 *109	27 32 114	275 ₈ 307 ₈ 109 1	275 ₈ 311 ₂ 14 *	*25 305 ₈ 109 1	27 30 ⁷ 8 14 *	*251 ₂ 303 ₈ 109	268 ₄ 305 ₈	\$,200	A	5% preferred 100 tlantic Refining 25 4% conv pref series A 100	1712June 11 22 June 18 2714June 28 107 May 21	29 Mar 13 44 Jan 18 37 Mar 11 1161 ₂ Feb 6	11 Apr 131 ₂ Apr 265 ₈ June 109 Sept	3112 Oct 5434 Nov 3518 Apr 11812 Dec
	15 ¹ 4 15 ¹ , 50 ¹ 2 50 ¹ , 70 ¹ 4 71 20 121	1514 501 ₂ *703 ₈ *120	1538 5084 71 121	158 501 ₂ 71 121	151 ₂ 505 ₈ 71 121	5034 *7012		501 ₂ *701 ₂	7112	15 ¹ 2 a50 ³ 8 *70 ¹ 4 120 ¹ 2	151 ₂ 503 ₈ 711 ₂ 122	3,600 2,500 100 50	A	tias Corp	15 June 17 5012May 14 6812June 17 1134 Apr 26	181 ₂ Mar 6 521 ₈ Mar 10 94 Mar 11 133 Jan 13	48 Jan 112 Jan	84 Nov 131 Nov
	12 ³ 8 14 16 ¹ 8 16 ⁵ *6 6 ³ 34 ¹ 2 36	*12 ¹ 4 16 ¹ 2 *6 *35	14 18 63 ₈ 36	*121 ₂ 17 61 ₈	13 171 ₂ 61 ₈	*1284 *17	13 171 ₂ 6	13 171 ₂ *6	13 171 ₂ 61 ₈	*121 ₂ 17 *57 ₈	$13 \\ 173_8 \\ 61_8$	1,700 500	1	5% conv preferred 100 tlas Tack Corp No par uburn Automobile No par ustin Nichols No par	113June 14 1312June 16 558June 15	18 ¹ 8 Jan 9 36 ⁸ 4 Feb 2 9 ¹ 2 Feb 1	14 June 2658 June 538 June	301s Feb 5414 Mar 101s Jan
	678 7 614 61, 512 53	7 61 ₄ 53 ₈	71 ₄ 61 ₂ 53 ₄	35 7 618 512	35 71 ₄ 61 ₂ 53 ₄	7 618 512	$ \begin{array}{c c} 36 \\ 71_8 \\ 61_4 \\ 55_8 \end{array} $	*343 ₈ 63 ₄ 61 ₄ 53 ₈	36 718 612 512	36 718 618 538	36 718 614 58	6,300 10,000 4,400		\$5 prior A	30 June 15 558 May 18 484 June 30 485 June 29	5212 Mar 25 914 Jan 12 1114 Jan 29 912 Jan 30	2912 June 3 Apr 218 July 288 July	4612 Jan 74 Mar 114 Dec 978 Dec
*	851_2 90 851_2 95 281_2 293 331_2 331		90 95 291 ₂ 331 ₂	*8814 *8814 2878 33	$90 \\ 931_2 \\ 297_8 \\ 333_4$	*88 88 2778	93 95 28 ⁷ 8		88 ¹ 2 93 28 ¹ 2 32	*84 *84 271 ₂ 311 ₂	90 90 28 ¹ ₄ 31 ¹ ₂	20,000 2,300	B	Preferred	70 June 29 7312June 30 2058 Jan 4	120 Feb 5 120 Feb 5 401 ₂ Mar 17	2912 Apr 334 July 1578 Apr	9478 Dec 9478 Dec 2758 Nov
1	4114 4114 05 105 3184 331 ₂	106	411 ₄ 106 331 ₂	*4112	328 ₄	41 ¹ 2 106 1	4112 4	106 1	42	*4184	42 06 32	400 80 5,200	B	angor & Aroostook50	2784 June 28 3812 May 13 10038 May 11 2788 June 29	474 Mar 17 45 Feb 11 1101 ₂ Feb 8	21 Apr 39 Dec 24% Nov	41 ¹ 4 Oct 49 ¹ 2 Feb
	251 ₈ 26 373 ₈ 373 ₈ 263 ₄ 263 ₄ 141 ₂ 151 ₂	251 ₄ 381 ₄ 261 ₂	251 ₂ 381 ₄ 28 15	26 3884 278 1478	26 387 ₈ 281 ₈ 151 ₈	26 3884 271 ₂	26 388 ₄ 28	26 39 273 ₈	26 40 278 ₄ 15	26 40 27	26 401 ₂ 275 ₈ 15	1,100 190 12,600	Ba	arker BrothersNo par 51/2% preferred50 arnsdail Oil Co5	22 June 28 34 June 29 2318 June 28	32 Jan 21 42 Jan 21 354 Feb 1	1314 Jan 1418 Jan	284 Nov 284 Dec
1	11 111 237 ₈ 237 ₈ 021 ₈ 103	*11014	111 25 103	10984 1	11 241 ₂ 1031 ₈ *	111 1 241 ₂	11 *1 241 ₂ *	101 ₄ 1 231 ₂	12 2518 *	11014 1	$\frac{12}{2558}$	900 70 2,800 400	Be	ayuk Cigars Inc	137 ₈ June 28 111 June 17 211 ₂ June 28 101 June 28	2014 Jan 16 114 Feb 2 2884 Feb 9 10584 Mar 8	18 Jan 100 Aug	22¼ Nov 115 Dec 28% Nov 105 July
	12 121 ₂ 121 ₂ 121 ₈ 89	*1121 ₄ 128 ₄ *871 ₈	418 ₄ * 128 ₄ 89	1121 ₄ 121 ₂ *871 ₈	418 ₄ * 125 ₈ 89	*1212	413 ₄ * . 143 ₄ * 1 123 ₄ *	1212	1212	1121 ₄ 1 121 ₄ *871 ₈	41 ¹² 14 ¹² 12 ¹² 89	100 900	Be Be	eech Creek RR Co50	401 ₂ Jan 5 105 Feb 5 111 ₄ June 23 84 Jan 16	43 ¹ 4 Feb 19 114 ³ 4 July 14 15 ³ 4 Feb 8 87 Mar 17	35 Feb	4278 Oct 112 Dec 1614 Mar 8918 May
	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	203 ₈ 215 ₈ 521 ₂	$21 \\ 223_8 \\ 521_2$	2018 2178 *5214	208 ₄ 22 54	1984 2078 *5238	20 ³ 8 21 ¹ 2 55	19 ¹ 2 21 54	20 21 54	1938 2034 54	197 ₈ 208 ₄ 54	6,400 3,200 300	Be Be	endix Aviation	181 ₈ June 30 203 ₈ Apr 29 471 ₂ June 14	3012 Feb 11 234 Jan 5 624 Jan 8	21% Jan 20 Jan 48 Jan	32% Oct 254 Oct 72 Nov
*1	18 18 ¹ 4 17 118 54 ¹ 4 55 ¹ 2	90 ¹ 2 18 ¹ 4 118 54 ³ 4	$1181_4 \\ 548_4$	*183 ₈ 118 1 *54	5514	181 ₄ 1181 ₂ 1 *54	19 1 551 ₈ *	1884 1812 1 5414	19 55	181 ₄ 1191 ₄ 1 54	188 ₄ 191 ₄ 54	38,900 1,000 1,200 200			73 Jao 4 17 June 22 108 June 17 25112 May 14	1051 ₂ Mar 11 20 Jan 18 1291 ₂ Feb 16 694 Feb 10	454 Apr 1618 Apr 10712 July 23 Jan	77% Dec 20 Dec 13512 Nov 6512 Dec
	271 ₂ 283 ₈ 247 ₈ 247 ₈ 231 ₂ 25 761 ₂ 82	271 ₂ 25 231 ₂ *761 ₈	271 ₂ 251 ₂	271 ₄ 25 *231 ₂	271 ₂ 251 ₄ 28	27 241 ₂ *23	27 251 ₄ 8	268 ₄ 243 ₈ 231 ₂ 2	271 ₂ 251 ₄ 29	261 ₂ 243 ₄ 231 ₂	$ \begin{array}{c c} 261_2 \\ 253_8 \\ 29 \end{array} $	5,100 40	Bla	ack & Decker Mfg Co No par aw-Knox Co	24 June 14 22 Apr 28 22 June 23	38 Jan 21 29% Mar 10 321- Jan 7	284 Dec 1 1412 July 1814 May	23412 Dec 2478 Dec 3818 Nov
_				s; no sa	ales on	this da	y. ‡	In rece	elversi	ip. a	Def.	delivery		n New stock. r Cash sale. z	Ex-div. y E	r-rights. ¶ Ca	iled for rede	mption.

-										1	
						Sales	NEW YORK STOCK	On Basis of 10			1936
Saturday July 10	July 12	July 13	Wednesday July 14	Thursday July 15	Friday July 16	the Week	EXCHANGE	Lowest	Highest	Lowest	Highest
Saturday July 10 \$ per share 3114 313, 42 42 *8634 88 *4312 441, 2338 237, 4412 45, 105 103, 2173 477, 4214 421, *4418 45, *40 405, 4 4 *1714 181, 2218 223, 6818 6818 2814 281, *4412 48 *1174 181, 2218 234 4317 181, *10 9 918 *72 7778 834 83, 178 1814 *110 9 918 *72 7778 834 83, 56 5612 34 34 1778 1814 2518 2538 6*20 23 29 29 15 15 *3014 3084 684 678 22 22 6914 6914 2884 29 *35 3612 *4978 51 31 318 *412 2814 2888 2684 27 *	\$ per share 4 317s 337s 4214 4314 88 88 4 4312 4312 2 235s 237s 45 4614 1176 1181s 4 42 4412 4412 4412 3 4034 4034 2 177s 221s 6 6812 6812 2 814 30 2 248 1 1834 1912 1711 18 4 1912 1717 18 4 1912 1717 18 4 1912 1717 18 4 1912 1717 18 4 1912 1717 18 4 1913 171 18 4 1912 171 18 4 1912 171 18 4 1912 171 18 4 1912 171 18 4 1912 171 18 4 1912 171 18 4 1912 171 18 4 1912 171 18 4 191 21 171 18 4 191 21 171 18 4 191 21 171 18 4 191 21 171 18 4 191 21 171 18 4 191 21 171 18 4 191 21 171 18 4 191 21 171 18 4 191 21 171 18 4 191 21 171 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 1	Tuesday July 13 \$ per share 33 337, 4214 43 8884 8884 4414 45 2312 233, 4558 461; **10 104, 238 21; 18 1818, 42 424,	### Wednesday July 14 \$ per share \$ 32\(^2\) 33\(^2\) 33\(^2\) 43 43 43 43 43 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44	### AFF NOT 1 Thursday July 15	Friday July 16 \$ per share 3258 3312 42 4228 886 8884 44 4438 4812 3214 212 18 1812 4214 4412 4214 4412 4214 4412 4214 4412 4212 18 1812 384 1612 18 1818 875 8212 2814 2812 45 47 19 19 1638 1658 875 8212 818 858 5534 568 3412 3412 18 1818 2612 2718 534 578 2612 2718 534 578 2612 384 2612 2718 534 578 2612 384 2612 2718 534 578 4684 6884 29 2988 3534 3614 4978 5118 331 3178 26 27 *	Sales for the Week Shares 24,400 1,300 7,000 12,600 4000 4000 4000 1,0000 2,200 2,300 3,800 2,300 2,100 8,900 2,100 8,900 2,500 8,000 2,100 8,000 2,500 8,000 1,100 2,250 8,000 1,100 2,250 8,000 1,100 2,250 8,000 1,100 2,250 8,000 1,100 2,250 8,000 1,100 2,500 1,100 1,000 2,500 1,100 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE Par Boeing Airplane Co	## Concess **per share*	0-Share Lots	Vegr Lowest	### ##################################
1184 1178 *46 4784 *1314 1484 *47 4812	*4614 47	4614 4614 1414 1412 *47 4819	1184 1178 4614 4614 *14 1414 *47 4812			22,800 300 300	Canadian Pacific Ry25 Cannon MilisNo par Capital Admin class A1 \$3 preferred A10	1112 July 15 44 June 8 1338 June 29 47 July 8	1712 Mar 6 6112 Jan 9 1812 Mar 11 5214 Jan 2	10% Jan 37 Apr 12% May 45% Jan	16 Feb 68% Nov 1812 Feb 53 Nov
*941 ₂ 100 97 97 *331 ₈ 341 ₈ *71 ₄ 75 ₈	9784 9784	*941 ₂ 99 *96 973 ₄ 341 ₄ 341 ₄ 71 ₂ 71 ₂	*95 97 971 ₂ 978 ₄ 34 34 71 ₄ 73 ₈	* 9712	9684 9684	190 500 1,100	Carolina Clinch & Ohio Ry 100 Stamped 100 Carpenter Steel Co 5 Carriers & General Corp 1	9712June 15	102 Feb 8 106 Jan 18 35% June 2 912 Apr 20	87 Jan 91 Jan 64 May	2100 Oct 1032 Dec
*162 168 *11614 118 96 961 ₂ *102 1031 ₄	169 170 118 118	169 1701 ₂ *118 122 951 ₂ 963 ₄	170 176 122 122 957 ₈ 971 ₂ 1031 ₂ 1037 ₈	17178 17178 120 120 96 9612	168 17184 *119 122 97 9714 *103 105	3,200 80 3,700 300	Case (J I) Co	138 Jan 4 112 July 1 85 June 17	1761 ₂ Feb 9 1293 ₄ Jan 22 100 Feb 1 105 June 24	921 ₂ Jan 116 Jan 543 ₄ Jan	186 June 143 July 291 Nov
378 3784 *105 111 43 43 *76 78	37 ¹ 4 37 ³ 4 110 ¹ 2 110 ¹ 2 *41 ¹ 2 43 77 78	368 ₄ 371 ₂ *105 111 42 421 ₂ 78 78		36 ¹ 2 37 *109 111 42 42 ¹ 4 77 ¹ 2 78 ¹ 4	36 ¹ 2 37 *109 ¹ 2 111 41 ⁷ 8 42 *77 ¹ 2 78 ¹ 4	14,400 100 1,300 140	Ceianese Corp of Amer_No par 7% preferred	265 ₈ Jan 6	41 ¹ 4May 20 115 June 9 48 ¹ 4 Mar 8 82 ¹ 2 Jan 7	2134 May 106 Dec 19 Apr 54 May	32 ¹ 4 Jan 110 Dec 39 ⁷ 8 Dec 86 Sept
*331 ₄ 337 ₈ 83 ₈ 85 ₈ *991 ₄ 1001 ₂ 20 20	20 20	1914 1912	81 ₄ 81 ₂ *1001 ₈ 102 191 ₂ 191 ₂	*3214 3284 814 812 *10018 102 *1984 2084	*3214 3284 818 814 10014 10014 *1984 21	6,200 160 900	Central Aguirre AssocNo par Central Foundry Co1 Central III Lt 4½% pref100 Central RR of New Jersey100	18 June 2	39 ¹ 4 Jan 12 12 ⁵ 8 Jan 28 107 ¹ 4 Jan 26 41 ³ 4 Jan 15	253 ₈ Jan 65 ₈ Nov 35 Apr	371 ₂ Dec 91 ₈ Dec 57 Feb
1284 1284 *914 1012 *9814 105 6984 70	*1284 1312 *912 1012 *9814 105 7014 71	1238 1234 *912 1018 *9814 105 7014 7114	*115 ₈ 15 *97 ₈ 101 ₂ *981 ₄ 105 701 ₂ 711 ₂	*1218 14 *978 1012 *9814 105 7014 72	*121 ₈ 147 ₈ 97 ₈ 97 ₈ 105 270 72	300 100 4,900	Central Violeta Sugar Co19 Century Ribbon MillsNo par Preferred100 Cerro de Pasco CopperNo par	11 June 28 812June 16 103 May 5 60 May 13	24% Jan 11 14½ Mar 3 115 Jan 14 86% Mar 10	61 ₂ Apr 971 ₂ May 473 ₄ Jan	12 Nov 1081 ₂ Oct 74 Nov
141 ₂ 141 ₂ 56 56 *107 108 ³ 4 *58 60	141 ₄ 147 ₈ 55 56 108 108 60 60	14 15 56 56 ¹ 4 107 107 59 ¹ 2 59 ³ 4	*14 141 ₂ 561 ₂ 561 ₂ 108 108 591 ₂ 591 ₂	13 ¹ 2 14 ³ 8 55 56 ¹ 2 107 ¹ 2 107 ¹ 2 *59 60	135 ₈ 135 ₄ 54 55 108 108 59 59	4,400 430 180 600	Certain-Teed Products 1 6% prior preferred 100 ChampPap & Fib Co 6% pt 100 Common No par	3512 Jan 4	2358 Feb 10 82 Feb 10 111 Feb 4 6314 June 10	814 June 5712 Sept 101 Mar 19 Aug	1914 Mar 7212 Dec 111 Dec 384 Dec
*17 2178 7784 78 5418 5434 *95 96 *212 3	*1784 2018 7812 7912 5484 56 *95 9888 *212 3	*1612 2018 7814 79 5478 56 *95 9838 *214 3	*161 ₂ 18 78 781 ₄ 545 ₈ 551 ₄ *95 971 ₈ *21 ₈ 3	*17 22 77 771 ₂ 541 ₂ 55 95 95	*17 2018 7678 77 5418 5478 *95 9718	3,600 10,300 100	Checker Cab	14 ¹ 8 June 16 67 June 28 50 ¹ 8 June 29 91 Apr 7 2 ¹ 4 June 26	48 Feb 13 9012 Mar 6 6878 Mar 4 100 Mar 11 484 Mar 16	2214 Jan 59 Jan 51 Jan	6918 Apr 100 Nov 7784 Nov
814 814 *212 3 12 12 *7 912	*212 3 *788 9 284 284 12 12 7 7	*734 9 278 278 1114 1112 718 718	*738 8 212 212 1012 1084 *7 910	*21g 3 *712 812 212 212 10 1114 *7 912	*21 ₈ 3 71 ₄ 71 ₄ 21 ₂ 21 ₂ 103 ₈ 103 ₈ *7 91 ₂	200 700 1,800 40	6% preferred 100 †Chicago Great Western 100 4% preferred 100 †Chic Ind & Louisv 4% pref 100	61 ₂ June 17 2 June 17 84June 26 7 July 9	131 ₂ Mar 17 4 Mar 8 181 ₄ Mar 6 123 ₈ May 19	278 Jan 114 Apr 4 Jan 6 May	818 Dec 258 Feb 1458 Dec 12 Jan
265 ₈ 265 ₈ *2 21 ₈ 43 ₈ 41 ₂ 37 ₈ 4	27 271 ₂ *2 21 ₈ x41 ₂ 45 ₈ x37 ₈ 4	267 ₈ 277 ₈ 2 2 43 ₈ 43 ₄ 37 ₈ 4	2634 27 2 2 438 458 378 378	27 27 17 ₈ 2 41 ₄ 41 ₄ 35 ₈ 38 ₄	2634 2634 178 178 418 414 338 312	2,200 1,500 4,500 4,800	Chicago Mail Order Co5 †Chic Mil St P & PacNo par 5% preferred100 †Chicago & North West'n.100	24 ¹ 4 July 2 1 ³ 4 June 26 3 ¹ 4 June 17 3 June 25	32 Jan 20 314 Mar 18 714 Mar 17 638 Mar 4	2538 May 112 Apr 278 Apr 212 Apr	3378 Nov 278 Feb 578 Feb 478 Feb
*12 12 ⁵ 8 25 ¹ 4 25 ³ 4 *40 40 ¹ 4 2 ⁸ 4 2 ⁸ 4	$\begin{array}{c} x12^{5_8} & 12^{7_8} \\ 26^{1_8} & 27 \\ 40^{1_4} & 40^{1_4} \\ 2^{1_2} & 2^{5_8} \end{array}$	12 12 26 26 ¹ 4 40 ³ 4 41 21 ₂ 21 ₂	12 12 25 26 ¹ 2 40 40 ¹ 4 2 ³ 8 2 ³ 8	1138 1134 2514 2538 *39 40 238 238	12 12 2584 26 40 40 •28 212	1,000 4,100 900 1,300	Preferred 100 Chicago Pneumat Tool No par \$3 conv preferred No par \$Chic Rock Isl & Pacific 100	91 ₄ June 26 21 Apr 28 35 June 14 2 June 25	191 ₂ Feb 17 33 Feb 9 41 June 24 38 Mar 17	634 May 1212 Apr	1258 Oct 2478 Dec 3 Feb
6 ¹ 4 6 ¹ 4 *5 5 ⁵ 8 *15 ¹ 4 16 ¹ 2 *18 ¹ 4 18 ¹ 2	618 614 *514 558 1514 1514 1838 1812	638 638 538 538 1512 16 *1818 1812	614 614 *5 538 16 16 181 ₂ 19	6 6 ¹ 8 5 5 14 ³ 4 15 ³ 4 *18 ⁷ 8 19 ³ 4	51 ₄ 51 ₄ 5 5 14 141 ₄ 188 ₄ 19	1,600 600 2,000 900	7% preferred		101 ₈ Feb 19 88 ₄ Mar 8 271 ₂ Jan 14 221 ₈ Jan 29	31 ₂ Apr 31 ₄ Apr 193 ₄ Jan 173 ₈ Sept	8 Jan 8 July 3258 Oct 3014 Jan
11 11 •511 ₂ 75 1011 ₂ 1031 ₂ 18 181 ₈	1034 1034 *5612 63 10338 10578 1818 1818	11 11 *561 ₂ 75 103 1051 ₄ 181 ₈ 181 ₄	11 11 *561 ₂ 63 101 1045 ₈ 181 ₈ 181 ₈	*10 ¹ 2 11 *56 ¹ 2 75 100 103 18 18	10 ¹ 2 10 ¹ 2 *56 ¹ 2 75 100 ¹ 4 102 ¹ 2 18 18	1,300 44,700 1,800	Childs Co	4612 Jan 22 94 June 30 1714June 28	1578 Mar 3 80 Mar 11 3514 Feb 11 2128 Feb 18	7 Jan 25 Jan 851 ₂ Jan 151 ₄ Jan	14% Dec 51 Dec 138% Nov 23 Nov
82 82 •63 73 71 ₄ 71 ₂ •381 ₂ 39	821 ₈ 821 ₈ *63 75 73 ₈ 71 ₂ 383 ₄ 391 ₂	82 ¹ 4 82 ⁸ 4 *63 73 7 ¹ 2 7 ⁵ 8 39 39 ⁸ 8	8284 8284 *63 73 712 712 39 4078	821 ₂ 823 ₄ 73 74 71 ₂ 75 ₈ 401 ₄ 403 ₄	82 ¹ 2 83 ¹ 2 72 72 *7 ¹ 4 7 ³ 4 40 ³ 8 40 ³ 4	550 80 1,300 6,700	6½% preferred100 City Investing Co5 City Stores5 Clark EquipmentNo par	60 Feb 16 634June 21 3214 Apr 7	92 Feb 18 74 July 15 10 ⁵ 8 Mar 1 40 ⁷ 8 July 14	727 ₈ Jan 45 Mar 43 ₄ Jan 233 ₄ Jan	8984 Nov 50 Nov 1312 Nov 4618 Mar
*1001 ₂ *1063 ₄ 108 *39 40 *85 88	*1001 ₂ 1071 ₂ 1071 ₂ 40 411 ₂ *85 88 *49	*1001 ₂ 1068 ₄ 1071 ₂ 41 411 ₄ *85 88	*100 ¹ 2 *106 ³ 4 107 ¹ 2 42 42 ¹ 2 *85 88	*100 ¹ 2 106 ³ 4 106 ³ 4 42 42 ¹ 2 *85 88	*100 ¹ 2 *106 ⁸ 4 107 ¹ 2 42 42 *85 88	120 1,900	C C C & St Louis Ry 5% pf 100 Clev El Ilium \$4.50 pf. No par Clev Graph Bronze Co (The) 1 Clev & Pitts RR Co 7% gtd. 50	102% June 21 1 35 Jan 5 86 Apr 23	031 ₂ Apr 5 13 Jan 7 444 ₄ Apr 22 90 Jan 14	90 Feb 10714 Jan 33 July 82 Feb	98 Oct 11134 Dec 4712 Oct 90 Dec
*49 2778 2814 *12512 130 118 1316 158 158	281 ₈ 291 ₄ 130 130 13 ₁₆ 13 ₈	28 ¹ 4 29 ¹ 4 125 ¹ 2 129 ⁷ 8 1 ¹ 4 13 ₈ 160 161 ¹ 8	*49 28 ³ 8 29 ¹ 2 *125 ¹ 2 129 ⁷ 8 71 ¹ 4 1 ⁷ 16 160 161 ⁸ 4	*49 297 ₈ *1251 ₂ 1297 ₈ *151 ₆ 11 ₂ *158 163	281 ₂ 29 *1251 ₂ 1297 ₈ 1591 ₂ 1591 ₂	20,900 20 62,800 1,000	Special guar 4% 50 Cluett Peabody & CoNo par Preferred 100 Rights Coca-Cola Co. (The) No par	23 ³ 4June 28 126 Jan 4 5 ₁₆ June 28	50½ Feb 26 29% July 15 32% June 3 1% July 12 70½ Apr 2	48 Mar 48 Apr 124 Jan 84 Jan	51 Oct 7714 Dec 129 July
*58 58 ¹ 2 18 ⁵ 8 19 *101 102 ³ 4	5812 5812 1884 19 10212 10212	*58 58 ¹ 2 18 ¹ 4 19 101 102 ⁸ 4	*58 5812 1812 1918 *101 10284	*58 5812 1812 1912 10284 10284	58 58 19 19 1021 ₂ 1021 ₂	9,000 300	Coca-Cola Co (The) No par Class A No par Colgate-Palmolive-Peet No par 6% preferred 100	5612 Jan 29 1778June 17 102 June 1 1	59 June 9 25% Mar 19 0412 Jan 6	555 ₈ Jan 13 June 100 Aug	58 Nov 214 Dec 1061 ₂ Feb
*531 ₂ 54 1078 ₄ 1078 ₄ *32 40 378 ₄ 378 ₄ *165 ₅ 178 ₄	*32 40 371 ₈ 371 ₂	54 54 108 109 *32 40 38 38 ¹ 4	*108 109 *33 40 3784 3884	5284 53 109 109 *32 40 371 ₂ 38	5284 5284 109 109 *32 40 38 39	1,400	Colins & AikmanNo par 5% conv preferred100 Colonial Beacon OilNo par Colo Fuel & Iron Corp. No par	107% July 10 1 26 Jan 18 31 June 17	6284 Feb 13 1284 Mar 11 45 Apr 12 5178 Feb 10	391 ₂ Apr 81 ₄ Jan 281 ₄ Sept	30 Oct 48 Dec
*165 ₈ 173 ₄ *171 ₂ 207 ₈ *16 21 122 122 *30 311 ₄	16 ⁵ 8 17 ¹ 8 18 19 *16 21 123 ¹ 2 123 ¹ 2 *	1718 1718 1812 1812 *1612 21 *121 12284 30 3014	*15 17 *181 ₂ 207 ₈ *151 ₄ 21 1211 ₄ 123 30 30	*15 17 18 ¹ 4 18 ¹ 2 *15 ¹ 4 21 121 ¹ 2 121 ¹ 2 29 ¹ 2 29 ¹ 2	*15¼ 17 18 18 *15¼ 21 *121 122¾ 28¾ 29	210 800 1 100	Colorado & Southern100 4% 1st preferred100 4% 2d preferred100 Columbian Carbon v te No par	15% June 17 1412 June 28 111 May 18 1	2714 Mar 5 30 Jan 14 29 Jan 25 2534 Apr 1		36 ¹ 4 Feb 37 ⁷ 8 Mar 36 Mar 136 ¹ 2 Aug
*413 ₈ 431 ₂ 125 ₈ 127 ₈ *843 ₄ 861 ₂ 76 761 ₂	*425 ₈ 431 ₂ 121 ₂ 13 86 86 *70 76	*425 ₈ 431 ₂ 121 ₂ 125 ₈ 861 ₄ 861 ₂ 76 76	*428 4312 1212 1278 87 8712 *75 80	291 ₂ 291 ₂ 423 ₈ 423 ₈ 121 ₂ 123 ₄ 851 ₂ 851 ₂ *75 80	284 29 *413 ₈ 431 ₂ 123 ₈ 123 ₄ *851 ₂ 87 798 ₄ 793 ₄	1,100 100 22,600 600 70	Columbia Pict v t cNo par \$2.75 conv preferred. No par Columbia Gas & ElecNo par 6% preferred series A100 5% preferred100	3812May 18 10 June 14 80 June 28 1	391 ₂ Jan 20 461 ₈ Jan 20 207 ₈ Jan 14 08 Jan 8 01 Jan 14	391 ₂ Dec 14 Jan 901 ₂ Jan	231 ₈ July 1084 Oct 103 Aug
6184 62 *10458 10712 6414 65 *106 110	62 63 1041 ₂ 1041 ₂ 65 66	62 ¹ 4 63 104 107 65 65 ³ 8 106 110	62 63 *105 120 65 67	621 ₂ 627 ₈ 1041 ₄ 120 668 ₄ 671 ₄ 107 110	621 ₂ 627 ₈ 1041 ₂ 1041 ₂ 66 67 *107 108	5,700 200 12,700	Commercial Credit 10 4½% conv preferred 10 60mm' Invest Trust No par 54.25 conv pf ser '35_No par	56% Apr 8 100 Mar 15 634 July 2	69 ¹ 4 Jan 8 14 Jan 12 80 ¹ 4 Jan 26 20 Jan 25	44 Jan 10014 July 55 Jan	8478 Sept 128 Nov 914 Nov 136 Nov
14 14 ¹ 8 21 ₂ 21 ₂ 53 53 ⁵ 8 *13 15	138 ₄ 141 ₈ 21 ₂ 25 ₈ 531 ₄ 538 ₄ 131 ₈ 131 ₈	13 ⁵ 8 13 ⁷ 8 2 ¹ 2 2 ⁵ 8 53 54 ² 4 13 ¹ 2 13 ¹ 2	133 ₈ 135 ₈ 21 ₂ 25 ₈ 52 53 *131 ₂ 14	138 1384 212 258 52-2 5212 1384 1384	131 ₂ 138 ₄ 21 ₂ 25 ₈ 521 ₂ 521 ₂ *131 ₂ 141 ₄	13,200 25,000 2,300 400	Commercial Solvents_No par Commonwith & SouNo par \$6 preferred seriesNo par Conde Nast Pub IncNo par	13 June 22 2 May 19 46 June 23 1318 July 12	21 ¹ 4 Jan 21 4 ¹ 8 Jan 13 75 ⁵ 8 Jan 13 19 ¹ 8 Feb 11	14 ¹ 4 June 2 ¹ 4 Apr 59 ¹ 4 Apr 7 July	2458 Feb 512 Feb 82 Feb 1519 Dec
*37 3712	3712 3812	37 3834	37 3712	3714 3712	3712 3814	5,300	Congoleum-Nairn IncNo par n New stock. 7 Cash sale. 2	34 June 28	4512 Mar 11	3078 Aug	4412 Jan

1	ND HIGH S.					Sales for	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK		nce Jan. 1 100-Share Lots		r Previous
Saturday July 10 S per share	Monday July 12	Tuesday July 13 \$ per share	Wednesday July 14 S per share	July 15	Friday July 16 \$ per share	the Week Shares	EXCHANGE	Lowest \$ per share	Highest S per share	Lowest	Highest 8 per share
*13 16 1314 1314 24 24	*131 ₂ 16 *131 ₂ 173 ₄ 251 ₈ 253 ₄	*131 ₂ 16 *131 ₂ 178 ₄ 251 ₄ 255 ₈	*131 ₂ 181 ₃ *131 ₂ 151 ₃ 25 257 ₈	*131 ₂ 181 *131 ₂ 151 *248 ₄ 251	2 *13 ¹ 2 16 2 *13 ¹ 2 15 ¹ 4 25 25 ³	2 10 5,200	Congress CigarNo par Conn Ry & Ltg 4½ % pref. 100 Consol Aircraft Corp	12 ¹ 4June 29 12 June 21 21 ⁸ 4 July 2	19 ¹ 4 Jan 23 22 Jan 14 26 July 7	16 Jan 15 Aug	254 Mar 331 ₂ Jan
*12 1212 * 80 *86 878 *86 90	* 80	* 80 86 86 *86 90	*212 1212 * 80 *85 8784 *86 90	79 79	*1184 121 *		Consolidated CigarNe par 7% preferred100 6½% prior pref w w100 6½% prior prf ex-war 100	978 June 14 79 July 15 8312 Apr 9 8712 June 8	87 Mar 2 95 Mar 11	8 June 654 June 724 Jan 7312 Feb	85 Nov 95 Nov
31 ₂ 35 ₇ 131 ₂ 14 361 ₄ 365 ₇ 1023 ₈ 1023	131 ₂ 131 ₂ 361 ₈ 361 ₂		31 ₄ 31 ₄ 131 ₂ 137 ₈ 351 ₂ 361 ₂ 1021 ₂ 103	14 14 35% 36%	8 338 33 *1314 137 8 3612 371	2,800 18,500	\$2 partic prefNo par Consol Edison of N Y_No par	218 June 18 10 June 29 3112 June 14	1834 Jan 9 4978 Jan 23	1514 Apr 2714 Apr 102 Jan	2018 Feb 48% Oct
*10 1012 16 1618 *10458	*10 ¹ 8 10 ¹ 2 16 16 ¹ 2 *104 ⁵ 8 109	*10 1012	*10 1012	15% 16	8 10 10 15 ⁵ 8 16	\$3,900 100 35,300	\$5 preferredNo par Consol Laundries Corp	9 ¹ 4 Jan 4 14 ¹ 2May 14 104 ³ 4 Apr 9	13 ¹ ₂ Feb 26 17 ⁷ ₈ Apr 5 105 ⁷ ₈ Jan 23	102 Jan 378 Apr 1112 Apr 101 Jan	958 Nov 1714 Dec 10618 June
614 614 84 84 978 1014 4014 4014	97 ₈ 10	61 ₈ 61 ₈ 5 ₈ 3 ₄ 93 ₄ 93 ₄ 40 40	6 6 ¹ 8 34 78 10 10 ¹ 4 40 ¹ 4 42 ¹ 9	10 10	4 512 6 84 8 984 98 4 4014 401		Consol RR of Cuba 6% pf. 100 ‡Consolidated TextileNo par Consol Coal Co (Del) v t c25 5% preferred v t c100		158 Feb 27 1314 Apr 6	38 May 2 June 1214 June	158 Jan 914 Dec
2914 291 ₂ 2614 268 ₄ 35 ₈ 38 ₄	298 3084 26 261 ₂	30% 3112	3118 3178 25% 26	31 32 251 ₄ 253	3112 323 2414 25	23,200	Container Corp of America. 20 Continental Bak class A No. par	205 ₈ Jan 4 181 ₈ June 17 21 ₂ June 17	3738 Apr 13	154 May 108 Jan 158 Jan	2614 Mar
*91 94 56 56 ⁸ 4 20 ¹ 4 20 ¹ 4 39 39 ³ 6	*20 2012	*92 94 5534 56	*92 941 557 ₈ 561 *191 ₈ 20	921 ₂ 921 557 ₈ 561 *191 ₈ 20	2 *92 94 2 56 564 *1912 197	100 5,700 8 300	8% preferred100 Continental Can Inc20 Continental Diamond Fibre5	281 June 18 50 June 17 181 ₂ June 28 35 ₈ May 13		67 ¹ 4 Jan 63 ⁸ 4 Dec 17 ¹ 2 June 35 ¹ 8 Apr	8714 Jan
21 ₂ 25 ₈ 475 ₈ 477 ₈ 29 29	258 284 4788 4812 2958 3014	21 ₂ 23 ₄ 471 ₂ 481 ₂ 301 ₄ 301 ₄	*21 ₂ 25 ₆ 475 ₈ 481 ₄ 301 ₄ 311 ₅	212 21 47 471 31 311	2 212 28 2 4718 48 4 31 311	3,500 13,400 4 2,600	Continental Motors	2 May 13 3934 May 14 x25 June 14	37 ₈ Feb 11 481 ₂ July 12 355 ₈ Mar 8	218 Apr 2818 June 25 Dec	4 Mar 44% Dec 46 Apr
64 64 63 63 156 156 78 712	64 64 625 ₈ 631 ₄ 157 157 75 ₈ 77 ₈	64 6438 63 6338 *157 158 758 778	64 64 631 ₈ 631 ₂ 1571 ₂ 1571 ₃ 71 ₂ 78 ₄	*157 158	8 6318 631	4,200 300	Corn Products Refining25 Preferred100	621 ₂ Apr 29 547 ₈ May 13 153 Apr 14 6 Jan 4	77 Feb 13 7114 Jan 15 17112 Jan 14 1014 Mar 16	5514 Apr 6358 Aug 158 Aug 4 July	691 ₂ Oct 821 ₂ June 170 Dec 73 ₈ Mar
451 ₂ 451 ₂ 116 ²³ ₃₂ 116 ²³ ₃₂ 1078 ₄ 108 291 ₂ 291 ₂	*11623321162532 10814 10912	46 ¹ 4 47 116 ²³ 32 116 ²³ 32 110 ¹ 2 111 ¹ 2 30 30 ¹ 2	4634 47 1162332 1162334 11012 11112 30 30	47 471 116233 116233 11118 1113 *30 305	2 11623 ₃₂ 11623 ₃ 4 1117 ₈ 1117	2 2,000	77% preferred100 5% conv pref100	40 June 29 11312May 3 10018June 17 2878June 29	561 ₂ Feb 3 121 Jan 28 1117 ₈ July 16 37 Jan 16	41 Oct 136 Nov 35 Mar	5012 Dec 140 Nov
*21 22 7512 7512 *43 4534	2112 2278 7612 77 *44 4584	2284 2284 7512 76 *44 4584	2284 2284 75 77 *4418 4584	211 ₂ 211 761 ₂ 783 *45 458	*211 ₂ 22 78 79 *451 ₄ 458	3,200 4,300	Crosley Radio Corp No par Crown Cork & Seal No par \$2.25 conv pref w w No par	18 ¹ 2June 15 68 June 29 41 ¹ 8June 29	284 Jan 15 10078 Feb 3 5612 Jan 8	1558 Mar 4358 Jan 4614 July	35% Sept 9112 Nov 5814 Nov
*36 39 187 ₈ 19 *97 997 ₈ 69 691 ₂	39 39 187 ₈ 19 *98 997 ₈ 711 ₂ 711 ₂	*38 39 19 1938 99 99 7112 7212	39 39 18 ⁷ 8 19 ³ 8 *97 99 72 73 ¹ 4	*9712 99	*3978 40 1758 181 *97 98 7012 721	100	Pref ex-warrantsNo par Crown Zellerbach Corp	39 June 29 1652June 28 9712June 23 51 Jan 4	47 ¹ 4 Jan 28 25 ¹ 4 Apr 13 108 ⁸ 4 Apr 15 81 ⁸ 4 Mar 3	44 Dec 714 May 28 Apr	498 Nov 1918 Dec 564 Oct
*118 125 *11 ₂ 15 ₈ *10 11	123 123 15 ₈ 15 ₈ 11 11	15 ₈ 18 ₄ 10 11	15 ₈ 18 ₄ 103 ₈ 11	1012 1012		720	Preferred	115 May 20 118 May 28 834 July 2	135 Mar 10 3 Jan 11 178 Jan 4	951 ₂ Apr 11 ₄ Sept 9 Sept	125 Dec 38 Dec 20 Dec
914 938 *106 114 *38 391 ₂ 1034 11	9 918 *112 114 *38 39 1084 1078	87 ₈ 91 ₄ 112 112 381 ₄ 381 ₄ 107 ₈ 107 ₈	$\begin{array}{cccc} 9 & 9 \\ *110 & 112 \\ 38^{1}4 & 38^{1}4 \\ 10^{7}8 & 11 \end{array}$	*108 112 *38 39 1058 1078	878 878 *108 112 38 38 1058 1058	2,600 100 300 3,000	Cuban-American Sugar10 Preferred100 Cudahy Packing50 Curtis Pub Co (The)No par	7% June 15 110 Jan 30 37% May 21 812 June 17	143 ₈ Jan 12 127 Jan 11 43 Mar 1 203 ₈ Feb 11	618 Jan 6312 Jan 3512 May 1678 June	14 ¹ 4 Mar 129 Dec 44 ¹ 2 Jan 24 ¹ 4 Apr
*781 ₂ 791 ₂ 63 ₈ 61 ₂ 191 ₄ 191 ₂ *70 74	*79 7912 638 634 1944 2012 *70 74	781 ₂ 791 ₂ 65 ₈ 63 ₄ 197 ₈ 201 ₈ *70 74	*781 ₂ 791 ₄ 63 ₈ 65 ₈ 197 ₈ 203 ₈ *691 ₂ 74	*7812 79 614 612 1978 2014 *6912 74	7814 7814 614 658 2018 2078 *6912 74		Preferred	71 June 15 5 June 17 1612May 13 71 June 28	1091 ₂ Jan 6 88 ₈ Mar 4 238 ₄ Mar 6 86 Jan 14	991 ₂ Mar 4 Jan 101 ₂ Jan 59 Sept	914 Mar 2178 Dec 90 Jan
*4712 53 *75 7712 *1312 1484	*4712 53 *75 7712 *1312 1484	*4712 55 *75 7712 *14 1412	*4712 53 7714 7714 1412 1538	*4712 53 7712 7712 1512 16	*4712 53 7784 7784 1578 16	300	\$8 preferred	48 Apr 28 7312May 21 x1278June 17	62 Feb 27 90% Mar 10 1812 Jan 16	3618 May 4314 Jan 758 Apr	701 ₂ Jan 8884 Dec 197 ₈ Nov
*191 ₂ 20 *1011 ₈ 103 137 137 *28 281 ₂	*1912 20 *10118 103 138 13914 2884 2884	197 ₈ 20 •1017 ₈ 1023 ₄ 1398 ₄ 1401 ₂ 29 29	20 20 102 102 140 14138 *2778 2834	2018 2038 10178 10212 139 140 *28 2834	1361 ₄ 1391 ₄ 28 283 ₄	900 150 6,100 700	Conv 5% pref25 Dayton Pow & Lt 4½% pf. 100 Decre & CoNo par Preferred20	19 Apr 29 99 ¹ 4June 28 104 ³ 8 Jan 5 25 ¹ 4June 24	24 Feb 5 109 Jan 5 141% July 14 314 Mar 5	107 Dec 52 Jan 27 Jan	108 ¹ 4 Dec 108 ³ 4 Dec 32 ³ 8 Nov
2014 2084 3912 3912 1618 1612 *514 612	2078 2114 3912 40 1534 1614 558 558	21 ¹ 4 21 ¹ 2 39 ¹ 8 39 ⁷ 8 15 ⁷ 8 16 ¹ 4 *5 ¹ 2 6 ¹ 2	21 ¹ 8 21 ¹ 4 38 ¹ 4 39 ¹ 2 15 ² 4 16 5 ¹ 4 5 ¹ 2	211 ₈ 221 ₄ 38 38 157 ₈ 16 51 ₄ 53 ₈	2214 2214 3714 3714 1512 1512 *518 612	2,800 2,700 5,400 800	Diesel-Wemmer-Gilbert10 Delaware & Hudson100 Delaware Lack & Western50 ‡Denv & Rio Gr West 6% pf100	1778June 24 33 June 28 1384June 28 4 June 16	29 Jan 5 5838 Mar 17 2412 Mar 17 1078 Feb 18	191 ₂ Apr 363 ₄ Jan 147 ₈ Apr 43 ₈ Jan	331 ₂ Nov 543 ₄ Oct 231 ₈ Feb 93 ₈ Feb
*112 115 191 ₂ 191 ₂ *21 35	113 11312 1912 1912 *20 35	112 ¹ 4 112 ¹ 4 19 ¹ 4 19 ⁸ 4 *20 35	*11212 115 *18 1984 *20 35	*11312 11478 19 19 *20 35	19 19 *20 35	110	Detroit Edison100 Det & Mackinac Ry Co100 5% non-cum preferred100	11078 June 15 988 Apr 9 20 June 17	14612 Jan 7 22 May 19 30 May 13	128 May 4 Apr 13 June	153 Feb 1178 Oct 2128 Jan
*5978 6212 27 27 *34 35 *1618 1678	*60 621 ₂ 27 27 *331 ₂ 35 161 ₂ 163 ₄	*60 621 ₂ 27 27 *324 34 167 ₈ 167 ₈	6212 6212 2718 2718 3378 3378 1678 17	*55 63 ¹ 2 27 27 ¹ 8 *32 ⁷ 8 33 ⁷ 8 *17 17 ³ 8	*55 63 ¹ 2 26 ⁷ 8 27 ¹ 8 *32 ⁷ 8 33 ⁷ 8 17 17 ¹ 4	100 800 100 800	Devoe & Taynoids ANo par Diamond MatchNo par 6% participating pref25 Diamond T Motor Car Co2	5918 June 29 26 June 29 3378 July 14 x1434 June 14	761 ₈ Feb 19 361 ₂ Feb 2 401 ₈ Feb 4 23 Apr 10	42 Jan 3018 Oct 3712 Oct	63 Dec 4012 Jan 43 Aug
22 22 *881 ₈ 891 ₈ *197 ₈ 20 *36 363 ₄	221 ₈ 221 ₂ *881 ₈ 91 201 ₄ 201 ₄ 36 36	22 2214 •8818 90 1978 1978 36 36	2214 2318 8818 8818 *20 2012 *3512 37	221 ₂ 231 ₂ *86 88 197 ₈ 20 *351 ₂ 37	221 ₂ 231 ₄ *86 88 *191 ₂ 201 ₄ *351 ₂ 37	7,300 100 400 40	Distil Corp-Seagr's Ltd No par 5% pref with warrants_100 Dixie-Vortex CoNo par Class ANo par	2014 Apr 28 80 June 16 18 June 28 34 June 21	29 Mar 17 96 Mar 9 25 Feb 9 414 Jan 25	1814 Apr 93 Dec 19 Oct 40 Aug	345 ₈ Jan 951 ₂ Dec 25 Nov 407 ₈ Dec
371 ₂ 378 ₄ 401 ₄ 401 ₄ +95 ₈ 10	38 38 40 41 *95 ₈ 97 ₈	3784 3778 41 4118 914 912	*37 3784 3978 4084 914 914	*37 37% 39% 39% *918 914	37 37 ¹ 4 39 ¹ 2 39 ³ 4 9 ¹ 8 9 ¹ 8	800 4,300 1,100	Doehler Die CastingCo No par Dome Mines LtdNo par Dominion Stores LtdNo par	35 June 15 3818May 13 914 July 13	464 Feb 17 51 Jan 28 1238 Mar 8	411g Jan 71g Apr	6112 June 123 Dec
*138 144 *488 4918 *264 27	5912 6178 14358 14358 4884 4834 2712 2712	6018 6112 14384 14384 4884 4884 *27 28	5712 60 138 138 49 4918 *2684 28	57 59 1271 ₂ 130 493 ₄ 498 ₄ *27 28	5814 5914 12918 130 *4884 4984 27 27	15,400 2,000 700 200	Douglas Aircraft No par Dow Chemical Co No par Dresser (SR) Mfg conv ANo par Class B	4718 May 17 12712 July 15 4518 Apr 29 2412 June 22	7714 Jan 25 14384 July 13 55 Jan 16 3914 Jan 7	5058 Jan 29 Jan 512 Jan	51 Dec 3614 Dec
*11g 17g 484 484 *15 1558	*112 178 484 484 *15 1558	*112 178 *458 484 *15 158	*58 84 *112 178 484 484 *15 1538	*5 ₈ 8 ₄ *11 ₂ 17 ₈ 45 ₈ 45 ₈ *15 15 ² 8	*58 \$4 *112 178 5 5 *15 158	600	†Duluth 8 8 & Atlantic 100 6% preferred 100 Dunhili International 1 Duplan Silk No par	12June 25 114June 29 378June 29 1414June 2	12 Jan 5 31 Feb 19 81 Jan 16 1712 Jan 19	118 Jan 478 July 1318 Aug	184 Jan 3 Jan 84 Oct 1814 Jan
114 114 154 1574		1121 ₂ 1141 ₂ 1558 ₄ 1578 ₄	1121 ₂ 1141 ₂ 156 1587 ₈ 1321 ₄ 133	11212 11212	*11212 11412	8,900 600	8% preferred100 Du P de Nemours(E I)& Co 20	112 May 28 1481 ₂ Apr 28	122 Jan 19 18018 Jan 18 13512 Feb 19	114 Feb	120 Dec 1844 Nov 1361 ₂ Dec
1121 ₂ 1123 ₄ 12 12 1773 ₄ 178 •1521 ₂	*11212 11312 1214 1318 178 17812 *15258	1121 ₂ 1121 ₂ 121 ₂ 13 178 179	13 131 ₂ 1781 ₂ 1781 ₂	11312 11312 13 13 178 179	11212 11212 13 13 179 17984 15512 15512	3,900 2,600 20	Eastern Rolling Mills5 Eastman Kodak (N J).No par	914June 17	1151 ₂ Jan 22 17 Mar 5 1794 July 16 163 Jan 11	512 July 156 Apr	116 Dec 128 Dec 185 Aug 166 Mar
*3112 3212 1212 1212 3812 3812	33 33 121 ₂ 131 ₄ 381 ₂ 39	3278 3314 1212 1278 3812 3858	327 ₈ 337 ₈ 121 ₂ 128 ₄ 38 381 ₂	327 ₈ 327 ₈ 121 ₄ 121 ₂ 38 383 ₈	3284 3388 12 1214 3718 378	3,000 4,700 2,400	Eaton Manufacturing Co4 Eitingon SchildNo par Electric Auto-Lite (The)5	29 ¹ 2June 15 10 ² 4June 17 34 ² 4 Apr 28 9 ¹ 4May 14	371 ₂ Feb 11 16 Mar 17 451 ₂ Feb 11 16 Feb 23	281 ₂ Jan 584 Apr 3084 Apr 10 Apr	4012 Nov 1578 Nov 4712 Nov 1778 Feb
1084 1084 514 588 19 1918 75 7512	104 1078 5 5 19 2014 754 77	10 ⁶ 8 10 ⁷ 8 5 5 19 ⁸ 8 19 ⁸ 4 76 77	10 ⁵ s 10 ⁷ s *4 ⁷ s 5 ¹ s 19 ⁵ s 20 ⁸ s 76 77 ¹ 4	478 478 1958 2018 7512 7584	484 478 1988 2014 7512 76	3,800	Electric Boat	412June 15 1418June 14 62 May 18	7 ¹ 4 Feb 6 26 ⁵ 8 Jan 14 92 ¹ 4 Jan 7	5 Dec 63 Jan 324 Jan	74 Feb 2578 Dec 9414 Dec
*69 701 ₂ 36 ³ 8 36 ³ 8 1 ³ 8 1 ³ 8 5 ¹ 4 5 ³ 8	70 71 361 ₄ 37 18 ₈ 18 ₈ 51 ₂ 58 ₄	6884 70 3612 3612 *118 112 512 578	70 71 36 36 *114 112 558 534	70 70 36 36 ¹ 8 *1 ¹ 8 1 ¹ 2 *5 ¹ 2 5 ³ 4	71 73 3584 3614 *118 112 *518 584		\$6 preferred	5814June 15 3212June 28 1 June 2 3 June 15	87 Jan 8 441 ₂ Jan 16 2 Jan 19 8 Jan 18	2912 Jan 3938 Dec 12 Jan 112 Jan	5514 Jan 158 Feb 614 Dec
*2312 24 *54 55 *10858 11112		2418 2418 54 54 10858 11112	2412 2484 *54 5912 10888 11112	*512 584 2458 2478 *54 5912 *10858 11112 1014 1014	2458 2454 *54 5912 *10858 11112 *10 1054	100	El Paso Natural Gas3 Endicott-Johnson Corp50 5% preferred100	21% Apr 28 54 July 13 10512June 10 8 June 15	29 Jan 18 60 Feb 11 1151 ₂ Jan 19 174 Jan 16	224 Nov 5312 July 110 Aug 712 Jan	2914 Dec 69 Feb 116 July 1618 Dec
*59 61 *60 66¹8 *62 70	*10% 1114 *5912 6012 *60 6618 *62 70	*10 1114 5912 60 *56 63 *60 70	*10 ¹ 4 10 ⁵ 8 *56 ¹ 4 61 *57 64 *60 70	10 ¹ 4 10 ¹ 4 *56 ¹ 4 61 *57 64 *60 70	*58 61 *58 63 *60 70	200	### Society Public Service	59 May 15 621 ₂ July 7 721 ₂ May 13	78 ¹ 4 Jan 30 81 Feb 19 86 ¹ 2 Feb 10	4512 Jan 48 Jan 55 Jan	8434 Oct 8912 June 97 June
*584 6 *1584 16 *23 2384 *17 1778	55 ₈ 53 ₄ 16 161 ₂ 231 ₄ 231 ₄	584 584 16 1684 *2312 24	53 ₈ 51 ₂ 155 ₈ 16 221 ₂ 231 ₂	584 584 1514 1584 2212 2278 *17 1888	*512 534 15 1538 *2212 23 *16 18	3,600	Equitable Office Bidg No par Eric Railroad	45 ₈ June 28 131 ₂ June 29 191 ₂ June 29 141 ₄ June 28	934 Jan 15 2358 Mar 17 3538 Mar 17 2814 Mar 17	514 Apr 11 Apr 16 Apr 1124 Jan	10% Dec 184 Sept 342 Oct 29 Oct
*75% 858 858 2212 2212	*17 ¹ 4 18 ¹ 8 *75 ⁸ 4 79 *8 8 ⁷ 8 23 23	*17 18 ¹ 6 *75 ² 4 79 8 ¹ 2 8 ¹ 2 23 23 ¹ 4	*16 19 *76 79 858 884 23 23	*76 79 812 812 23 23	*76 79 *81 ₂ 88 ₄ 23 23	1,000	Erie & Pitts RR Co50 Eureka Vacuum Cleaner5 Evans Products Co5	7753 May 27 714 June 17 18 June 29	80 Jan 14 141 ₈ Jan 21 341 ₄ Mar 3	68 Jan 12 Jan 2318 July	69 Jan 1578 Aug 4078 Jan
*314 312 *3 312 2418 2418 55 55	31 ₂ 31 ₂ 31 ₄ 31 ₂ 24 247 ₈ 551 ₄ 551 ₂	31 ₈ 31 ₂ 31 ₄ 33 ₈ *231 ₂ 241 ₂ 551 ₂ 561 ₈	31 ₈ 31 ₈ 33 ₈ 33 ₈ 23 235 ₈ 561 ₈ 561 ₂	318 314 *312 358 23 23 5614 5638	31 ₈ 31 ₄ 31 ₂ 31 ₂ 231 ₄ 25 561 ₂ 571 ₄	370 510	Exchange Buffet Corp. No par Fatrbanks Co	24June 30 3 June 23 204 Apr 2 4912May 18	64 Jan 21 53 Jan 28 28 Jan 28 717 Jan 15	43 ₈ Jan 25 ₈ June 81 ₂ Apr 343 ₄ Jan	814 Mar 424 Mar 25 Dec 7124 Dec
*12478 *51 53 *1712 19 *90 93	*130 * 5112 5112 1938 1938	*51 5212	51 52 ¹ 2 •19 20 •19 92 92	135 *508 5214 1814 19 *90 9178	*135 *5038 52 *1858 1912 *90 9178	500	6% preferred100 Fajardo Sug Co of Pr Rico.20 Federal Light & Traction15 \$6 preferred100	150 Mar 31 4512June 14 1684June 28	21014 Jan 14 70 Jan 11 2938 Jan 18 103 Jan 4	12212 Jan 3158 Feb 184 Apr	21014 Dec 6112 Dec 2784 Dec 10112 Dec
*126 135 *99 102 7 718	134 134 *	130 140	130 140 *99 102 7 714	136 136 *99 101 678 7	*131 142 *99 101 *67 ₈ 7	1,500	Federal Min & Smelt Co100 Preferred	6612 Jan 27 9414 Apr 9 614 June 24	150 Mar 11 129 Apr 2 118 Feb 19	37 Aug 69% Mar 7% Jan	92 Mar 12312 Nov 1214 Mar
*788 758 378 378 *3314 3438 *9278 95	718 738 378 418 3438 35 *94 95		718 718 4 418 *3338 3434 *9612 99	7 ¹⁸ 7 ¹⁸ 4 4 34 ³⁴ 34 ³⁴ 34 ³⁴ 96 ¹² 96 ¹²	*684 714 4 4 3412 3484 9512 9684	4,000	Federal Screw Works No par Federal Water Serv A No par Federated Dept Stores. No par 414% preferred100	512 Jan 4 3 June 14 3112 July 1 9212 July 6	111 ₂ Feb 25 6 Jan 14 433 ₄ Mar 4 1087 ₈ Mar 9	3 Apr 21 ₂ Jan 201 ₂ Jan 105 Dec	6 Dec 6 Oct 46 ¹ 4 Nov 115 ³ 8 Nov
* Bid an	4014 4078	40 4012 s; no sales on	391 ₄ 401 ₄ this day.	39s ₄ 39s ₄ ,	39% 39% ihip. a Def.	3,100 delivery.	Fidel Phen Fire Ins N Y2.50] n New stock. r Cash sale. s	Ex-div. y E	45% Jan 18 x-rights. ¶ Ca	38 Apr	mption.

		41 P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P			ED CENT	1	I		ace Jan. 1	Range for	Prentous
Saturday July 10	Monday July 12	Tuesday July 13	Wednesday July 14	Thursday July 15	Friday July 16	Sales for the Week	STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE		Highest	Year Lowest	1936 Highest
\$ per share 15 15 *38 39 *12812 131 *136	5 712 712 56 56 110 11014 *7 714 2038 2078 638 658 *50 52 155 155 11084 11314 *14618 147 1138 1158	381 ₂ 391 ₈ 131 131 131 *1351 ₄ 1155 ₈ 	38 3812 12912 12912 *13514 -116 11712 	*129 132 *135 ¹ 4	38 38 38 132 132 13514 117 118 117 118 118 12 15 16 5 5 5 6 5 6 5 6 10 12 111 12 7 2058 2158 6 6 18 163 11314 11458 11314 11458 11314 11458 147 147 147	1,600 900 500 30 500 32,900 3,200 400 600	Indian Refining 10 Industrial Rayon No par Ingersoil Rand No par 6% preferred 100 Inland Steel No par Rights Solve No par 1 Interboro Rap Tr v t c 100 4 Interboro Rap Tr v t c 100 5 Interboro Rap Tr v t c 100 6 Interchemical Corp No par 6% preferred 100 Interont'l Rubber No par Internat Agricultural No par Internat Agricultural No par Internat Harvester No par Internat Harvester No par Prior preferred 100 Int Hydro-Elec Sys cl A 25 Int Mercantile Marine No par	\$ per share 121 ₂ June 28 133 June 28 134 June 28 1341 ₂ Mare 27 94 June 1 1-3-16-June 1 1-3-3-May 18 4-5-3-June 4 5-7-3-June 17 41 Jan 21 107-14 Apr 24 4-3-4 Feb 5 161 ₂ May 13 5 Jan 2 42 Jan 4 1461 ₂ June 14 991 ₈ Apr 7 1447 ₈ Apr 30 87 ₈ Jan 4 61 ₂ Jan 4	137 Jan 21 13114 Mar 6 1516 May 13 3318 Feb 23 6 Jan 18 1334 Jan 20 6414 Apr 20 11114 Jan 6 1112 Mar 16 2812 Mar 11 918 Apr 14 6312 Apr 14 139 Jan 4 11484 July 14 162 Jan 18 1678 Jan 29 1514 Apr 9	\$ per share 418 Jan 255g May 106 May 125 Aug 885g July 618 Jan 5 Oct 1078 Dec 37 May 107 Apr 212 Jan 95g July 2234 July 160 Apr 565g Jan 14812 Jan 14812 Jan 234 Apr 412 Jan	1518 Nov 4138 Nov 147 Feb 140 Dec 122 Nov 2414 Dec 123 Nov 147 Feb 140 Dec 124 Dec 148 Jan 1878 Jan 1878 Jan 1874 Dec 1814 Dec 1814 Dec 1814 Dec 194 Dec 10512 Dec 160 Apr 1012 Dec 8 Feb
11034 111 *14618 147 *1118 1114 *1014 1014 *13	11044 11314 14618 1477 1138 1158 1014 1014 1313 1336 6115 6218 1277 1352 1712 1778 13 13 658 7 102 103 634 7 614 644 2012 218 226 25 4134 4219 33812 41 2412 2512 1381 10312 188 1884 2814 2814 1281 129 1281 129 1281 129 1281 1312 1291 1312 1312 1312 1313 1318 1314 132 2112 2112 2112 2112 2112 2112 2112 2112 2113 2112 2114 1178 1018 125 2238 2258 1014 1014 1014 1014 1015 103 1018 1318 1018 1318 1018 125 103 3212 114 1078 1018 125 103 3212 114 1078 1018 125 103 3212 114 1078 1018 125 103 3212 114 1078 1018 125 103 3212 1104 104 104 104 21 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	11234 11338 *14618 14678 1114 1112 *912 978 1134 1314 1314 6118 6218 *127 13538 1778 1812 13 13 13 658 678 614 644 *5044 5178 *2418 2512 *24214 4212 *3812 427 *74 1158 1812 *2812 2812 *12212 13212 *74 74 123 12312 *18 1812 *2812 2812 *12212 13212 *124 135 *11712 119 *1812 19 *1812 19 *1812 19 *1812 19 *1812 19 *1812 19 *1812 19 *1812 19 *1812 19 *1812 19 *1812 19 *1812 19 *1812 19 *1812 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812 •1614 1 •124 13 •1241 ₂ 14 •1241 ₂ 14 •3 •51 ₈ 153 ₄ 1	23 237 884 884 9 1812 189 1812 199 100 *12412 140 *78 1 1518 5 51 614 16 161 3 3 3 3 118 1034 103	9 994 8 19 1912 *122 12984 *12412 140 1 1 1 *		778 7 18 7 *127 129 *1241 ₂ 140 1 1 *	784 784 784 18 18 18 127 12984 *1241 ₂ 140 78 1 *	1,700 4,300 4,300 1,600 700	N Y C Omnibus CorpNo par Purchase warrants New York DockNo par 5% preferredNo par N Y & Harlem	21 July 1c7 1584 Apr 29 6 July 2 121 ₂ June 17 125 May 19 8 ₄ June 25 90 June 5 32 ₄ June 15 121 ₄ June 17 21 ₈ June 29 81 ₂ May 18	31's Mar 19 21's Mar 20 12's Jan 22 25's Jan 22 135 Jan 20 137 Mar 12 2 Jan 7 97 Feb 10 984 Mar 8 26's Feb 25 6's Feb 11 19's Feb 11	31 ₈ July 101 ₄ May 1119 Jan 125 Jan 1 Jan 90 Jan 3 Apr 73 ₈ Apr 4 July 91 ₂ Apr	15 Nov 29 ¹ 4 Nov 150 Oct 138 Sept 2 ¹ 4 Feb 99 ¹ 4 Sept 6 ¹ 8 Dec 18 ¹ 4 Dec 7 ¹ 2 Feb 15 ⁵ 8 Mar
*581 ₂ 6 903 ₄ 9 1001 ₂ 10 *28 ₄ *236 24 *105 10 255 ₈ 2 *53 5 12 1: *971 ₂ 100	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 *59 ¹ 4 61 2 89 ¹ 4 90 2 100 100 *2 ⁵ 8 2 ⁷ 8 239 239 106 106 3 25 ¹ 4 26 ¹ 8 2 *53 54 ¹ 2 12 ¹ 4 12 ⁵ 8 *97 ¹ 2 100	*5614 6112 8984 90 100 10088 *258 238 *238 23984 *106 110 2584 2618 *53 5488 12 1284 *98 100 *100 10012		*53 6112 90 90 4 9914 9914 8 *258 234 *238 239 106 106 2558 2618 5414 5412	1,010 460 200 200 110	7% preferred 100 N Y Steam \$6 pref. No par \$7 lst preferred No par \$7 lst preferred 100 Norfolk & Western 100 Norfolk & Western 100 North American Co No par 6% preferred 50 North Amer Aviation 11 No Amer Edison \$6 pf. No par Northern Central Ry Co 50	55 June 28 6312June 14 73 June 9 2 Jan 4 23684 Apr 29 102 Apr 8 21 June 17 4814June 18 958May 18 9784June 25 93 Mar 23	76½ Jan 22 102¾May 3 112¼May 5 4¾ Mar 3 272 Jan 14 114 Jan 8 3478 Jan 14 57¼ Feb 3 17¾ Jan 21 104½ Jan 8 105 Jan 28	57 May 83 Mar 931 ₂ Apr 11 ₈ Aug 210 Jan 105 May 231 ₈ Apr 523 ₄ Feb 65 ₈ Jan 98 Jan	99 Sept 104 Nov 10914 Aug 278 Jan 31012 Oct 115 Oct 3512 July 59 June 1414 Dec 10612 July 103 Nov
*41 ₂ *29 33 20 20 66 66 751 ₈ 151 ₂ 10 *100 104 *153 ₈ 14	0 2934 305, 712 46 46, 5 458 45, 278 *2812 327, 014 2014 203, 612 6612 6918 514, 7538 6 54 1518 1518 1578 412 *100 10412 53, 1538 1512 433,	*46 471 ₂ *41 ₂ 47 ₈ *281 ₂ 327 ₈ 201 ₂ 21 67 683 ₈ 15 151 ₄ *102 104	29 ³ s 30 ⁷ s *46 47 ¹ 2 41 ² *28 ¹ 2 31 20 ³ 4 21 ¹ 4 68 ¹ 4 69 ⁷ s *102 104 *15 ⁵ s 15 ⁵ 4 42 ¹ 2 43 ¹ 2	29 297 *46 471 414 41 *2884 328 2012 207 6714 708 15 151 *102 104 16 16 4212 428	2 *46 4712 *412 484 *2834 3284 \$2038 2078 6812 7014 -15 15 *102 104 1584 1584	17,200 10 500 20,100 22,800 9,700 5,700 800 5,600	Northern Pacific	2578 June 28 46 July 8 314 Jan 4 2614 May 18 1718 Jan 4 284 June 28 13 June 28 95 June 28 1214 May 14	3658 Mar 11 5312 Jan 22 678 Mar 3 40 Jan 18 2278 Apr 5 73 Apr 20 478 July 7 2612 Feb 16 114 Feb 13 1938 Mar 1 4514 Jan 21	237 ₈ July 50 Aug 2 Jan 19 Aug 121 ₈ Aug 241 ₈ Jan 17 July	36 ³ 4 Feb 57 Mar 4 ¹ 2 Mar 32 Nov 18 Dec 59 ¹ 2 Dec 25 ¹ 8 Mar 115 ¹ 2 Feb 19 ⁵ 8 Nov
126 120 181 ₂ 18 *121 121 *821 ₂ 88 26 ⁸ 4 26 *501 ₄ 64 *1141 ₂	6	*127 1311 ₄ 181 ₂ 193 ₈ *124 134 *85 853 ₅ 261 ₈ 261 ₈ *571 ₂ 597 ₈ *1141 ₂ 941 ₂ 95 18 19	*127 13114 1858 1938 *12412 134 86 86 *25 2612 *5712 5978 *11412 9412 95 1812 1812	*127 1314 1834 1916 *126 134 87 87 *25 2616 *58 61 *11412 9458 9514 18 18	131 ¹ 4 131 ¹ 4 19 19 ³ 8 *126 134 86 86 *25 26 ¹ 2 59 59 *114 ¹ 2 94 ¹ 4 95 18 ¹ 4 18 ¹ 4	300 300 40 3,500 2,000	Owens-Illinois Glass Co12.50 Pacific Amer Fisheries Inc5	75 Jan 26 22 Apr 29 544June 29 114 Mar 4 2821 ₂ Apr 28 217 June 30	140 Feb 3 2438 Mar 8 134 Mar 8 97 Mar 8 28 Jan 26 75 Jan 12 115 June 9 9612 May 10 23 Jan 7	123 Jan 1212 July 70 July 79 Dec 47 Jan 114 July 13 July	3984 Nov 136 June 2084 Mar 12084 Nov 8312 Dec 70 Nov 114 July 22 Dec 15 Dec
1614 16 * Bid	1634 1684 1684 and asked price	16% 17% es; no sales o	1634 18	1712 1712 ‡ In receive	1718 1734 rship. a Def	880 delivery	Pacific Coast 10 1st preferred No par 2d preferred No par . n New stock. r Cash sale.	13 June 14	2714 Feb 2	414 Jan	2978 Dec

LOW AN	Monday	ALE PRICE	Wednesday	ARE, NOT	PER CENT	Sales for the	NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE		nce Jan 1 100-Share Lots		Previous 1936
July 10 \$ per share	July 12 \$ per share	July 13	July 14 \$ per share	July 15	July 16	Week Shares	Par		Highest 8 per share	Lowest 8 per share	
*22 231 ₂ 301 ₄ 303 ₈ 427 ₈ 427 ₈	*2184 25 3018 3058 4212 43 2888 2888	*2178 25 3058 3084 44 44 2712 2814	4414 4412	4418 4412	3034 3078 4412 4434	3,000	Pacific Gas & Electric20 Pacific Ltg Corp No par	281 ₈ June 17 401 ₂ June 21	38 Jan 12 534 Jan 14	30 Dec 304 Jan 444 Dec	4I July 584 July
*14014 141 *13612 *2418 2418	*140¼ 141 *139	*140 ¹ 4 141 *139 25 ¹ 2 26 ¹ 4	*140 ¹ 4 141 *139 25 ⁷ 8 26 ¹ 4	27 27 ¹ 8 *140 ³ 8 141 *139 26 26 ³ 8	2718 2712 14014 141 *139 25 25	1,300 60 2,900	Pacific Telep & Teleg100	1341 ₂ June 2 133 Apr 28	152 Jan 4	1414 May 118 Jan 140 Jan 114 Apr	153 Dec
9 9 •10½ 11½ 2½ 2½	9 914 1112 1112 212 212	918 914 *1112 12 212 212	9 938 *1112 12 212 212	9 918 *1112 12 212 212	9 918 *1112 12 *214 258	15,900 100 1,100	Packard Motor CarNo par Pan-Amer Petrol & Transp& †Panhandle Prod & ReiNo par	778 June 17 1078 July 2 2 June 28	123 Feb 18 171 Jan 20 41 Jan 25	678 Jan 1214 Aug 128 Jan	1358 Oct 2058 Jan 414 Apr
95 100 67 67 ¹ 2 92 100 21 ¹ 2 21 ⁸ 4	97 98 ¹ 4 69 ¹ 2 69 ¹ 2 *98 ¹ 8 100 21 ⁵ 8 22	961 ₂ 961 ₂ *67 691 ₂ 100 100 211 ₈ 215 ₈	95 95 6934 70 *9818 100 2058 2112	93 93 6912 7012 100 100 2084 2118	93 93 *69 70 *981 ₈ 100 205 ₈ 211 ₄	1,100 30 42,400	8% conv preferred100 Paraffine Co IncNo par 4% conv preferred100 Paramount Pictures Inc1	6178June 29		1812 Jan 67 Apr 103 July 718 Aug	7412 Apr 9712 Feb 10912 Dec 25 Dec
*147 157 *19 ¹ 4 19 ³ 4 *25 26 ⁷ 8	*150 158 194 1978 *25 2678	*146 158 1984 1984 *25 2678	*145 153 19 ⁵ 8 19 ⁸ 4 *25 26 ⁷ 8	*144 155 1938 1938 2678 2678	*144 150 *181 ₂ 191 ₄ *25 28	600 100	6% 1st preferred100 6% 2d preferred10 Park-Tilford Inc1	121 June 29 21518June 14 254 July 6	20012 Jan 28 2634 Jan 28 3418 Jan 5	818 Aug 1712 Jan	174 Dec 2284 Dec 3712 Dec
*374 38 2512 2512	38 38 25 25 ¹ 4	38 38 25 ¹ 4 25 ¹ 4	38 38 26 26	38 ¹ 2 38 ¹ 2 26 ¹ 4 26 ¹ 4	*458 434 3814 3814 26 2618	17,100 600 1,200	Park Utah C M	3612June 30 23 June 16		234 July 4034 May 23 Apr	514 Jan 4714 Mar 3212 Nov
*41 ₄ 43 ₈ 81 ₂ *151 ₄ 151 ₂	438 438 818 838 1514 1512	414 414 778 888 158 1512 684 718	*31 ₂ 43 ₈ 8 83 ₈ 15 151 ₈ 67 ₈ 7	*4 43 ₈ 81 ₈ 81 ₈ 147 ₈ 157 ₈	8 818 1584 1658	5,200 5,200	Parmelee Transporta'n No par Pathe Film Corp No par Patino Mines & EnterprNo Par	284June 17 614May 18 1418 Feb 5 358 Jan 2	758 Jan 14 1012 Jan 5 2378 Mar 11 738 Feb 18	41g Jan 65g June 101g May	10 Apr 1178 Apr 1718 Nov
*401 ₂ 411 ₂ 961 ₂ 97 *4 41 ₈	4184 4184 9712 9712 4 418	4134 4134 9712 9712 378 418	*4184 4178 9614 9714 *378 4	684 678 41 4112 97 9712 378 4	684 678 4112 4184 97 9784 358 358	2,800 700 2,800 900	Peorless Corp	381 ₈ May 13 85 June 16 31 ₈ June 30	64 Jan 9	60 Aug 69 Mar 31s June	73 Feb 11212 Nov 678 Jan
8 8 •501 ₈ 55 •251 ₈ 26	784 8 508 508 26 26 40 4014	734 778 50 51 *2512 2612	784 784 •50 51 •2512 2612	738 734 *50 52 *2512 2614	71 ₂ 78 ₄ *50 53 26 26	2,100 400 200	\$7 conv pref ser ANo par Penn Gl Sand Corp v t c No par	514June 16 4312 July 6 22 Jan 13 3414June 28	1212 Feb 2 7613 Feb 1 2934 Feb 10	412 Jan 284 Jan 17 June	1012 Mar 74 Dec 274 July
391 ₂ 40 *501 ₂ 55 *1111 ₈ 116 *47 481 ₂	40 40 ¹ 4 *50 55 *111 ¹ 8 116 48 48	3914 3984 *51 53 *11118 116 *48 49	39 40 *51 53 *112 115 4812 4812	39 394 *51 55 112 112 4812 4812	3812 3914 *51 53 *112 116 4712 48	8,600 30 500	Pennsylvania RR	47 June 28 112 July 15 4312June 25	5014 Mar 17 63 Mar 9 11634 Jan 27 6512 Feb 6	2814 Apr 30 Feb 110 Mar 38 Apr	5912 Nov 11634 June 58 Oct
*7 10 ⁵ 8 *31 37 *72 74 ¹ 2	*61 ₂ 105 ₈ *33 37 *72 741 ₂	*714 1058 *3318 34 *72 7412	*738 1014 33 33 *72 7412	*718 1014 *31 33 *72 7412	*712 978 *31 33 *72 7412	100	Peoria & Eastern 100 Pere Marquette 100 5% Prior preferred 100	41g Jan 5 3034 July 2 72 Apr 29	17 Mar 4 4812 Mar 5 87 Jan 7	4 Jan 2518 Apr 6412 Jan	712 Feb 4612 Aug 112 Nov
*76 80 ¹ 2 *18 ⁸ 4 20 *18 18 ¹ 2 9 ¹ 8 9 ¹ 8	*76 80 ¹ 2 20 20 18 ¹ 2 19 ¹ 4 9 ¹ 4 9 ³ 8	*76 801 ₂ *181 ₂ 20 191 ₂ 20 91 ₄ 93 ₈	*76 801 ₂ *19 20 197 ₈ 197 ₈ 91 ₈ 91 ₄	*76 80 ¹ 2 *19 20 18 ⁷ 8 19 ¹ 2 9 ¹ 8 9 ¹ 8	*76 8012 *19 20 1914 1914 918 918	200 4,000 2,300	5% Preferred	75 June 28 19 June 2 16 ¹ 4June 17 7 ³ 2May 17	91 Jan 8 25 Jan 11 215 Mar 11 134 Feb 19	56 Jan 16 Jan 128 June 101 June	90 Dec 31 Nov 1814 Dec 1918 Mar
465 ₈ 467 ₈	4614 4778	48 4884	49 50	4858 50	4978 5038	12,800	Phelps-Dodge Corp25 Rights	40 June 14 14June 14 3812June 23	59% Mar 10 716June 4 5412 Jan 14	25% Jan 451 Jan	56% Dec
*751 ₂ 80 53 ₈ 53 ₈ 81 ₄ 81 ₄	5 5 5 *858 10	80 5 514 858 858	*75 80 *518 584 *812 10	*5 584 *812 10	*5 534 812 812	410 70	*6 preferredNo par † Phila Rapid Tran Co50 7% preferred	76 June 28 414May 20 8 June 17	10014 Jan 8 712 Feb 2 14 Jan 12	811s Jan 314 Jan 81s Jan	10212 Oct 12 Mar 1678 Mar
138 112 9012 9012 •1212 1412 •69 80	138 112 9112 92 •1212 1412 •70 80	138 112 91 9112 *13 1414 *70 80	114 188 91 9312 13 13 *70 80	114 114 9112 9212 *13 14 *70 90	93 94 ¹ ₂ 13 13 *70 80	2,300 8,400 200	Philia & Read C & INo par Phillip Morris & Co Ltd10 Phillips Jones CorpNo par 7% preferred100	1 June 11 70 Apr 7 1134June 17 72 July 8	31s Feb 1 9412 July 16 20 Jan 16 8714 Jan 6	66 Mar 74 Apr 68 May	358 Jan 10124 July 16 Nov 88 Mar
581 ₂ 585 ₈ *61 ₂ 8 *49 52	585 ₈ 601 ₄ *6 73 ₈ *48 52	60% 61% *6 712 *48 52	6118 6178 *6 714 *48 52	6012 6158 *6 714 *45 52	61 6158 *6 714 *45 52	36,900	Phillips PetroleumNo par Phoenix Hosiery5 Preferred100	491 ₉ Jan 4 61 ₈ May 13 44 June 3	6178 July 14 912 Jan 20 7412 Jan 13	3818 Jan 512 July 70 July	523 Dec 115 Dec 84 Feb
*151 ₄ 161 ₄ 30 30 * 45 *11 12	30 3018	*16 ¹ 4 16 ⁸ 4 *29 ⁸ 4 30 44 11 ⁵ 8 12	*16 1678 2984 2984 44 12 12	16 ⁵ 8 17 *29 30 44 12 12	17 17 *29 301 ₄ 40 40 *11 121 ₂	900 400 50 900	Pierce Oil 8% conv pref100 Pillisbury Flour Mills25 Pirelli (Co of Italy "Am shares" Pittsburgh Coal of Pa100	14 ³ 4June 16 28 ³ 8June 17 40 July 16 10 June 8	20% Apr 5 33% Jan 18 56 Feb 17 18% Jan 2	8 Jan 275 Dec 494 Dec 71 June	18 ¹ 4 Dec 37 ¹ 4 Jan 62 ¹ 8 Aug 18 ¹ 4 Dec
*5612 59		*5612 5878 166 175	*561 ₂ 587 ₈	*5612 59	*5612 5818 *166 175	100	6% preferred100 Pitts Ft W & Chicago100 7% gtd conv preferred100	52 June 17 165 Apr 12 17418 Apr 23	7612 Jan 22 175 Jan 18 190 Jan 7	3512 Apr 155 Mar 176 Feb	77 Dec 160 May 187 Oct
147 ₈ 15 293 ₈ 293 ₈ 89 891 ₂	1478 1518 30 30 89 91	1778 15 30 30 91 92	147 ₈ 15 30 301 ₈ 911 ₂ 93	15 15 *2812 30 92 93 *21. 25	147 ₈ 15 *271 ₈ 293 ₄ 91 921 ₄ *214 25 ₆	6,000 600 1,480	Pittsb Screw & Bolt No par Pittsburgh Steel Co No par 7% cum pref 100 Pitts Term Coal Corp1	12 June 14 241 ₂ June 29 84 June 28 24June 21	20 Mar 8 43 Mar 8 122 Mar 10	712 Apr 2312 Dec 49 Jan	1378 Dec 29 Dec 110 Dec
*15 19 *5 538 * 108	*1758 20 512 512 100 108	512 584 100 100	*1712 1912 512 714 100 141	*17 ¹ 8 20 4 ³ 4 5 ⁷ 8 124 125	1712 1712 5 538 124 124	20 15,500 930	6% preferred100 Pitteburgh United25 Conv pref unstamped100	17 July 2 38 Jan 2 974 Apr 29	28 Jan 12 85 Feb 1 141 July 14	14 June 25 Oct 581 Jan	3012 Dec 912 Apr 11214 Nov
331 ₂ 331 ₂	*33 331 ₂	33 33 11 ₂ 11 ₂	33 331 ₂	*30 3284	32 32 118 118	1,200	Pittsburgh & West Va100 Pitts Young & Ash 7% pf.100 Pittston Co (The)No par	29 June 17 167 Feb 16 1 June 22	474 Mar 5 167 Feb 16 3 Jan 12	21 Jan 167 July 11 ₂ Apr	414 Apr 167 July 34 Feb
2658 2684 *1678 18 2414 2414	2634 2738 *1678 18 *2418 2412	2718 2758 *1678 1712 24 24	27 2738 *1678 18 2438 2438	2718 2738 *1678 18 24 2418 *584 614	2718 2758 *1678 18 *2212 2312	900	Plymouth Oil Co	24 ¹ 4 Mar 22 16 ¹ 2June 29 21 ³ 8June 17 4 ¹ 4June 15	29% Apr 22 21% Apr 14 33% Feb 4 11% Jan 22	11% Jan 20 May 12 Jan 44 Jan	274 Dec 2612 Mar 2958 Dec 1114 Dec
*178 214 *814 812 *2014 2084	*17 ₈ 21 ₄ 83 ₈ 85 ₈ 203 ₈ 203 ₄	*218 214 814 812 2058 2078	614 614 *2 214 818 838 2014 2058	*2 214 812 858 20 2014	*17 ₈ 21 ₄ *81 ₄ 85 ₈ 191 ₄ 20	2,000 4,000	Class B	112June 29 7 June 23 1712June 17	378 Jan 22 1512 Jan 20 3178 Feb 11	114 Jan 64 May 1712 Oct	3 ¹ 4 Dec 13 ¹ 8 Dec 28 ¹ 4 Dec
*20 205 ₈ *55 571 ₂ 597 ₈ 60	*551 ₂ 571 ₂ 59 60	191 ₂ 205 ₈ 56 59 588 ₈ 588 ₄	2014 2014 54 54 585 ₈ 59	*20 20 ¹ 4 54 54 59 59 ¹ 2 117 ⁸ 4 117 ⁸ 4	*19 20 *50 551 ₂ 591 ₈ 591 ₄	200	5% conv 1st pref5 5% conv 2d pref50 Procter & GambleNo par 5% pf (ser of Feb 1 '29) 100	18 June 26 54 July 2 5512 Jan 4 11412 Mar 25	31 Feb 10 86 Feb 11 6512 Jan 15	17% Oct 5712 Oct 4014 May 115% Dec	2814 Dec 7314 Dec 56 Dec 12212 Feb
*4138 42 101 10112	4114 4112 10112 10112		40 41 10014 10112	41 4138 10014 10014	11784 11784 4158 4178 10014 10112 11312 114	4,400 700 200	Pub Serv Corp of N JNe par \$5 preferredNo par 6% preferred100	3634 June 17 9984 July 2 11312 June 29		39 Apr 1031 ₂ Feb	12212 Feb 5013 Nov 113 July 130 July
*130 156 * *109 1111 ₂ *	130 156 *1 109 1111 ₂ *1	130 156 109 1111 ₂	130 156 * 109 1111 ₂ *	130 156 * 109 1111 ₂ *	125¼ 129 143 156 109 111½	100	7% preferred	124 June 24 14712May 11 110 June 17 5134June 29	1621s Jan 25	146 Apr	1441 ₂ July 164 July 114 Apr 897 ₈ Dec
197 ₈ 201 ₈ *1091 ₈ 1093 ₈ *991 ₂ 102				5684 5814 2084 2158 10958 10978 102 103	553 ₈ 57 21 215 ₈ 1091 ₂ 1091 ₂ 102 102		Pure Oil (The) No par 8% conv preferred 100 6% preferred 100	1658June 14 10712June 28 99 Jan 7	24% Feb 3	16 Aug 103 May	2478 Mar 1334 Apr 11712 Mar
*1614 1638 *1712 1734 918 938	1614 1612	16 16 ³ 8 17 17 ¹ 2 9 ¹ 4 9 ³ 8	1512 1534	1534 16 *1718 1712 9 914	*1584 1678 1718 1718	300	Purity Bakeries	15 July 1 16 Apr 8 74June 29	23% Feb 25 18% Jan 21 12% Mar 6	958 May 1618 Oct 94 May	2012 Nov 1914 Oct 1414 Jan
*691 ₄ 691 ₂ 81 ₄ 85 ₈ 321 ₂ 321 ₂	697 ₈ 70 83 ₈ 85 ₈	100 110 691 ₂ 70 81 ₄ 81 ₂ 32 33	693 ₈ 693 ₄ 81 ₈ 83 ₈ 321 ₄ 321 ₄	100 *69 ¹ 4 69 ¹ 2 8 ¹ 8 8 ¹ 8 33 33	100 6884 69 8 818 3212 3212	1,500 8,500 500	\$5 preferred BNo par \$3.50 conv 1st prefNo par \$ Radio-Keith-OrphNo par Raybestos Manhattan.No par	103 Jan 7 63 June 17 678 June 17 29 May 18	103 Jan 7 80 Jan 15 1018 Apr 19 3634 Jan 11	831 ₂ Jan 681 ₂ Apr 5 Jan 287 ₂ Jan	10812 June 80 July 1078 Nov 3832 Nov
3384 3384 *37 42 *33 3784	34 3484 *37 42 *341 ₂ 378 ₄	341 ₄ 348 ₄ 37 42 341 ₂ 378 ₄	*32 3484 *37 42	*32 3484 *37 42 *3412 3784	*3212 3484 4112 4112 *3412 3584	100	4% 1st preferred50 4% 2d preferred50	32 June 26 36 June 26 35 ³ 4 July 9	47 Mar 8 49 Jan 11 434 Jan 8	3512 Jan 39 Jan 37 Jan	50% Oct 50 Dec 47 Nov
*81 ₂ 91 ₂ *61 791 ₂ *21 ₄ 21 ₂ 20 20	*812 912 65 65 218 214 *2012 22	9 9 651 ₂ 791 ₂ 23 ₈ 21 ₂ 211 ₄ 211 ₄	212 212	*884 10 *6512 7912 *238 212 *20 25	*884 9 *6512 7912 *238 212 *2012 25	10	Real Silk Hosiery5 Preferred100 Reis (Robt) & CoNo par 1st preferred100	712 June 17 62 Apr 28 2 June 14 20 June 14	1338 Jan 16 83 Jan 20 418 Mar 5 30 Mar 5	978 Jan 6518 Oct 178 Apr 1258 May	1684 Jan 100 Dec 418 Dec 31 Dec
*181 ₂ 193 ₈ *221 ₄ 251 ₂ 241 ₂ 245 ₈	1812 19	188 ₄ 191 ₄ 24 251 ₂ 248 ₄ 251 ₄	19 19 ¹ 4 *24 25 24 ⁵ 8 25	19 19 *24 25 ¹ 2 24 ⁸ 4 25	20 20 *24 251 ₂ 24 ³ 4 25	1,500	Reliable Stores CorpNo par Reliance Mfg Co10 Remington-Rand1	16 ¹ 2June 15 22 June 17 21 Apr 28	22% Feb 8 3512 Mar 31 2918 Mar 9	16 Aug	2418 Nov
82 82 *98 100 6 ¹ 8 6 ¹ 8	*80 82	82 82	*8178 8212	82 82 *98 9934 618 614	82 82 98 98 5 ⁷ 8 6 ¹ 8	400 40 10,700	Preferred with warrants25 Rensselaer & Sar RR Co100 Reo Motor Car	80 May 19 97 May 14 5 Jan 2	9414 Jan 30 110 Feb 18 912 Feb 18	9918 Sept 418 July	9012 Nov 114 Apr 814 Mat
		03 103	103 103		39 ⁵ 8 40 ⁵ 8 103 ¹ 2 103 ¹ 2 36 36	200 700	Republic Steel CorpNo par 6% conv preferred100 6% conv prior pref ser A.100 Revere Copper & Brass5		47 ¹ 4 Mar 11 ¹ 124 Apr 23 110 ¹ 4 Mar 10 49 ³ 8 Apr 14		297 ₈ Dec 128 Dec 1041 ₄ Oct 394 ₄ Dec
*73 79 * 1321 ₂ * * 90 *	76 76 1321 ₂ *1	70 78 201 ₂ 1321 ₄ *	*70 76 12112 13214 *1	*71 78 1211 ₂ 130 **	*71 78 1211 ₂ 130	100	Class A	71 Jan 21 1264June 10 89 June 10	98 Apr 14 139 Apr 17 954 Jan 26	2414 June 90 Apr 92 Dec	791 ₂ Dec 138 Oct 98 Nov
*2578 26 *103 104 *21 2214 5018 5018	$\begin{array}{ccc} 26 & 26^{1}_{4} \\ 100 & 103^{3}_{4} \\ 22 & 22 \\ 50 & 50^{1}_{2} \end{array} *1$	26 26 ³ 8 00 103 ³ 4 21 ¹ 4 22 50 ¹ 2 50 ³ 4	2112 2112	26 ¹ 2 26 ⁸ 4 100 104 21 21 50 ¹ 4 50 ³ 8	25 ⁸ 4 26 ¹ 2 100 104 *20 21 50 ¹ 4 50 ⁷ 8	800	814% conv pref 100	2212May 18 10212May 15 21612June 14 49 May 17	30% Jan 14 112 Jan 8 344 Jan 22 58 Jan 8	2212 May 105 Apr 25 July 50 Apr	34 Feb 117 Jan 3614 Nov 6012 Nov
*60 ¹ 8 65 *11 ¹ 2 12 ¹ 2 21 21	621 ₂ 65 115 ₈ 121 ₂ 21 21	6412 6412 1138 1212 2012 2012	6478 65 *1114 1214 *1984 2112	*65 67 *1138 1212 *20 21	65 65 *118 1212 *20 21	300	Common10 Rhine Westphalia El & Pow Ritter Dental MfgNo par	5912June 30 1134May 28 19 June 21	67 Jan 26 14 Feb 23 311, Feb 4	5878 Sept 884 Nov 1912 Feb	6558 Feb 1358 Jan 35 Mar
*64 ¹ 4 67 ¹ 2 *35 36 *5 ¹ 2 6 58 ¹ 2 58 ³ 4	651 ₂ 70 36 367 ₈ 51 ₄ 51 ₂ 581 ₂ 591 ₂	65 ¹ 4 65 ¹ 4 38 38 5 ¹ 8 5 ¹ 8 59 59 ¹ 2	*6312 70 3612 3784 5 514 5858 5958	6514 68 36 36 5 5 59 5914	*6514 70 *3414 36 *484 5 5912 60	700	Roan Antelope Copper Mines Ruberold Co (The) No Par Rutland RR 7% pref100 St Joseph Lead10	60 Apr 27 30 June 28 312June 17 434 Jan 29	8612 Mar 10 38 June 4 984 Feb 19 65 Mar 11	53 June 22 July	754 Dec 1012 Feb 5038 Dec
*318 314 658 658 *12 17	318 318 *612 634 *12 17	31 ₈ 31 ₈ 65 ₈ 65 ₈ 12 17	3 318 6 612 *12 17	318 314 618 618 *12 17	*278 318 6 618 *12 17	1,000	t St Louis-San Francisco100 6% preferred100 t St Louis Southwestern100	238 June 29 434 June 28 11 Jan 27	484 Mar 17 1118 Feb 25 2084 Mar 5	112 Jan 238 Jan 778 Jan	358 Mar 624 Dec 15 Oct
					*23 34 dp. a Def. de	alivery.	n New stock. r Cash sale. z Ex	26 May 27 c-div. y Ex-rig	hts ¶ Called f	or rademptic	on Oct

400 HOW TOTAL OLDON IN	tooord continued rug		July 17, 1507
Saturday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday	Sales for the Week STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE	Range Sincs Jan. 1 On Basis of 100-Share Lois Lowest Highest	Range for Previous Year 1936 Lowest Highest
Sept. Appeal Sept	Shares S	Corest	Vear 1936

	LOW All	ND HIGH Monda				, NOT P	ER CENT	- for		STOCKS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE		Since Jan. 1 f 100-Share Low		for Previous ar 1936
	July 10 \$ per share	July 12	Te \$ per s	hare \$ per	share \$ 1	uly 15	July 16	Weel	k	Pa	Lowest sper share	Highest s per share	Lowest S per share	Highest re \$ per share
	1758 177 *20 23 *23 238 *11412 1178	*20 2 8 231 ₈ 2	3 *20 38 ₄ 231 ₄	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 18^{3}8 & 17^{3} \\ 22^{1}2 & *20 \\ 23^{1}4 & 23^{3} \end{array}$	23 *1 8 23 ³ 8 2	7^{5}_{8} 18^{1}_{8} 9^{1}_{4} 23 3^{1}_{2} 23^{3}_{4}	*191 ₄ 2 24 2		00	Un Air Lines Transport	17 June 2 2214 June 1	314 Feb 1 304 Jan 1	13 Ja 161 ₂ Ap 1 241 ₄ Ma	2512 Sept or 3714 Not or 3358 Not
	*1141 ₂ 1178 891 ₈ 891 ₄ *311 ₂ 321 ₅ 5 51 ₉	8 *89 90 2 *311 ₂ 32	893 ₄ 27 ₈ *311 ₂	898 ₄ 893 32 *311	90 8	8 89 1 311 ₂	*113 ¹ 2 88 ³ 4 8 30 ¹ 2 3	1,10	00	Preferred 10 United Carbon No pa United Carr Fast Corp No pa	69% Apr 2	8 91 Feb 3 0 35 Mar 17	68 Ja 225 Ja	n 96% Nov
	385 ₈ 385 ₈ 12 121 ₄ *191 ₂ 21	3884 38	37 ₈ 387 ₈ 121 ₂ 121 ₂	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	391 ₄ 3:	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3814 38	212 2,90	00	United Corp	32 ¹ 4June 1 10 ³ 4June 2	5 46% Jan 14 9 16 Mar 8	104 Ap	r 4878 Aug r 1612 Feb
	*98 100 714 788 50 50	*98 100	*98 1 12 678	$ \begin{array}{c c} 00 & *98 \\ 7^{3}_{8} & 6^{7}_{8} \\ 55 & 52^{1}_{2} \end{array} $	100 *98	37 ₈ 71 ₈	*9814 100	38 9,10	ō I	Preferred 100 United Electric Coal Cos United Eng & Fdy	964 Jan 2 558June 1	6 10614 Feb 26 7 912 Mar 11	93 Jan 4 Juli	n 105 June 814 Dec
	80 80 13 13 ¹ 8 *104 ⁵ 8 105	80 ¹ 8 80 13 ¹ 8 13 104 ¹ 2 104	14 1278 12 *10434 1	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 80^{5_8} & 79^{1_4} \\ 13^{1_8} & 12^{8_4} \\ 05 & 105 \end{array} $	80 79 13 12 106 *105	14 80 18 13 106	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12 2,400 12,600 500	0 1	United FruitNo par United Gas ImproveNo par \$5 preferredNo par	7512June 2 11 June 1 1023 July	9 864 Mar 19 4 17 Jan 14 1 11378 Jan 14	6612 Jan 1418 Nov	87 Nov
	*10 ³ 8 10 ⁷ 8 17 ³ 4 17 ³ 4 94 94 *1 ⁵ 8 2 ¹ 4	*10 ⁷ 8 11 *17 ¹ 2 17 *94 96 *1 ⁵ 8 2	8 ₄ 171 ₂ *94	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 107_8 & 105_8 \\ 18 & 18 \\ 97 & *94 \\ 15_8 & 15_8 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 10^{3}_{4} & 10 \\ 18^{1}_{4} & 17 \\ 97 & *94 \\ 1^{5}_{8} & *1 \end{array} $	8 ₄ 18 99	11 11 17 ³ 4 17 *94 99 *1 ⁵ 8 2	2,000	0 0	United Paperboard 10 U S & Foreign Secur No par \$6 1st preferred 100 U S Distrib Corp No par	15 June 3 92 June 1	0 24% Mar 9 1 1001 Feb 3	91 Jan	100 Nov
	*1514 16 1712 1812 *114 11478	151 ₂ 15: 188 ₄ 19: 115 115	12 *151 ₂ 183 ₄	161 ₂ 15 193 ₄ 181 ₂	15 *15 181 ₂ 18	1 ₂ 16 1 ₂ 181 ₂	15 15 *19 19	$\begin{vmatrix} 1_4 \\ 3_8 \end{vmatrix} = 2,700$	0 1	U S Freight	1158May 1 1512June	7 201 ₂ Jan 19 5 347 ₈ Jan 13	10 Apr 2414 June	234 Nov 398 Jan
	*1581 ₂ 162 *171 ₈ 173 ₄ *53 60	*159 162 17 ¹ 4 17 *55 60	8 18	171 ₂ 116 32 *159 183 ₈ 18 301 ₈ *57	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 117 & 114 \\ 162 & *159 \\ 185_8 & 18 \\ 60 & *57 \end{array} $	8 ₄ 162 8 ₄ 191 ₈	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 ₄ 4,300	0 0	U S Gypsum20 7% preferred100 U S Hoffman Mach Corp5 5½% conv pref50	156 May 10 158June 29	172 Feb 10 2312 Mar 22	8014 May 160 May 878 Jan 49 Aug	16914 Feb 20% Nov
	*30 ⁵ 8 32 *9 ¹ 4 10 *16 ³ 8 16 ⁷ 8	*31 32 97 ₈ 93 161 ₂ 163	32 934 17	31 97 ₈ *91 ₂ 7 *163 ₈	311 ₂ 31 93 ₄ 9 17 *16	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	311 ₂ 31 93 ₈ 9 *161 ₂ 16	$\begin{bmatrix} 7_8 & 1,600 \\ 8_8 & 1,500 \end{bmatrix}$	D T	U S Industrial Alcohol. No par U S Leather No par Partic & conv class A. No par	28 June 18 614 Jan 2 1318 Apr 23	1518 Mar 13	3114 Aug 419 Oct 10 Aug	59 Apr 978 Jan
	*100 109 54 ¹ 2 55 11 ⁸ 4 11 ⁷ 8 60 ¹ 8 60 ¹ 2	*100 109 541 ₂ 541 12 121	4 12 1	41 ₂ 52 21 ₈ 12	105 *98 53 52 12 11	528 ₄ 8 121 ₄	*98 105 51_4 52_6 115_8 12	6,200	U	Prior preferred100 U S Pipe & Foundry20 U S Realty & ImptNo par	89 Jan 4 441 ₂ June 14 10 May 13	112 Mar 30 7214 Mar 9 1938 Jan 12	71 Jan 2112 Jan 758 Apr	6378 Dec 1914 Dec
$\ $	93 93 ¹ ₂ *89 90 ³ ₄ *66 ⁵ ₈ 69 ³ ₄	94 941 901 ₂ 91 *671 ₂ 693	931 ₂ 9 91 9	3214 60 5 931 ₂ 134 *881 ₂ 934 *681 ₂	6184 59 94 93 90 88 6984 *68	8 9338 2 9214	59 607 921 ₂ 937 91 92 697 ₈ 697	2 2,500 4,200	U	U 8 Rubber	44 ¹ 4 Jan 4 81 ¹ 2June 17 78 June 17 66 ⁵ 8June 21		163 Jan 47 Jan 7214 July	101 Nov 1034 Nov
H	10778 10878 13158 13158	1087 ₈ 112 ⁸ 132 ¹ 4 134 *126 128 ¹	1118 ₄ 11 133 13	38 113 312 13312		2 11618	115 ³ 4 117 ¹ 132 ³ 4 134 ¹ 127 ¹ 2 128 ¹	2 180,500 4 3,300	U	Preferred	75 Jan 4	12612 Mar 11 150 Jan 22	681 ₂ Jan 463 ₈ Jan 1151 ₃ Jan 131 Apr	7518 Apr 7978 Dec 15424 Nov 144 July
	718 718 518 518	*1571 ₂ 161 71 ₈ 71, 51 ₈ 51,	*1571 ₂ 16 7 48 ₄	1 *155 738 7 518 5	$ \begin{array}{c c} 161 & *155 \\ 73_8 & 7 \\ 51_8 & 47 \end{array} $	161 *1 8 518 *1	155 161 7 7 4 ⁷ 8 5	9,600 3,400	D	Inited Stockyards Corp1 Inited Stores class ANo par	z512June 30 378May 17	169 Jan 5 914 Feb 9 818 Feb 5	5 Apr	168 July 84 Nov
	*6214 68 *1912 20 *77 78	*65 68 *18 198 78 78	1984 1	734 *65 984 191 ₂ 684 *72	6734 *65 1912 *191 77 *72	2 1978	65 678 1912 197 73 76	8 200 200	0	\$6 conv pref ANo pari Universal-Cyclops Steel Corp 1 Universal Leaf TobNo par	65 June 11 181 ₂ June 30 68 May 13	21 May 17 86 Jan 21	67% May	102 Nov
	*70 80 238 212 112 112	*144 150 *70 74 $2^{1}2$ $2^{1}2$ $1^{5}8$ $1^{5}2$			$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 258	148 148 166 78 238 21		1	8% preferred100 Universal Picture 1st pref.100 Utilities Pow & Light A1	14214May 17 63 June 18 158June 17	478 Jan 13	153 Mar 50 Jan 31 ₈ Jan	612 Mar
	*49 511 ₂ *291 ₄ 30 *361 ₂ 378 ₄	*49 51 2984 3078 3712 3713	301 ₈ 3		51 48 30 ³ 4 29 ³ 37 35 ³	49	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8,500	v	No par No par Preferred 100 No par 100 No par No p	112May 13 48 Jan 4 2418June 14 32 June 29	5812 Jan 20 398 Mar 11	1 July 30 June 164 Apr 284 Jan	258 Oct 57 Dec 3058 Dec 4938 Nov
		*417 ₈ 428 ₄	*105 11: *417 ₈ 4: * 9:	2 *105 28 ₄ 413 ₈	12 417 ₈ 95 *105 *411 *	112 *1	05 112 411 ₂ 428 95		V	7% 1st pref	11114 Mar 27 4014June 17 80 Mar 27	115 Mar 5 47 May 12 80 Mar 27	#11014 Feb 40 Apr 72 May	116 Aug 4814 July 80 Aug
║.	81 ₂ 88 ₄ 568 ₄ 57 110 111 *	85 ₈ 9 57 58 110 111	56 57	78 ₄ 55 *110 1	9 81 551 ₂ 56	5638 *	81 ₄ 81 ₅ 548 ₄ 56	1,400	V	5% non-cum pref100 a-Carolina ChemNe par 6% preferred100 a El & Pow \$6 prefNo par	85 Mar 18 7 June 17 4812June 17	88 Feb 26 1284 Apr 6 748 Apr 6	84 Sept 418 Jan 284 Aug	84 Sept 813 Dec 5884 Dec
	*712 8 2112 2112	*7 8 *2112 22 120 128	*110 111 *714 8 2158 22 *11984 128	*7	11 8 *7 221 ₂ 28 *1171 ₄	2214	$10 110^{3}4$ *7 8 $21^{7}8 22^{1}4$ $18^{1}4 128$		V	irginia Iron Coal & Coke_100 irginia Iron Coal & Coke_100 irginia Ry Co 6% pref100	105 June 29 614 Apr 28 2018 June 17 124 Apr 26	124 Jan 7 37 Jan 5	109 Mar 4 Apr 14 May 211412 Jan	134 Dec 411 Dec 1311 Aug
	118 125 * 578 6	578 6	*72 85 *118 125 6 6	*75 *118 1	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	83 125 4	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6,700	VI	ulcan Detinning 100 Preferred 100 Wabash Railway 100	70 Feb 17 1174 Feb 2 318 Jan 5	98 Mar 12 12212 Jan 11 1018 Mar 16	70 Aug 120 Aug 214 Aug	86 Feb 13712 June 412 Feb
	1134 12 *6 1138 1338 1378	11 12 *81 ₂ 113 ₈ 133 ₈ 137 ₈	*81 ₂ 11 133 ₈ 13	38 *7 12 1338	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 11 & 7^{1}8 \\ 10^{7}8 & 6^{1}2 \\ 13^{5}8 & 13 \end{array}$	7	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	9,400 120 4,200	1_	5% preferred A100 5% preferred B100 aldorf systemNo par	718 July 15 612 July 15 1234 July 16	18% Mar 16 16 Mar 17 19% Feb 11	5 Jan 41g June 91g Jan	10% Mar 74 Mar 19 Nov
Ш	287 ₈ 287 ₈ *851 ₄ 86 143 ₄ 151 ₈ *465 ₈ 471 ₂	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	291 ₂ 29 851 ₂ 86 148 ₄ 15 475 ₈ 47	14 141 ₄	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 29 & 2884 \\ 8612 & 8612 \\ 1478 & 1412 \\ 4958 & 4914 \end{array} $	87 *: 1478	288_4 288_4 361_2 871_2 141_4 148_4	1,400 700 10,900	W	Algreen Co	2478 June 24 8412 June 24 1114 Jan 4	49 Feb 8 87 July 15 1884 Mar 11 51% July 15	30 Apr	39¼ Dec
Ш	1958 1958	*193 ₈ 191 ₂ *31 32 7 73 ₈	193 ₈ 19 32 32 71 ₈ 7	*191 ₄ *29	193 ₄ *193 ₈ *27 61 ₂	1984 *	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	16,500 300 100 2,200	W	Preferred No par No par Ard Baking class A No par Class B No par	4212 Apr 28 19 May 5 24 June 17 518 June 21	1978 Jan 8 508 Feb 1 1084 Feb 26	2618 Apr 1778 Apr 1078 Jan 218 Apr	494 Nov 20 Nov 52 Nov 758 Nov
11	1418 1414	70 76 14 ¹ 8 14 ³ 8 55 60 ¹ 8	*70 76 13 ⁷ 8 14 *55 60	8 1358	77 *70 14 13 ⁸ 4 30 ¹ 8 *55	77 137 ₈ 1	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	16,300	W	arner Bros Pictures 5 \$3.85 conv pref No par	75 May 3 1118 May 13 59 Apr 27	9918 Mar 2 18 Jan 5 6912 Jan 23	478 Jan 914 Apr 44 Apr	105 Nov 18% Dec 69 Dec
	8 814	81 ₈ 81 ₄ 211 ₂ 281 ₂ 42 43	81 ₄ 83 24 24 43 44	*2212 2	81 ₂ 77 ₈ 281 ₂ *211 ₂ 121 ₂ *41	8 ³ 8 28 ¹ 2 *2 41 ¹ 2 *4		1,900 5,800 100	1W	Warner QuinlanNo par Varren BrosNo par \$3 convertible prefNo par	58May 18 638 Feb 1 22 June 15 3334 Apr 28	184 Feb 17 1214 Jan 25 3514 Jan 16 46 Mar 10	12 June 458 Jan 1578 Jan 21 Apr	278 Feb 1284 Dec 3858 Dec 3758 Dec
1	281 ₄ 301 ₄ 46 461 ₈ *5 51 ₄	27 28 46 471 ₂ *5 51 ₄	281 ₄ 281 461 ₂ 471 *5 51	4 x2884 2 8 45 4	2884 29 4484 514 5	29 *2 4638 4	78 ₄ 29 61 ₂ 47 51 ₂ 51 ₂	3,400 500 5,700 1,800	Wa	arren Fdy & Pipe	261 ₄ June 28 421 ₄ June 29 4 May 14	3814 Feb 19 4838June 10 984 Feb 1	1912 Apr	3912 Dec
:	8114 83 *	*1 11 ₂ 461 ₈ 463 ₈ 811 ₄ 825 ₈	*1 11 451 ₂ 463 *811 ₄ 825	8 8114 8	11 ₂ 1 51 ₂ 45 21 ₈ *82	451 ₈ . 4 825 ₈ 8	11 ₈ 11 ₂ 48 ₄ 45 21 ₂ 821 ₂	2,200 300	We We	elis Fargo & Co	1 July 15 431 ₂ May 14 80 Mar 13	214 Jan 6 56 Mar 17 8412 Feb 4	1 Aug 33% June 78 Feb	2 ³ 4 Jan 52 ³ 8 Dec 83 ³ 4 Dec
	935 ₈ 938 ₄ 86 90 *	898 ₄ 898 ₄ 938 ₄ 941 ₄ 86 89	94 948 *88 89	948 ₄ 9 *881 ₂ 8	9 *88 48 ₄ 95 9 88	8812 8	51 ₂ 96 9 89	650 50	7	7% preferred100	81 July 1 #		96 Jan 87 Feb	107 Sept
*1	11 116 *1	$\begin{array}{cccc} 21 & 121 \\ 12^{1}_{4} & 116 \\ 29 & 29^{1}_{2} \\ 8^{3}_{8} & 8^{7}_{8} \end{array}$	1121 ₄ 1121 ₂₉ 291 ₈₁₂ 81 ₂ 81	2858 2	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		3 116 88 ₄ 29	30 70 3,700	We	% preferred100	1012 Apr 9 24 June 21	1151 ₂ Jan 8 291 ₂ July 12	111% Jan	1241 ₃ Sept 1164 Dec
	15 1714 *	16 ¹ 4 17 ³ 8 *2 ¹ 2 3 7 ¹ 4 7 ¹ 2	*15 173 284 28 718 71	*15 1 21 ₂	738 *15 212 212 714 658	1738 *1 212 *			Wes	### 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	78June 17 1378June 17 2 June 25 512June 25	1184 Mar 5 2312 Mar 6 484 Mar 17 1114 Mar 17	818 Apr 15 Apr 178 Nov 518 Aug	121 ₈ Feb 231 ₄ Sept 4 Feb 97 ₈ Feb
1	441 ₈ 441 ₈ 47 1471 ₂ 1		451 ₈ 457 441 ₂ 451 1471 ₄ 1491	148 15	0 148	441 ₂ 4 1483 ₄ 14	612 4712 438 45 7 14912	21,300 5,800	Wes Wes	estern Union Telegraph 100 estingh'se Air Brake. No par estinghouse El & Mig50	41½June 28 40¼June 29 30¼ Apr 12	831 ₂ Jan 22 5734 Mar 6 1675 ₈ Jan 22	7212 May 3484 Jan 9412 Jan	9618 Nov 5078 Dec 15312 Oct
*	24 243 ₄ 358 ₄ 371 ₂ *	$50 159 241_2 25 353_4 371_2 211_2 211_2$	152 1591 *24 247 *3584 371 2112 215	*24 2	47 ₈ *231 ₂ 71 ₂ *353 ₄	155 *15: 25 *2: 371 ₂ *3: 211 ₂ *2	31 ₂ 25 58 ₄ 371 ₂		Wee	ston Elee Instrum't. No par	43 May 14 21 May 17 354 July 2 19 June 17	170 Jan 22 30% Jan 22 39 May 6 274 Feb 23	231 ₂ Jan 1 225 ₈ June 351 ₂ Oct 193 ₄ June	334 Jan 39 Jan 32 July
	305 ₈ 307 ₈ 302 1093 ₄ *10	30 ⁷ 8 31 ¹ 4 02 109 ³ 4 *	3012 301	3012 30	$ \begin{array}{c c} 0^{1}2 & 30^{5}8 \\ 93_4 & *102 \end{array} $		2 10934	700	Who	% conv preferred30 neeling & L Erie Ry Co100	291 ₂ May 27 90 Jan 18	3478 Jan 7 115 Apr 13 12314 May 6	314 Nov	354 Oct 91 Nov 20 Oct
*10	08 ¹ 4 109 ⁷ 8 10 05 111 *10		108 112	*10712 114	11184	113 112	114	2,900	Who P	Preferred	07 July 8 1	65 Mar 11 113 July 14 107 July 8		3978 Dec 10914 Feb
2	23 231 ₄ 2 153 ₈ 153 ₈ 1	231 ₂ 241 ₄ 151 ₂ 155 ₈	*20 ¹ 8 21 ⁷ 8 23 ⁵ 8 24 ¹ 2 15 ³ 4 15 ³ 4	231 ₂ 24 158 ₄ 15	1558	221 ₈ *20 237 ₈ 23 16 16	23 ¹ 2	6,000	Whi	ite Motor Co1	20 June 29 20 June 17 1458May 15	2312May 151 33% Feb 16 1878 Jan 25		28% Nov
3	327 ₈ 327 ₈ 3 51 ₄ 51 ₄ 3	47 ₈ 5 33 ₄ 333 ₄ 51 ₈ 51 ₂ 95 ₈ 97 ₈	338 ₄ 35 51 ₈ 51 ₂ 98 ₄ 108 ₈	341 ₂ 34 51 ₄ 8	5 11 ₂ 5 12 5 12 5 10 ₁₈	34 *32	18 514	1,100 2,600	W116	loox Oil & Gas	338June 17 25 June 17 414 Apr 28 81eJune 16	64 Mar 22 461s Jan 4 614 Jan 25 1214 Feb 27	314 Apr 16 Apr 234 Jan	64 Nov 43 Nov 54 Mar
8	811 ₂ 811 ₂ *8 51 ₂ 46 4 6 36 3	311 ₂ 83 153 ₄ 463 ₈ 17 371 ₄	827 ₈ 827 ₈ 451 ₂ 461 ₈ 363 ₈ 363 ₄	x82 82 451 ₄ 48 37 38	82 578 451 ₂	82 *81 457 ₈ 45 388 ₄ 38	82 14 4578	14,400	Woo	olworth (F W) Co10	81 ₂ June 16 77 June 14 43 ⁸ ₄ June 29 30 ⁷ ₈ June 18	9184 Mar 2 658 Jan 20 47 Jan 22	70 June 44% Apr	11 Jan 87 Jan 71 Nov 364 Dec
*8	212 8534 8	81 ₂ 1001 ₂ 821 ₂ 821 ₂ 821 ₂ 821 ₂	99 1001 ₂ *83 847 ₈ *83 85	998 ₄ 104 85 86 85 85	105 1 *85 *87	05 ¹ 2 106 88 ¹ 2 *88 89 89	107 12 91 90	1,750 700 1,300	P	Preferred A 7%100 Preferred B 6%100 % pref B stamped100	81 Jap 4 1 7684June 30 1 821 ₂ July 12	1212 Mar 25 00 Mar 10 85 July 14	56 Apr 47 Jan	86 ² 4 Dec 80 ⁸ 4 Oct
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	61 ₂ 1097 ₈ 18 68 137 ₈ 55 148 ₄ 251 ₄	1031 ₂ 1035 ₈ 68 681 ₂ 55 551 ₄ 241 ₂ 251 ₈	*100 104 68 69 *531 ₂ 55 238 ₄ 24	69 *5358	$ \begin{array}{c c} 09 \\ 70 \\ 55 \\ 24^{1}8 \end{array} \begin{array}{c c} *100 \\ *70 \\ 54 \\ 23 \end{array} $	70 ¹ 2 54	900 N	Wrig	gley (Wm) Jr (Del) No pare & Towne Mfg Co25	5558 July 2 18 June 15 2018 Jan 4	76 Jan 7	63 Aug 33% Apr	40% Sept 79 Feb 51 Nov 23% Dec
*12 *3 8	3 128 *12 81 ₂ 39 3 71 ₄ 877 ₈ 8	3 128 9 40 71 ₂ 913 ₈	123 128 40 40 895 ₈ 911 ₂	*123 128 397 ₈ 40 897 ₈ 91	*123 1 3984 89	28 3984 91 90	127 8 ₄ 398 ₄ 8 ₄ 92	1,200 20,000	You You	referred	23 Apr 28 1 357 ₈ June 21 748 ₄ June 17 1	42 Jan 23 465 Feb 15 017 Mar 6	831 ₂ Jan 1 421 ₄ July 412 ₄ Jan	631a Dec 55 Apr 874 Oct
	712 38 1	981 ₂ 1 ₄ 375 ₈ 17 ₈ 6	983 ₄ 983 ₄ 365 ₈ 371 ₄ 6 6	981 ₈ 98 37 38 57 ₈ 5		9884 3884 578 578 5	9884	7,200 2	53 Zeni	14% preferred100	734June 2 1	15 Jan 27 1	05 Jan 1:	22 Aug 423 Nov 93 Jan
	* Bid and #	ked prices	no sales o	n this day	‡ In recei	vership.	a Def de	livery n	Ne	ew stock r Cash sale r Ex-di	v y Ex-righ	ts. ¶ Called for	redemption	

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE Bond Record, Friday, Weekly and Yearly On Jan. 1, 1909, the Azchange method of quoting bonds was changed and prices are now "and interest"—except for income and defaulted bonds.

NOTICE—Cash and deferred delivery sales are disregarded in the week's range, unless they are the only transactions of the week, and when selling outside of the regular weekly range are shown in a footnote in the week in which they occur. No account is taken of such sales in computing the range for the year.

		Peddau.	(Fach) a				-	Priday	Week	k's 1		
N. Y STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended July 16	Inter sa Period	Eriday Lasi Sale Price	Week's Range or Friday Md & Asked	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1	N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended July 16	Inter es Period	Lasi Saje Price	Range Frid Bis &	ay Asked	Bonds	Range Stace Jan. 1
U. S. Government		L	ow High	No.	Low High	Fereign Gevt. & Mun. (Concl.)			Low	High I	No.	Low High
Treasury 4½sOct 15 1947-1955 Treasury 3½sOct 15 1943-1945 Treasury 3½sMar 15 1944-1955 Treasury 3½sMar 15 1946-1945 Treasury 3½sJune 15 1943-1945 Treasury 3½sJune 15 1946-1945 Treasury 3½sJune 15 1946-1945 Treasury 3½sMar 15 1941-1945 Treasury 3½sMar 15 1941-1945 Treasury 3½sDec 15 1946-1945 Treasury 3½sDec 15 1949-1955 Treasury 3½sAug 16 1949-1955 Treasury 3½sAug 16 1949-1955 Treasury 2½sMar 15 1945-1947 Treasury 2½sSept 15 1945-1947 Treasury 2½sSept 15 1948-1951 Treasury 2½sSept 15 1948-1951 Treasury 2½sSept 15 1948-1951 Treasury 2½sDec 15 1948-1951 Treasury 2½sDec 15 1948-1951 Treasury 2½sDec 15 1948-1951 Treasury 2½sDec 15 1948-1951				67 24 67	113.16 121.14 104.2 109.26 109.12 115.20 107.12 114.9 104.28 110.18 101 106.28 102.10 107.30 104.20 107.27 104.24 108.24 102.24 108.24 102.24 108.18 104.24 108.24 104.20 109.25	Colombia (Republic of) *8s Apr 1 1935 coup onOct 1961 *8s July 1 1935 coup onJan 1961 *Colombia Mige B ank 6 ½s 1947 *Sinking fund 7s of 1926 1946 *Sinking fund 7s of 1927 1947 Copenhagen (City) 5s 1952 25-year gold 4 ½s 1953 *Cordoba (City) 7s 1957 *7s stamped 1957 Cordoba (Prov) Argentina 7s 1942 Costa Rica (Republic of)	JAMFJMFFJ	281/4 281/4 231/4 1001/4 981/6 80	2714 2714 *2356 2315 *2356 9976 9856 84 78 9515	2814 2814 2414 2314 10014 99 84 80 9614	26 35 29 29 12 10	25 1/4 38 25 1/4 38 20 1/4 31 20 30 1/4 20 30 1/4 96 1/4 10 1 1/4 93 99 1/4 77 90 70 1/4 80 95 99
Federal Farm Mortgage Corp—	M 8	103.9 10	02 31 103 9	60	99 104.30 100.18 106.16 99.2 104.16 98.4 103.17 98 103.18	*7s Nov 1, 1936 coupon on 1951 Cuba (Republic) 5s of 1904 1944 External 5s of 1914 ser 4 1949 External loan 4½s 1949 Sinking fund 5½s Jan 15 1953 *Public wks 5½s June 30 1945 Czechoslovakia (Rep of) 8s 1942 Binking fund 8s ser B 1942 Denmark 20-year syti 6s 1952	MFFJJAA	100 6634 104 104	101 *102 % 100 103 64 % 104 104	101 104½ 100 103 67¾ 104 104	1 1 667 5 14	1001/4 105 M 101 102 M 97 M 101 M 102 M 104 M 56 M 68 103 M 105 M 103 M 105 M
34	MN	102.14 10	02.8 102.16 00.17 100.23	26 4	101.8 105.23 99.6 104.10	Denmark 20-year exti 6s 1952 External gold 5 1/4s Apr 15 1962 External g 4 1/4s Apr 15 1962 Deutsche Bk Am part ett 6s 1932 §*Stamped extd to Sept 1 1935 Dominican Rep Cust Ad 5 1/4s 1942 1st ser 5 1/4s of 1928 1940	M S		100 ¾ 100 ⅓ *50 ⅓ 76	7614	117	104 % 106 % 100 % 102 % 97 % 101 % 45 50 % 74 % 82 % 72 82
Foreign Gevt. & Municipals—						1st ser 5½s of 1926 1940 2d series sink fund 5½s 1940 Customs Admins 5½s 2d ser 1961 5½s 1st series 1969 5½s 2nd series 1969 •Dresden (City) external 7s 1945	MS		*75 *75 *70 *76 25	78	4	73 82 75 815 7614 814 7434 81 1954 26
*Sink fund 6s Feb coupon on . 194' *Sink fund 6s Apr coup on 194' *Akershus (Dept) Ext 5s	FAMILIA		23½ 23½ *23½ 25 99¼ 99¼ 12½ 12½ 12½ 12½ 12½ 12½ 11¼ 11¼ 11¼ 11¼ 11½ 12	3 5 3 1 3 7 6	23 30 22 3 30 97 100 34 11 32 20 11 32 20 11 32 20 34 10 34 17 34 10 34 16 34	*El Salvador Sectis of dep new 1948 Estonia (Republic of) 7s 1967 Finland (Republic) ext 6s 1945 *Frankfort (City of) s f 6 ½s 1953 French Republic 7 ½s stamped 1941 7 ½s unstamped 1941 External 7s stamped 1949 German Govt International—	J J J M S M N D	107% 23%	23½ 105 104½ a105 a	56½ 99½ 107¼ 23¾ 105½ 105¼ 105 106	11 3 8 8 4 4 31	5534 6634 98 10034 10534 109 1734 2434 105 12434 10434 11934 110 130 105 124
Antwerp (City) external 5s195t Argentine Govt Pub Wks 6s196t Argentine (National Government) TExternal s f 6s of 0ct 1925196t Texternal s f 6s of May 1926196t Texternal s f 6s of May 1926196t	A O . M S M N	100 3/6 100 3/6 100 18/32 101 3/6 100 18/32	100 100% 1002332 100% 1007% 1003132 1001532 100916 10114 101132 1001532 100916 1001 100532	24 2 12 13 5 23	10% 16% 98% 101% 100232102% 100% 108 100% 103% 100% 103% 100% 103% 100% 103% 100% 100	*534s of 1930 stamped1965	A O	28¾ 35 29¾	2834 2734 *2534 3434 2834 2934 *3534	29 2734 35 2834 2934	91 8 70 7	2014 31 M 1814 28 M 25 M 25 M 27 M 36 23 M 30 23 M 32 33 41
TExti de Sanitary Works 1961 TExti de pub wks May 1927 1961 TPublic Works exti 5 1/4s 1967 B f external 4 1/4s 1977 S f external conversion 4s 1977 Australia 30-year 6s 1951 External 5e of 1927 1965 External 54 1/4s of 1928 1956	M N F A J J M S M N	100 ¹ 32 101 36 92 36 106 36 106 101 34	101°32 101 ½ 100°32 100°32 101 ½ 101 ½ 92 ¼ 92 ½ 106 106 ¾ 106 106 ¾ 101 ½ 102 ¾	14 4 83 149 38 22 52	1001/2 1021/4 101 1021/4 1001/2 103 963/4 1011/4 903/4 923/5 1043/4 1101/4 1043/4 110 993/4 1033/4	*Sink fund secured 6s1968 Halti (Republic) s f 6s ser A1952 *Hamburg (State) 6s1946 *Heidelberg (German) extl 7 1/2 50 Heidelperg (City) ext 6 1/2s1960	A O A O J A O		31 100 *2354 1934 *10534	32 1/4 100 1/4 25 20	19 5 6	27% 35 96% 100% 17 25 15% 20% 105 107
Austrian (Govt) s f 7s	FASIJJ	109%	100 10136		105% 110% 115% 118%	*7%s unmatured oup on 1946 *7s unmatured coupon on 1946 *Hungarian Land M Inst 7%s .1961 *Sinking fund 7%s ser B 1961 *Hungary (Kingdom of) 7%s 1944 Irish Free State extl s f 5s 1960	F A M N		114	30 62 114	4	21¼ 30¼ 21¼ 30¼ 21¼ 30¼ 21¼ 27¼ 47½ 62⅓
#External sinking fund 6s. 1956 #External sinking fund 6s. 1956 #External si 6 4/s of 1926 . 1956 #External si 6 4/s of 1927 . 1956 #External si 6 4/s of 1927 . 1956 #External si 6 4/s of 1927 . 1956	MANCE STORY	24 4816 42 4176	*22 25½ 23½ 24½ 46½ 48½ 40½ 42 40½ 41½ 40½ 42¼ 101½ 102½	14 63 229 78 64 10	18 25 18¼ 24¼ 42¼ 59¼ 35 47¼ 35 47 99¼ 103¼ 99¼ 103	Italian Cred Consortium B	MIAN	93 1/4 79 1/4 41 1/4	86 85 72¼ 93 79¼ 40¾ •23¾	87 14 85 14 73 99 14 85 14 41 14	45 4 5 138 47 7	80 93½ 80¾ 94 71½ 82½ 93 100¼ 79¼ 89¾ 29¼ 42 19½ 26
Sinking fund gold 58	J D .		102 103¼ 29 29¼ 102¼ 102¼ 100¾ 100¾ 102 *98	18 6 11	26 % 33 % 100 102 % 100 102 99% 102 % 97% 103	1.0wer Austria (Province ef)— 7 1/46 June 1 1935 coup on1950 *Medellin (Colombia) 6 1/481943 *Mexicon Irrig amenting 4 1/481943 *Mexico (US) ext 1 55 of 1899 £.1945 *Amenting & col 1890 £.1945	D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	41/4	*97 1136 436 *7 736 736	104½ - 12 5 8¼ - 7¼ 7½	19 5	95 98% 11 17 4% 8% 5% 8 6% 11% 6 11%
**************************************	F A B A A O . J J	82¼ 82 85½	90 82¼ 83¼ 82 83¼ 83 83¼ 85 85% 61½ 62 26½ 26¼ 27¾ 27¾	78 26 5 48 10	82 14 91 14 83 14 89 14 75 14 84 14 75 14 85 14 77 86 14 78 14 88 56 65 14	*Assenting 5s large] D	514	5 1/6 9 1/6 8 1/5 71	6¼ 5¼	4 -2 11 19 16	7 % 11 5 % 9 5 % 9 % 5 9 % 4 % 9 % 4 % 9 % 7 % 13 % 7 % 13 %
*Sink fund 73/8 May coup off1988 Canada (Dom of) 30-yr 4s	MONAJ		27% 27% 106% 107% 112% 113% 99% 100% 99% 99% 99% 99% 98% 99% 93% 94%	78 47 10 42 26 45	22 28% 104% 110% 111 114% 97 101% 96% 103% 98% 99% 92% 94%	Minas Gerace (State)— *Sec extl s f 6½s	M S D M N A A A A A	28 28 73	103%	28 28 73 6314 10376 10456	8 21 4 5 21 2 5	101% 105
30-year 3s 196' Carisbad (City) s f 8s 195' Cent Agrie Bank (Ger) 7s 195' Farm Loan s f 6s July 15 196' Farm Loan s f 6s 00 191' Farm Loan 6s ser A Apr 15 193' Cnile (Rep)—Exti s f 7s 194' External sinking fund 6s 196' Ry ref exti s f 6s 5 196' Exti sinking fund 6s 8ept 196' Exti sinking fund 6s 8ept 196' External sinking fund 6s 1963' External sinking fund 6s 1963'	MACAJS	39 1/4 42 20 1/4 20 1/4 20 1/4 20 1/4	53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 5	6 18 39 9 16 31 35 37 5 4	50 1/6 57 35 54 1/4 26 1/4 40 26 1/6 89 1/6 30 1/4 48 1/6 18 1/4 25 1/6 18 1/4 25	20-year external 6s 1946 External sink fund 4½s 1956 External sink fund 4½s 1966 External sink fund 4½s 1963 Municipal Bank extl si 5s 1970 *Nuremburg (City) extl 6s 1962 Oriental Devel guar 6s 1963 Extl deb 3½s 1963 Extl deb 3½s 1965 Panama (Rep) extl 5½s 1963 *Extl si 5s ser A 1963 *Stamped	MAFJEMMAJA	106 ¼ 103 ¼ 102 ¼ 99 77 74 ½ 101	106 1/4 103 1/4 101 1/4 98 1/4 102 1/4 25 1/4 77 74 1/4 101	106¾ 104 102⅓	28 28 28 112 1 4 49 9 7	105% 109 101% 105 99% 103 95% 99% 102% 103% 17 25% 75% 85 71% 79% 97% 101% 104% 107 68% 85 60% 76
**Cologne (City) Germany 5 1/8 1 1950	AOM S.	17% 17%	17% 18 17% 18 17% 18% 17% 18% 17% 17% 16% 16% 72% 73	6 21 4 17 5 6	18% 24% 18% 24% 18% 24% 18% 24% 16% 21% 15% 21% 15% 21% 15% 22 15 21% 15% 22 15 32 73 18% 26%	Pernambuco (State of)— *78 Sept coupon off	M S M S A O A O	25 21 16 19 16 19 16 71 16 51 14	24 % 21 % 18 % 19 54 68 % 50 %	25 22¼ 19¼ 19¾ 57 72 53	8 19 59 53 13 29 34	22 1/4 30 1/4 28 17 1/4 26 17 1/4 26 47 62 60 80
For footnotes see page 407.												

N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended July 16	Interest	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range or Friday Bid & Asked	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1	N Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended July 16	Interes	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range or Friday Did & Askeh	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1
Fersign Gevt. & Munic. (Conci.) Porte Alegre (City of)— *8s June coupon off	J B J M N M S A O A A	24 109½	27% 29% 26 26% 495 495 495 24% 24% 109 110 111 111% *27% 36%	12 3 8 25	2714 33% 25 31 92 100 1714 2414 1614 2414 109 11314 109 11314 109 11314	Battle Creek & Stur 1st gu 3s 1989 Beech Creek ext 1st g 3 1/s 1981 Bell Telep of Pa 5s series B 1948 1st & ref 5s series C 1960 Belviders Delaware cons 3 1/s 1943 *Berlin City Eiec Co deb 6 1/s 1981 *Deb sinking fund 6 1/s 1985 *Debenture 6s 1985 *Berlin Eiec En & Undergr 6 1/s 1986 Beth Steel cops M 1/s ser D 1960 Beth Steel cops M 1/s ser D 1960	A D A D A O O	119%	*102 119% 120 126% 126% *104	25 2 1 1 15	Zow High 72 % 78 % 102 % 108 % 115 % 121 % 120 131 20 26 % 18 % 25 18 % 25 20 25 100 % 100 %
Rio de Janeire (City et)	AJMJA I	26 % 72 1/4 38 1/4	28 ½ 29 ½ 27 ½ 31 31 ½ 25 ½ 27 ½ 26 ½ 26 ½ 26 ½ 73 ½ 73 ½ 39 422 30	7 26 10 14 15 2 4	26 3434 2234 33 29 40 2334 33 25 3234 7234 834 2556 39 2134 27	Cons mtge 3 ¼ s ser E	A DENOAO	96 7934 8234 2334 22 7434	95¾ 96¾ *108¾	63 21 5 13 7 15 9	92½ 99¾ 107 112 77¾ 90 80 91¾ 74¼ 85¼ 20 84¼ 18 41¾ 18¼ 41¾ 74¼ 101¾ 97¾ 105¾
*8s May coupon eft	WW TINTE	40 32¾ 30 26¾ 95¾	*28¾ 27 38¾ 40 31¾ 32¾ 32¾ 29 30 26¾ 26¾ 95¾ 95¾ *22		27 35½ 25 34½ 36¾ 44 29½ 43½ 25 35¼ 24 24½ 91 98 19½ 25 22 25	Bkiyn Manhat Transit 4½ 1966 Bkiyn Qu Co & Sub con gtd 5s. 1941 Ist 5s stamped 1941 Bkiyn Union El 1st g 5s 1950 Bkiyn Un Gas 1st cons g 5s 1945 Ist lien & ref 6s series A 1947 Debecture gold 5s 1950 Ist lien & ref 5s series B 1950 Bruns & Wess 1st cu g 4s 1950	ENJERSH -	101 11234 94 10334	85 89% - 58% - 58% - 89 101 112% 113% - 115 106 106 103% 106% + 101%	90 17 31 37 6	84 ½ 104 60 88 98 115 ½ 111 122 ½ 117 132 ½ 90 106 103 109 103 ½ 106 ½ 101 ½ 102 ½
### Service ### Stovenes (Kinedom) ### Nov 1 1935 coupon on 1962 ### 1935 coupon on 1962 #### 1935 coupon on 1963 #### 1935 coupon on 1958 ####################################	MMUN ANDA	29 1/4 29 1/4 105 72 1/4	29¾ 29¾ 28¾ 29¾ 52 52 *30 36 95 95 104¾ 105 72¾ 76¾ 73¾ 73¾ 74¼ 78¾	11 14 1 1 22 22 1 49	25 ½ 31 ½ 24 80 ½ 40 ½ 54 80 39 ½ 95 ½ 101 ½ 106 71 ½ 78 ½ 65 72 ½ 80 ½	Buffalo Gen Elec 4½ ser B. 1981 TBuff Rech & Pftis gen g 5s. 1937 Consol 4½ 1987 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Burf C R & Nor Ist & coll 5s 1934 *Certificates of deposit 1953 *Consol 5s. 1955 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Bush Term Bidgs 5s gu 1960 Cal G & E Corp unit & ref 5s. 1937 Cai Pack cony deb 5s. 1940 *Camparey Sugar 7s. etts. 1940 *Camparey Sugar 7s. etts. 1949	MA CALONIO	82¾ 58¾ 65 100¾	100 100 82¼ 83¼ 17¼ 18 *16½ 20 *88½ 90¼ - 58¾ 59¼ 65 66 100¼ 100¼ 104 104¼ 21¾ 22	65 3 16 11 2 9	108 1 110 1/2 100 1012 12 20 21 85 89 78 100 1/2 103 1 105 1/2 20 42
Trondhjem (City) 1st 5/54	FEEA MAD	70 6814 6814 80	69% 70	3 7 63 31 11	99% 103 63% 71 63% 70% 63% 70% 78 83% 92% 98 39% 54 77% 86%	Causda Sou cons gu 5s A	JJAPJEMJ	112 113% 113% 124%	112 112% 115% 115%	35 8 9 1 1 28 17 10 149 35	112 119% 109% 116 113 118% 114% 121 114% 121 112% 118% 110% 116% 110% 116% 120% 128% 89% 99% 102% 105%
### ### ##############################	DEDAAOB	101 1/2	111 % 112	19 2 6 11 4 19	*****	Se equip trust oth. 1944 Coll trust gold Se. Dec 1 1954 Collateral trust 345 . 1960 1*Car Cent 1st guar g 4s. 1949 Carc Clinch & O 1st Ss. 1938 1st & coas g 6s ser A. Dec 16 1952 Carriers & Gen Corp deb Ss w w 1950 Cart & Ad 1st gu g 4s. 1981	OX CLEECT	106¾ 103¾ 70¾	113% 114 106% 107% 102% 103% 70% 73 103 103 110% 110% 100% 101 82 82	34 35 3 2 11 6 7	110 115 1 105 1 105 1 105 1 105 1 105 1 105 1 105 1 105 1 105 1 108 1 111 1 100 106 1 82 93 24 1 4 0
6 with warr assented. 1948 Alb & Susq 1st guar 3½s. 1946 Allethany Corp coll tr 5s. 1940 Coll & cony 5s. 1940 *Coll & cony 5s. 1950 *5s stamped. 1950 Allegh & West 1st gu 4s. 1948 Allegh Val gen guar g 4s. 1942 Allied Stores Corp deb 4½s. 1950 4½s debentures. 1951	AFJA OBOA	9634 9034 6834 9834	105 105 96 97 10 90 14 92 87 14 88	12 77 33 11 777	101 107 95 10114 87 4 96 4 82 93 4	*Cent Branch U P 1st g 4s 1948 †*Central of Ga 1st g 5s Nov 1945 *Consol gold 5s 1945 *Ref & gen 5 ½s series B 1959 *Ref & gen 5s series C 1959 *Chatt Div pur money g 4s 1961 *Mac & Nor Div 1st g 5s 1946 *Mid Ga & Att Div pur m 5s 1946 *Mobile Div 1st g 5s 1941 Gen mortgage 5s 1941 Cent Hud G & E 1st & ref 3½s 1965 Cent Ill Else & Gas 1st 5s 1981	WW TILLIAN BO	1734	*	36 13 	25 36 % 16 23 % 15 23 % 27 40 24 31 19% 23 % 30 34 140 % 244 96 125 % 102 100
Appne-Montan Steel 7s	CPUM CRUB	112 % 104 99 % 99 %	105 106	91 38 219	93 ¼ 100 ¼ 75 87 ¾ 87 97 105 ¼ 109 ¼ 103 ¼ 106 ¼ 111 ¼ 114 103 ¼ 113 96 ¾ 102 ¼ 120 200	Cent Illinois Light 3/5s 1960 t*Cert New Engl 1st gu 4s 1961 Central N J gen g 5s 1987 General 4s 1987 Cent Pac 1st ref gu g 4s 1949 Through Short L 1st gu 4s 1954 Guaranteed g 5s 1960 the central Steel 1st g s f 8s 1941 Central Steel 1st g s f 8s 1941 Central Steel 1st g s f 8s 1941 Central Lead Prod 546 A 1948	TATE MAN	70 51 110 104 9734	124 124 81 8234	20 4 42 1 22 2 42 10 2 30	63 75 14 48 88 14 45 78 14 100 112 14 101 108 14 95 104 14 88 95 14 122 125 14 74 14 96 14
Amer Water Works & Electrio- Deb g 6s series A. 1975 Anacorda Cop Min s f deb 4 ½ 1950 *Anglo Chilean Nitrate- B f income deb. 1967 †Ann Arbor 1st g 4s. 1995 Ark & Mem Bridge & Term 5e. 1964 Armour & Co (Del) 4s series B. 1955 1st M s f 4s ser C (Del) 1957 *Armstrong Cork deb 4s. 1996 Atch Top & B Fe-Gen g 4s. 1996	108F11	70 98 16 98 103 16	35½ 37½ 63 70½ *102 104 98 98½ 97½ 98 103½ 103%	106 40 13 90	31 42 1/4 60 74 101 105 94 1/4 100 1/4 95 99 1/4 103 108	Champion Pap & Fibre deb 4% \$1950 Ches & Ohio ist con g 5s 1939 General gold 4%	MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILIA MATILI	121 1/4 98 97 1/4	120 ½ 121 ½ 97 ½ 98 97 ½ 98 *106 111 ½ 111 ½ 111 ½ *107 ½	14 13 8 72 48	105¼ 108 100¼ 109 116¾ 128¾ 95 102¾ 95¾ 102¾ 110¼ 111 111¼ 111¼ 108 120¾ 109¾ 115 108 108
Adjustment gold 4s 1985 Bus mped 4s 1995 Conv gold 4s of 1909 1965 Conv 4s of 1905 1965 Conv 4s of 1905 1965 Corv 4s of 1906 1960 Corv 4s of 1906 1963 Rocky Mtn Div let 4s 1968 Trans-Cos Bhort L list 4s 1968 Cal-Aris 1st & ref 4 1/6s A 1963 Atl Knox & Nor 1st g 5s 1944 Atl Coast Line 1st cons as 1944 Atl Coast Line 1st cons as July 1963 Atl Coast Line 1st cons as July 1963	DO DO Z	107%	10734 1075	32	104 % 109 % 103 % 110 104 % 108 111 110 113 111 113 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 % 118 %	Chie & Aiton RR ref g 3s 1949 Chie Burl & Q.—III Div 3½s 1949 Illinois Division 4s 1949 General 4s 1958 1st & ref 4½s ser B 1977 1st & ref 5s ser A 1971 ½t *Chicago & East III 1st 6s 1934 ‡*C & E III Ry (new Co) gen 5s. 1981 *Certificates of deposit Chicago & Erie 1st gold 5s 1982 ‡*Chicago Great West 1st 4s 1959 ‡*Chie Ind & Louisv ref 6s 1947 *Refunding g 5s ser B 1947 *Refunding 4s ser C 1947 *Ist & gen 5s series A 1966 *Ist & gen 5s series A May 1968	FA	110	52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 5	30 25 48 26 4 1 55 15 4 25	51 88% 104% 110 108% 113% 107% 117% 106% 116% 114 119 100 101% 30% 46% 30% 46% 117 124 36% 51% 29% 44%
1st 30-year os serres 3. 1944 Ati Cosst Line 1st cons as July 1902 General unified 4 ½ \$	CLL-LZZU	92% 95% 49% 47	91% 92%	47 18 68 19 15 14 1	90 99 14 102 14 106 14 46 60 14 42 54	Chic Ind & Sou 50-year 4s1956 Chic L S & East 1st 4/s1969 *Chic M & St P gen 4s ser A1989	1 1 1		10314 104 *11114	20 2 6 29	2734 43 2734 43 25 3944 11 2634 14 2634 10034 10734 11034 11134 47 66 50 5734 54 6934 54 6934
5s assented	A D O D M N J J M 8 A S J	105 83 111 14 93 14 103 14 104 80 14 70 14 81	*104 105 105 105 105 81 14 83 14 111 14 112 19 92 14 95 10 103 14 103 14 103 14 104 19 91 92 14 80 14 82 14 70 14 72 18 81 83 11 13 14 11 13 14	63 34 69 2 66 127 41	103 106% 103% 108% 74% 94% 110 116% 87% 103% 102 105 101% 107% 88 90% 65% 82% 74 93% 111 116	\$ Secured g 6 %s 1936 *lat ref g 5s May 1 2037 *lat & ref 4 %s stpd May 1 2037	M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M		*3035 40 -		04 71 16 21 16 36 16 6 34 12 16 32 16 40 16 34 52 16 34 52 16 34 52 16 37 16 56 46 52 39 61
Con ret 44	3 3	10814	107% 108%		103 11034	*lst & ref 4½s ser C.May 1 2037 *Conv 4½s series A1949	J D	2236	15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	87	18% 38 19% 36% 20 36% 12% 24%

Bennett Bros. & Johnson Members { New York Stock Exchange New York Curb Exchange

RAILROAD BONDS

New York, N. Y.

One Wall Street
Private Wire
Connections
Pandolph 7711
P. Y. 1-761 & Bell System Teletype + Cgo. 543

BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended July 16	Interest	Friday Lan Sale Price	Range Frid	e or	Bonds	Range Since Jan. 1
Week Ended July 10			Low	High	No.	Low Htg
**Chicago Railways 1st 5s stpd Feb 1 1937 25% part pd	FA		*65	76		64 833
AChie D I & P By gen 4s 1988	J	33 1/8	331/4	34 ¼ 45	64	31 43 43 42 3
*Certificates of deposit	A O	1814	1814	20 16 1/8	51 50	16½ 26⅓ 14¼ 22⅓
\$ Secured 41/8 series A1952	M S	18¼ 16¾	1814	18%	15	15 15 25 3 15 22 3
*Secured 43/8 series A 1962 *Certificates of deposit 1960 Ch St L & New Orleans 5s 1961 Gold 31/8 June 15 1951 Memphis Div 1st g 4s 1951 Dile T H & So East 1st 5s 1960 Inc gu 5s Dec 1 1960	MN	111/4	10	111/2	101	914 16 10814 1131
Gold 318June 15 1951	j D		*861/8	94%	ī	
Ohic T H & So East 1st 5s1960	JO		9114	90	70	87% 999
	IN S		79%	83	9	753 91
Chicago Union Station— Guaranteed 4s1944	, ,		106%	107	9	104 1073
Guaranteed 4s 1944 1st mtge 4s series D 1963 1st mtge 3½s series E 1963	1 1	1081/4	110	110 1/4	27 125	104 113
18t htgs 3/2 serted	JJ	105	10534	106¼ 105	25 45	101 1/2 108 3
			1013% 85	102 1/4 85 1/4	27	9914 1054 8014 94
			1011	35 101 1/8	29	35 403
Cincinnati Gas & Guir cons os - 1852 Cincinnati Gas & Elec 3/4s 1942 Cin Leb & Nor 1st con gu 4s - 1942 Cin Un Term 1st gu 5s ser C - 1957 1st mtge guar 3/4s series D - 1971	MN		*105 10634	108 107 1/8	16	97 16 104 9 104 % 108 9 106 % 109 9
1st mtge guar 3 1/4s series D. 1971	MN	106%	10634	107	12	101 1103
Clearfield & Mah 1st gu 4s1943		101%		101%	14	97 1079
Cleve Cin Chi & St L gen 4s1993 General 5s ser B1993	i	935%	*	117	59	118 118
Ref & Imple 4 348 Ber Elegential			104	104	12	1031/8 1065
Cin Wabash & M Div 1st 4s_1991 St L Div 1st coil tr g 4s1990	MN	911/4	9814	93 98¼	3	93 103 95 1045
Spr & Col Div 1st g 4s1940 W W Val Div 1st g 4s1940	J		*103 1/2	103	1	101 103
Cairo Div 1st gold 4s	MN	108	107 1/2	1101/4	16	107 108 105% 1113
Cleve & Pgh gen gu 4 1/48 ser B 1942	A O		*109 ½ *104			110% 1103
Series A 41/8 guar1942	MN		*10914	10814	ī	1103 113 107 109
Beries D 3 1/8 guar1950	A F		*106 106%	108 % 106 %	5	105 1113
Gen & ref mtge 41/4s ser B 1981 Cleve Short Line 1et gu 41/4s 1961 Cleve Short Line 1et gu 41/4s 1972	JAC		*109 *110%			108% 1163
Cleve Union Term gu 5 1/8 1972	AC	1091/2	10814	109¾ 107¼	55 69	108 113
		107 1/4	102	103	82	99 36 1053
1st s f 4 1/5s series C 1977 Coal River Ry 1st gu 4s 1945 Colo Fuel & Ir Co gen s f 5s 1943	FA		*1081/8	105	1	110 14 1123
*5 income mtge1970 Colo & South 4 1/68; er A1980	MN	81 1/2	801/2	83 61 1/2	36 49	76 14 96 56 14 77
Columbia G & E deb 5sMay 1952	MN	100	100	10014	113	97% 1053
Columbia G & E deb 58May 1962 Debenture 58Apr 15 1952 Debenture 58Jan 15 1961 Col & H V 1st ext 2481948 Col & Tol 1st ext 481955 Columbia Ry Pow & Lt1481965 Commercial Credit deb 34/s1951	A.C	1001/8	9934	100 1/8 99 1/4	42	98 105 96 1 105
Col & H V 1st ext g 4s 1948	F		*11111/8	1121/2		109 1143
Columbus Ry Pow & Lt 4s 1965	MA	106%	96%	106 3/8 97	68	102 1089 94 1003
Commercial Credit deb 3½s 1951 Commercial Invest Tr deb 3½s 1951 Conn & Passum Riv 1st 4s 1943		1. 10154	101 1/2	1021/8	20	99½ 1053 104½ 106 105½ 1123 104¾ 1073
Conn Ry & L 1st & ref 43/81951	1		*1061/8			105% 1123
Stamped guar 4 1/8	FA		10434	105 106¼	22 69	100 % 108 9 102 % 106 9
3 % debentures1956 •Consolidated Hydro-Elec Works	A			104%	34	101 1079
of Upper Wuertemberg 7s1956 Consol Gas (N Y) deb 4 181951	1 :	1071/8	*24 10736	31 1073/8		18% 25
		10334	102 1/6	10334	118	105% 1089 100% 1079 34% 419 34 419
Dehenture 4s 1955	1		36 *31	36	2	34 413
Debenture 481950	14 6	871/	*31	38 671⁄2		35 1/4 40 34 40 63 1/4 713
Consumers Power 3½s	j i	106%	10614	106 1/8 103 3/8	8 23	63 1 713 103 1 1103 99 1 1073 98 1 1083 96 1 1035
1st mtge 3½sMay 1 1965 1st mtge 3½s	MI	102	1031/8	102 100 1/2	57	98 1 108
Container Corn 1st 6s1946	MI		1001/4	104 1/2	10	
Copenhagen Telep 5s Feb 15 1954	i i	101/8	101	101 3/8 101	27	100% 1039 99% 102
Crane Co # f deb 3 4#		10173	1 106 14	101 ½ 106 ¼	30	97 103 104 107
Crown Cork & Seal s f 4s 1950 Crown Willamette Paper 6s 1951 Cuba Nor Ry 1st 5 1/8 1942	i i		10414	105 49 1/8	3 16	1031 106 45 65
		50%	501/2	51	10	46% 649
Cuba RR 1st 5s g1952 7 1/4s extended to 19466s extended to 1946	J	61 1/4	59 1/8 54	61 ¼ 55	7 5	56 613
Dayton Pow & Lt 1st & ref 3 1 1960	MN	104 1/2	1041/8	91 1/4	27 96	10186 108
Del Power & Light 1st 41/81971	J		10614	106¼ 102¾	1 3	104 16 106
6s extended to 1946 Dayton Pow & Lt 1st & ref 3 1/2 1960 Del & Hudson 1st & ref 4s	j .		*105%	1071/2	ā	104 106
Den Gas & El 1st & ref s f 5s 1951 Stamped as to Penna tax 1951 1 Den & R G 1st cons g 4s 1936	MI		*1073/2	27%		88¾ 95¾ 104¼ 106¾ 101¼ 104 106¾ 106¾ 106¾ 108¾ 106¾ 108¾
1936 A D (1 let cone e 4s 1936				281/4	1 21	2754 38
	70		15	16	41	15 23
to Dan & D C West can Sa Aug 1955			1436	15%	9	1416 229
	A	7	1436			14 1/4 22 9 19 32 3 51/4 12 50 1/4 57 9

BONDS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE	Interess	Priday Last Sale	Week's Range or Friday	Bonds	Ranoa Since
Week Ended July 16	FA	Price	Low Hig 114 1143	No.	
Gen & ref 58 ser E1952 Gen & ref M 4s ser F1965 Gen & ref mtre 3 148 ser G. 1966	A O M S	106 3/4 109 3/4 104	106% 107 108% 109% 103% 104% *58 85	38	105% 110% 105% 111 101 109% 60 60
Detroit & Mac 1st lien g 4s 1995	J D		*61 63 *48 *48 51		55 65 45 45 4134 55
FDul & Trop Bange 1et 5e 1937	A O		114 114 114 1102 102 *100 14		111 118% 101 102 101% 102% 42% 72%
Duquesne Light 1st M 31/81965	3 3		*43 45 105% 105% *105%	39	102 110 108 111
East Ry Minn Nor Div 1st 4s1948 East T Va & Ga Div 1st 5s1958 Ed El III Bklyn 1st cons 4s1939 Ed Elec (N Y) 1st cons g 5s1995	MN		*113% 114 *104% 106%	2	112 116¼ 103¾ 107⅓ 131 139⅓
Ed Elec (N Y) 1st cons g 5s	MND		109 110 *110 1/4 112 *104	41	107 % 111 108 % 113 % 100 % 105 140 172 %
Conv deb 4 1	100 00		109 109 106 1 106 1 104 1 104 3		140 172 1/4 106 1/4 112 105 106 1/4 103 106
Erie RR 1st cons g 4s prior1996	1 1	991/4	*104½ 99½ 99½ 80 81½	7 26	103 1/4 107 97 1/4 106 1/4 76 92 1/4
Conv 4s series A	A 0 A 0 X	73¾	81 82 80 1/2 81 3/4 * 88 3/75 3/8		80 94 14 80 94 14 91 93 14 68 89
Ref & impt os of 1927 1907 Ref & impt os of 1930 1975 Erie & Jersey 1st s f 6s 1955 Generace River 1st s f 6s 1957	AOJJ	79	72½ 75½ *118 *118 119		68 89 11414 119 11614 11814
Ref & Impt 5s of 1930			*108¼	2	112% 114%
Ernesto Breda 7s	148 13	75 103¾	75 75 102¼ 103¾ 102¼ 102⅓	22	101 105 102 10314 10114 10214
			1023 1023 96 963	1 2	101 % 105 % 101 104 % 96 105
1st lies s f 5s stamped	100		* 90 7 *68 78 *70 73 11 1/4 12 3		78 81 16 6016 87
*lst & ref 5s series A	MN	11%	11% 12½ 11% 11%	18	936 20
(Amended) 1st cons 2-4s1982	MN		*3 33 *3% 5	6	
*Certificates of deposit	NN		*104% *109% 110% 71 713	3	107 % 107 % 107 % 110 % 67 87 %
Galv Hous & Hend 1st 5 1/2 A 1938 Gas & El of Berg Co cons g 5s 1949 Gen Amer Investors deb 5s A 1952 Gen Cable 1st s f 5 1/2 A 1947	A O	94	94 94 *117 101¾ 1013	1 12	92 100 ¼ 121 ¼ 122 ¼ 100 ¼ 102 ¼ 103 ¼ 106 ¼
-Cen miec (Germany) /8 Jan 19 1940	1 2	105¾	104¾ 105¾ 33 35⅓ 35⅓ 35⅓ 34 35¾	6	30 40 30 40
Gen Motors Accept Corp deb 3s1946 15-year 31/8 deb1951	FA	10234 102	102 1023 1013/ 1023 *101 1023	28 36	98% 105 98% 105% 101% 103%
Gen Steel Cast 5)4s with warr_1949 toGa & Ala Ry 1st cons 5s1945 toGa Caro & Nor 1st ext 6s1934	1111	80 1/2	80 1/4 82 *30 35 *34 37	21	80 1/4 97 1/4 32 1/4 44 1/4 30 1/4 52
Good Hope Steel & Ir sec 7s1945 Goodrich (B F) conv deb 6s1945 1st mtge 4 4s	JODE	104 101 105	*26 30 103¾ 104⅓ 100¾ 101 105 105⅓	69	23 30 14 102 1/4 107 97 14 101 14 103 106
Gotham Silk Hoslery deb 5s w w1946 Gouv & Oswegatchie 1st 5s1942 Gr R & I ext 1st gu g 44s1941	MS		98¾ 99 *102¾ 104¾ 108¾ 108¾	4	95% 107% 103 103% 108% 111
*Sinking fund deb 6 1/4s	F A	96	96 98 88 90		90 98¼ 84¼ 95¾
Great Northern 41s series A1961 General 51s series B1952 General 5s series C1973	1 1	117%	TITE TITE	2	100 11512
General 41/28 series E1970 General may 42 series G1946	1 1	126	104 1 105 105 124 1 130 3	99	100 % 109 % 100 % 108 % 117 % 141 % 106 111 % 92 % 95 %
Gen mige 45 series H	1 3	94 34	94¾ 953 65 65 11¾ 113	67	10 15
*Green Bay & West deb ctfs A *Debentures ctfs B Greenbrier Ry 1st gu 4s	M N A O	9814	102 102 9814 99	13	106 106 1 100 1 106 1 95 1 103 1
Gulf & S I 1st ref & ter 5s Feb 1952 Stamped Gulf States Steel s f 434s1961	100	98	*91 ½ *91 ½ 97 ½ 98 101 ½ 102 ½	22	90 9234
10-year deb 41/s 1946 Hackensack Water 1st 4s 1952 Harpen Mining 6s 1949	AJ	10275	*106 14 104	1	25 2714
Hocking Val 1st cons g 4 1/s 1998 Hoe (R) & Co 1st intge 1944 thousatonic Ry cons g 5s 1937	A O M N	10212	62 1/2 66	2	84 9714 6214 8614
Hudson & Manhat let Sees A 1967	FA	63	120 1 120 1	62	116 124 62 1 85 14
Adjustment income 5s. Feb 1957	IA U	40 28	231/4 243	98	101% 110
lilinois Central 1st gold 4s1951 1st gold 3 1/s1951 Extended 1st gold 3 1/s1951 1st gold 2s tarling	AM		*110 ¾ *101 ¼ *101 ¼ *89 93 85 86		102 107 %
Collateral trust gold 4s 1952 Refunding 4s 1955 Purchased lines 3 1/4s 1952	MN	85 83 ¼	85 86 83¼ 84 80 80 75¾ 783	61 20	83 1/4 95 81 1/4 96 79 90 1/4
Illinois Bell Telep 3 \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\) \(\)	M N F	75¾ 67¼	75¾ 789 95¾ 969 67 69	20 14 73	951/2 104%
Litchfield Div 1st gold 3s1951 Louisv Div & Term g 3 1/2s1953 Omaha Div 1st gold 2s1953	JF		*90 96¼ 96 * 83	1	95 10214
Louis Div & Term g 3½s1951 Louis Viv & Term g 3½s1955 Omaha Div 1st gold 3s1951 St Louis Div & Term g 3s1951 Gold 3½s1951 Springfield Div 1st g 3½s1951 Western Lines 1st g 4s1951	1		* 91 * 96 *97	4	88 92 % 94 % 98 % 100 % 100 %
Western Lines 1st g 4s1951	FA		* 97	5	94 1011

Volume 145		1	D	ona Reco		
N Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended July 16	Interest	Friday Last Sale Price	Wed Rang Frid Bid &	lay	Sonds	Range Since Jan 1
Ill Cent and Chie St L & N O— Joint 1st ref 5s series A	JAAJJMFJ .	1041/4	78 ¼ 72 ½ 106 ¾ *101 103 ¼ *	80 75 1/2 107 1/4 103 1/4 33 1/4 103 105 1/4 62 1/4 23 1/4 20	No. 16 14 37 1 14 57 9 28 6 44	Zow High 72 91% 69 % 87 % 106 % 108 % 104 % 104 % 100 % 107 35 43 98 % 105 % 101 108 55 97 53 % 95 % 20 56 18 52 %
**Certificates of deposit	A O M N J J	99	63% 62% 98% 100% 31% 100% 29% *29% 76% 71% 100 96% *83% *97 70% 91%	64 % 64 % 64 % 64 % 64 % 64 % 64 % 64 %	18 96 8 7 45 15 183 67 36 61 228 480 281	61 1/4 91 1/6 61 91 94 103 100 102 27 1/4 42 1/4 93/4 17 1/4 26 1/4 40 1/4 27 40 1/4 99 102 1/6 94 102 63 1/6 94 102 63 1/6 99 92 1/6 67 80 1/4
James Frank & Clear 1st 4s 1959 Jones & Laughin Steel 4\(\frac{1}{2}\) fs A 1981 Kan & M 1st gu g 4s 1990 \$\frac{1}{2}\) KC Ft S & M Ry ref g 4s. 1936 \[\frac{1}{2}\) Certificates of deposit Kan City Sou 1st gold 3s 1950 Ref & impt 5s Apr 1950 Kansas City Term 1st 4s 1960 Kansas City Term 1st 4s 1980 \[\frac{1}{2}\) Kansas Gis & Electric 4\(\frac{1}{2}\) fs 1980 \[\frac{1}{2}\) Kansas Gis & Electric 4\(\frac{1}{2}\) fs 1943 \[\frac{1}{2}\) Ctfs w w stmp (par \$645) 1943 \[\frac{1}{2}\) Ctfs w w stmp (par \$625) 1943 \[\frac{1}{2}\) Ctfs with warr (par \$925) 1943 \[\frac{1}{2}\) Keith (B F) Corp 1st 6s 1946 Kentucky Central gold 4s 1987 Kentucky & Ind Term 4\(\frac{1}{2}\) s 1961 Stamped 1961	MACOOOJJDN SJJJJ	104 	10073	734 9534 105 10234 50 47 8634 89 109 104 44 415 	23 20 44 5 6 21 26 45 62 18	3 934 102 34 100 106 101 108 46 66 34 42 46 64 82 34 95 79 100 108 109 44 102 44 11 11 42 25 21 31 26 31 00 108 118 49 74 101 108 41 107 41 108 41 107 41 108 41 107 41 108 41 107 41 108 41 107 41 108 41 107 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 108 41 10
4 1/2 unguaranteed 1961 Kings County El L & P 5s. 1937 Purchase money 6s. 1997 Kings County Elev 1st g 4s. 1949 Kings Co Lighting 1st 5s. 1954 First and ref 6 1/2s. 1954 Kinney (G R) 5 1/2s ext to 1941 Kreege G Roundation coll tr 4s. 1945 3 1/2s collateral trust notes 1947 *Kreuger & Toll secured 5s Uniform etfs of deposit 1959 Laclede Gas Light ref & ext 5s. 1939 Coll & ref 5 1/2s series D 1960 Coll tr 6s 5 1/2s series D 1960 Coll tr 6s series B 1942 Coll tr 6s series B 1942 Lake Erie & Western RR— 5s 1937 extended at 3% to 1947 2d gold 5s 1941 Lake Sh & Mich So g 3 1/2s 1947 Lake Sh & Mich So g 3 1/2s 1947 Lake Sh & Mich So g 3 1/2s 1947 Lake The trust lateral references at 1945 Lake The trust lateral references at 1945	JJF OAAAA JJD	104¾ 100¾ 60 59¾ 50	59 1/4 50 * 99 1/4 *100 3/4 101 1/4	154 % 98 109 % 113 102 % 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 14 100 1	5 5	97 108 % 109 % 114 112 % 119 % 109 % 114 119 % 102 % 111 % 98 102 % 25 50 % 90 101
Lautaro Nitrate Co Ltd— *1st mige income reg 1975 Lehigh C & Nav s f 4½s A 1984 Cons sink fund 4½s ser C 1984 Lehigh & New Eng RR 4s A 1965 Lehigh & New Eng RR 4s 1965 Lehigh & N Y 1st gu g 4s 1945 Lehigh Val Coal 1st & ref s f 5s 1964 1s & ref s f 5s 1964 1st & ref s f 5s 1964 1st & ref s f 5s 1974 Secured 6% gold notes 1938 Leh Val Harbor Term gu 5s 1954 Leh Val N Y 1st gu g 4½s 1940 Lehigh Val (Pa) cons g 4s 2003 General cons 5s 2003	JJOSAAAAJA	54 1/4	9914	97% 65 57 55 95 100% 100%	5 3 8 19	100 105 1 86 9414 96 100 4 61 14 78 56 77 54 14 75 95 100 1 98 107 99 14 103 6 72
Lex & East ist 50-yr 5s gu 953 Liggett & Myers Tobacco 7s 1944 5s 1951 Little Miami gen 4s series A 1962 Loews Inc s f deb 3 / s 1946 Lombard Elec 7s ser A 1952 Long Dock Co 3 / s ext to 1950 Long Island gen gold 4s 1948 Unified gold 4s 1949 Guar ref gold 4s 1949 4s stamped 1949	AAAFM AAAA BAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA	121 9934 73 10334 10334	*108	60 ¼ 67 ¼ 105 ¼ 122 ⅓ 131 122 ⅓ 73 105 102 ¼ 103 ¼ 103 ⅓ 103 ⅓ 128	11 59 12 14	53 76% 62% 86 104% 109 116 129% 136 117 128% 136 117 128% 108 97% 101% 09% 79% 101% 108% 108% 101% 108% 108% 100 108%
Lorillard (P) Co deb 7s	JAAAA	106 1/4 108 5/4 106 3/4 100 93 1/4	118% 88% 101% 107% 106% 108% 106 99 93%	118 % 90 % 101 34 107 % 107 100 107 100 108 34 88 34	92 5 1	126 34 135 116 34 124 36 82 100 34 99 34 101 35 106 112 36 106 34 111 99 34 108 34 90 34 98 105 34 111 36 85 34 96 34 110 34 115 93 99
McCrory Stores Corp s f deb 5s 1951 McKesson & Robbins deb 54s.1950 Maine Central RR 4s ser A	M N D D O O D	78 3614	103 % 103 % 103 % 78 63 63 35 32 16 %	104 105 ¼ 104 78 ¼ 64 64 ¼ 36 ¼ 32 ¼ 16 ¼ 290 75 37	15 3 18 39 5	100 105 k 77 % 86 % 55 90 54 90 % 32 57 % 27 % 53 16 % 33 %

BROKERS IN BONDS FOR BANKS AND DEALERS

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63 Wall St.

NEW YORK

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BONDS	1 2 2	Friday Last	Rang	ek's re or	8	Range
N Y STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended July 16	Inter es	Sale Price	Bid &	day Asked	Bonds	Jan. 1
Mfrs Tr Co etfs of partie in			Low	High	No.	Low Hig
Mfrs Tr Co otfs of partic in A I Namm & Son let 6s 1942 Marion Steam Shovel s f 6s 1942 Market St Ry 7s ser A April 1946 Mead Corp let 6s with warr 1945 Metrop Ed 1st 4½s ser D 1996 §†*Met West Side El (Chic) 4s. 1935 **Mex Internat 1st 4s asstd 1977 **4s (Sept 1914 coupon) 1977 **Mis Mill Mach 1st s f 7s 1956 Michigan Central Detroit & Bay City Air Line 4s 1944 Jack Lans & Sug 3½s 1951 lst gold 3½s 1952 Ref & Impt 4½s series C 1977 ‡*Mid of N J 1st ext 5s 1944 Millw El Ry & L4 1st 5s B 1963 lst tat 4½s 1951 Con ext 4½s 1933 **Con ext 4½s 1934 **Mill Store & N W let ext 448	J D		103 *90	103 96 1/2	2	97 16 103 9 87 16 100
Market St Ry 7s ser AApril 1940 Mead Corp 1st 6s with warr1945	MN	10414	100 14	100 ¼ 105 ¼ 107 ¾	13 93	99 103 103¼ 107½ 106 109½
Metrop Wat Sew & D 5 1/8 1950	A O		102%	103 11 1/4 4 1/6	3	11 16%
•Mex Internat 1st 4s asstd1977 •4s (Sept 1914 coupon)1977	M S		*21/4	28		2434 263
Michigan Central Detroit & Bay	1 1	10414	10434	10414	6	1031/4 1053
Jack Lans & Sug 3 1/8 1951 1st gold 3 1/8 1952	M S		*92			10456 1103
Ref & impt 416 series C1975 † Mid of N J 1st ext 5e1946 Mills El Pr A 14 1st 5s B 1981	A O	10214	105 4234 10134	106 421/4 1021/4 1013/4	9 1 34	101 108 42 90 9 100 105
1st Mtge 5s	i D	101%	101		53	9934 105 83 85
1st ext 41/4s 1936 Con ext 41/4s 1936 t*Mil Spar & N W 1st gu 4s 1946			*83 79	95 79 36	4 7	90 995 79 913
**Mill Spar & N W 1st gu 4s1947 **Mill & State Line 1st 3 1/5s1941 **Minn & St Louis 5s ctfs1934				63	9	32 463 57 57 114 213
*Ref & ext 50-yr 5e ser A1965	MS		14 ½ 5 ½ *3 %	516	9	45% 10 3 83
M St P & SS M con g 4s int gu 1935	1 1	2036		21 ¾ 18 ¾	29	20 37 3 18 32
1st cons 5e gu as to int1936 1st & ref 6s series A1946	1 1		18	1816	8	2016 411 17 30
25-year 51/8	M B		14¾ 82¾	15 1/8 83	28	14% 28 1 82 14 95 1
t Chicago Term s f 4s 1941 t Mo-Ill RR 1st 5s series A 1950 Mo Kan & Tex 1st gold 4s 1990	JD	59 8714	8714	9814 59 88	10 25	95 95 48 61½ 84¾ 96¾
Mo-K-T RR pr lien 5s ser A 1963 40-year 4s series B 1963	1 1	7836	66 16	79 36 68 14	69 10	84% 96% 73% 88% 63% 76
1st cons 5s 193 1st cons 5s gu as to int 193 1st cons 5s gu as to int 193 1st 4 ref 6s series A 194 25-year 5 ½s series B 194 1st ref 5 ½s series B 197 1st Chicago Term s f 4s 194 ‡ Mo-III RR 1st 5s series A 195 Mo-K-T RR pr ilen 5s ser A 196 40-year 4s series B 196 Prior ilen 4½s series D 197 * Cum adjust 5s ser A 19a 196 * Cum adjust 5s ser A 19a 196 * Certificates of deposit 197 * 1st & ref 5s series F 197 * Certificates of deposit 197 * Certificates of deposit 197	A O	70	69 67¼ 37¾	70 69 37¾	11 19 9	69 79% 63 1/4 80 31 1/4 48 %
*Certificates of deposit	M S	16%	35%	35%	2 49	33 · 45½ 14½ 24
*1st & ref 5s series F1977 *Certificates of deposit	M 8	37	3614	37 1/8 34 38	88 10 68	31 1/4 47
*Certificates of deposit	MN	13	34 1/2	35%	33	31 % 48 % 32 % 45 % 10 18 % 31 % 48 %
*1st & ref g 5s series H1980 *Certificates of deposit	A O		36 35	13 1/8 37 1/8 35 1/4	78 21	32 46 14
*Certificates of deposit1981	MN	37	361/2	37 1/4 35 3/4 95 7/4	82	31 % 49 % 30 47 99 100
*list & ref 5s series F 1977	M S		*-40	95 1/8 83 3/4 40 3/4	10	93 97 391 541
•Ref & impt 41/8	M S		30	30 31 14 86	12 14 11	27¾ 39¼ 29% 39% 84 98¾
Monongahela Ry 1st M 4s ser A '60' Monongahela West Penn Pub Serv	MN	8079	*107%	109%		105 11114
1st mtge 4 1/2s1960 6s debentures1965	A O	104 1/2 102 1/4	103 14 102	104 1/2 102 1/4	13 15	100 108% 101 110%
Montana Power 1st & ref 54 8-1900	3 5	9374	9314	93 1/4	30	92 99% 98% 104%
Gen & ref s f 5s series A 1955 Gen & ref s f 5s series B 1955 Gen & ref s f 4½s series C 1955 Gen & ref s f 4½s series C 1955	A O		:	7934		98 104 H 83 85 14 79 16 86 14 80 80 14
Gen & ref s f 4 1/2 series C1955 Gen & ref s f 5s series D1955 Morris & Essex 1st gu 3 1/22000	A 0	8914	*	86 14 82 14 79 14 89 14	27	80 80% 84 84 85% 97%
Constr M 58 series A1955	MN	941/2	941/4 851/4	95¾ 86	26 26	92 102 82 14 97
Mutual Fuel Gas lat gu g 5s _ 1947 Mut Un Tel gtd 6s ext at 5% _ 1941 Namm (A I) & Son&See Mrs Tr— Nash Chatt & St L 4s er A _ 1978	MN		*11434	11514		112% 119 106% 111
Nash Chatt & St L 4s ser A1978 Nash Flo & S 1st gu g 5s1937	FA	9314	9214	94	28	90 98% 100% 102% 38 63%
Nassau Elec gu g 4s stpd1951 Nat Aome 414s extend to1946	1 0	411/	38 *101 10384	104	14	38 63½ 95 100¾ 99¾ 107
Nash Chatt & St L 48 ser A 1973 Nash Flo & S 1 st gu g 55 1937 Nasnau Elec gu g 48 stpd 1951 Nat Aome 4½s extend to 1946 Nat Dairy Prod deb 3½s w w 1957 Nat Dy grad by 1½s 1945 Nat Ry of Mex pr lien 4½s 1957 44½s Ing 1914 coup on 1957	MN	103 1/4 105 1/4	103%	105%	46	103 106 34
44 1/a July 1014 coup on 1057	1		3%	3%	2	336 4
*43/s July 1914 coup off1957 *Assent warr & rcts No 4 on '57 *48 April 1914 coupon on1977	3 3		*2 5% 3 1/2 *2 5%	314	ī	314 614
*Assent warr & rets No 5 on '77	IN O	35%	*21/2 3/4	33%	5	314 614
Nat RR of Mex prior lien 4 1/4s— *Assert warr & rets No 4 on 1926 *4s April 1914 coupon on 1951		516	5¼ *2%	534	13	436 750
*48 April 1914 coupon off1951 *Assent warr & rets No 4 on '51	AU		*2%	4		31/6 6
		1051/2	105	105%	52	10234 1073
Newark Consol Gas cons 5s1948	J D		*70¼ 119¼ *55	85 1/4 119 1/4 65	ī	77 93 4 118 122 4 57 82
Nat Steel 1st coll s f 4s	JD		*55 125	12514	16	11816 1271
1st g 4 1/4s series B	/ AM		119 1/6 *100 5/6 106 1/4	119%	4	116% 126% 100% 101 104% 107%
New Orl Great Nor 5s A196 Now N E 1st ref & 1mp 4 1/2s A 195	1 1	87	85¾ 76	87	2 4 10	84 98
First & ref 5s series B 1953	A O	9634	96 96	9714	47	92 103
New Orleans Term 1st gu 4s1953	,	92	9136	92	36	90% 100%
			-			

406	S. Frida		DU	nia Kecc	ord—Continued—Page :	: 6	Friday	Week's	17, 1937
N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended July 16	Sale Price	Range of Friday Bid & Asked		Range Since Jan. 1	N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended July 16	Intere			Range Since Jan. 1
\$\$^N O Tex & Mex n-c ine 5s 1935 *lat 5s series B 1954 *Certificates of deposit *lat 5 series C 1956 *lat 4 ½s series D 1956 *lat 5 ½s series A 1954 *Certificates of deposit	F A F A A O 57	*48 53 *50¼ 54 50½ 50½	26 	46 % 54 % 48 60 46 % 55 % 51 % 62 % 47 57	Paris-Orleans RR ext 5 1/8	A OM S M S M S F A	a93	9334 94 44 4634 6334 6436 118 118 9034 9034 10034 10334 10534	14 93 ½ 103
N & C Bdge gen guar 4 1/4s 1945 N Y Cent RR 4s series A 1998 10-year 3 1/4s sec s f 1946 Ref & impt 4 1/4s series A 2013 Ref & impt 5s series C 2013 Conv secured 3 1/4s 1952 N Y Cent & Hud River M 3 1/4s. 1997 Debenture 4s 1942 Ref & impt 4 1/4s ser A 2013	A O 89 A O 98 M N 108 J J 105 A O 89	102 102 14 88 14 89 14 98 14 99 14 108 14 109 97 98 105 14 105 14 88 14 89 14	128	99 1/4 103 1/4 84 96 1/4 94 103 104 109 1/4 94 105 104 1/4 108 1/4 85 96 1/4	Guar 3 ½s trust otfs D	M N A M S J D A O	9934	104 104 105 102 1 103 1 100 104 105 105 106 1 106 1 106 1 106 1 106 1 100 100 1	1 104 107 74 104 110 147 1994 108 14 109 14 109 14 109 14 109 14 109 14 109 14 109 14 109 14 109 14 109 14 109 11 109 11 12 14
Mich Cent coil gold 3 1/4s. 1998 Mich Cent coil gold 3 1/4s. 1998 N Y Chic & St L 1st g 4s. 1937 Refunding 5 1/4s series A. 1974 Ref 4 1/4s series C. 1978 3-year 6s. Oct 1 1938 4s collateral trust. 1946 N Y Connect 1st gu 4 1/4s A. 1963 1st guar 5s series B. 1963	F A 90 F A 10019 A O 97 M S 85 A O 99 F A 104 F A	91 91 100 ¹⁹ 32 100 ²¹ 33 97 97 74 85 34 86 34 98 36 99 34 104 105 34 108 34 108 34 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 109 35 10	5 70 166 86 57	88 97 ½ 1001832102 ¾ 92 ½ 105 80 ½ 95 ¾ 97 ¾ 100 ¾ 100 105 ¾ 106 109 ¾ 109 109	Consol gold 48 4s sterl stpd dollar May 1 1948 Gen mtge 3 3/s ser C 1970 Consol sinking fund 4 3/s 1960 General 4 3/s series A 1965 General 5 series B 1968 Debenture g 4 3/s 1970 General 4 1/s 1970	MAFJJAA	99% 11134 11734 103 1084	110 111 113 ½ 113 ½ 113 ½ 113 ½ 113 ½ 113 ½ 99 ¼ 99 ¾ 121 121 110 ¼ 111 ¼ 117 118 102 103 107 ¼ 108 ¼ 107 108	2 109 116 % 109 % 116 % 109 % 116 % 82 96 % 103 % 52 115 % 126 60 106 % 115 % 31 113 % 123 82 98 % 107 86 103 % 111 14
N Y Dock 1st gold 4s	A 0 101 A 0 122		8 10 2	5534 5634 97 10534 97 10534 11634 12534 10934 11734	Gen mige 4 ¼ s series E. 1984 Conv deb 3¼ s. 1952 Peop Gas L & C 1st cons 6s. 1943 Refunding gold 5s. 1947 Peoria & Eastern 1st cons 4s. 1940 *Income 4s. April 1990 Peoria & Pekin Un 1st 5 ¼ s. 1974 Pere Marquette 1st ser A 5s. 1956 1st 4 s series B. 1956 1st g 4 ¼ s series C. 1980	M S A O Apr F A	*1	106 1 107 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	62 103½ 111½ 54 103½ 111½ 9 116½ 121½ 17 112 117½ 4 90 99 10 15½ 26½ 108 113 41 100 106 5 91 101 58 91 103¼
N Y & Harlem gold 3 ¼s	M N 979 M N 103	*100 ½ 97 ½ 97 ½ 103 ½ 103 ½ 103 ½ 101 101 101 101 106 ½ 107 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	68 2 1	99¾ 107 94¾ 105¼ 103 109¾ 101 102 105¾ 106¾	Phila Balt & Wash 1st g 4s. 1943 General 5s series B. 1974 General 4 ½s series C. 1977 General 4 ½s series D. 1981 Phila Co sec 5s series A. 1967 Phila Electric 1st & ref 3½s. 1967 ‡Phila & Reading C & I ref 5s. 1973 Conv deb 6s.	MAJDDSJS	9836 10356 11	11¼	1067 106% 115% 107 113% 107 113% 108 1129 119 108% 177 102 103% 61 22% 501% 90 90 26% 00 18% 30
*Non-conv debenture 4s 1955 *Non-conv debenture 4s 1956 *Conv debenture 3½s 1956 *Conv debenture 6s 1948 *Collateral trust 6s 1940 *Debenture 4s 1957 *Ist & ref 4½s ser of 1927 1967 *Harlem R & Pt Ches 1st 4s. 1954 \$N Y Ont & West ref g 4s 1992	M N 36) J J 40) A O 20 J D 40) M N 20 J D 40)	*26¼ 36¾ 36¼ 37 36¾ 36½ 40¼ 42 60 62 19¾ 21¼ 40¼ 41¼ 94¾ 94¾	4 1 21 9 29 70 1	35 4735 3436 47 3436 45 3834 60 60 71 183 3736 38 55 9036 9936	\$ Phillippine Ry 1st s f 4s	M N		10% 111	1 106 108 16 85 16 99 4 107 11 11 14 109 11 31 14 109 13 14 113 11 13 15 108 11 2 16 111 111 110 114 14 16
*General 48. 1955 *N Y Provide ace & Boston 4s 1942 N Y & Putnam 1st con gu 4s. 1993 N Y Queens El Lt & Pow 3 1/6. 1965 †N Y Rys prior lien 6s stamp. 1958 N Y & Richm Gas 1st 6s A. 1951 N Y Steam 6s series A. 1947 1st mortgage 5s. 1951 1st mortgage 5s. 1951	J D 12; A O A O M N 104; J J M N 106 M N 106 M N 106	4 12 1/4 14 +100 1/4 84 4 104 1/4 104 1/4 105 105 	6 2 10 35 37	1234 4254 100 10136 8334 95 10136 10934 105 10534 106 10834 10234 10834 9834 10734	Series H cons guar 4s 1960 Series I cons 4½s 1963 Series J cons guar 4½s 1964 General M 5s series A 1970 General M 5s series B 1975 General 4½s series C 1977 Pitts & W Va lst 4½s ser A 1958 1st M 4½s series B 1958 1st M 4½s series C 1960	MODOJNO	116% 1 117% 1 107% 1	10 122	109 11434 109 11434 113 12534 5 11334 124 5 11334 12334 13 10434 10734 11234 113 11234 113 87 9634 11 8514 96 12 8436 9734
3°§N Y Susq & West 1st ref 5s. 1937 §*2d gold 4 ½s. 1937 General gold 5s. 1940 • Terminal 1st gold 5s. 1943 N Y Telep 1st & gen s f 4 ½s. 1939 N Y Trap Rock 1st 6s. 1946 fs stamped. 1946 f*N Y Westch & Bost 1st 4 ½s. 1946 Niagara Falls Power 3 ½s. 1966 Niag Lock & O Pow 1st 5s. A. 1955 Niagara Share (Mo) deb 5 ½s. 1950	F A M N 1073 J D 83 900 J J 123 M S 1033 A O 102	20 20 *60 90 10634 10734 83 8434 90 9034 1234 13	11 	7935 91 19 6936 10035 10636 10636 10935 83 9435 89 98 1136 2236 100 10935	Pitts Y & Ash 1st 4s ser A	DADD	*1 *1 *1	08%	69 54½ 75½ 2 105½ 108½ 4 74 88½ 5 100 106
Nord Ry ext sink fund 6 1/4s 1950 \$ 1 Norfolk South 1st & ref 5s 1961	M N 80 O A 1175	95% 100 25% 27 4 23% 24 80 80 117 117% 103% 104 103 103%	13 25 7 4 51 40 26 1 29	97 ¼ 109 ¼ 23 ¼ 32 ¼ 22 31 69 82 ½ 112 122 102 ¼ 106 ¼	¶4¼s w w drawn bonds1950 4¼s without warrants1950 ¶x w drawn bonds1950 Purity Bakeries sf deb 5s1948 19 Radjo-Keith-Orph pt. pd. etfs.	1111		96 96 1334 1634	85 16 90 109% 131% 108 11316 102% 105% 10219 210221 2 96% 101
Gen & ref 4 ¼series A	M 8	*120% 124% *120 *80 *72½ 83 72½ 81 104½ 105¼ 73½ 74½		12014 12514 120 120 7214 88 87 87 7214 8114 1014 11214 6914 8214 9414 106	for deb 6s & com stk (65% pd) 19 Debenture gold 6s 1941 Reading Co Jersey Cent coll 4s .1951 Gen & ref 4 ½s series A 1997 Gen & ref 4 ½s series B 1997 Remington Rand deb 4 ½s w w .1956 Rensselaer & Saratoga 6s gu 1941 Republic Steel Corp 4 ½s ser A .1950 Gen mtge 4 ½s series B 1961 Purch money 1st M conv 5 ½s °54	M S M S	106 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9434 95 9634 10734 97 10734 9834 10734 9934 10734 9934 2	251 10534 12634 41 8934 10434 33 105 10834 24 10534 108 58 105 11534 112 112 122 127 212 54 9434 100 76 108 13034 57 9534 100
Gen lien ry & ld g 3s Jan. 2047 Ref & impt 4 ½s series A 2047 Ref & impt 6s series B 2047 Ref & impt 5s series C 2047 Ref & impt 5s series D 2047 Ref & impt 5s series D 2047 Nor Ry of Calif guar g 5s 1938 Northwestern Teleg 4 ½s ext 1944 Norweg Hydro-El Nit 5 ½s 1957 *Og & L Cham 1st gu g 4s 1948 Ohlo Connecting Ry 1st 4s 1943	M N 1033	100% 101% 101% 100% 101% 100% 101% 101%	54 118 65 55 23	94 108 109 112 99 110 100 109 109 104 104 104 104 100 100 105 11 20 1 33 1 109 109 1	Purch money 1st M conv 5 1/5 of Gen mige 4 1/5 series C 1956 Revere Cop & Br 1st mige 4 1/4 s. 1956 Rhine-Ruhr Water series 6s 1953 Rhine-Westphalia El Pr 7s 1950 Direct mige 6s 1952 Cons mige 6s of 1928 1953 Cons mige 6s of 1930 1955 1 Richfield Oll of Calif 6s 1944	MALLINAME	98%	03½ 104 31 31 24½ 24½ 25 25 25½ 25 25½ 25½ 45½ 48	25 100 ½ 106 1 24 32 2 18 24 ½ 1 19 26 ½ 1 19 ½ 26 ½ 1 19 ½ 26 ½ 7 19 ½ 26 ½
Ist mtge 3 %s 1965 Ist mtge 3 %s 1972 Ohio Indiana & West 5s Apr 1 1938 Ohio Public Service 7 %s A 1946 Ist & ref 7s series B 1943 Ontario Power N F 1st g 5s 1943 Ontario Transmission 1st 5s 1945 Oregon RR & Nav com g 4s 1946 Ore Short Line 1st com g 5s 1946	M N 104) J J 99 Q J 111 F A M N J D 118	103¾ 104¾ 99 99¼ *102¾ 111 111 111½ 112 -112½ 112½ *110¾ 115 -109¼ 110¾ 117¾ 118¾	80 48 1 29 1 14 16	101 % 108 % 97 % 100 113 109 % 113 115 107 % 115 106 114 116 121 %	Richm Term Ry Ist gen 5s	N JADJOSS	70	45% 47% 04 56% 60 89% 70 72% 36% 36% 17 117 09 109	44% 66
Ore-Wash RR & Nav 4s 1961 Oslo Gas & El Wks extl 5s 1963 Otis Steel 1st mtge A 4½s 1962 Pacific Coast Co 1st g 5s 1946 Pacific Gas & El 4s series G 1964 1st & ref mtge 3¾s ser H 1961 1st & ref mtge 3¾s ser H 1961	M 8 913	118% 107% 107% 101% 91% 91% 91% 91% 107% 108% 107% 102% 103% 108% 108% 108% 108% 108% 108% 108% 108	76 73 32 32	117 123 103½ 107½ 99½ 102½ 87½ 92½ 67 82 103 111 99½ 107½ 94¾ 100½ 97¼ 102½	\$2*R I Ark & Louis 1st 4½s1934 *Ruhr Chemical s f 6s1948 *Rut-Canadian 1st gu g 4s1949 *Rutland RR 1st con 4½s1941 *Saguenay Power Ltd 1st m 4½s1966 St Joe & Grand Island 1st 4s1947 'gst Joe Ry Lt Ht & Pr 1st 5s1937 St Lawr & Adir 1st g 5s1996 2d gold 6s1996 St Louis Iron Mt & Southern	OLMINATIO	11 *1	25 22 22 22 23 34 24 00 34 101 07 34 99 34 99 34 101	20% 25% 19% 32% 7 22% 34% 31 99% 104% 107 112% 14 97 1012% 100 103% 98% 102
Pac RR of Mo 1st ext g 4s 1938 *2d extended gold 5s 1938 Pacific Tel & Tel 3 1/4 ser B 1966 Ref mtge 3 1/4 ser C 1966 Paducah & Ill 1st s f g 4 1/4s 1955 § *Pan-Am Pet Co (Cal) conv 6s 40 *Certificates of deposit Panhandle Eastern Pipe L 4s 1952 Paramount Broadway Corp 1st M s f g 3s loan ctfs 1955 Paramount Pictures deb 6s 1955 Paramount Pictures deb 6s 1955	и в	*104 101% *104 101% *45% 45% *40% 44 98% 98%	12 38 34 5	99% 102% 99 105% 98% 104% 37 58 42 57% 98 98%	**Riv & G Div 1st g 4s1933 **Certificates of deposit	N	82 3/6 24 3/4 24 3/4 24 3/4	77 79 35 36 ½ 82 ½ 82 ½ 24 ½ 26 23 24 ½ 24 ½ 26 23 24 ½	75 89% 75 88% 9 35 48 82 85 86 21 4 37 16 18 33 16 16 17 17 33 16 16 17 17 33 16 19 20 33 16 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
For footnotes see page 407.	и в	9934 100 92 94	74	99¼ 105¼ 86 94	*Ctfs of deposit stamped		22 1/4	22 23% 11	18 30%

Volume 145		- 1		York	BC	ina keci
N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended July 16	Interest	Friday Last Sale Price	Ran	iek's igs of iday : Asked		
18t L 8W 1st 4s bond ctfs1989 *2d g 4s inc bond ctfsNov 1989 **lat terminal & unifying 5s. 1952	MA	8234	52 14	521/4	No. 16 8 5	80 100
\$*1st terminal & unifying 5s. 1952 *Gen & ref g 5s series A1990 St Paul & Duluth 1st con g 4s. 1968 1*St Paul E Gr Trk 1st 4/s1947 1*St Paul & K C Sh L gu 4//s. 1941	JI	3	36%	36%		33 54 106 109 14 28 14 37 16 14 27
8t Paul Minn & Man— †Pacific ext gu 4s (large)1940 8t Paul Un Dep 5s guar1972	1 :		10434	104%	5	101% 106% 113 124
8 A & Ar Pass 1st gu g 4s1943 San Antonio Pub Serv 1st 6s1952 San Diego Consol G & E 4s1965	MI	11034	110	1103/2	21	99% 103% 108% 112% 105% 110%
Santa Fe Pres & Phen 1st 5s 1942 1*Schulco Co guar 6½s 1946 *Stamped	3 .		*2036 27	34 2714 2814	5 2	110 115 26 41% 24% 43 27% 44
#Stamped. Scloto V & N E 1st gu 4s1989 \$1*Seaboard Air Line 1st g 4s.1950 \$*Gold 4s stamped1950	MAC		*11334 *2134 26	27 %	6	25 43½ 113½ 121 27 35½ 24 36½ 6½ 13½ 11½ 20½
*Guar s f 6½s series B	M S	1614	1514 1414 1614		79 2 297	6% 13% 11% 20% 10% 23% 11% 22%
Series B certificates1935	FA		10%	16% 14% 18% 17% 30% 9% 8%	36 213 5	11% 22% 30 38% 6% 14% 6% 14%
Sharon Steel conv deb 4 1/8 1951	MMS	1061/4 995/6 85	106 9914 85 *9516	99 1/4 88 1/4	142 136 45	106 11714 9514 102 81 8914 100 100
*Debenture s f 6 1/8 1951 *Silesia Elec Corp 6 1/8 1946 Silesian-Am Corp coli tr 7s 1941 Silesian-Am Corp coli tr 7s 1941	MSFA	61 24 100¾	59 24 7134	61 1/4 24 72 101	32 2 8 50	50¼ 78 18¼ 24¼ 68 82¾ 97¼ 102¼ 100¾ 107¾
Socony-Vacuum Oil 3 1950 South & North Ala RR gu 5s. 1963 South Bell Tel & Tel 3 1950 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 1962 19	A O	106 99 106	105% *122% 98% 106	106 1/4 106 1/4	43 77 15	9814 9914
let mtge & ref 4s 1965 Southern Colo Power 6s A 1947 Southern Natural Gas—	FA	10434	104	105 1051/2	17 5	105 107% 101% 106 103% 106%
lst mtge pipe line 4½s			9234 9456 8734 8736	95 95% 88%	50 138 61	97% 101% 91% 99% 91% 100% 81 98
Gold 41/8	A O		86% 99% 107%	88 87 1/4 100 108 1/4	84 87 155 9	81 97% 80% 97% 96% 102% 106% 109%
So Pac of Cal let con gu g 5s 1937 So Pac RR let ref guar 4s 1955 1st 4s stamped 1955 Southern Ry let cons g 5s 1994 Devel & gen 4s series A 1956 Devel & gen 6s 1956 Devel & gen 6 ½s 1956 Mem Div let g 5s 1996 St Louis Div let g 4s 1951 East Tenn reor lien g 5s 1938	MN	106%	*101 106½ 106	107%	97	101 108 16 103 108 16 100 100 100 16 104 112 16
Devel & gen 64 series A	000	7434 96 9934	7434 9534 99	107 16 76 36 97 36 100	61 41 60	89 1053
Middle & Onlo coll tr 48 1938			102 95 10216 9016	102 95 10234 91		88 95%
S'western Bell Tel 3½s ser B1964 S'western Gas & Elec 4s ser D_1960 ‡*Spokane Internat 1st g 5s1955 Staley (A E) Mfg 1st M 4s1946	MN	106% 101% 25% 105	105% 101% 25% 105	10614 101 14 2516 105	31 2 3	102 109 14 99 106 14 22 40 101 14 106 14
B'western Bell Tel 3½s ser B1964. S'western Gas & Elee 4s ser D1960. 1°Spokane Internat 1st g 5s1955. Staley (A E) Mfg 1st M 4s1961. Standard Oil N J deb 3s1961. Standard Oil N J deb 3s1963. Standard Oil N J deb 3s	9 0 0	9736 106 107	97¾ *103 106 106¾	98 113 10734	140 84 9	95 102 101 159 102 1/4 1073/6
¶*Symington-Gould conv inc ww '56 ¶Without warrants	AAJ		*150 120 *1201/4 1031/4	121 122% 103%	5	140 195 105 143 117 126 103 105
Tennessee Corp deb 6s ser C1944 Tenn Elec Pow 1st 6s ser A1947 Term Assn of St L 1st g 4 1/4s1939 Let cops sold 5s	DO		8814 *10654 116	90 10736	107 2 21	85 104
Gen retund s f g 4s 1953 Texarkana & Ft S gu 5 1/6 A 1950 Texas Corp deb 3 1/6 A 1950 Texas Corp deb 3 1/6 A 1951 Texas N O con gold 5s 1943 Texas & N O con gold 5s 1943	LOVE	104%	108 105 104 107%	109¼ 105¾ 104¼ 108¾	21 18 116 25	106 109 % 115 118 % 105 % 111 % 103 % 108 % 100 105 % 105 110
Texas & Pac 1st gold 5s	100D	103 %	121 1/2 103 103 103	121 % 103 % 103 ½	6 8 38 46	118 128 14 101 106 14 100 108
		103½ 46¼ 15¼	108% 45% 15	103% 109 48% 17% 86%	8 54 95	100 108 16 107 16 109 16 45 16 78 16 14 46 16
Third Ave Ry 1st ref 4s		84 10034 7434	84 100% 74%	86 1/4 100 3/6 80	61 120	14 46¼ 84 101¼ 97¼ 100¾ 73 83
1st 6s dollar series 1953 Tol & Ohlo Cent ref & imp 3 %s 1960 Tol St L & W 1st 4s 1950 Tol W & Ohlo 4s ser C 1942 Toronto Ham & Buff 1st g 4s 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946 1946	DOS	105	105 99 •103	105%	10 3	101 108 14 97 14 108
Tri-Cont Corp & conv deb A. 1953 J	J		103% 117% 114% *98	114¾ 99¾ 100	ī	102 × 107 × 116 118 114 × 123 90 100 90 97 ×
Quar sec s f 7s		941/2	9434	96	18	
Ujigawa Elec Power s f 7s1945 N ¶Union Elec Lt & Pr (Mo) 5s.1957 A ‡§*Union Elev Ry (Chie) 5s1945 A Union Oli of Calif 6s series A1942 F 3½s debentures1952 J Union Pac RR 1st & id gr 4s1947 J 1st lien & ref 4s1947 J	AJJ	11036	110	122¼ 111 114%	32	85% 97% 103% 107% 16% 23 116% 121% 108 114% 110 116%
1st lien & ref 5sJune 2008 M 34-year 3 1/4s deb1970 A 35-year 3 1/4s debenture 1971 M	SO Z	96% 96%	9634 9634	10736 115 97 9736	52 1 22 42	103 109% 1111% 116% 93% 101% 92% 101% 105% 109 95% 103%
United Days Co (Del) Se 1059 M	8	96%	961/2 1111/4 27%	106% 98 111 % 28	9	111 1122
UNJRR& Cangen 4s	DOCK	10636	12814	128½ 107 30½	111	120 17034
*Sec s f 6 1/2 series C 1951 5 *Sink fund deb 6 1/2 ser A 1947 J Utah Lt & Trac 1st & ref 5s 1944 A Utah Power & Light 1st 5s 1944 F *Util Power & Light 5 1/2 1947 J *Debenture 5s 1959 F	J.	99%	99%	35 100¼ 102¼ 58¼ 57	23 45 46 60	105% 107% 22 33% 24% 32% 22 32% 96% 105% 98 106% 50 69 49 67%
Vanadium Corp of Am conv 5s. 1941 Vandalia cons g 4s series A. 1955 F Cons s f 4s series B. 1987 M \$•Vera Crus & P 1st gu 41/s. 1934 J	0	103	102		31	98 × 111 110 × 110 × 110 × 113 × 3 6 ×
§*July coupon off	1					

N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE Week Ended July 16	Interest	Friday Last Sale Price	Ran	ek's ge or iday Asked	Bonde	Range Since Jan. 1
		22	Low 2114	High	Ne. 20	Low High 20 4134
Vertientes Sugar 7s ctfs1942 Virginia El & Pow 4s ser A1955	MN	4	108	22 1/4 108 5/4 59 7/6	25	104 34 109 34
Va Iron Coal & Coke 1st g 5s1949	M S		*55	59 36		57 67
Va & Southwest 1st gu 4s2003 1st cons 5s			*103 14	107 96	6	103 110 94 101%
1st cons 5s	M S	104%	104%	10514	50	101 107 14
t*Wabash RR 1st gold 5s1939	MN		9134	93 79	70	86 1/4 103 1/4 78 98 3/4
◆1st lien g term 4s 1954	FA		* "	79%		8234 86
1958 Virginian Ry 3 1/4 series A 1966 † Wabash RR 1st gold 5s 1939 *2d gold 5s 1939 *1st lien g term 4s 1954 *Det & Chie Ext 1st 5s 1941 *Dee Moines Div 1st g 4s 1939 *Omaha Div 1st g 3 1/4 s 1941 *Tolsch & Chie Div 4 4 1941	3 1		*92	78		97 10634
*Des Moines Div 1st g 4s1939	1 6		*58	65		74% 81 60 71%
*Toledo & Chie Div g 4s1941 †*Wabash Ry ref & gen 5 1/8 A. 1975	M 8			9134	12	97% 99%
‡*Wabash Ry ref & gen 5 1/8 A. 1975	M E	3	31½ 31½	34 1/2	12	29% 44%
•Ref & gen 5s series B1976	FA			3334	87	29 % 44
*Certificates of deposit						32 41
•Ref & gen 41/4s series C1978	A O		30%	32 1/2	112	28 1/4 43 1/4 27 1/4 89 1/4
*Ref & gen 5s series B 1970 *Ref & gen 4½s series C 1978 *Certificates of deposit 1980 *Certificates of deposit 1980 *Certificates of deposit 1980 *Certificates of deposit 1980	A O		31	33 34	40	29% 44
*Certificates of deposit			105	107	90	283 40 104 1093
			80	81%	27	7734 90
Walworth Co 1st M 4s 1955 6s debentures 1955 Warner Bros Pict deb 6s 1939 Warner-Quinlan Co deb 6s 1939	A O	9356	9634	9636	1	94 9914
to Warner-Outplan Co deb de 1939	M 8		93	94 48%	63	93 100%
**Warren Bros Co deb 6s	M		59	61	22	55 76
Warren RR 1st ref gu g 31/82000	FA		10134	75%	2	77 80 101 1 102 14
Wash Term 1st gold 4s1948	FA		10634	101 1/4	2	106 110%
1st 40-year guar 4s1945	FA		*10936			106 110 K 110 K 112 K
Wash Water Power s f 5s 1939	1 7	1063	106 16	106%	10	104 16 108 108 116 127 16
West Penn Power 1st 5s ser E_1963	MB	118%	11856	118%	2 5	117 12314
1st mtge 4s ser H1961	1 1	106	10936	10936	18	106% 109%
Western Maryland 1st 4s 1969	7 9	102 1/2	106	107	117	9914 10814
1st & ref 5 %s series A 1977	J	107	107	107 1/2	24	991 1061 1051 1085
Washington Cent 1st gold 4s. 1948 Wash Term 1st gu 3½s. 1945 1st 40-year guar 4s. 1945 Wash Water Power s f 5s. 1939 Westchester Lig 5s stpd gtd. 1950 West Penn Power 1st 5s ser E. 1963 1st inge 4s ser H. 1961 1st inge 4s ser H. 1961 1st mige 3½s series I. 1966 Western Maryland 1st 4s. 1952 1st & ref 5½s series A. 1977 West N Y & Pa gen gold 4s. 1943 ½*Western Pac 1st 5s ser A. 1946 *5s assented. 1946 **St assented 1946 **St assented 1951 30-year 5s. 1950 25-year gold 5s. 1950 25-year gold 5s. 1950 West Shore 1st 4s guar. 2361 Registered. 2361 Wheeling & LE Ry 4s ser D. 1966 RR 1st consol 4s. 1949 Wheeling Steel 4⅓s series A. 1940 White Sew Mach deb 6s. 1940 ½*Wickwire Spencer St*t 1st 7s. 1935 **Ctt f dep Chase Nat Bank. 1940 **Ctt f ce col 4 ref cony 7 A. 1935 **Ctt f ce col 4 ref cony 7 A. 1935 **Ctt f ce col 4 ref cony 7 A. 1935 **Ctt f ce col 4 ref cony 7 A. 1935 **Ctt f ce p chase Nat Bank. 1940 **Ctt f ce pe d 2 ref cony 7 A. 1935	A O		108 1/4 31 1/4 101 1/4	32	33	106 11114 2814 4014
*5s assented1946			3114	32	26	2814 3914
Western Union coll trust 5s 1938	JJ	1011%	10136	10134	85 116	28 1/4 39 1/4 100 1/4 104 1/4 89 1/4 111 1/4 88 1/4 107 1/4
25-year gold 5a 1951	J D	91	91 92	93 94 34	144	8814 10714
30-year 5s1960	M 8	89	89	93 1/4 25 1/4 91 1/4	121	87 10934
*West Shore let 4s guer 6s1953	1 1	91 16	25 91	25%	81	88 % 107 % 87 109 % 19 25 % 89 100 %
Registered2361	j j		86	86 108	13	86 96
Wheeling & L E Ry 4s ser D1966	MS		*107	108	13	105 107 106 11334
Wheeling Steel 416s series A 1986	FA	1111%	1111%	111 1/4 100 1/6	38	97 16 103 16
White Sew Mach deb 6s1940	MN		*102%	104		97 1/4 103 1/4 102 1/4 105
*Ctf dep Chese Net Benk		100		3936		3234 47
*Ctfs for col & ref cony 7s A_1935	MN		37	38	13	81 47
Wilkes-Barre & East gu 5s 1942	1 D	17	16%	17 103%	4	15 62 103% 104
+Ctf dep Chase Nat Bank +Ctfs for col & ref conv 7s A. 1935 +Wilkes-Barre & East gu 5s 1942 Wilmar & Sloux Falls 5s 1938 Wilson & Co 1st M 4s series A. 1955	j	102	103 %	103 %	10 32	99 103%
Winston-Salem S B 1st 4s 1960 t Wis Cent 50-yr 1st gen 4s 1949	J		101 1/4 *108 1/4			106 14 115
Certificates of deposit	1 1	2216	*20	24 23	23	22 85 14 24 14 32 14 16 16 25 14
*Certificates of deposit	MN		*15%	17		1616 2516
*Certificates of deposit			*151/6	1736 2736		16 24
Youngstown Sheet & Tube-	3 3		*10%	27 1/8		
Conv deb 3 1/4s 1951 lst mtge s f 4s ser C 1961	FA	146%	141	146%	91	123% 102%
1st mtge s f 4s ser C1961	MN	102	1011	102	191	981/ 105

**Cash sales transacted during the current week and not included in the yearly range:

Oslo 4½s 1955, July 14 at 103.

**Cash sale; only transaction during current week.
**Gash sale; only transaction during current week.
**Gash sale; only transaction during current week.
**Theorem transaction during transaction during current week.
**Theorem transaction during maturity.
**Theorem transaction during transaction during current week.
**Theorem transaction during transaction during current week.
**Theorem transaction during the current week and not included in the yearly range:

Paris Orleans 5½s 1968, July 16 at 93.

Transactions at the New York Stock Exchange, Daily, Weekly and Yearly

Week Ended July 16 1937	Stocks, Number of Shares	Ratiroad & Miscell. Bonds	State, Municipal & For'n Bonds	United States Bonds	Total Bond Sales
Saturday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Friday	297,700 1,022,840 848,610 1,036,890 736,860 703,980	\$2,282,000 4,690,000 4,884,000 5,691,000 5,052,000 4,701,000	759,000 1,285,000 864,000	\$81,000 334,000 331,000 349,000 704,000 899,000	\$2,770,000 5,783,000 6,500,000 6,904,000 6,742,000 6,615,000
Total	4,646,880	\$27,300,000	\$5,316,000	\$2,698,000	\$35,314,000

Sales at New York Stock	Week Ende	ed July 16	Jan. 1 to July 16				
Exchange	1937	1936	1937	1986			
Stocks-No. of shares.	4,646,880	8,976,304	239,725,592	278,456,204			
Government State and foreign Railroad and industrial	\$2,698,000 5,316,000 27,300,000	\$20,379,000 5,531,000 54,396,000	\$272,679,000 204,605,000 1,313,998,000	\$173,960,000 187,528,000 1,586,517,000			
Total	\$35,314,000	\$80,306,000	\$1,791,282,000	\$1.948.005.000			

Stock and Bond Averages

Below are the daily closing averages of representative stocks and bonds listed on the New York Stock Exchange as compiled by Dow, Jones & Co.:

		Sto	cke		Bonds							
Date	30 Indus- trials	20 Rail- roads	20 Utili- ties	Total 70 Stocks	10 Indus- trials	10 First Grade Rails	10 Second Grade Ratis	10 Utilis- ties	Total 40 Bonda			
July 16. July 15. July 14. July 13. July 12. July 10.	179.53 179.71 178.57 178.24 178.70 176.72	53.34 53.82 53.70 54.21 54.67 54.00	28.18 28.18 28.11 27.88 28.21 28.06	62.02 62.19 61.89 61.90 62.23 61.57	106.64 106.65 106.65 106.74 106.84 106.90	109.59 109.74 109.65 109.58 109.34 109.45	86.03 86.29 86.39 86.63 86.61 86.63	103.73 103.85 103.64 103.58 103.53 103.43	101.50 101.63 101.58 101.63 101.58 101.60			

NOTICE—Cash and deferred delivery sales are disregarded in the week's range, unless they are the only transactions of the week, and when selling outside of the regular weekly range are shown in a footnote in the week in which they occur. No account is taken of such sales in computing the range for the year

In the following extensive list we furnish a complete record of the transactions on the New York Curb Exchange for the week beginning on Saturday last (July 10, 1937) and ending the present Friday (July 16, 1937). It is compiled entirely from the daily reports of the Curb Exchange itself, and is intended to include every security, whether stock or bond, in which any dealings occurred during the week covered:

which any dealings	Friday	1	Sales	1		3,	STOCKS .	Priday Last	Week's Range		Range Since	Jan 1937
STOCKS Par	Sale Price	of Prices Low High	Week	Low	High	200	Continued) ar	Sale Price	Low High	Week Shares	Low	High
Acme Wire v t c com20 Acro Supply Mfg class A_4		47 471/2	50	21 Jan	24	Jan Apr	Bower Roller Bearing 5 Bowman-Biltmore com *	134	29¾ 32¼ 1¾ 1¾ 24¼ 24¼	3,000 100 50	261/4 June 13/4 June 201/4 Apr	35% Feb 2% Jan 32% Jan
Agfa Anseo Corp com		414 414	200	14% Feb	38 M	Mar May Feb	7% 1st preferred100 2d preferred100 Brasilian Tr Lt & Pow*	25	24 25	1,100	3½ June 18¼ Jan	8 Jan 30¼ Mar
Air Devices Corp rom		21/4 23/4	1,200 1,000	214 June	4 M	fay Jan	Breese Corp1 Brewster Aeronautical1	514	9% 10% 4% 5%	3,800	8¾ June 4¾ June 31 Apr	14 1/4 Mar 5% July 361/4 Jan
Conv preferred	28	28 28	100	25 1/2 June	136	Jan Jan	Bridgeport Gas Light Co.* Bridgeport Machine* Preferred100	1814	17% 19%	3,700	16 Mar 108¼ Apr	21% Jan 108% Apr
Alabama Gt Southern_50 Ala Power \$7 pref \$6 preferred	78	76¼ 78 72¼ 73	150 70	67 June	87	une Jan Jan	Brill Corp class B		1 1/4 1/4 3 1/4 4	100 600	56 May 2% Jan	314 Feb
II Alles & Fisher Inc com		63 64 314	220 200	5914 June 214 June 314 June	534	Jan	Bright Star Elec cl B Brill Corp class B Class A 7% preferred	10 %	91/4 10 1/4 49 51 10 1/4 10 1/4	1,300 250 100	6% Jan 46% June 9% May	1614 Mar 77 Feb 1214 Mar
Alliance Invest common_Allied Internat Investment				1% May		Jan Jan	Brillo Mfg Co common* Class A. British Amer Oil coupon* British Amer Tobacco		24 24	100	28 May 2214 May	31 Mar 2614 Mar
\$3 conv prefAllied Products class A25		21 21 145 148	100		261/2 I	Feb	British Amer Tobacco— Am dep rcts ord bearer £1 Amer dep rcts reg£1		311/4 311/4	300	230⅓ Mar 31 Apr	33 Jan 32 Feb
Aluminium Co common 6% preference 100 Aluminum Goods Mfg 100	115	115 11514	500 600	111 Apr 161 June	119% M	Jan	Amer dep rets reg£1 British Celanese Ltd— Am dep rets ord reg10s				15% July	21/4 Feb
Aluminum Industries com	7%	71/2 8	350 450		140 M	Feb Mar May	British Col Power class A. *!				35 June 814 May	39 Feb 914 Mar 85 June
6% preferred100 American Airlines Inc10 American Beverage com1	261/2	123 123 26 14 27 14 2 2	2,500 100	19 June	32 % J	Jan Jan	Class B. Brown Co 6% pref100 Brown Fence & Wire com. 1	75 121/2	75 79 1214 13 2614 2614	1,200 500 100	11 Apr 2534 May	215% Feb 28% Apr
American Book Co100 Amer Box Board Co com. 1		62 62	30	62 Jan		/ar Apr	Brown Forman Distillery 1	61/6	616 716	1,000	6 1/2 July 70 Apr	1214 Jan 70 Apr
American Capital— Class A common10c				7¼ June ¾ June	156 F	dar Feb	Class A pref. Brown Forman Distillery 1 \$6 preferred. Bruce (E L) Co. Buckeye Pipe Line 50			400	18 June 45 ¼ June 22 ¼ June	3014 Mar 5114 Feb 2514 Mar
\$3 preferred \$5.50 prior pref. **				34 June 84 June	8914 M	feb far uly	Buff Niag & East Pr pref 25 \$5 1st preferred	28	96 96 14 2714 2814	300 900	93 June 24 June	106 14 Jan 28 14 July
Amer Centrifugal Corp1 Am Cities Power & Lt— Class A		3% 5% 33%			4116 J	Jan	53 convertible pref				36 June	5 Jan 3814 Mar 14 Jan
Class B1	434	32 34	450		8 J	Jan Jan Feb	Burma Corp Am dep rets Burry Biscuit Corp 12 14c		4% 4%	100	4 Feb	5% Mar 8 Mar
Amer Cyanamid class A.10 Class B n-v10 Amer Equities Co com1	3434	31 34 34 34 34 34	20,400		3514 J	Jan Jan	Warrants Burma Corp Am dep rots Burry Biscuit Corp _ 12 1/2 Cable Elec Prod v t c * Cables & Wireless Ltd—		% % 1% 1%	300 200	1 Jan	1% Jan 1% Mar
Amer Foreign Pow warr	2 3/8	2¼ 2% 19¼ 19¼	800 100	1 1/4 June 17 1/4 June 28 1/4 June	24 F	Jan Feb Jan	Cables & Wireless Ltd— Am dep rets A ord sh£1 Am dep rets B ord shs_£1 Amer dep rets pref shs £1		14 14	1,100	5 May	5 Jan Feb
Amer Gas & Elec com* Preferred	109	32 ½ 35 108 109 % 9% 10 %	4,600 400 1,200	106 June	112 % J	Jan Jar	Calamba Sugar Estate 20				28% Apr 16% June 7 Apr	32 % Feb 20 Mar 7 Apr
\$2 preferred 1 \$2.50 preferred1	3134	31% 31%	700	36 July	42 F	Feb Feb Jan	Canada Cement Co com* Canadian Canners com* Canadian Car & Fdy pfd 25 Canadian Dredge & Dock*				24 Apr 40 Apr	311 Feb 45 Mar
Amer Hard Rubber com 50 Amer Invest (III) com* Amer Laundry Mach20		17 17 26 261/2	200	220 May 2414 Jan	37 M 38 F	far Feb	6% preferred 100		76 89 1/2 6 7	650 700	73 Mar 516 May	8914 July 814 Jan
Amer Lt & Trac com25 6% preferred25		18¼ 19 26¼ 26¼	1,500	171% June 261/4 July 321/4 Jan	2814 1	Jan Jan Apr	Canadian Indus Alcohol A B non-voting Canadian Indust7% pf_100	0 78	514 514	200	434 Apr 155 May	7% Jan 161 Apr
Preferred100	2	11/4 2	8,300	82 Mar	82 M	lar lar	Capital City Products		1% 2 18% 19%	3,000 500 4,300	1% Jan 15 Jan 1% June	2314 May 2314 Jan
Amer Potash & Chemical	43 1/2	43¼ 43¼ 47 47	200 50	40 1/2 June 38 Jan 51/2 May	53 A	lan lan	Carib Syndicate 25c Carman & Co class A		6% 6%	200	24 Mar 5 Mar	26% Apr 7% Jan
Amer Seal-Kap com2 Am Superpower Corp com 1st preferred	15%	6% 7% 1% 1% 92 92	6,700 600	11/2 June 88 Mar	3 J	Jan Jan			28½ 29 2½ 2½ 94¼ 94¼	7,200 10	1% June 87% June	35 Jan 3% Feb 102% Jan
American Thread pref5	414	31 1/4 32 1/4	1,000	24½ June 4½ May 3 June	4% J	Jan Jan	Carnegie Metals com 1 Carolina P & L \$7 pref 58 preferred Carrier Corp Carrier Corp 6	87 5914	87 87 571/6 613/6	10,900	82 June 30 Jan	97 16 Jan 6136 July
American Thread pref5 Anchor Post Fence* Angostura Wupperman1 Apex Elec Mfg Co com*	31/2	3½ 3¾ 6½ 6¾	300		8% F	eb eb	Caste (A M) com new_10	0.781	8% 9 29 29% 39% 39%	600 300 200	8 July 27 June 28 June	38½ Feb 39½ Mar
Appalachian El Pow pref.* Arcturus Radio Tube1	13/8	103 105	120 1,000 3,400	1 June 614 May	3 F	Feb Feb	Celanese Corp of America	6%	616 6%	2,600	51 June	10% Jan 124 June
Arkansas Nat Gas com* Common class A* Preferred10	71/8	7¼ 7½ 7 8 8¼ 8¾	11,200 2,100	614 May 814 Apr	13½ F 10½ J	Feb Jan	7% 1st partic pref100 Celluloid Corp common 15		119¾ 121¾ 10 10 45¾ 49	150 500 230	7% June 39% Jau	15 Mar 57 Mar
Arkansas P & L \$7 pref* Art Metal Works com5		80 82 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	100	10 June	15% F	eb lan	37 div preferred	1516	15 1516	900	9314 Jan 21414 June	105% Mar 19 Jan 96 Feb
Ashland Oii & Ref Co1 Associated Elec Industries Amer deposit rets£1	614	11 % 12	2,500	10% Apr	1316 M		Cent Ohio Steel Prod.	16 3/8	14 16¾ 85¼ 86	2,500	89% May 12% July 82 June	2214 Feb 9114 Apr
Common1	15%	1 1% 2%	600 5,100	1% June 2% June		an l	Cent P & L 7% pref100 Cent & South West Util-50c Cent States Elec com1	85 1/2 3 1/4	31/4 31/4 11/4 11/4	3,100 1,500	2 1 June 1 June	616 Jan 234 Jan 2716 Jan
St preferred	2 1 1/2 21 1/2 332	25% 27% 20% 23 332 332	1,600	1714 June	39% J	an lan	6% pref without warr 100 7% preferred100 Conv preferred100	14	131/4 141/4	225	10 June 23¼ June 10¼ June	52 Jan 3314 Jan
V t c common			1,900	716 July 14 Jan 714 June	36 M	eb lay eb	Centrifugal Pine		514 516	1,000	11 June 4% May	7 Mar
Atlantic Coast Fisheries* Atlantic Coast Line Co50 Atlantic Gas Light pref100	81/2	8 8% 51% 51%	10	47 Jan 87 June	88 M		Strip Co				14 July 121 June	19 May 16% Feb
Atlas Corp warrants	21/8	2 2¼ 23 25¼ 1¾ 1%	2,400 1,000 1,000	1% June 19 Jan 1% June	2914 M	an Iar Iar	Charis Corp. 10 Cherry-Burrell Corp com.* Chesebrough Mfg. 25		116 117	250	71½ Jan 110¼ Jan 52¾ Jan	8234 Mar 123 Apr 7634 May
Austin Silver Mines1 Automatic Products5 Automatic Voting Mach*		5% 6 10% 11	700 600	5% July 7 Jan	11% M	eb far	Chicago Flexible Shaft Co 5 Chica Rivet & Mach new 4 Chief Consol Mining 1	17%	61 62 1514 1714 1516 1516	1,600 100	14 Apr 36 May	171 Mar 21 Feb
Axton-Fisher Tobacco—		9% 9% 25 28	200	6% Apr 25 July	43 J	an	Cities Service common *	3 3	3 314	100 17,600	70 June 2% June 38 June	9234 Apr 5% Jan 60 Jan
Class A common10 Babcock & Wilcox Co* Baldwin Locomotive warr	129	117¾ 129¼ 1¾ x1¼	1,000 2,000	114 1/4 June 1% July	436 M	an far uly	Preferred B. Preferred BB.	441/6	39 39	1,400	3½ June 38 June	5% Jan 58 Jan
Baldwin Rubber Co com1 Bardstown Distill Inc1 Barium Stainless Steel1	14¼ 2¾	13 14 14 14 25% 234 5 5 18	4,900 900 2,100	11 June 25% June 3% Jan	8 F	lar	\$6 preferred		53 54	50	50 July 40 July 7 1 June	7916 Feb 76 Feb 1516 Feb
Bariow & Seeiig Mfg A5 Bath Iron Works Corp1	101/6	16 16 9½ 10½	1,000	15¼ June 9½ July	21 F 11% Ju 11 M		City Auto Stamping	9%	9% 10% 4% 4%	1,200	33 1/4 July	4% Feb
7% 1st pref100 Beaunit Mills Inc com10				814 Mar 80 Apr 16 June	103 J:	an ay	Clayton & Lambert Mig	23%	21/8 23/8	6,400	8 14 Jan 814 Jan 3714 June	3½ Mar 10½ Jan 48¼ Jan
\$1.50 conv pref20 Beech Aircraft Corp1	31/4	31/4 31/4	500	27 May 3 June 11 June	27 Ma 414 Ma 1834 Ju		Cleveland Elec Illum	151/4	40 40 ¼ 14 ¼ 15 ¼ 5 ¼ 5 ¼	5,100	10 Jan 4 Feb	15% July 9 Apr
Bell Aircraft Corp com1 Bellanca Aircraft com1 Bell Tel of Canada100	63/8	14% 18% 5 6% 169 169	11,000 1,100 20	5 June 159 Feb	81 M	ar eb	Club Alum Utensii Co		11/4 11/4 14 15 1/4	700 400	1 May 14% July 7½ Apr	2% Mar 22 Mar 9% Feb
Bell Tel of Pa 61/3 % pf. 100 Benson & Hedges com*	115	114 115	130	113% June 4 May 18 Jan	51 M	lar lar 'eb	Cohn & Rosenberger Inc* Colon Development	6%	7% 7% 5% 6% 4% 4%	2,400 1,400	314 Jan 414 Jan	8% Feb 4% May
Berkey & Gay Furniture 1	2	2 2 ½ 1 ½ 1 ½	4,400 1,400	2 June 1/4 June	4 J	an eb	6% conv pref£1 Colorado Fuel & Iron warr.	15%	4 4½ 15% 16½	2,400 1,500	3 1/4 June 56 Feb	4% Feb 24% Feb 74% Apr
Purchase warrants		131/4 131/4	100	13 June 36 Jan		eb	Colt's Patent Fire Arms_25 Columbia Gas & Eleo— Conv 5% preferred100 Columbia Oil & Gas1	68	64% 70 70 70%	150	62 June	1041 Jan
& Machine Co com* Bliss (E W) & Co com*	14 5/8	13¼ 14¼ 14% 15%	500 800	13¼ July 13 June	24% J	an	Columbia Pictures com	8	7% 8% 114 114	7,500	5% June 29 June 104 June	10% Jan 39 Jan 139 Jan
Blue Bidge Corp com		2% 316	2,000	34 June 2% July 42% Mar	434 J	an an	Commonwealth Edison 100 Commonwealth & Southern Warrants	114	316 14	11,100	June	716 Jan
#3 opt conv pref Blumenthal (S) & Co Bohack (H C) Co com		45% 46% 17% 21%	2,300	6% June	43% Ja 11 Ja	an an	Community P & L \$6 pref	381/2	1¼ 1¼ 38¼ 41 25¾ 25¾	200 175 50	32 June 24 June	64 Jan 34 Jan
7% 1st preferred100 Borne Scrymser Co25		15 15	50 400	29 June 13½ June ¼ Apr	19 F	eb an	Community Pub Service 25. Community Water Serv1. Compo Shoe Mach v t c1.		1 11/4	500	14 1 June	2% Mar 17 Jan
Bourjois Inc		5½ 5½ 5½	100	4% July	716 M		New v t c ext to 1946	15%	15% 15%	600	1416 May	1714 Jan
										-	-	

	Friday	1	Sales				Priday	1	Sales	Part of	Inn 1 1077
STOCKS (Continued)	Lan Sale	Week's Range of Prices Low High	for Week Shares	Range Since	Jan. 1 1987 High	STOCKS (Continued)	Last Sale Price	Week's Range of Prices Low High	for Week Shares	Low	Jan. 1 1937 High
Consol Biscuit Co1 Consol Copper Mines5	5%	5% 5%	200 58,500	5 June 7% Jan	11 Jan 11% Mar	Ford Motor Co Ltd-				36¼ May	65 Mar
S% pref class A100	731/4	72 73¼ 113 113	1,000 20 900	64 June	89% Jan 114% Feb 4% Mar	Ford Motor of Can el A	6 % 23 % 24	6% 6% 22% 24 24 24	2,400 2,400 100	6% Apr 21% June 22 July	814 Feb 2934 Feb 3114 Jan
Consol Gas Utilities1 Warrants		2 21/4		7314 Apr	2% Mar 100 Mar 10 Jan	Amer dep rots 100fre		9% 9%	100	2% Jan 9 May	5% Jan 11% June
Consol Retail Stores		96 97	600 170	6½ June 96 July 2½ Apr	135 Mar 314 Jan	Franklin Rayon Corp com ! Froedtert Grain & Mait—		10 10 10 10 16	200 800	8% Jan 11% May	1414 Feb
Consol Steel Corp com* Cont G & E 7% prior pf 100 Continental Oil of Mex1	111/4	10% 11½ 87 87 % %	3,400 50 100	85 May 34 July	102 14 Jan 2 14 Jan	Gamewell Co \$6 pref1		17 17%	250	17 May 75 Jan 3 Jan	19 Jan 98 Mar 6% Feb
Cont Roll & Steel Fdy Continental Secur Corp Cook Paint & Varn com	1814	18 181/2	1,000	16% June 8% June 15 June	26¼ Feb 15 Feb 21¼ Jan	Gen Electric Co Ltd— Amer dep rets ord reg_£		20% 20%	400	1814 May	23 Feb
S4 preferred* Cooper Bessemer com*	21	21 23 35 35	800 100	61 % Mar 20 June 35 July	6134 Mar 35 Apr 5234 Jan	Gen G & E \$6 conv pf B	23 1/4	21% 23% 1% 1%	1,600	17 1/2 June 56 Jan 11/2 June	23% Feb 64% Jan 1% Mar
S3 prior preference Copper Range Co Copperweld Steel com10		11½ 11½ 32 32	200 100	10 May 27 July 2 June	18% Jan 34 May 5% Jan	\$6 preferred		86 87	300	116 June 89% Apr	100 Feb 316 Jan 9614 Jan
Cord Corp	31/4	3 3% 4% 5	900	4% June	7% Jan 94% Mar	Gen Pub Serv \$6 pref			900	73 May 11/4 June 15/4 June	100 14 Mar 3 14 Feb 22 14 Feb
S6 preferred A Cosden Petroleum com1 5% conv preferred50	4 % 25 %	4% 5% 25% 26%	10,500	86 Feb 4½ June 23 June	5½ July 28 July	General Tire & Rubber	241/2	46 46 24½ 26	5,100 100	46 July 1814 Jan 29914 July	5114 Jan 3814 Mar 107 Feb
Courtaulds Ltd£1 Cramp (Wm) & Sons Ship & Eng Bidg Corp100	131/8	13 131/4	525	1216 Mar 36 June	14% Jan 1% Feb	Gen Water G & E com	1	10% 10%	100	10% June 34 June	11% Apr 36% Apr
Creole Petroluem	38	37½ 38½ 14 14¼ ½ ¾	7,000 400 2,800	2814 Mar 12 May 14 Jan	38% July 20 Jan 114 Mar		111/	76 76 14 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	150 200	72 June 814 Jan	95¼ Jan 16 Feb
Crowley, Milner & Co* Crown Cent Petroleum	21/4	1 1 2 1 1 1 3 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8,300	7 May 1% June 12% June	12 Feb 214 Jan 16 Feb	Glen Alden Coal	91/8	9½ 10½ 39½ 42	3,900 200	32 July 9½ June 38 June	45¼ Feb 15 Jan 51 Feb
Crown Drug Co com25c Preferred25	2%		3,000	2% June 19% June 7 June	5 Jan 25 Feb 2% Jan	Class B		28¾ 28¾ 100 100	100 30 4,200	95 June June	39% Feb 107 Feb 108 Feb
6% preferred10 Cuban Tobacco com v tc.*				4 May 6 June 40 June	13 June 15 Jan 50% Feb	Gorham Inc class A		33% 33%	100	516 Feb 33 July	7% Jan 38 Apr
Cuneo Press Inc		40 40 105½ 106½	100 200	104 1/2 July 11 1/2 June	10814 Feb	V t c agreement extended Grand National Films Inc.		27¼ 28¼ 2¼ 2½ 14¼ 14½	2,600 200	21% Mar 1% June 12% Jan	28¼ July 4¼ Jan 18¼ Jan
Cusi Mexican Mining50c Darby Petroleum com5 Davenport Hoslery Mills*	13 1/8	13% 14%	14,500 800	11 1/2 June 11 1/2 June 13 1/4 May	18% Feb 15% Jan	Gray Telep Pay Station_10 Great Atl & Pac Tea—	85%	8% 10%	1,000	8 July	22% Jan 117% Jan
Dayton Rubber Mfg com.* Class A	1316	13 ₁₆ 13 ₁₆	1,200	1916 Jan 27 June 1316 July	28 % Apr 33 Apr 1316 July	7% 1st preferred 100	123 34	121 123 1/2 39 1/4 40 1/4	75 450 1,400		128 Feb 47 Apr 1614 Mar
De Haviland Aircraft Co— Am dep rets ord reg£1 Dejay Stores1		-114 114	100	14 Feb 1014 June	14 Feb 16 Jan	Greenfield Tap & Die Grocery Sts Prod com25 Guardian Investors Gulf Oll Corp26	C	4 5% 4 5% 5% 5%	100 100	414 Jan 716 June 50 June	6 Jan 11 Jan 631 Jan
Dennison Mfg 7% pref_100 Derby Oil & Ref Corp com* Preferred	70 7¾	68 70 6¾ 7¾ 75 76	5,800 150	60 June 5¼ Jan 75 June	87 May 834 Apr 88 Jan	S6 preferred			10,300 25	72 July 84 June	92 Apr 90 Feb
Detroit Gasket & Mfg com1 6% pref ww20 Detroit Gray Iron Fdy1		17¼ 17¼ 2% 2¾	200	1514 Jan 11 Mar 214 June	19% May 20 Feb 3% May	Hall Lamp Co		43% 5	700	14 1 Jan 4% June 17 1 Apr	1714 Apr 714 Jan 24 Jan
Det Mich Stove Co com1 Detroit Paper Prod1	614	614 656	800 200 200	3% June 5% June 43% July	11 Feb 1014 Jan 64 Feb	Haloid Co	134	1% 1%	1,800	56 May 14 Jan 14 June 91 June	70 Jan 314 Apr 4 Jan
Detroit Steel Products De Viibiss Co com10 Diamond Shoe Corp com			50	28¾ July 25¼ Feb	31% July 30 Apr 10% Jan	Hat Corp of Am ci B com. Hazeitine Corp. Hearn Dept Store com	11	10% 11%	200	9½ June 15 June 13 June	15 Feb 1834 Feb 1734 Feb
Distilled Liquors Corp	5	5 5	800	26 Mar 4½ June	29% Jan 51% July	Hecia Mining Co256	173%	17% 18%	2,200	46 May 15% June 6% June	52 Feb 2514 Mar 914 Apr
Dominion Steel & Coal B 25 Domin Tar & Chem com. • Douglas (W L) Shoe Co—			1,500	15 May	2816 Mar 1716 Apr	Helena Rubenstein Class A. Class A. Heller Co. 2 Preferred w W. 26 Hewitt Rubber com. 6. Heyden Chemical 10 Hires (C E) Co cl A. 4 Hoe (R) & Co class A. 10 Hollinger Consol G M. 6 Holt (Henry) & Co cl A. 4 Horder's Ine. 4 Horder's Ine. 4 Horn & Hardart 5 My preferred. 100 Hud Bay Min & Smelt 4 Humble Oil & Ref. 4 Hummel-Ross Fibre Corp. 4				7¼ June 6¼ May 23 Mar	11 Apr 1014 Jan 2814 Jan
7% preferred 106 Draper Corp Priver Harris Co 10		35 35¼ 76¼ 78¾	125 90	76 1/2 July 30 Jan	50 Apr 96 Jan 421 Jan	Hewitt Rubber com		14% 16% 42 42	1,600 100	1214 June 3914 June 36 Jan	16¾ July 42¾ Apr 45 June
7% preferred 100 Dubliler Condenser Corp.1 Duke Power Co. 100 Durham Hoslery cl B com*		3¼ 3¼ 72 72¼	300 75	106 14 June 254 June 68 Apr	6% Feb 79 Feb	Hoe (R) & Co class A 10 Hollinger Consol G M 5		26 1/4 26 1/4 11 3/4 11 3/4	300 900 1,300	24 June 10% June 19 Jan	35 Apr 15½ Jan 33¼ Jan
Duro-Test Corp com1	6 5%	6¼ 6¾ 8¼ 9	2,500 2,200	1¼ Apr 5% June 6% Jan 17¼ May	1% Mar 7% Mar 10% Jan 27% Feb	Holt (Henry) & Co ol A Horder's Inc		2273 21		7¼ July 16 June 20 Apr	1114 Feb 1914 Jan 2214 Mar
Duval Texas Suiphur* Eagle Picher Lead	20 61/2	19% 21	3,500 2,000	4% June	27% Feb 10% Jan	Hormel (Geo A) Co com Horn & Hardart		32 1/4 33	225	31 June 102 June	41 1/4 Jan 112 Jan 42 Feb
6% preferred 100 Eastern Malleable Iron 25	62	62 63	150 900 25	55% June 38 June 21 Apr	80 Jan 71 Jan 2614 Feb	Hud Bay Min & Smelt	31 ¾ 82 ¾ 12 ¾	31 32 ½ 80 ½ 83 ½ 11 ¼ 12 %	2,900 3,300 7,700	25¼ June 72 June 11¼ July	87 Feb 123/8 July
\$7 preferred series A* \$6 preferred series B*	3¾	3¾ 4	900	3 June 63 May	614 Jan 8214 Jan 8214 Jan	Hussman-Ligonier Co Huylers of Delaware Inc.	56	22¼ 22⅓ % ¾	400 500	17 Jan 5% July	2 Feb
Easy Washing Mach "B" Economy Grocer y Stores Edison Bros Stores new 2	10	9% 11	2,200	62 May 7½ June 215½ June 19 May	1314 Jan 23 Jan 24 Mar	7% pref stamped100 7% pref unstamped100 Hydro Electric Securities.		8 8	100	16 May 24 Feb 7% May	27½ Feb 26 Apr 13 Feb
Elsier Electric Corp	2 1/8 17 5/8 64 3/4	2¾ 3 17¼ 18½ 64 64¾	2,600 54,900 400	13½ June 13½ June 56½ June	414 Jan 2814 Jan 80 Feb	Hygrade Food Prod5 Hygrade Sylvania Corp Illinois Iowa Power Co.	3¾ 50¾	3% 4% 48 50% 7% 8%	1,100 150 800	314 June 4314 June 614 June	5% Jan 53% Mar 11% May 38% May
Elec Power Assoc com	72 5%	70% 72% 5% 6 5% 5%	900 300 1,200	66 14 July 5 14 June 5 14 June	87½ Jan 11½ Jan 9¼ Jan	Preferred50 Ctfs of deposit		25 1/4 26 1/4 9 1/4 10 29 30 1/4	1,300 600 700	7 June 7 June 22 July	1316 May 82 Apr
Class A 1 Elec P & L 2d pref A 0 Option warrants Electric Shareholding—	57	57 60 9¼ 10	320 500	45 June 614 June	80 Jan 14 Jan	Illuminating Shares cl A* Imperial Chem Indust— Am dep rets ord reg£1				52 June 8% June	6214 Feb
\$6 conv pref w w	80	35% 4 85 85	700 25	2% June 68 May	7% Jan 98% Jan 22% Feb 17% Feb	Imperial Oll (Can) coup* Registered. Imperial Tobacco of Can.5	20 1/4	20 ¾ 21 20 ¾ 20 ¾	4,500 100	20 June 20 July 14 Jan	2414 Mar 24 Feb 15 Mar
Electrographic Corp com. 1 Electrol Inc v t c	15 25%	15 16 2% 2%	1,600 1,300	15 Jan 13¼ June 2 June 30¼ July	17% Feb 5% Mar 40% Mar	Imperial Tobacco of Great Britain and Ireland£1 Indiana Pipe Line10	36%	36¼ 37¼ 10¼ 10⅓	300	3614 Mar 754 Jan	4414 Jan 15 Mar
Eigin Nat Watch Co. 15 Empire Dist El 6% pref 100 Empire Gas & Fuel Co— 6% preferred. 100 6½% preferred. 100 8% preferred. 100 Empire Power Part Sth		441/2 45	75	45 Apr	60 Jan 7234 Feb	Indiana Service 6% pref100 7% preferred100 Indpls P& L 6 14% pref 100		25 25	10	1814 June 19 June 9114 May	36 Jan 39 14 Jan 105 Jan
6 % preferred100 7 % preferred100 7 % preferred100	47	44 1/4 45 47 47 44 1/4 47	25 75	40 June 40 June	74 Feb 77 Mar	Non-voting class A		2% 2% 2% 2%	100 800	2 June 154 June	414 Jan 414 Jan
Emseo Derrick & Fouin 6	1536	15 1514	600	40 July 26½ July 13 June	81 Feb 3114 Feb 1914 Mar	Class B		11/2 2	300 650	146 June 9 June	2% Feb 22% Feb
Equity Corp com 10c Eureka Pipe Line com 50 European Electric Corp.	34	34 34 34	4,600	34 June	19% Mar 25% Jan 47% Feb	7% preferred 100 Insurance Co of No Amer10 International Cigar Mach		15% 20% 71 75%	1,250	64¼ June 22¼ June	7514 July 2814 Feb 414 Feb
Option warrants Evans Wallower Lead* 7% preferred100		1 1/2 1 1/2	1,100 3,400	18 June Jan July	114 Feb 314 Feb 4514 Mar 2714 Mar	Internat Holding & Inv* Internat Hydro-Elec- Pref \$3.50 series50	31 1/4	2% 2% 28% 31%	1,300	25% Apr 25% Apr 36 Jan	44 Jan 2% Jan
Ex-cell-O Corp3 Fairchild Aviation1 Faistaff Brewing1	4	19½ 20½ 4 4½ 10% 11	1,900 3,600 1,300	18 1/4 Jan 31/8 July 8 Jan	8% Feb 11% Mar	A stock purch warr Internat Metal Indus A International Petroleum	34 16	34 3414	4,000	13 May 33 4 June	1814 Mar 3914 Mar
Fanny Farmer Candy1 Fansteel Metallurgical Fedders Mfg Co5	121/6	22 ½ 23 14 14 ¼ 12 ½ 13	500 200 300	1916 Apr 1216 July 12 June	24 Feb 1714 Feb 1574 Mar	International Products* 6% preferred100	534	33 1/4 34 1/4 5 1/4 6	300 500	33½ July 5¾ July 100 Jan	38 Mar 814 Apr 103 Mar
Fire Enamel Corp	441/2	44 45%	2,100 6,900	35 June 131 June Mar	47% Feb 18% Feb 1% Jan	Internat Radio Corpl Internat Safety Rasor B.* International Utility—	15	14 15 % ¾	1,800 400	11 June 34 July	1514 May 1% Feb
First National Stores	75	73 75 112¼ 112¼	10	65% May 109% June	82% Jan 114% Mar	Class B		16 16 114 114	7,200	15% June 1% June 16 Jan	2114 Feb 314 Feb 14 Jan 14 Feb
Fisk Rubber Corp100	13	12% 13% 74 74	2,900 50	10 % Jan 70 June	18% Mar 92 Mar	New warrants	3/6	5 5%	1,100 400	4% June	716 Mar
For tootnotes see page 41	3					1	1				

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	STOCKS (Continued)	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range of Prices Low High	Week	Range Since	Jan. 1 19	37	STOCKS (Continued)	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range of Prices Low High	Sales for Week Shares	Range Sinc	s Jan. 1	_
	Interstate Home Equip1 Interstate Hosiery Mills4 Interstate Power \$7 pref4 Investors Royalty1 Iron Fireman Mg v t e10	634 12 2134	6¾ 7 37 37 12 13¼ 916 916 20¼ 22 12¼ 12¼	300 100 140 100 350 100	6% July 84% Jan 6% June 710 June 19% June 11 July	7 John 24214 M 2436 J 1816 J 1856 J 1856 J	uly far Jan Jan Feb	Nat Service common	251/2	½ 10 5 5 ½ 27 10 ½ 11	1,100 400 600	3½ Jan 3½ Jan 49 Jun	734 e 5734 e 28 y 934	Ma Ma
	Irving Air Chute	1414	14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 1	100 1,000 400	Jan 116 Jan 13 June 6 June	21/4 H 1/4 H 181/4 H	eb	Nat Union Radio Corp1	1% 22%	134 2	600 900 100 20 200	1 Jan 20 July 1 Ma 102 June 32 Jan	3 % 28 % 2 112 16	Feb Apr Jan Feb Mai
	5 ½ % preferred100 6% preferred100 7% preferred100 Jonas & Naumburg2.50 Jones & Laughlin Steel.100	88	76 76 80 80 88 88 4% 5 107 111	25 110 10 400 1,800	66 June 75 June 85 June 4% June 90% Jan	96% J 100 J 9% J	lan lan lan	Nebel (Oscar) Co com		15 15 1% 1%	300 400	80 Jan 13 June 12 June 11 Mai	8014 1914 1974 1974	Feb Jan Jan
	Julian & Kokenge com* Kansas G & E 7% pref. 100 Ken-Rad Tube & Lamp A * Kingsbury Breweries1	25	110 110 25 25¼	100 300	25¼ Apr 108¾ July 19 Jan 1¼ June	30 J 114% J 28% F 3% J	an eb an	New Bradford Oil	7214	72 72 2514 2514 7214 7314	25 50 150	10½ Apr 70 June 4% Jan 25½ June 72 July	8913 614 35 88	Jan Jan Apr Mar Mar
	Kings Co Ltg 7% pref B100 5% preferred D100 Kingston Products1 Kirby Petroleum1 Kirkld Lake G M Co Ltd .1	4%	63 63 45 45 4¾ 5 6 6	3,300 600	54 June 42% June 5% June 5% Jan 1816 Feb	854 F 854 J 156 A	eb eb an pr	New Mex & Aris Land1	26¾ 75 2¾	25¼ 28¾ 74¼ 77⅓ 2¾ 2¾ 105 107	4,600 850 400 800	118 July 18 June 72 June 21 June 92 June	30% 94% 5 135%	Mar Feb Mar Jan Mar
	Klein (D Emil) Co com* Kleinert (I B) Rubber10 Knott Corp common1 Koppers Co 6% pref100 Kress (S H) & Co pref10	1234	11½ 12½ 108 108	300 25	16 ¼ July 10 ¼ June 9 % June 106 Jan 11 ¼ Apr	1816 J 1716 J 11116 F 1246 J	an an eb an	New Process common	31	31 31 ¼ 3¼ 3¼ 29¼ 31 ½	200 100 300	26 Jan 3½ July 10¼ July 28½ June 12¾ June	16 34	Apr Jan Mar Feb
	Kreuger Brewing	51 1/8	50% 51% 5 5%	1,800 1,900 600	11 ¼ July 70 ¼ Apr 46 ½ June 4 ½ June 97 ¼ Apr	7816 F	eb ar eb eb	N Y Merchandise	107	14 106 ¼ 107 98 ¼ 98 ¼	100 20 10	106 June 97 1/2 June 71/2 June	115%	Mar Mar Jan Mar
	Lefcourt Realty com1 Preferred* Lehigh Coal & Nav* Leonard Oil Develop25 Line Material Co*	816	214 214 814 9 114 114	2,700 3,400	214 May 1314 May 714 Apr 18 ₁₈ Jan 2614 Apr	20 Ja 13% A 21% Fo 30% Fo	pr eb eb	TN Y Telep 34% pref. 100		81 1/4 32 1/4	60	110 June 416 Mar 24 June 9% June	536 65	Mar Feb Jan Feb
	Line Material Co* Lion Oi iRefining Lit Brothers com Loblaw Groceterias A Class B Locke Steel Chain 5	2814	27¼ 30¼ 4¼ 4%	23,200 200 500	1614 Jan 31/6 June 23 Mar 221/4 June #131/4 Jan	34 Ju 7 M 24 Ma 221 Ju 181 Ja	ar	5% 2d preferred100 5% 2d preferred100				81 1/4 June 93 Feb 73 1/4 June 98 Feb	94 78 115	Feb May Feb Feb
	Locke Steel Chain Lockheed Afreraft 1 Lone Star Gas Corp 9 Long Island Ltg Common 9 7% preferred 100 6% pref class B 100 Loudon Packing 9	12 1/4 10 1/4 79 1/4	12% 13% 10% 10% 3% 4 79% 80	2,900 1,600 2,200 40	9% Jan 9% June 3% July 76 Apr	1614 Fe 1414 Je 694 Je 93 M	AD	Class A opt warr new Class B opt warr new Niagara Share— Class B common5 Class A pref Niles-Bement-Pond* Niplasing Mines6	5514	54% 56%	2,500	11/4 Apr 101/4 June 95 Apr 40 May	16 98 5614	Feb Apr July
	Louisiana Land & Explor_1 Louisiana P & L \$6 pref* Lucky Tiger Comb g m10	13%	13% 14	250 300 10,600	3% June 11% May 95 Apr 1 June	80 Ja 6% Ja 15% Ja 100 Fe 2% Ja	ND	Noma Electric		314 314 55 57 14	1,300 2,100 100	6 May 50 June 50 June	714	Feb Jan Jan Jan
11,	Lynch Corp common			1,800 1,600 500	38 Apr 21/4 June 53/4 June 60 May 201/4 Apr	5% Fe 10% Ja 82 Ja 25% Ma		Nor Amer Lt & Pow— Common		51 51 51 51	1,300 2,100 50	35% Jan 35 Jan 49% Jan 2% May 5 Apr	50% 51% J	Apr Apr June Jan Jan
1	Marconi Inti Marine— Communication ordreg£1 Margay Oil Corp		31 31	100	814 June 17 Jan 12 June 3 Apr	10 Ja 33 14 Ma 22 14 Ma 3 14 Ja	AF	Nor European Oil com	97	76 7734 88 88 97 9734 8 876	400 60 10 50 1,100	76 July 87 14 Apr 97 July 714 Jan 1614 June	9634 10334 108 1234 N	Jan Jan Feb Jan May
1	McCord Rad & Mfg B	21	6% 6% 20% 24%	200 900	814 Feb 1814 Jan 55 Jan 614 June 2014 July	16% Ma 25% Ar 55% Ma 14% Fe 44% Fe	y	Nor Texas Elec 6% pf. 100 Northwest Engineering * Novadel-Agene Corp * Ohio Brass Co el Boom *	1%	20% 21% 1% x2 25% x27% 58 58%	1,300 500 300	1½ June 25½ Jan 30½ May 43½ Jan	37 35% .	Feb Jan Feb Jan Mar
1 2	Mend Johnson & Co Memphis Nat Gas com Memphis P & L \$1 pref Mercantile Stores com Merchants & Mfg cl A	120 4% 45½ 6¾	118 ¼ 120 4 ¼ 4 ¼ 45 45 ¼ 6 6 ¼	225 300 400 1,600	10114 Jan 434 June 72 May 89 Jan 5 June	7 Ja 73 Ap 53% Ma 7 Ma	n or or	Ohio Edison \$6 pref0 Ohio Oil 6% pref100 1 Ohio Power 6% pref100 1 Ohio P S 7% 1st pref100 - 6% 1st preferred100	11 0916	98¼ 98¼ 110¾ 111 107 110	220	97 June 106 4 May 102 1/2 June 101 June 92 1/4 Apr	11136 1112 11136 10436	Jan Jan Jan Feb Feb
,	Warrants 614% A preferred100 1esabi Iron Co1	У6	6½ 7 64 67 ¾ 1½	175 7,800	25¼ June 5¼ May 34 Jan 52 May 715 Jan	31½ Jan 11½ Jan 2½ Jan 80½ Fel 2½ Fel	0 0	\$3 preferred50 6% conv pref100	3%	13% 14% 29 32% 101% 105 3% 3%	5,600 850 125 900	12% June 9% Apr 26 May 97% July 3 June	14% J 32% 1 106 I	Feb Jan Feb Jan
A	Part preferred	2	33 33	4,600	2% June 32 Jan 95 June 2 May 1% June	5% Jan 37 Fei 106 Jan 4% Jan 3% Jan	0 1	Pacific G & E 6% 1st pf.25 53/2% 1st preferred		8 8% 29% 29% 26% 27 05 105		71 July 28 Mar 261 Mar 103 May 65 June	3237 1 2934 1 10734 1	Feb Feb Feb Jan Jan
A	fichigan Gas & Oil1 fichigan Steel Tube2.50 fichigan Sugar Co* Preferred10 liddie States Petrol—	8%	8¼ 9¼ 13 13¼ 14 1	6,100 400 700	2% Jan 11% June 11% July 6% May	11% Ma 18% Fel 1% Jan 8 Jan	n H	Pacific Public Service	8%	66¼ 67¼ 8¼ 8¾	1,300 34,600	5 Apr 21% May 38 May 59 Apr 5% June	24% J 54% N 75% J 9% J	Jan Jan Mar Jan Jan
M	Class B v t c	11/6	5% 5% 1 1% 20 20 81 84%	100 175	4½ June 5½ June 6¾ June 20 May	7 Fet 2 Fet 10 Jan 24 Mai	P	Parkersburg Rig & Reel_1 2 Patchogue-PlymouthMills* Pender (D) Grocery A	37	22 1/4 23 1/4 28 1/4 29 1/4 36 37		4½ Feb 22½ July 25¼ June 29 Apr 30¼ June	30 3 J 30 34 J 53 F 43 F	Feb Jan uly Feb Feb
M	idvale Co	3 1014 3934	3 3 91/4 101/4 31/4 31/4 381/4 391/4 89 891/4	2,200 600 100	71 Jan 2½ June 9½ June 2¾ June 33½ May 88 May	90 Mai 44 Jan 144 Mai 5 Feb 43 Jan 98 Jan	P	Class B Peninsular Telep com Preferred 100 Penin Edison Co St.			50	7 Jan 26 June 109% May 33 June 65 June	30% M 110 A	feb far far
M	tiss River Pow pref100 oek, Jud, Voehringer Co Common2.50 olybdenum Corp1 onarch Machine Tool*		12 12¾ 8¾ 9¾	300 1,800	88 May 14 Mar 11 1/2 June 81/2 Mar 22 June	98 Jan 118 Feb 1614 Feb 1114 Apr 25 May	PPP	Pennroad Corp v t o 1	3%		6,700 300 150	5% July 3% June 12 May 89 May	8% F 5% M 17% J 113 J	far feb far fan fan
M M M	onroe Loan Soc new A_1 ontana Dakota Util10	i	37¼ 137¼ 30¼ 30¾ 33¾ 34¼	30 200	3½ May 7½ June	414 Feb 17 Jan 157 Feb 37 Jan 44 Jan	PPPP	Pa Water & Power Co	5 1 9% 1 8%	74 175 19 119% 8% 8%	250 1 75 1	62 Jan 73 June	179 Ju 95 F 151 A 37 F	reb pr eb
MMM	core Corp Ltd eom = Class A 7 % pref 100 - core (Tom) Distillery _ 1 tge Bk of Col Am shs ountain City Cop com 5c	3% 11%c 1	43½ 43½ 3½ 4 1½c 11½c	700 1,000	4216 Mar	44 Mar 184 Apr 8 Feb 5 Jan 13c May	PPP	Philadelphia Co com	9	834 934	1,800	8 June	20 J 1164 F 34 M	an leb lar leb
M M M M	ountain Producers10 ountain States Pow com* ountain Sts Tel & Tel 100 urray Ohio Mfg Co* uskogee Co com*	6%	6% 6¾ 41 143 19% 20%	20 1,100 z1	5% June 3 June	71/4 Feb 3 June 1551/4 Feb 281/4 Jan 20 Mar	P	Common 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3%	2% 3%	3,100 200 400 2,000	6 Jan 3514 Apr 1914 Jan 214 June 354 June	3% F	
NNN	6% preferred100 ach man-Springfilled * at Auto Fibre A v t c * ational Baking Co com_1 at Belias Hess com1	2	29¼ 29¼ 9¼ 9½ 2 2½	200 100 4,200	97 1/4 Mar 16 1/4 June 27 June 61/4 Jan 11/4 June	97 1/2 Mar 23 Feb 44 1/4 Feb 14 1/4 Mar 3 1/4 Jan	P	itney-Bowes Postage Meter 'itts Bessemer & L Erie RR Common 'ttsburgh Forgings 1 23	716	7% 7%	900	7¼ June 40 June 17 June	936 Ja 4236 A	an
NXX X	at Bond & Share Corp* stions Candy Co com* ational City Lines com1 \$3 conv pref50 ttional Container (Del).1	17 1	54 1/4 55 1/4 7 7 16 18 1	500 100 2,300	7 July 141/4 June 13 June	59 Mar 10% Mar 18 July 45 July 12% June	Pi		7 1 1 1 1 2	4 97%	410 100 2,600 500	86 1/2 June 1	16 Jul 16 Jul 14714 Fe 214 Ju	ne eb
ZZZZZ	ational Fuel Gas* t Mig & Stores com* tional Oil Products* tional P & L \$6 pref* tional Refining Co25	1516 1	14¾ 15¾ 1 8¾ 9¾ 10 40 38¾ 70	1,200 1 300 100 3 550 6	7¼ Apr 13½ Jan 14 May	1914 Jan 1334 Feb 47 Feb 9134 Jan 14 May	Po	otrero Sugar com 5 owdrell & Alexander 5 ower Corp of Can com 6 figure 100	2 2	2 2½ 9½ 9½ 2 22	1,000 200	6 Feb 1% June 8% June 18% June	8 Fe 414 Ja 1254 Fe 3314 Fe	eb an eb
N	t Rubber Mach* For 100*Dotes see page 413,	14% 1	414 15% 2	2,100		19 Apr	Pr	remier Gold Mining 1				June 2 June	41 Ja 414 Ja	an an
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Section Column	STOCKS (Continued)	Friday Lasi Sale	Week's Range of Prices	Sales for Week	Range Since	Jan. 1 1		STOCKS (Continued)	Friday Last Sale Price	Week's Range of Prices Low High	Sales for Week Shares	Range Since J	fan. 1937 High
## Separation 10	Pressed Metals of Amer*		Low High	Shares 11,200	28 May 14 May		Feb Jan	Standard P & L1 Common class B	314	314 314 3 314	2,900 300	2½ June 2 June	736 Jan
## Separation 10	Prosperity Co class B	74	13 13 13 16 13 16 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	1,600 400	12 Mar	1136	Feb Mar	Standard Products Co1		16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 1	5,100	141/2 June	13 ₁₆ Jan
19	\$6 preferred*	100	100 100	100 450	101/4 June	1436	Jan	Standard Tube of B1 Standard Wholesale Phosp	7 7/8			5 June	8 Mar
10	6% 1st preferred 100					109		Starrett (The, Corp v t c .1 Steel Co of Canada ord	5			93 Feb	10 Feb 93 Feb
10	\$7 prior pref* \$6 preferred* Pub Serv of Nor Ill com *	55 30 1/2	471 56 % 27 33 14	730 660	1914 June 75 July	41 98	Mar Jan	634% pref100				107 Feb 8 May	107 Feb 15% Mar
Part	6% preferred100				90% Jan 112 June	11934	Mar	2d preferred20		084 1114	3,100	10 Jan 81 June	15% Mar 13% Feb
Property 1	Pub Service of Okla- 6% prior lien pref100				92 June 1001 Apr	106%	Jan	Sterling Brewers Inc	5%	5% 5%	3,300	16 June	27% Feb
Property 1	Pub Util Secur \$7 pt pf		214 214	175	631/ June	90%	Jan	Stinnes (Hugo) Corp	273	22 16 22 16	300 1,300	21 July 1/2 June	33 16 Mar 234 Jan
See A please decoming and the property of the	\$6 preferred* Pyrene Manufacturing10 Quaker Oats com*	3234	30 1/4 33		8 Jan 109 June	14%	Feb Jan	Sunray Oli1	4 5%	456 436	8,800	15 May 3% May	19% Mar 4% Jan
St. corp. projected. 15 5 65 100 4 And 95 30 Mar. The Mark Harm Corp. 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1	6% preferred 100 Quebec Power Co 8 Ry & Light Secur com 9		18% 19%		17% May	2516 2816	Jan	Superior Ptld Cement B* \$3.30 class A participat.*		18 18%	175	16 June 44 Apr	46 Apr
St. corp. projected. 15 5 65 100 4 And 95 30 Mar. The Mark Harm Corp. 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1	Rainbow Luminous Prod— Class A	54	% % % %					Swiss Am Elec oref100 Syracuse Ltg 6% pref100	114			98 Jan 98 July 914 June	98 July
Rocker-Com 1 27 57 50 29 300 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201	Raymond Concrete Pile— Common——————————————————————————————————		38 39 48 48	100	41 Jan	53%	Mar	Tampa Electric Co com* Tastycast Inc class A1		34 1 35	200 1,100	3¼ June	214 Jan 5% Mar
Rocker-Com 1 27 57 50 29 300 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201	Raytheon Mfg com50c Red Bank Oll Co* Reed Roller Bit Co*	16%	16 17% 34% 34%	1,800 200	10 Jan 32 June	17%	July Mar	Technicolor Inc common. Teck-Hughes Mines	28 1/6 4 1/6	28 29¾ 4¾ 5	2,300	414 July 5314 July	616 Feb 7716 Jan
Rocker-Com 1 27 57 50 29 300 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201	Reeves (Daniel) com Reiter-Foster Oil Reliance Elec & Enging5	1	74 114 2414 2414	5,800 100	11 ₁₆ June 22¼ June	32%	Apr	Texas P & L 7% pref100 Texon Oil & Land Co2	5%	52 55	175	5 June 43½ Jan	7% Jan 73 Mar
Rocker-Com 1 27 57 50 29 300 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201	Reybarn Co Inc		1% 1%	900	11/2 June 81/2 July	13%	Feb Mar	Tilo Roofing Inc			125	8 Apr 55 Apr	101/2 Jan 66 Jan
## 10-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-10 19-			N %					Tobacco Prod Exports	438			16% July	1814 Jan
Rosent Fried Dec.	6% preferred cl D100 Rolls-Royce Ltd—					-		Am dep rets def reg£1 Todd Shipyards Corp Teledo Edison 6 % pref. 100		70 71 x95 x95	10	51 Jan 92 1/2 July	72% May 105 Feb
Part Compare	Roosevelt Field Inc		2% 2%	100	2% July 5 June	13%	Jan	7% preferredA100 Tonopah Belmont Devel 1 Tonopah Mining of Nev. 1				16 Jan	16 Jan
Part Compare	Rossia International		107 110		40 Apr	55% 110	Mar	Transwestern Oil Co10	11%	11% 11%	900	10% July	13% Apr
88 Alseries Corp. 16.6	Russeks Fifth Ave 234 Rustless Iron & Steel 32 50 conv pref	14%	12 1234 1334 15 5036 51	1,400	10 1/4 June 46 1/4 June	1734 51	Jan July	Tubise Chatillon Corp	221/	2214 23	400	8 May 15% Jan	914 Mar 31% Feb
84 Anthony Gold Miless 44	Ryan Consol Petrol Ryerson & Haynes com	5%	5% 5% 4% 4%	2,700	314 June 111 June	8	Mar	Tung-Sol Lamp Works	6%	6 634	1,100	414 June 954 June 334 May	1134 Feb
8 Algel Paper com. 60 84 85 85 85 95 77 101 112 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114 114	St Lawrence Corp Ltd		316 316		936 Jan 2736 Jan	38%	Apr	Unexcelled Mfg Co10		414 414 216 214		31/4 June	
Sando Allilsoom	8t Regis Paper com	110	110 113 1	5,300	97 June 514 May	11736	Jan	7% preferred100	•1	1 1046 1046		13% June	18% Jan
Secretario-Septics Process Pro	Sanfod Mills com	356	3 14 3 14 21 14 22 14	500	3 Apr 21 1/4 June	26	Jan May	Union Oil of Calif deb rts Union Stockyards100				36 Apr	36 Apr
Sewitte Corp general 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Scranton Lace Co com	46%	44 40%		42 July	541/4	May	United Chemicals com	20			614 June	13% Feb
83.60 perie stock. 26	Water Serv \$6 pref Securities Corp general Seeman Bros Inc				21/8 June 44 1/8 May	50%	Jan Jan	United Elastic Corp				sil Mar	2 Jan s11 Mar
83.60 perie stock. 26	Segal Lock & H'ware	2	636 63	700	5% June	934	Mar	Option warrants	113	113 114 14	1,100	1% June 89% June	354 Jan 94 Jan
Amer dep ree	Conv stock	5			24 June	2814	Mar	United Lt & Pow som A	B 836	614 614		5 June 33% June	111/4 Jan 751/4 Jan
Sherrill Williams of Can. 2	Allotment certificates		95% 95%		9214 July	104	June	United Milk Products \$3 preferred		27 27	25	55 May	75 Feb
Sherrill Williams of Can. 2	Sentry Safety Control		16 H		814 May	12 16	Jan Mar	United N J RR & Canal 100	0			245 June 114 July	245 June 1% Feb
Second prefere AAA 100 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101	Shattuck Denn Mining	273	27% 27%	1,400	15% Apr 25% Apr	2814 3314	Feb Feb	Preferred10 United Shipyards el A		6% 6%	2,600	514 June 214 May	714 May 414 Jan
Line stamped	5% cum prefser AAA 100 Sherwin-Williams of Can.	110	110 110	70	108 Mar	114	Feb	United Shoe Mach com 20 Preferred 20	85% 5 40 1 12%	39¼ 40 12¼ 13¼	130 500	3716 Apr 1234 July	214 1/4 June
Singer Mfg Co Ladd—	Simmons-Broadman Pub-	5				85	Feb	U S Foil Co class B	2 283	13½ 13½ 2 2½ 283 283	800 100	1% June 80 June	8 Mar 93% Jan
Southern Calif Edison—	Simmons Hard're & Paint 'Simplicity Pattern com	1 12 301 4	11% 13% 301% 303	4,000	11% July	131/4	July	U S Lines pref U S Playing Card	1	10% 10%	100	25 June	16 Mar
Southern Calif Edison—	Singer Mfg Co Ltd-	1	514 51	1.300	53% June 98 Apr	100	Jan	U S Stores Corp com		716 716 8 8	100	434 June	11/4 Jan 1814 Jan 11/4 Feb
Southern Calif Edison—	Skinner Organ com Smith (H) Paper Mill Solar Mfg Co	634	616 63	600	20% Jan	29%	Mar Mar	United Stores v t 6	3 1/4	31/4 4 31/4 41/4	2,700	314 June	4% Feb 6 Jan 17% Mar
5% original preferred 25	Southern Calif Edison-	1 "	174 17	2,000	514 Apr	85%	Feb	Universal Insurance	8	20 20	200 100	1514 May 9 May	8¼ Apr 22¼ Jan 19 Jan
Southern Colo Pow et A . 25	6% preferred B2	5 273	2716 275 2516 25%	1,200 2,000	26% June 24% June	29%	Mar	Universal Products	61	25 25 61 62 14	150	2314 Apr 56% June 2% Feb	8014 Jan 434 Apr
Southern Union Gas	South New Engl Tel. 100	0	65 65	10	65 July 1541/ July	83 160	Mar Jan	Utica Gas & Elec 7% pt 100 Utility Equities Corp	5	94 94 5 536 7636 7636	900 25	41/2 June 71 1/2 June	6 Jan 89% Jan
Spanish & Gen Corp—	Southern Union Gas	5	10 10	300 800	2 Jan 8% Mar	1114	Feb	Conv preferred	5	15 ₁₆ 15 ₁₆ 3½ 3½	100 700	2% June 2% June 1% June	6¼ Feb
Am dep rets ord bearer 21 Am dep rets ord bearer 21 Spencer Chain Stores 6 1014 10 1114 2,000 884 Feb 1294 Apr Stahl-Meyer Inc com 6 6 6 6 7 100 23 June 33 Apr Van Norman Mach Tool. 5 25 25 25 100 23 June 33 Apr Van Norman Mach Tool. 5 25 25 25 100 23 June 33 Apr Van Norman Mach Tool. 5 25 25 25 100 23 June 33 Apr Van Norman Mach Tool. 5 25 25 25 100 23 June 33 Apr Van Norman Mach Tool. 5 25 25 25 100 23 June 33 Apr Van Norman Mach Tool. 5 25 25 25 100 23 June 33 Apr Van Norman Mach Tool. 5 25 25 25 100 23 June 33 Apr Van Norman Mach Tool. 5 25 25 25 100 23 June 33 Apr Van Norman Mach Tool. 5 25 25 25 100 23 June 33 Apr Van Norman Mach Tool. 5 25 25 25 100 23 June 33 Apr Van Norman Mach Tool. 5 25 25 25 100 23 June 33 Apr Van Norman Mach Tool. 5 25 25 25 100 23 June 33 Apr Van Norman Mach Tool. 5 25 25 25 100 23 June 33 Apr Van Norman Mach Tool. 5 25 25 25 100 23 June 33 Apr Van Norman Mach Tool. 5 25 25 25 25 100 25 June 33 Apr Van Norman Mach Tool. 5 25 25 25 25 100 25 June 33 Apr Van Norman Mach Tool. 5 25 25 25 25 100 25 June 33 Apr Van Norman Mach Tool. 5 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	So West Pa Pipe Line56 Spanish & Gen Corp—	0	14 1		27 June	42	Jan	Class B	26	21% 26 6% 6%	5,600	12 June 6 Apr	1016 Feb
Standard Brewing Co	Am dep rots ord bearer £ Spencer Chain Stores	103	10 113		8% May	12%	Mar	v t e conv pref Van Norman Mach Tool	5 25	65 65 25 25	100 900	23 June 6 Apr	33 Apr 914 Feb
Standard Oil (Neb)	Standard Brewing Co Standard Cap & Seal com.	1	20 20 3	200	20 June	2216	Jan May	Venesuelan Petroi	1 2		700	8314 June 11 June	100 Jan 1816 Feb
Standard Oil (Neb)	Standard Dredging Co-		41/ 41/		4 June	5%	Jan	Waco Aircraft Co Wagner Baking v t c Wahi (The) Co common	514	5 19 5 5 6 19 1 20	300	1714 Apr 214 June	22% Feb 4% Jan
Standard Oil (Ohlo) com 25 36¼ 37½ 1,100 33 June 5% preferred 100 103 103¾ 175 102½ June 105¾ Jap 105¾ Jap	Standard Invest \$5½ pref Standard Oil (Ky) 11 Standard Oil (Neb) 2	20	43 14 43 14 20 20 14 9 14 9 14	2,800	19 Apr 9% June	63 16 20 16 13 16	Jan Mar Apr	Waitt & Bond class A Class B Waiker Mining Co	1 234	2% 2%	1,000	1 June	216 Jan
U Bradestan and and 419	Standard Oll (Ohio) com 2: 5% preferred10	5 36 kg	36% 37%	1,100	33 June	45	Mar				1		100

For tootnotes see page 413

412	Friday	/1		Sales	1				BONDS	Friday Last	Week's Range	Sales	Range Si	ince Jan	1 19	37
STOCKS (Concluded)	Last Sale Price	Week's of P	Range rices High	Week	Lot	w	Jan. 1,	gh	(Continued)	Sale Price	Low High	Week	Low		High 916 N	
Wayne Knit Mills5 Weisbaum Bros-Brower1 Wellington Oil Co1	9%	7% 7% 9%	10%	900 900 600	9%	Mar July July June	101/4	Apr	Denver Gas & Elec 5s. 1949 Det City Gas de ser A. 1947 5s 1st series B 1950 Detroit Internat Bridge—	10614	106¼ 106½ 104% 105¼	15,000 18,000	105% 103	Feb 107 Mar 106	7 14 A	Apr
Western Air Express1 West Cartridge 6% pf 100		9	5½ 9¾	1,100		June Feb Feb	13%	Mar Jan	*6 1/48	6 1/4 6 1/4	6% 7% 6% 7 2% 2%	14,000 6,000 8,000	6 J	une 12	14 J	lan lan lar
Western Grocery Co20 Western Maryland Ry— 7% 1st preierred100 Western Tab & Sta*	1				98 28	Jan Apr	117 #32	Mar Feb	Oertificates of deposit Dixie Guif Gas 6 34s_1937 Eastern Gas & Fuel 4s_1956	87%	\$2 \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{100} \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{101} \frac{1}{6}	80,000 12,000	100 . 79½ J	Jan 102	5% J	far ian ian
West N J & Seashore RR 50 West Texas Uti \$6 pref.		9	9	800	81/2 62 761/2	July July June	9 62 9514 534	June Apr Mar Mar	Edison El III(Bost) 3 1/48 '65 Elec Power & Light 5s.2030 Elmira Wat Lt & RR 5s '56 El Paso Elec 5s A 1950	841/4	104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104 104	31,000 5,000 9,000	78 16 A	Apr 96 May 118 July 104	5 F	eb far
West VI. Coal & Coke	1	1 1214		400	3 1/2 12 1/3 7 1/4 6	July Feb June	14 914 1214	June July Feb	Empire Dist El 5s1952 Empire Oil & Ref 5 1/4s.1942 Ercole Marelli Elec Mfg	96 88%	95½ 97 87 88½	33,000 67,000	83 J		1 34 J	an an eb
weyenberg Shoe Mig		2014	31/8	400 300 100		June June	176 934 24 1656	Jan Jan May	6 1/2s series A 1953 Erie Lighting 5s 1967 • Farmers Nat Mtge 7s1963 Federal Water Serv 5 1/2s '54	801/2	105 ½ 105 ½ 130 ½ 79 ¼ 80 ½	1,000	103 1/4 Ju 33 M	une 108	M M	ay
			45%	500	13¼ 6 76 43%	Jan June July	10 95 814	May Jan Jan Feb	Finland Residential Mtge Banks 6s-5s stpd1961 Firestone Cot Mills 5s_1948	10414	‡101¼ 102 103¾ 104¼	7,000	1031 N	Jan 102 Mar 105 Jan 105	M M	eb [ar
Woodley Petroleum	101/4	14	14 3/8	1,000 600	814	June	18% 12% 23%	Feb Jan Jan	Firestone Tire & Rub 5s '42 First Bohemian Glass 7s '57 Florida Power & Lt 5s1954 Gary Electric & Gas—	921/2	105¾ 105¼ 194 100 91¾ 92¾	17,000 39,000	94 87	Jan 96 Apr 100	3 3	an
Amer dep rots	61/2			1,300 1,500	18 6 576 6114	July Apr June Apr	814 814 8014	Apr Jan Mar	5s ex-warr stamped_1944 Gatineau Power 1st 5s_1956 Deb gold 6s_June 15 1941	9714	97¾ 98 102¾ 103 101¼ 101¼	19,000 23,000 2,000 4,000	10016 A	une 101 Apr 104 Mar 102 Feb 101	1 J	an an an
Yukon Gold Co				1,000	811/2	June	4%	Mar	Deb 6s series B1941 General Bronze 6s1940 General Pub Serv 5s1953 Gen Pub Util 61/4s A.1956	101 1/8 90 102 1/4 87	101 1 101 1 90 92 102 1 102 1 102 1 86 87	10,000 3,000 32,000	90 J 101 I 82 1/4 M	reb 104 1ay 99	14 J	an an
BONDS Abbott's Dairy 6s1942 Alabama Power Co- lst & ref 5s1946			105 1031/4	\$13,000	102 9814	Jan May	104%	Jan	General Rayon 6s A.1948 Gen Vending Corp 6s. '37 Certificates of deposit.		\$70 74 17¾ 17¾ \$15 22 89 89¾	1,000	17% Jr 21% A	Jan 77 July 26 Apr 25 une 97	16 F	eb eb
1st & ref 5s	98	96 1/8 194 1/3 86 1/3	96 871/2	38,000 48,000 42,000	92¼ 83	June June May May	105 105 14 99 14 95	Jan Jan Jan	Gen Wat Wks & El 5s. 1943 Georgia Power ref 5s. 1967 Georgia Pow & Lt 5s. 1978 Gesfurel 6s 1953	89 97¼ 70¾	95¼ 97½ 70¾ 72 ‡29 31	249,000 8,000	84 M 68 Ju 211 M	May 105 une 88 Mar 29	M Ju	an an ily
1st & ref 4½s1967 TA:ummum Co st deb 5s'52 Aluminium Ltd deb 5s 1948 5s called1948	103%		83 1/2 103 1/8 106 3/4	82,000 21,000	103 3/8 102 105	July Apr June	107 107 14 105 15	May June Mar	Gler Alden Coal 4s1965 Gobel (Adolf) 4 1/s1941 Grand Trunk West 4s.1950	78 1001/2	77¾ 78¾ ‡73 75 100¼ 101 106¾ 106¾	75,000 24,000 2,000	75 Ju 9714 M	Apr 89 une 89 Mar 105 Jan 107	J F	an eb an ne
Amer G & El deb 5s2028 Am Pow & Lt deb 6s2016 Amer Radiator 4 1/4s1947	91%	10514	92 ¼ 105 ½	52,000 38,000 7,000 39,000		Mar June Jan Mar	106 16 106 16 104 14	June Jan July Jan	Gt Nor Pow 5s stpd1950 Grocery Store Prod 6s.1945 Guantanamo & West 6s '58 Guardian Investors 5s.1948		88 88 501/2 501/2 53 54	2,000 2,000 14,000	8614 A 4814 Ju 47 Ju	Apr 94 une 62 une 75	16 J	an an
Am Roll Mill deb 5s 1948 Amer Seating 6s stp 1946 Appaiachian El Pr 5s 1956 Appaiachian Power 5s 1941		104 104 106 106 106 106 106 106 106 106 106 106	104 1/8 105	2,000 36,000 18,000	103 10414 106	June Jan Mar	108¼ 107 110⅓	Mar May June	Hackensack Water 5s. 1938; 5s series A	104 1/4 98 1/4	103 ½ 104 ½ 98 ½ 99 ‡34 ½	2,000 16,000	102 A 97 Ju	Apr 109 uly 102 Jan 34	15 F	an an eb
Debenture 6s2024 Ark-Louisiana Gas 4s 1951 Arkansas Pr & Lt 5s1956 Associated Elec 4 1/4s1953	114 1015% 98 5334	114 101% 97¼ 52¾		6,000 20,000 42,000 41,000		Mar Apr June June	119 % 102 % 104 % 67 %	Jan Jan Jan Jan	+Hamburg Elec 7s1935 Hamburg El Underground +& St Ry 5 1/2s1938 Heller (W E) 4s w w1946	9714	\$25% 26% 97 97%	10,000	20 16 M 95 M	dar 26	16 F	ar eb ar
Associated Gas & El Co— Conv deb 51/4s 1938 Conv deb 41/4s C 1948		76 501/2	77 50 ½	13,000 2,000	68 45	Apr	83 ¼ 62 ⅓	May Jan	Houston Gulf Gas 6s1943 6 1/25 with warrants.1943 •Hungarian Ital Bk7 1/26 '63 Hygrade Food 6s A1949	77	103 ½ 103 ½ 101 ½ 101 ½ ‡30 ½ 50 76 78	5,000 6,000 31,000	98 M 3114 M	far 103 far 33	Ja A	ne pr eb
Conv deb 4½s1949 Conv deb 5s1950 Debenture 5s1968 Conv deb 5½s1977	50 51 5% 50 58	48 501/4 491/8 58	50 ¼ 51 ¾ 50¾ 58	88,000 25,000 63,000 2,000	45 14	June June May May	61 65 1/4 65 3/4 69	Jan Jan Jan Jan	Idaho Power 5s1947 Ili Northern Util 5s1957	77¾ 109 106¾	77 78 109 109 106% 107%	22,000 1,000 4,000	106% M 106 J	far 109 fan 107 ine 106	16 F	eb an eb
Assoc T & T deb 51/48 A '55 Atlanta Gas Lt 41/48-1955 Baldwin Locom Works—	84	83 1/8 98 1/8	84 981/8	5,000 1,000	79¼ 98	June Apr Jan	91% 105% 240	Feb Jan Mar	Ill Pow & L 1st 6s ser A '53 1st & ref 5 1/s ser B 1954 1st & ref 5s ser C 1956 8 f deb 5 1/s May 1957	102 % 99 ¼ 96 ¾ 93 ½	102 % 103 % 99 100 % 96 97 % 93 93 ½	77,000 48,000 58,000 8,000	95 ¼ Ju 91 ¾ Ju 90 A	ine 106	16 Ja	AD AD
*6s with warrants1938 *6s stamped w w_1938 *6s without warrants1938 *6s stamped x w1938		‡169	175 179 169 169¾	1,000 10,000 54,000	158 140	Jan June June	240 225 227	Mar Feb Mar	Indiana Electric Corp— 6s series A	95	93¼ 95¾ ‡98 100 84¼ 86¾	18,000	961/2 Ju	une 105 uly 106 une 99	16 JE	an an
Bell Telep of Canada— 1st M 5s series A1955 1st M 5s series B1957	1141/4	113 5% 119 34 120	114¼ 119¾	9,000 1,000	113	Mar Mar Mar	115 14 124 125	Jan Jan Jan	5s series C	881/2	107½ 87½ 88½ 106¾ 106%	8,000 2,000	107 F 86 Ju 105% M	reb 107 ine 101 far 107	1/8 Jui	ne an
5s series C1960 Bethlehem Steel 6s1998 Birmingham Elec 4 1/2s 1968 Birmingham Gas 5s1959	88 721/2	\$133 1/2 87 3/6 69 1/4	136 1/2 88 72 1/2	20,000 77,000	130 76¾ 67¼	Apr June May	145 99 88%	Jan Jan Jan	5e 1957 Indiana Service 5s 1950 1st lien & ref 5s 1963 Indianapolis Gas 5s A1952	69	67½ 69 67½ 69 63½ 63¾	7,000 7,000 34,000 7,000	61 1/4 Ju	reb 111 ine 79 ine 78 ine 82	⅓ Ja Ja	AD AD
Broad River Pow 5s1954 ¶Buffalo Gen Elec 5s1956 Canada Northern Pr 5s '53 •Canadian Pac Ry 6s1942	93½ 103 110½	93 ½ \$103 ¹ 32 102 % 110 ½	103 1/2	1,000 19,000 39,000	1031/8	July July Mar May	101 % 106 % 104 114 %	Jan Apr Jan Jan	ind'polis P L 5s ser A. 1957 f Intercontin'ts Pow 6s '48 International Power Sec—	105%	105 106 416 638	39,000 89,000	103 4 M 41/8 Ju	far 106	15 Ja	pr an
Carolina Pr & Lt 5s1956 Cedar Rapids M & P 5s '53 Central Ill Public Service—	981/2	97 1/8	98½ 112¾	48,000 3,000	1111	June Feb	105 % 113 %	Jan July Jan	6 % series C1955 7s series E1957 7s series F1952 International Salt 5s1951		68 68 ‡71 75 70 70 107 107½	3,000	73¼ A 66 M	far 109	Fo Mo	eb eb
5s series E	97¾ 101¼ 95½	101	97¾ 101¾ 95½	16,000 48,000 17,000 2,000	94 %	Mar Mar Mar May	104 1/4 104 1/4 103 1/4	Jan Jan Jan	Interstate Power 5s1957 Debenture 6s1952 Interstate Public Service—	54 40¾	54 56% 39% 41	74,000 31,000 16,000		ine 763	78 78 78 78	as
Cent Ohio Lt & Pr 5s_1950 Cent Power 5s ser D_1957 Cent Pow & Lt 1st 5s_1956	76¾ 92¼	98 1/2 76 1/2 92 1/8	98 1/8 77 3/4 92 1/2	3,000 7,000 40,000	89	Apr July Mar June	104% 94 99 72%	Jan Feb Jan Jan	58 series D	80 751/2 98	79½ 80½ 75 75% 96¼ 98 96¼ 96¾	48,000 10,000 1,000	72 Ju 92 Ju 92 Ju	ine 105	Fe Fe	eb eb
Cent States Elec 5s1948 5 1/18 ex-warrants1954 Cent States P & L 5 1/18 '53 Chic Dist Elec Gen 4 1/18 '70	55½ 56 58½ 105%	54 55 58 1051/4	56 57 59½ 105½	39,000 82,000 26,000 35,000	46 50 14 103 14	June June Apr	72 16 75 16 106	Jan Jan Jan	Iowa Pow & Lt 434s1958 Iowa Pub Serv 5s1957 Isarco Hydro Elec 7s.1952	103 71½	105 ½ 105 ½ 102 ½ 103 70 71 ½	5,000 18,000	9914 M 66 J	far 106 an 799 an 80	Ma	b b
6s series B1961 Chicago & Illinois Midland Ry 41/28 A 1956		10434		7,000		Mar	100	Jan	Isotta Fraschini 7s1942 Italian Superpower 6s.1963 Jacksonville Gas 6s1942 Stamped	531/8	\$70 76 531/6 543/4 50 513/4	6,000	50 Ju		Fe	eb
Chie Jet Ry & Union Stock Yards 5s		108 101 % 69	101¾ 70	1,000 2,000 6,000	101% 62%	Mar Mar June	110 104 84 1013	Jan Jan Jan Feb	Jersey Central Pow & Lt— 5s series B	104%	104 105 104 105 194 95	35,000	102 14 A 93% Ju		Mi Ja	m-
Cincinnati St Ry 5 1/8 A '52 6s series B 1955 Cities Service 5s 1966 Conv deb 5s 1950	93	96 72 1/2	93 96 73 71 %	9,000 2,000 7,000 127,000	96 68	July July June June	105 % 82 83	Jan Jan Jan	Kansas Gas & Elec 6s_2022 Kansas Power 5s1947 Kentucky Utilities Co—	101	113½ 115 101 101	2,000 15,000	113 Ju	far 104	16 Ja	ID
Cities Service Gas 51/48 '42 Cities Service Gas Pipe Line 6s	101 1/8	101	101 1/4	2,000	9936	Apr	103 10414 7914	Jan Apr Jan	1st mtge 5s ser H 1961 6 1/4s series D 1948 5 1/4s series F 1955 5s series I 1969	93	84½ 87 101¾ 101¾ 91 93 83¼ 85½	10,000 2,000 7,000 11,000	94¼ Ju 88 Ju 79⅓ Ju	ine 107 ! uly 103 ! uly 99 !	Ja Ja Ja	מ
Cities Serv P & L 5 195-1952 516-1949 •Commers & Privat 5 168'37 Commonwealth Edison—	68		68 3/2 50 3/4	61,000 27,000 20,000	4634 .	June June	80 56	Jan Feb	Lake Sup Dist Pow 3 1/2s '66 - Lehigh Pow Secur 6s_2026 Lexington Utilities 5s_1952	105 102	95 95 104 ½ 105 101 102	8,000	93 M 100 M 100 Ju 103 M	ine 105		D D
1st M 5s series A1953 1st M 5s series B1954 1st 4 1/2s series C1956	112	111 3/4 111 3/4 112	$\frac{112}{112}$	15,000 12,000 5,000	110 16 110 16 107 16 107 16	Jan Jan Apr Apr	112	Apr May July May	Libby McN & Libby 58 '42 Lone Star Gas 58 1942 Long Island Ltg 68 1945 Louisiana Pow & Lt 58 '57	106 104¾	104¾ 105¼ 103¾ 103¾ 106 106 104 104¾	5,000 13,000 36,000	103 1 Jul 104 1 Fo 103 1 Jul	ne 105 ine 106	Ma Ma	or
1st 4 ¼s series D1957 1st M 4s series F1981 3 ¼s series H1965 Com'wealth Subsid 5 ¼s '48	102 7/8		106 104 % 102 %	73,000 18,000 15,000	102 14 100 14 102 14	Mar Mar Mar	107 10614 10414	June Jan June	*Manitoba Power 514s1951 Mansfield Min & Smelt— *7s without warr'ts_1941	921/8	921/8 921/8	1,000	22 14 Ma 50 F		Pe Ma	de
Community Pr & Lt 5s '57 Community P S 5s1960 Conn Light & Pow 7s A '51	76 99%	75 97	77¼ 99¾ 125	21,000 17,000	96	June June May	90 14 101 130	Jan Jan Jan	McCord Rad & Mfg 68 '43 - Memphis P & L 58 A - 1948 Mengel Co conv 4 1/18 - 1947		106 1/6 108 1/6		90 Ju 83 Ju 105 M	ily 104 ily 104 lar 118	Ja Ja Aj	n n pr
Consol Gas El Lt & Power- (Balt) 3½s ser N1971 Consol Gas (Balt City)— 5s		101%	1073		107%		10434	Feb Jan	Metropolitan Ed 4s E_1971 Middle States Pet 6 1/2s '45 - Midland Valley 5s1943 -	1031/4	102 1/3 103 1/8 91 91	5,000 1,000 65,000 11,000	101 1/4 Ma 90 Ju 80 Ju 97 Ju	ily 99	Me	ar
Gen mtge 4 1/4s 1954 1954 1954 1954 1954 1954 1958 1958 1958	81 85¼	\$120¼ 80 85¼	122 81	10,000	75 1	May June	93 14 98 14	Mar Jan	Minn P & L 4 1/8 1978	100 ¼ 97 102	96 97 % 101 ½ 102	18,000	94½ Ju 100½ M	ily 1029		n
Crucible Steel 5s1940 Cuban Telephone 7 1/81941 Cuban Tobacco 5s1944	100	103¼ 100 ‡60	103 ½ 100 72	9,000	97 73	Feb Jan Mar	103 ¼ 100 ⅓ 80	Apr Mar Jan								
Delaware El Pow 5 1/8.1959		103%	104	5,000	101%	June	105 14	Jan	* *=							
For tootnotes see page 413						-			1	1		- '		,		-

Volume 145	Friday		Sales	TK OUT			BONDS	Friday Last	Week's Range	Sales	Range Since	Jan. 1 1937
BONDS (Continued)	Last Sale Price	Week's Range of Prices Low High	for Week \$	Low	High		(Concluded)	Sale Price	of Prices Low High	Week 8	Low	High 95 Mar
Mississippi Pow 5s1955 Miss Pow & Lt 5s1957 Miss River Pow 1st 5s.1951 § Missouri Pub Serv5s1947 Montana Dakota Power-		81 81 89% 90 108% 108% 70% 71 93 93%	11,000 23,000 10,000 6,000 8,000	77½ June 84¼ May 107 Feb 67½ June 92 June	99 100 16 109 16 84 26 100 16	Jan Jan Apr Feb	\$\\$\text{stand Gas & Elec 6s1935}\$ \$\\$\\$\convertible 6s1935\$ \$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\convertible 6s1935\$ \$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$\\$	70 691/2	70 70 % 70 70 % 70 72 % 70 70 69 % 71 % 69 % 70 % 93 % 94 %	17,000 3,000 30,000 2,000 38,000 9,000 13,000	67¼ June 65¼ June 67¼ June 63¼ June 65¼ June 63¼ June 93¼ July	95 Mar 95 Mar 954 Mar 96 Mar 96 Mar 102 Jan
5½s		5% 5% 102 102 188 89 77% 79% 44% 44% 108% 109%	8,000 2,000 38,000 13,000 26,000	5% July 102 July 83¼ June 74 May 44 May 106¼ June	14 1/2 107 107 1/4 97 1/4 51 110	Jan Jan Feb Jan Jan May	Standard Investg 5½s 1939 §Standard Pow & Lt 651957 *Starrett Corp Inc 5a. 1950 Stinnes (Hugo) Corp— 2d stamped 4s1940 2d stamped 4s1946 Super Power of Ill 4½s '88	93 ½ 69 ½ 56	93 ½ 94 ½ 69 70 ½ 32 ½ 32 ½ 54 56 ‡46 47 105 ½ 106 ½	26,000 10,000 5,000	62 June 30¼ June 37 Apr 37 May 102 Mar	96 Mar 44¼ Jan 56 July 49% Jan 106% May
6s series A	99 ¼ 84 ½ 72 ½ 72 ½	111 113 99½ 100 84 84½ 118¼ 118¼ 72½ 73¾ 71¾ 73½	5,000 8,000 57,000 2,000 28,000 34,000		126 1/4 110 99 1/4 121 1/4 84 1/4 85 84 1/4	Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan	Ist 4½s	105%	105 ½ 105 ½ 106 ½ 109 ½ 107 107 ½ 82 83 69 69 ½ 67 ¼ 69	10,000 7,000 8,000	102¼ Mar 107 Jan 106¼ Mar 78¼ May 64¼ June 66 Jan 98¼ June	106 May 109 16 Mar 107 17 June 98 16 Jan 85 17 Jan 80 Feb 106 Jan
Conv deb 5s	96 96 90 7614	95 96 8914 9014	57,000 46,000 49,000 65,000 13,000 5,000	89 June 9014 June 8514 June 72 July	101 1/4 102 1/4 95 1/4 92 104 1/4	Jan Jan Jan Jan Feb	Texas Elec Service 5s. 1960 §* Texas Gas Util 6s. 1945 Texas Power & Lt 5s. 1956 6s. 2022 Tide Water Power 5s. 1979 *Tiets (Leonard) 7 ½s. 1946 Toledo Edison 5s. 1962	100 1/4	100 1 100 1 100 1 1 1 100 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	32,000 33,000 12,000 25,000	30 May 104 June 106% May 90 July 18% Mar 106% Jan	40½ Feb 106 Feb 113 Feb 104½ Jan 23¼ June 109 Apr
New York Penn & Ohio- Ext 4½/s stamped1950 N Y P&L Corp 1st 4½/s '67 N Y State E & G 4½/s1980 N Y & Westch'r Ltg 4s 2004 Debenture 5s1954	106 991/4 102	108% 108% 105% 106% 98% 99% 102 102% \$112% 114	1,000 73,000 80,000 8,000	103 Mar		Jan Jan Jan May May Feb	Twin City Rap Tr 53/8 '62 Ulen Co Conv 6s 4th stamp.1950 Union Elec Lt & Power- T5s series A	79%	79¼ 80¾ 53¾ 54¾ 105¼ 103 ¹³ 16 105	6,000	75 June 49¼ June 105¼ June 103¼ June 103 June	94¼ Jan 55 June 108 May 108 Apr 106¼ Apr
Nippon El Pow 6 1/42_1953 No Amer Lt & Pow— 5 1/48 series A 1956 Nor Cont'l Util 5 1/48. 1948 No Indiana G & E 62_1952 Northern Indiana P.— 58 series C 1966	93%	93½ 94 57 57½ 107½ 108 101½ 102¾	17,000 3,000 5,000	91 Apr 47 May 106% Jan 100 Mar	100 16 69 16 108	Jan Jan May Jan	¶4 ½s 1957 United Elec N J 4s1949 United E) Serv 7s ex.w 1956 •United Industrial 6 ½s. '41 •1st s f 6s1945 United Lt & Pow 6s1975	76	103 ¹³ 16 105 113 4 113 4 70 70 4 126 4 35 127 35 74 76 78 4 80	10,000 6,000 14,000 12,000	111 Mar 66% Mar 20% Mar 19% Mar 69 June 71 June	117
4 ½s series B	98 1/4 94	101 103 97¼ 98¼ 103¾ 103¾ 94 95½ 108¼ 108½ \$105½ 106	29,000 3,000 1,000 14,000 3,000	99 % June 94 % May 102 % Feb	105% 104% 105% 105 111% 106% 105%	Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Mar May	6 ½s	1081/4	102 ½ 103 ¼ 83 ¼ 84 106 ½ 108 ½ ‡73 76 91 ½ 92 %	12,000 9,000 32,000 32,000	101 ¼ July 79 June 103 June 69 ¼ June 88 July 94 June	107 Jan 96% Jan 115 Jan 89% Jan 103 Jan 102 Jan
1st & ref 4 1/2s ser D_1956 Ohio Public Service Co— 6s series C———1953 5s series D———1954 51/2s series E——1961 Okia Nat Gas 41/2s—1951 5s conv debs———1946	108 105 97 1/6 103 3/4	100 % 104	7,000 4,000 1,000 18,000 97,000	107¾ June 103¼ Mar 105 Jan 96 Apr 96¾ May	110% 106% 107 100% 108%	Feb Apr Apr Jan Jan Jan	4 1/48 1944 Utica Gas & Elec 5s D 1956 5s series E 1962 Vamma Water Pow 5 1/48 '57 Va Pub Serv 5 1/48 A 1946 1st ref 5s series B 1946 6s 1946	98	97¾ 98¾ 1105¾ 106¾ 1107 109 1103 96¾ 97¾ 92 90 91	8,000 2,000 6,000	104 Jan 105 Mar 102 Feb 92 June 87 June 80 June	106 Feb 107 Jun 103 Mar 104 Jan 102 Jan 101 Jan
Okla Power & Water 5s 48 Pacific Coast Power 5s '40 Pacific Gas & Elec Co— 1st 6s series B————————————————————————————————————	11634	89¼ 89¼ \$103¾ 104¾ 116 116¾ 98¾ 99 \$113¾ 114 74 74¾	7,000 24,000 11,000 44,000	102% June 102% June 115 Mar 94% Mar 113 Mar 70% June	108 119 102 14 117 93 14	Jan Jan Jan Jan	Waldorf-Astoria Hotel— • 5s income deb1954 Wash Gas Light 5s1958 Wash Ry & Elec 4s1951 Wash Water Power 5s2030 West Penn Elec 5s2030	27 105¾ 105¾	27 27 105 105½ \$106½ 107½	2,000 14,000 9,000 24,000	27 July 104 1/2 July 105 1/4 Apr 103 June 95 June 105 July	32 ½ June 108 Jan 107 Mar 106½ Feb 105¼ Jan 114½ Jan
Paimer Corp 6s	94 %	\$102 34 103 54 94 94 34 97 34 97 36 90 34 91 56 102 34 103	42,000 10,000 33,000 4,000	99½ Mar 90½ July 96 June 88 June 99½ June 89½ June	106 105%	Jan Jan Jan Jan Mar Jan	West Penn Traction 5s '60 West Texas Util 5s A 1957 West Newspaper Un 6s '44 West United G & E 5 1/8 '55 Wheeling Elec Co 5s_1941 Wiso-Minn Lt & Pow 5s '44 Wisc Pow & Lt 4s1966	92¼ 57 104% 107¾	92¼ 93¼ 57 58 104¼ 105 107¾ 107¼ 106½ 106½ 96⅓ 97⅓	52,000 8,000 7,000 1,000 3,000 32,000	91 June 49¼ May 103¼ Mar 105⅓ Feb 105⅙ Feb 92¼ Apr	79½ Feb 105½ Jan 108 Apr 107 Apr 102½ Jan 107½ Jan
Deb 534s series B 1969 Penn Pub Serv 6s C 1947 5s series D 1954 Penn Water & Pow 5s. 1940 435s series B 1968 Peoples Gas L & Coke— 4s series B 1981	97 107 103	97 97 ½ 107 107 103 103 \$108 108 ½ \$105 ½ 106 ½ 91 ½ 94 ½	10,000 2,000 4,000 58,000	105 May 10034 May 10734 Mar 105 Mar 8834 Mar	109 106 14 11114 108	Apr Jan Jan June Jan	Yadkin River Power 5s '41 York Rys Co 5s1937 FOREIGN GOVERNMENT AND MUNICIPALITIES		104 1/4 105	6,000	103% June 81% May	100 1 Jan
§*Peoples Lt & Pr 5s 1979 Phila Elec Pow 5⅓s 1972 Phila Rapid Transit 6s 1962 Piedm't Hydro-El 6⅓s '60 Pittsburgh Coal 6s 1949 Pittsburgh Steel 6s 1948	13 110¾ 71	12 14% 1103/111 290 92 69 71 108 108 1033/104	27,000 15,000 19,000 3,000 5,000	12 July 10814 Mar 88 June 6214 Jan 10634 Jan 10234 Apr	107	Jan Feb Mar Feb Jan Jan July	Agricultural Mtge Bk (Col)	23 1/4	23 ½ 24 23 ½ 23 ½ 90 90	4,000 4,000 3,000	22 ¼ June 22 Apr 18 ¼ Jan 83 ¼ May 84 ½ Mar	30 Feb 29¼ Feb 25 Mar 94 June 95 June
*Pomeranian Elec 6s.1963 Portland Gas & Coke 5s '40 Potomae Edison 5s E. 1966 4 1/48 series F 1961 Potrero Sug 7s stpd 1947 Power Corp(Can) 4 1/48 B '59 Power Securities 6s 1949	73 107 107	24 3/4 24 3/4 73 75 3/4 106 3/4 107 3/4 70 70 70 98 3/4 98 3/4 97 3/4 97 3/4	1,000 12,000 21,000 18,000 9,000 1,000	70 June 105% Jan 104 Apr 70 July 98% July 9714 July	85 107% 109 81 104 102	Jan Apr Jan Mar Feb Feb July	•7 1/4s stamped 1947 •Cauca Valley 7s 1948 Cent Bk of German State & •Prov Banks 6s B 1951 •6s series A 1952 Danish 51/5s 1955 5s 1955	26 1/4 100 1/4	91 ½ 91 ½ 12 ½ 12 ½ 12 ½ 29 26 26 ½	2,000 2,000 2,000 7,000	1914 Apr 20 Mar 99 Apr 97 Apr	21 Feb 27 Jan 26 Mar 102 Jan 101 Feb
Prussian Electric 6s. 1954 Public Service of N J— 6% perpetual certificates Pub Serv of Nor Illinois— let & ref 5s————————————————————————————————————	1331/4	1251/2	12,000	129 Mar 10814 Apr 10314 Mar 101 Mar	147 112 105 % 105	Jan Jan Apr July	Danig Port & Waterwaye External 6 1/8	241/4	66 1/4 66 1/4 24 1/4 24 1/4 24 1/4 25 1/4 26	2,000 2,000 14,000	17% Apr 18 Jan	77 Feb 25 ¼ June 25 Mar 25 July 23 ¼ July 29 ¼ Mar 21 ¼ Feb
4 1/48 series E 1986 lst & ref 4 1/48 ser F. 1981 4 1/48 series I 1966 Pub Serv of Oklahoma 1966 Puget Sound P & L 5/48 148	10114	103 ½ 104 103 103 ½ 104 ½ 104 % 101 101 ½ 83 85 ½	22,000 14,000 14,000 25,000 41,000	101 Mar 10034 Apr 102 Mar 99 Mar 73 May 70 May	103 1/4 105 1/4 105 1/4 98 1/4 96	Jan Jan Jan	*Lima (City: Peru 6½s. '58 *Maranhao 7s 1958 *Medellin 7s series E. 1951 Mendoza 4s stamped 1961 Mige Bk of Bogota 7s. 1947 *Issue of May 1927 *Issue of Oct 1927	141/4	91 92¼ 23¼ 23¾ 23¼ 23¾	4,000 18,000 3,000 3,000	24 % Jan 14 June 90 % June 22 Apr 21% Feb 15 % Jan	31¼ Feb 21 Feb 96¼ Apr 27¼ Feb 27¼ Feb 21¼ Mar
ist & ref 5s series C_1950 lst & ref \$ \(\frac{1}{2} \) see T_1950 Quebec Power 5s1968 Queens Boro Gas & Eleo- 5 \(\frac{1}{2} \) series A1952 *Ruhr Gas Corp 6 \(\frac{1}{2} \) s. 1963 *Ruhr Housing 6 \(\frac{1}{2} \) s. 1964	82 76 ¼	82 83 % 76 ½ 77 ½ ±103 ¾ 104 ¼ 100 100 % 27 27 ½ 25 25	7,000 4,000 18,000	69½ May 103¼ Jan 100 June 22½ Mar 18 Apr	9234 10456 107 2734 25	Jan May Jan July July	*Mtge Bk of Chile 6s. 1931 6s stamped	99% 26	17¼ 18 \$18½ 19½ 99 99¾ 25¼ 26¼ 25 25 1¼ 1¼	11,000 12,000 13,000 2,000 2,000 7,000	9514 Apr 2314 June 2114 May 116 July 1 Jan	100 ¼ June 34 Jan 35 ¼ Jan 2 Apr 1 ¼ Apr
Safe Harbor Water 5 1/6 "7" 1	107 14 34	106 % 107 % 14 % 15 % 105 105 % 127 % 129 % 1108 %	8,000 18,000 16,000	11½ June 100½ Apr 127¼ May 107¼ Feb 22 Mar 28¼ June	1834 107 132 1104 29 47	Jan Jan May Mar Mar	*6 %s certificates1919 *5 1/81921 *5 1/8 certificates1921 *Santa Fe 7s stamped. 1944 *Santiago 7s1946 *7s1961		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7,000 7,000 8,000 7,000	1½ June 1 July 62¼ Jan 15½ May 16 Jan	1% Apr 1% Apr 81% Mar 20% Mar 20% Mar
*Schulte Real Est 6s 1951 Scripp (E W) Co 5 1 1943 Servei Inc 6s 1948 Shawinigan W & P 4 1/4s '67 4 1/4s scrice B 1968 1st 4 1/4s scrice D 1970 Sheridan Wyo Coal 6s. 1947	102 ¼ 104 ¼ 105	29% 29% 101% 102% 107% 104 104% 104 104 105 105% 65% 66%	1,000 7,000 26,000 1,000 9,000 2,000	10134 July 10534 Apr 10134 Mar 10134 Mar 10134 Mar 6534 July	103 % 107 16 105 104 % 105 % 72	Jan May Feb Feb July Mar	No par value. a Defe	red deli	very sales not	included	in year's rang	e. n Under
Sou Carolina Pow 5s. 1957 Southeast P & L 6s. 2021 Sou Calif Edison Ltd— Debenture 3\(\frac{4}{5}\)	9734 106 10334 10334	192 14 93 14 96 14 97 14 102 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103	51,000 15,000 55,000 28,000 4,000	90¼ June 103 Mar 99¼ Mar 99¼ Apr 104 Mar	109 % 107 108 108 110 %	Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan	the rule sales not includer range, # Ex-dividend, y # Friday's bid and asked # Bonds being traded flat # Reported in receivership	Ex-inter price. t.	rest. No sales were	transact	ed during our	rent week.
1st & ret mige 4s1901 Sou Counties Gas 4/ss 1968 Sou Indiana Ry 4s1951 S'western Assoc Tel 5s 1961 S'western Lt & Pow 5s 1957 So'west Pow & Lt 6s2022 So'west Pub Serv 6s1945	77 95% 101 %	\$103\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	26,000 5,000 13,000 4,000	10214 Jan 7314 July 9314 May 9914 Mar 85 June	105 87 103% 104	May Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan	¶ Called for redemption e Cash sales transacted yearly range: No sales. y Under-the-rule sales tr weekly or yearly range: No sales.	ansacte	d during the	ourrent v	week and not	included in
							No sales. z Deferred delivery sales in weekly or yearly range: No sale. Abbrevarions Used Abor "cum," cumulative; "cony "y t c," yoting trust certifi		IIIII-nton	of dano	alt: "eons "	nonsolidated
							"v t c," voting trust certifi		#4411 (58		, a rai	

Other Stock Exchanges

New York Real Estate Securities Exchange

Closing bid and asked quotations, Friday, July 16

Unlisted Bonds	Bid	Ask	Unlisted Bonds	Bid	Ask
B'way & 38th St Bldg 7s 45 Bryant Park Bldg 6 1/4s 45	94 42		Park Place Dodge Corp— Income bonds v t c	6	
Drake (The) 681939	32		Pennsylvania Bldg ctfs	29	
11 West 42d St 6 1/81945	45		10 East 40th St Bldg 5s 53_	80	-
500 Fifth Ave 6 1/281949 Internst Commerce Bldg—	38		1088 Park Ave Apts 6s1939 250 West 39th Bldg 6s 1937	16 14	
61/38	30		2124-34 Bway Bldgs 5% 8 43	15	

Orders Executed on Baltimore Stock Exchange

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Baltimore Stock Exchange

July 10 to July 16, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

		Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks-	Par	Price	Low	High		Lo		Hu	78
Arundei Corp			2016	20 1/8	559	18	Jan	23%	Apr
Atlantic Coast L (Co.			52	52	160	46	Jan	54	Mar
Balt Transit Co com	vtc.*	11/4	11/4	136	39	136	July	3	Jan
lst pref v t e Black & Decker com	*		4	4 1/8	182	314	June	9	Jan
Black & Decker com	*	26 %	26 %	27%	152	2416	June	38	Jan
Consol Gas E L & Po	W*	7334	7214	7334	283	64	June	8916	Jan
5% preferred	100		1131/8	11336	50	112	Apr	115	Jan
Eastern Sugar Assoc	com_1		26 16	27 %	285	21 36	June	5014	Jan
Preferred	1		37	3814	370	34 16	June	48	Jan
Fidelity & Deposit	20		126	130	82	119%	June	136	Apr
Fidelity & Guar Fire	10		38 16	3834	50	3814	July	4856	Jan
Finance Co of Am el		13	13	13	34	1236	Jan	13%	Mar
Houston Oil pref	100	2234	223%	23	726	1936	Apr	2316	May
Mfrs Finance com v	t*		3/6	3/2	46	3/6	July	11/4	Jan
1st pref	25		95%	9 %	25	9	June	1236	Jan
2d preferred	25		13%	114	28	13%	Apr	28/8	Jan
Mar Tex Oil			314	314	100	31/4	Mar	434	Jan
Com class A			314	314	330	3	Jan	436	Apr
Merch & Miners Tra			32	33	65	32	July	41	Jan
Monon WPenn P87%			25%	26%	113	2256	May	2756	Jan
National Marine Bar	k 30		45	45	10	44	Jan	45	June
New Amsterdam Cas		131/8	13%	1436	1.326	13%	June	18%	Feb
Northern Central Ry		10/8	100	100	5	9736	Apr	104	Jan
Owings Mills Distiller		7/8	3/4	3/6	100	8/	May	11/6	Feb
Penna Water & Powe		77	75%	77	40	73	June	95	Feb
U 8 Fidelity & Guar.		235%	23	2416	1.184	21	June	2934	Jan
Western National Ba			3414	35	32	34	Apr	37	Jan
Bonds-									
Balt Transit Co 4s (f)	at) '75	29	2834	29	\$13,000	2716	June	4136	Jan
A Se flat	1975	3334	32	3334		32	June	48	Jan
Read Drug & Chem 5			102	102	1,000	10016	Jan	102	July

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Bangor Portland Lewiston

Boston Stock Exchange
July 10 to July 16, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale	Veck's	Range	Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks Par		Low	High	Shares	Lo		H	7h
Amer Pneumatic Service								
Common				2,690	85c	May	21/8	Jan
1st preferred			15	40	14	July	30	Jan
6% non-cum pref50)	21/2	21/2	560	61/4	Jan	2	July
Amer Tel & Tel100	169%	168%	1701/8	1,515	159%	June	187 16	Jan
Bigelow-Sanfd Carp pf. 100		1081/2	110	47	1071/2	May	115	Feb
Boston & Albany 100	12914	12914	130	100	128 36	July	147	Jan
Boston Elevated 100	62	62	6314	260	60 16	June	6934	Mar
Boston-Herald-Traveller _	26	26	261/8	170	25%	Apr	303%	Jan
Boston & Maine	1							
Common100		101/8		35	85%	Jan	1434	Mar
Preferred stamped 100		61/2	61/2	15	103/4	Mar	516	Jan
Prior preferred100		3914	39 14	65	36	Jan	5634	Mar
Class A 1st pref stpd_100			11	30	936	June	20	Mar
1st pref cl C std100		11	11	80	11	July	23	Mar
Boston Personal Prop Tr.		13%	13%	265	1334	May	18	Jan
Brown-Durrell Co		41/6	41/8	100	31/4	May	71/4	Feb
Calumet & Hecla 25	145%		151/8	390	1136	Apr		Jan
Copper Range25				405	10	May	1734	Jan
East Gas & Fuel Assn-	1	/-		-00			/.	
Common		6	636	167	43/	June	1014	Jan
434% prior pref 100		61	63	127	5578		81	Jan
6% cum pref100	40	40	45	104	35 34	June	69	Jan
East Mass St Ry com 100		21/8	21/8	25	2	June	31/4	Mar
1st preferred 100	46	40	46	45	40	June	51	Jan
Preferred B100	11	11	11	30	11	July	151/8	Jan
East Steamship Lines com*		81/2	81/2	20	81/4		12	Jan
Preferred*	47	47	48	150	47	July	5316	Jan
Edison Elec Illum100		13114	137	540	12736	June	160	Jan
Employers Group	21	195%	2176	412	19	June	26%	Mar
General Capital Corp *		425%	42 5%	10		June	47	Mar
Georgian Inc(The)clA pf20		216	216	25	156	Jan	314	June
Gilchrist Co.	1216	1134	1216	195	10	June	1436	Jan
Giliette Safety Rasor	14%	1456	15	279	14	July	20%	Feb
Helvetia Oil Co t c2	/8	50c	60c	385		May	2.50	Jan
Isle Royal Copper Co25			376	320	2	Mar	636	Jan
Loew's Boston25	15	15	15	5		May	19	Jan

For footnotes see page 418

Frida Last	Week's			Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks (Concluded) Par Price	Low P	High	Shares	Lo	10	H	n A
Maine Central pref	- 55	5514	15	36	Jan	64	Mar
Mass Utilities V t c 3	3	3	396	236	May	316	Jan
Mergenthaler Linotype	- 43	44	216	41	July	56	Feb
Narragansett Racing Ass'n							
Inc 8	734	814	2,195	634		111%	Apr
Nat'l Tunnel & Mines*	- 4	4	1,070	35%	Apr	x6	Mar
New England Tel & Tel 100 119	118	120	211	11436	June	142	Mar
New River Co pref 100	83	83	19	80	June	93	Jan
NYNH&HRR(The) 100	436	514	303	334	June	956	Mar
North Butte* 13	136	13%	2,780	68c	Jan	214	Mar
Old Colony RR 100 19%		19%	163	18	July	2914	Jan
Pacific Mills	2716	2814	88	25	June	44 76	Jan
Pennsylvania RR 50	38 1/6	40 1/8	311	3438	June	60	Mar
Quincy Mining Co25 73	734	8	705	634	Jan	11%	Mar
Reece Folding Machine_10	2 1/8	21/6	100	25%	Feb	31/8	Jan
Shawmut Assn tr ctfs 131		1316	485	1214	June	16 %	Feb
Stone & Webster 213		21 1/8	439	171/8	June	33 14	Jan
Torrington Co (new)* 39	38 1/8	39	914	3416	June	4114	May
Union Copper Ld & Min_25	40c	41c		30c	Jan	1.00	Mar
United Shoe Mach Corp. 25 851		86%	1,390	84	Mar	98	Jan
Preferred25 39 ½	39 16	40	59	3614	Apr	4614	Jan
Utah Metal & Tunnel 1		214		136	Jan	214	July
Venezuela Holding Corp. *	136	114	25	11/4	Apr	21/2	Mar
Waldorf System Inc 123		14	218	12 1/6	July	19%	Feb
Warren Bros Co	83%	8%	60	636	Feb	1216	Jan
Bonds-							
Eastern Mass St Ry—							
Series A 41/481948	78		\$15,000	78	July	89	Feb
Series B 5s1948	87	87	\$5,000	83	June	95	Jan

CHICAGO SECURITIES

Listed and Unlisted

Paul H.Davis & Go.

New York Stock Exchange Chicago Stock Exchange New York Curb (Associate) Chicago Curb Exchange

10 So. La Salle St., CHICAGO

Chicago Stock Exchange

July 10 to July 16, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	1	Priday Last Sale	Week's of Pr		Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks-	Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Lo	100	H6	gh
Abbott Laboratories	-			40.4	***	4.00	T		971-1
Common (new)		48%	47%	48%	500 150	10%	June	17%	Fe
Adams (J D) Mfg co	om*		956	95%	50	636	July	1236	Jai
Advance Alum Cast	inga 5	8	8	8	100	7	June	1234	Ma
Aetna Ball Bearing	com1	13	19	13 16	1,000	11	June	12 % 14 % 17 % 84 % 13 %	Ma
Allied Labor Inc com Amer Pub Serv Co p		13	1214	13	150		June	17%	Ap
Amer Pub Serv Co p	ref. 100 .		66 34	67	20	61	June	84 16	Jai
Armour & Co comm		12 1/4 11 1/4	111%	12%	21,600	7	Jan	18%	Fel
Aro Equipment com Asbestos Mfg Co co	m 1	216	2 2 2	1234	250 1,300	134	July	1216	Ma
Associates Invest co			52	52 %	300	1114 134 4814 854 314	Mar	571/2	Fel
Athey Truss Wheeles	pltal_4	1036	1036	1036	50	85%	June	17	Jai
Autom Washer conv	Dref -		534	6	350	31/2	Jan	9	Ma
Backstay Welt Co o	om		17	17	50	1273	L.ep	1916 2016 2316	Ma
Barlow & Seeing Cl A	com_o		16	16	200	16	June	20 16	Fe
Bastian-Blessing Co	com_	1012	20 16 10 16	1034	1,000 350	19 10	Jan May	1414	Fel
Berghoff Brewing C Binks Mfg Co capit	01	10 1/2	1134	12 16	550	936	Jan	1436	Fel
Bilss & Laughlin In	con 5	1275	3736	12 1/2 39 1/4	550	32 16	Jan	4316	Ma
			0.73	00/4	000	0/.		/-	
(New) com Brown Fence & Wire	5	44	44	4614	2,100	38%	Apr	50	June
Brown Fence & Wire	com_1	1234	1236	12 36	250	11	Apr	1514	Fel
Class A	*	27	27	27	100	26 1/4	June	2814	Fel
Class A Bruce Co (E L) com Bucyrus Monighan			1936	19%	150	17%	June	3016	Ma
Bucyrus Monighan	ci A * -	15	32 1/2	32 14	200 1,850	32 14	Jan	33 34	Ap
5% conv preferred	20	30%	15 30¾	15 1/2 31	350		June	1814 3614	Ma
o % conv preferred	00	0074	0074	91	300	2073	June	0078	747 661
Castle (A M) comm	on10		38 3/6	3956	1,150	29%	June.	39 %	July
Cent Cold Stor Co co	m20		16	16	50	15	Jan	19	Feb
Central Illinois Sec-	-								
Common	1	1 5/8	156	1 3/8	300	136	June	316	Fet
Cent Ill Pub Serv p	ref*	6836	67	70 34	1,130	53 1/2	June	x81 16	Feb
Central S W—		91/	21/	91/	4,300	914	Tuna	6%	Jan
Prior lien pref	1	314	91	91	50	861/2	June	1101	Mar
Preferred		5114	5014	5134	240	47	June	77	Feb
Central States P & L	pref. *	01/4	9	9	80	5	June	2014	Jan
Central States P & L Chain Belt Co com- Chicago Corp comm	*		5934	61	70	581/2	July	73	Mar
Chicago Corp comm	on*	436	414	45%	11,750	3%	June	6%	Mai
Preferred		43 461	43 %	4436	1,650	43	June	48	Feb
Inicago Flex Shart of	om5 _		6134	62 14	200	59	June	77	Mai
Chicago & N W Ry e	om 100 -		314	4	20	3	June	8%	Mar
Chicago Rys pt ctfs Chic Rivet & Mach c	an 4		1634	16%	40	1416	July Apr	373/8	Feb
Chicago Towel com_		65	65	65	10	65	July	77	May
Chicago Yellow Cab	Co *	14	14	16	1.250	14	June	27%	Jan
Cities Service Co cor	n *	3	3	3 3/5	3,000	256		5%	Jan
Jud Alum Uten con	n		136	134	100	11/8	May	21/4	Mar
commonwealth Edis	on_100 -			115	200	103	Apr	139	Jan
Compressed Ind Gas	es cap*	43	42	43 % 5 %	250	38 16		4814	Feb
Consolidated Biscuit	com_1	5 1/8	5 5%	5/8	1,600	5	June	11	Jan
Onsumers Co— V t c pref part shs Cord Corp cap stock	50		13	13 1/2	50	1214	July	1316	July
Cord Corp can stock	5	316	3	3 1/8	1,950	2	June	534	Feb
Cunningham Drg Sto	res216	078	1956	20 1/2	400	1814	June	2614	Feb
Curtis Lighting Inc o	om_ *		6 34	636	20	5	Jan	103%	Feb
Cord Corp cap stock Cunningham Drg Sto Curtis Lighting Inco Dayton Rubber Mfg	com. *		22	23	250	1914	Jap	2834	Apr
Decker (AII) & Conn	com io		634	634	100		May	1134 1738	Jan
Dexter Co (The) con	a5		834	10	280	81/8	July	173/8	Jan
Dixle-Vortex Co con Dodge Mfg Corp con	a*		20	2014	200	18	June	25	Feb
Jouge Mig Corp con	a*	21	20%	2116	200	2014	June	211/8	July
sddy Paper Corn (T	ne)	71/	35 714	3514	1,950		May June	3514	June
Elec Household Util	Cap_5	34	33 1/2	34 14	250	21	Tune	1236	Mai
Elgin Natl Watch FitzSim & C D & D c	om *	32	12 %	34 ½ 12 ½	50	121/4	July	20	Jan
Culler Mfg Co com	1	5	5	516	1,100	24 14			May
Gardner Denver Co-	-								
New common	*	23	23	23 5%	950	2014	June	23%	July
\$3 cumul conv pre General Finance Corp	f20		70	70	50	5814	Jan	70	July
eneral Finance Corp	com 1	514	534	5 %	1,500	434	Mar	51/8	May
en Household Util-	-	4.4			E 450		T.	1011	Year
Common		4 1/2 36 1/2	4	5 20 1/	5,450		June	1036	Jan
Goldblatt Bros Inc c Gossard Co (H W) c	om	1234	35 12	36 36	350 1,250	34 115%	July	1014 424 1258	Mar
TUDORIU OU (II W) C	OIII T	12 %	2014	12 % 21	900	18	July	2936	July Jan
Freat Lakes D& De	Om #								

		Friday Last		Range	Sales	Rang	e Since	Jan. 1	1937
Stocks	(Concluded) Pa	Sale Price	Low P	rices High	Week Shares	L	010	H	igh
	feger Corp com_10	-	14	14	30	-	Jan	20	Mai
Helleman	Brew Co G cap_1		9 87	91/8	700	83	(May	113	4 Jan
Hibb Spe	n Mot Pts com_2 ncer Bart com_2	5	52 1/4	52 1/2	350 80	45	Jan	541	May
Hupp Mo	otor com (new)l	334	13	3%	4,350 150	113	May June		Api
Ill North	Util pref100	2 x 106	x106	107	70 300	993	(May	110	Jan Mar
Indiana S	Pneu Toll v t c	914	9	9 16	350	8	June	101/4	May
Jarvis (W	B) Co cap	26 1/2	20 ¾ 25	26 %	3,450		4 June	293	
Jefferson	Elec Co com		4634	41	100		June June		Feb July
Kats Dru	ig Co-	10	10	101/2	2,400				
Kellogg S	witch & Sup com*	101/2	10 34	111%	2,911	87	June	1214	Mar
Ken-Rad Ky Util it	T & Lamp comA	2514	25 31	25 ½ 31 ½	850 170	173 25	June	43%	Jan
6% pre	ferred100	69 1/2	6714	6914	1,000	673	July May	89	Jan Mar
Kingsbur	y Breweries cap. 1	2	13/6	2	250 1.600	13/	June	31/4	Jan
Lawbk Co	ext Univ com8		4114		10		Apr		Jan
Leath & Commo	n*		9	9	50	73	á Jan	13%	Feb
Cumula	tive preferred*		29 18	30 18	100	25 163	June		
Libby Mo	o com	12%	12 5%		1,750	16½ 9¾	Jan		
	rinting Co—	8%	85%		700	83			Jan
Lindsay I	eferred10	40	39 1/2	40	200	391	July Jan	454	
Lion Oil B	tefining Co com.*	29	27%	30 14	2,300 550	164	Jan June	33%	Jan
Lynch Co	rp com	45%	43 14		700 140	354 381 241	Mar	4614	July Feb
McQuay-	Norris Mfg com.	48%	4836	4834	40	483	June	5714	Mar
Manhatt-	Dearborn com* Field common*	251/4	21/2	2614	4,450	19	June	30%	
Mer & M1	rs Sec cl A com . 1 referred	63% 2914	2914	30	2,350 130	25	June June	311/2	Feb Jan
Mickelber	ry's Food Prod-	314	3	314	1,700	254		8	Jan
Middle W	est Corp cap 5	9%	95%	10%	4,200	734	June	15%	Jan
Stock p	urchase warrants United Co—	314	31/2	436	1,750	134	June	7%	
Convo	eferred A	34	5 36	514	1,000	334		12%	Jan Jan
Midiand (Jen-		11/		10			81/4	Jan
7% prio	terred A100 r lien100		4	136	20	3	June June	934	Mar
Modine M	fg com	3834	38	39	20 650	35	June	4616	Jan Jan
Monroe C	nemical Co com *		8 1/2 50	50	50 50	47	Jan Mar	10 50	Jan July
Montg Wa			138	138 1/2	100		June	156	Feb Jan
National !	blic Inv conv pf * Standard com_10	2814	2814	29	250	28	July June	361/8	Feb
Nat Union	Radio com1	41	41	43 16	900	37 1/4	Jan June	58	Feb Feb
Northwest Northwest	Bancorp com *	1214	1134	1214	1,850	1012	June	16 16	Jan
Prior lie	n preferred100	34	60 27	60 35	30 240	5734 23	June	81 54	Jan Jan
Ontario, M	tg Co com*		22	22	50	181	Mar	22	July
Peabody C	Gosh Inc pf*		30 1/2	30 1/4	600	13/8	July	301/2	Jan
Penn Gas	& Elec.A com*	13	13 34	13 34 ¼	250 70	12 30	May May	35	Jan Jan
Pictorial P	aper Pack com. 5 terfront com1	3	236	5 % 3 ¼	4,050	51/2 21/4 31/4	May June	71/8	Mar Feb
Potter Co	(The) com1	314	314	3%	850	314	June	51/4	Feb
Process Co	orp com	2	136	236	4,150 200	134	June June	416	Jan Jan
Public Service Common	vice of Nor III—		7934	7934	100	70	June	9936	Jan
6% pref	erred 100 erred 100 erred 100 tas Co com 100	*113%	113 118	115	320	10934	June	120 122	Jan Jan
Quaker Oa	ts Co com	11414	111 130	11414	500	109	June	125 14 150	Jan
Acteur & took	mg 00 00m 10		22 1/2	22 1/2	30 50	121 18	May	371/2	Jan Mar
Raytheon Common	v t c 50c		5	5	50	4	Jan	734	Feb
6% pref	v t e		24	24	200 100	22 %	June	714 314 3614	Feb
Rollins Ho	s Mills conv pf		25 2814	26 30	500 30	15 25	Feb Mar	34 34	May Feb
Sangamo I	& Tool com*	37%	37	37%	300	34	May	42	Apr
Serrick Con	Cummins cap1	22 12	21 1134	1234	450 250	1914	June	28%	Feb Mar
Signode St	eel Strap—		31%	33	350	161/2	Jan	40	Apr
Sivyer Stee	d Castings com *	22	22 21 14	2214	130 800	22 1914	Apr	26 27 16	Mar
B'west Gas	& Elec 7% pf100 Lt & Pow pref.*	2214	971	22 ¾ 97 ¾	30	95	July	107	Mar Jan
St Louis Na	Lt & Pow pref.* at Stkyards cap *	91	91 75	91 75	120	90 73	June	95 83¾	Jan Jan
Standard I	Predge com	1736	1736	1736	200	15%	Apr	20%	Jan May
Stein & Co	(A) com*		20%	2114	500 500	1734	May	2114	July
Swift & Co	national 15	24 1/2	2436	32 24 1/8	1,600		June	36 1/4 28 1/4 28 1/4	Mar
Trane Co (Mach Tool Co*	25 14	23 1/8	2136	2,100	20 20	June June	25 16	Mar
Utah Radio Util & Ind	Products com *	3%	314	335	2,000	2%	Feb	436	Apr
Common	5	314	314	336	350 700		June June	614	Jan Feb
Wahl Co (T	he) com	3341	314	3 %	1,650	2	June	5	Jan
Walgreen C Wieboldt S	tores Inc pr pf. *	28 14 93	28 1/2 93	29¾ 93	950 40	91	June	93	Feb June
Williams O	il-O-Matic com*	8	736	81/8	550 900	554	June May	12 14 12	Feb Mar
Woodali In	Bankshs com* dust com2 lio Corp com.	1014	10%	1014	250 2,900		June June	1514	Feb Feb
Senter Rad	our peom.	01%1	30 /9	90 /81	2,0001		241161	10%	1.60

Cincinnati Stock Exchange

July 10 to July 16, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last	Week's Range of Prices		Sales for Week	Range Since Jan. 1, 1937					
Stocks— Pa	Sale Price	Low	High	Shares	Lo	w	Hu	gh		
Aluminum Industries	8	8	8	50	7	June	131/2	Feb		
Amer Laundry Mach 20	2634	25%	26%	315	241/2	Jan	361/4	Feb		
American Products	11/2	11/2	11/2	150	11/2	July	21/4	Apr		
Baldwin pref100		93	93	10	88	Feb	93	July		
Champ Paper pref 100	10716	107 14	108	35	108	May	111	Jan		
Churngold	814	814	81/4	102	716	July	13%	Jan		
Cinti Advertising Prod	11	11	11	10	1078	June	141/2	Jan		
Cinti Gas & Elec pref 100	100%	100	100%	406	981/2	June	108	Jan		
CNO&TP 100	375	375	375	5	370	June	412	Jan		
Cincinnati Street Ry 50	61/8	67/6	7	377	634	June	10%	Jan		
Cincinnati Telephone 50	89	857/8	89	787	85	June	100	Jan		
Cinti Union Stock Yard		1736	171/6	4	17	July	22	Jan		
Coca-Cola A	175	175	175	10	103	Jan	180	May		

For footnotes see page 418

Members Cincinnati Stock Exchange

Active Trading Markets in

Cincinnati and Ohio Listed and Unlisted Securities

BALLINGER & CO.

UNION TRUST BLDG. CINCINNATI
Phone Cherry 6711—Bell Sys. Tel. Cin. 363

	Friday Last	Week's	Range	for	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Sale Price	Low P	High	Week Shares	Lo	to 1	Ht	7h
Dayton Michigan	41%	413/4	41%	26	39%	Apr	41%	July
Dow Drug*	716	716	75/8	110	7	May	9	Mar
Formica Insulation*	71/2 163/4	71/2 163/4	17	65	16%	June	25	Jan
Gibson Art *	30 7/8	301/2	31	198	2914	June	36	Feb
Hatfield prior pref12	5	5	5	10	434	June	516	Jan
Partic pref100	10	10	10	100	9	June	16	Jan
Hilton Davis com	24	24	24	10	22	Apr	2416	Apr
Preferred	281/4	281/4	2814	25	2814	July	301/4	Apr
Hobart A*	44	44	4516	214	40	June	49%	Feb
Julian & Kokenge*	271/2	271/2	2716	25	27	June	31	Jan
Kahn com*	934	916	984	115	9	June	111/2	Jan
1st preferred100	9978	99%	997/8	15	99	June	1013	Jan
Kroger*		205/8	205/8	25	181/8	June	24	Jan
Little Miami Spl50	50	50	50	10	49	May	50	June
Lunkenheimer*	29	29	29	60	27	June	37	Mar
Magnavox2.50	2	2	2	483	134	June	45/8	Feb
Moores Coney A*	41/2	41/2	41/2	75	4	July	83/8	Feb
B*	1	7/8	1	467	3/8	July	31/2	Feb
Nash25	42	42	40	12	2912	Mar	42	July
National Pumps*	10	91/2	10	77	912	July	16	Jan
Preferred	91/2	912	91/2	2	912	July	101/2	July
Procter & Gamble*	59	5814	60	151	5614	June	651/2	Jan
5% preferred 100	1161/4	11614	1161/4	20	11614	July	11634	Jan
Randall A*	181/2	18	181/2	59	18	July	231/2	Jan
US Playing Card10	26	251/2	27	168	25	June	34%	Feb
Western Bank10	8	8	8	47	8	July	121/4	Mar
Wurlitzer100	21	21	21	216	20	June	26	May
Preferred100	114	114	114	4	92	Jan	134	Apr

Ohio Listed and Unlisted Securities Members Cleveland Stock Exchange

Union Trust Building, Cleveland

A. T. & T. GLEV. 565 & 566 Telephone GHerry 5050

Cleveland Stock Exchange

July 10 to July 16, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

		riday Last	Week's		Sales for	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks-		Sale Price	Low Pr	High	Week Shares	Lo	w	H	gh
Akron Brass			11	11	210	10	June	141/2	
Amer Coach & Body			2034	20%	200	18	June	20%	July
City Ice & Fuel			18	1816	225	1714	June	21	Feb
City Ice & Fuel Clark Controller	1		32	32	10	32	Jan	401/4	
Cleve Builders Realt	ty*		4	4	25	31/8	July	8	Mar
Cleve Cliffs Iron pre	f*	93	92	93	211	85	June	1011/2	
Cleve Elec Ill \$4.50	pref *			107	33	1031/2		112	Jan
Cleveland Railway_	100		4616	47	56	46	June	631/2	
Cts of dep	100		45	47	529	45	July	6314	Jan
Cliffs Corp v t e	*	387/8	381/2	40	2,010	32	June	50	Mar
Commercial Bookbin	nding - * -		52	52	52	30	Jan	54	May
Dow Chemical pref.	100		1121/2		10	1121/2		117	Jan
Elec Controller & M:			82	831/2	40	68	Feb	95	Mar
Faultless Rubber	*	25	25	25	168	25	Feb	30_	Jan
Foote-Burt	*		151/2	151/2	12	14	June	221/8	
Harbauer	*		12	1212	60	12	July	18	Apr
Interiake Steamship	*	62%	60	6234	891	561/8	Feb	731/2	Mar
Jaeger Machine	*		321/2	331/2	241	24	Jan	371/2	Mar
Kelley Isl Lime & Tr	an*		24	25	125	23	May	30	Feb
Lima Cord Sole & He	eel	8	8	8	60	71/4		81/2	June
Lamson & Sessions.	*	12	121/2	13	500	9	Jan	14	Jan
Leland Electric	*		22	221/2	325	13	June	27	Jan
McKee A G class B.	*		461/2	461/2	60	41	Apr	581/2	Mar
Medusa Port Cemen	T		43 34	4334	75	40	Jan	60	Feb
Metropolitan Pav B	rick *		51/8	53/8	250	4%	June	111/4	Mar
Monarch Mach Tool	*		22	22	25	22	Jan	35	Mar
National Refining pr	ef _ 100	96	96	96	100	95	Jan	100	June
National Tile			51/4	51/2	35	51/4	July	10%	Mar
National Tool			31/4	31/2	360	15%	Jan	41/4	Feb
7% cum pref			22	2514	95	11	Jan	251/4	July
Nestle Le Mur cum o	1 A *		15%	15/8	25	11/2	Apr	23/8	Feb
Ohio Brass B		58	58	59	55	44	Jan	67	Mar
Packer Corp		16	16	1614	211	1436	June	2014	Mar
Patterson-Sargent			231/2	23 1/8	100	23	June	34	Feb
Peerless Corp	3		634	71/8	685	3%	Jan	71/4	Mar
Richman	*	45	45	47	569	45	July	5714	Mar
Selberl'g Rub8%cum	pd100		47	50	125	38	July	64	Apr
M A Corp		1414	1414	15	110	131/2	July	19	Jan
Upson Walton		10	978	10	430	81/2	Jan	131/2	Mar
Van Dorn Iron			7	71/2	190	65%	June	14	Feb
Warren Refining			4	4	50	35/8	June	51/8	Jan
Weinharger Drug Ind		2414	24	241/4	148	1716	Feb		June

WATLING, LERCHEN & HAYES

New York Stock Exchange Detroit Stock Exchange

New York Curb Associate Chicago Stock Exchange

Buhl Building

DETROIT

Telephone Randolph 5530

Detroit Stock Exchange

July 10 to July 16, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices		Sales for Week	Range Since Jan. 1, 1937					
Stocks- Par	Price			Shares	Lo	w 1	High			
Auto City Brew com1 Baldwin Rubber com1	111/4	134	11/4	400 5,686	114 914	May Jan	21/4 151/4	Feb Feb		

	Friday Last	Week's		Sales	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Sale Price	Low P	High	Shares	Lo	10	Hi	gh
Burroughs Adding Mach.* Burry Biscuit com	113 ½ 4 ¾ 113 ½ 4 ¾ 6 ½ 1 ½	26 ½ 4 ½ 18 2 ¼ 113 4 ¼ 6 ½ 15 ½ 6 ½ 15 ½ 15 ½ 15 ½ 15 ½ 15 ½ 1	26 1/2 18 2 3/4 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2	345 1,025 100 200 300 97 1,320 240 261 375 100 950	18 110 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	June Apr June June May June June June June Jan June June June June June June June Jun	71/8	Jan Mai Fel Mai Jan Jan Jan Jan Fel Fel Fel
Graham-Paige com	3 1/4 1 1/4 4 1/6	334	4 ¼ 1 ¼ 5 ½ 4 ¼ 9 ½ 17 ½ 16 1 5 ¼	6,810 725 751 250 30 670 353 630 620 450	3 1/4 4 % 4 % 9 1/2 15 1/4 13 % 13 16 4 5%	Jan May Mar June July June June June June May	8 4 % 2 ¼ 5 % 7 11 22 23 1 % 8 ¼ 1 %	Feb June Jan Apr Feb Feb Feb Jan
Mahon Co (R C) A pref. ** Masco Screw Prod com	11/4	27 1 ½ 2 ½ 34 1 ½ 3 2 ¼ 20 ¼ 12 ½ 16 ¼	28 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	188 2,500 100 200 400 200 100 590 227 240 100	1 1/4 1 1/4 2 1/4	Feb June June July June June June June June June June	28 2 % 4 ¼ 1 ¼ 2 % 4 ½ 4 ½ 26 20 % 21 ½	Apr Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Feb Mar
Packard Motor Car com* Parke-Davis com* Parker Rust-proof com 2.50 Penin Metal Prod com	41/4	9 37% 25% 4% 9% 4% 6 4% 5%	9 ¼ 38 ½ 26 ¼ 4 ¾ 9 ¼ 4 ¾ 6 ¼ 5 ¼ 5 ¼ 7 ¾	625 787 455 1,255 110 964 245 923 230 3,675	31/4 8 41/4 5 41/4 5	June June Jan May July Jan May June June	12 ¼ 44 ¾ 28 5 ¼ 13 6 % 9 % 6 % 6 % 10 ½	Feb Feb May Feb Jan Feb Jan Jan
Timken-Det Axle com _ 10	1091/4	6 3 % 7 1/2 37 1/2	23 ½ 109 ½ 6 ¼ 3 % 7 ½ 37 ½ 6 ¾ 4 % 5 1 %	515 135 1,125 173 150 250 200 1,675 100 1,098 400	102 ½ 5 2 ½ 7 34 ¾ 6 4 4 ½ 1	June July June June May Jan June June June June June June	28 ¼ 109 ½ 10 8 11 38 ½ 9 ½ 8 ½ 7 5% 1 3 ¼ 15 16	Feb July Feb Feb Feb Mar Feb Jan Feb

WM. CAVALIER & Co.

New York Stock Exchange Chicago Board of Trade Los Angeles Stock Exch. San Francisco Stock Exch. 523 W. 6th St. Los Angeles Teletype L.A. 290

Los Angeles Stock Exchange

July 10 to July 16, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

Bandini Petroleum Co1		Friday Last	Week's	Range	Sales for	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1937
Barker Bros 5½% pref. 50 40 556 60c 800 45c Jan 90c 31% 11% June 31% 11% June 31% 125 125 100 125 Jan	Stocks-P	Sale Price			Week Shares	Lo	w	Ht	gh
Barnhart-Morrow Cons. 1 Berkey & Gay Furn Co. 11 Bolsa-Chica Oll A com. 10 B common	Bandini Petroleum Co	1 41%	4	41/2					
Berkey & Gay Furn Co									
Bolsa-Chica Oil A com									
B common									
Central Investment.									Ja
Chapman's Ice Cream									Fel
Claude Neon Elec Prods 10½ 10½ 10½ 10½ 200 10 June 12½ Consolidated Oil Corp 15¾ 15¾ 16¼ 400 3¼ May 17¾ 17									
Consolidated Oil Corp									Jai
Consolidated Steel Corp.								1756	Ma
Emsco Derrick & Equip									Ma
Exeter Oil Co A com								7	Fe
Farmers & Merchs Natl100 450 450 450 450 450 489 June 70 460 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 489 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400									Ma
Separat Motors com									Ma
Section Sect									Jai
Soliden State Co* Side Side Alignment Side Alignmen									Fel
Goodyear T & Rubber									Ap
Hancock Oil Co A com* 25/2 25/2 25/4 1,800 21 3an 1,50 3do 8do 8do 3an 1,50 3do 8do 3do	Golden State Co	401/							Ap
Holly Development Co 1,05	Hancock Oll Co A com	* 9514							July
Jack Oil Co 10c 11c 11c 11c 1,000 8c Jan 72½c 1.000 16c June	Holly Development Co.	1 1 05							Ma
Kinner Airpl & Motor1 28c 26c 30c 5,000 16c June 72 ½c Lincoln Petroleum Co10c Lockheed Aircraft Corp1 13 13 ½ 200 9½ Jan 16½ Lockheed Aircraft Corp1 13 13 ½ 200 9½ Jan 16½ Lockheed Aircraft Corp1 13 13 ½ 200 9½ Jan 16½ Lockheed Aircraft Corp1 13 13 ½ 200 9½ Jan 16½ Lockheed Aircraft Corp1 13 13 ½ 200 9½ Jan 16½ Lockheed Aircraft Corp1 14 24½ 1,600 2½ June 2½ June 4½ 1,600 16c June 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1									
Lincoln Petroleum Co. 10c 10c 10c 10c 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 1									Jai
Lockheed Aircraft Corp									Fel
Los Ang Industries Inc 2 Los Ang Investment Co.10 Mascot Oil Co 1 Menasco Mfg Co 1 Merchants Petroleum 40c Mid-Western Oil Co 10c Nordon Corp Ltd 5 Coccidental Petroleum 1 Oceanic Oil Co 1 1.25c 1.15c 1.25c 2.5c 2.5c 2.5c 2.5c 2.5c 2.5c 2.5c									Fel
Mascot Oil Co 85c 85c 85c 300 75c June 1.45 Menasco Míg Co 40c 40c 40c 900 32c June 80c Miscot Oil Co 40c 40c 40c 900 32c June 80c Miscot Oil Co 40c 40c 40c 900 32c June 80c Miscot Oil Co 45c 45c 55c 1,300 16c June 45c 17c 1,300 33c June 45c 1.25 1.15 1.25 400 70c Jan 40c									Fel
Mensaco Mfg Co			5%						Fet
Merchants Petroleum 40c 40c 40c 90c 32c June 80c N McJ-Western Oil Co 11c 11c 17c 35,000 1c Jan 23c June 45c 32c June 45c 32c June 45c 32c June 45c 33c June 45c 33c June 45c 33c June 45c 45c 45c 45c 55c 1,300 33c June 45c 20c 11c	Mascot Oil Co		85c	85e		75e	June		Mai
Mid-Western Oil Co10c 11c 11c 17c 35,000 1c Jan Jan Jac 12s 17c 17c 17c 15,000 16c Jan 45c 12s 12									Jai
Nordon Corp Ltd									
Occidental Petroleum									
1.25									
Ollinda Land Co 1 25c 25c 25c 500 18c Jan 40c N Pacific Clay Products * 11c 11c 11c 100 19%c July 18c Jan 40c N Pacific Distillers Inc 1 1.20 1.40 3,500 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00									Feb
Pacific Clay Products									
Pacific Distillers Inc									Mar
Pacific Finance Corp com 10 22 ½ 22 ½ 22 ½ 200 19 ½ June 32 Pacific Gas & Elec com25 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 100 29 May 37 ½ 6% Ist pref25 29 ½ 29 ½ 29 ½ 400 28 ½ June 32 ½ Pacific Indemnity Co10 105 ½ 105 ½ 105 ½ 46 104 May 107 May Pacific Public Service com* 8 7 ½ 10 10,600 6 ½ June 8½ Republic Petroleum com_1 8 47 40 250 40 June 8½ 50 J Rice Rance Oil Co1 25c 3dc 4,700 25c July 87 ½c 0 5 4,700 25c July 87 ½c 0 3 87 ½c 0 3 10 ½ ½ 4 10 ½c									May
Pacific Gas & Elec com _ 25 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½ 30 ½									Jai
6% 1st pref25 29½ 29½ 29½ 400 28⅓ June 32¼ Pacific Indemnity Co10 105½ 105½ 105½ 100 100 100 100 100 Pacific Public Service com* 5½ 105½ 105½ 105½ 100 5½ June 8¼ Pacific Public Petroleum com_1 5½% pref50 47 44½ 50 250 40 June 8½ Rice Ranch Oil Co11 25c 34c 4,700 25c 21uly 87½c Richfield Oil Corp com* 9¾ 9¾ 9¾ 2,300 8¾ June 10¾ 10¾ Roberts Public Markets_2 6½ 6¾ 6½ 6¾ 1,100 6¼ July 9¾ Ryan Aeronautical Co1 2 2 2 100 2 June 3¾ 3¾ 3¾ 3¾ 3¾ 3¾ 3¾ 3									Jai
Pacific Indemnity Co10									Jai
Pacific Lighting 6 % pref. * 105 ½ 105 ½ 105 ½ 105 ½ 100			2073	20 78					Fel
Pacific Public Service com* 5 \(\frac{5}{3} \) 5 \(\frac{5}{3} \) 5 \(\frac{5}{3} \) 5 \(\frac{5}{3} \) 100 5 \(\frac{5}{3} \) June 8 \(\frac{5}{3} \) Republic Petroleum com_1 8 47 \\			10514	105 16					Mai
5½% pref									Jar
Rice Ranch Oil Co1									Feb
Richfield Oil Corp com* 9¾ 9¾ 9¾ 2,300 8¾ June 10¾ Roberts Public Markets2 6¾ 6¾ 6¾ 6¾ 1,100 6¼ July 9¾ Ryan Aeronautical Co1 2 2 2 100 2 June 3¾ 1									July
Roberts Public Markets 2 $6\frac{1}{2}$ $6\frac{1}{2}$ $6\frac{1}{4}$ 1.100 $6\frac{1}{4}$ July $9\frac{1}{4}$ Ryan Aeronautical Co 1 2 2 2 100 2 June $3\frac{1}{4}$ 1									Mar
Ryan Aeronautical Co									May
									Jan
Security Co units of Dell IIII 4022 4022 4022 4022 41 35 June 30									Feb
									July

	Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Lo	20	Cig	h
Signal Oil & Gas A*	38	38	38	100	35	May	48	Mar
Sontag Drug Stores *	11%	1134	1134	100	1134	June	1436	Jan
So Calif Edison Co25	24 1/8	24 3/4	24 1/8	900	2234	May	321/4	Jan
Orifinal pref25	351/4	3514	3514	90	30	July	41	Feb
6% pref B25	27%	2714	273/8	800	26 %	June	2914	Jan
5½% pref C25	25 1/8	25%	25 1/8	400	25	Jan	2816	Mar
So Calif Gas 6% pref A. 25	29 3/8	29%	29 1/2	300	2914	July	29 1/2	July
Southern Pacific Co 100	4734	47%	4734	100	43%	June	46 1/8	Mar
Standard Oil of Calif*	441/4	431/2	44 1/8	800	40	June	49 %	Feb
Sunray Oil Corp1	4 5/8	45%	4 7/8	600	334	June	5	Feb
Superior Oil Co (The)25	40	39 1/8	42	700	3734	June	55	Mai
Transamerica Corp*	131/2	13 1/2	13 %	5,700	1234	June	1736	Jan
Union Oil of Calif25	251/2	25	25 1/2	1,300	23	June	281/8	Feb
Universal Consol Oil 10	18 3/8	1734	18 1/2	2,400	1136	June	1814	Mar
Wellington Oil Co1	97/8	- 93	á 10.	1,000	97/8	July	131/8	Apr
Black Mammoth Consol10c	25c	25c	25c	1,000	20c	Jan	39c	June
Calumet Gold10c	3c	30	3c	5,000	10	June	40	Feb
Cardinal Gold1	40c	40c	40c	1,500	34c	June	82 1/2c	Feb
Zenda Gold1	7c	7e	71/2c	3,000	7e	July	15c	Jan
Unlisted—						1		
Atlantic Refining Co25	31	31	31	100	29 %	June	35	Jan
Aviation Corp (Del)3	73%	73%	734	200	5 1/8	May	916	Jan
Cities Service Co*	314	31/4	33/8	200	2 34	June	5 1/2	Jan
Commonwealth & South *	21/2	21/2	21/2	100	21/8	May	43%	Jan
Curtiss-Wright Corp1	6 1/2	63%	6 %	500	51/4	June	814	Mar
General Electric Co*	56 %	55	56 7/8	200	52 1/4	Apr	62 %	Feb
Montgomery Ward & Co. *	6134	6134	6134	100	52 %	June	68 36	Mar
Nor American Aviation1	12 1/8	121/8	1214	300	9 5/8	May	173%	Jan
Standard Brands Inc*	12 1/2	12 14	12 34	100	1134	June	16	Jan
Texas Corp (The)25	63	63	63 3/8	300	51 %	Jan	63 3/4	July
United Corp (Del)*	5			60	4 14	June	83%	Jan
U S Steel Corp*	110	110	110	100	96 14	Feb	110	July
Warner Bros Pictures Inc 5	141/4	14 36	14 16	800	11 7/8	May	17%	Feb

Establi neo 1874

DeHaven & Townsend

Members
New York Stick Exchange Philadelphia Stock Exchange

PHILADELPHIA 1513 Walnut Street

NEW YORK 30 Broad Street

Philadelphia Stock Exchange

July 10 to July 16, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks— Par		Low			Lo	10	Ht	nh
American StoresAmerican Tel & Tel100 Baldwin LocomotiveA Bell Tel Co of Pa pref100	114	11312	61/4 1141/8	196 125 138	112	June June June May	1871/8 11 1271/4	Feb Jan Jan Mar
Budd (E G) Mig Co* Budd Wheel Co* Chrysler Corp5 Electric Storage Battery100	1013/8	8½ 99% 36¼	91/8 87/8 1027/8 361/2	120 207 209	73/8 95 33½	June June June June	13 1345/8 443/8	Feb Mar Jan
General Motors10 Horn & Hardart(N Y)com*		52 33	535/8 331/4	939 45	48¼ 32	June June		Feb Feb
Lehigh Coal & Navigation * Lehigh Valley50 Mitten Bank Sec Corp_25 Preferred25	151/8	814 1478 218 219	$ \begin{array}{r} 8\frac{1}{2} \\ 15\frac{5}{8} \\ 2\frac{1}{8} \\ 2\frac{3}{4} \end{array} $	187 120 10 830	784 1314 178 238	Apr June May June	2412	Jan Mar Apr Feb
Nati Power & Light Penroad Corp v t c Pennsylvania RR 50	33/4 383/4	984 35/8 385/8	101/4 4 401/8	400 4,839 1,061	85/8 33/8 381/4	June June July	147/8 58/4 503/8	Jan Apr Mar
Phila Electric of Pa \$5 pfd * Phila Elec Pow pref25 Phila Rapid Transit50 7% preferred50	331/4	1143/4 331/8 51/4 81/8	115¾ 33 55/8 81/2		10834 3118 418 778	June June May May	3578	Feb Apr Feb Jan
Philadelphia Traction 50	101/2	101/2	12	510	978	June	1614	Feb
Salt Dome Oil Corp1 Scott Paper	39¾	1	16 ¹ / ₂ 40 ³ / ₄ 1 ⁸	1,747 168 200 500	3/4	Apr Jan Jan June	11516	
Union Traction 50 United Corp com Preferred United Gas Improv com Preferred Preferred Preferred		47/8 5 38 ³ /4 13 ³ /4	5½ 5¼ 39 13¼	1,295 551 145 4,506	41/8 4 33 107/8	June June June June		Feb Jan Jan Jan
Westmoreland Inc*	121/2	104	1232	179 75	934	June Apr		Jan Jan
Bonds— El & Peoples tr ctfs 4s 1945		111/4	121/2	7,000	10	May	161/2	Mar

Pittsburgh Stock Exchange—See page 378.

ST. LOUIS MARKETS I. M. SIMON & CO. Business Established 1874

Enquiries Invited on all Mid-Western and Southern Securities

MEMBERS
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St. Louis Stock Exchange Chicago Board of Trade
Chicago Stock Exchange

315 North Fourth St., St. Louis, Mo. Telephone Central 3350

St. Louis Stock Exchange

July 10 to July 16, both inclusive, compiled from

		Friday Last Sale		Range	Sales for Week	Range Since Jan. 1, 1937				
Stocks-	Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Lo	w 1	Hu	n	
A S Aloe Co pref	100		110	110	20	110	July	114	Apr	
American Inv com.	*	20	20	2016	175	20	July	221/4	Apr	
Brown Shoe com	*****	45%	4516	46	190	44	July	49%	Feb	
Burkart Mfg com	1		30	30 1/2	165	30	July	37	Jan	
Coca-Cola Bottling	com1	38	371/2	38 1/2	122	36 3%	June	40	May	
Dr Pepper com	*		35	35%	143	25	Jan	48	Feb	
Ely & Walker D G	2d pf100		102 36	102 14	14	99%	Jan	106	Apr	
Emerson Electric p	ref100	271/2	2734	28 1/2	120	2736	July	32	Feb	

ror foutnotes see page 418

	Friday Last Sale	Week a	Range		Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks (Concluded) Par		of P Low	High	Week Shares	Lo	no	H	gh
Falstaff Brew com1		10%	11	845	8	Jan	1134	Mar
Griesedieck-West Brewcm*	35	35	35	55	32	Jan		
Ham-Brown Shoe com *		3 1/6	31/6	100	214	June	6	Feb
		211/		180	1634	Jan	23	July
		55	55	12	50	June	55	July
Huttig S & D com5		1416	16	488	13	June		
		85	85	57	75	June		Apr
Int'l Shoe com*	42 14	42	4214	1.165	4136	June	4936	Jan
Key Co com*		10	10	443	10	July	16	Feb
Knapp Monarch com w i. *		14	14	10	14	July	14	July
		1736	1736	100	14%	Jan	22	Mar
Laclede Steel com20		24	25	135	24	July	32 14	Mar
Landis Machine com25	17	17	17	10	17	July	22	Feb
Machiner Monda		49	49	15	49	July	58	Mar
Mo Ptld Cement com25	191/2	1936	2014	369	17%	Jan	26 1/2	Mar
Natl Bearing Metals pf 100		115	115	25	1121/4	Jan	116	May
		8	8	25	7	June	13 %	Mar
1st preferred100		106	106	15	106	July	119	Jan
Rice-Stix D Gds com*		10	1036	285	9	July	131/6	Mar
		4 1/2	5	380	436	July	81/4	Feb
		13 %	135%	50	11	Apr	16	Jan
Ductowned 100		75	75	26	75	July	90	Jan
Scruggs-V-B Inc com5	15	15	15	90	1236	June	19%	Apr
Scullin Steel pref*	23 16	23 1/2	27	305	19	Jan	2916	Mar
Securities Inv pref100			100	25	100	July	101 1/2	June
	1181/4	118	120	207	11734	June	128	Mar
Sterling Alum com1	1036	1016	10 16	25				
Stix Baer & Fuller com10 _		9 3/8	97/8	15	976	July	13 %	Jan
Wagner Electric com15	44 36	42 14	4436	690	38 1/2		4934	Feb
Bonds-								
St Louis Car 6s extd		80	80	500	80	July	91	Jan
Scullin Steel 6s1941	93	93	95	26,000	88	Jan	12	May
United Rys 4s1934		2734	28	20,000	26	June	36 1/2	Jan

DEAN WITTER & CO.

Private Leased Wires MUNICIPAL AND CORPORATION BONDS Members: New York Stock Exchange, San Francisco Stock Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade New York Curb Exchange (Asso.), San Francisco Curb Exchange, Honolulu Stock Exchange

San Francisco Seattle Tacoma Portland New York Honolule Los Angeles Oakland Sacramento Stockton Fresno Beverly Hills Pasadena Long Beach

San Francisco Stock Exchange
July 10 to July 16, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last	Week	s Rang	Sales for Week	Rang	e Since	Jan. 1	, 1937
Stocks- Par	Sale Price	Low	Prices High	Week Shares	L	ow	H	igh
Anglo Cal Nat Bk of S F 20 Assoc Insur Fund Inc. 10 Atlas Imp Diesel Eng. 5 Bank of California N A 80 Bishop Oil Co. 5 Byron Jackson Co. 6	18 214 9 291/4	251 43 16 211 9 29	26 4 47/4 18/4 214 93/4 29/4	1,653 30 1,525	231 43 13 1943 61 253	July June Jan	25 214 10	July Feb
Calamba Sugar 7% pref. 20 Calaveras Cement com	8 49 36	217 8 49 353, 501, 1021, 103, 395, 6 18	8 49 36 51½ 103 10½	135 500 220 675 210 30 175 454 733	213/ 7 46 35 50 101/ 10 35 51/ 16/4 96	June Jan May July May Jan Jan June	12½ 1½ 53½ 48½ 52 103½ 12¾ 46 6⅓ 25	Mar Jan Feb Apr June Feb Apr May Apr
Di Giorgio Fruit com	10 40 23 1734 40 1534 8434 514 5 3434 1532 3736 2034	10 40 23 1654 40 1514 8414 5114 512 3738 20 734	40% 15½ 86¾ 52 5 34½ 16⅙ 37¾ 20¼	721 10 245 882 190 160 160 280 357 10 680 303 500 7,571	4 36 22 16½ 39 15 80 47¾ 4 34½ 14⅓ 36¼ 18⅓ 6⅓	Jan June June June May June Jan Jan Jun Jan Jan Jan Apr	17½ 59 27 24¾ 47½ 19¾ 96½ 57½ 40 18¼ 41¼ 31¼ 8¾	Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Mar Jan Mar Feb Apr
Hale Bros Stores Inc* Hancock Oil* Hawalian Pineapple	15 2534 411/2 37 281/2 121/4 23/4 40 361/2 13 13	15 2534 4114 37 28 1214 40 35 13 13	17¼ 25¾ 41½ 38 28¼ 12¼ 40 37¾ 13 13¼ 11¼	714 260 435 160 663 300 149 205 2,067 111 429 100	15 21 3576 37 271/2 121/4 23/4 371/2 30 10 97/8 11/4	July May June July July July July May June Jan Jan May	22 2534 5344 444 3648 1648 458 42 4518 1478 1648 238	Feb July Jan Mar Jan Jan Jeb Feb Apr Feb Jan
(I) Magnin & Co com* Marchant Cal Mach com.5 Meier Frank Nat Automotive Fibres* Natomas Co* No Amer Inv com	18 273/8 11 291/4 97/8 251/2 14 29 24 103/4 14	18 247% 11 2914 978 2512 14 29 24 103% 14	18 271/8 113/8 30 10 251/2 14 29 24 107/8	120 5,308 830 540 450 10 300 365 255 995 70	17 2256 1036 2614 956 2312 1212 2812 28 1312	June June June June June Jan May June June June June May	23½ 28 13¼ 445% 13½ 33 167% 32 28 12½ 17¾	Mar Feb May Feb Mar Mar Jan Mar May Apr
Paauhau Sugar 15 Pacific Amer Fisheries 5 Pacific Can Co	13 1878 1214 3058 2934 2778 45 1051/2 576 21	127/8 181/4 121/4 30 293/4 271/8 431/4 1051/2 53/4 203/4	14¼ 18½ 12¼ 30½ 29¾ 27½ 45 105½ 5½ 21	830 460 290 101,799 220 493 955 50 959 585	283% 253% 41 1031% 5	Apr Apr July June Mar Mar June May June June	18 225% 18½ 38 323% 29¼ 53½ 107 83% 24	Jan Jan Feb Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan
Pacific Tel & Tel com100 6% preferred100 Paraffine Cos common* Pig'n Whistle pref* Ry Equip & Realty com*		141 139 695% 3	141 140½ 69% 3½ 11½		33 62 3		156 150 87 51/2 183/4	July Jan Feb Jan Jan

For tootnotes see page .18

	Friday Last Sale		Range	Sales for Week	Range	Since	Jan. 1,	1937
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Price	Low	High		Lo	20	H	gh
Rainier Pulp & Paper A. * B. * Republic Petroleum	85 76½ 8 46½ 18¼ 9% 3¾ 25	83 76½ 7 46½ 18¼ 9½ 388 24	85 79 9½ 48¾ 18¾ 9% 3¾ 25	380 1,080 3,080 160 1,581 5,956 225 204	50 46 614 411/2 15 81/2 3 24	Jan Jan June June May June June July	85 79 13¼ 50 19¼ 10¾ 3¼ 33 33	July July Feb Apr June May May
SJL & Pwr 7% pr pref_100 Shell Union Oil common_* Signal Oil & Gas Co A_* Soundview Pulp Co5 Preferred100 Southern Pacific Co100 So Pac Golden Gt A* B*	117 28 ³ / ₄ 9 ³ / ₈ 63 105 48 ¹ / ₂ 1/ ₂	117 2834 3734 6114 105 4812 12	117 2834 3912 6912 105 4812	10 219 775 10,071 10 161 600 300	114 26 34½ 40 102 4158	Apr Apr May Feb Mar June June June	120 $33\frac{3}{4}$ $48\frac{1}{2}$ $69\frac{1}{2}$ 105 $65\frac{1}{4}$ $1\frac{3}{4}$	Feb Feb Mar July July Mar Jan Jan
Spring Valley Water Co* Standard Oil Co of Calif* Super Mold Corp of Calif 10 Tide Water Ass'd Oil com* Transamerica Corp* Union Oil Co of Calif25 Union Sugar Co com25 Universal Consol Oil10	814 4414 2018 1834 1314 2558 20 1938	814 44 20 1858 1314 2518 1914 1634	814 4412 2014 19 1334 2558 20 1858	208 1,600 1,370 2,140 21,956 3,232 1,047 4,000	81/8 391/2 15 16 121/4 23 18 115/8	June June June June June Apr Jan	12 497/8 211/2 215/8 171/2 281/4 24 185/8	Feb June Feb Jan Feb Feb Mar
Western Pipe & Steel Co_10 Yel Checker Cab A50	33 43	31½ 43	33 44	735 100	30 43	June June	40¾ 64	Mar Jan



STRASSBURGER & CO.

(Since 1880)

Members: New York Stock Exchange—San Francisco Stock Exchange—San Francisco Curb Exchange—Chicago Board of Trade—New York Curb Exchange (Associate) Direct Private Wire

San Francisco Curb Exchange

July 10 to July 16, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

July 10 to July 10, 50	Friday Last	Week 8	Range	Sales	Range Since	Jan. 1, 1937
Stocks— Par	Sale Price	Low P	rices High		Low	High
Alaska Mexican5		15e	18c	1,400	10e Jan	50c Feb
Alaska Treadwell25		1.35		100	45c Jan	2.50 Feb
Alaska United Gold5	12c	11c	13c		6c Jan	50c Feb
Alaska United Gold5 American Tel & Tel100	1701/2	168 1/2	170	287	160 Apr	186 ¼ Jan
American Toll Bridge1	22	80c	81c	2,025 130	71c May 19 June	97c Feb 2714 Feb
Anglo Nat'l Corp5		2136	71/2	25	6 June	27½ Feb 11½ Jan
Arkansas Nat'l Gas A		7	7	10	61/4 June	13 Feb
Arkansas Nat'l Gas A Atlas Corp com		15	151/6	34	14 34 June	1814 Mar
Aviation Corp3		6%	6 1/8	10	6 May	9¼ Jan
Bancamerica-Blair 1 Bunker Hill-Sullivan 10	935	9	934	1,960	81/4 June	13¼ Jan 28¾ July
Bunker Hill-Sullivan10		27¾ 17	27 34 17 56	200 215	24 June 17 July	28¾ July 25¼ Feb
z Calif Art Tile A Calif-Pac Trading pref		6	6	120	6 May	8 Feb
Carson Hill gold	50c	45e	50e	1,660	45c July	50e July
Carson Hill gold	43c	40c	43c	500	35c June	82c Feb
z C ntral Eureka1		1.40	1.45	3,700	40c Jan	1.90 Mar
z Preferred1		1.35	1.35	1,300	40e Jan	1.90 Mar
Cities Service	316	3	3 1/4	1,407	2% June	514 Jan
Claude Neon Lights1	214 75c	1 7/8	234 75e	1,835	70c Jan 70c May	3% Mar 2.50 Mar
Coen Co's Inc A Columbia River Packer	3.00	75e 3.00	3.25	200	3.00 Mar	5.25 Mar
Consolidated Oil	0.00	1614	16 14	170	14 1/4 June	17% Apr
Continent Oil		48	48	20	411 May	48 July
Curtiss-Wright Corp1	63%	614	6 1/8	405	5 June	8% Mar
Dominguez Oil Fields	51	51	51 1/2	130	49 June	54 Jan
Gt West Elec Chem com		73	79	80	66 % May 35 June	79 July 48% Mar
Hawaiian Sugar Co20	1.05	3714	37¼ 1.05	4,100	35 June 80c Jan	1.60 Mar
z Holly Development1 Idaho-Maryland Mining_1	1.00	4.00	4.05	1,450	3.60 Apr	736 Jan
z Internati Cinema1	1.10	1.01	1.15	1,100	1.05 June	7½ Jan 1.85 Mar
Internati Tel & Tel		113%	12 5/8	22	9% May	15% Feb
Italo Petroleum1	67c	64c	73c	2,233	51c Jan	1.25 Mar
Preferred1	4.95	4.80	53%	1,661	4.00 June	7% Mar
Kinner Airpl & Motor1	25e	27e 25e	31c 25c	2,600 500	10e June 20c Apr	72c Feb 50c Mar
Kleiber Motors10	230	2.25	2.60	120	2.25 July	4.80 Jan
Menasco Mfg Co1 M J & M & M Consol1	45c	420	45c	6,600	40c May	63c Feb
Mountain City Copper 5c	1114	111/4	12	325	9% June 9% May	171/2 Mar
North American Aviation 1	123/81	12%	121/2	275,	9% May	17¼ Jan
Oahu Sugar Co20	37	37	38	365	34% June	44 Jan
Occidental Petroleum1	48c	48c	57c	1,600	32c July	82e Feb
Pac Coast Aggregates_10	2.50 1.25	2.50	2.65	890 5,150	2.15 July 1.00 July	4.15 Jan 1.80 May
Pacific Distillers	2484	1.00	1.35 26	105	1.00 July 21½ June	29¼ Apr
Packard Motors	2474	2434 834	91/4	110	21½ June 8½ June	123% Feb
Packard Motors		5	5	100	4 Inno	8 Feb
Pioneer Mill Co20		2914	2914	35	26% June	37½ Jan 125% Jan
Radio Corp of America	9	9	93/8	575	7% June	125/8 Jan
Riverside Cement A		16	16	50	15 May	20% Mar
Santa Cruz Port Cem50	401/2		401/2	10	40½ July	50 Jan
Schumacher Wall Brd pref		2812	22 38¼	110	18 Jan 38¼ July	27 Mar 411/2 Jan
herwood Swan	7	3814	716	430	6 Tuno	10 May
ou Calif-Edison25	25	245%	71/2 251/8	190	22% May	32% Jan 28% Mar 29¼ Jan 16% Jan
51/2 % preferred 25	25%	251/6	25%	120	24% June	281/8 Mar
6% preferred25		21%	27%	85	265% June	291/4 Jan
Sou Calif-Edison		13	13	60	223 May 24% June 26% June 11% June	161/8 Jan
Stearman-Hammond 1.25	1.65	1.40	1.70	2,400	1.25 June	2.70 Mar
Sunset McKee A	20	20	20	50 10	9 Mar	24 Feb 9% Mar
В	0	a	0	10	o Mar	of Mar

Schwabacher & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

111 Broadway, New York

Cortlandt 7-4150

Private wire to own offices in San Francisco — Los Angeles — Santa Barbara — Del Monte — Hollywood — Beverly Hills

	Friday Last Week s Range Sale of Prices		Sales for Week	Range	Since .	Jan. 1,	1937	
Stocks (Concluded) Par		Low	High	Shares	Lot	10	Hig	h
Superior Port Cem B	2.65 2.00 11638 938 19	19 2.65 61 5 2.00 116% 914 18 13%	19 2.75 61 5 2.10 11638 958 1938	50 1,000 50 100 2,500 50 3,199 1,660 200	17 1.55 58 414 1.25 7734 638 15	May Jan July June Jan Jan Jan Jan Mar	21 3.75 80 814 2.90 1263% 914 1814 18	Feb Feb Mar Jan Feb Mar July Apr Feb

* No par value. c Cash sale. c A. M. Castle & Co. split its common stock on a two-for-one basis on March 9, 1937.

b Ex-stock dividend.

Ex-stock dividend.

Stock split up on a two-for-one basis.

Stock dividend of 100% paid Sept. 1, 1936.

Cash sale—Not included in range for year.

Ex-dividend. ## Ex rights

Listed. ## In default.

¶ Name changed to Boston Edison Co. effective July 16.

Company in bankruptcy, receivership or reorganisation.

Foreign Stocks, Bonds and Coupons **Inactive Exchanges**

WALTER E. BRAUNL

52 William St., N. Y.

For footnotes see page 424.

Foreign Unlisted Dollar Bonds

roreign	וטו	liste	d Dollar Bonds		
Ambala 7a ta 1040	Bid	Ask	Housing & Real Imp 7s '46	Bid	Ask
Anhalt 7s to	f25	29	Hungarian Cent Mut 7s '37	f19 f31	
Argentine 4s1972	92 %	92 %	Hungarian Ital Bk 71/48 '32	f31	
Argentine 4s	f20	23	Hungarian Discount & Ex-	* 25	
Barranguilla 8e'35-40-46-48	f20 f26	23 30	change Bank 7s1936 Ilseder Steel 6s1948	f35 f26	29
Bavaria 61/28 to1945	1231		Jugoslavia 5s Funding 1956	50	52
Bavarian Palatinate Cons			Jugoslavia 2d ser 5s1956	50	52
Cities 7% to1945 Bogota (Colombia) 6 1/28 '47	f18	22 23	Nov 1932 to May 1935	156	
881940	119	2016	Nov 1935 to Nov 1936	141	
Bolivia (Republic) 8s_1947	18%	2014 914 834	Koholyt 6 1/8 1943	f23 1/2	25
7s1958 7s1969	f814	8%	Land M Bk Warsaw 8s '41 Leipzig O'land Pr 61/18 '46	f52 f27	30
681940	18	10	Leipzig Trade Fair 7s 1953	f23	25
Brandenburg Elec 6s 1953	f23	24 16	Luneberg Power Light &	eng 1/	9514
Brazil funding 5%_1931-51 Brazil funding scrip	83 16 196	84 1/2	Water 7%1948 Mannheim & Palat 7s. 1941	f23 1/2 f23	2514
Bremen (Germany) 7s 1935	124	26	Meridionale Elec 7s1957	80	83
6s1940 British Hungarian Bank	f22	25	Munich 7s to 1945	f23	25
British Hungarian Bank	f38		Munic Bk Hessen 7s to '45 Municipal Gas & Elec Corp	f22 16	2436
Brown Coal Ind Corp—	100		Recklinghausen 7s. 1947	f23	25
61/51953	f24 34		Nassau Landbank 61/8 '38 Natl Bank Panama 61/8	f23 1/2	26 1/2
Buenos Aires scrip Burmeister & Wain 6s_1940	165	68	Nati Bank Panama 61/2%	f88	
Caldas (Colombia) 7 1/28 '46	f111 f151/2	16 1/2	(A & B) 1946-1947 (C & D) 1948-1949	186	
Call (Colombia) 7s 1947	f15	. 16 1/2	Nat Central Savings Bk of	***	1
Callao (Peru) 7 1/48 1944 Cauca Valley 7 1/48 1946	f12	1316	Hungary 7 1/5 1962 National Hungarian & Ind	f31	
Ceara (Brazil) 881947	f151/2	16 16	Mtge 7%1948	f31	
Central German Power			North German Lloyd 6s '47	198	100
Magdeburg 6s1934	f23	19	481947	53 f23	25
Chile Govt 6s assented	f1716	19	Oberpfals Elec 7% 1946 Oldenburg-Free State 7%	120	
Chilean Nitrate 5s1968	f171%	7236	to1945	f22 16	24 1/2
City Savings Bank Budapest 7s1953			Panama City 616a 1952	f45 f47	49 52
Colombia serin issue of '33	f31 f78	80	Panama 5% scrip	124 16	26
Colombia scrip issue of '33 Issue of 1934 4%1946	158	60	Protestant Church (Ger-		-
Cordoba 78 stamped1937	179	81	many) 781946	f22 f25	
Costa Rica funding 5% '51 Costa Rica Pac Ry 7 1/28 '49	f29	32 14	many) 7s1946 Prov Bk Westphalia 6s '33 Prov Bk Westphalia 6s '36	125	
5s1949	130 15	37	581941	f21	
Cundinamarca 6 1/4s1959	114	15	5s 1941 Rhine Westph Elec 7% '36 6s 1941 Rio de Janeiro 6% 1933	f30	
Dortmund Mun Util 6s '48	f24 f22 16	26	Blo de Janeiro 6% 1933	f21 f22 1/2	24
Duesseldorf 7s to 1945 Duisburg 7% to 1945	12236	2416	Rom Cath Church 0 258 401	122 1/2	2416
East Prussian Pow 6s_1953	f23	25	R C Church Welfare 7s '46	f22	24
Electric Pr (Germ) 61/48 '50	f24 f24	26 26	Royal Dutch 4s1945 Saarbruccken M Bk 6s '47	162 f23	25
6⅓s1953 European Mortgage & In-	124	20	Saivador 7%1957	f38	
vestment 7 1/48 1966	f35		7s ctfs of dep1957	f34	35
71/s income1966	f30		4s scrip1948	f12 f71	131/2
7s1967 7s_income1967	f35 f30		8s ctfs of dep1948	161	
Frankfurt 7s to1945 French Nat Mail SS 6s '52	f23	25	Santa Catharina (Brazil)	4071	001/
French Nat Mail SS 6s '52	10036		8%	f27 1/3 f80	2814 8114
Geisenkirchen Min 6s. 1934 6s	f82 f67		Serip.	180	
68 1940	160		Santander (Colom) 7s_1948	f1234	13%
German Atl Cable 7s. 1945	f26	28	Sao Paulo (Brazil) 6s1943	f22 1/4 f24 1/4	23 1/2 26 1/4
German Building & Land- bank 61/2 %1948	f2336	251/2	Saxon Pub Works 7s 1945 6 1/4s	123%	25¾ 27¾
German Conversion Office			Saxon State Mtge 6s_1947 Serbian 5s1956	1241/2	271/2
Funding 3s1946	f36 34	3714	Serbian 5s	50 50	52 52
Int ctfs of dep Jan 1 '38 German defaulted coupons:	f80	100	Coupons—	00	02
July to Dec 1933	f58		Nov 1932 to May 1935	156	
Jan to June 1934	740		Nov 1935 to Nov 1936	f41 f345	
July to Dec 1934 Jan to June 1935	f41 1/4 f40 1/4		Siem & Halske deb 6s_2930 7s1940	198	
July to Dec 1935	139		State Mtge Bk Jugoslavia		
Jan to June 1936	1371/2		581956	52	55
July to Dec 1936	f36 f23 1/2	251/2	2d series 5s1956 Coupons—	51	53
German scrip	1616	7	Oct 1932 to April 1935	156	
German Dawes coupons:	-		Oct 1935 to Oct 1936	f41	05
Dec 1934 stamped	1916	1936	Stettin Pub Util 7s1946 Stinnes 7s unstamped 1936	f23 f69	25
Apr 15 '35 to Apr 15 '37 - German Young coupons:	f181/4	19	Certificates 4s1936	159	
Dec 1 '34 stamped	f12	1216	7s unstamped1946	f61	
June 1 '35 to June 1 '37.	105%	15	Certificates 4s1946	91	93
Graz (Austria) 8s1954 Great Britain & Ireland—	105%		Toho Electric 781955 Tolima 781947	11234	13%
481960-1990	109	110	Union of Soviet Soc Repub		
Guatemala 8s1948	148		7% gold ruble1943	186.61	91.21
Hanover Harz Water Wks	1291/	25	Unterelbe Electric 6s1953 Vesten Elec Ry 7s1947	f23 1/2 f22	2514
6%1957 Haiti 6%1953	f22 1/2 97 f62	99	Wurtemberg 7s to1945	f23	23 14 24 14
Haiti 6%	f62				
6s unstamped1939	177				

Provincial and Municipal Issues

Province of Alberta-	B14	Ask	Province of Ontario-	Bid	
56Jan 1 1948	158	60	5sOct 1 1942	1091	
4148 Oct 1 1956	156	5736	6sSept 15 1943	116	
Prov of British Columbia-			5sMay 1 1959		
58July 12 1949	99	100	4sJune 1 1962	106 14	
4148 Oct 1 1953	95 16		414s Jan 15 1965	114	116
Province of Manitoba-			Province of Quebec-		
4148 Aug 1 1941		90	4148Mar 2 1950		11036
58June 15 1954		90	4sFeb 1 1958	10814	10716
58Dec 2 1959		90	41/8 May 1 1961	109 1	111
Prov of New Brunswick-	-		Prov of Saskatchewan-		
4148 Apr 15 1960	110	112	58June 15 1943		75
4148 Apr 15 1961		105	5148 Nov 15 1946		75
Province of Nova Scotia-			4148 Oct 1 1951		79
41/28 Sept 15 1952		109	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
58 Mar 1 1960			li .		

Wood, Gundy

Canadian Bonds

14 Wall St. New York

& Co., Inc.

Private wires to Toronto and Montreal

Railway Bonds

	Bid I	Ask	11	Bid	Ask
Canadian Pacific Ry-		-	Canadian Pacific Ry— 41/8Sept 1 1946 58Dec 1 1954		
4s perpetual debentures.	93	93 14	4348Sept 1 1946	103 1/2	104 14
6sSept 15 1942 f1	10	1101/	5sDec 1 1954	106	106 %
4168Dec 15 1944 1	01	102	4148July 1 1960	102 %	103 1
5a July 1 10441 1	13 11	14 16	1		

Dominion Government Guaranteed Bonds

	1	Bid	Ask	l	1	Bid	Ask
Canadian National F	1 1951	11274	11314	Canadian Northern Ry 638July 1 1	946	12334	12434
4348 June 1	5 1955 1 1956	11514	115%	Grand Trunk Pacific R			
4148July	1 1957	112	1123/8	4sJan 11	962		107
5sJuly 5sOct	1 1969		115%		962	9914	100 34
	1 1970		1181		-		

Investing Companies

Administered Fund 18.55 19.73 Affiliated Fund Inc. 14 10.56 10.08 Amere Holding Corp. 26% 28% Amer Business Shares 50 28% Amer Business Shares 50 28% Amer Gentiness Shares 50 28% Amer Business Shares 50 60 Amer de Continental Corp. 13% Amer Gentiness Shares 50 60 Amer de Continental Corp. 14% 12½ Ansoe Stand Oil Shares 50 60 Business Shares 50 60 Business Parts 50 60 Class B.						
Amer Business Shares 50, 1, 2, 1, 23, 23, 24, Amer Business Shares 50, 1, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67	Par	Bid	Ask	II. Par	Bid	Ask
Amer Business Shares 50, 1, 2, 1, 23, 23, 24, Amer Business Shares 50, 1, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67	Administered Fund*	18.55	19.73	Incorporated Investors		47
Amer Business Shares 50, 14, 23, 23 22 Amer Business Shares 50, 14, 24, 24, 25 Amer Gen Edutite Inc 25c 1.07 1.07 1.07 1.07 1.07 1.07 1.07 1.07	Affiliated Fund Inc 1%	10.05	2014	Invest Co. of Amer com. 10		
Amer Gen Equities Inc 250	Amerex Holding Corp	1 20	1 32	Keystone Cust Ed Inc B-3	21 24	
Am Insurance Stock Corp* 6	Amer & Continental Corn	1116	1216	Series R-2	30.05	32.84
Amo Stand Oil Shares. 2 7/5 84 Bankers Nat Invest Corp * 35/6 84 Banker SNat Invest Corp * 35/6 84 British Trype Invest A. 1 5.47 Broad St Invest Co Inc. 5 35.59 Bullock Fund Ltd. 1 4.40 Cantari Nat Corp class A. * 40 Class B. * 6 Century Shares Trust. * 225.93 Commonwealth Invest. 1 5.47 Consol Funds Corp cl A. 1 94 Contoinental Shares pt. 100 175/6 Corporate Trust Shares 1 2.82 Series AA mod. 1 2.83 Series AA mod. 1 2.84 Series AA commutative series. 1 2.82 Series AA commutative series. 1 2.82 Series AA commutative Series. 1 2.82 Series AA commutative Series. 1 2.83 Series AA mod. 1 2.84 Series AC mod. 1 2.84 Series AC mod. 1 2.84 Series AA mod. 1 2.84 Series AA mod. 1 2.85 Series B	Amer Gen Equities Inc 25c	1.07	1.19	Series K-1	25.13	27.37
Bankers Nat Invest Corp 3	Am Insurance Stock Corp *	514		Series K-2	20.26	
Bankers Nat Invest Corp 3	Assoc Stand Oil Shares 2	736	83%	Series S-2		
Basic Industry Snares 10 0.05 British Type Invest A 1 5-5 British Type Invest A 1 5-5 Bullock Fund Ltd 1 4-4 4-5 Cansdan Inv Fund Ltd 1 4-4 Cansdan Inv Fund Ltd 1 4-5 Cansdan Inv Fund Shares 1-5 Cansdan Inv Fund Shares 1-5 Cansdan Inv Fund Ltd 1 4-5 Cansdan Inv Fund Ltd 1 4-5	Bankers Nat Invest Corp *	3 %	436	Series S-4	12.40	13.74
Boston Fund Inc.	Basic Industry Shares. 10			Major Shares Corp*	316	
Broad St Invest Co Inc.	Boston Fund Inc	24.83	26.56	Maryland Fund Inc 10c	9.55	
Bulliock Fund Ltd.	British Type Invest A1	.54	20.00	Mass Investors Trust 1		
Canadian Inv Fund Ltd. 4.46 42 Class B. 6 6 6 Century Shares Trust. 225.93 27.88 Commonwealth Invest. 1 5.47 Consol Flunds Corp of A. 94 1114 1834 Continental Shares pt. 100 1794 1834 Continental Shares pt. 100 1794 1834 Series AA. 2.82 Accumulative series. 1 2.82 Accumulative series. 1 3.64 Series AA mod. 3.64 Series AC C mod. 1 3.64 Series Bares. 100 12 Series AC C mod. 1 3.64 Series Inomonate of Crum & Forster com. 102 27 S % preferred. 100 12 Series Inomonate of C common B shares. 10 13 Series Inomonate of C common B shares. 10 3.25 Series Inomonate of C common B shares. 10 12 Series Inomonate of C common B shares. 10 13 Series Inomonate of C common B shares. 10 12 Series Inomonate of C common B shares. 10 13 Series Inomonate of C common B shares. 10 13 Series Inomonate of C common B shares. 10 13 Series Inomonate of C common B shares. 10 13 Series Inomonate of C common B shares. 10 13 Series Inomonate of C common B shares. 10 13 Series Inomonate of C common B shares. 10 13 Series Inomonate of C common B shares. 10 13 Series Inomonate of C common B shares. 10 13 Series Inomonate of C common B shares. 10 13 Series Inomonate of C common B shares. 10 13 Series Inomonate of C common B shares. 10 13 Series Inomonate of C common B shares. 10 Series Inomonate of C common B shares. 10 13 Series Inomonate of C commonate of C commonate of C commonate of C common B shares. 10 Series Inomonate of C commonate of	Broad St Invest Co Inc. 5			Mutual Invest Fund10	10.11	17.61
Contral Nat Corp class A	Bullock Fund Ltd1	T21 %	4 95	Mattenal Investors Com	7 41	7 50
Class B	Canadian Inv Fund Ltd1					
Century Shares Trust.	Class B					
Commonwealth filvest: 3.50 5.00 17% 18% 18 18 2.23 2.23 2.24 2.25 2.27 2.26 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.27 2.2	Century Charge Trust	25 93	27.88	New England Fund		
Continental Shares pf. 100 17% 18% 18ms stocks 11.32 12.23	Commonwealth Invest	5.47	5.85	N Y Bank Trust Shares 1		20.21
Continental Shares 1, 100 17% 18% 2.82 3.64 3.64 3.64 3.64 3.64 3.64 3.64 3.64 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65 3.65	Consol Funds Coro cl A 1	914	1114	N Y Stocks Inc-	-/-	
Corporate Trust Shares	Continental Shares of 100	1734	1814	Bank stocks	11.32	12.23
Series ACC mod	Corporate Trust Shares1	2.97		Building supplies		12.55
Series ACC mod	Series AA1	2.82		Electrical equipment	12.50	13.44
Series ACC mod	Accumulative series 1	2.82		Insurance stocks	10.50	11.34
Series ACC mod.	Series AA mod1					
Solution Solution	Series ACC mod1	3.64		Railroad equipments	14.06	15.17
Deposited Bank Sha ser Al 2.37 Deposited Insur Sha ser Bl 3.23 3.25 Deposited Insur Sha ser Bl 3.23 3.25 Deposited Insur Sha ser Bl 3.23 3.25 Dividend Shares 3.50 7.40 8.20 D. 1 7.40 8.20 D. 2.10 Deposited Insur Sha ser Bl 11s4 Quarterly Inc Shares 16 17.72 19.41 Dividend Shares 2.10 2.10 Equit Inv Corp (Mass) 5 5.00 D. 2.10 Equit Inv Corp (Mass) 5 3.85 36.37 Equit Vorp conv pref 1 35.44 35.45 Fiscal Fund Inc 2.15 Shares 1.00 Insurance stock series 0.00 Exed Trust Shares 1.00 1.00 1.10 1.23 1.23 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	Crum & Forster com10	25	27	Steel stocks	15.73	
Deposited Bank Sha ser Al 2.37 Deposited Insur Sha ser Bl 3.23 3.25 Deposited Insur Sha ser Bl 3.23 3.25 Deposited Insur Sha ser Bl 3.23 3.25 Dividend Shares 3.50 7.40 8.20 D. 1 7.40 8.20 D. 2.10 Deposited Insur Sha ser Bl 11s4 Quarterly Inc Shares 16 17.72 19.41 Dividend Shares 2.10 2.10 Equit Inv Corp (Mass) 5 5.00 D. 2.10 Equit Inv Corp (Mass) 5 3.85 36.37 Equit Vorp conv pref 1 35.44 35.45 Fiscal Fund Inc 2.15 Shares 1.00 Insurance stock series 0.00 Exed Trust Shares 1.00 1.00 1.10 1.23 1.23 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	8% preferred100	115		No Amer Bond Trust ctfs.	59%	63%
Deposited Bank Sha ser Al 2.37 Deposited Insur Sha ser Bl 3.23 3.25 Deposited Insur Sha ser Bl 3.23 3.25 Deposited Insur Sha ser Bl 3.23 3.25 Dividend Shares 3.50 7.40 8.20 D. 1 7.40 8.20 D. 2.10 Deposited Insur Sha ser Bl 11s4 Quarterly Inc Shares 16 17.72 19.41 Dividend Shares 2.10 2.10 Equit Inv Corp (Mass) 5 5.00 D. 2.10 Equit Inv Corp (Mass) 5 3.85 36.37 Equit Vorp conv pref 1 35.44 35.45 Fiscal Fund Inc 2.15 Shares 1.00 Insurance stock series 0.00 Exed Trust Shares 1.00 1.00 1.10 1.23 1.23 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	Crum & Forster Insurance	20	9.5	No Amer Tr Shares 1953.	2.74	
Deposited Bank Sha ser Al 2.37 Deposited Insur Sha ser Bl 3.23 3.25 Deposited Insur Sha ser Bl 3.23 3.25 Deposited Insur Sha ser Bl 3.23 3.25 Dividend Shares 3.50 7.40 8.20 D. 1 7.40 8.20 D. 2.10 Deposited Insur Sha ser Bl 11s4 Quarterly Inc Shares 16 17.72 19.41 Dividend Shares 2.10 2.10 Equit Inv Corp (Mass) 5 5.00 D. 2.10 Equit Inv Corp (Mass) 5 3.85 36.37 Equit Vorp conv pref 1 35.44 35.45 Fiscal Fund Inc 2.15 Shares 1.00 Insurance stock series 0.00 Exed Trust Shares 1.00 1.00 1.10 1.23 1.23 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	Common B shares10	112		Series 19501		
Deposited Bank Shs ser A1 2.37 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47 3.47	7% preferred100	8 38		Series 1950		
Deposited Insur Shs ser B1 3.47 3.23 3.47 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25 3.25	Deposited Bank Shares A1	2.37		Northern Securities 100		85
Deposited Insur Shs ser B1 Diversified Trustee Shares B	Deposited Insur She A	3.47		Pacific Southern Inv pref *		
Diversified Trustee Shares 1.54 Class B 3.5 9.6 1.7.2 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 19.41 1.60 17.72 17.72	Deposited Insur Sha ser R1	3.23		Class A.		
B	Diversified Trustee Shares	0.00		Class B	3	4
C	B	11%		Plymouth Fund Inc A 10cl	.85	.96
D	C 3.50	5.00		Quarterly Inc Shares	17.72	19.41
Dividend Shares	D1	7.40	8.20	Representative Trust Shs.		14.33
Equit Inv Corp (Mass) 5 33.85 Equity Corp conv pref. 1 35¼ 38¼ 30.32 Fiscal Fund Inc— * 28.15 30.32 Fiscal Fund Inc— * 3.56 3.86 3.88 Sovereign Invest Inc com 1.11 1.23 Sovereign Invest Inc com 2.113 22.24 Standard Am Trust Shares 4.10 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 10.87 1	Dividend Shares25c	x1.95	2.10			1.60
Equity Corp conv pref. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		99 05	90 97	Royalties Management1	35	1
Fidelity Fund Inc	Equit Inv Corp (Mass)5			Selected Amon Shares 014	14 70	10 11
Spencer Trask Fund	Edulty Corp conv pret 1	28 15	30 32	Sovereign Invest Inc. com	1 11	
Bank stock series	Fiscal Fund Inc.	20.10	00.04	Spencer Track Fund	21 13	22 24
Super Corp of Am Tr Shs A 1.4 1.4 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	Bank stock series 10c	3.56	3.88	Standard Am Trust Shares		
Super Corp of Am Tr Shs A 1.4 1.4 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	Insurance stock series 10c		4.20	Standard Utilities Inc	.83	.90
B	Fixed Trust Shares A 10	13.08		Super Corp of Am Tr Shs Al	4.14	
Foundation Trust Shs A	B	10.87		AA	2.72	
Fundamental InvestInc. 2 23.97 25.91 BB. 2.72 Ceneral Capital Corp. 42.97 46.20 General Investors Trust. 6.92 7.53 Group Securities 2.00 2.16 Automobile shares. 1.33 1.45 Series C. 1 3.08 Series C. 1 3.02 Chemical shares. 2.05 2.22 Chemical shares. 2.05 2.22 1.73 Food shares. 1.59 1.73 Food shares. 1.57 1.70 1.70 Merchandise shares. 1.40 1.52 Mining shares. 1.57 1.70 1.52 Mining shares. 1.73 1.88 Petroleum shares. 1.64 1.59 Mining shares. 1.65 1.73 1.88 RR equipment shares. 1.46 1.59 Chemical shares. 1.66 RR equipment shares. 1.67 1.52 Chemical shares. 1.68 1.59 1.73 1.66 Chemical shares. 1.69 1.73 1.88 Chemical shares. 1.60 1.50 Chemical shares. 1.60 1.50 Chemical shares. 1.60 1.50 Chemical shares. 1.60 1.50 Chemical shares. 1.67 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70 1.70	Foundation Trust Shs A.1		5.20	B		
B	Fundamental InvestInc2		25.91	BB	2.72	
Second Capital Corp. 42.97 40.20 Supervised Shares 3 14.37 15.62		6.23	6.88	C	7.91	
General Investors Trust. 6.92 7.53 Group Securities— 2.00 2.16 Automobile shares 1.33 1.45 Building shares 2.05 2.22 Chemical shares 1.59 1.73 Food shares 1.57 1.70 Merchandise shares 1.40 1.52 Mining shares 1.73 1.88 Petroleum shares 1.73 1.88 RR equipment shares 1.46 1.59 Steel shares 2.16 2.272 Voting trust ctts 98 1.66 Un N Y Bank Trust C-3 3.08 Trustee Stand Oil Shs A.1 7.98 Series C 1 3.02 1.78 Series B 1 7.75 Trustee Stand Oil Shs A.1 7.98 Series D 1 1 7.75 Trustee Stand Oil Shs A.1 7.98 Trustee Stand Oil Shs A.1 7.98 Series D 1 1 7.75 Series D 1 1 7.98 Trustee Stand Oil Shs A.1 7.98 Trustee Stand Oil Shs A.1 7.98 Series D 1 1 7.75 Series D 1 1 7.7		5.72	40.00	D		
Group Securities	General Capital Corp			Supervised Shares3	14.37	15.62
Agricultural shares	General Investors Trust.	0.92	7.00	Trustee Stand Invest Cha		
Building shares 2.05 1.73 1.73 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		2.00	2 16	Series C	2 08	
Building shares 2.05 1.73 1.73 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5			1.45	Series D		
Mining shares 1.73 1.88 B 2.62 2.72	Building shares		2.22	Trustee Stand Oil She A 1		
Mining shares 1.73 1.88 B 2.62 2.72	Chemical shares		1.73	Series B		
Mining shares 1.73 1.88 B 2.62 2.72	Food shares	.95		Trusteed Amer Bank Sha B	.86	.96
Mining shares 1.73 1.88 B 2.62 2.72	Investing shares.	1.57	1.70	Trusteed Industry Shares	1.50	1.66
Mining shares.	Merchandise shares	1.40	1.52	O D AN AN OC A I DUMING A	1636	16 36
1.05	Mining shares	1.73		В	2.62	2.72
Steel shares	Petroleum shares	1.53	1.66	Voting trust ctfs	.98	1.06
Tobacco shares 1.02 1.12 Wellington Fund 1 18.61 20.41 Guardian Inv Trust com 4 24 26 Huron Holding Corp 1.60 1.00 Bancamerica-Bisir Corp 1 9½ 10 First Boston Corp 10 26 274	RR equipment shares	1.46		Un N Y Bank Trust C-3.	314	4
Tobacco shares 1.02 1.112 weimigton Fund 1 18.61 20.41 Guardian Inv Trust com. 4 24 26 Investm't Banking Corps Huron Holding Corp. 1 .60 1.00 Bancamerica-Biair Corp. 1 9½ 10 First Boston Corp. 10 26 27¼	Steel shares	2.15	2.33	Un N Y Tr Sha ser F	1%	136
\$7 Preferred	Tobacco shares	1.02		wennigton Fund1	18.61	20.41
Huron Holding Corp	S7 Professed	94 73	26 74	Investm't Banking Course		
Institutional Securities Ltd Bank Group shares	Huran Holding Corn			Bancamerica-Bisir Corp.	014	10
Bank Group shares 1.73 1.87 Schoelkopf, Hutton & Insurance Group Shares. 1.59 1.72 Pomeroy Inc com	Institutional Securities Ted	.00	2.00	First Boston Corp	26	
Insurance Group Shares 1.59 1.72 Pomeroy Inc com. 10c 344 444	Bank Group shares	1.73	1.87	Schoelkopf, Hutton	20	21.73
	Insurance Group Shares			Pomeroy Inc com10c	354	454

For footnotes see page 424.

MEMBERS NEW YORK SECURITY DEALERS ASSOCIATION TELEPHONE HANOVER 2-0980

BELL SYSTEM TELETYPE NY 1-395

CABLE ADDRESS HARTWAL

SPECIALIZING IN CANADIAN UTILITY AND INDUSTRIAL STOCKS AND BONDS

ALDRED BUILDING MONTREAL

52 WILLIAM STREET **NEW YORK**

ROYAL BANK BUILDING TORONTO

PRIVATE WIRES CONNECT OFFICES

Volume 145

Canadian Markets

LISTED AND UNLISTED

419

For miscellaneous Canadian tables, usually found in this section, see pages 418 and 421.

Montreal Stock Exchange

July 10 to July 16, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

July 10 to July 10, 50	Friday Sale Sale Last Week's Range for		Sales	Range Since Jan. 1, 1937				
Stucks— Par	Sale Protect	of Pr	tces	for Week				
	Price	Low	High	Shares	Lot		Hu	
Acme Glove Works Ltd* Agnew-Surpass Shoe*	11%	11%	12	80 485	914	Apr Jan	181/2	Jan Jan
Preferred100 Alberta Pac Grain A*	3	106	106	25 45	10514	June	110	Jan Jan
Amal Electric Corp*		18	18	355 15	18	July Jan	4216	Jan Mar
Amal Electric Corp pref_50		30	30	20	29	Apr	30	Apr
Associated Breweries* Bathurst Pow & Paper A.*	21	20 16	21 16	160 2,785	11	Apr	16 23 %	Mar
Bawlf (N) Grain	168	168	169	595	157	July	170	.Jan Feb
British Col Power Corp A.*	25	23¾ 35	25 1/2 35 1/2	3,148 355	1816	Jan July	3014	Mar
B	634	8	8 636	610 1,110	734	Apr	3917 1117 1176	Jan Jan
Bruck Silk Mills Building Products A		61	61	75	5616 1478	July	73	Mar
Preferred 100 Can North Power Corp.	15% 107	15%	173%	1,575 897	104	June Jan	22 % 111	Feb
Can North Power Corp* Canada Steamship (new)*	3	22	22 3	67 515	20	May July	634	Jan Apr
Preferred	11	11 50	12¾ 50	433 130	11	July	1836	Apr
Canadian Car & Foundry.* Preferred	15	14%	15¾ 26	555	1314	May	21%	Feb
Canadian Celanese*	2514	25	2536	1,450 707	23 23	July	32 31	Feb Mar
Preferred 7%100 Rights	21	116 21	117 21	70 25	118 21	July	126 22	Mar Mar
Canadian Converters100 Canadian Foreign Invest.*	19 24 1/2	19 24	19 24 16	42 30	19 23	July	30 33	Feb Feb
Can Hydro-Elect pref 100	87	576	89	5,561	71	Apr	8314	June
Canadian Indust Alchol* Class B	4%	13%	534	3,975 1,870	434	Apr	71/6	Jan Jan
Canadian Locomotive * Canadian Pacific By 25	11%	11136	1314	105 4,394	1314	June July	23 1/4 17 1/4 22 1/4	Jan Mar
Con Min & Smelt new25	14	13 1/6	15 81 1/2	1,500 1,858	11 1/4 13 1/8 72	July	10034	Mar
Distill Corp Seagrams		23	23 50 1/2	185 670	20 34	Apr	29	Mar
Dominion Bridge	201	2016	21	360	19	May	5814 2378	Mar Mar
Dominion Glass	23	113 22	115 24	19,218	110	Jan Jan	28%	Mar
Preferred100	13 86	13 86	14 86	920	12 86	June	1816	Apr
Preferred 100		81 143	81 143	175	73	Jan Feb	85 145	Apr
Dryden Paper	154	1514	15%	465	1356	Jan	20	Apr
Eastern Dairies* Electrolux Corp1	17%	17%	18	125 405	1.50 1736	July	24	Jan Jan
Enamel & Heating Prod*	40	37	40	1,176	30	May	40	Mar
English Electric B	1 14 44	13 23 16	141/2	655 410	10 23	June	16% 31	Jan
General Steel Wares	13	13	13%	480	816	Jan	18	Mar
Goodyear T pref inc 27_50 Gurd, Charles		1134	55 12	100 320	715	May Jan	1514	Jan Feb
Gypsum Lime & Alabaster* Hamilton Bridge	13%	13%	14 1/2	1,545	111/6	June	1814	Mar
Hollinger Gold Mines5 Howard Smith Paper	30	30	30%	770 860	10%	May Jan	1534	Jan Apr
Preferred 100 Imperial Oil Ltd.		104 20 34	106 21	268 4,034	9916	Apr	103	Mar
Imperial Tobacco of Can. 5	14%	143%	1436	900	13 1/4	Jan	1516	Mar
Industrial Acceptance Intercolonial Coal100	36	35 1/4	36 40 1/2	335 15	33 16	June	3814	Jan
Int Hydro-Elec Sys A25 Intl Nickel of Canada*	61 1/4	61	12 1/2 62 1/2	200 2,364	101/4	Jan Apr	7314	Jan Mar
Internat-Pet Co Ltd* International Power*	34 1/2	3416	34%	1,289 25	3314	Apr	39%	Mar
International Power pf_100	90	86	86 32	35	86 1/2	June	98	Jan
Lindsay (C W)	30	814	81/2	80 50	28	June June	15	Jan Jan
Preferred 100 Massey-Harris	1034	101/2	71	1,978	71 814	July Feb	78 1614	June Mar
McColl-Frontenac Oil* Montreal Cottons pref. 100	111/8	103%	1136	1,122	81/4 87/4 105	Apr	15 110	Mar
Mtl L H & P Consol* Montreal Loan & Mtge25	3214	30%	3214	3,237	29 29	Apr	367%	Jan
Montreal Telegraph 40 Montreal Tranways 100		57	57	25	58	Jan Mar	65	Feb
National Breweries	401/2	87 39%	89 401⁄2	877	80 37%	May Apr	100	Mar Feb
National Breweries pref_25 National Steel Car Corp*	49%	495%	40 51 14	65 630	39 39 34	Mar	4214 4314 5714	Feb Jan
Niagara Wire new Noranda Mines Ltd*	63	43	43	66 700	40	Apr	0.8	Feb
Ogilvie Flour Mills *	241	241	63 241	115	235	June	300	Feb
Ottawa Car Mfg100	158	158 30	158 30	115 25	150	Apr	150	Apr
Ottawa L H & Power 100 Preferred 100		86 1/2 102 1/2	86 ½ 102 ½	21 10	95 103	Feb May	103	Jan May
Ottawa Traction100 Penmans*		23 62	23 62	48	20 58	Jan May	23 63%	June
Preferred100		125	126	25	127	Feb	130	Apr Jan
Power Corp of Canada* Quebec Power	22 18	21 1/2 18	22 % 18 ½	873 350	18 17	June June	33% 25%	Feb Jan
Regent Knitting *	10	10 231/2	10 1/4 23 1/2	160 50	19	A pr Jan	2336	June
Preferred 25 Rolland Paper pref 100 Saguenay Power pref 25	104	104	104 102	100	104	Jan Jan	106 1/2	Mar Apr
St Lawrence Corp	1214	123%	13	3,073	814	Jan	15	Apr
A preferred50 St Lawrence Flour Mills100	331/4	33 25	34 % 25	1,140 50	25 22	Jan Mar	39%	Apr
St Lawrence Paper pref 100	871/2	871/2	891/	956	68	Feb	97	May

Montreal	Stock	Exchange
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	Last Week's Range			Sales for Week	Range Since Jan. 1, 1937				
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Lot	0	Hio	h .	
Shawinigan W & Pow*	27	27	28 14	1,935	2516	Apr	331/8	Feb	
Sherwin Williams of Can		24	25	185	23	June	30	Apr	
Preferred100		115	115	15	12814	Mar	130	Jan	
Simon (H) & Sons*	1434	14%	14%	65	14	Jan	16	Jan	
Southern Canada Power *	12	12	14	665	12	July	1814	Feb	
Steel Co of Canada		8416	85	440	77	May	9616	Mar	
Preferred25	78	77	78	60	72 16	June	8814	Mar	
Tooke Brothers*		3	3	5	4	Apr	536	Feb	
United Steel Corp	73%	71/8	814	560	63%	June	1114	Mar	
Viau Biscuit100		50	50	5	50	Jan	60	Mar	
Western Grocers Ltd*	70	70	70	5	70	Feb	70	Feb	
Preferred 100	120	120	120	5	11534	Mar	120	Jan	
Windsor Hotel pref*		10	10	5	11	July	23	Jan	
Winnipeg Electric A	434	436	436	413	3	June	1014	Jan	
В	436	434	436	247	314	June	10	Jan	
Preferred100	30	30	30	110	30	Mar	43	Jan	
Banks-									
Canada		58 34		88	57	Jan	60	June	
Canadienne100	161	161	161	24	150	Jan	160 14	July	
Commerce100		188	188	64	183	Jan	211	Jan	
Montreal		224	228	17	219	Jan	241	Feb	
Nova Scotia 100		235	235	2	314	Jan	340	Mar	
Royal 100	201	200	202	225	200	May	226	Feb	

HANSON BROS Canadian Government

ESTABLISHED 1883 255 St. James St., Montreal 56 Sparks St., Ottawa

Public Utility and Industrial Bonds

Municipal

330 Bay St., Terente

Montreal Curb Market

July 10 to July 16, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale	Week's Range of Prices		Sales or Week	Range Since Jan. 1, 1937			
Stocks- Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Low		Hi	nh .
Abitibi Pow & Paper Co *	65%	656	734	3,390	5%	May	1516	Ap
6% cum pref100	59	58	62 1/2	458	4114	Jan	80	Ap
Certificates of dep 100		61	61 36	80	41	Jan	7914	Ap
Aluminum Ltd*		116	116	100	114	May	135	Ma
Asbestos Corp voting tr *	8736	87	92	1,583	78	June	122 16	Ap
Bathurst Pr & Pap class B .	9	9	914	532	7	Feb	95%	Ap
Beauharnois Power Corp. *	9	75%	934	8,009	6	June	9%	Jai
Belding-Corticelli Ltd100	105	105	105	10	100	Apr	107	Jai
Brewers & Distill of Van *		7	7	25	736	Feb	9	Ap
Brit Amer Oil Co Ltd	23 34	2314	24	1,367	2134	Apr	2614	Ma
B C Packers Ltd		18%	18%	267	1616	Feb	22	Ma
Can & Dom Sugar Co*		713/4	7134	40	60	Apr	73	Ma
Canada Malting Co Ltd *	38	38	38	179	34	Jan	39	May
Can Nor P 7% cum pref 100		111136	1111%	35	109	Jan	112	Feb
Canada Vinegars Ltd*		18	18	5	18	June	20	Jai
Canadian Breweries*		3	314	406	23%	Jan	4	Jar
Preferred*	21	21	21	150	1414	Jan	215%	July
Candn Gen Investments *		9%	9 1/8	20	976	Jan	1134	Fet
Cndn Marconi Co1	2	2	2	325	1.50	July	33/8	Jai
Canadian Pow & Pap Inc.*		3	3	20	3	Mar	734	Jai
5% cum preferred*		18	18	40	18	May	2734	Jan
Canadian Vickers Ltd-								-
Canadian Vickers Ltd— 7% cum pref100	40	40	40	10	42	July	65	Jai
Cndn Westinghouse Co *		67	67	50	66	June	67	July
Cndn Wineries Ltd*		1.90	2.00	15		June	31/8	Jai
City Gas & Electric Corp. •		75c	75c	25		May	2.50	Mai
Claude Neon Gen Advert.*	35e	35e	40c	425		June	80c	Jai
Commercial Alcohols Ltd.*	2	1.75	21/8	640	175	Apr	4	Jat
Commercial Alcohol pref		37/8	37/8	100	316	Apr	43/4	Ap
Cons Bakeries of Canada.*	20	20	20	5	2014	Jan	2216	Ma
Consolidated Paper Ltd*	17	16%	17%	6,109	10%	Jan	2416	Api
Dominion Stores Ltd*	9	9	9%	255	9	July	12%	Ap
Donnacona Paper A*	1536	1516	16%	2,100	1314	May	1916	Ap
B	20/2	15%	15%	425	1314	May	19	Api
Factorn Dairles 7 % cmnf100	10	10	10	88	816	June	30	Jar
Eastern Dairies7%cmpf100 Fairchild Aircraft Ltd5	9	9	1014	1,405	8	June	13	Jai
Ford Motor Co of Can A	23 14	22 16	23 1	138		June	2976	Fet
Foreign Power Sec Ltd*	1.00	1.00	1.00	100	1.00		2.50	Fet
Foreign Fower Sec Ltd	45	45	46 14	1,107		Apr	50	
Fraser Cos Ltd*	4514	45	46%	4,523	30	Feb		Api
+ Ottage or man or man	95	95	95	220	2916	Feb	50	Apr
Gen Sti Wares 7% cu př 100	80	5		20	76	Jan	110	Mai
Int Paints (Can) Ltd A*		1614	1614		6	July	11	Jan
Intl Utilities Corp A*				60	10%	June	31/8	Feb
Internati Utilities Corp B.1	1 00	1.80	1.80	200		June	378	Feb
Mackenzie Air Service	1.60	1.50	1.65	3,685		May	1.80	Apı
MacLaren Pow & Paper*	33 34	321/2	34	2,920	27	Apr	3714	Jan
Massey-Harr 5% cu pf_100 McColl-F Oil 6% cu pf_100	5539	5314	5614	340	5234	Jan	7316	Mar
McColl-F Oil 6% cu pr. 100	911/	91	911/	452	8914	June	100%	Mar
Melchers Distill Ltd*		2	2	62		June	9	Feb
Melchers Distillers Ltd pf_*	7	7	7	32	6	July	916	Feb
Mitchell & Co (Robt) Ltd *		22	22	85	19	Apr	30	Jan
Price Bros & Co Ltd100	40 1/8	39	421/8	2,740	35	Apr	4816	Apr
61/2 % cum pref100		66	67	100	6414	Apr	79	Mai
Power Corp of Canada-								
6% cum 1st pref100		100	100	20	99%	July	107	Feb
Quebec Tel & Pow A*		41/4	41/4	20	41/4	Jan	43/4	Mai
Reliance Grain Co Ltd*		10	10	5	10	Mar	141/4	Feb
Royalite Oil Co Ltd	48	47	50	1,192	3414	May	5914	Mai

Canadian Markets - Listed and Unlisted

Montreal	Curb	Market

	Friday Last Sais	Week's		for Week	Range	Range Since Jan. 1, 1937			
Stocks (Concluded) Par	Price	Low	High		Los	0	H	gh	
Sarnia Bridge Ltd B*		8	8	25	8	Jan	16	Jan	
Southern Can P pref 100		106	107	21		Jap	108	Feb	
Thrift 61/2% cum 1st pref25		5	5	5		Apr	736	Jan	
United Distillers of Can*	101/	850	85c	25		Apr	1.15		
United Securities Ltd100	161/2	16 1/2	161/2	165		June	25	Jan	
Walker-Good & Worts (H)*	49%	4634	51 14	1,020 468		Apr	4914	Jan Jan	
Walker-G & W \$1 cum pf_*		191/2	1912	75			20	Feb	
Mines—		180	18c	3.000	150	Tuno	920	Tuno	
Anaconda Oll	1 10	1.09	1.14	4,050	75c	June	1.90	June	
Arno Mines	1.10	30	3140	3,000		June	90	Jan	
Arno Mines	28c	27c	28c	1,300		June	65c	Feb	
Big Missouri Mines Corp.1		48c	48c	200		May	72e	Feb	
Bouscadillac Gold Mines_1	27e	27c	31c	10,500		June	1.15	Feb	
Brazil Gd & Diamond M_1		60	6c	1,500		Apr	15c	Jan	
Brownlee Mines (1936)1		25	25 4c		2314	June	13c		
Bulolo Gold Dredging Ltd 6		3.15	3.30	815 1,100	2.10	June	6.40	Feb	
Calgary & Edmonton1		80c	80c	100	1.55		1.70	Mar	
Can Maiartie Gd M Ltd.*	1.08	1.08	1.10	1,800		June	2.28	Feb	
Cartier-Majartie G M Ltd 1	17c	17c	18c	1,500	15e	June	47 150	Jan	
Central Cad	30c	29c	35c	6,300	25c	June	65	Mar	
Cent Patricia Gold1	2.85	2.70	2.85	700	2.20	Feb	5.15	Feb	
Consol Chibougamau)	1.00	1.00	1.08	3,870		June	2.70	Feb	
Dalhousie Oil Co	1.00	76	1.10 7¼c	3,595 4,400		Apr Jan	3.60 15c	Feb	
Duparquet Mining Co*	1.06	1.00	1.07	6,100	5340	June	2.03	Jan	
East Malartic1 Eldorado Gold M Ltd*	2.85	2.85	2.98	5,475	2.10	Apr	3.60	Apr	
Falconbridge Nickel M *	7.85	7.85	7.85	225	7.00		12 14	Feb	
Francoeur Gold M Ltdi	72c	71c	78c	6,200	60c	June	1.58	Feb	
Graham-Bousquet Gold M1	12c	120	12c	1,500	9c .	June	60c	Feb	
Hudson Bay Min & Smelt *	32	3114	32	1,140	25%	June	41%	Feb	
J-M Consol G M Ltd1	22e	20c 50	22c	$9,250 \\ 250$	200		57e	Feb	
Lake Shore Mines	5c	41/40	50 5e	7,500		June May	59 27 1/4 c	Jan Jan	
Lebel Oro Mines1		15c	15c	1,099	120 .		30e	Jan	
Lee Gold		2160	2360	1,000	21/20	July	7160	Jan	
Macassa Mines		5.30	5.30	130	4.25 .	June	8.50	Jan	
McIntyre-Porcupine5		35 1/8	35 1/8 17c	555	3316 .	June	42	Jan	
Montague Gold1		15c	17c	1,500	14c .	June	45c	Mar	
Moffatt-Hall Mines1		2c 2.12	2½c 2.15	3,000	1.43	July	80	Jan	
Normetal	6.60	6.30	6.90	5,575	5.50	May	2.15	July	
Pandora Cad	0.00	50c	50c	2,000	400	June	1.10	Mar	
Pandora Cad*		2.30	2.30	615	5.50 40c 2.15	June	4.05	Jan	
Parkhill Gd M Ltd new1	19c	18c	21c	5,668	15c .	June	42e	Feb	
Pato Gold		2.00	2.00	400	1.90 .	June	3.80	Feb	
Pend-Orelile		3.50	3.85	3,000	2.55		6.50	Feb	
Perron Gold Mines Ltd1	1.08	85c	1.08	16,350	70e .	June	2.51	Jan	
Pickle Crow Gd M Ltd1	5.80	5.80 30c	6.00 30c	250 100	5.20		9.10 85c	Feb	
Quebec Gold1 Read-Authier Mine1		3.50	4.05	2.800	2.80 J		6.85	Feb	
Red Crest	68c	67c	68c	3,200	50c 3		2.00	Feb	
Reward.	000	8c	834 c	6,000	7360		22c	Feb	
Ritchie Gold1	4c	40	4c	900		July	16c	Feb	
Ritchie Gold		1.70	1.70	1,000	1.47	Apr	2.38	Jan	
Shawkey		50 1/2	55	6,600	38c .		1.13	Feb	
Sherritt-Gordon	2.65	2.60	2.86	8,125		Apr	4.00	Feb	
Siscoe Gold Mines Ltd1	3.75	#3.60 96c	3.75	1,915	3.20 J		6.65	Jan Jan	
Stadacona-Rouyn	$\frac{1.01}{1.25}$	1.22	$\frac{1.05}{1.35}$	8,100 28,860	76 %c J	June	2.50 2.90	Mar	
Sullivan Cons Mines Ltd 1	1.20	1.21	1.30	3,400	1.00	Tune	2.25	Jan	
Teck Hughes Hold1	4.80	4.80	4.80	200	4.60 J		6.10	Feb	
Thompson Cad1	59c	56c	59c	22,775	47c J	June	2.15	Jan	
Wood Cad	36c	36c	38c	3,850	30c J	June	73 1/sc	Apr	

DUNCANSON, WHITE & CO. STOCK BROKERS

Members Toronto Stock Exchange Canadian Commodity Exchange, Inc. New York Curb (Associate)

15 King Street West, Toronto. WA. 3401-8

Toronto Stock Exchange

July 10 to July 16, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Last Week's Range Sale of Prices			Sales for Week	Range Since Jan. 1 1937				
Stocks- Par		Low High			Low		High		
Abitibi	634	63%		1,499		May	15%	Ap	
6% preferred100	58	58	62	689		Mar	80	AD	
Acme Gas & Oil*			141/2C	7,400		May	20c		
Afton Mines Ltd1				7,500		June			
Alberta Pac Grain pref_100		16	16	100	16	July	4314	Jai	
A P Cons Oils 1		40 1/2 c		3,470	29c		95c		
Aidermac Copper	1.08	1.07		14,725		June	1.89		
Alexandria Gold	21/8C	2e		2,500		May	4 % C		
Amer Cyanamid B10		303/4	34	550		May	353/8	Jai	
Anglo-Huronian Ltd	5.75	5.50		1,026		June		Fet	
Argosy Gold Mines1	42c	42c		4,026		June	1 42	Fet	
Arntfield Gold		39c		5,000		June	1 15		
Ashley Gold1	7½c	7½c		3,000		July	15c	Feb	
Astoria Rouyn		90		26,000		June		Fet	
Bank of Canada 50		58 3/4	58 34	31	67	June	60	Jai	
Bagamac Mines1		18c	19c	4,775	16 % 0		490	Ap	
Bankfield Cons1		75c		18,066		June	1.85	Jai	
Bank of Nova Scotia 100		325	328	4	305	May	340	Ma	
Bank of Toronto100		255	255	15	250	June	273	Ma	
Barkers Bread Ltd		141/2	141/2	25		May	15	June	
Preferred		431/2	431/2	25	431/2	July	47	May	
Base Metals Min*	25c	25c	29c	9,095	250	Jan	650	Fel	
Bathurst Power A		20 3/4	21 1/2	290	17	Apr	24 %	AD	
Beattle Gold100		1.20		1,250	1.00	Apr	1.75	Fet	
Beatty Bros pref100		100	105	15	100	July	112	Ap	
B pref100		100	100	5	100	July	105	May	
Beauharnois.	9	71/8	91/4	10,686	. 6	Jan	9%	Jar	
Bel Tel Co of Canada	167	167	169	214	154	Apr	176	Fet	
Bidgood Kirkiand	44c	43c	48c	27,800		June	1.70	Jar	
Big Missouri	47	47	50	3,100		Apr	72e	Fet	
Biltmore Hats*	13	12	13	185	10	June	16 3%	Feb	
Blue Ribbon pref 50	36	36	36	10	35	Jan	40	Mai	
Bobjo Mines	16c	13160	17c	19,155		June	29c	Jar	
Braiorne Mines*		7.15	7.25	660		May	6.00	Feb	
Brantford Cordage pref_25		25	25	5	245/8		261/2	Mai	
srazilian*	25	23 3/8	2514	6,112	10	Jan	30 14	Mai	
Brew & Distillers*		7	7	15	7	Apr	916	Mai	
B A OIL	23 %	231/2	24	3,163	21%	Apr	26 34	Mar	
Brit Col Power A*		3534	353/4	10	3534	July	39	Jan	
B*		7	7	10	7	July	113/8	Jan	
British Dominion Oil 1		7	6	10	20c	June	1.10	Feb	

Toronto Stock Exchange

Toronto S		Sto	ck	Excha	ange	•		H4ph 65 June 62.50 Feb 634c Jan 7444 Mar 23c Feb 8 Jan 60 Feb 8 Jan 60 Feb 8 Jan 60 Feb 9 Jan 18 Mar 6 55 Feb 175 Mar			
	Frida;		Rang	Sales	Rang	e Since	Jan. 1	1937			
Stocks (Continued) Par	Sale Price		Tices High	Week	L	ou	H	gh			
Brown Oll Corp		50	53	6,600	49	July	65	June			
Buffalo-Ankerite	3	9.00	3 3	6 27,100		5 Apr	6%0	Jan			
Building Prod	60 14	60 3	613	116	51	Jan c June	7414				
Burry Biscuit50c		51/2			5 50	Apr	8	Jan			
Burt (F N)		40	41	85	393	May	4436	Jan			
Burlington Steel	17 ½ 3.15	3.18	3.30		2 00		6 55	Feb			
Canada Bread*		760 6 ½			614		101/4	Mar Jan			
B preferred50		52 16	52 17	30 215	50 1434	May	591/2	Feb			
Canada Cement 100	9412	103	10734	99	101	May	110 98	Mar			
Canada Packers	841/4	155	155	170	146	Jan	160	May			
Can Steamship (new)* Preferred new	10%	10%		88 997	10	July	18	Apr			
Canada Wire & Cable B _* Can Bank of Commerce 100	18514	185	24 190	10 176	19	June	31 210	Apr Jan			
Canadian Breweries* Preferred	21	3 21	3 14 21 14	765 231	1434		21	Jan Jan			
Canadian Canners*		814 1914	81/8	195	7 ¼ 18 ¼	Apr	2016	Feb Jan			
lst preferred100 2nd preferred	1134	111%	12	285	10	Mar	1214	Jan			
Canad Car & Foundry* Preferred	15	14 % 25 %	26	65	23 14	Apr	32	Feb Jan			
Canadian Dredge* Canadian Ind Alcohol A*	6	6	41 7	4,195	38		8%	May			
Canadian Maiartic	1.08	1.00	1,12	555 3,450	850	June	2.30	Jan Feb			
Canadian Oil* Preferred100		13 115	131/2	80 81	11 115	June	19 135	Jan Jan			
C P R	111%	1114	12	6.179	113/2	July	17 14	Mar			
Cariboo Gold 1	1.53	1.46	1.60	1,700	1.41	July	1.75	Jan			
Castle Trethewey1 Central Patricia1	$\frac{1.00}{2.85}$	99c 2.65	$\frac{1.00}{2.90}$	13,860	2.10	June	1.66 5.25	Jan Feb			
Central Porcupine	79e	13 1/2 c 71 c	15c 79c	7,100	600		43e 1.47	Jan Jan			
Commonwealth Pete	14	40c	40c		240		95c 22 14	Feb Mar			
Coniagas Mines5	2.12 1.24	2.12 1.19	2.16	200	2.10	June May	3.50 2.14	Jan Jan			
Cons Bakeries	201/2	201/2	1.25 21	121	20	Apr	23	Feb			
Cons Chibougamau 1 Cons Smeiters 5 Consumers Gas 100	8014	1.00 80	1.10	1,327	72	Apr	2.68	Feb			
Cosmos*	201	201 25	202 26	83 143	199 14	May	2716	Mar Jan			
Crow's Nest	55c	45 52e	46 1/2 60c			Apr June	50 2.95	Jan			
Dist Seagrams	23	22 40	23 14 41 1/2	1,030 1,913	20 3814	Apr	2814	Mar			
Dome Mines 100 Dominion Bank 100 Dominion Coai pref 25	220 20¾	220 20¾	220	25 75	220	July	250 24	Jan			
Dominion Explorers1	20%	5140	514c	1,600	4c	July	15e	Jan			
Dom Scottish Inv1 Preferred		40	40	50 20	38	July	44	Apr			
Dom Steel Coal B26 Dom Stores.	22 1/8	2114	24 9¾	9,499 595	914	Jan June	12 16	Mar			
Dom Tar & Chem* Dorval Siscoe1	55e	1314 47c	14 55c	10,300	117/8 40c	June Jan	18 1.22	Apr			
East Malartic1	1.04	93c 514	1.10	20,975		June Jan	93/8	Jan Jan			
Easy Washing	2.85	2.80	2.99	15,045	2.10	Apr	3634	Apr			
English Electric B		37 13	39 14	180 192	30 10	June	16 16	Jan Jan			
Famous Players *	7.75 25	7.50 25	$\frac{7.90}{25}$	1,715	25	June June	12 90 35	May			
Fanny Farmer	23 10½c	22 101/20	23 ¼ 11c	3,815 17,950	19 7e	Apr	24 14 54c	Feb Jan			
Ford A. Foundation Pete	24	22 1/8 40c	24 46c	1,023 20,600	2136	June	1.25	Jan Feb			
Francoeur	72e	65e	80c	39,000	20 14 c 50c	June July	1 58	Feb Jan			
Preferred 100			1021/2	190 25	1001/8	Jan	107	Mar			
General Steel Wares	13 ½ 34c	13 1/2 33c	13 ¾ 38c	20,100	8 29e	Jan		May			
Gienora 1 God's Lake Mines	8c 63c	8e 54e	8 1/2 c 70 c	8,275 61,143	7 140 40e	June June	30c	Jan Jan			
Golconda 1 Goldale Mines 1	23c	6c 23c	6c 25c	500 4,100		June June	30e	Feb Jan			
Gold Belt Mining50c		21c	21c	500	12e	Jan		May			
Goodfish Mining	13% c	38c 914c		6,500 200,500	7160	July	22c	Apr			
Preferred 50	541/2	89 54 1/2	93 54 1/8	27 58	53 53	May Mar	92 16 57	Feb Jan			
Graham Bousquet1 Granada Mines1	12c 24 1/6 c	11c 20c	13c 24 ½c	4,150 15,400	15c	June June	63e 57e	Feb Feb			
Great Lakes Paper	20 41	20 40	20 1/2	725 125	1314	Apr	26 % 51	Apr			
Great West Saddlery*		1½ 74c	1½ 77e	100	1 1/2	July June	33/8	Feb Jan			
Gunnar Gold	1334	13 34	1416	3,400 1,430	1136	June	1816	Apr			
Harding Carpeta	514	514	5 1/2	500 754	414	Apr	7	Jan Jan			
Hard Rock	1.35 13c		1.42 151/4 c	11,460 14,600	1.00 12 1/2 c	June June	3.44	Jan Feb			
Highwood Sarces	25e	25c 111%	25c 1134	300	15e 10% e	Jan Apr		Mar Jan			
Home Oil Co* Homestead Oil1	2.18	2.18 40 1/2 c	2.30 45c	1,380 6,600	1.40 3e	Apr	4.05 870	Jan Jan			
Howey Gold	42c 36c	34c	37e	8,350	30c	July	72e	Jan			
100 - 20% - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 -		78 12	80	25 55	72 11	Jan Feb	1516	June Mar			
Imperial Bank100	21	20%	21 1/8	6,720	20	Apr		Jan Mar			
Imperial Oil		14 97	14¼ 97	110	13% 97	Jan	105	Mar Feb			
International Nickei* International Pete*	611/4	61 34 1/4	62 1/4 34 34	5,785 3,598	5414	Apr	7314	Feb Mar			
Intl Utilities A*		16	17 1.85	160 3,252	151/2	June	211/4	Feb			
Jack Waite Mines	1.75 60e	1.55 60c	66c	3,900	50c	June June	1.61	Feb Mar			
Jacola Mines	1.08	30c 95c	33e 1.12	8,086 45,677	70c	June June	2.15	Mar Feb			
J M Consolidated! - Kelvinator	32	20 ½c 2 31	32	9,400 85	26	June June		Feb Feb			
Preferred 100 Kerr Addison 1	1061/8 2.75		061/8		106			Mar			
Kirk. Hud Bay	1.65	1.60 1.29	1.65	1,600 35,245	1.35 90c	Apr		Feb Apr			
Kirkiand Lake! Laguna Gold!	1.36 50c	50c	50c	200	40c	July	1.10	Feb			
Lamaque Contact	41/20	51 4 1/2 c	51 ½ 5c	3,403 14,193	40	June May	28c	Feb			
Lava Cap Gold	1.15	68c 1.00	70c 1.20	14,193 7,300 43,200	68c	June June		Jan July			
Lebel Oro	19e		9 16c 3c	500	lie .	June May	30e 716e	Jan Jan			
Leitch Gold1	72c	66c	75e	24,500		June	1.35	Feb			
• No par valu								'			

Canadian Markets - Listed and Unlisted

F. O'HEARN & CO.

11 KING ST. W.

WAverley 7881

TORONTO

OFFICES
Toronto Cobalt Members
Montreal Noranda Sudbury Winnipeg Grain Exchange
Hamilton Kirkiand Lake North Bay Owen Sound Bourlamaque
Timmins

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Winnipeg Grain Exchange
Montreal Curb Market
Canadian Commodity Exchange (Inc.)
Chicago Board of Trade

Toronto Stock Evolunce

Toro	nto	Stoc	k E	xcha	nge			
	Friday Last	Week's	Range	Sales	Range	Since	Jan. 1	1937
Stocks (Continued) Par	Sale Price	of Pro		Week Shares	Lo		Hu	
Little Long Lac	5.40	5.15	5.50	2,315		June	8.40	Jan
Loblaw A		24 1/4	25 23 ½	175 506	21	Jan	25 23 1/2	Feb
Lowery Petroleum ** Macassa Mines **	5.35	25c 5.20	25c 5.65	9,197	21c 4.15	Apr. June	90c 8.60	Feb
MacLeod Cockshutt1 Madsen Red Lake1	2.00 85c	1.91 80c	2.14 85e	18,655 9,350	1.65	May	4.85 1.20	Jan
Manitoba & East	40	2340	43%C	71,100	20	June	16c	Feb
Malargo Mines 1 Maple Leaf Milling	1416c	6 1/2	14 3/sc 7	5,675 1,327	5	June June	36c	Jan
Preferred Massey Harris Preferred100	10%	101/2	6%	140 460	814	Apr Jan	12%	Mar
McColl Frontenac	1136	10	57	1,015 554	52 14 8 14	Apr	14%	Mar
Preferred100 McDougall-Segur*	91	89 1/2	$91\frac{3}{4}$ $33\frac{1}{2}$	776 3,200	86%	July May	101	Mar
McIntyre Mines	36 1.20	3536	36 1.25	2,185 8,200	32 % 1.00	May	4234 2.03	Jan
McVittle Graham1	270	27c	31 % c 50c	19,500	17c	Jan	57e	Feb
McWatters Gold	36c		36c	4,000	35c 26c	Apr	1.18 63e	Mar
Merland Oil	3.60		3.95	1,500 7,705	2.70	June	39e 5.00	Feb
Moneta Porcupine	1.67		13c 1.80	3,500 108,190		June	33 1/2 c 1.98	May
Moore Corp100	431/2		43 ½ 180	330 10	41 173	June June	45 267	Mar
Monarch Royalties Ltd*	22e	42	46 27c	14,800	42	July	48	June
Morris Kirkland		75c	75c	17,800 100	20e 60e	July	88c 1.25	Feb
Murphy Mines	934	3e 9¾	3 1/2 c 10 3/4		834	June Jan	10e	Apr
Nati Sewerpipe A* National Trust100		1914	19¾ 201	15	18 201	July June	21 212	Jan
Naybob Gold	42c		42 1/2 c 4 c	35,700 11,200		June	1.05 12e	Feb Feb
New Golden Rose1	530	51e 2.45	55e 2.50	9,600	50e	June	1.49	Jan
Niplasing		62 1/2	64	2,026	2.40 5436	June	3.60 83	Feb
Norgold Mines	2.05	1.86	6c 2.23	5,000 55,560	5e 1.20	June.	16 % c 2.23	Jan
North Canada Min* O'Brien Guid1	6.55		73½c 6.95	4,200 18,945	60c 5.50	June	95e 13.25	Apr
Okalta Olla	2 25	2.10	2.35 57c	5,475 24,138	1.05 45e	Apr	4.10 1.28	Feb
Omega Gold	2	2	2	17	2	July	31/2	Mar
Oro Plata Mining	1.08 22c	20c	1.10 24c		100	Apr	2.20 43% c	Mar Feb
Page Hersey	2.35	1.03 2.05	$\frac{1.03}{2.40}$	120	98 1.90	Feb	118	Mar
Parkhill1		18	85% 2134	245 8,388	516 150	June	956	Jan
Partanen-Malartic1 Paulore Gold3	12½c	121/2c	14c 20c	8,100 3,000	13e	June June	41c	Apr
Paymaster Cons		55	62 30c	43,850	49e	June June	1.38 32c	Jan
Perrod Gold1	1.02	81c	1.10	28,150 22,175	70e	June	2 50	Jan
Peterson Cobalt	5.65		1 1/2 c 5.95	5,500 12,500	136e 4.90	June	3 % c 9.20	Jan Feb
Proto Rico pref100	3.85	3.80	3.85 100	2,505	3.65 96	June	6.85	Feb
Power Corp	1.07	92c 211/2	$\frac{1.13}{22}$	17,140 248	75e 18	June June	2.20 33 1/6	Feb Feb
Premier	30 1/2	2.35	2.45	1,200	1.95	June July	4.50 36c	Jan Feb
Preston E Dome	1.03	98c	1.10	60,150	55e	June	1.47	Jan
Quemont Mining		9c	1.40 11c	5,000		Feb	1 55 48c	Jan
Read Authier	3.85	40	4.05	2	40	June	6 85 58	Feb
Red Crest Gold	41c		69c 44c	18,545		July	1.95	Feb
Reeves-MacDonald	740		74c 21/2			July	1.52	Apr
Remington Rand 1		24%	24¾ 90c	325 7,100	22 72	Jan June	291/8	Mar
Riverside Silk A*		311/4	3114	45	301/2	Feb	33	Jan
Roche Long Lac1 Royal Bank100	200	200	15c 202	23,700 32	198	June May	48 %c 227	Feb Mar
Royalite Oil		116	50 120	1,357 15	35 110	Apr Jan	120	Mar
St Lawrence Corp*	16% c	16c 1234	18c	10,600 200	12e 95%	June Jan	32e 15	Apr
San Antonio 1 Shawkey Gold 1	1.75 59e	1.65	1.80 59 1/4 c	14,600 5,200	1.25	Apr June	2.40	Jan
Sheep Creek500		78e	79 14c	1,200	57c	Mar	81c	June
Sherritt Gordon	71/2	71/2	2.86	31,918 38		June	3.95 17	Feb Feb
Simpsons B pref100 Siscoe Goid1	97 3.60	97 3.60	$97\frac{1}{2}$ 3.75	10,080	95 3.15	June	6.65	Feb Jan
Sladen Malartic1 Slave Lake1	1.00 80c	97e 80e	1.05 85c	$\frac{24,950}{3,625}$		June	2.49	Jan Feb
South Tiblemont ** Southwest Petroleum **		2c 85c	21/4 c 85c	3,500 550	1½c	June	5½c 2 00	Jan Feb
Spooner Oils90c	1.24	28c 1.20	28c	500 44,625	28c	July June	68c 2.85	Mar
Steel of Canada	8414	83 16	851/2	219	7736	May	96	Feb
Preferred 25 Stuart Oil pref *		74 14	75 1514	45 100	1514	July July	88 17	Mar Mar
Sudbury Contact1	4.00	3.85 20e	4.10 20c	3,140 5,600		June June	6.90 40 150	Feb Jan
Sullivan Cons	1.24 3.15	1.22 3.15	1.32 3.30	4,000 4,835		June	3.25 4.80	Jan Feb
Tambiyns	1614 8c	16¼ 8c	16 3/2	184 19,500	15%	Jan June	16% 28% c	Jan Feb
Teck Hughes	4.80	4.80	9c 4.95	4,020	4.55	June	6.00	Jan
Texas Canadian* Tip Top Tailors*	1.85	1.75	1.95	4,450 817	1.50	Apr Feb	2.35	Apr
Tip Top Tailors pref 100 Toburn Gold 1	2.50	2.35	$\frac{110}{2.55}$	2,230		Mar June	110	Apr
Toronto Elevator pref. 100	50	34 50	35 50	100 135	34 48%	July July	46 52	A pr Jan
Towagm ac Exm	1.01	1.00	1.14	6,273		June	2.00	Feb

Toronto Stock Exchange

	Friday Las Sals	Week's		Sales for Week	Range	Since .	Jan. 1	1937
Stocks (Concluded) Pa	r Price		High	Shares	Lot	0	Hto	h
Treadwell-Yukon1		40c	50e	2,800	40c	July	2.60	Feb
Uchi Gold1	76	75	87	8,150	50e	June	87c	July
Union Gas*	1514	1514	1534	1,043	13	Apr	19	Jan
United Oils*	29 1/sc	29c	30c	8,750	17c	Apr	70c	Feb
United Steel*	8	716	814	1,725	6	May	1134	Mar
Ventures	7.80		8.10		6.00	June	9.10	May
Vulcan1	2.00	1.95	2.06	1,850	1.00	Apr	2.25	Mar
Waite Amulet	2.99	2.96	3.05	10,120		June	4.65	Feb
Walkers.	48 1/8	47	51 1/2	14.324	42	May	4914	Mar
Preferred*	1914	1936	19%	1,863	19	May	20	Jan
Wayside Cons50c	51/2	51/2	6	305	51/2	June	121/2	Jan
Western Canada Flour-								-
Preferred100		55	55	10	52	July	90	Jan
Westons	141/2	14 3/8	14 %	1,160		June	1834	Jan
Whitewater Mines	13	13	14 1/2	1,400		May	30c	Mar
Winnipeg Elec A	436	41/4	4 3/4	410		June	10	Jan
B	4	4	3 1/8	40		June	10	Jan
White Eagle*		2c	2c	2,000	2c	July	5e	Jan
Wood Cadillac1		38c	38c	700		June	770	Feb
Wright Hargreaves	6.50		6.55	13,236		June	8.10	Jan
Ymir Yankee Giri	23 1/6	23 1/2	23 1/2	500		June	52e	Feb
Zimmerknit		6	6	160	31/4	May	714	Apr

Toronto Stock Exchange—Curb Section July 10 to July 16, both inclusive, compiled from official sales lists

	Friday Last Sale	Week's		Sales for Week	Range Since Jan. 1 1937			
Stocks- Par	Price	Low	High	Shares	Lo		Hu	nh .
Bissell pref100		60	60	10	45	Jan	70	July
Brett Trethewey		836c	834c	8,000	3 140	June	21e	
Bruck Silk *		6	6	130	5	July	12	Jan
Canada Malting		3714	38	212	34	Jan	3814	Feb
Canada Maiting		1736	17%	125	17	May	21	Feb
Canadian Marconi1	2.15		2.15	2,295		June	314	Jan
Central Manitoba1	634c		8c	39,700		June	31c	Mar
Coast Copper		4.50	5.00	400		June	10.00	Feb
Cons Sand & G pref 100	49	49	49	25	47	Jan	60	Feb
Consolidated Paper		16%	17%	929		June	19%	May
Dalhousie Oil		980		5,925	550		3.60	Feb
DeHaviland		16	16	50	15	Feb	2214	Feb
Dominion Bridge	*****	4834	4936	165	4734	June	5834	Apr
Dominion Bridge	39	39	40	70	29	May	40	July
		14 1/2 c	16c	16,000	10e	Jan	450	Feb
Past Crest OII			1.30	1,700	900	Apr	3.55	
Foothlis Oil Hamilton Bridge		14		160	123/8	Jan	181/8	Apr
Hamilton Bridge			14 1/2	20	63			
Freierred	00 73		81			Jan	90%	Apr
Home Oil	*****	2.12	2.30	3,375	1.40		4.05	Jan
Honey Dew		60c	60c	5		June	1.75	Jan
Hudson Bay M & S	31 24	31 1/2	32	2,068	25 16	June	4134	Feb
Inter Metals A	14	14	14 1/2	683	12	May	1816	Jan
Langleys pref100		55	55	5	50	May	65	Jan
Malrobic1		1 1/2 C	2c	10,600	11/20	July	4780	Feb
Mandy* Mercury Mills*		35c	37c	7,300	220	July	бие	Jan
Mercury Milis*	2.00	2.00	2.00	5		May	2.00	July
Montreal L H & P		31	31	59	29	Apr	37 14	Jan
National Steel Car		481/2	50	25	40	Apr	57 14	Jan
Night Hawk		1%c	2c	3,000	1% c	July	60	Jan
Nordon Corp	15c	15c	16c	4,850	150	Apr	49c	Feb
North Star Oil	1.60	1.60	2.00	130	1.60	July	4	Jan
Preferred5	31/2	31/2	31/2	100	31/2	July	47/8	Jan
Oli Selections	5c	4 1/20	5c	8,000	40	May	12c	nat.
Pawnee-Kirkland1		17/8C	21/4 c	2,500	17/80	July	6c	Jan
Pend Oreille1	3.65	3.50	3.85	7,620	2.60	May	6.65	Feb
Porcupine Crown1		3 34	414	2,000	3160	May	11c	Feb
Ritchie Gold1		5e	5e	3,400	40	July	160	Feb
Robb Montbray1		3c	3 1/2c	2,500	30	July	12 140	Jan
Robt Simpson pref 100		116	120	15	109	Apr	122	Feb
Rogers Majortie		636	634	170	214	June	814	Jan
Shawinigan W & P	2716	27	2814	530	2514	Apr	34	Feb
Stand Paving	D 94	534	6	195	416	July	916	Mar
Stop & Shop*		1.25	1.25	100	1.00	May	3.50	Jan
Supersilk Hosiery pref 100		80	80	. 10	80	Feb	85	June
Supertest ordinary*		3616	37	146	331/2	Jan	39	June
Temiskaming Mines1	36c	33 1/4 c	40c	48,950	20c	Jan	58e	Mar
United Fuel pref 100	50	50	52	280	46	June	6214	Jan

No par value

CANADIAN SECURITIES

Government • Municipal • Corporation
Private wire connection between New York, Montreal and Toronto

Royal Securities Corporation 30 Broad Street · New York · HAnover 2-6363 Bell System Tele. NY 1-208

Industrial and Public Utility Bonds

	Bid	AL	1	Bid	Ask
Abitibi P & Pap etfs 5s '53	19714		Manitoba Power 51/28_1951	91	93
Alberta Pac Grain 6s. 1946	83 1/2		Maple Leaf Milling-		
Beauharnois Pr Corp 5s '73	6514	66	23/48 to '38-51/48 to '49	76	78
Bell Tel Co. of Can 5s. 1955	11334	1141/6	Massey-Harris Co 5s1947	9634	973
Burns & Co 581958	78		McColl Frontenac Oil 6s '49	103 14	
Calgary Power Co 5s1960	96 16	9734	Minn & Ont Paper 6s. 1945	16734	68 1
Canada Bread 6s1941	108		Montreal Island Pr 51/28'57	10414	105
Canada North Pow 5s. 1953			Montreal L H & P (\$50		
Canadian Inter Pap 6s '49			par value) 3s1939	50 1/4	513
Canadian Lt & Pow 5s 1949	101	102	31/481956	9934	100 3
Canadian Vickers Co 6s '47	9814		31/381973	951/2	961
Cedar Rapids M & P 5s '53	11234	11314	Montreal Tramway 5s 1941	9914	100
Consol Pap Corp 5148 1961	188 16	90	Ottawa Valley Pow 51/28'70	104 36	
51/s ex-stock 1961	f67	70	Power Corp of Can 4168 '59	98	99
Dom Gas & Elec 61/48_1945	9214	93	58 Dec 1 1957		105
Donnaconna Paper Co-	1.0		Provincial Pap Ltd 51/48 '47	102	103
48 1956			Quebec Power 58 1968	103 34	
East Kootenay Pow 7s 1942	9916	100 1/2	Saguenay Power 41/48 A. '66	100 1/2	
Eastern Daries 6s1949	65		41/4s ser B1966	1021/2	1031
Fraser Co 6s Jan 1 1950	103		Shawinigan W & P 41/48 '67	104 14	105
Gatineau Power 5s1956	102 16		Smith H Pa Mills 41/28 '51	103 34	104 3
Gt Lakes Pap Co 1st 5s '55	196 14	9714	Steel of Canada Ltd 68 '40	111	
Int Pr & Pap of Nfld 5s '68	10214	103 14	United Grain Grow 5s. 1948	811/2	83
Lake St John Pr & Pap Co			United Securs Ltd 51/48 '52	7514	7614
51/481961			Winnipeg Elec 6s. Oct 2 '54	921/2	
581961	821/4	8314			
MacLaren-Que Pr 51/48 '61	100 14	101			

[.] No par value. f Flat price

Quotations on Over-the-Counter Securities-Friday July 16

New	Vork	City	Bonds
146 44	1011	OILL	Doilas

		Bid ; Ask	1	Bla	ASK
a3s Jan	1 1977	98 14 99	a4 1/2 Mar 1 1964		115%
a3148 July	1 1975	102 103	a4 1/4 8 Apr 1 1966	115	11614
d3 148 May	1 1954	105 % 106 %			11734
a3 1/48 Nov	1 1954	106 106 %	a4 1/4 s June 1 1974	116 16	117%
a3 168 Mar	1 1960	105 1/4 106 1/4		116%	
a3 1/s Jan	15 1976		a4 1/4 s Jan 1 1977	117	
a3% a July	1 1975		a4 1/48 Nov 15 1978	11736	
a48 May	1 1957	11114 11214		11836	
a48 Nov	1 1958		04 1/38 May 1 & Nov 1 1957		118
a4s May	1 1959	111 1/2 112 1/2	a4 1/28 Mar 1 1963	11814	
a4s May	1 1977	112 % 114		118%	
a4s Oct	1 1980	113 1/4 114 1/4		119 34	
a4 1/8 Sep.	1 1960	11334 115		120 1/2	
44 1/2 Mar	1 1962	114 11514	44 1/28 Dec 1 1979	122 16	124

New York State Bonds

	Bid	Ask		Bid	Ask
38 1974			World War Bonus		
3s 1981	b2.60		434s April 1940 to 1949.	b2.10	
Canal & Highway—			Highway Improvement—		
5s Jan & Mar 1964 to '71			4s Mar & Sept 1958 to '67		
Highway Imp 4 1/3 Sept '63			Canal Imp 4s J&J '60 to '67		
Canal Imp 4 1/28 Jan 1964			Barge C T 4s Jan '42 & '46		
Can & High Imp 4 1/4 s 1965	129		Barge C T 4 1/4 s Jan 1 1945.	114	

Port of New York Authority Bonds

	Bid	Ask	11	Bid	Ask
Port of New York-			Bayonne Bridge 4s series C		
Gen & ref 4s Mar 1 1975.	107 1/2	10814	1939-53J&J 3	104	105
Gen & ref 2d ser 3 % s '65	104 36	105 16	Holland Tunnel 4 1/4 s ser E		
Gen & ref 3d ser 3 1/48 '76	101 16	102 1/2	1938-1941M&S	b1.00	2.00
Gen & ref 4th ser 3s. 1976	98 16			111	11234
	/-		Inland Terminal 4 1/s ser D		/-
George Washington Bridge			1938-1941M&S	b1.50	2.25
416s ser B 1940-53_M N	110	1111%	1942 1960 M&S		109 34

United States Insular Bonds

Philippine Government—	Bid Ask	1	B4d	Ask
48 1946	100 101 34	Honolulu 5s	b3.50	
4149 Oct 1959	105 36 107	U S Panama 3s June 1 1961	115 36	11736
4 1/4s July 1952	105 1/2 107	Govt of Puerto Rico-		
58 April 1955	100 34 102	4 1/48 July 1958	43.75	3.50
5s Feb 1952	108 1111	58 July 1948	111	11236
5148 Aug 1941	110 113	U S conversion 3s 1946		111
Hawaii 4 1/3 Oct 1956	1151/ 1171/	Conversion 3s 1947	109	111

Federal Land Bank Bonds

38 1956 opt 1946 M&N	100% 101%	4s 1957 opt 1937 M&N 4s 1958 opt 1938 M&N 4 1957 opt Nov 1937	101 1/8	101 34
31/8 1955 opt 1945 - M&N 4s 1946 opt 1944 - J&J	102 1/4 102 1/4	4 14 8 1958 opt 1938 M&N	103 1/2	104

Joint Stock Land Bank Bonds

	Bid	Ask	D	Bid	, Ask
Atlanta 5s	100		Lincoin 5s	92	95
Atlantic 5s	100		Louisville 5s	100	
Burlington 5s	155	65	Maryland-Virginia 5s	100	
California 5s	100		Mississippi-Tennessee 5s	100	
Chicago 5s	1534	634	New York 5s	9936	100 34
Dalias 5s			North Carolina 5s.	99%	100 %
Denver 5s		96	Ohio-Pennsylvania 5s	9914	100 14
First Carolinas 5s		100	Oregon-Washington 5s	f62	66
First of Fort Wayne 4 1/8	100		Pacific Coast of Portland 5s	100	
First of Montgomery 5s	95	97	Pacific Coast of Los Ang 5s	100	
First of New Orleans 5s	99 16	100 16		100	
First Texas of Houston 5s.		100 16		100	
First Trust of Chicago 4 1/48		20072	Pennsylvania 5s.	100	
Fletcher 31/8	101	103	Phoenix 5s	107 16	108 36
Fremont 5s	80	83	Potomac 5s	100	
Greenbrier 5s	100		St Louis 58	f27	30
Greensboro 5s	100		San Antonio 5s	100	
Illinois Midwest 5s	84	87	Southwest 5s	85	87
Illinois of Monticello 41/8.		101	Southern Minnesota 5s	116 36	18
Iowa of Sloux City 4 1/8	96		Tennessee 5s	100	
Kentucky 5s	100	-	Union of Detroit 5s		10014
La Fayette 5s	99	101	Virginia-Carolina 58	100	
	00	-01	Virginian 5s	100	
			· · mgmmm ou · · · · · · · · · ·		

Joint Stock Land Bank Stocks

Pari	Bid	1 Ask	II Pari	Bid	Ask
Atlanta 100	50	60	New York100	12	16
Atlantic100	40	45	North Carolina 100	35	40
Dallas 100	70	75	Pennsylvania100	22	26
Denver100	14	16	Potomac100	63	67
Des Moines 100	58	63	San Antonio100	40	45
First Carolinas100	12	16	Virginia5	34	134
Fremont100	116		Virginia-Carolina100	50	55
Lincoln 100	6	1 8			

Federal Intermediate Credit Bank Debentures

		Bid	Ask			Bis	Ask
FIC13/sAug	16 1937	b .45%		FIC11/sDec	15 1937	b .60%	
FIC11/sSept FIC11/sOct FIC11/sNov	15 1937	0 .45%		FIC1148Jan	15 1938	b .65%	
FIC1%sOct	15 1937	b .50%		FIC1168 Mar	15 1938	b .70%	
F.IC1%sNov	15 1937	b .55%		FIC11/sMar	15 1938	b.70%	

New York Bank Stocks

Parl	Bid	1 Ask	Il Par	Bid	Ask
Bank of Manbattan Co .10	32	34	Kingsboro National 100	65	
Bank of Yorktown 66 2-3	66	71	Merchants Bank 100	100	115
Bensonhurst National 50	95	125	National Bronx Bank 50	50	
Chase13.55	52	54	National Safety Bank 121/2	18	20
City (National) 12 1/4	46		Penn Exchange	13	15
Commercial National - 100	190	196	Peoples National 50	60	76
Fifth Avenue100	970		Public National25	43 16	45 16
First National of N Y 100 2			Sterling Nat Bank & Tr.25	33	35
Flatbush National100	30		Trade Bank 12 1/2	30	37

New York Trust Companies

B4d	. Ask		
	1115	Fulton 100 25	5 270
		Guaranty 100 31	324
			5 16
		Kings County 100 175	1850
125	128		
63	65		
	90	Preferred20 50	52
	18	New York	14 135 }
	1734	Title Guarantee & Tr 20 1:	134 133
	64 14		104
			1800
	118 125 63 85 16 16 16	105 460 67 12 13 123 128 65 85 90 16 18 16 14 17 4 64 14	105

Chicago Bank Stocks

American National Bank & Trust100 Continental Illinois Bank	260	280	First National 100 Harris Trust & Savings 100 Northern Trust Co 100	320	Ask 325 430 780
& Trust33 1-3	135	139	Northern Trust Co	. 20	1.00

Insurance Companies

			-		
Par		Ask	II Par	Bid	Ask
Aetna Cas & Surety 10	89	93	Home Fire Security 10	4 5/8	
Aetna Fire10	4614		Homestead Fire10	x171/2	
Aetna Life10	27	281/2	Importers & Exporters 5	7	9
Agricultural25	84	86	Ins Co of North Amer 10	75	76
American Alliance 10	21 14	23	Knickerbocker5	15	17
American Equitable5	3634	3914	Lincoln Fire	4	436
American Home10	13	1434	Maryland Casualty1	534	
American of Newark 214	1214	13 34	Mass Bonding & Ins 1214	64	67
American Re-Insurance. 10	3934	4134	Merch Fire Assur com5	48	51
American Reserve10	2614	2734	Merch & Mfrs Fire New'k.5	111%	1334
American Surety25	52	54	Merchants (Providence) 5	7	8
Automobile10	2914	3134	National Casualty 10	1636	1816
	/-	0-76	National Fire10	64 36	6616
Baltimore Amer 214	736	814	National Liberty2	914	1014
Bankers & Shippers 25	100	103	National Union Fire 20	1261	130 1
Boston100	630	640	New Amsterdam Cas2	13	1414
Camden Fire5	1934	21 34	New Brunswick Fire 10	3434	36%
Carolina 10	23 1/4	2514	New Hampshire Fire 10	48	49
City of New York10	25%	2734	New Jersey20	4614	48%
Connecticut Gen Life 10	3414	35%	New York Fire2	20 34	2234
Continental Casualty 5	27	2914	Northern12.50	92	95
Eagle Fire214	416	514	North River 2.50	2516	27
Employers Re-Insurance 10	46	48	Northwestern National 25	126	131
Excess5	534	734	Pacific Fire25		1301
Federal10	41 34	43	Phoenix 10	8516	89 1/2
Fidelity & Dep of Md20	127	131 14	Preferred Accident 5	1614	1814
Fire Assn of Phila10	75	78	Providence-Washington 10	3214	341/2
Fireman's Fd of San Fran25	84	87			
Firemen's of Newark 5	1036	12	Reinsurance Corp (N Y) 2	716	814
Franklin Fire5	x30	32	Republic (Texas)10	23 14	2514
		-	Revere (Paul) Fire 10	25%	2714
General Reinsurance Corp5	3814	40 14	Rhode Island5	8	9
Georgia Home10	25	27	Rossia5	9%	1114
Gibraitar Fire & Marine_10	25	27			20936
Glens Falls Fire5	4334	45%	Seaboard Fire & Marine 5	101/	121/2
Globe & Republic5	1936	21 16	Seaboard Surety10	2936	3116
Globe & Rutgers Fire 15	60 16	63 16	Security New Haven 10	35	3614
2d preferred15	87	91	Springfield Fire & Mar 25	1121	
Great American5	2614	2734	Stuyvesant5	714	814
Great Amer Indemnity 1	9	10			695
Halifax Fire10	24 16	26			474
Hanover Fire10	32 16	34 1/2		2216	24
Hartford Fire10	7536	7836	U S Fire4	52 14	5434
Hartford Steam Boller 10	56	58 14	U S Guarantee10	55	58
Home 5	35	37	Westchester Fire 2.50	33 16	3536

Surety Guaranteed Mortgage Bonds and Debentures

	Bid	Ask		Bid	Ask
Allied Mtge Cos Inc-			Nat Union Mtge Corp-		1
All series 2-5s1953	82		Series A 3-681954	53	
Arundel Bond Corp 2-5s '53	78		Series B 2-5s1954	77	
Arundel Deb Corp 3-6s '53	55				
Associated Mtge Cos Inc-			Potomae Bond Corp (all		
Debenture 3-6s1953	4534	4834	issues)2-5s1953	74	
Cont'l Inv Bd Corp 2-5s '53	76		Potomac Cons Deb Corp-		
Conti Inv DebCorp 3-6s '53	43	46	3-681953	43	46
comit and Debect por on ou			Potomac Deb Corp 3-6s '53	43	46
Empire Properties Corp-			Potomac Franklin Deb Co		
2-381945	48		3-681953	43	46
Interstate Deb Corp 2-58'55	35	38	0 0000000000000000000000000000000000000		
Mortgage Bond Co of Md	00		Potomac Maryland Deben-		
Inc 2-581953	79		ture Corp 3-6s1953	70	
Inc 2-05			Potomac Realty Atlantic		
Nat Bondholders part etfs	1		Deb Corp 3-6s1953	43	46
(Central Funding series)	f32 16	25 14	Realty Bond & Mortgage		
Nat Cons Bd Corp 2-5s '53	74	30 73	deb 3-6s1953	44	
Nat Deben Corp 3-6s_1953	43	46	Unified Deben Corp 5s 1955	33	36
Nat Depen Corp 9-08-1953	20	40	Outrod Depen Corp 98 1999	00	00

Telephone and Telegraph Stocks

Pari	Bid	1 Ask	Parl	Bid	1 Ask
			New England Tel & Tel.100		119%
Am Dist Teleg (N J) com. *	110 %	117 76	New York Mutual Tel_100		11974
Preferred100				2414	***
Bell Telep of Canada100		169 1/2			
Bell Telep of Pa pref. 100			Pac & Atl Telegraph25	18	21
Cincin & Sub Bell Telep. 50	85	87	Peninsular Telep com*	27	2814
Cuban Telep 7% pref 100			Preferred A190	110	112
Emp & Bay State Tel 100	61		Rochester Telephone-		
Franklin Telegraph 100	42	48	\$6.50 1st pref100	111	
Gen Telep Allied Corp-	-		So & Atl Telegraph 25	20	24
\$6 preferred*	96	99	Sou New Engl Telep 100	15736	160
Int Ocean Telegraph 100	95	99	S'western Bell Tel pref_100	117	120
Mtn States Tel & Te 100	142		Wisconsin Telep 7% pf_100	112	115

For footnotes se page 424.

Quotations on Over-the-Counter Securities-Friday July 16-Continued

Guaranteed Railroad Stocks

Joseph Walker & Sons

120 Broadway **NEW YORK**

nce 1855

Tel. REctor 2-6600

Guaranteed Railroad Stocks

(Guarantor in Parenthesis)

Par	Dividend in Dollars	Bid	Asked
Alabama & Vicksburg (Illinois Central100	6.00	95	100
Albany & Susquehanna (Delaware & Hudson) 100	10.50	165	172
Allegheny & Western (Buff Roch & Pitts)100	6.00	98	102
Beech Creek (New York Central)50	2.00	40	43
Boston & Albany (New York Central)100		128	132
Boston & Providence (New Haven)100		135	140
Canada Southern (New York Central)100	2.85	54	58
Carolina Clinchfield & Ohio (L & N-A C L) 4% 100	4.00	95	99
Common 5% stamped100	5.00	96 16	99
Cleve Cinn Chicago & St Louis pref (N Y Central) 100	5.00	100	104
Cleveland & Pittsburgh (Pennsylvania)50	3.50	86	89
Betterman stock	2.00	49	51
Delaware (Pennsylvania)25	2.00	4436	47
Fort Wayne & Jackson pref (N Y Central)100	5.50	86	90
Georgia RR & Banking (L & N-A C L)	10.00	190	195
Lackawanna RR of N J (Del Lack & Western) 100	4.00	65	68
Michigan Central (New York Central)100	50.00	1000	
Morris & Essex (Del Lack & Western)	3.875	57	60
New York Lackawanna & Western (D L & W) 100	5.00	85	89
Northern Central (Pennsylvania)50	4.00	99	101
Northern RR of N J (Erie)	4.00	60	64
Oswego & Syracuse (Del Lack & Western)60	4.50	64	68
Pittsburgh Bessemer & Lake Erie (U S Steel)50	1.50	40	43
Preferred 50	3.00	80	85
Pittsburgh Fort Wayne & Chicago (Pennsylvania)100	7.00	165	170
Preferred100	7.00	174	177
Rensselaer & Saratoga (Delaware & Hudson)100	6.82	98	101
St Louis Bridge 1st pref (Terminal RR)100	6.00	139	144
Second preferred 100	3.00	69	73
Tuone RR St Louis (Terminal RR)	6.00	139	
United New Jersey RR & Canal (Pennsylvania)100	10.00	245	250
Utica Chenango & Susquehanna (D L & W)100	6.00	88	91
Valley (Delaware Lackawanna & Western)100	5.00	95	
Vicksburg Shreveport & Pacific (Illinois Central)100	5.00	80	84
Preferred 100	5.00	85	90
Warren RR of N J (Del Lack & Western) 50	3.50	47	51
West Jersey & Sea Shore (Pennsylvania)	3.00	60	63
West Jersey & Sea Suore (Fennsylvania)	0.00	00	00

EQUIPMENT TRUST CERTIFICATES

Quotations-Appraisals Upon Request

STROUD & COMPANY INC.

Private Wires to New York

Philadelphia, Pa.

Bid Ask

Railroad Equipment Bonds

Bid Ask

Atlantic Coast Line 41/48.	b1.80	1.20	Missouri Pacific 41/5	b3.75	
Baltimore & Ohio 41/48	b2.75			83.00	
58	b2.50	2.00		b3.00	
Boston & Maine 41/28		2.40	New Orl Tex & Mex 41/8	b3.80	
58	b2.75	2.00		\$2.80	
316s Dec 1 1936-1944	b3.00	2.25	N Y Chie & St L 41/8	b2.25	
			N Y Chie & St L 41/8	b3.00	
Canadian National 41/8-	b3.00	2.40		b2.50	
56	63.00	2.40		b8.85	
Canadian Pacific 41/8	b3.00	2.25		b3.85	3.00
Cent RR New Jersey 41/48_	b2.75	1.75	Northern Pacific 41/8	81.90	1.25
Chesapeake & Ohio 51/28	81.50		Pennsylvania RR 41/6	b2.00	1.25
61/48	b1.50	1.00	56	b1.50	1.00
41/28	b2.60	2.00			
58	b2.00	1.25	Jan & July 1987-49	b2.80	2.00
	V		2%s series G non call		
Chicago & Nor West 41/28.		3.00	Dec 1 1937-50	b2.70	
58	64.00	3.00	Pere Marquette 41/8	63.00	2.25
Chie Milw & St Paul 41/48.	84.85	4.50	Reading Co 41/28	03.00	2.25
68	b5.25	4.75	56	2.00	1.10
Chicago R I & Pac 41/48	84	86	St Louis-San Fran 4s	96	98
58	84	86	41/20	97	99
			56	98	100
Denver & R G West 41/28	b4.00		St Louis Southwestern 5s	68.50	2.50
84	64.00	2.75	53/48	63.00	2.00
51/48	64.00		Southern Pacific 41/8	63.00	2.25
Erie RR 51/28	b2.50	1.50	58	b2.50	2.00
68	b2.50	1.50	Southern Ry 41/38	b2.85	2.20
41/50	b2.80	2.25	58	b2.75	2.00
58	b2.50	1.75			
Great Northern 41/28	b1.90	1.25	Texas Pacific 4s	83.00	2.25
56	b1.90	1.25	41/28	83.00	2.25
Hocking Valley 5s	01.75	1.25	56	62.25	1.50
			Union Pacific 41/8	61.60	1.10
Illinois Central 41/28	b3.00	2.40	56	b1.60	1.10
58	62.25	1.25	Virginia Ry 41/8	61.75	1.00
Internat Great Nor 41/28	b3.90	2.75	50	b1.75	1.00
Long Island 41/28	68.00	2.00	Wabash Ry 41/28	92	100
58	b2.50	1.50	58	92	100
Louisv & Nash 41/28	61.90	1.25	51/28	92	100
50	b1.90	1.25	68	100	10136
-14 - 4 - 4 - 4			Western Maryland 41/28	b2.75	2.25
Maine Central 5s	00.86	2.25	58	b2.65	2.00
51/28	\$3.00	2.25	Western Pacific 5s	b3.75	2.75
Minn St P & SS M 4s	b3.75	3.00	51/28	b3.75	2.75
Minn St P & SS M 48	00.10	0.00	0730	000	2

RAILROAD BONDS.

BOUGHT . SOLD . QUOTED
Earnings and Special Studies Mont
on Request Mont

JOHN E. SLOANE & CO.

Members New York Security Dealers Association
41 Broad St., N. Y. - HAnover 2-2455 - Bell Syst. Teletype NY 1-624

Railroad Bonds

	B14	Asked
Akron Canton & Youngstown 51/48 1945	64	66
681945	6434	67
Augusta Union Station 1st 4s	97	
Birmingham Terminal 1st 4s	99	101
Boston & Albany 1st 41/8	10436	10534
Boston & Maine 3s1950	65	67
Prior lien 4s	83	86
Prior lien 41/281944	85	87
Convertible 5s1940-45	94	96
Buffalo Creek 1st ref 5s	98	
Chateaugay Ore & Iron 1st ref 4s	88	90
Choctaw & Memphis 1st 5s1949	52	58
Cincinnati Indianapolis & Western 1st 5s1965	9734	99
Cleveland Terminal & Valley 1st 4s1995	90	9214
Dieverand Terminal & Validy Int an	90	8276
Georgia Southern & Florida 1st 5s	63	64 14
Goshen & Deckertown 1st 51/2s	95	
Hoboken Ferry 1st 5s	80	85
	80	00
Kansas Oklahoma & Gulf 1st 5s1978	101	102 14
Little Rock & Hot Springs Western 1st 4s1939	f18	23
Long Island refunding mtge 4s	102	103 14
		100/1
Macon Terminal 1st 581965	102	
Maryland & Pennsylvania 1st 4s	65	70
Meridian Terminal 1st 4s1955	92	95
Minneapolis St Laul & Sault Ste Marie 2d 4s	42	50
Minutespoin of Laure Courts See Mail of The See 1040	93	00
Montgomery & Erie 1st 5s1956		
New York & Hoboken Ferry general 5s1946	70	
Piedmont & Northern Ry 1st mtge 3%s1966	93 14	95 14
Portland RR 1st 31/8	66	68
Consolidated 5s 1945	86	88
	86	90
Rock Island Frisco Terminal 41/281957	80	90
St Clair Madison & St Louis 1st 4s	95	
Shreveport Bridge & Terminal 1st 5s1955	90	
Somerset Ry 1st ref 4s1955	66	
Southern Illinois & Missouri Bridge 1st 4s1951	87	90
Toledo Terminal RR 41/481957	109	
Toronto Hamilton & Buffalo 41/48 1966	96	9814
Washington County Ry 1st 31/81954	62	64

PENNSYLVANIA POWER & LIGHT CO.

Berdell Brothers

EST. 1908 MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE AND N. Y. CURB EXCHANGE TEL. DIGBY 4-2800 ONE WALL ST., N. Y. TELETYPE N. Y. 1-1146

Public Utility Stocks

Par	Bid	Att	Par	Bid	Ask
Alabama Power \$7 pref *	7216	7336	Mississippi Power \$6 pref	5536	60
Arkansas Pr & Lt 7% pref*	8214	8434	\$7 preferred	5914	64 36
Associated Gas & Electric	04/6	0.7	Mississippi P & L \$6 pf*	6934	
Original preferred*	10%	1214	Miss Riv Pow 6% pref. 100	113	1436
\$6.50 preferred	2136	23	Mountain States Pr com *	3%	434
\$7 preferred	21 36	23	7% preferred100	3736	
Atlantic City El 68 prof *	113%	~~	Nassau & Suff Ltg pref. 100	28	30
Atlantic City El 6% pref.* Bangor Hydro-El 7% pf 100	132		Nebraska Pow 7% pref. 100	105	106 34
Birmingham Elec \$7 pref. *	7436	7636	Newark Consol Gas 100	120	100/1
Buffalo Niagara Eastern—	1 4 7 3	.072	New Eng G & E 51/2 % pf. *	4016	4136
\$1.60 preferred25	23	23%	N E Pow Assn 6% pref_100	72	7336
Carolina Pr & Lt \$7 pref*	93 14	9616	New Eng Pub Serv Co-	10	1079
6% preferred	86	8734	\$7 prior iten pref*	6234	63 14
0% biereried	00	01 72	New Orl Pub Serv \$7 pref*	6014	
Central Maine Power-			New York Power & Light	00%	0174
7% preferred100	9236	95	\$6 cum preferred	98	9936
	82 14	85	7% cum preferred100		
\$6 preferred100 Cent Pr & Lt 7% pref100	85	87	Nor States Pr \$7 pref100	10614	
		2014	Mor Seates Pr \$7 pret 100	84 16	8734
Consol Elec & Gas \$6 pref.	17%	52	Oblo Edison 86 and	00	100
Consol Traction (N J)_100	99	100	Ohio Edison \$6 pref	99	100
Consumers Power \$5 pref. *	99	100	\$7 preferred	108	110
G			Ohio Power 6% pref100	1081	
Continental Gas & El-	0.7	89	Ohio Pub Serv 6% pf100		9714
7% preferred100	87		7% preferred100	10214	
Dallas Pr & Lt 7% pref 100	113	115	Okla G & E 7% pref 100	105	107 36
Derby Gas & El \$7 pref*	53	55	Daniel D	****	
Essex Hadson Gas100	185	***	Pacific Pow & Lt 7% pf 100	6814	
Federal Water Serv Corp-	4014	4014	Penn Pow & Lt \$7 pref *	94%	95%
\$6 cum preferred	4036	4214	Philadelphia Co \$5 pref*	71 36	
\$6.50 cum preferred	4136	4314	Pub Serv of Colo 7% pf 100	106	108
\$7 cum preferred	4314	45%	O		
Gas & Elec of Bergen 100	120		Queens Borough G & E-		
Hudson County Gas100	185		6% preferred100	6514	6814
4414 1411111111111111111111111111111111			Republic Natural Gas 1	5%	6%
Idaho Power—			Rochester Gas & Elec-		0014
\$6 preferred*	106	108	\$6 preferred C100	9736	9836
7% preferred100	107	109	Sloux City G & E \$7 pt_100	93	95
Interstate Natural Gas*	2814	301/2	Sou Calif Edison pref B.25	27	28
Interstate Power \$7 pref *	12	14	South Jersey Gas & El. 100	185	
Jamaica)Water Supply—			Tenn Elec Pow 6% pref 100	54	56
71/2% preferred 50	53 1/2		7% preferred100	6014	61%
Jer Cent P & L 7% pf100	87	90	Texas Pow & Lt 7% pf_100		
Kan Gas & El 7% pref_100	109	111	Toledo Edison 7% pf A 100	101%	
Kings Co Ltg 7% pref100	60	64	United G & E (Conn) 7% pf	84	87
Long Island Ltg 6% pf. 100	65%	6736	Utah Pow & Lt \$7 pref	60%	6236
7% preferred100	79	80%	Utica Gas & El 7% pf100	9314	95
Memphis Pr & Lt \$7 pref. *	61 36	6434	Virginia Ry100	169	174

Quotations on Over-the-Counter Securities-Friday July 16-Continued

Public	Utility	Bonds

	DAd	4		DAA	4 - 2
Amer States P S 534s_1948	B1d f83	Ask	Cumberl'd Co P&L 3 1/48 '66	B1d 96	Ask 96%
Amer Utility Service 6s '64	80	82	Dallas Pow & Lt 3 1/28. 1967		
Amer Wat Wks & El 5s '75	98 16		Federated Util 5 148 - 1957	78	7914
Associated Electric 5s. 1961	58 34		Green Mountain Pow 58 '48	103	104
Assoc Gas & Elec Corp-	00 79	00	Houston Lt & Pow 31/8 '66		
Income deb 31/81978	3734	3814	Iowa Sou Util 5 1/8 1950	98	100
Income deb 33481978	37%	38 16	Kan City Pub Serv 3s_1951	45	47
Income deb 4s1978	40%	4114	Kan Pow & Lt 1st 4 14s '65	1085%	109
Income deb 43481978	4536	47	Keystone Telep 5 1/8 1955	98	100
Conv deb 4s1973	74	76	1100 0 71010 0 715-11000	00	100
Conv deb 4348 1973	75	77	Metrop Edison 4s ser G '65	104	104 34
Conv deb 58 1973	81	83	Missouri Pow & Lt 3 % s '66	9814	99
Conv deb 53481973	92	94	Mtn States Pow 1st 6s 1938	94	
8-year 8s with warr_1940	9834		Narragansett Elec 3 1/48 '66		1031/
8s without warrants 1940	98	100	Newport N & Ham 5s. 1944		106 34
Assoc Gas & Elec Co-	allo	-	N Y State El & G Corp-	200/8	1
Cons ref deb 4 1/4s 1958	47	50	481965	9434	95
Sink fund income 4s 1983	41	45	N Y Telep 31/48 B 1967	101	10136
Sink fund inc 4 3/8 1983	46	52	Northern N Y Util 5s_1955	10136	
Sink fund income 5s 1983	50	55			
Sink fund ine 51/6 1983	55	60	North'n States Pow 3 148'67	96 16	97
Sink fund inc 4-58 1986	43	45	Okła Gas & Elec 3%s_1966	9814	98 34
Sink fund ine 4 14-5 148'86	50	52	Debenture 4s1946	10234	102 34
Sink fund ine 5-6s 1986	51	53	Old Dom Pr 5s May 15 '51	68	69
Sink fund ine 5 14-6 14s'86	58 34	60	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11.6	
Atlantic City Elec 31/48 '64	9734	9834	Parr Shoals Power 5s 1952	95	
			Pennsylvania Elec 5s. 1962	10136	103
Bellows Falls Hy El 5s 1958	102 1	104	Penn Telep Corp 1st 4s '65	10414	
Biackstone V G & E 4s 1965	108		Peoples L & P 51/8 1941	f80	83
Buffalo Niagara Electric—			Public Serv of Colo 6s_1961	10436	105%
31/2s series C1967		106 34	Pub Util Cons 53/81948	72	75
Cent Ark Pub Serv 5s_1948	96	98	Lancon Laboratory and all organizations	1 KUUU I	1 La
Central G & E 51/8 1946	7436	76 34	Sloux City Gas & El 4s 1966	9734	98
1st lien coll trust 6s_1946	76 34	78 1/2	Sou Cities Util 5s A1958	50	52
Cent Maine Pr 4s ser G '60	103 3	104	Annual Control of the Control	120	330"
Central Public Utility—	***		Tel Bond & Share 5s1958	77	79
Income 5 1/2s with stk '52	16%	734	Union Elec (Mo) 3% s_1962	101%	
Cinn Gas & El 31/48 1967		104 5/8	Utica Gas & El Co 5e1957	119	121
Colorado Power 5s 1953	106 %			7	
Conn Lt & Power 3 1/3 1956	103 34		Western Mass Co 31/s 1946	10314	
3 1/s series F 1966	104	105	Western Pub Serv 51/8 '60	84	87
3 1/s series G1966	100 1/6	101%	Wisconsin G & El 3 1/2 1966		101 34
ALCOL			Wise Mich Pow 3 1/8 1961	101 1/2	102 14
Conn River Pr 3 1/8 A . 1961		104%	Wisconsin Pub Serv—		
Consol E & G 6s A 1962	56	59	1st mtge 4s1961	104%	1053
6s series B	55	60	Language SA and advantage of		
6% secured notes1937	94	96			•

Real Estate Issues Reports - Markets

AMOTT, BAKER & CO.

150 Broadway, N.Y.

Real Estate Bonds and Title Co. Mortgage Certificates

	Ask		- Bid	Ask
141 1/2	44 36	Metropolitan Corp (Can)—		
144 16	4916	681947	99	101
130 16	33 14	Metropol Playhouses Inc-		
		8 f deb 5s1945	66	68
3914	4216	Munson Bidg 1st 614s_1939	13334	35%
		N Y Athletic Club-		- 77
65	6634	1st mtge 2s stmp & reg'55	2716	2935
	63 14			2914
	60 16			
0.75	00/2			-0-76
f39 14	4114		156	59
		514s series C-2		45
10073	00			57
47	91/	51/a series ()		47
7014	9914	10th & Walnut Ste (Phile)	140	-
	00 72	1 tot de Walnut Ste (Fills)	1041/	2914
	e#17	Ottore Chammell (The)	10273	29 72
04	00 12	Oliver Cromwell (The)—	40.17	10
4014		18f 08 NOV 19 1939	1972	13
40 15		1 Park Avenue	0014	
				-:
				75
		103 E 57th St 1st 6s1941		55
			150 16	52 16
67	69			
1000		51/s double stpd1961	61 36	65 16
37		Realty Assoc Sec Corp-		
		5s income1943	f56	59
f12	14	Roxy Theatre—		-10.1
64	66	1st fee & I'hold 6 1/8 1940	f5134	53
141 1/4	4516	Savoy Plaza Corp-	40000	100
66	69	Realty ext 1st 5 168_1945	f18	21
			f18	21
59 16	62 16	3s with stock 1956		40
79 16	83 14			100
	59	Sherneth Corp-	12.4	
			126	29
20/2	01/2			50
6814	71 14			36
00 78	1 4 72	81 Bway Bldg 1et 5 16s 1950		52
4714	801/		100	02
	71 14		7114	7336
0073	11.73		1179	1079
043/	001/	1extue Blug-	40	51
		18t 3-08 (W 8)1900	49	91
14872	02	Trinity Blags Corp	mo.	00
	10 - 1	180 5 18		82
			02	64 1/2
			4001	0011
130	32	1st 6 16s Oct 19 1938	123 16	28 1/2
		Westinghouse Bldg-		
91	93 14	1st fee & leasehold 4s '48	66 36	70 36
	744 ½ /30 ½ /30 ½ /30 ½ /30 ½ /57 ½ /30 ½ /57 ½ /30 ½ /76 /30 ½ /76 /30 /49 ½ /40 ½ /56 /49 ½ /56 /49 ½ /56 ½ /47 ½ /56 /56 /57 /30 /57 /30	744 14 49 14 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	744 \	744 44 44 44 45 68 74 78 42 43 44 44 45 66 66 44 45 67 78 45 67 67 68 74 68 71 46 68 71 46 68 71 46 68 71 46 68 71 46 68 71 46 68 71 46 68 71 46 68 71 47 78 78 78 78 78 78 78

Chain Store Stocks

Chain Store Stocks							
Par	Bid	Ask		Bid	Ask		
7% preferred100	12 95	14 102	Kress (S H) 6% pref	1114	1136		
B/G Foods Inc common *	. 314	4	Miller (I) Sons common *	10	15		
Bickfords Inc	12	1314	614% preferred 100	33	38		
\$2.50 conv pref*	34	35 14	Murphy (G C) \$5 pref_100	106	108		
Bohack (H C) common	5 29	32	Reeves (Daniel) pref100	100			
Diamond Shoe pref 100	104 36	10734	United Cigar Sts 6% pf. 100	30	31%		
Fishman (M H) Co Inc *	9	1034	6% pref ctfs	30 .	31%		
Kobacker Stores	16	23	New common	136	154		
7% preferred100	80	85	New preferred*	47	50		

Specialists in -

WATER WORKS SECURITIES

Complete Statistical Information—Inquiries Invited SWART, BRENT & CO.

**MCORPORATED

40 EXCHANGE PLACE, NEW YORK

Tel. HAnover 2-0510 Teletype: New York 1-1073

Water Bonds

	Bid	Ask	1	Bid	Ask
Alabama Wat Serv 5s. 1957	9734	100	Monongahela Valley Water		
Alton Water Co 58 1956	105		51/481950	101	
Ashtabula Wat Wks 5s '58	101 36		Morgantown Water 5s 1965	104	
Atlantic County Wat 58 '58	101 36		Muncie Water Works 58 '65	10534	
	-	-	New Jersey Water 5s. 1950	101 15	
Birmingham Water Wks-			New Rochelle Water—		
5s series C1957	103 1/2	104 16	5s series B1951	77	81
5s series B 1954	100 1/2		51/381951	84	86
5 1/28 series A 1954	102 14	104	New York Wat Serv 5s '51	94	96
Butler Water Co 5s1957	105 14		Newport Water Co 5s 1953	9834	
			Ohio Cities Water 51/48 '53	67	73
Calif Water Service 4s 1961	99%	101	Ohio Valley Water 5s_1954	106	-25
Chester Wat Serv 41/48 '58	102		Ohio Water Service 5e_1958	96 34	983
Citizens Wat Co (Wash)—	100		Ore-Wash Wat Serv 5s 1957	91	93
561951	102		Penna State Water-		
5 1/28 series A 1951	103		1st coll trust 4 1/4s 1966	9536	963
City of New Castle Water			Peoria Water Works Co-		
581941	101		1st & ref 5s1950	100	102
City Water (Chattanooga)			1st consol 4s1948	9914	101
5s series B1954	100%			100	
1st 5s series C 1957	105		Prior lien 5s1948	104	
Clinton W Wks Co 5s_1939	10035		Phila Suburb Wat 4s 1965	10536	
Community Water Service			Pinellas Water Co 51/48 '59	96	99
5 1/28 series B 1946	69	72	Pittsburgh Sub Wat 5s '58	102	
6s series A 1946	731/2	761/2		105	
Connellsville Water 5s 1939	100		Richmond W W Co 5s. 1957	10514	-22
Consol Water of Utica-			Roanoke W W 58 1950	91 3	934
4 1/48 1958	95 1/2		Roch & L Ont Wat 5s_1938	99	101
1st mtge 5s1958	97	100	St Joseph Wat 4s ser 19A'66	104%	
AR 100 100 1 100 100 100 100 100 100 100			Scranton Gas & Water Co		
Davenport Water Co 5s '61	10514		4 1/28 1958	1011	1023
St L & Interurb Water-			Scrapton-Spring Brook		
5s series A1942	100	10136	Water Serv 5s 1961	9136	933
6s series B1942	101		1st & ref 5s A 1967	9116	400
5s series D1960	102 1/2	103 34	Shenango Val 4s ser B 1961	99	101
Greenwich Water & Gas-			South Bay Cons Wat 5s '50	72	75
5s series A 1952	98	100	South Pittsburgh Water—		
5s series B1952	98	100	1st mtge 5s1955	102	
Hackensack Wat Co 5s '77	103		5s series A1960	102 36	
5 1/28 series B1977	109		5s series B1960	105	00
Huntington Water—			Springfi. City Wat 4s A '56	96	99
5s series B1954	101	***	Terre Haute Water 5a B '56	101	
681954	103		6a series A1949	104	
561962	10414		Texarkana Wat 1st 5s. 1958	10235	
Illinois Water Serv 5s A '52	102	103 1/2	Union Water Serv 5168 '51	101	103
indianapolis Water—	005/		W Va Water Serv 4s1961	98 23	100 1
1st mtge 3 1/4s 1966	99%	100%	Western N Y Water Co-	0714	
Indianapolis W W Securs- 5s			5s series B1950	9734	077
	93	97	1st mtge 5s1951		97 3
interstate Water 6s A_1940	102 34		1st mtge 51/481950	10117	101
Joplin W W Co 581957	104%			1011	103
Kokomo W W Co 5s1958	105		Wichita Water—	101	
Lexington Wat Co 51/48 '40	99		5s series B1956	101	
Long Island Wat 5 1/8. 1955	104		5s series C1960	104	
Middlesex Wat Co 51/8 '57	104		6s series A1949	10316	
Monmouth Consol W 5s '56	93 16	95 14	W'msport Water 5s1952	102	104

Sugar Stocks

Cuban Atlantic Sugar 10 Eastern Sugar Assoc 1 Preferred 1	84d 1634 26 37	Ask 1814 2814 3914	Haytian Corp Amer* Savannah Sug Ref com1 West Indies Sugar Corp1	Btd 1 34 63%	Ask 136 36 736

Miscellaneous Bonds

Maria de la companya della companya	Bid	Ask	Home Owners' Loan Corp	Bid	Ask
Associates Invest 3s1946	94	94%	Home Owners' Loan Corp		
Bear Mountain-Hudson	0.678		1%8Aug 15 1937	100	1001/8
River Bridge 7s1953	103 14	10436	2s Aug 15 1938		
Federal Farm Mtge Corp-		111111	1 1/18 June 1 1939	100716	1001712
1348Sept 1 1939	100716	100916	Reynolds Investing 5s. 1948	89	91
Federal Home Loan Banks			Triborough Bridge-	1	1
11/581938	1001332	100 36	4s s f revenue 1977 . A&O	105%	106 34
		1	4s serial revenue 1942-68	b 2.65	3.90

* No par value. a Interchangeable, b Basis price. d Coupon. c Ex-rights f Flat price. w & When issued. x Ex-dividend. y Now selling on New York Curb Exchange. s Ex-stock dividends.
† Now listed on New York Stock Exchange.
‡ Quotations per 100 gold rouble bond, equivalent to 77.4234 grams o f pure gold

THE BERLIN STOCK EXCHANGE

Closing prices of representative stocks as received by cable each day of the past week:

10	12	13	July 14	15	16
		Per Ce	nt of Pa	17-	
Allgemeine Elektrizitaets-Gesellschaft 130	131	132	132	135	134
Berliner Handels-Gesellschaft (6%)131	132	132	132	132	132
Berliner Kraft u. Licht (8%)164	165	165	166	166	166
Commers-und Privat-Bank A. G. (5%) 114	114	114	114	114	115
Dessauer Gas (7%)127	129	128	128	128	124
Deutsche Bank und Disconto-Gesell. (5%)_121	121	121	121	121	121
Deutsche Erdoel (5%)154	153	154	153	153	154
Deutsche Reichsbahn (German Rys) pf 7% _127	127	127	127	127	127
Dresdner Bank (4%)105	105	105	105	105	105
Farbenindustrie I. G. (7%)166	166	166	167	167	168
Gesfuerel (6%)154	154	154	154	156	155
Hamburger Elektrizitaetswerke (8%)151		153	155	156	157
Нарад 19	19	19	19	19	19
Mannesmann Roehren (3%)125	126	128	128	128	129
Norddeutscher Lloyd 20	21	21	21	21	21
Reichsbank (8%)213	213	214	214	213	214
Rheinische Braunkohle (8%)	233	233	233	233	232
Salzdetfurth (71/2%)166	165	167	168	168	
Siemens & Halske (8%)222	222	223	223	224	225

Quotations on Over-the-Counter Securities-Friday July 16 Continued

Industrial Stocks and Bonds

D	044	4 4 - 3	Don't	D4-2 (4.2
American Arch Par	Bid	Ask	Par		Ask
American Arch	41	44	Garlock Packing com*	6214	64 1/2
American Book100	62	65	Gen Fire Extinguisher*	24	32 14
	101	100	Golden Cycle Corp10		9
8% cum preferred100			Good Humor Corp1	736	13
American Hardware25		35%	Graton & Knight com	111%	
Amer Maise Products*		1732	Preferred100	67	70
American Mfg 5% pref. 100	80		Great Lakes SS Co com *	4914	51
American Republics com. *			Great Northern Paper. 25	3914	42
Andian National Corp *	4916		Kildun Mining Corp1	1 3/8	21/4
Art Metal Construction 10					4.97
Beneficial Indus Loan pf. *	511/2	53	Lawyers Mortgage Co. 20	1	13%
Bowman-Biltmore Hotels	00		Lawrence Portl Cement 100	35	37
1st preferred100		24 1/4	Lord & Taylor com 100	240	
Burdines Inc common*		33 1/4	1st 6% preferred100 2d 8% preferred100	110	
Chilton Co common10		7	2d 8% preferred100	120	222
Climax Molybdenum*		51 36	Macfadden Publica'n com *	7 1/8	914
Columbia Baking com*		10 1/2	Preferred	65 1/2	69
\$1 cum preferred*	18	20	Merck & Co Inc com1	38	391/2
Columbia Broadcasting-			6% preferred100	115	
Class A	2914		Mock Judson & Voehringer		
Class B.	29		Preferred100	94 14	
Crowell Publishing com*	42	45	Muskegon Piston Ring	15%	16%
\$7 preferred100	1081		National Casket	44	49
Dennison Mfg class A10	434	514	Preferred	111	
Dentists' Supply Co of N Y	57		Nat Paper & Type com	8	916
Devoe & Raynolds B com *	55	59	5% preferred100	27	29
Preferred100	6614	7014	New Britain Machine *	36 1/2	381/2
Preferred100	1816		New Haven Clock-		
Dixon (Jos) Crucible 100			Preferred 6 1/2 % 100	90	96
Douglas Shoe preferred_100			Northwestern Yeast 100	69	72
Draper Corp*	78	81	Norwich Pharmacai5	351/2	3714
Du Pont (E 1) 41/2 % pref. *	105 16	105 1/2	Onio Leather common*	181/2	23
Du Pont (E 1) 4½% pref.* Federal Bake Shops	6	7	Ohio Match Co	10%	11%
Preferred30	19	21	Pathe Film 7% pref	93	97
Foliansbee Bros pref100	35	37	Petroleum Conversion 1	36	114
Foundation Co For shs* American shares*	314	3 1/4	Publication Corp com*	46	49
American shares*	414	514		-	

Tennessee Products Common

H. S. EDWARDS & CO.

Members Pittsburgh Stock Exchange (Associate)

120 Broadway, New York

Tei. REctor 2-7890 Teletype N. Y. 1-869 Union Bank Building, Pittsburgh

Wickwire Spencer Steel Co. **COMMON STOCK**

Bought-Soid-Quoted

QUAW & FOLEY Members New York Curb Exchange 30 Broad St., N. Y. Hanove

Hanover 2-9030

CLIMAX MOLYBDENUM COMPANY

C. E. UNTERBERG & CO.

Members | New York Security Dealers Association Commodity Exchange, Inc.

61 Broadway, New York

BOwling Green 9-3565 Teletype N Y 1-1666

AUCTION SALES

The following securities were sold at auction on Wednesday of the current week:

By Adrian H. Muller & Son, New York:

Shares Stocks \$ per Shi	are
\$7,000 The Fairbanks Gold & Silver Mining Co. of Colorado 8% 1st mtge. trust deed bonds. Dated Sept. 1, 1888. Due on or before Sept. 1, 1893. (\$6,000 with all coupons on, \$1,000 with Sept. 1, 1890, and subs. coupons attached.);	lat
3 The Frank B. Marchant Co., Inc. (N. Y.), par \$100\$1 2 American Woman's Realty Corp. (N. Y.) common, par \$50; 10 Durant Motors, Inc. (Del.), no par; 25 Freed Television & Radio Corp. (Del.), no par; 10 Queens Heights Land Corp. (N. Y.), par \$100; \$7,000 American Real Estate Co. (N. Y.) accumulative gold bonds. (\$3,500 due Nov. 1, 1924.	101
no coupons attached, and \$3,500 due Nov. 1, 1929, with May 1916 and subs. coupons attached.) Eight distributive payments of 5% each made by	lot
Bonds—	

Bonds— 50 Petroleum Investment Co. (Del.), no par; \$4,000 Pligrim Petroleum note, due Oct. 19, 1927. Payment guaranteed by Petroleum Inv Co. (defaulted); \$2,500 Petroleum Investment Co. 8% note, due 1930 (defaulted); \$2,000 Petroleum Investment Co. 8% note, due 1929 (defaulted)	restment Feb. 16, March 2,
By R. L. Day & Co., Boston:	
Shares · Stocks	\$ per Share
10 First National Bank, Boston, par \$12½ 20 Boston Worcester & New York Street Ry. Co. common, par \$100 15 Springfield Fire & Marine Insurance Co., par \$25 1 Massachusetts Lighting Cos. common 1 Boston Athenaeum, par \$300 10 Oid Colony Trust Associates 5 Railway & Light Securities preferred A, par \$100 Bonds \$122,000 Unicorn Real Estate Trust 1st mtge. 6s, Oct. 1, 1934. Oct. 1, 1933, & subsequent, on	3 114 53 ½ 290 15 ½ 103 Coupons \$15,000
By Crockett & Co., Boston:	
Shares Stocks	\$ per Share
25 Berkshire Fine Spinning Associates common 13 United Merchants & Manufacturers, Inc., par \$1 1 Berkshire Fine Spinning Associates, preferred, undeposited 10 Columbia National Life Insurance Co., par \$100	92 81 30 1/4

25 Consolidated Investment Trust Warrants.

Industrial Stocks and Bonds-Continued

Par	Bid	Ask	Par	Bid	Ask
Remington Arms com *	436	534	Woodward Iron com 10	29%	3134
Rome Cable Corp com 5	15	16 36	Worcester Salt 100	57	60
Scovill Mfg 25	4516	4614	York Ice Machinery	25 16	2634
Simplicity Pattern1	y		Wor mandament 100		94 14
Singer Manufacturing 100	301	304	Young (J S) Co com100		105
Singer Mfg Ltd	5 3/6		7% preferred100		- 00
Skenandoa Rayor Corp	1714	1834			
Standard Brands 41/2 % pf *	101	101	American Tobacco 4s. 1951	106	
Standard Screw 100	153 14		Am Wire Fabrics 78 1942	95	98
Stromberg-Carison Tel Mfg	13	15	Chicago Stock Yds 5s. 1961	93	95
Sylvania Indus Corp *	29%		Commercial Credit 23/8 '42	99	9934
Taylor Wharton Iron &			Cont'l Roll & Steel Fdy-		/-
Steel common*	18%	19%	1st conv s f 6s 1940	99	101
Tennessee Products*	4 3/4	5 5/8	Cudahy Pack conv 4s. 1950	102	102 16
Trico Products Corp*	40%	421/4	1st 3 1/8 1955	102 16	103
Tubise Chatillon cum pf. 10	96 16	100	Deep Rock Oil 78 1937	188	90
United Artists Theat com *	414	534	Haytian Corp 8s 1938	126 16	2836
United Cigar Stores—		- / -	Kelsey Hayes Wheel Co-		
See Chain Store stocks-			Conv deb 6s1948	90	95
United Merch & Mfg com *	13 %	14 1/6	Kopper Co 4s ser A 1951	103 1/6	103 36
United Piece Dye Works. *	136	2	Martin (Glenn L)-		
Preferred100	1134	13%	Conv 6s1939	185	
Warren Northam-			Nat Radiator 58 1946	150	5436
\$3 conv preferred*	4514	48	N Y Shipbuilding 5s 1946	80	85
Welch Grape Julee com 5	1934	22	Safeway Stores Inc 4s1947	10014	100%
7% preferred100	107		Scovill Mfg 5148 1945		108
West Va Puip & Pap com. *	35	37	Simmons Co deb 481952	102	102 16
Preferred100	10414	107	Standard Textile Products		
West Dairies Inc com v t c 1	3	334	1st 6 1/4s assented 1942	121 36	23
\$3 cum preferred*	32	34	Struthers Wells Titusville		
White Rock Min Spring-	1000		6 1/28 1943	104	105
\$7 1st preferred100	101		Wilson & Co conv 3 1/8 1947	100 %	101 36
Wickwire Spencer Steel *	175%	18	Witherbee Sherman 6s 1944	f51	53
Wilcox & Gibbs common 50	27	30	Woodward Iron-	1757 1	2071111
Willys Overland Motors 1	414	5	1st 5s	102 34	103 34
6% preferred 10	9 3/8	10%	2d conv inc 5s1962	122	12736
WJR The Goodwill Sta. 5	x28 16				

For tootnotes see page 424.

Woodward Iron Follansbee Bros. United Cigar Stores

SELIGSBERG & CO.

Members New York Stock & Curb Exchanges 50 Broad St., New York Telephone Bowling Green 9-8200

WICKWIRE SPENCER STEEL

New Common—Warrants

Express Exchange

HAnover 2-3080

New York City

A. T. & T. Teletype N. Y. 1-1642

Houston Oil Field Material Company, Inc.

Preferred and Common Stock Prospectus and supplementary information on request

ROBINSON, MILLER & CO.

Telephone HAnover 2-1282 52 William Street, N.Y.

N.Y. 1-905

AUCTION SALES (Concluded)

By Barnes & Lofland, Philadelphia:

by barnes & Lorana, I made pina.	
Shares Stocks	\$ per Share
20 Philadelphia National Bank, par \$20	11916
50 Pennsylvania Co. for Ins. on Lives & Granting Annuities, par \$10.	37%
20 East Temple Corp., \$6 preferred	1034
40 Philadelphia Electric Co. common, no par	35
2 Martinsburg Community Hotel preferred	\$1 lot
1 Martinsburg Community Hotel common	\$1 lot

CURRENT NOTICES

—Jas. H. Oliphant & Co. have published the 11th annual edition of their "Studies in Securities," which contains 231 pages of analyses covering 51 leading industrial, utility and railroad companies.

leading industrial, utility and railroad companies.

The purpose of the book is to present facts regarding past history and current position enabling judgment of the character of the securities of companies in which investors are generally interested. Records are reviewed in most cases for 10 or more years. The text is liberally illustrated with tabulations giving comparative figures where available regarding sales, earnings, operating ratios, depreciation accruals, tax and dividend payments, important balance sheet items and miscellaneous data.

In the foreword to its book the firm says, "The information published about businesses which are published over the present steadily.

about businesses which are publicly owned has grown over the years steadily more illuminating. Unfortunately, there is reason to doubt if security holders take full advantage of it. We have endeavored to promote dissemination of information derived from company reports, security prospectuses and official remarks by means of our publications during these many years.

—Formation of the new firm of Charles Clark & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange, with offices in New York, Philadelphia and San Francisco, is announced, as dealers in State, municipal, and railroad onds. The main office will be located at 120 Broadway, New York.

Partners of the new firm will be Charles M. Clark Jr., Clayton Snyder,

member of the New York Stock Exchange, David A. Pincus, David Finkle, Robert H. Rich, all of New York, and John G. Hopkins of Philadelphia. Mr. Hopkins will be resident partner of the Philadelphia office with

Edwin G. Roodhouse as resident manager of the San Francisco office.

General Corporation and Investment News

RAILROAD-PUBLIC UTILITY-INDUSTRIAL-MISCELLANEOUS

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FILING OF REGISTRATION STATEMENTS UNDER SECURITIES ACT

The following additional registration statements (Nos. 3286 to 3293, inclusive) have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Act of 1933. The total involved is approximately \$24,923,232.

W. M. Johnson (Individual) (2-3285, Form G-2), of Fort Worth, Texas, has filed a registration statement covering 200 non-producing gas and royalty interests in the W. M. Johnson farm at \$50 each, for an aggregate amount of \$10,000.

gate amount of \$10,000.

(L. H.) Gilmer Co. (2-3286, Form A-2), of Philadelphia, Pa., has filed a registration statement covering 42,000 shares of common stock, \$5 par, to be offered first to stockholders at \$11 per share and any unsubscribed shares are to be offered to the public through underwriter at \$11 each. Proceeds will be used for payment of debt, for purchase of machinery and for working capital. Walter Lyon & Co., Inc., will be underwriter. John S. Krauss is President. Filed July 6, 1937.

**Republic Pictures Corp. of Delaware (2-3287, Form A-1), of New York, N. Y., has filed a registration statement covering 1,316,000 shares of capital stock, \$1 par, including 261,000 shares of capital stock reserved for warrants and warrants entiting holders to purchase 261,000 shares of capital stock. Filed July 10, 1937. For further details see subsequent page.

warrants and warrants entiting holders to purchase 201,000 shares on capital stock. Filed July 10, 1937. For further details see subsequent page.

General Frigid Transportation Corp. (2-3288, Form A-1), of Jersey Oity, N. J., has filed a registration statement seeking to issue 189,572 shares of common stock, 50 cents par, through voting trust certificates. Of the shares registered, 164,572 will be publicly offered through underwriter and the remainder will be optioned to underwriters at \$3 per share. Proceeds will be used to repay loans and for working capital. Underwriters will be Hammons & Co., Inc., and Robert L. Foster. F. E. Gilmore is President of the company. Filed July 10, 1937.

General Frigid Transportation Corp. (2-3289, Form F-1), of Jersey Oity, N. J., has also filed a registration statement seeking to register voting trust certificates for above shares. Filed July 10, 1937.

American Republics Corp. (2-3290, Form A-2), of Houston, Texas, has filed a registration statement covering 218,008 shares of common stock, \$10 par, to be offered to stockholders at \$15 a share through warrants. The company also registered warrants for common stock and stock subscription instalment receipts. Any unsubscribed-for shares or shares not fully paid under the instalment plan, will be publicly or privately offered at a minimum of \$15 a share. Proceeds will go to subsidiaries for payment of bank loans and for exploration, development and plant expansion. No underwriter is named. Craig F. Cullinan is President. Flied July 12, 1937.

Kysor Heater Co. (2-3291, Form A-2), of Cadillac, Mich., has filed a registration statement covering 70,000 shares of common stock, \$1 par, of which 2,242 shares will be offered by company and 10,912 shares by stockholders through underwriters at \$9.87½. Remaining shares presently outstanding are not to be offered. Proceeds will be used for plant additions, equipment and working capital. Keane & Co. will be the underwriter. W. A. Kysor is President. Filed July 12, 1937.

First State Trust C

July 13, 1937.

Financial Independence Founders, Inc. (2-3293, Form C-1), of New York, N. Y., has filed a registration statement covering trust certificates series D, the total aggregate amount of the proposed cash offering being \$15,000,000. Of the offering, 7,000 periodic deposit certificates with insurance and 4,000 without insurance will be offered at \$1,200 each, and 3,600 fully paid certificates at \$500 each. The proceeds will be used for investment. John L. Thomas is President. Filed July 13, 1937.

The last previous list of registration statements was given in our issue of July 10, p. 268.

Acme Gas & Oil Co., Ltd.-Earnings-

Years Ended De Net income Previous surplus_	c. 31—		1936 \$89,590	1935 \$59,046 28,904	1934 \$104,636 77,460
Total surplus Dividends paid			\$98,340	\$87,950 40,315	\$182,096 80,629
Surplus Reserves for taxes Sundry charges of Appreciation in va	previous	years	1.185	\$47,635 43,364 <i>Cr4</i> ,479	\$101,467 72,563
Surplus, Dec. 3			\$45,027 neet Dec. 31	\$8,750	\$28,904
Assets-	1936	1935	LAabilities-	1936	1935
Cash	\$35.757	\$16,760	Accounts payable	81.071	\$1.043
Call loans (secured)	62,000		Reserve for taxes		10,000
Oil in storage	2.844		y Capital stock		475,400
Accts. receivable	14,383	24.770	Surplus	45,027	8,750
Advances to agents	121	1.513			
Inv. at mkt. value	33.681	21.648			
Royalties	48,106	36,619			
x Oil & gas wells &		,			
leases	337,740	383,881			
Total	\$534,632	\$495,193	Total	. \$534,632	\$495,193
w After regerves	for done	aniation as	nd donletton of	e000 000 im	1000 and

**Alter reserves for depreciation and depletion of \$230,000 in 1936 and \$180,000 in 1935. y Represented by 2,015,732 shares no par value (fully paid).—V. 142, p. 4009.

Addressograph-Multigraph Corp.—Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 35 cents per share on the common stock, par \$10, payable Sept. 22 to holders of record Sept. 2. A like payment was made on June 22, last, and compares with 25 cents paid

on March 22, last, Dec. 22, 1936, and Oct. 10, 1936, and 15 cents paid each three months from July 10, 1935 to and including July 10, 1936. The July 10, 1935 dividend was the first paid since April 11, 1932, when a regular quarterly distribution of 25 cents per share was made.—V. 145. p. 98.

Ahlberg Bearing Co.—Stock Offered—Public offering was made July 16 of 75,000 shares (\$1 par) common stock of the company by the investment banking house of Wm. R. Stuart & Co. of Chicago. The stock is priced at \$3 per share. Stuart & Co. of Chicago. The stock is priced at \$3 per share.

The company is one of the country's leading manufacturers and distributors of ball bearings. It has been in continuous operation for the past 28 years and has a nation-wide distributing organization consisting of 28 company warehouses and 6 affiliated warehouses and 387 authorized distributors in 289 cities. Among its customers are numbered the leading railroads, automobile manufacturing companies and industrial organizations throughout the country.

In addition to the financing being done publicly, 200,000 shares of common stock are being offered to present shareholders in a share-for-share exchange for 200,000 shares of class B common now outstanding, and 50,000 shares of class A \$5 par stock is offered to present shareholders in a share-for-share exchange for 50,000 shares of class A common stock now outstanding. Of this amount, more than 12,000 shares have already been converted. On completion of the present financing, capitalization will consist of 50,000 shares of \$5 par class A stock, all outstanding; and 500,000 shares of \$1 par common, of which 275,000 shares will be outstanding. This financing represents the first time that the public, employees and branch managers of the company have had the opportunity of purchasing the \$1 par common stock.

Proceeds from the financing will be used for machinery and equipment and additional working capital.

Net earnings last year after all charges including Federal income taxes amounted to \$49,695, as against \$27,536 in 1935. First quarter business this year was ahead of the same period last year by about 24%, despite the fact that for about 28 days the company was moving from its old plant to its new one.

Last year the company paid 25 cents on its common stock and it is

plant to its new one.

Last year the company paid 25 cents on its common stock and it is expected that a dividend policy of five cents a quarter for the last half of this year will be inaugurtaed, with an extra dividend in December based upon full year's earnings.

It is expected that the company will make application to list the common on either the Chicago Stock Exchange or Chicago Board of Trade.—V. 144, p. 4164.

Allied Brewing & Distilling Co., Inc. (& Subs.)—Earn. \$1,718,028 1,172,900 \$1,550,999 1,144,131 Gross profit_____ Selling expenses_____ General and administrative expenses_ \$553,534 185,681 300,725 \$406,868 169,773 309,328 \$545,127 278,586 236,590 loss\$72,233 6,602 Operating profit______Income other than from trading_____ \$38,483 11,053 41,510 2,616 11,369 loss\$65,631 8,358 45,380 10,076 1,005 Gross profit
Interest
Depreciation
Non-recurring expenses
Provision for Federal income tax \$75,599 8,221 43,320 9,059 Net profit for the period______ Loss from revaluation of inventories \$14,999 loss\$130,450 loss\$28,065

to present mar	100				22,001
Total profit for			\$14,999 lo Sheet as at D	ss\$130,450 ec. 31	loss\$50,763
Assets— Cash on demand Notes & accts. rec. (net) Mdse. inventories. Revenue stamps Other assets Fixed assets (net) Deferred charges Intangibles	1936 \$28,732 200,870 128,442 2,817 30,934 935,623 23,458 42,914	136,536 114,697 1,492 22,386 968,330	Accrued liab., Mtge. instalme Res. for taxes	ble. 121,48 'ces 71: cess &c. 8,50 &c. 41,65' ents 1,00 and 31,93 \$1,355,71: 948,42'	0 101,875 0 30,293 0 1,000 15,678 0 140,500 4 23,607 4 353,214 7 941,184
Total	1,393,792	1,339,786	Total	\$1,393,792	\$1,339,786

Allied International Investing Corp.—Accum. Div.—
The directors have declared a dividend of 50 cents per share on account of accumulations on the \$3 cum. conv. pref. stock, no par value, payable Aug. 1 to holders of record July 23. Like payment was made on Feb. 1, last. A dividend of 45 cents per share was paid on Aug. 1 and Feb. 1, 1936, and compares with 35 cents paid on Aug. 1 and Feb. 1, 1935, this latter being the first dividend paid on the pref. stock since Aug. 1, 1931, when 50 cents was distributed; similar payments were made on the two preceding quarters, prior to which regular quarterly dividends of 75 cents per share were disbursed.—V. 144, p. 1095.

Alpha Portland Cement Co.—Earnings - 1937 \$7,021,700 5,129,513 1,172,574 \$5,883,559 4,525,859 1,202,557 12 Mos. End. June 30— Net sales______ Operating expenses_____ Depreciation_____ Operating profit....
Other income (net).... \$155,143 loss\$436,819 loss\$411,801 145,357 220,632 180,769 \$719,613 142,314 \$300,500 loss\$216,187 loss\$231,032 41,270 48,233 61,678 677 8,173 10,275 Profit_____ \$861,927 36,596 x Minority interest____ Federal income taxes___ 134,351 Net profit_____ \$259,907 loss\$256,247 loss\$282,435 Common dividends.... \$114,770 \$384,693

Loss applicable to minority interests.
 Note—No provision has been made for surtax on undistributed profits.
 V. 144, p. 2814.

Allied Stores Corp.—Acquisition—
The C. C. Anderson Co. chain, operating 20 dry goods and department stores, has been acquired by this company, according to an announcement made on July 14 by B. Earl Puckett, President of Allied Stores. The deal involved an exchange of stock, Allied obtaining all of the common stock of Anderson

Anderson.

With the Anderson group, Allied now operates 53 stores. Sixteen of the new units are in Idaho, two are in Oregon, one in Colorado, and one

in South Dakota. Another unit is scheduled for opening at Pendelton, Ore. some time in September.

C. C. Anderson, who organized the company in 1896, will be Chairman of the Board of the Anderson chain. J. J. Chapman will be Managing director.

The 20 Anderson stores do a business of \$4,000,000 annually. The largest store of the group, located in Boise, Idaho, does about \$1,500,000.

—V. 144, p. 3826.

American Colortype Co.—Sales—

American European Securities Co.-

American Europe	an Secur	ILIES CO.	- Lai herry	0
6 Mos. End. June 30— Cash divs. received	\$213,223 68,295 630	\$162,560 64,430	55,282	\$146,607 52,502
Total income Exps., incl. miscell, taxes Int. paid or accrued	\$282,148 36,530 75,575	\$227,325 9,506 75,575	9,819	\$199,383 9,270 75,717
Net income Net loss from sec. sold	\$170,042 2,163	\$142,243 4,356	\$112,723 239,341	\$114,395 651,339
Total profit Pref. stk. div. require'ts	\$167.879 150,000	\$137,888 100,000		def\$536,944
Ralance surplus	\$17.870	\$37 888	def\$198 610	def\$536 044

Stock dividends are not treated as income but are entered on the books of the company by recording only the number of shares received and making no increase in the cost or book value of the securities involved. No stock dividends were received during the six months ended June 30, 1937. In determining the profit or loss on securities sold, the cost of the specific certificates sold was used.

Compo	trative Date	ince Sheet June 30	
1937	1936	1937	1936
Assets— 8	8	Liabilities \$	8
Cash 66,197	56,924	c Preferred stock 5,000,000	5,000,000
Securities—at cost:		b Common stock 10,139,510	10,139,510
Stocks16,449,947	16,492,890	d Option warrants 615	615
Bonds 1,652,404	1.611.627	Funded debt 3,023,000	3.023.000
Furniture and fix-	-,,	Int. on fund. debt_ 50,475	
tures	706	General reserve 600.000	600,000
Accrued interest on		Accrued taxes 4.835	3.571
bonds 45,023	45,323	Deficit 604,864	609,701
Total18.213.571	18,207,470	Total18.213.571	18,207,470

b Represented by 354,500 shares of no par value. c Represented by 50,000 shares of no-par \$6 cum, stock. d There are issued and outstanding option warrants entitling the holders to purchase at any time, without limit 20,500 shares of common stock at a price of \$12.50 per share.—V. 144, p. 3993.

American Gas & Electric Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings-

Period End. May 31— 1937—Month—1936 1937—12 Mos.—1936 Sub. cos. consolidated: * (Interco. items elim'ted)

Operating revenue		\$5,475,428 1,720,979	22,381,069	\$66,838,451 20,802,746
Maintenance	346,607	328,399		3.723,816
Depreciation	$801.714 \\ 820.151$	$762,741 \\ 762,252$	9,546,815 9,943,658	8,914,226 8,875,194
Operating income	\$2,118,501 21,322	\$1,901,057 41,204	\$26,044,970 416,318	\$24,522,468
Total income	\$2,139,823			405,249
Int. & other deductions	921,804	\$1,942,262 953,228	\$26,461,288 11,113,576	\$24,927,717 11,252,362
Pref. stock dividends	417,884	417,883	5,014,393	5.014.392
Balance	\$800,135	\$571,150	\$10,333,318	\$8,660,962
Amer. Gas & Elec. Co.:				
Bal. of sub. cos.' earns.				
& Elec.Co., as shown				
above	\$800.135	\$571.150	\$10.333.318	\$8,660,962
Int. from sub. cos	240,142	282,149	3,262,547	3.295,000
Pref. stock divs. from			-,,	0,200,000
sub. companies	159.171	159,171	1,910,050	1,910,050
Other income	2,876	12,702	209,438	220,362
Total income	\$1,202,324	\$1,025,173	\$15,715,354	\$14.086,374
Expense	77,453	54,691	665,996	530,448
Balance	\$1 124 870	\$970.489	\$15 040 258	\$12 555 026

Int. & other deductions. Pref. stock divs. to public 170,853 177,811 2,347,809 2,133,738 * Figures for periods prior to Jan. 1, 1937 restated for purposes.—V. 144, p. 4332.

American International Corp.—Net Assets—

Based on market quotations net assets at June 30, 1937, were \$28,917,718, equivalent to \$2,514.58 per \$1,000 principal amount of outstanding indebedness consisting of note of \$1,500,000 and 5½% debentures of \$10,000,000. Net assets applicable to common stock amounted to \$17.41 per share. Not allowance has been made in these calculations for Federal surtax on undistributed profits.

Net assets at Dec. 31, 1936 of \$31,065,111 were equivalent to \$2,588.76 per \$1,000 principal amount of outstanding indebtedness (consisting of \$10,000,000 5½% debentures and \$2,000,000 note payable) and \$19.06 per share of outstanding common stock. On March 31, 1937 indebtedness on note payable was reduced to \$1,500,000 by a cash payment of \$500,000. There were 1,000,000 common shares outstanding throughout the half year. Securities were valued at June 30, 1937 on the same basis as in the annual report of Dec. 31, 1936. Those carried at a nominal value at that time are still so carried.—V. 144, p. 2638.

American Republics Corp.—Registers with SEC—

American Republics Corp.—Registers with SEC— See list given on first page of this department.—V. 144. p. 3660.

American Rolling Mill Co.—Preferred Stock Offered—Public offering, by means of a prospectus, of 450,000 shares of 4½% cum. conv. pref. stock (\$100 par) was made July 15 by a group composed of W. E. Hutton & Co.; Edward B. Smith & Co.; The First Boston Corp.; Brown Harriman & Co., Inc.; Kidder, Peabody & Co.; Glore, Forgan & Co., and Lee Higginson Corp. The shares are priced at \$101 and accrued dividends.

and accrued dividends.

and accrued dividends.

Redeemable, at the option of company, in whole or in part, at any time on 30 days notice, at the following prices per share plus accrued dividends; on or before July 15, 1938, \$107.50; thereafter and on or before July 15, 1947, \$105; thereafter and on or before July 15, 1948, \$104.50; taereafter and on or before July 15, 1949, \$104; thereafter and on or before July 15, 1950, \$103.50; and thereafter \$103. Dividends cumulative from July 15, 1937, and payable quarterly Jan. 15, April 15, July 15 and Oct. 15 in each year. Convertible, at the option of the holder, into common stock at the following stated conversion prices per share: on or before July 15, 1939, \$40; thereafter and on or before July 15, 1941, \$42.50; thereafter and on or before July 15, 1945, \$47.50; and thereafter and on or before July 15, 1945, \$47.50; and thereafter and on or before July 15, 1947, \$50; unless previously redeemed.

Company has agreed to apply for listing of the 4½% cumulative convertible preferred stock on the New York Stock Exchange.

Purpose—Proceeds to be received by company from the sale of the 450,000 shares will aggregate \$44,100.000, exclusive of accrued dividends. Company intends to apply the net proceeds as follows: (a) \$22,184,075, toward the redemption on Sept. 1, 1937, of \$21,643,000 of 5% sinking fund

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gold debentures due Jan. 1, 1948; (b) \$2,028,495 to repay bank loans, the proceeds of which were applied toward the redemption on April 15, 1937, of \$1,931,900 cumulative preferred stock, 6% series B. of the company; (c) approximately \$10,760,000. in accordance with the construction plans of the company; (d) approximately \$1,500,000 toward financing the construction in Australia of a plant for the manufacture of iron and steel specialty sheets; (e) approximately \$4,571,505 to pay or reduce bank loans in addition to the loans referred to above, and (f) the balance of approximately \$2,883,790 for working capital and other corporate purposes.

Business—Company and its subsidiaries are engaged primarily in the business of manufacturing and selling iron and steel products. The plants owned or operated by the company and its subsidiaries have an estimated ingot capacity of approximately 2,531,000 gross tons per annum.

The principal products manufactured and sold by the company are various types of sheets made of steel and ingot iron, the latter being sold under the trade name "Armco" Ingot Iron. The greater part of the tonnage of sheets manufactured by the company is sold to others for fabrication into a wide variety of products, including automobile bodies and automotive products, refrigerators, stoves, electrical equipment, culverts and railroad cars, and for use in general sheet metal work. Of the sheet tonnage sold to others, an average of approximately 29% has, during the past five years, been sold to the automotive industry and a substantial proportion of such sheet tonnage has been sold to distributors and jobsers.

As a part of its sheet manufacturing business, the company rolls and finishes stainless steel sheets made from ingots most of which are purchased from Rustless Iron and Steel Corp. Company fabricates a relatively small amount of sheets into a few finished products including formed and welded products and pipe and does a small amount of blanking business. Company also manufactures and sells forged

duction of the pig iron so purchased is sold to the producer thereof by the company.

Subsidiaries—Subsidiaries are: Sheffield Steel Corp.; The Armco International Corp., and Hamilton Coke & Iron Co.

Company owns a number of subsidiaries fabricating sheets manufactured by the company into culverts and certain other products which are sold in parts of the United States and Canada. Through two wholly owned subsidiaries the company engages in the fabrication and sale of metal house sections and related building materials.

Funded Debt and Capital Stock—The capitalization of the company and its subsidiaries, as at June 30. 1937, adjusted to give effect to the proposed financing, to the retirement of the outstanding 5% sinking fund gold debentures due 1948 and to the redemption on April 15, 1937 of the cumulative preferred stock, 6% series B, was as follows:

Authorized Outstanding

Authorized

several amounts underwritten by them, respectively, are as lonows.	
Si	hares
W. E. Hutton & Co., New York 8	0.000
	0.000
	5,000
Brown Harriman & Co., Inc., New York	0.000
Kidder, Peabody & Co., New York	5.000
	5,000
	5,000
Goldman, Sachs & Co., New York	1.000
	0.000
	0.000
	8,000
Baker, Weeks & Harden, New York	6.000
	5.000
	5.000
	5,000
Stone & Webster and Blodget, Inc., New York	5,000
White, Weld & Co., New York	5.000
	5,000
Kuhn, Loeb & Co., New York	5,000
Farnings-Very ended Dec 21:	

Earnings-1 ear ended Dec. 31:	1001	1005	1000
	1934	1935	1936
Net sales	\$54,485,115	\$76,799,385	\$101463,383
		56,251,499	74,652,806
		5.857.845	7,776,473
		2.075.958	2,923,731
		660,206	1,146,003
		127.899	269.091
Selling, general and administrative	4.254.809	5.631.116	
		173,635	195,377
		a\$6,041,937 1,862,695	a\$7,542,190 2,907,202
Other Income and a second			
Gross income	\$3,785,496	\$7,904,632	\$10,449,392
	2.183.172	2,388,172	1,793,354
		587,487	
		615.215	1,368,626
		3.628	5,462
	Net sales Cost of sales Maintenance and repairs Depreciation and depletion Taxes, other than income Rents and royalties Selling, general and administrative Provision for doubtful accounts Profit from operations Other income Gross income Interest and expenses long term debt Other interest, discounts & miscell Total income and surtaxes	1934 1934 1934 1934 1934 1934 1934 1934 1934 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935 1935	1934

\$965,641 \$4,310,130 \$6,441 °77 Net income.... a Includes gross profit from miscellaneous operations of \$20,709 in 1935 and \$89,896 in 1936.—V. 144, p. 3994.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.—Report—

Walter S. Gifford, President, states in brief:
The Bell System had a net gain of about 529,000 telephones during the first six months of this year as compared with 374,000 during the corresponding period of 1936.
The total number of toll and long distance calls during the first six months of this year showed an increase of about 8% over the corresponding period last year.

Eurnings of American Telephone & Telegraph Co.

Period End. June 30-	a1937-3		a1937—12	Mos.—1936
Operating revenues	\$26,525,846 21,972,089		\$108,500,773 83,365,945	
Net operating income_				\$19,417,966
Dividend income	41,765,853	35,836,836	180,198,389	132,745,644
Interest income	1,532,985	1,773,403		8,652,865

Other income—net____ 176,298186,200 814,050

Balance______\$1,609,856 c\$4,935,338 \$22,383,386 c\$29697,821

Average number of shs.
of cap. stk. outstand'g 18,686,794 18,674,618 18,683,921 18,666,274

Earnings per share_____ \$2.34 \$1.99 \$10.20 \$7.41
a Subject to minor changes when final figures for June are available.
b Does not include the company's proportionate interest in the undivided profits or deficits of subsidiary companies. c Loss.

(Consolidated Accounts of American Telephone & Telegraph Co. and its 25 Principal Telephone Subsidiaries)

Period End. May 31-1937—3 Mos.—1936 1937-Operating revenues____264,571,352 246,892,9921022,795,385 948,944,618 **x**.Operating expenses___175,496,480 163,307,472 673,894,947 648,700,041 Taxes______34,506,731 29,690,969 124,709,741 103,741,067 Net operating income_ 54,568,141 y Other income—net___ 9,682,427 53,894,551 6,948,407 224,190,697 196,503,510 33,585,582 19,005,209 Total income_____ Interest deductions____ 53,821,748 48,406,873 210,623,379 164,263,654 Total net income

Total net income _____ 53,821,748 48,406,873 210,623,379 164,263,654

Net income applicable to stks. of sub. cons. held held by public _____ 3,062,148 3,160,610 13,120,091 12,553,489

Net inc. applic. to Am.

Tel. & Tel. Co. stock 50,759,600 45,246,263 197,503,288 151,710,165

Per share—Am. Tel & 2.72 2.42 10.57 8,13 x Includes current maintenance, depreciation, traffic, commercial, general and miscellaneous expenses and operating rents. y Includes proportionate interest in net income (partly estimated) of controlled companies not consolidated, including Western Electric Co.—V. 144, p. 4165.

American Water Works & Electric Co., Inc.—Contracts

American Water Works & Electric Co., Inc.—Contracts Disapproved—
The New York Public Service Commission has disapproved proposed management and engineering contracts made by New Rochelle Water Co. and Port Chester Water Works, Inc., with their parent company, American Water Works & Electric Co., Inc., and American's wholly owned subsidiary, American Water Works Construction Co.
The contracts, the Commission contends, are not in the public interest. The Commission also found that the parties to the contracts failed to prove that the proposed basis of charge to the operating companies for services by American Water Works and the Water Works Construction Co. does not exceed the reasonable cost of performing these services.

Weekly Paper Outroit—

Weekly Power Output-

Output of electric energy of the electric properties of American Water Works & Electric Co. for the week ended July 10, 1937 totaled 44,221,000 kilowatt hours, an increase of 2.19% over the output of 43,273,000 kilowatt hours for the corresponding period of 1936.

Comparative table of weekly output of electric energy for the last five years follows:

Week Ended—
1937
1936
1935
1934
1933
1933

Anglo American Corp. of South Africa, Ltd.—Results of Operations for the month of June, 1937-

(In South African Currency)

x Companies—	Tons Milled	Value Gold Declared	Costs	D6/4
				Profit
Brakpan Mines, Ltd	135,500	£248.052	£139.256	£108,796
Daggafontein Mines, Ltd	132,500	£275,833	£143.785	£132.048
Springs Mines, Ltd	150,700	£301.777	£141 366	£160.411
West Springs, Ltd	92,000	£116,001	£74,920	£41.081
x Each of which is incorpor	ated in th	ne Union of So	uth Africa	

Note—Revenue has been calculated on the basis of £7 per ounce fine.

-V. 144, p. 3995.

Armstrong Cork Co.—Listing—Rights—

The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 201,520 additional shares of common stock (no par) on official notice of issuance and payment in full, making the total amount applied for 1,410,644 shares. The board of directors at a meeting held on June 28, 1937, authorized an offering of 201,520 shares of unissued commission stock (no par) at \$45 per share, to holders of common stock of record at 12:00 M., Eastern Daylight Saving Time, July 10, being at the rate of one share for each six shares then held of record. Rights to subscribe will terminate at 3 p. m., Eastern Daylight Saving Time, July 30, 1937. Guaranty Trust Co. of New York has been appointed agent to receive subscriptions.

The offering to stockholders has been underwritten by Edward B. Smith & Co.; Kidder, Peabody & Co.; Mellon Securities Corp.; Lazard Freres & Co., Inc., and Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and the company has agreement, an amount equal to 85 cents per share in respect of each of the 201,520 shares to be offered by the company to its stockholders for subscription; such compensation amounts to \$171,292.

The net proceeds from the sale (after deduction of estimated expenses), are estimated to be approximately \$8,778,686. Company intends to redeem all its outstanding 15-year 4% debentures, due July 1, 1950. The amount necessary to redeem the debentures after July 1, 1937, consists of \$8,400,000 principal, \$252,000 prenium, and accrued interest to date of redemption. The sum by which the net proceeds exceed the amount required for such redemption will be added to working capital.

Debentures Called—

Debentures Called-

The company has called its 4% debentures, due July 1, 1950 for redemption Aug. 10 at 103 and interest.—V. 145, p. 270.

Associated Gas & Electric Co. Weekly Output-Associated Gas & Electric Co.—Weekly Uutput—
For the week ended July 9, which included a holiday week end, Associated Gas & Electric System reports net electric output of 82,285,304 units (kwh.). This is an increase of 5,143,289 units, or 6.7% higher than production reported a year ago.

Gross output, including sales to other utilities, amounted to 92,117,371 units for the week.—V. 145, p. 270.

Baldwin Locomotive Works-Orders and Shipments

The dollar value of orders taken in June by the company and subsidiary companies, including The Midvale Co., was announced July 16 as \$2,-585,080 as compared with \$3,229,571 for June, 1936. The month's bookings brought the total for the consolidated group for the first six months of 1937 to \$19,638,082 as compared with \$16,865,613 in the same period last year.

Consolidated shipments, incl. Midvale, in June aggregating \$4,488,056 as compared with \$2,497,940 in June of last year. Consolidated shipments for the first six months of 1937 were \$20,438,208 as compared with \$10,-419,516 for the first six months of 1936.

On June 30, 1937, consolidated unfilled orders including Midvale, amounted to \$29,805,293 as compared with \$30,531,416 on Jan. 1, 1937, and with \$13,117,083 on June 30, 1936.

All figures are without intercompany eliminations.—V. 144, p. 4334.

Atlantic Gulf & West Indies SS. Lines (& Subs.)-Earnings

\$1,156,933 136,970 Net operating revenue \$1,019,963 19,970 Operating income.... \$118,645 7,186 \$845,729 557,937 \$1,039,933 597,043 Gross income. \$125,831 117,745 \$57,319 113,429 Interest, rentals, &c

Net income......xloss\$56,109 \$8,086 x\$287,791 \$442,890 x These operating earnings are before any year end audit adjustments, and no provision has been made by Atlantic Gulf and West Indies Steamship Lines or any of its subsidiary companies for surtax on undistributed profits as the earnings cannot yet be determined.—V. 144, p. 3996.

Beech Aircraft Corp.—Orders and Deliveries—
Unfilled orders on June 25 plus actual deliveries from Jan. 1 totaled \$681,900, Walter H. Beech, President, stated. Total 1936 sales came to \$559,053.
Deliveries through June 25 aggregated \$426,960 against \$296,620 a year ago. These figures included engines, aircraft and spare parts, and were less commissions.

ago. These figures included engines, aircraft and spare parts, and were less commissions.

Deliveries for the first four months this year were previously reported as \$278,884 against \$183,074 in the like 1936 period. Thus, it is indicated, deliveries in the past two months were running at about \$75,000 monthly compared with a monthly average of \$69,721 in the first four months this year.

Unfiled orders on June 25 totaled \$255,000, compared with \$286,050 reported as of April 30, 1937.—V. 144, p. 3322.

Belmont Radio Corp.—Net Sales—
Net sales for the first six months of 1937 totaled \$2,308,245, compared with \$1,227,895, for the same period in 1936. For the month of June, net sales amounted to \$491,710, compared with \$347,182.25, in the same month a year ago.—V. 144, p. 3323.

Berkshire Fine Spinning Associates, Inc.—Dividends—Directors on July 15 declared two dividends of \$1.75 each on the 7% preferred, one payable July 23 to record July 20 and the other payable Sept. 1 to record Aug. 25.

The company also declared dividends on the new \$5 preferred stock, one of \$1.25 payable July 23 to record July 20 and the other of \$3.75, the amount provided for under the recent plan, payable Sept. 1 to record Aug. 25.

Current dividend declarations are the first in seven the first in se

Aug. 25.
Current dividend declarations are the first in seven years, the last payment on the old 7% preferred having been made Sept. 1, 1930.
While dividends were declared on the old 7% preferred this has nearly all been converted into new \$5 preferred and common under plan of recapitalization.—V. 144, p. 3661.

Bliss & Laughlin, Inc.—Earnings—

manufacture, and an analysis of the second			
6 Months Ended June 30-	1937	1936	1935
Net profit after interest, provision for normal Federal income taxes, &c Shares common stock (par \$5) Earnings per share	\$491,050 171,438 \$2.80	\$270,372 152.680 \$1.74	\$219.782 152,680 \$1.44

Bon Ami Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings— 6 Mos. End. June 30— 1937 1936 1935 1934 Gross profit on sales... \$1,342,829 \$1,245,177 \$1,150,276 \$1,240,417 Net profit before int., deprec. & Federal and Canadian income taxes 832,962 727,596 604,060 667,361 37,001 $727,596 \\ 40,293$ $604,060 \\ 33,628$ 667,361 37,635 Depreciation_ Reserve for Federal and Canadian income taxes_ 99,550 75,658 116,063

Bond Stores, Inc.—Sales

Period End. June 30— 1937—Month—1936 1937—6 Mos.—1936 des______ \$1,631,299 \$1,575,549 \$9,635,284 \$8,044,224 Sales____V. 144, p. 3998.

Boston Revere Beach & Lynn RR.—To Default Bond

Directors have voted not to pay the interest due July 15 on the \$1,000,000 first mortgage 4% bonds. It is probable that within a short time the road will file a petition to reorganize under Section 77 of the Bankruptcy Act, stockholders having given authority for this action.—V. 144, p. 1431.

Bowman-Biltmore Hotels Corp.—Earnings

Period End. June 30— 1937—Month—1936
Loss after ordinary taxes, rental & int., but before amort. & inc. taxes
—V. 144, p. 4169. \$1,745 \$4,941 1937-6 Mos.-1936 \$4,941 prof\$131,473 prof\$24,355

Bridgeport Machine Co., Wichita, Kan.—Earnings-1936 6 Mos. End. June 30— et profit after exp., deprec., &c., charges. 1937 1935

\$380,702 \$233,014 \$75,070 Current assets as of June 30, 1937, including \$241,945 cash and inventories of \$1,883,175 amounted to \$4,100,784 and current liabilities were \$988,218. This compares with cash of \$324,406, inventories of \$1,287,347, current assets of \$2,532,285 and current liabilities of \$484,967 on June 30, 1936.

—V. 144, p. 4169.

(J. G.) Brill Co.-Orders Booked-

Charles J. Hardy, President of the company, stated on July 15 that orders booked for the first six months ended June 30, 1937 amounted to \$4.758,888 as compared with bookings of \$2,773,106 in the first six months of last year, a gain of \$1,985,782 or approximately $71\frac{1}{2}\%$.—V. 145, p. 103.

Broad Street Investing Co., Inc.—Report—
Company reports as of June 30, 1937, net assets of \$8,214,929, equal to \$33.17 a share on 247,640 shares of capital stock outstanding. As of Dec. 31, 1936, net assets were \$5,862,175, equal to \$35.25 a share on 166,298 shares outstanding.

Interest earnedCash divs. on stocks	1937	onths Ended J	1935	1934
	\$120	1936	\$1,420	\$1,289
	116,913	\$47,411	45,961	49,761
Total income	\$117,033	\$47,411	\$47,381	\$51,049
Deductions	31,749	16,318	9,637	12,680
Taxes	5,303	1,691	1,411	2,667
Net income for period	\$79,981	\$29,401	\$36,333	\$35,702
Dividends paid	*129,691	28,732	33,220	35,732
Surplusx Includes \$46,936 spec	def\$49,710 ial dividend	\$669 on capital stoc	\$3,113 ek.	def\$30

Statement of Surplus, June 30, 1 Capital surplus, Dec. 31, 1936		\$3,770,872 175
Excess of proceeds of capital stock sold over par va	lue thereof	\$3,770,697
(after giving effect to allocations to the ordinar tion account), less cost of issuance	y distribu-	2,814,728
Excess of cost of capital stock repurchased over par		\$6,585,425
value thereof (after giving effect to allocations to the ordinary distribution account)	\$308,875	
stock under Securities Act of 1933, as amended.	1,690	310,566
Ordinary Distribution Account from Jan. 1, 1936: Balance, Dec. 31, 1936. Net income, as per statement. Net amount allocated to this account in respect of sales and repurchases of capital stock	\$2,853 79,981 3,772	\$6,274,860
Ordinary dividends on capital stock	\$86,606 82,754	3,852
Investment Profit and Loss and Special Distribution Account from Jan. 1, 1936: Balance, Dec. 31, 1936 Net profit on sales of investments	\$7,091 98,471	
Special dividends on capital stock	\$105,562 46,935	58,627
		\$6,337,338

The unrealized appreciation of investment on June 30, 1937 was \$610,-477 less than on Dec. 31, 1936.

		Balance Sh	eet June 30		
Assets-	1937	1936	Liabilities-	1937	1936
Cash	\$472,863		Divs. payable		\$15,383
Int. & div. receiv.	19,312		Reserve for exps.,		
Spec. deps. for aivs	74,467	15,382			31,591
Invest, at cost			Due for sec. purch.		69,079 472,695
Rec. for sec. sold	2,675	27,566	Com. stk. (par 35) Earned surplus		1,740,590
FD-4-1		00 000 000	m		0000000

c Market value of investments on June 30, 1937 were in excess of cost by \$639,391.—V. 144, p. 3829.

Broadway-Barclay, Inc.—Earnings—
Broadway-Barclay, Inc. (Transportation Building) reported net profit before bond interest of \$127,940 for the year ended March 31, 1937, which was at the annual rate of 2.00% on the \$6,383,500 of outstanding first mortgage bonds, according to a current report on the property issued by Amott, Baker & Co., Inc. This compared with net profit before bond interest for the first quarter of 1936 of \$6,046, equal to 0.38% on the outstanding bonds, on an annual basis. For the year 1935 the building earned at the rate of 2.13%.

The Transportation building has been assessed for 1937 at \$5,500,000 and real estate taxes have been paid through the first half of this year. As of May, 1937, it was reported approximately 75% occupied, against 65% in August last year.

A reorganization plan for the property was finally consummated in February, 1937, under which interest on its bonds is fixed at 2% per year. The entire common stock was retained by the previous equity interests subject to forfeiture in the case of a default. A deposit fund of \$50,000 guarantees continued interest payments.

Broadway Department Store, Inc.—Initial Pref. Div.—

Broadway Department Store, Inc.—Initial Pref. Div.—
The directors have declared an initial dividend of \$1.66 2-3 per share on the 5% cumulative preferred stock, par \$100, payable Aug. 1 to holders of record July 17. This dividend covers a four-month period.—V. 144, p. 2642.

Brooklyn Borough Gas Co.—Gas Users to Get Rebate—
The company has been ordered by the New York Public Service Commission to refund a total of \$250,778 to customers charged during the one-year period in 1934-35, when a temporary rate was required. Those affected by the ruling, made public on July 7 in the opinion written by Commissioner George R. Van Namee, live in the Coney Island, Brighton Beach, Manhattan Beach, Sheepshead Bay and Flatbush sections of Brooklyn. It was suggested that if city taxes were the same now as in 1932, a reduction in rates of more than \$172,000 could be ordered. City taxes, the Commission held, prevent a rate reduction of more than 7%. The order issued three years ago, directing the company to make a temporary reduction in gas rates of 13% for the year ending March, 1935, did not become effective because of rehearings and other proceedings.—V. 144, p. 4170.

Bulova Watch Co., Inc.—Earnings-

	[Includi	ng Wholly-	Owned Subsic	diaries]	
Consolide	ated Inco	me Accoun	t for Years E	Ended March	31
Gross profit Expenses		1937 \$5,035,436 2,158,687	1936 \$3,263,981 1,480,649	\$2,108,160 1,182,708	
Operating profit Other income	t	\$2,876,749 628,326	\$1,783,332 177,967	\$925,452 22,650	loss\$187,578 37,081
Total income Interest		\$3,505,075 22,366	\$1,961,299 84,099	84,942	loss\$150,497 29,482
Federal taxes, & c Other deductions.		x 542,403 297,183	$231,676 \\ 328,255$	$60,390 \\ 414,780$	
Net profit Shs. com. stock () Earnings per shar	no par)	\$2,643,123 324,881 \$8,13	\$1,317,268 275,000 \$4.15	\$387,989 275,000 \$0.77	
x Includes \$22,		x on undis	tributed prof	its.	
	Consol	idated Balan	ace Sheet Mar	ch 31	
Assets-	1937	1936	Liabilities-	- 1937	1936
x Land, machinery			z\$3.50 conv.	pref.	
equipment, &c.	\$259,180	\$311,483	stock		\$2,750,000
Cash	1,308,937				
N. Y. City bonds.		147,139			33 271,731
Other securities	4,504	12,308	Loan payabl		
Gold bullion held			foreign ban		805,576
abroad		1,193,698			
Notes & accts, rec.			Accrued liabil		90 297,835
Inventories	1,622,338	1,928,277			
Notes receiv. (not			gages paya		75 62,146
current)	8,901	19,818			
Due from Bulova			change fluct		
Watch Co., Ltd.	103,504	231,334	Surplus	2,417,3	37 2,649,554
Cash val. officers'					
life insurance	96,985				
Funds in closed bk.	2,809	3,329			
Unexp. ins. prem.,					
&c	14,554	16,433			
Covers, into U. S. dollars of liab. &			1		
assets of foreign					
branch & subs		30.174			

.___\$7,494,354 \$7,884,075 Total__. \$7,494,354 \$7,884,075 x After depreciation of \$774,037 in 1937 and \$711,301 in 1936. y Represented by 324,881 (275,000 in 1936) no par shares. z Represented by 50,000 no par shares.

To Reduce Capital—
The company has notified the New York Stock Exchange of proposed changes in authorized capital stock by elimination of 50,000 shares \$3.50 convertible preferred stock and an increase in common stock from 325,000

shares to 500,000 shares; also a reduction in capital represented by out-standing common stock from \$3,699,881 to \$2,521,132.50.—V. 144, p.4171.

Drown-ror	man Di	istillery	Co., Inc.	(&	Subs.)	-Earns.
Year Ended April 30— Net sales Cost of sales			1937	\$7.6	936	\$3,887,197 2,915,885
Gross profit on salesOther operating income			\$2,514,465 8,209	\$2,2	205,873 15,887	\$971,312 18,149
Gross profitSelling, admin. & general expenses			\$2,522,674 1,828,549		221,760 502,053	\$989,461 946,276
Operating profit Income credits	t		\$694,125 22,038	\$6	319,706 21,840	\$43,184 5,626
Gross income Flood loss			\$716,163 217,053	\$6	41,547	\$48,810
Discount allowed Income, &c., taxe			145.841		79,685 86,800	8,040 9,800
Dividends on prefe Earnings per share	erred stoc	non stock.	90,000 \$0.71		90,000 \$1.92	\$30,970 90,000 Nil
Assets-	1937	onsonaatea 1936	Balance Shee		1937	1936
Cash	\$217.428	\$322,780	Notes payable		\$211,662	
Trade accept. rec_		27,896	Accounts pays		447,414	
Notes & accept. rec	47,466		Accrued com			
x Accts. red., trade	1,179,292	982,586	taxes, &c		102,498	98,928
Inventories	3,282,993	2,785,449	Fed'l income,			
Accr. storage, misc.			taxes (est.)_		129,293	155,037
accts. receivable			Notes pay.,			****
and deposits	27,505	15,317	term		2,143,575	
Accts. rec., officers and employees	17.494	6,039	Res., non-ope		1,500,000	1,500,000
Life insurance	34,976	7.842	z 6% cum. pf. Common stock		1,300,000	1,000,000
Sundry invest'ts	04,010	500	par value)		280,000	200,000
y Land, bldgs, and		000	Capital surplu		710,368	
	1,275,258	1,014,461	Surplus		637,853	
Prepd. ins. & oth.	-,,	-,,			,	
	68,801	68,240				
deferred charges						
deferred charges Brands & trmks., at cost	11,448	11.058				

After allowance for doubtful accounts of \$50,534 in 1937 and \$35,359 in 1936.
y After allowance for depreciation of \$102,142 in 1937 and \$65,324 in 1936.
z Represented by 15,000 no par shares.—V. 144, p. 1949.

California-Engels Mining Co.—Rights—
The company on June 23 mailed stockholders a notice stating that they could purchase new stock in the ratio of one share for each two shares held, at 50 cents a share. The program contemplates addition of 144,340 shares to the capital of the company. Registration has been made with the Securities and Exchange Commission, J. J. Dunlop, Vice-President, said.—V. 145, p. 271.

Canada Northern Power Corp., Ltd.—Earnings—

12 Months Ended May 31— Gross earnings Operating and maintenance	\$4,700,585 1,878,836	1936 \$4,496,842 1,719,316
Net earnings	\$2,821,748	\$2,777,526

Canadian Converters Co., Ltd.—Dividend Deferred—Directors deferred action on the common dividend due at this time. The company stated that this decision was reached in view of the unsatisfactory earnings and the desire to conserve resources. The company had been paying 50 cents quarterly on the common, and the last payment was distributed on May 15, last.—V. 145, p. 271.

Canadian Hydro-Electric Corp., Ltd.—Merger Approved At a special meeting of 6% first preferred stockholders of corporation, held July 15, the amended plan for absorption of Canadian Hydro-Electric Corp. by its subsidiary, Gatineau Power Co., was approved.

The amended plan provides for the exchange of one share of 5% Gatineau Power preferred and 1½ shares of Gatineau Power common for each share of Canadian Hydro first preferred; 5.27608 shares of Gatineau Power common for each share of Canadian Hydro second preferred, and 12-100 share of Gatineau Power common for each share of Canadian Hydro common. International Hydro-Electric System holds all of Canadian Hydro's common and second preferred shares.

The change in the proposal was made by the corporation to meet the views of holders of substantial blocks of first preferred shares, including the Association of Investment Trusts in England, and several large holders in Canada.—V. 145, p. 104.

Canadian National Ry.—Engin Trust Certifs Awarded—

Canadian National Ry.—Equip. Trust Certifs. Awarded—An issue of \$14,300,000 2½% 10-year serial equipment trust certificates has been awarded to a syndicate composed of Bank of Montreal, Canadian Bank of Commerce; Dominion Securities; Bell, Gouinlock & Co.; A. E. Ames & Co.; McLeod, Young Weir & Co.; Mills Spence & Co. and L. G. Beaublen & Co.

Earnings of System for Week Ended July Gross earnings......\$3,507,111 \$3,212,113 Increase \$294,998

Canadian Wineries, Ltd.—New Directors—
A. G. Sampson and J. A. Miller were elected to the board of directors, filling the positions of F. W. Lee and K. S. McKenzie, K.C.—V. 143, p.

Canal Construction Co.—Earnings Calendar Years—
Gross rev. from construction contracts, &c...
Cost of construction.
Gen. & admin. expenses.
Miscellaneous...
Depreciation...
Sundry deduct. from inc. 1933 1934 1936 1935 \$595,227 463,327 55,034 Cr781 90,860 23,51145,000

Net loss		\$82,467	\$82,536 \$1	95,424 pr	01\$32,648
	Consolida	ted Balanc	e Sheet Dec. 31		
Assets— Cash in banks Notes rec. (trade) Accts. receivable Inventories Other assets b Mach. & equip. Prepaid, ins. prem.	7,500 5,001 366,769	500 a10,120	Res. for Fed. inc. taxes on accumul. prof. on uncom-	1936 \$6,400 15,437 18,470	1935 \$6,934 15,002 9,611
a repaid, mot premi			struction contr_ c Conv. pref. stock	22,500	22,500
			(no par)	400,000	400,000
			d Com.stk.(no par)	77,000	77,000
			Deficit	160,340	77,873
Total	\$379,467	\$453,174	Total	\$379,467	\$453,174

a After reserve for losses and sundry debtors of \$500. b After reserve for depreciation of \$359,756 in 1936 and \$343,953 in 1935. c Represented by 40,000 shares. d Represented by 77,000 shares at a stated value of \$1 per share.—V. 143, p. 1553.

Capital Administration Co., Ltd.—Report—
Company reports as of June 30, 1937, net assets of \$7,009,201 before deducting a bank loan of \$1,700,000 but after deducting provision for normal Federal income tax on unrealized appreciation. This indicates

an asset coverage as of that date of \$122.33 a share of \$3 preferred stock and asset values of \$21.32 a share of class A stock and 33 cents a share of class B stock outstanding in the hands of the public after provision for normal Federal income tax. As of Dec. 31, 1936, net assets, after deducting the bank loan, were equivalent to \$137.86 a share of preferred stock, \$24.61 a share of class A stock and \$1.18 a share of class B stock.

		Income	Account		
6 Mos. End. Ju Interest on bond Dividends	8	1937 \$20,123 131,986	1936 \$19,870 124,530	1935 \$63,700 120,103	1934 \$67,261 105,136
Total income		\$152,109 17,575	\$144,399 45,668	\$183,803 85,425	\$172,397 85,428
		9,966 17,567 6,564	$\substack{\substack{1,273\\16,630\\17,239\\5,731}}$	3,909 9,855 17,659 6,876	3,909 9,393 16,293 7,010
5% debs. called	for red		38,480		
Net inc. for the Preferred divider Class A dividends Class B dividends	nds	\$100,437 65,100 71,703 30,720	\$19,377 65,100	\$60,079 65,100	\$50,367 97,650
Deficit		\$67.086	\$45.723	\$5,021	\$47,283
		*******	eet June 30	00,021	421,1200
Assets— Cash Deposits in foreign currencies	1937 \$382,007	1936 \$105,918	Liabilities— Divs. payable Bk. loans secured Reserve for exps.	- \$40.176 - 1,700,000	1936 \$33,159 2,165,000
Int. & divs. rec Special deposits for dividends	31,899 40,176	45,492	Preferred stock c Class A stock	82,077 434,000 143,405	62,608 434,000 143,405
Rec. for sec. sold. b Invest. at cost	1,338 5,177,104	5,786,283	d Class B stock Surplus		2,400 3,134,873
b Market value in 1936. c Repr	esented b	\$5,975,447 194,434 in by 143,408	Totalexcess of cost in	\$5,637,021 1937 and \$	1.499.014

ee National Cylinder Gas Co., below.—V. 125, p. 100.

(Philip) Carey Mfg. Co.—Stock Increases Voted—At a special meeting held July 12, stockholders voted to amend articles of incorporation to allow directors to split company's stock on basis of five shares of no par common for each share of \$100 par common now outstanding. The change is being effected in order to give the stock greater market stability and wider distribution.—V. 145, p. 272.

Carman & Co., Inc. (& Subs.)-Earnings Year Ended. Dec. 31— 1936
Net sales Not
Cost of sales Reported 1935 Not 1934 Not \$2,760,771 2,033,919 Reported Reported Gross profits on sales_ Comm. on soap sales, &c \$874,504 2,791 \$750,532 1,810 \$703,274 1,801 \$726,851 6,836 Gross profits & comm_Sell., gen. & admin. exps Prov. for bad debts.... Int. paid & miscell. inc. and deductions, net... Prov. for Fed. inc. tax... \$733,687 525,151 77,818 \$877,295 709,281 \$752,342 637,404 \$705,075 620,286 10,003 a22,042 4,977 10,684 $16,861 \\ 14,758$ $\frac{29,889}{15,377}$

	_	-			
Net profit		\$135,970	\$83,321	\$39.524	\$115.057
a Including sur	tax on un	distribute	d profits of \$2,2	15.	•
			ince Sheet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities—	1936	1935
Cash	\$97.689		Notes payable		\$200,000
Accts, & notes rec.	650,164		Accts. payable		80,944
Merch, inventories	679,145		Accrued liabilities.		14,532
Value of life insur.			Prov. for Fed. inc		
policies	63,236	58,261	tax	22,885	14.875
Prepaid expenses.	25,498	26,107	Res. for contingen		
Due from officers			losses	75,000	75,000
and employees	19,789	21,275	Instalm't mtge. or	1	
Other assets	7,031	7,108	land & buildings		4,037
Cl. A stk. repurch.	34,168		Min. int. in cap		
Cl. B stk. repurch.	5,670	5,670	stock & surplus	8	
x Fixed assets	287,549	304,926	of Henry K		
Invest. in Wecker			Davies & Co.Inc		7,190
mach'y & equip.,			y Class A stock		1,117,382
&C		a152,982	z Class B stock		192,035
Expendit. in con-			Capital surplus		80,948
nection with pat.		3 2 2 2 2	Earned surplus	. 167,544	252,554
chem. mfg. prof.	32,754	34,681			
Goodwill trmks.,					
&p	100,000	100,000			

----\$2,002,695 \$2,039,499 Total--x After depreciation of \$237,338 in 1936 and \$220,759 in 1935. y Represented by 34,381 shares (no par). z Represented by 76,814 shares (no par). a After depreciation of \$17,440.—V. 144, p. 2820.

Carpel Corp.—Smaller Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 25 cents per share on the common stock, no par value, payable July 23 to holders of record July 15. This compares with 75 cents paid on April 16, last; 50 cents on Jan. 15, last; 50 cents on Oct. 15, 1936, and dividends of 40 cents per share distributed each three months previously. In addition an extra dividend of 50 cents was paid on Dec. 19, 1936.—V. 145, p. 104.

 Caribbean Sugar Co.—Earnings—

 Years End. Sept. 30—
 1936
 1935

 Cane ground, arrobas...
 11,862,456
 16,371,988
 1934 10,465,3401933 16,592,128hipments of raw sugar & by-products (net of sugar hedges and com-missions thereon).... Sugar produced and de-livered for cane purch. \$877,674 \$382,679 \$735,909 \$409,070 52,572 Total income_____Cost of sugar & molasses shipped (before deprec, and lease amortization)
Other income and expenses, net____ \$877,674 \$735,909 \$409,070 \$435,252 387,226 743,421 894,436 426,324 Cr10,136 Cr2,212 Cr1,783 Cr1,426 loss\$14,549 59,245 12,333 \$23,270 54,677 10,261 \$2,624 42,862 9,782 \$10,711 35,410 5,555 Profit_ Profit
Molasses sales (final)...
Commercial dept. profit
Allowance for or write-off
of colonos' accts., net.
Other income & expenses
Depreciation Dr16,199 25,131 Cr59,567 131,590 9,237 2,324 Dr60,337 129,347 Other income & expenses
Depreciation
Interest expense less int.
earned
Amortization of leases
Amort, of bond discount
Legal expenses arising
fron bankruptcy proceedings 121,28952,207 15,079 31,750 $33,942 \\
15,079 \\
31,750$ 58,638 15,079 31,75027,474 \$176,068 \$209,750 \$181,125 \$153,724

x Before deducting interest on bonds unpaid from Feb. 1, 1929; also before deducting losses from hurricane of 1932-1933 charged to surplus in 1933 and 1934.

Losses R	testatea in	Accoraance 1936	with Supplen	nentat Inaen 1934	1933
Losses, as above Deductions not a under suppl indenture—	llowable	\$181,125	\$176,068	\$209,750	\$153,724
Amort. of bond and discount Amort. of leas	t	31,750 15,079	31,750 15,079	31,750 15,079	31,750 15,079
Net restated le	06866	\$134,295	\$129,239	\$162,920	\$106,898
			Deficit Years		*
•		1936	1935	1934	1933
Bal. at beginning Loss of bldgs., e cane in hurr Nov. 9, 1932	quip. & icane of	\$883,276			\$1,583,211
insurance co					
Buildings and			*****		Dr83,280
Cane				Dr80,787	
Reversing part of					
as of Sept. 30,	set up		Cr3.675		
as or sept. au.	1904	181,125	176.068	209,750	153,724
Net loss (as above Balance at end Note—Sept. 30 operating deficit,	of year , 1936 bal \$2,821,81	\$702,151 ance comp 19, and bal	\$883,275 osed of —Cor lance as above	\$1,055,668 mmon stock.	\$1,346,206 \$3,523,970
Net loss (as above Balance at end Note—Sept. 30 operating deficit,	of year , 1936 bal \$2,821,81	\$702,151 ance comp 19, and bal Balance She	\$883,275 osed of —Cor lance as above eet Sept. 30	\$1,055,668 mmon stock, e, \$702,151.	\$3,523,970
Net loss (as above Balance at end Note—Sept. 30	of year , 1936 bal \$2,821,81	\$702,151 ance comp 19, and bal Balance She 1935	\$883,275 osed of —Cor lance as above	\$1,055,668 mmon stock, e, \$702,151.	\$3,523,970
Net loss (as above Balance at end Note—Sept. 30 operating deficit, Assets— Cash	of year , 1936 bal , \$2,821,81 1936 \$17,311	\$702,151 ance comp 19, and bal Balance She 1935 \$31,148	\$883,275 osed of —Cor ance as above eet Sept. 30 Liabilities— Notes pay, for chase of colo	\$1,055,668 mmon stock, e, \$702,151.	\$3,523,970
Net loss (as above Balance at end Note—Sept. 30 operating deficit, Assets— Cash	of year , 1936 bal \$2,821,81	\$702,151 ance comp 19, and bal Balance She 1935 \$31,148	\$883,275 osed of —Cortance as above et Sept. 30 Liabilities— Notes pay. for chase of colo Notes pay.	\$1,055,668 mmon stock, e, \$702,151. 1936 pur- purablas	\$3,523,970
Net loss (as above Balance at end Note—Sept. 30 operating deficit, Assets—CashAccts. rec., collectible currentlyAdvs. to co onos, Advs. to co onos,	of year , 1936 bal \$2,821,81 1936 \$17,311 28,823	\$702,151 ance comp 19, and bal Balance She 1935 \$31,148	\$883,275 osed of —Corlance as above et Sept. 30 Liabilities— Notes pay. for chase of colc Notes pay. (of sugar hel	\$1,055,668 mmon stock, e, \$702,151. 1936 pur- pulas bags d as	\$3,523,970 1935 - \$11,400
Net loss (as above Balance at end Note—Sept. 30 operating deficit, Assets— Cash.——Accts. rec., collectible currently.—Advs. to co onos, less allowance for less allowance for	of year , 1936 bal \$2,821,81 1936 \$17,311 28,823	\$702,151 ance comp 19, and bal Balance She 1935 \$31,148 23,995	\$883,275 osed of —Cor ance as above set Sept. 30 Liabilities Notes pay. for chase of cole Notes pay. (of sugar hel coll., per cor	\$1,055,668 mmon stock, e, \$702,151. 1936 pur- purablas bags d as 114,53	\$3,523,970 1935 \$11,400 2 181,405
Net loss (as above Balance at end Note—Sept. 30 operating deficit, Assets— Cash	of year , 1936 bal \$2,821,81 1936 \$17,311 28,823	\$702,151 ance comp 19, and bal Balance She 1935 \$31,148	\$883,275 osed of —Corlance as above eet Sept. 30 Liabilities— Notes pay. for chase of col. Notes pay. (of sugar hel coll., per co. Accts. pay., cu	\$1,055,668 mmon stock, e, \$702,151. 1936 pur- purables bags d as atra) \$114,53 rrent 47,62	\$3,523,970 1935 \$11,400 2 181,405 5 46,033
Net loss (as above Balance at end Note—Sept. 30 operating deficit, Assets— Cash	of year , 1936 bal \$2,821,81 1936 \$17,311 28,823	\$702,151 ance comp 19, and bal Balance She 1935 \$31,148 23,995	\$883,275 osed of —Cor lance as above set Sept. 30 Lubilities— Notes pay. for chase of cole Notes pay. for of sugar he coll., per cor Accts. pay., cu Accrued liabilit	\$1,055,668 mmon stock, e, \$702,151. 1936 pur- puranias bags d as atra) \$114,53 rrent 47,62 ties. 31,62	\$3,523,970 1935 - \$11,400 2 181,405 5 46,033 2 26,008
Net loss (as above Balance at end Note—Sept. 30 operating deficit, Assets— Cash	of year , 1936 bal \$2,821,81 1936 \$17,311 28,823	\$702,151 ance comp 19, and bal Balance She 1935 \$31,148 23,995 43,769	\$883,275 osed of —Cor ance as above eet Sept. 30 Liabilities— Notes pay. for chase of col. Notes pay. (of sugar hel coll., per co. Accts. pay., cu Accrued liabilit Mortgage pay Contingent res	\$1,055,668 mmon stock, e, \$702,151. 1936 pur- pur- pulas bags d as atra) \$114,53 arrent 47,62 ties_ 31,62 able 50,94 erve 5,00	\$3,523,970 1935 - \$11,400 2 181,405 5 46,033 2 26,008 5 58,846
Net loss (as above Balance at end Note—Sept. 30 operating deficit, Assets—Cash	of year , 1936 bal \$2,821,81 1936 \$17,311 28,823	\$702,151 ance comp 19, and bal Balance She 1935 \$31,148 23,995 43,769	\$883,275 osed of —Corance as above et Sept. 30 Liabilities— Notes pay. for chase of colc. Notes pay. (of sugar hel coll., per cor accts. pay., cu dccrued liabilit Mortgage pay Contingent res Prov. for hurri	\$1,055,668 mmon stock, e, \$702,151. 1936 pur- pur- pulas bags d as atra) \$114,53 arrent 47,62 ties_ 31,62 able 50,94 erve 5,00	\$3,523,970 1935 \$11,400 2 181,405 5 46,033 2 26,008 5 5,846 6 5,000
Net loss (as above Balance at end Note—Sept. 30 operating deficit, Assets—Cash	of year , 1936 bal \$2,821,81 1936 \$17,311 28,823 71,574	\$702,151 ance comp 19, and bal Balance Sh 1935 \$31,148 23,995 43,769	\$883,275 osed of —Cor ance as above set Sept. 30 Liabilities— Notes pay. for chase of cold. Notes pay. (of sugar hel coll., per cor accts. pay., cu Accrued liabilit Mortgage pay Contingent res Prov. for hurri- loss.	\$1,055,668 mmon stock, e, \$702,151. 1936 pur- pur- phias bags d as atra) \$114,53 arrent 47,62 ties 31,62 able 50,94 erve 5,00	\$3,523,970 1935 - \$11,400 22 181,405 55 46,033 22 26,008 55 58,846 0 5,000
Net loss (as above Balance at end Note—Sept. 30 operating deficit, Assets— Cash	of year , 1936 bal \$2,821,81 1936 \$17,311 28,823 71,574 352,887 36,846	\$702,151 ance comp 19, and bal Balance She 1935 \$31,148 23,995 43,769 359,466 42,193	\$883,275 osed of —Cor ance as above eet Sept. 30 Liabilities— Notes pay. for chase of colo Notes pay. (of sugar hel coll., per col Accts. pay., cu Accrued liabilit Mortgage pay Contingent res Prov. for hurri- loss— Loss— Locts. payable	\$1,055,668 mmon stock, e, \$702,151. 1936 pur- pur- pur- purables bags d as d as d rent 47,62 ties_31,62 able 50,94 erve 5,00 cane	\$3,523,970 1935 - \$11,400 2 181,405 5 46,033 2 26,038 5 58,846 0 5,000 - 1,547
Net loss (as above Balance at end Note—Sept. 30 operating deficit, Assets— Cash.————————————————————————————————————	of year , 1936 bal \$2,821,81 1936 \$17,311 28,823 71,574 352,887 36,846 373,591	\$702,151 ance comp 19, and bal Balance She 1935 \$31,148 23,995 43,769 359,466 \$2,193 467,541	\$883,275 osed of —Cor ance as above set Sept. 30 Liabilities— Notes pay. for chase of coll. Notes pay. (of sugar hel coll., per cor accts. pay., cu Accrued liabilit Mortgage pay Contingent res Prov. for hurri- loss— Lacts. payable after Sept. 34	\$1,055,668 mmon stock, e, \$702,151. 1936 purblass bags d as atra	\$3,523,970 1935 - \$11,400 2 181,405 15 46,033 2 26,008 5 58,846 0 5,000 - 1,547 0 1,950
Net loss (as above Balance at end Note—Sept. 30 operating deficit, Assets— Cash	of year , 1936 bal \$2,821,81 1936 \$17,311 28,823 71,574 352,887 36,846 373,591 126,107	\$702,151 ance comp 19, and bal Balance Sh 1935 \$31,148 23,995 43,769 359,466 \$2,193 467,541 126,107	\$883,275 osed of —Cor ance as above set Sept. 30 Liabilities— Notes pay. for chase of col. Notes pay. (o of sugar hel coll., per co. Accts. pay., cu Accrued liabilit Mortgage pay Contingent res Prov. for hurri loss. Accts. payable after Sept. 39 Frior lien note	\$1,055,668 mmon stock, e, \$702,151. 1936 purbias bags d as atra) \$114,53 arrent ties. 31,62 able 50,94 erve cane , due 0 4,50 6 640,00	\$3,523,970 1935 - \$11,400 2 181,405 5 46,033 2 26,008 5 58,846 0 5,000 - 1,547 0 1,950 0 640,000
Net loss (as above Balance at end Note—Sept. 30 operating deficit, Assets—Cash	of year, 1936 bal \$2,821,81 1936 \$17,311 28,823 71,574 352,887 36,846 373,591 126,107 13,548	\$702,151 ance comp 19, and bal Balance She 1935 \$31,148 23,995 43,769 359,466 \$2,193 467,541 126,107 30,121	\$883,275 osed of —Cor ance as above et Sept. 30 Liabilities— Notes pay for chase of cold Notes pay. (of sugar he coll., per cor accts. pay., cu diabilit Mortgage pay Contingent res Prov. for hurri loss Accts. payable after Sept. 36 Prior ilen note las mige. 6% b	\$1,055,668 mmon stock, e, \$702,151. 1936 pur- pur- puratra) stara) stara \$114,53 rrent 47,62 able 31,62 able 50,94 erve 5,00 cane due 0 4,50 s 640,00 conds 3,282,00	\$3,523,970 1935 - \$11,400 2 181,405 5 46,038 2 26,038 5 58,846 0 5,000 - 1,547 0 1,950 0 640,000 0 3,282,000 0 3,282,000
Net loss (as above Balance at end Note—Sept. 30 operating deficit, Assets—Cash	of year , 1936 bal \$2,821,81 1936 \$17,311 28,823 71,574 352,887 36,846 373,591 126,107 13,548 5,100	\$702,151 ance comp 19, and bal Balance Sh 1935 \$31,148 23,995 43,769 359,466 2,193 467,541 126,107 30,121 6,781	\$883,275 osed of —Cor ance as above set Sept. 30 Liabilities— Notes pay. for chase of col. Notes pay. (o of sugar hel coll., per co. Accts. pay., cu Accrued liabilit Mortgage pay Contingent res Prov. for hurri loss. Accts. payable after Sept. 39 Frior lien note	\$1,055,668 mmon stock, e, \$702,151. 1936 pur- nias bags d as atra) \$114,53 rrent ties. 31,62 cable 50,94 erve cane , due 0 4,50 s 640,00 onds 3,282,00	\$3,523,970 1935 - \$11,400 2 181,405 5 46,033 2 26,008 5 58,846 0 5,000 - 1,547 0 1,950 0 640,000 0 3,282,000 0 1,500,000
Net loss (as above Balance at end Note—Sept. 30 operating deficit, Assets—Cash	of year , 1936 bal \$2,821,81 1936 \$17,311 28,823 71,574 352,887 36,846 373,591 126,107 13,548 5,100	\$702,151 ance comp 19, and bal Balance She 1935 \$31,148 23,995 43,769 359,466 \$2,193 467,541 126,107 30,121 6,781	\$883,275 osed of —Cor ance as above set Sept. 30 Liabilities— Notes pay. for chase of cold. Notes pay. (of sugar hel coll., per cor accts. pay., cu accrued liabilit Mortgage pay Contingent res Prov. for hurri- loss.——— Accts., payable after Sept. 3 Prior ilen note lat mige. 6% b 7% pref. stock.	\$1,055,668 mmon stock, e, \$702,151. 1936 purbags d as atra) \$114,53 arrent ties. 31,62 cable 50,94 erve cane , due 0 4,50 8 640,00 onds 3,282,00 1,500,00 1,500,00	\$3,523,970 1935 - \$11,400 22 181,406 546,033 22 26,008 558,846 0 5,000 - 1,547 0 1,950 0 640,000 0 3,282,000 0 1,500,000
Net loss (as above Balance at end Note—Sept. 30 operating deficit, Assets— Cash	of year , 1936 bal \$2,821,81 1936 \$17,311 28,823 71,574 352,887 36,846 373,591 126,107 13,548 5,100 5,143,344	\$702,151 ance comp 19, and bal Balance She 1935 \$31,148 23,995 43,769 359,466 \$2,193 467,541 126,107 30,121 6,781 5,250,271	\$883,275 osed of —Cor ance as above set Sept. 30 Liabilities— Notes pay. for chase of cold. Notes pay. (of sugar hel coll., per cor accts. pay., cu accrued liabilit Mortgage pay Contingent res Prov. for hurri- loss.——— Accts., payable after Sept. 3 Prior ilen note lat mige. 6% b 7% pref. stock.	\$1,055,668 mmon stock, e, \$702,151. 1936 purbags d as atra) \$114,53 arrent ties. 31,62 cable 50,94 erve cane , due 0 4,50 8 640,00 onds 3,282,00 1,500,00 1,500,00	\$3,523,970 1935 - \$11,400 2 181,405 5 46,033 2 26,008 5 58,846 0 5,000 - 1,547 0 1,950 0 640,000 0 3,282,000 0 1,500,000

y 157,414 no par shares outstanding (authorized 300,000 shares) less operating deficit (as above).

Notes—Interest on first mortgage bonds is unpaid since Feb. 1, 1929 and has not been accrued above for the reason that, under the supplemental indenture, it is payable only if earnings after Sept. 30, 1931 are sufficient. No dividends have been paid on the 7% preferred stock. Under the supplemental indenture of Dec. 11, 1926, no such dividends shall be paid unless all unpaid bond interest shall have been paid in full to the last int. date.—V. 142, p. 455; V. 134, p. 2728.

Casco Products Corp.—Earnings-3 Months Ended May 31—
Net profit after all charges but before provision for Federal surtax
Earnings per share on 170,452 shares capital stock (no par) 1937 1936 \$79.088 \$54,386 \$0.46 \$0.32 (no par) \$0.46 \$0.32 Gross sales for the month of June, 1937, totaled \$303,000, against \$199,000 in the same month of the preceding year. Total sales for the first four months of the current fiscal year amounted to \$980,000 against \$685,000 reported in same period of preceding fiscal year.—V. 145, p. 104.

Cawthra Apartments, Ltd.—Special Meeting—
Holders of preferred stock are being notified of a special meeting to be held on July 27 at the company's head office to authorize the capital change already approved by noteholders. See also V. 144, p. 4172.

Central Ohio Steel Products Co.—Earnings 6 Months Ended June 30—
Net earnings after charges but before normal Federal income taxes.

x After normal Federal income taxes. 1937 \$195.912 x\$170.962

To Pay Larger Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 35 cents per share on the common stock, par \$1, payable Aug. 1 to holders of record July 20. This compares with 25 cents paid on May 1 and Feb. 1, last; an extra dividend of 25 cents and a regular dividend of 35 cents was paid on Nov. 1, 1936; and a dividend of 25 cents was paid on Aug. 1, 1936, this latter being the initial dividend on the \$1 par stock.—V. 144, p. 4338.

Central States Power & Light Corp. (& Subs.)--Earns.Consolidated Income Account Year Ended Dec. 31, 1936 Total_ Non-operating income_____

Rents on undeveloped leases Minority interest in net income	18.895
Consolidated net loss	
Consolidated Earnings for the 12 Mon Operating revenue. Operating expenses. Maintenance. Provision for retirements and depletion Taxes.	\$3,642,924 1,690,972 237,988 395,997
Profit Non-operating income	\$1,024,863 51,794
Gross income	1,042,500 16,708 60,844 18,410 14,315

Consolidated net loss_____

Note—No provision made, or believed to be required for Federal taxes on income or undistributed profits.

In consolidating the statements of income of the Canadian subsidiary companies, the Canadian dollar has been considered as equivalent to the United States dollar.

Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 31, 1936 ### Reference of the control of the Assets— \$30,742,234 Inventories
Merchandise installments
Miscell. rec. (less reserves)
Note and account receivable
from affil
Investments
Cash deposit for matured int.,
&c., (contra)
Other deposits
Deferred charges

Total\$34,027,362 Total\$34,027,362 a Represented by 80.000 shares, no par value, \$7 cum. pref. b 40.600, no par, shares.—V. 145, p. 272.

Central Vermont	Ry., Inc	Earnin	gs—	
Period End. June 30—	1937—Mon	th—1936	1937—6 M	os.—1936
Railway oper. revenues_	\$511,145	\$494,587	\$3,347,924	\$2,790,405
Railway oper. expenses_	439,447	478,402	2,735,799	2,734,516
Net rev. from ry. oper.	\$71,698	\$16,184	\$612,124	\$55,888
Railway tax accruals	24,357	8,772	145,965	106,227
Railway oper. income	\$47,341	\$7,412	\$466,159	def\$50,339
Hire of equip., rents, &c.	36,648	11,451	234,891	2,974
Net ry. oper. income_	\$10,693	def\$4,039	\$231,268	def\$53,313
Other income_	2,254	2,500	13,313	12,458
Income available for fixed chargesFixed charges	\$12,947	def\$1,539	\$244,581	def\$40,855
	112,744	105,111	651,779	647,697
Deficit, balance -V. 144, p. 4338.	\$99,797	\$106,650	\$407,198	\$688,552
Centrifugal Pipe	Corp. (8	Subs.)-	-Earnings-	_

Fixed charges		112,744	105,111	651,779	647,697
Deficit, balance -V. 144, p. 433		\$99,797	\$106,650	\$407,198	\$688,552
Centrifuga	l Pipe	Corp. (& Subs.)-	Earnings-	
Calendar Years- Royalties Other income		1936 \$738,149 29,229	1935 \$445,837 18,527	1934 \$526,237 16,497	1933 \$358,660 17,609
Total income Exps. (incl. Fed. t	taxes) _	\$767,378 163,025	\$464,364 128,170	\$542,734 126,422	\$376,269 85,391
Profit before profor amort. of Shares common	patents	\$604,353	\$336,193	\$416,313	\$290,877
outstanding (no Earnings per shar	par)_	433.084 \$1.39	433,084 \$0.77	433,084 \$0.96	433,084 \$0.67
		Balance Sh	neet Dec. 31		
Assets -	1936	1935	LAubilities-		1935
Patents and patent rights	\$101,407	\$71,180	x Capital stock Accounts paya Federal taxes a Surplus	cer. 80,557	5,510 42,883
	2,771,892	2,771,892	Surprus-	1,010,000	1,100,010
Co		53,620			
Treas. stock, 176					
shares, at cost	937	937			
Cash in banks Royalties receiv	271,025 119,419	237,580 110,675			
Curr. comm. rec.	9,482	8,745			

Invests. in market-able securities, at cost 285.685 153.092 Total \$3,559,849 \$3,407,724 Total \$3,559,849 \$3,407.724

x represented by 455,084 no par snares stated va	tue \$5 V. 1	43, p. 3023.
Century Electric Co.—Earnings—		
Year Ending Dec. 31— Gross profit from operation (excl. of depreciation). Selling, administrative and general expenses	\$1,599,308 646,636	1935 \$995,975 559,684
Operating profit	\$952,672	\$436,291
accounts, &c., less rents and sundry other income	145,382	97.795
Provision for income taxes (estimated)	$368,642$ $\mathbf{a}100,000$	259,589 11,000
Net profit	\$338,648 ibuted profit	\$67,907 s.

		Balance SI	neet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Accts. receiv. (less	\$60,313	\$60,040	Real estate notes	\$17,500	\$25,000
allowances) Inventory finished	543,124	436,007	Accts. pay. & accr.		
product	663,139	592,699	pay. & int. & general taxes	265,667	126.131
Inventory raw and		710 070	Empl.savings fund		18,439
Other assets	971,517 12,724		Prov. for inc. taxes (estimated)	100,000	11,000
Casn on dep. with		7.	Real estate bonds.	64,155	
Subser. to cap. stk.	113,179		Benefit judgments Special improve'ts	73,563	73,563
a Permanent assets	3,766,807	3,847,941	tax bill	20,658	19,851
Prepd. exps. and supply invent	57,290	46,689	Mtge. indebted Series A deb. notes	649,800 123,200	757,500
Pat'ts, trade-mks.,	000 001	000 001	Reserves	116,901	124,323
goodwill	200,001	200,001	Capital stock (\$100	4.532,500	4,531,000
			Surplus	400,480	243,039
Total	\$6,388,094	\$5,929,847	Total	\$6,388,094	\$5,929,847

Century Shares Trust—To Pay 41-Cent Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 41 cents per share on the participating shares, payable Aug. 1 to holders of record July 14. This compares with 35 cents paid on Feb. 1, last; a special dividend of 10 cents paid on Dec. 24, 1936; 38 cents on Aug. 1, 1936; 45 cents on Feb. 1, 1936; 40 cents on Aug. 1, 1935, and on Feb. 1, 1935; 37 cents on Aug. 1 and Feb. 1, 1934, and 35 cents paid on Aug. 1, 1933.

The current dividend will be paid from the net investment income of the trust and does not represent any distribution of realized profits from the sale of investments.—V. 144, p. 4173.

a After reserves for depreciation.-V. 144, p. 4338.

Chain Store Investment Corp.—Common Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 5 cents per share on the common stock, payable Aug. 1 to holders of record July 15. An initial dividend of like amount was paid on May 1, last.—V. 144, p. 3168.

Chicago Corp.—Net Assets—
The company reports for six months ended June 30, 1937, net assets of \$44,737,826, equivalent to \$72.73 a share on 615.091 shares of \$3 convertible preference stock outstanding, exclusive of 14,450 shares purchased for

retirement. After allowing for preference stock at original stated value of \$50 a share, plus accrued dividends, net asset value amounted to \$4.18 a share on 3,306,341 shares of common stock.

This compares with net assets on Dec. 31, 1936, of \$49.892,823, equal to \$79.25 a share on 629,541 shares of preference stock and \$5.57 a share on 3,303,341 shares of common stock.—V. 144, p. 1432.

Charis Corp.—Ear Calendar Years— Gross profit on sales Sell. & admin. expenses. Net profit on sales Other trading income Income on investments. Net profit before taxes Federal income taxes Net profit after taxes. Earns. per sh. on 100,000 shares common stock.		1935 \$675,183 535,039	1934 \$669,858 528,589	1933 \$623,413 465,988		
		ome 31,430		\$140,144 33,511 13,780	\$141,269 29,668 17,378	\$157,425 33,727 18,718
		\$187,435 24,137	\$188,315 24,179	\$209,870 28,857 \$181,013 \$1.81		
		\$163,298 \$1.63	\$164,137 \$1.64			
Comp	arative Bal	ance Sheet Jan.	1			
1937 \$139,847 431,214 47,162	1936 \$138,216 436,881 58,343	Accounts payal Accrued expens Res. for taxes	1937 ble_ \$68,103 les_ 22,484 36,889	1936 \$45,655 6,893 31,637		
278,417 60,773 332,661 11,931 18,765	243,033 64,895 336,354	\$10)	1,000,000	1,000,000 212,818		
	les penses - hles ments taxes xes taxes xes taxes xes taxes xes taxes taxe	les 1936 les 552,754 penses 537,485 ales 115,269 ments 11,534 re taxes 158,233 xxes 137,216 100,000 stock \$1.37,216 1937 1936 \$139,847 \$138,216 431,214 436,881 47,162 58,343 47,162 58,343 6,651 14,523 278,417 243,033 60,773 64,895 332,661 336,354 11,931	1936	1936		

Chicago Electric Mfg. Co.—Accumulated Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of \$1 per share on the \$2 cumul. class A stock, no par value, payable July 29 to holders of record July 19. A similar distribution was made on Dec. 20, Nov. 7 and on Feb. 1, 1935, and compares with 50 cents per share paid on Sept. 10, March 5 and Jan. 12, 1934, this latter payment being the first made on this issue since Jan. 3, 1928, when a regular quarterly dividend of 50 cents per share was disbursed.

Accumulations after the payment of the July 29 dividend will amount to \$11.50 per share.—V. 143, p. 3835.

Chicago Flexible Shaft Co.—Earnings—

Profits from operations	\$1,669,922	Dec. 28, '35 \$1,103,791	\$596,199
Provision for depreciation Maintenance, repairs and replacements of tools, &c	232,015		THE PLANT OF STREET
Real estate, personal property and other general taxes	40,287		10,086
Federal unemployment tax	16,800 30,408		8,494
Profit from operations	\$1,233,579	\$778,591	\$317,042
Other income (incl. int. charged to subsidiary)	43,741	28,223	26,366
Total profits	\$1.277,321	\$806,815	\$343,408
Miscellaneous deduction Provision for Federal taxes		138,500	54,049
Profit and income of parent com- company for the year	\$1,012,825	\$668,315	\$289,358
at average of U. S. rate of Austra- lian and Canadian exchange	94,354	x64,220	×78,681
Combined profit and income of parent and subsidiaries	\$1,107,179 611,684	\$732,535 287,811	\$368,040 179,882
Earnings, per share on 179,882 shs. (par \$5) capital stock	y\$ 6.15	\$4.07	\$2.04
x After provision for United States	income taxes	thereon. y	179,907 Bus.

in 1936. z Includes \$68,000 provision for Federal surtax on undistributed profits.

		Balanc	ce Sheet	
			Labilities Dec. 26, '36 Accounts payable \$364,746 Miscell. accr. liab. 157,968	
Inventories Claims agst. closed	969,129		Reserves 133,500 Res. for Fed. tax 8 284,550	134,750
banks	524	861	x Capital stock 899,629	898,792
Due from Cooper- Stewart Engi-			Surplus 2,495,877	1,997,435
neering Co., Ltd	72,336	39,498		
Adv. to employ. for pur. of co's. cap. stock pledged as				
collateral	. 22,966			
Inv. in & advs. to wholly owned				
foreign subs	514,927	393,137		
y Land, buildings, machinery	776,756	675.812		
Deferred charges.	39,426			
Total\$	4,336,271	\$3,495,856	Total\$4,336,271	\$3,495,856

x After deducting cost of 118 shares (par \$5 each) held in treasury amounting to \$1,208 in 1935 and 93 shares amounting to \$371 in 1936. y After reserve for depreciation.—V. 144. p. 1432.

Chicago Yellow Cab Co.—Dividend Halved—
The directors have declared a dividend of 25 cents per share on the common stock, no par value, payable Sept. 1 to holders of record Aug. 20. This compares with dividends of 50 cents per share paid each quarter from June 1, 1936, to and including June 1 last; 25 cents paid each three months from Dec. 1, 1932, to and including March 2, 1936; 50 cents paid on Sept. 1, June 1, and March 1, 1932, and dividends of 25 cents per share distributed each month from April 1, 1928 to Dec. 1, 1931, inclusive.

Period End. June 30—1937—3 Mos.—1936—1937—6 Mos.—1936.

Period End. June 30—
Net profit after deprec.,
Federal taxes, &c.___
Earns. per sh. on 300,000
no-par shs. cap. stock.
—V. 144, p. 4000.

1937—3 Mos.—1936—
\$66,268 \$123,824 \$1.000. 1937-6 Mos.-1936 \$66,268 \$123,824 loss\$29,534 \$295,487 Nil \$0.98

Chicago Railway	Equipm	ent Co	Earnings-	-
Calendar Years— x Operating profit Depreciation Federal & State inc. taxes	1936 2 586,311 100,000 80,456	z\$ 109,011 100,000	1934 2\$166,290 100,000 5,000	
Net profit Preferred dividends	\$405,855 430,982	\$9,011	\$61,290	loss\$115,935
Surplus	def\$25,127 105,575	\$9,011 96,563	\$61,290 35,274	
in co.'s pref. stock				43,331
Balance, surplus	\$80,448	\$105,575	\$96,563	\$35,273

x After deducting manufacturing, selling and administrative expenses.
y After deducting income from investments. z After including income from investments.

102		2. 11	namerar	Cinomicie			july 1	1, 1301
Assets— 1936 1 Cash \$117,431 \$2	rative Balance Sh 1935 Liabilit 143,055 Acc'ts pay	ies— 1936 yable \$147,96	1935 7 \$83,346	Assets— Cash in bank and	Balance Si 1936 1935	Liabilities-		1935 28 \$35,247
Investments 847,445 8 Notes & accts. rec. 494,289 z3	16,257 Accrued 53,885 Accr. was 16,336 Accr. roy	taxes 41,84 ges & com 32,76	9 31,233 2 23,219	wkg. fd. on hand c Accts. receivable Inventories	57,745 47,025	Note payable Trade accepts Accrued exp	50,0 s. pay	00 25,000
x Land, bldgs. ma- chin'y, plant,&c 1,100,059 1,1	21,827 Reserve f	s unpaid. 10	2 102	b Bldgs., mach'y, equip. & contain	32,500 32,500	inel. incom d Collat. sees Cap. stock (p.	e tax. 22,8 debs 50,0	00 100,000
Patterns, &c 26,468 Goodwill & patents 766,757 7	26,468 Common 66,757 Capital st 19,133 y Earned:	stock 1,498,400 urplus 60,490	$0 1,498,400 \\ 6 60,496$	Formulae, tr'marks and trade names Other assets	1 1 10,465 4,280	Surplus		
Total\$4,425,594 \$4,2	79,448 Total	\$4,425,59	4 \$4,279,448	Total	\$809,299 \$810,810			99 \$810,810
x After deducting reserve for \$2,514,605 in 1935. y After de in treasury. z Accounts receive	ducting cost of	490 shares of pref		reserves. d Colla payable of \$125,000	tion of \$129,294 in iteralled by the 0, secured by a first	company's p	romissory d	emand note
Chilton Co. (Former	rly United	Publishers	Corp.)—	Colt's Pater	4148. at Fire Arms N	Afg. Co.	Earnings-	_
Earnings— Calendar Years— Services and printing \$3,68		1934 95 \$2,988,960	1933 \$2,613,038	Calendar Years— Net income after de Dividends—————	eprec. & tax reserve		1935 \$562,285 338,779	1934 \$577,823 290,362
Rentals and miscell Interest, discount & in-	6,511 23,2		34,667	Earns. per share	on 200,000 shs. of par)	\$4.13	\$2.81	\$2.89
Total income \$3,70	5,687 \$3,432,2	46 \$3,007,559	\$2,662,195	Assets— Plant incl. real	1937 Balance She 1936	Liabilities-	1937	1936 00 \$5,000,000
Operating expenses 3,39 Interest paid 1 Provision for taxes 5	$\begin{array}{ccc} 6,776 & 3,198,8 \\ 5,257 & 27,73 \\ 8,720 & 46,13 \end{array}$	81 2,863,263 26 35,188 83 11,752	2,672,594 $40,157$ $27,614$	est., bldgs., ma-	,953,789 \$2,765,326 .068,357 2,870,705	Accts. pay. & pay roll Accrued Fed	accr. 232,10	0.000
	4,934 \$159,4 1,827		loss\$78,170	Accts, receivable Cash & investm'ts 3 Def'd chgs, prepd.	473,071 574,141	State taxes. Surplus	207,5	29 92,000 98 3,868,239
Consolidated B	Balance Sheet Dec			Total\$9	,653,933 \$8,985,340	Total	\$9,653,9	33 \$8,985,340
b Accounts & notes receivable.	11,526 Dividend	pay., Jan. 15, 1937. payable	\$41,827 - 72,944 - 158,737		il & Gasolin			
Cash surrender value of life in-	Due to as 32,905 Mortgage	sociated companies upon real estate- 1937	15,955	Gross oper. inc.		nt for Years 1 1935	1934	1933×
Purchase money notes rec. secured maturing more than one year from date	Reserve fo	ncome or unfilled subscrip	2,501	inter-co. sales) Oil—Wholesale Gasoline—Whole	\$1,734,717	\$1,649,044 1,092,135	\$1,847,223 936,105	\$1,178,888 865,681
Miscell. deposits & securities,	Reserve fo 19,654 Common s	r contingencies stock (par \$10)	- 177,990 - 4,424,080	Retail gasoline, miscellaneous	zas &	2,217,256	2,017,629	1,773,628
Prepaid expenses & deferred	3,446 Surplus	reasury	1,081,817	Total gross oper. Costs, oper. & gen. Prov. for retiremen	inc \$4,698,792 exp_ 2,830,397	\$4,958,434 2,801,524	\$4,800,957 2,599,642	\$3,818,198 2,245,460
Accounts with associated com- panies (net) 84	8,663			depletion	625,468	675,255 205,855	621,101 218,309	551,161 166,995
Publications, subscription lists,	13,212			Non-oper. income	\$1,013,187 250,941	\$1,275,800 1,129,036	\$1,361,905 873,761	\$854,581 1,476,341
Total		b Less reserve o		• Inc. before int. ch Interest charges	narges \$1,264,128 864,174	\$2,404,836 2,086,349	\$2,235,667 2,123,459	\$2,330,922 2,118,912
C Less reserve of \$23,424. Note—The balance sheet give company approved by the stock	s effect to a pla	an for reorganiza	tion of the		d in present form			
and the issuance of 442,408 sha value preferred stock and no	ares of common ares in exchange par value comm	n stock of a \$10 for all of the old on stock then o	par value d \$100 par utstanding	corporation's proportion Co. and 1934 was absorbed	subsidiary compar by reduction in in	nies of \$163,0 nterest incom	27 in 1935, e to the amo	\$436,003 in ount earned
and providing for the cancellat	ion of all arrear had not been s	rages in dividend ubmitted for exc	s. Of the hange pur-	by the company; i z Includes \$13,233	n 1933 the net los surtax on undistrib onsolidated Balance	uted profits.	Terran	to surplus.
suant to the plan for reorganiza of the 828 shares have been en changed.—V. 145, p. 274.	changed, leaving	ng 78 shares still	to be ex-	Assets— b Prop., plant & equi Invest, in Panhandle	pment_\$35,349,291	Liabilities-		e24 027 500
Colonial Ice Co.—Ear	6 1935	1934	1933	Pipe Line Co Cash Notes receivable	22,704,395	Com. (\$1 par) 20-year debs. (Notes payable	stocklue Feb. 1, '56	_ 2,336,826 _ 20,600,000
Total revenue \$1.035	\$,124 \$ 986,46 2,531 673,97 65,30	\$1,018,884 691,044	\$965,057 681,489 61,684	c Accounts receivable Inventories Prepayments	346,568 402,577	Accounts paya Accrued intere Accrued taxes.	st payable	254,136 261,322
Interest on 6% gold notes	33,98 8,843 87	32,716 1,190	32,444 7,608 643	Organization expense. Advs. for develop. of a Other deferred charges	creage_ 122,345 52,250	Other accrued Reserves	liabilities	5,049 671,375
Amortiz. of disc. on 6%		01	576	Total	\$59,505,724	Total		-\$59,505,724
Provision for retirement	,200 95 ,000 60,00		55,000	a Represented by depletion of \$14,681 V. 143, p. 3994.	,542. c After reser	b After reserve for doubtfu	ves for retiral accounts of	ements and \$28,468.—
Prov. for Fed. inc. taxes 13 Net income \$167	14,64	12,000	\$125,611	The New York Co	ctures Corp.	approved for	listing 10,342	
Earned surplus at end	,938 177,66		31,847	shares of common 144, p. 4339.				
	3,00	0		Gross profit on sales	Engineering	1936 Not	1935 \$848,469	1934 \$445,046
Ment account		C+002	Dr15,521	for doubtful accord	n. exps. and prov.		1,260,034	1,184,382
pref. stock pur. in 1934 Surplus debits—net Divs. on cum. pf. stocks 54	511 63,61	2 61,559	x52,750	Net loss from ope Other inc. (less mise	erationseell. deductions)	\$1,275 47,399	\$411,564 79,917	\$739,335 39,314
Loss on foreclosure of	,705		·	Provision for deprecent on funded of	lebt	\$46,124 225,689 118,890	\$331,647	\$700,021
prior years Cr6	,444 5,85	3		Other interest charge Provision for Federa	es	9,443 16,715	33.	3,061
Earned surplus at end of year \$242 * Accrued in 1933, paid in 193		8 \$177,668	\$88,342		expenses include	provision for	\$331,647 depreciation	\$703,082 n on plant
Assets- 1936 19	e Sheet Dec. 31 35 Liabilitie		1935	Assets-	Consolidated Balan	ce Sheet Dec.	31	1935
	8.611 Curr. & ac 0,288 Note paya 3,432 after one	ble, due	\$152,783 4,519	Marketable securitie a Receivables			\$750,659 3,018 2,174,518	\$765,293 219,994 1,238,039
Accr. storage chgs.	7,941 Reserves _ Unearned of age rever	266,168 cold stor-	229,581 28,678	Inventories Other assets Prepaid expenses an	d deferred charges		2,559,972 $21,535$ $133,575$	1,560,291 $168,636$ $67,822$
Inventories 44,483 2 Other assets 6,077 1	2,355 Pref. stock 7,805 Common s 591 Capital sur	tock 896,100 300,000	896,100 300,000 270,000	b Property, plant as Patents, trade-mark	nd equipments and goodwill		2,810,279	2,724,560
Prepd. exps. & def.	9,339 Surpl. arisi res. of s pref. sto	ng from series B	96,187	Liabilities— Due to the Superhea	ter Co			\$6,744,638 21.764
Total 20 011 100 20 100	Earned sur	plus 242,453	202,937	Accr. wages, commis Provision for curren	ssions, State & loca	l taxes, &c.	566,767 $ 290,025 $ $ 16,192$	$21,764 \\ 242,227 \\ 155,874 \\ 461$
Total\$2,211,106 \$2,186 —V. 143, p. 2203.			≠ 2,180,787	Reserve for losses	by customers	ontracts in	83,993	47,117
Columbia Brewing Co	1936	1935	1934	tracts Long-term debt Reserve for continge Minority interest in			$3,812,000 \\ 80,423$	$\begin{array}{r} 5,000 \\ 3,823,000 \\ 99,895 \end{array}$
Gross profit from operations Selling, delivery, admin. & gen. e	xp 342,95	7 \$409,784 9 288,339	\$295,595 226,961				90 501	92,248 150,613
Profit before deprec., bad deb income taxes Depreciation on fixed assets	\$141,63 54,31	1 43,317	\$68,633 33,011	Capital stock (par \$ Capital surplus Earned deficit				3,250,079 $1,143,641$
Provision for bad debts Prem. paid in the retire. of debs_ Federal and State income taxes	12.500	0	12,920 3,700	a After unearned debts and allowance 1935 and \$3,290,020				\$6,744,638 ve for bad
Net income for year		9 \$50,848	\$19,002	1935 and \$3,290,020	s. b After reserv in 1936.—V. 143	e for depreci , p. 3624.	ation of \$3,	147,147 in

Columbia Broadcasting System, Inc.—June Time Sales
Time sales on the Columbia Broadcasting System network for June
totaled \$2,476,576, an increase of 64.8% over the like month a year ago,
when time sales aggregated \$1,502,768.

© Cumulative total for first six months of 1937 was \$14,803,265, an increase
of 32.3% over the \$11,185,775 time sales reported for first six months of
1936.—V. 145, p. 106.

Commonwealth 2	ecurities,	inc.—Ea	Titings	
Calendar Years— Income from divs. & int_ Interest General expenses	1936 x \$81,670 14,186 34,299	1935 x\$ 21,652 24,427 33,422	1934 \$21,735 32,356 29,728	1933, \$36,498 85,599 38,351
Loss before security	- #400 105	000 107	040.050	907 AE1

transactions__ __prof\$33,185 \$36,197 x Includes income from put and call transactions of \$5,206 in 1936 and \$2,525 in 1935.

Note—No provision has been made for Federal taxes for the year 1936 as the corporation has allowable deductions sufficient to exempt its income from normal Federal tax and surtax on undistributed earnings.

		Balance Sh	neet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
a Investments Prepaid int., &c	\$186,278 4,328,005 1,876	2,985,675	Notes payable to banks (secured) _ Accounts payable	\$200,000	\$450,188
a repaid me., de	1,010	2,201	& accrued taxes_	4,625	
			Unpaid synd. com. 6% preferred stock	7 686 000	290,464 8.038,600
			b Common stock.	318,428	
			Deficit	3,692,892	6,039,266
Madal 4	1 510 100	00 000 010	m-4-1	PA F10 100	e2 000 012

----\$4,516,160 \$3,062,013 Total-----\$4,516,160 \$3,06 a After deducting reserves of \$2,448,930 in 1936 and \$5,592,044 in 1935. b Represented by 318,428 no par shares.—V. 143, p. 2204.

Community Public Service Co.—Special Dividend—
The directors have declared a special dividend of 25 cents per share in addition to a quarterly dividend of 25 cents per share on the common stock, both payable Aug. 2 to holders of record July 20. Similar payments were made on May 1 and Feb. 1, last. A special dividend of \$1 was paid on Nov. 2, 1936.—V. 144, p. 3494.

Compressed Industrial G	ases, Inc.	(& Subs.)	-Earns.
Calendar Years— Net sales Cost of sales	\$2,442,941 1,267,367	\$1,708,031 807,289	1934 \$1,046,054 480,278
Gross profitOther operating income	\$1,175,574 76,644	\$900,742 64,604	\$565,775 67,050
Total operating profit Sell., distributing & adminis. expenses	\$1,252,218 853,275	\$965,346 633,784	\$632,825 396,673
Net operating profit	\$398,943 Cr49,706 10,358 a82,468	\$331,562 Cr21,245 1,712 60,276	\$236,152 Cr12,707 1,595 39,643
Net income	\$355,823 144,169 b 303,312 150,755 \$2,36	\$290,818 115,187 140,061 76,398 \$3,81	\$207,620 80,293 53,810 \$3,86
a Includes \$5,097 provision for Fed			

b In addition to the cash dividends a stock dividend of 60% was distributed to stockholders of record Aug. 1, 1936.

	Conso	lidated Bale	ance Sheet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Cash	\$286,411	\$225,168	Accounts payable_	\$206,910	\$110,117
Marketable secur_	150	5,200	Accr.salaries, wages		
a Notes and accts.		-	and commissions	6,423	2.067
receivable	465,805	310,698	Accr'd cap. stock.	-,	-,
Inventories	248,454	105,230			
Accr. int. receiv		1.045		35,046	11,056
Def'd & prepd.chgs			Accrued Interest	00,000	19
Inv. in Nat. Cyl			Prov. for Fed. and		
Gas Co., Pacific			State inc. taxes.	70.031	71,071
Coast	409,155		Dep., def'd rental	10,001	11,0,1
Other assets	10,778	9,004		4.932	3.712
Security investm'ts		0,002	Due to trustees for	*,002	0,112
(at cost)	3,283	3.859			
b Land, bldgs, and	0,200	0,000	Welders Sup.Co		13,185
equipment	1 607 391	1 177 219	Res. for conting.	7,500	7,500
Patents	1,007,021	1,111,010	c Capital stock	753,775	
T meento					381,990
				1,468,803	881,998
			Earned surplus	522,994	470,981

....\$3,076,415 \$1,953,697 Total.....\$3,076,415 \$1,953,697 a After allowance for doubtful notes and accounts of \$48,893 in 1936 and \$45,233 in 1935. b After allowance for depreciation of \$1,481,834 in 1935 and \$1,474,289 in 1936. c Represented by 76,398 no par shares after deducting 3,509 shares held in treasury in 1935 and 150,755 shares in 1936.—V. 145, p. 106.

Coniagas Mines, Ltd. (& Subs.)—Earnings-Calendar Years—
Int. & divs. on invest___
Profit on sale of securities
Profit on sale of capital 1935 \$36,998 118,744 1936 \$45,603 1933 \$47,966 assets
Fees for services
Other income 1,726 3,928 843454 640 742 1.904 \$46,243 \$156,938 \$101,638 \$49,870 86,354 57,859 $\frac{82,604}{5,722}$ Net profit ______ 10ss\$40,111
Previous surplus _____ 1,688,943
Int. of minor, in subs ____
Real. on sale of secur. for year, less amounts written off invest ____ 423,982 \$43,779 1,756,265 19 \$80,451 1,704,236 43 loss\$38,456 1,895,641 164 Total surplus_____ Dividend payable_____ Other surplus deduct'ns \$1,784.730 95,788 \$1,800,063 95,788 39 \$1,857,349 95,790 5,294 -- \$2,072,803 -- 95,788 5

	-		manufacture and the same of		
Surplus, Dec. 3	31 5	31,977,016	\$1,688,943 \$	1,704,236	\$1,756,265
	Conso	lidated Bala	ince Sheet Dec. 3	1	
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Mining properties_	\$21,991	\$10	y Capital stock.	\$25,192	\$25,192
Real estate, bldgs.,		0.1	Int. of minori	ty	
equipment, &c_	11,613	11,496	shareholders _	178	164
Investments	1,737,695	1,641,753	Accounts payabl	e_ 23,178	4.552
Cash	288,243		Dividends payal		
Accts. receivable_	61,806	51,162	Profit & loss acc	t_ 1,977,016	1,688,943
(Data)	0 101 010				
Total	2,121,348	\$1,814,640	Total	\$2,121,348	\$1,814,640

y Represented by 766,300 shares of \$5 par value and after amortization of mining properties of \$3,806,308.—V. 143. p. 2204.

Consolidated Gas Electric Light & Power Co. of Baltimore—Tenders-

Holders of first refunding mortgage sinking fund bonds, series K, 3¼%, due Nov. 1, 1964; series L, 3¾%, due May 1, 1960; series M, 3½%, due July 1, 1965, and series N, 3¼%, due Dec. 1, 1971, are being advised that he Bankers Trust Co., trustee, invites sealed written proposals to be

received at its Corporate Trust Department, 16 Wall St., New York City, on or before 3 o'clock p. m., Daylight Saving Time, Aug. 2, 1937, for the sale of bonds of the above issue, of any one or more of the above series. Proposals should state the amount and price of bonds offered of each series, which amount may, however, be stated as all or any of a specified amount or as any amount within specified limits. The prices at which any bonds are offered should be stated in dollars (or percentage of principal amount) plus accrued interest, and must not exceed the following redemption prices of the respective series: series K, 105%; series L, 106%; series M, 106%; series M, 106%; series M, 106%; the trustee will mail notices of acceptance of any proposals to the addresses stated on such proposals. There will be available for the purchase of such bonds the sum of \$588, 208.05.—V. 145, p. 106.

208.05.—V. 145, p. 106.		
Connecticut Gas & Coke Securities	Co.—Earr 1936	1935
Income—Dividends— New Haven Gas Light Co. (subs.) The Hartford Gas Co	\$493,040 47,248	\$506,735 52,497
Total income	\$540,288 2,721 12,636	\$559,233 3,123 366 4,929
Net income. Surplus, balance Jan 1 Advances from the U. G. I. Co. under agreement	\$524,930 11,789 65,000	\$550,815 57,965
Total Preferred dividends	\$601,720 596,991	\$608,780 596,991
Surplus	\$4,729 n loans obtai	\$11,789 ned during

standing Dec. 31, 1936 in the amount of \$171,173. Interest on loans from others, repaid during 1935, is included. 1935 figures restated for comparative purposes.

	1	Balance Sh	eet Dec. 31		
	8	151,444	Liabilities— aCapital stock1 Loans payable Accounts payable	1936 \$ 5,134,792 171,173	1935 \$ 15,134,792 171,178
Deletted Charges.	400		(affil, company) Dividiend payable Accrued taxes, &c. Earned surplus	100 149,248 12,836 4,729	149,248 1,010 11,789
FI-4-1 15 486	070 1	E 400 104	Total 1	5 479 970	15 468 194

a Represented by 198,997 shares of no par, pref. stock and 299,498 shs. of no par common stock.—V. 138, p. 4294.

Consolidated Mining & Smelting Co. of Canada-

936
$\substack{0.942\\9.062}$
6.157
8,939
-

Consolidated Re	tail Store	s, Inc.	Sales—	
Month of— January February March April May June —V. 145, p. 276.	1937	1936	1935	1934
	\$554,392	\$552,326	\$517,572	\$494,434
	700,884	639,861	527,142	515,089
	1,066,853	826,186	759,365	849,202
	757,283	736,425	717,350	606,439
	767,512	750,226	672,696	688,832
	632,616	597,747	545,988	498,125

- v . 110, p. 210					
Coronet Pl	hospha	te Co	-Annual Rep	oort-	
Calendar Years— Gross income Net prof. after all charges		1936 \$448,620	1935 \$563,256	1934 \$645,553	1933 \$442,604
and taxes Previous surplus.		54,589 175,743	84,390 241,353	104,296 $299,557$	30,380 451,473
Total surplus Loss on sale of pro-	operty_	\$230,332	\$325,743	\$403,853	\$481,853 57,296
Divs. declared during the year		100,000	150,000	162,500	125,000
Surplus, Dec. 3	Surplus, Dec. 31		\$175,743	\$241,353	\$299,557
		Balance S	heet Dec. 31		
Assets— Phosphate lands\$ Plant equipment	1936 1,362,054 445,897	\$1,383,980 509,416	Liabilities— Capital stock Surplus		
Cash in hand & in banks	336,859	473,512	Accounts payal Reserve for Fed	ble_ 9,380 leral	16,483
U. S. Govt. securs.	200,860	100,343	Per for div per	13,250	13,472

Accr. int. on sec... Accts. receivable... Notes rec. for land Inventories... 1,154 5,000 39,748 5,840 302,377 9,915 98.782 Accrued wages... 5,287 Deferred credit... 160,136 Res. for cost of dry-11,742 ing phosphate... 19,880 ___\$2,703,997 \$2,743,199 Total.....\$2,703,997 \$2,743,199

Capital Stock Reduced-Stockholders at a meeting held on Feb. 1, last, voted to reduce com-

outstanding share	es from \$1	00 to \$50	per share.—	V. 142, p. 18	the 25,000
Crandall-M	cKenzi	e & He	nderson, l	ncEarn	ings-
Years Ended Do Gross profit from Sell., collection, d General, administ	ec. 31— operations lelivery, &	c., exp	1936 \$232,614 83,042	1935 \$190,631 73,858 59,554	1934 \$196,133 77,268 60,441
Operation profit Other income Other deductions.			Cr.10,669	\$57,218 Cr13,140 2,937	\$58,424 Cr15,094 5,504
Profit Provision for depr Prov. for est. Fed.	eciation_ income ta		28,806	\$67,422 28,184 6,157	\$68,014 27,495 4,224
Net profit Dividend			\$49,394 40,387	\$33.081 21,565	\$36,295 5,511
	1	Balance Sh	eet Dec. 31		
Assets— Cash on hand & on deposit	1936 \$83,120	1935 \$64,819	Accounts paya Accrued liabilit	ies. 17,453	1935 \$6,399 8,057
a Marketable secs. Accr. int. on bonds	98,038 959	86,394 986	d Capital stock	50,000	50,000
b Custs' acc'ts rec. Inventory	26,982 10,011	29,295 9,975	e Treasury stoc		533,869 Dr47,672
Cash surr. value of	[7]	625	a self moo		
Other assets	4,188	4,724			
c Permanent assets Deferred charges	326,437 10,765	344,255 9,581			

\$560,501 \$550,653 \$560,501 \$550,653 a After allowance to reduce to market value of \$1,120 in 1936 and \$4,931 n 1935. b After allowance for doubtful items, &c., of \$2,500 in 1936 and \$5,000 in 1935. c After allowance for depreciation of \$157,242 in 1936, and \$135.019 in 1935. d Represented by 50,000 no par shares. e 8,913 shares (7.690 in 1935) at cost.—V. 143, p. 3996.

Consolidated Textile Corp.—Transfer Agent—
The Manufacturers Trust Co., is transfer agent for 3,428,070 shares of company's capital stock.—V. 145, p. 275.

Detroit Edison Co. (& Subs.)-Ear	nings—	
12 Months Ended June 30— Gross Earnings from Operations—	1937	1936
Electricity	\$55,124,312	\$50,032,579
Steam Gas Miscellaneous	. 386,038	
TotalOperating and non-operating expenses	\$57,411,291 40,635,191	\$52,446,655 35,189,536
Balance, income from operationsOther miscellaneous income	\$16,776,100 129,135	\$17,257,119 123,470
Gross corporate income	5,799,374	\$17,380,588 6,278,800 Cr22,200 266,689
37-4 /	010 041 FMF	010 057 000

.--\$10,841,575 \$10,857,300 Note—This statement reflects the usual accounting practices of the company on the basis of interim figures, as shown by the books of the company and its subsidiaries, and is subject to audit. The foregoing figures do not take into account any Federal surtax on undistributed net income. With respect to the year 1936, according to the company's Federal income tax return, there was no undistributed net income subject to surtax; on the basis of present estimates, it is anticipated that no such tax will be payable for the year 1937.—V. 144, p. 4177.

Detroit Paper Products Corp.—Stock Offered—The corporation offered on July 14 by means of a prospectus, the unsold portion of 24,240 shares (\$25 par) 6% cum. conv. pref. stock, through Russell Maguire & Co., Inc.; M. J. Hall & Co., Inc., and Weed, Hall, Berndt & Co. as principal underwriters, at \$25 per share underwriters, at \$25 per share.

underwriters, at \$25 per share.

Common stockholders of record June 25, 1937 have been given the prior right to subscribe to the preferred shares at \$25 per share, for a period of 11 days following the effective date of the registration statement at the rate of not less than 1 share of preferred for each 8.4 shares of common stock.

The new 6% preferred stock is convertible at the option of the holder into 3 shares of the company's common stock prior to July 1, 1942, and thereafter into 2½ shares of common until June 30, 1947.

Of the proceeds from the sale of this stock, \$115,000 less \$5,500 already paid by the company, will be used by the company, together with 30,000 shares (\$1 par) common stock, to acquire a paper mill, which, it is estimated, will be capable when rehabilitated of producing 100 tons of high-grade paper board per day. The balance of the proceeds will be used in part to rehabilitate the paper mill and for additional working capital.

Corporation was formed in Michigan in 1919 and is principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of corrugated paper boxes, containers and other corrugated paper products. It also makes paper insulation products and breaker strips used by the refrigeration industry, as well as molded plastic products.

Net profits of the company, after all charges, for the first quarter of 1937 were \$70,693, equal to 34 cents a share on the presently outstanding common shares and 25 cents a share on the common stock to be outstanding on completion of this financing, after deduction of the new preferred dividend requirements and compare with net profits, after all charges, of \$166,432 for 1936 and \$120,140 for 1935.

Upon completion of the present financing the company will have outstanding an authorized issue of 25,000 shares of 6% cumulative convertible preferred stock and 240,000 shares.

The March 31, 1937 balance sheet of the company, before giving effect to this financing, showed current assets of \$458,665 and current liabilities of \$195,244. Of the total assets, 56.2% were

to this financing, showed current of \$195,244. Of the total assets, 56.2% were inquided assets.

The company's common stock is listed on the New York Curb Exchange.

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V. 144, p. 277.

Devoe & Raynolds Co., Inc.—Consolidated Balance Sheet May 31—

Assets-	1937	1936	Liabilities-	1937	1936
x Real est., bldgs., machinery, &c		\$3,341,613	First pref. stock (par \$100)	\$894,000	\$894,000
Misc. inv. & receiv.			y Common class A	0 500 540	0.500.540
(non-current)	217,992 859,475	169,922 932,212	z Com. el. B stock	3,539,746 1,333,333	3,539,746 1,333,333
Notes rec., cust rs	154,546	186,390	Notes payable	2,350,000	1,500,000
Accts. rec., cust rs Accts. rec., others_	2,426,549 27,763		Accts. pay., trade_ Accr. chgs. & res	567,094 474,701	671,517 383,248
Inventory	4,360,513		Res. for conting s.	184,899	250,000
Prepaid expenses & deferred charges	756,973	616,061	Surplus	2,855,294	2,481,679

Total _____12,199,067 11,053,524 Total ___ x After reserve for depreciation of \$3,151,928 in 1937 and \$3,085,010 in 1936. y Represented by 95,000 no par shares. z Represented by 40,000 no par shares. The income account for 6 months ended May 31 was published in V. 145, p. 277. ___12,199,067 11,053,524

Dobeckmun Co.—Acquisition-

Dobeckmun Co.—Acquisition—
The company announced that it has purchased from Crown Zellerbach Corp. the properties of the Western Shellmar Products Co. at Oakland, Calif. The property will be operated as the Pacific Coast branch factory of the Doebeckmun Co.
The purchase, which is expected to add approximately 20% to the volume of business of Dobeckmun, places the company in position to expand and to speed up its service to the large volume markets for its products in the Pacific Coast and Rocky Mountain states.

The Pacific Coast plant was built in 1935 and its equipped to produce plain and printed Cellophane bags and printed roll and sheet Cellophane. New facilities will be added to enable the plant to produce the entire line of the company's products.

Listing Amproved—

Listing Approved—
The New York Curb Exchange has approved for listing 100,000 outstanding shares of common stock, \$1 par, with authority to add to the list, upon official notice of issuance, 10,000 additional shares of common stock, \$1 par.—V. 144, p. 4177.

Dominion Tar & Chemical Co., Ltd.-Admitted to

Unlisted Trading-

The New York Curb Exchange has admitted to unlisted trading privileges the new 5½% cumulative preference stock, \$100 par, in lieu of old 6½% cumulative prerence stock is being issued, share for share, in exchange for old 6½% cumulative preference stock is being issued, share for share, in exchange for old 6½% cumulative preference stock, par \$100, in accordance with the provisions of the compromise or arrangement, as modified, dated Jan. 28, 1937.

The Committee on Securities of the New York Curb Exchange rules that transactions in new issue must be settled by delivery of certificates for the "new" 5½% preference stock and that the certificates for the "old" 6½% preference stock of the company will not be good delivery in settlement of transactions.

The Committee on Securities also rules that the "new" 5½% preference

ment of transactions.

The Committee on Securities also rules that the "new" 5½% preference stock shall be dealt in "ex" the following dividends, provision for which is made in the company's compromise or arrangement:

(a) Cash dividend of \$1.37½ per share, payable on July 31, to holders of record July 10, at Montreal, and

(b) Stock distribution of two shares of common stock of the company for each share of preference stock held.

The Committee on Securities rules that until and including July \$29\$, deliveries against transactions in the common stock (no par) may be made with either certificates for common stock showing a capitalization of 300,000 common shares, or certificates for common stock showing a capitalization of 450,000 common shares.

After said date permanent certificates showing a capitalization of 450,000 common shares shall be the only delivery.—V. 145, p. 109.

Douglas Aircraft Co., Inc. - Earnings

6 Mos. End. May 31— Net sales Cost of sales Reduction of inventory Expenses	\$8,501,760 7,417,351	*1936 \$1,902,842 1,380,098 99,235 204,870	*1935 \$5,503,171 4,145,843 58,298 185,829	606,741 167,000
ProfitOther income (net)	\$725,620 Dr80,176	\$218,639 31,374	\$1,113.201 23 639	loss\$230,214 9,581
Total income	\$645 444 62,912 86,444 	\$?50,013 25,420 29,981	\$1,136,840 22,139 178,699	117.000 14.763
Net profit	\$525,822 \$0.92 Corp. y Inc	cludes North	\$2.00 prop Corp.	

Note—No provision is made for surtax on undistributed profits.—V. 144, p. 4177.

Dubilier Condenser Corp.—Rights—

The New York Curb Exchange has received notice from this company that Cornell Dubilier Electric Corp., will subject to the prior effectiveness of registeration under the Securities Act of 1933, offer to stockholders of Dubilier Condenser Corp. of record July 19 right to subscribe to common stock of Cornell Dubilier Corp. in the proportion of one share of common stock of Cornell Dubilier for each 10 shares of commo. of Dubilier Condenser Corp. held. The offering price is as yet undetermined, but will not exceed \$11.50 a share. Subscriptions must be received by Cornell Dubilier at South Plainfield, N. J. not later than 3 p. m. (Eastern Daylight Time) on the third day following the record date, and will be accepted conditionally upon purchase by underwriters of shares not subscribed for by stockholders.—V. 141, p. 1767.

Eastman Kodak Co.—Wins Patent Suit—
The United States Circuit Court of Appeals has reversed decision of former Federal Judge Harland W. Rippey in which he upheld patent infringement claims brought against this company by Hill Mfg. Co. of Kansas City, Mo., and which involve \$3,000,000. The Kansas City firm had claimed triple damages amounting to \$9,000,000.
The suit was based on alleged infringements of patent on a gas-purging device used in the Kodak Park refrigeration system. The lower court declared two of the Hill claims valid and appointed a special referee to determine the amount of damages. In the Circuit Court's opinion the Court held the Hill firm patents were invalid because of prior patents.—V. 144, p. 3331.

El Paso Natural Gas Co. (Del.) (& Subs.)-Earnings-Period End. May 31-Gross oper. revenues...
Operating charges.....
Taxes (incl. Fed. inc. tax:
May, 1937, x\$29,210;
May, 1936, \$2,485).
Prov. for retirements... 278,032 437,575 44,429 40,008 $\frac{11,921}{24,639}$ 120,835 294,131\$110,059 3,505 Net operating income_ Other income_____ \$143,290 880 \$1,901,419 12,967 \$1,331,992 42,612 Total gross income ____

\$113,564 56,157 4,993 \$1,914,386 453,846 43,617 ,374,604 682,262 73,274 Interest_ Amortization of debt exp Net income before non-\$52,413 \$1,416,923 4,756 Non-recurring inc. (net) \$111,011 Dr495 \$619,067 Dr9,786 Net income____ Pref. stk. div. require__ \$110,516 8,632 \$52,413 5,832 \$609,280 69,979 Bal. for common divs.

and surplus_____\$101,885 \$46,581 \$1,318,099 \$539,301 x Federal income tax includes an in crease of \$11,500 above the January to April, 1937, monthly accrual. This increase is made necessary because of the additional business attached since Jan. 1, 1937.—V. 145, p. 111.

Empire Gas & Electric Co. (& Sub.)—Earnings-

[Now merged wit				1
Years End. Dec. 31— Total oper, revenues Total oper, exps. & taxes	1936 \$3,438,456	1935 \$3,266,788 2,883,695	1934 \$3,083,848 2,636,585	\$3,025,080 2,446,335
perating incomeOther income	\$513,739 29,013	\$383,092 1,438	\$447,262 2,071	\$578,745 3,791
Gross income Interest on funded debt_ Int. on unfunded debt_ Amort. of dt. disc. & exp.	\$542,752 268,940 100,606 26,382	\$384,531 268,990 96,660 26,384	\$449,333 268,990 93,583 26,492	\$582,536 268,990 108,844 26,393
Credit for interest dur- ing construction	Cr2,710	Cr613	Cr115	Cr7,443
Net income Pref. stock dividends	\$149,534	loss\$6,890	\$60,383 174,430	\$185,752 174,430

def\$6,890 def\$114,047 \$149,534 Balance _. a Includes \$15,582 provision for Federal surtax on undistributed profits.

Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 31

	Consul	sauten Dass	nece preces toc. or		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Plant, prop., &c 2	0.825,000	20,890,916	Capital stock	5,332,900	5,368,900
Investments Notes & accts. rec.	57,545	70,373	Notes & accts. pay.	-,,	4,928,000
from affil. cos Deps. for matured	43,277		to affiliated cos. Matured bond int.	1,445,081	1,478,080
bd. int. (contra)	7.050	6,060	(contra)	7,050	6.060
Deps. with trustee			Accounts payable_	163,493	156,423
in lieu of mtged.			Taxes accrued	110,412	60,424
property sold	2,400		Interest accrued	66,269	63,879
Cash (incl. work-			Miscel . accruals	27,630	23,920
ing funds)	104,508	119,102			
Notes receivable	11,109	15,615	& line deposits	71,979	67.986
Acc'ts receivable Mat'ls & supplies_	304,235 243,227	331,898 242,799	Guaranty of appl. acets. rec. sold		
Accpliance acc'ts			(contra)	151,000	80,000
rec. sold (contra)	151,000	80,000	Reserves	1,688,698	1,734,510
Def'd debit items_	288,574	257,476	Contrib's for ext's		
			(non-refundable)	146,364	143,727
			Capital surplus	6,269,256	6,421,028
			Corporate surplus_	1,630,795	1,481,301

Total22,037,927 22,014,241 Total22,037,927 22,014,241 -V. 144, p. 3837.

Ebasco Services, Inc.—Weekly Input For the week ended July 8, 1937, the kilowatt-hour system input of the operating companies which are subsidiaries of American Power & Light Corp., and National Power & Light Coo., as compared with the corresponding week during 1936, was as follows:

volume 143	Chi omere
Operating Subsidiaries of— 1937 1936 Amount 4 Amount 5 Amount 5 Amount 6 Amount 7 Amount 7 Amount 7 Amount 7 Amount 7 Amount 8 Amount 7 Am	Condensed General Balance Sheet Dec. 31 1936 1935 Assets— 1936 1935 Ltabilities— \$ Equipment31,272,627 32,076,290 Miscell. property_ 1,966,447 1,940,167 Investm't in affil. Fund. debt; equip.
Eaton Mfg. Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings— Period End. June 30— 1937—3 Mos.—1936 1937—6 Mos.—1936 Consol. net profit after taxes, int., deprec., &c 8872,850 \$751,903 \$1,709,629 \$1,335,285 Shs. common stock out-	co 1,043,869 769,978 obligations 5,579,000 6,814,000 Cash 793,857 1,230,810 Curr. liabilities 1 013,734 978,484 Other curr. assets 2,361,762 1,790,620 Deferred liabilities 1,024,533 751,756 Oper. deprec. res19,273,056 18,750,192 Profit & loss, surp 2,547,545 2,750,144 Total 38,141,519 38,748,228 Total 38,141,519 38,748,228
standing (no par) 696,146 696,146 696,146 696,146 696,146 696,146 \$1.08 \$2.45 \$1.91 —V. 144, p. 3670. \$1.25 \$1.08 \$2.45 \$1.91	-V. 142, p. 3675. Foreign Bond Associates, Inc.—Asset Value—
Empire Gas & Fuel Co. (Del.) (& Subs.)—Earnings— 6 Months Ended May 31— 1937 1936 1935 Gross operating revenue————\$44,130,314 \$39,041,980 \$32,973,971 Oper. exps., maintenance & taxes——x29,101,198 24,850,853 19,790,602	The company reports that net asset value on June 30, 1937, was \$11.21 per share as compared with \$10.25 per share on June 30, 1936. Dividends of \$1.95 per share were paid during the period.—V. 144, p. 2997. Franklin Fire Insurance Co.—Extra Dividend—
Net oper, rev. before depl. & depre.\$15,029,116 \$14,191,147 \$13,183,368 Other income, incl. income from affil. pipeline companies 1,922,222 1,631,201 1,967,176 Total income \$16,951,338 \$15,822,328 \$15,150,545	The directors have declared an extra dividend of 10 cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents per share on the common stock, par \$5, both payable Aug. 2 to holders of record July 20. Similar payments were made on May 1 and Feb. 1, last, and extra dividends of five cents per share were paid in each of the 10 preceding quarters.—
Int. charges & amort. of discount	V. 144, p. 3500. Fyr Fyter Co., Dayton, Ohio—Earnings—
and amortization of discount 2.637,126 2.085,186 2.507,802 Reserves for depletion & depreciation 7.227,088 6.228,145 6.076,300	6 Mos. End. June 30— 1937 1936 1935 1934 Net sales
Net income\$3,524,500 \$4,215,141 \$3,170,890 x Includes provision for normal Federal income tax and reserves for possible liability for Federal surtax on undistributed profits.—V. 144.	Selling and admin. exps. 100,670 80,232 71,098 82,671 Net profit on sales \$78,152 \$36,723 \$21,639 loss\$3,940 Other income 3,542 2,767 2,290 4,521
p. 4178. Endicott Johnson Corp.—Consolidated Balance Sheet—	Balance, surplus \$81,694 \$39,489 \$23,930 \$581
May 29,'37 May 30,'36	Miscellaneous deductions 5,340 7,985 3,282 1,876 Federal income tax 23,386 9,156 2,893 Net profit \$52,969 \$22,348 \$17,755 ioss\$1,296
Inventories24,755,456 20,885,470 y Common stock 20,268,000 20,268,000 Accts. & notes rec. 9,621,905 7,020,456 Notes payable 9,000,000 4,750,000	Balance Sheet June 30 Assets- 1937 1936 Liabilities- 1937 1936
Empl. bldg. fund, &c	equipment, &c. \$379,201 \$372,229 Reserve for deprec. 170,246 161,869 Patents
Miscell. investm'ts 431,333 507,537 Accr. Fed. & State Prepaid taxes, &c. 233,018 133,175 taxes	Accounts payable 26,426 22,302 Treasury stock 22,472 14,061 Commissions due Deferred charges 3,991 10,061 When acets, are Cash 133,821 100,744 paid 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,030 15,
Cash 2,844,339 2,908,887 Res. for work comp 250,000 250,000 Dies and lasts 653,730 4 Res. for invent's 2,063,571 Tanning ilquors 108,302	Securities
Earned surplus 5,753,284 5,869,877 Total 49,049,947 42,169,099 Total 49,049,947 42,169,099	ful accounts 11,394 12,052
x After depreciation. y Represented by 405,360 shares, par \$50. The earnings for 52 weeks ended May 29 were published in V. 145, p. 111.	Total \$901,241 \$785,435 Total \$901,241 \$785,435 x Represented by 20,000 shares class A stock and 40,000 shares class B stock, all of no par value.—V. 144, p. 4345.
English Electric Co. of Canada, Ltd.—Divs. Resumed—The directors have declared a dividend of 62½ cents per share on the 33 non-cumulative class A stock, payable Sept. 15 to holders of record Aug. 31. This will be the first dividend paid since April 15, 1932, when 75 cents per share was distributed.—V. 143, p. 920.	Gatineau Power Co.—Merger Approved— See Canadian Hydro-Electric Corp., Ltd. above.—V. 144, p. 4007. General Baking Co.—Earnings—
Fairchild Aviation Corp.—Unfilled Orders— The company announced that unfulled orders as of May 31, 1937 were	Period— June 26 '37 June 27 '36 June 26 '37 June 27 '36 Net income after int., de-
\$1,197,519, as against \$672,501 a year ago, a gain of 78%.—V. 145, p. 111.	prec., Fed. taxes, &c. x\$394,421 \$656,051 x\$577,993 \$1,051,024 Earns. per sh. on 1,588,-697 shs. com. stock \$0.14 \$0.30 \$0.14 \$0.44
(John J.) Felin & Co., Inc.—\$2 Common Dividend— The directors declared a dividend of \$2 per share on the common stock, par \$100, payable July 15 to holders of record July 10. This compares with \$3 paid on Jan. 15, last; \$2 paid on July 15, 1936; \$8 paid on Jan. 15, 1936; \$2 paid on July 15, 1935, \$3 on Jan. 15, 1935, and July 15, 1934; \$4 on Jan. 15, 1934, and \$5 per share paid semi-annually from July 15, 1932, to and including July 15, 1933.—V. 144, p. 278.	x Before surtax on undistributed profits.—V. 144, p. 3500. General Capital Corp.—Earnings— 6 Months Ended June 30— 1937 Income—Cash dividends— 110,176 \$84,200 \$86,690 Interest— 73 2,658
Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Md.—Extra Dividend—	Total income
to the regular quarterly dividend of like amount on the capital stock, par \$20, both payable July 31 to holders of record July 19. See also V. 144, p. 612 for detailed record of previous dividend payments.—V. 144, p. 4344.	Net income \$84,650 \$64,338 \$72,515 Net loss on sale of investments (based on cost) prof.14,306 43,356 298,598
Finance Co. of America at Baltimore—Earnings— 6 Months Ended June 30— 1937 1936 1935	Net operating profit for six months ended June 30
Gross income, less chargeouts \$244,042 \$209,516 \$247,141 Operating expenses 91,400 74,724 74,071 Unterest 28,192 26,617 44,320	S1,319 S2,880 175,876
Provisions for Federal income taxes. 19,571 15,195 16,304 Net profit	Cash
Loss on sale of treasury stock 6,200	Cash divs. receiv. 18,450 21,258 a Capital stock 2,339,497 3,006,921 Shares soi but unissued. 2.574
Common equity Jan. 1 1,453,625 1,327,121 1,324,265 Surplus adjustments (net) Dr1,307 Cr23,038 Dr56,182 Common equity \$1,509,227 \$1,401,327 \$1,329,684	Capital surplus 1,676,288 3,379,122 Treasury stock
Common equity\$1,509,227 \$1,401,327 \$1,329,684 —V. 144, p. 4178. Financial Independence Founders, Inc.—Registers	Total\$5,118,346 \$5,339,151 Total\$5,118,346 \$5,339,151 a Represented by 124,870 no par shares in 1937 and 124,271 in 1936, after deducting 50,893 shares held in treasury in 1937 and 33,988 in 1936.
with SEC— See list given on first page of this department.—V. 143, p. 4153; V. 131,	a Represented by 124,870 no par shares in 1937 and 124,271 in 1936, after deducting 50,893 shares held in treasury in 1937 and 33,988 in 1936, b Treasury stock held at June 30, 1937, represents in part stock so redeemed and in part stock purchased in the open market. Note—The marketable securities at June 30, 1937 are carried on the corporation's books at cost, \$5,126,308. No provision has been made in the above statement for Federal normal income or undistributed profits taxes on profits for the six months ended
First State Trust Co.—Registers with SEC— See list given on first page of this department.	No provision has been made in the above statement for Federal normal income or undistributed profits taxes on profits for the six months ended June 30, 1937, inasmuch as the corporation expects to qualify for 1937 as
Fruit Growers Express Co.—Earnings—	No provision has been made in the above statement for Federal normal income or undistributed profits taxes on profits for the six months ended June 30, 1937, inasmuch as the corporation expects to qualify for 1937 as a "mutual investment company" and, under the policy adopted, liability for such taxes, if any, will be small and can be finally determined only at the close of the corporation's fiscal year, Dec. 31, 1937.—V. 144, p. 4007.
Calendar Years— 1936 1935 Operating revenue \$9,118,936 \$9,087,596 Operating expenses 8,446,361 8,228,655	General Frigid Transportation Corp.—Registers with SEC—
Net operating revenue \$672,574 \$858,940 Tax accruals, other than income tax 79,761 89,139 Uncollectible accounts 3,000 3,000	See list given on first page of this department. General Motors Corp.—New Officer— Alfred P. Sloan Jr. Chairman of the Party of the P
Operating income\$589,813 \$766,801 Other income\$319,765 304,610	Alfred P. Sloan Jr., Chairman of the Board announced on July 14 that Edwin R. Palmer has been appointed Aissistant Comptroller of this company. New G. M. Subeidiague
Gross income \$909,578 \$1,071,411 Interest 286,585 341,435 Rental on cars 209,652 210,179 Amortization of discount on equipment trusts 29,494 29,493	New G. M. Subsidiary— A new subsidiary, known as the General Motors Overseas Corp., has been organized by General Motors. The new company, 100% owned by General Motors Corp., was formed to facilitate both routine and mechanical operations of the export business.—V. 145, p. 279.
Net income	General Finance Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings— 6 Months Ended May 31— 1937— 1936
Balance transferred to profit and loss \$333,164 \$426,323 Credit balance Jan. 1 2,750,144 2,678,926 Profit on property sold and retired 1,900 210 Miscellaneous 92,097 61,206	Trustee's fees
Total \$3,177,305 \$3,166,666 Cash dividends 328,424 328,424 Loss on property retired 19,536 22,362	Debenture interest, discount, amortiz. and expense 28,461 11,475 Provision for Federal income tax
Loss on property retired	Net income before prov. for undistr. profits to
Miscellaneous	Net income before prov. for undistr. profits tax) \$347.094 \$182.547 Preferred dividend 19.742 Common dividends 80.530 Net earnings per common share \$0.40 \$0.25

	1937	1936		1937	1936
Assets—	8	8	Liabilities—	8	\$
Cash in banks and			Coll. trust notes		
	,245,251	830,342		7,698,500	4,592,500
Notes and accept-			Accounts & insur		
ances receivable10	,535,984	6,427,314			
Deben. sink. fund			cruals	59,574	45,104
incl. curr. deposit	1000000		Reserves and def.		
requirements	57,661		certifs.—Dealers	62,371	45,160
Accrued interest	4,534		Reserve for taxes.	113,576	73,924
Life insur. policies	12,271	8,550	Reserve for insur.		
Capital loans to			renewals	81,367	33,544
dealers	19,723	23,505	Reserve for losses.	243,510	156.837
Other notes and			Deferred inc-un-		
accounts receiv.	26,385	19,633			
Repossessed & other			charges	567,236	284,964
automobiles	64,988		Conv. 5% deben	897,000	749,000
Deferred charges	110,061		Preferred stock	658,050	658,050
Furniture & fixt	24,461	25,030	Common stock	817,300	641,800
Company autom	33,918	21,381	Surplus—Earned_	538,082	190,060
			Capital	398,675	30,478
Total12	135,244	7,501,424	Total1	2,135,244	7,501,424

General Household Utilities Co.—New Chairman, &c.—Announcement was made that the directors have elected William C. Grunow to the newly-created post of Chairman of the Board and that Harry Alter becomes President, sales manager and director; also that A. Dangler Jr. was elected Vice-President and will continue his duties as Treasurer of the company.—V. 144, p. 2828.

Treasurer of the company.—V. 144,	p. 2828.		
General Public Service C			
Period Ended June 30— Dividends on stocks Interest on bonds and notes Revenue from option contracts	\$1937 \$122,302 27,057	1936 \$120,757 44,707 13,950	12 Mos. 1937 \$301,319 64,206 1,575
Total Expenses Taxes (other than Fed, income taxes) Deb, int, & Fed, & State taxes pay-	34,279 3,758	\$179,414 32,844 3,499	69,825
able under debenture indentures.	133,347	133,363	272,417
Net loss	\$22,027	prof\$9,708	prof\$13,868
Comparative Surplu			
Capital surplus:	1937 6 M	1936	12 Mos. 1937
Excess of assigned value over cost of pref. stock purchased & retired	\$29,045	1900	\$29,045
Capital surplus at end of period Earned surplus (from Jan. 1, 1932):	\$29,045	1.0	\$29,045
Income surplus: Balance at beginning of period_ Net loss, as above	\$117,346 22,027	\$71,744 prof9,708	\$81,452 prof13,868
Balance at end of period	\$95,320	\$81,452	\$95,320
Security profit surplus: Balance at beginning of period	\$1,143,966	\$490,902	\$692,067
Credit: b Net profit on sale of secur- c Provision for Fed. inc. taxes-	\$952,846 84,979	\$333,905 7,257	\$1,646,455 77,722
Net credit	\$867,868	\$326,648	\$1,568,734
Charges: d Dividends on pref. stock Exp. on debentures retired	\$445,119	\$124,483 1,000	\$694,085
Total charges	\$445,119	\$125,483	\$694,085
Balance at end of period	\$1,566,715	\$692,067	\$1,566,715
Wanned annulus at and of monted	#1 000 00A	2772 510	21 669 024

Earned surplus at end of period.____ \$1,662,034 \$773,519 \$1,662,034 b Profits or losses on securities sold were determined on the basis of the average book values which were the written-down values established Dec. 31, 1931, and (or) subsequent cost. c No provision has been made for the Federal surtax on undistributed profits which may be payable under the Revenue Act of 1936, since any liability for such tax cannot be determined until the end of the year. d includes the cumulative preferred dividends accrued and in arrears on Feb. 1, 1937, plus the regular quarterly dividends since that date. The preferred dividend requirements on shares outstanding during the 12 months' period amount to \$146,359.

	Compe	arative Bala	nce Sheet June 30		
Assets— Investments: Common stocks . Preferred stocks Bonds	1937 2,654,871 510,492 947,383 5,476,349 29,888	524,076 1,663,890 188,545	Accounts payable Pref. div. payable Pref. div. payable Taxes accrued Conv. debentures: 5%, 1953 5½%, 1939 f Preferred stock h Common stock g Capital surplus Earned surp. (from Jan. 1, 1932)	91,206 2,369,000 2,631,000 2,118,368 669,886 29,045	1936 \$13,883 -9,969 2,369,000 2,631,000 2,305,258 669,886 1,773,519

Total......\$9,618,983 \$8,772,516 Total.....\$9,618,983 \$8,772,516 f Represented by 22,690 shares (1936—24.640 shares) \$6 dividend preferred and 210 shares (1936—280 shares) \$5.50 dividend preferred, of no par value (entitled to \$110 per share upon redemption or voluntary liquidation, or \$100 per share upon involuntary liquidation, plus accrued dividends). Total preferred stock authorized 47,980 shares, of which 23,690 shares of \$5.50 preferred are reserved for conversion of 5% debentures. Junior preferred stock authorized 10,000 shares of no par value, of which no shares have been issued. g During the period May 1, 1937, to June 30, 1937, the corporation purchased and retired 1,950 shares \$6 dividend preferred and 70 shares \$5.50 dividend preferred. The cost thereof was less than the assigned value of such shares by \$29,044 and this amount was credited to capital surplus. On July 1, 1937, 340 shares \$6 dividend preferred were purchased for retirement at a cost of \$25,568, which will result in an addition of approximately \$5,800 to capital surplus. h Represented by 669,886 shares of no par value. Authorized 900,000 shares, of which 26,310 shares are reserved for conversion of 5½% debentures. i Before provision for cumulative dividends on preferred stock not declared, \$547,727.

Note—Based on the market value, as per investment list, the unrealized net depreciation of investments at June 30, 1937, was \$456,676, compared with a net appreciation (after deduction for normal Federal income tax on the taxable profit which would result from the realization of appreciation) of \$1,008,270 at Dec. 31, 1936, or a decrease of \$1,464,946. As shown in the above surplus statement a net profit of \$867,867 (after provision for Federal income taxes) was realized from the sale of securities during the period.—V. 144, p. 2828.

General Telephone Corp.—Gain in Phones— Total_____\$9,618,983 \$8,772,516 Total_____\$9,618,983 \$8,772,516

General Telephone Corp. -Gain in Phones-

The corporation reports for its subsidiaries a gain of 1,401 company-owned telephones for the month of June 1937, as compared with a gain of 596 telephones for the month of June, 1936. The gain for the first six months of 1937 totals 13,835 telephones, or 4.13%, as compared with a gain of 10,555 telephones, or 3.38%, for the corresponding period of 1936. The subsidiaries now have in operation a total of 348,551 company-owned telephones.—V. 144, p. 4008.

General Tire & Rubber Co.—Pays Off Pref. Arrears—
The directors on July 13 declared a dividend of \$7.50 per share on account of accumulations on the 6% cumulative preferred stock, par \$100, payable July 31 to holders of record July 20. This payment will clear up all accruais on the preferred stock.—V. 145, p. 113.

Georgia & Flori	da RR.—	Earnings-		
Gross earnings —V. 145, p. 279.	First Week \$28,750	\$22,750	Jan. 1 \$664,857	to July 7— \$551,357
Georgian, Inc	-Earnings-	-		
Calendar Years— Total sales Cost of sales Deprec., amortiz., State	1936 \$996,705 991,568	1935 \$998,909 1,036,681	\$1,130,267 1,154,710	\$1,187,753 1,182,660
and Federal taxes	51,768	59,781	52,980	75,084
Net loss Previous surplus Surplus credits		\$97,554 108,485 37,040	\$77,422 186,369 39,400	\$69,991 256,542 20,000

Total deficit		\$331,359	\$292,153 sur\$1	08,485 su	r\$186,369
	Comp	arative Ba	lance Sheet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Cash	8 9,747	\$6,961	Pref. stock cl. A	\$756,540	\$783,600
Accounts receiv	1,299	1,263	x Common stock	49,000	49,000
Inventories	54,734	60,915	Accounts payable.	37,426	30,677
Land	21,000	21,000	Note payable		7,742
Fixtures & equip	473,059	552,453	Accrued expenses.	29,869	49,882
Automobile	1	1	Note payable	9,500	10,000
Treasury stock	264	264	Mortgage payable	9,500	10,000
Cash on deposit in			Due officers & em-		
closed banks	717	4,346	ployees	2,101	5,097
Goodwill	1	1	Notes pay, on def.		
Deferred charges	6,426	6,641	payment plan	5,571	
Dep. in escrow	900		Deficit	331,359	292,153
Total	\$568,148	\$653,845	Total	\$568,148	\$653,845

\$47,971 340,124

x Represented by 100,000 no par shares,-V. 142, p. 1121.

Total surplus _____def\$287,299 Surplus charges _____ 44,060

Gibson Art Co.—Earnings-	_		
Years Ended—	Feb. 28 '37	Feb. 29 '36	Feb. 28 '35
Net profit for the year before deduc- tion for depreciation & Fed. inc. tax Depreciation of plant and equipment_ Federal taxes	\$635,250 42,251 100,598	\$617,643 51,853 89,034	\$561,714 68,074 77,422
Net profit for the year	\$492,401	\$476,756	\$416,218

Net profit for the year Earned surplus at beginning of year	\$492,401 2,297,053	\$476,756 2,094,074	\$416,218 1,914,910
Total	\$2,789,453 393,575	\$2,570,830 237,510	\$2,331,128 137,054
sold or scrappedBook value of designs, drawings,		36,267	(1977)
verses, &c., written off	·		100,000
Earned surplus at end of year Earnings per sh. on common stock	\$2,395,879 \$2.85	\$2,297,053 \$2.61	\$2,094,074 \$2.27

minimum Man War and					
		Balanc	e Sheet		
Assets-	Feb. 28 '37	Feb. 29 '36	Liabilities-	Feb. 28 '37	Feb. 29 '36
Cash	. \$700,533	\$861,887	Accounts payable.	\$21,524	\$20,409
Accts. & notes rec			Accrd. Fed. taxes.	100,598	89,034
(less reserve)	. 833,243	793,299	Accrd. other taxes,		
Inventories	454,518	498,480	int. and expenses	66,084	47,131
Other assets	24,171	33,611	Building loan due		
x Real estate, plan			ins. co. (not pay.		
and equipment.	912,153	911,628	before April 8,		
Prepaid exps. and	1		1941)	120,000	120,000
inv. of supplies.	21,892		y Common stock	1,000,000	1,000,000
Goodwill	. 1	1	Earned surplus	2,395,878	2,297,053
			z Com. stock pur.		
			and hold in troop	Day 757 579	De455 072

Total \$2,946,512 \$3,118,555 Total \$2,946,512 \$3,118,555 x After reserve for depreciation of \$439,857 in 1937 and \$402,123 in 1936. y Represented by 200,000 no par shares. z Represented by 27,300 shares in 1937 and 17,300 shares in 1936.—V. 144, p. 1280.

Gilchrist Co.—Listing Approved—
The New York Curb Exchange has approved the application of the company to list 117,696 outstanding shares common capital stock, (no par).—V. 144, p. 1601.

(L. H.) Gilmer Co.—Registers with SEC— See list given on first page of this department.—V. 118, p. 2444.

Globe & Republic Insurance Co. of America—Extra

The directors have declared an extra dividend of five cents per share in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 20 cents per share on the common stock, both payable July 30 to holders of record July 20.—V. 144, p. 2654.

Godchaux Sugars, Inc. (&	Subs.)	-Earnings-	_
Years Ended Jan. 31-	1937	1936	1935
Income from operations	\$1,390,276	\$1,354,488	\$1,234,823
Interest and expense on funded debt	112,634	127,746	162,726
Provision for depreciation	250,000	200,000	200,000
Provision for Federal and State income taxes (estimated)Approp. to reserve for contingencies	170,000	$120,123 \\ 165,000$	140,000
Net income Dividends on \$7 preferred stock	\$857,642 651,750	\$741,619 299,388	\$732,098
Dividends on \$7 preferred stock Dividends paid on class A stock	170,500	255,300	
Condensed Consolidated 1	Balance Sheet	Jan. 31	

Dividends on \$7 Dividends paid o				299,388	
Co	ndensed C	onsolidated	Balance Sheet Jan	n. 31	
	1937	1936	1	1937	1936
Assets— Cash in banks and	\$	\$	Accts, payable and	, 8	
on hand	1.107,818	1.010.619			\$546,606
Marketable securs.		.,0.0,0.0	1st mtge. seria	1	
(approx. market		10 880	bonds, due cur		100 000
value \$48,750) Notes and accts.		48,750	Prov. for Fed. and	100,000	100,000
receivable	1.166.161	1.148.221	State inc. taxes.		120,123
Inventories	1,577,473		1st mtge 5% seria		10,110
Planted & growing			bonds	. 1,800,000	
crops	79,078		Res. for contingen		165,000
Prepaid expenses Notes receiv. (past		60,654	b Pfd.stk (\$7 cum) c Class A stock		
due)	20,942	42.672	d Class B stock		
Investments	61,070	66,057			-,,,
aProperty, plant &					
equipment		x8,604,351			
Goodwill & trade-	1	1			
Unamortized bond		•			
disct, and exp	117,175	133,559			
matal.	10.005 450	10 074 175	Total	19 095 450	19 674 175

Total......13,025,458 12,674,175 a After reserve for depreciation of \$2,298,939 in 1936 and \$2,474,595 in 1937. b Represented by 27,200 no par shares in 1936 and 27,000 no par shares in 1936 and 85,250 no-par shares in 1937. d Represented by 83,446 no-par shares in 1936 and 85,250 and 1937.—V. 144, p. 2128.

Granite City Steel Co.—Transfer Agent—
The Manufacturers Trust Co. is transfer and dividend disbursing agent for 400,000 shares of common stock.—V. 144, p. 2999.

Volume 145 Financial	Chromete 457
Goldblatt Bros., Inc. (& Subs.)—Earnings—	Consolidated Balance Sheet, Dec. 31, 1936 Assets— Labitities—
Period— 13 Mos.End. Year Ended Jan. 31, '37 Dec. 31, '35 Net sales (less returns and allowances) \$44,717,294 \$32,049,952 Cost of sales 29,749,607 22,363,665	Cash in banks and in hands of treasurer \$2,051,243 Accounts payable \$295,037 Accrued int., payrolls, and expenses 125,554
Cost of sales 29,749,607 22,363,665 Gross profit from trading 14,967,688 \$9,686,286	hands of paymasters 57,009 Market. sec. (at cost) 3,031,875 a Trade notes and accounts Timberland pur. obligations 165,000 Prov. for purchased stumpage 150,000
Commission from concessions 144,770 105,585	b Other accounts rec'ble 80.794 Timberland purchase obliga-
Total gross profit\$15,112,458 \$9,791,871 Store and operating expenses (incl. deprec. of \$249,458 in 1935 and \$315,012 in the period ended Jan. 31, 1937)12,588,676 8,342,338	Inventories
Net operating profit \$2.523.782 \$1.449.533	Capital assets 27,216,596 Unexp. insur. prem. and other 685,050 deferred charges 85,478
Interest paid	Total\$42,603,849 Total\$42,603,849
tized disct. and expense of \$12,219 on bonds re- tired before maturity) 50,025 Loss on building demolished 41.655	a Less reserve. b Including \$8,012 due from officers and employees. c Represented by 750 shares at cost.—V 144, p. 3334.
Other deductions 26,644 12,301 Net profit before considering miscell. income	Group Securities, Inc.—Dividends— The directors have declared the following regular and extra dividends on the various classes of stock of the company, personal July 21, 1927, to stock
And Federal taxes on income \$2,224,635 \$1,215,884 Other income 86,501 112,107	the various classes of stock of the company, payable July 31, 1937, to stock- holders of record July 15, 1937. Each class of stock represents an invest- ment in a single industry or character of business. The amount of the extra dividend has been influenced by net profits realized on sale of securities
Net profit before Federal taxes on income \$2,311,137 \$1,327,992 Income taxes (incl. additional provisions for prior	during the first six months of the year. —Divs. Per Share—
years, and incl. prov. for surfax of \$6,756 on undistributed profits for period ended Jan. 31, '37). 363,722 207,353	Regular Extra
Net profit \$1,947,414 \$1,120,638 Minority int. in profits of sub. disposed of in 1935 6,412	Building shares
Net profit carried to earned surplus \$1,947,414 \$1,114,227 Dividends paid in cash 796,890 27,647 Dividends paid in common stock 438,885 816,060	Distillery and brewery shares
Shares common stock outstanding (no par) 629,136 596,223 Earnings per share \$3,07 \$1.86	Food shares .020 .005 Industrial machinery shares .023 .020 Investing company shares .008 .032
Consolidated Balance Sheet Jan. 31, 1937 Assets— Cash in banks and on hand. \$491,314 Accounts payable	Investing company shares .008 .032 Merchandising shares .038 .010 Mining shares .032 .005 Petroleum shares .013 .010 Railroad shares .007 .010
a Accounts receivable 2,454,893 of long-term debt 619,139	Railroad snares
Inventories	Tobacco shares
b Fixed assets 8,700,757 long-term liabilities 3,392,290 c \$2.50 cum. conv. pref. stock 3,000,000 d Common stock 5,896,733	Guarantee Co. of North America—Earnings—
Total \$20,438,413 Total \$20,438,413	Years End. Dec. 31— 1936 1935 1934 1933 Inc.—Premiums (fidelity \$538,797 \$534,790 \$488,191 \$516,265
a After reserves of \$293,700. b After reserves for depreciation of \$1,379,647. c Represented by 60,000 no par shares. d Represented by 629,136 no par shares.—V. 144, p. 1785.	**Surety excl.)
Gorham, Inc. (& Subs.)—Earnings—	Total income \$738,622 \$749,296 \$687,227 \$727,050 Underwriting expenses 332,028 312,391 297,879 288,983 Reinsurance 82,275 96,422 97,684 107,071 Losses paid, net 37,561 82,170 128,275 112,328
Year Ended Jan. 31— 1937 1936 1935 1934 Gross profit from sales \$1,075,746 \$848,880 \$772,603 \$690,315	Losses paid, net
x Selling, gen. & admin. expense	Invest. & real est. exps. 47,643 40,946 41,405 42,957 Divs. & bonus paid. 97,472 97,472 97,472 97,472 Profit and loss Items. 7,337 7,090 78,991 66,863
Loss from operations prof\$31.798 \$113.174 \$299.965 \$318.626 Income charges 38.760 51,099 99,491 61,843	Balance \$134,306 \$112,803 loss\$54,477 \$11,376 Previous surplus 4,598,875 4,273,771 4,328,247 4,316,871 Increase in valuation of
Gross loss \$6,962 \$164,274 \$399,457 \$380,469 Interest earned 2,273 2,109 6,784 18,305 Cash discts. on purchase 24,746 18,655 23,904 20,861	bends and stocks 266,041 212,301
Profit from sale of secur. 3,017 9,598 Credit balances in accts. 977 3,415 2,448	Balance, Dec. 31 \$4,999,223 \$4,598,875 \$4,273,771 \$4,328,247 Comparative Balance Sheet Dec. 31 Assets— 1936 1935 Liabilities— 1936 1935
Profit on disposal of capital assets	Cash \$310,469 \$277,622 Unearn. prem. res. \$225,246 \$218,846 Bonds ad stocks 4,373,201 3,996,055 Spl. res. for guar.
Net loss for the year prof\$23,191 \$139,530 \$360,329 \$326,448	Prems. in course of collections 67,098 69,942 Losses, pend. & in proc. of adjust 196,773 192,872
Deficit at beginning of the year 3,065,150 2,994,117 2,628,981 2,536,999 Inventory adjust. applic.	Int. & rents due & Dividend payable 24,368 24,368 accrued 27,018 26,221 State & inc. taxes (estimated) 41,794 36,446
to prior year	All other liabilities 78,864 78,896 Voluntary reserves 950,000 740,000 Surp. to sharehidrs 3,109,780 3,002,847
to prior years 35.749 Gross deficit \$3,041,959 \$3,169,396 \$3,001,920 \$2,863,448 Restoration of excess re-	Capital paid-in 304,600 304,600 Total\$4,999,223 \$4,598,875
serve for losses on sec 4,504	-V. 144, p. 2129. (M. A.) Hanna Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings—
serve for taxes of prior years 3,300 Excess of stated value	Per. End. June 30— 1937—3 Mos.—1936 1937—6 Months—1936 Operating profit \$1,09,934 \$600,084 \$1,699,062 \$1,130,317
over cost of pref. stock retired 63,006 104,246 234,466 Deficit at end of the	Interest 11 259 6,667 22,893 6,667 Deprec. & depletion 95,868 77,995 173,087 150,385 Federal income taxes 87,388 41,368 112,649 68,838
year\$2,978,953 \$3,065,150 \$2,994,116 \$2,628,981 x Including depreciation and amortization, 1937, \$50,345; 1936, \$48,805;	Net income \$896.419 \$474.054 \$1,390.433 \$904.427
1935, \$61,611; 1934, \$69,992. Consolidated Balance Sheet Jan. 31	Common dividends 244,068 488,112
Assets 1937 1936 Liabilities 1937 1936 Cash \$630,651 \$461,609 Trade accts. pay \$182,172 \$70,512 Marketable securs. 27,568 51,282 Credit balances in	Surplus\$490,325\$578,269 Earns, per sh. on 1,016,- 961 shs. com. stk. (no
Notes & accounts receivable, net. 397,642 334,430 accts. receivable 29,841 22,455 Inventories, net. 4,031,812 4,228,995 x \$3 cum. pf. stk. 2,524,650 2,787,250	par) \$0.72 \$0.30 \$1.05 \$0.56 -V. 144, p. 3174.
Investm'ts at cost. 2,300 2,300 y Class A stock 625,000 625,000 a Prop. & leasehold 2 Class B stock 125,000 125,000 imply at cost 221,243 256,542 Capital surplus 4,807,471	Harbison-Walker Refractories Co.—Earnings— Period End. June 30— 1937—3 Mos.—1936 1937—6 Mos.—1936 Net inc., after deprec.,
Prepaid insurance, rent and taxes. 38,905 44,552 Deficit	depl., taxes., &c. (est.) \$921,300 \$807,700 \$2,013,100 \$1,348,800 Shares common stock
Operating supplies 23,189 25,859 Other 2,202 1,948 Goodwill 1 1	(no par)
Total\$5,375,513 \$5,407,519 Total\$5,375,513 \$5,407,519 x Represented by 50,493 (55,745 in 1936) no par shares at a liquidation	to \$4,126,700, equal to \$2.90 a share on 1,358,883 common shares, against \$2,370,700, or \$1.59 a share, on 1,380,000 common shares for the 12 months
value of \$50. y Represented by 125,000 no par shares stated value of \$5 a share. z Represented by 25,000 no par shares at a stated value of \$5	ended June 30, 1936. Note—No provision was made for surtax on undistributed profits. V. 144, p. 3674.
per share. a After reserve for depreciation and amortization, \$453,821 in 1937 and \$406.357 in 1936.—V. 144, p. 2482.	Hazle Brook Coal Co.—Tenders— The Fidelity-Philadelphia Trust Co. will until 12 o'clock noon July 24
Great Northern Paper Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings— Consolidated Income Account for the Year Ended Dec. 31, 1936 Operating profit before providing for depletion and depreciation \$2,723,214	receive bids for the sale to it of sufficient 6% refunding notes, series A and B to exhaust the sum of \$201,969.—V. 142, p. 128.
Provision for depletion and depreciation 1,457,238 Operating profit \$1,265,976	(G.) Heileman Brewing Co.—Earnings— Calendar Years— Gross profit from sales 1936 \$987,418 \$771,767
Income from investments, interest, royalties, &c 187,474	Gross profit from sales\$1,168,506 \$987,418 \$771,767 Shipping, advg., selling & gen. exps 647,810 548,065 432,114 Provision for loss on hop contracts11,500
Total income \$1,453,450 Miscellaneous charges, including losses resulting from floods and interest on timberland purchase obligations 51,855	Net loss from oper. of prep. not used in bus., &c
Provision for Federal income taxes	Prov. for Fed. & State income taxes x127,707 102,632 79,554
Total surplus	Cash dividends paid 375,000 120,000 Earns. per sh. on 300,000 shs. of cap.
Cash dividends paid (\$1.12 per share)1,117,290	stock, \$1 par \$1.34 \$1.10 \$0.34 Theludes \$6 608 for surtax on undistributed profits.
Consolidated earned surplus balance, Dec. 31, 1936\$15,903,271 Earnings per share on 997,580 shs. capital stock	Note—Provisions for depreciation deducted in arriving at the net profit amounted to \$192,385 in 1936, \$189,126 in 1935 and \$165,951 in 1934.

438	Financial	Chronicle	July 17, 1937
Assets— 1936 1935 Liabitit Cash	ttes— 1936 1935 ayable \$20,461 \$37,054 dt bal 3,182 1,853 22,313 15,095 taxos 143,000 112,024	Hussman-Ligonier Co.—Rights— Holders of common stock are to be offered the rata for 25.000 additional shares at \$22.50 a she Exchange has been informed. The date at whis rights will be announced later. Deliveries after notice must carry due bills for the rights.—V. 14	he right to subscribe pro are, the New York Curb ch the stock will sell ex- July 16 and until further 4, p. 4180.
Plant property 1,351,738 1,501,191 contract	232,523 245,962	Indiana Harbor Belt RR.—Earning Period End. May 31— Ry. oper. revenues	8— 1937—5 Mos.—1936 \$4,535,855 \$4,039,596
	urplus 1,243,102	Ry. oper. expenses 559,842 486,447 Net rev. from ry. oper. \$298,018 \$322,135 Ry. tax accruals 70,323 63,810 Equip. & jt. facility rents 98,706 80,385	\$1,646,331 384,527 428,529 365,038
a After reserve for losses of \$15,000. b After Represented by shares of \$1 par.—V. 144, p Hewitt Rubber Corp.—Earnings—	. 2130.	Net ry. oper. income \$128,989 \$177,940 Other income 2,180 1,783	\$833,275 9,014 \$824,717 11,209
6 Months Ended June 30— Net earns, after all charges, incl. deprec. & nor Fed. inc. tax but before provision for poss	mal 1937 1936	Total income	\$842,289 \$835,926 16,174 16,511 186,522 191,483
surtax on undistributed profits Earnings per share on common stock		Net inc. aft. fixed chgs. \$92,829 \$138,105 Net income per share of stock	\$639,593 \$627,932 \$8.42 \$8.26 account Bailroad Betire-
Earnings—		ment Act.—V. 144, p. 4181.	
Per. End. May 31— 1937—3 Mos.—1936 Operating profit \$2,214,976 \$1,790.8 Other income 46,186 69,7	34 \$6.886,831 \$4,792,991	Indianapolis Power & Light Co. (& Earnings for 12 Months Ended MacOperating revenue Operating expenses	rch 31, 1937 \$11,070,932
Total income \$2,261,162 \$1,860,5 Depreciation 161,443 150,8 Interest, discount, &c 85,607 92,5 Income taxes 373,429 278,0	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Maintenance Provision for retirements Taxes	787,070 1,491,050 x 1,601,226
Net profitx\$1,640,683 \$1,339,1 Preferred dividends 115,204 \$115,2		Profit	
Surplus for common \$1,525,479 \$1,223,9 Shares com. stock 724,004 660,0 Earnings per share \$2.10 \$1. x Before any provision for Federal surtax V.144, p. 4180.	00 724,004 660,000 85 \$6.69 \$5.02 on undistributed profits.—	Gross income Interest on funded debt Interest on unfunded debt Amortization of debt discount and expense Taxes on bond interest Miscellaneous other deductions	87,396 40,379
(A.) Hollander & Son, Inc. (& Su 6 Mos. End. May 31— 1937 1936 Inc. from all sources \$649,314 \$645,99	1935 \$217,133 \$403,960	Consolidated net incomex Includes provision for Federal income tax of \$ surtax on undistributed profits of \$295.	336,371 and for Federal
Interest	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Note—The provision made in the above stateme undistributed profits is in respect of the calendar y has been made in the three months ended March 31	ear 1936. No provision , 1937.—V. 145, p. 282.
Federal taxes 100,000 100,000 Pref. divs. B. J. Good-man, Inc	9,029 32,745	Industrial Machine Corp.—Common Public offering was made July 15 of 110, common stock at a price of \$2.50 per ships.	000 shares (\$1 par) are, by a syndicate
Net profit\$393,393 \$341,32 Note—A. Hollander & Son, Inc. also owns ar lander & Son, S. A. Paris, France. This compa for the six months ended May 31, 1937.—V. 1	8716% interest in A. Hol-	headed by Tobey & Co. and including the First Cleveland Corp. and Neergaard	Watson & White, , Miller & Co.
Hollinger Consolidated Gold Min 6 Mos. End. June 30— 1937 1936		The offering is part of an authorized issue of 4 201,000 shares were previously issued, and the refor exercise of warrants. Proceeds of the present working capital purposes, purchase of machinery,	naining 89,000 reserved offering will be used for
x Net prof. after expenses and taxes \$2,706,329 \$3,084,21 x Subject to depreciation and adjustments.—		for other purposes. Corporation, with head offices at Scranton, Pa., is of selling and installing a patented machine for "t silk or rayon yarn. The first of the corporation's n purposes were ready for delivery in November, 1936	s engaged in the business hrowing" or "twisting" achines for commercial
Holly Sugar Corp.—Payment of Div The corporation is sending a notice to pref holders pointing out that a court order has	erred and common stock- been entered temporarily	purposes were ready for delivery in November, 1936 49 machines had been delivered and installed in sill present company is the result of a consolidation in year of the General Patents Corp. and Federal M	March of the current
enjoining the payment on Aug. 2 of a dividend of common stock, recently declared, and that the of purport to determine whether the payment of di- calendar year is without the corporate power	rder, by its terms, does not vidends in excess of \$2 per s of the corporation, but	p. 3840. Industrial Securities Corp.—Dividen	d Passed—
merely seeks to maintain the present situation user troversy can be finally adjudged. The temporary injunction was granted by order Court, filed July 9, in an action brought by twe enjoin the payment of the August 2 dividend as on the common stock in excess of \$2 per share.		The directors took no action upon the payment pany's common stock at this time. A regular queents per share was paid on April 1 last. An extin addition to the regular quarterly dividend of Dec. 26, 1936.—V. 144, p. 940.	arterly dividend of 20 a dividend of 25 cents 20 cents was paid on
(Harvey) Hubbell, Inc.—Stock Off	ered—Paul H. Davis	International Radio Corp.—To Pay L The directors have declared a dividend of 60 ocmn on stock payable July 19, to holders of record 25 cents per share was paid on Jan. 30, last.—V. 14	arger Dividend— cents per share on the July 15. A dividend of
& Co. and H. M. Byllesby & Co., Inc 59,327 shares of common stock at \$20 the financing being done represents	per share. Most of	International Salt Co. (& Subs.)—E 6 Mos. End. June 30— 1937 1936	
individuals, but the proceeds from 8,9 to the company and will be used for capital because of the increase in busin	55 shares will accrue additional working	Net earns. after all exp., int., deple., deprec. & est. Federal taxes \$168,131 \$150,625 Earnings per share on 240,000 shs. cap. stk. \$0.70 \$0.63	\$137,681 \$191,047 \$0.57 \$0.79
The company, located in Bridgeport, Conn., d	ates back to 1905, and its	Interstate Power Co. (& Subs.)—Ear	nings—
devices, including switches, outlets, connectors, and many other articles, most of which are sold name. Its complete line includes more than 1,1 has been a leader in its particular field of electric introduced many innovations in electrical wiring use. It enjoys nationwide distribution and main	200 items. The company cal manufacturing and has devices now in common	Consolidated Income Account Year Ended Incom	\$6.217.740
New York, Chicago and San Francisco. It owns it Capitalization—Certificate of incorporation w 1937, changing the authorized common stock from	as amended on June 9.	Taxes	a515,004
of which 10,215 shares were issued at, and had, share, to 200,000 shares (par \$5). There were issued 10 shares of new common stages of 10,215 shares (of which 2,225 shares were	a stated value of \$50 per	TotalNon-operating income (net) Gross income	
shares were in the treasury). There were issued stock, as a 70% stock dividend, in respect of each stock, then outstanding. Giving effect to the fethe issue and sale of 8,955 shares of authorize stock, the capitalization will be as follows:	7 shares of new common 10 shares of new common pregoing transactions and	Interest on funded debt Interest on unfunded debt Interest charged to constructionAmortization of debt discount and expense	1,888,750 199,439 Cr4,326 117,361
the issue and sale of 8,955 shares of authorize stock, the capitalization will be as follows: Authorize 200.	rized Outstanding 160,000 shs.	Gross income_ Interest on funded debt Interest on unfunded debt Interest charged to construction_ Amortization of debt discount and expense Taxes on interest and other charges Divs. on pref. stock of subs. company in hands of put	33,962 2,569 1,827
Summary of Sales and Net Earnings for	Calendar Years	Consolidated net loss	\$126,952
Net Sales	40,950 204,995 d98,495 298,136 c53,064 e157,675 1	Earnings for the 12 Months Ended March Operating revenue (affiliated company \$123,534) Operating expenses Maintenance Provision for retirements Local, State and miscellaneous Federal taxes Federal income tax Federal surtax on undistributed profits	\$6,257,379 2,537,357 493,030 506,666
Federal normal income and excess profits taxes, an profits. c After all charges and Federal income 334,780 was provision for surtax on undistributed has been made for surtax on undistributed pro	d surtax on undistributed laxes. d Of this amount large profits. e No provision	Local, State and miscellaneous Federal taxesFederal income tax Federal surtax on undistributed profits	590,666 529,346 780 255
Underwriting—The obligation of the underwriting to purchase	ters shall be several and	Profit Non-operating income	\$2,099,945 6,916
Underwriter— Paul H. Davis & Co. Chicago, Ill. 5	ased from Purchased from I smany Stockholders I	Gross income_ interest on funded debt interest on unfunded debt (parent company \$148,500 interest charged to construction	\$2,106,861 1,888,750 198,354
H. M. Byllesby & Co., Inc., Chicsgo 3,0 —V. 144, p. 4180. Hummel-Ross Fibre Corp.—Earning	053 shs. 21,947 shs. A	nterest charged to construction Amortization of debt discount and expense l'axes on interest and other charges Dividends on preferred stock of subsidiary in hands of Minority interest in net income	f public 33,793 2,569
of Months Ended June 30— Profit before prov. for deprec. & income taxes—— Prof. after deprec. taxes & pref. dividends	1937 \$685,982 440,993 158,401	Consolidated net loss	\$131,526 for Federal surtax on
Earnings per share on 389,611 common shares —V. 145, p. 282.	\$1.13 \$0.41 U	indistributed profits is in respect of the calendar year as been made in the three months ended March 31, 1	1936. No provision

Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 31, 1936

Assets—		Liabuties-	
Prop., plant, equip, & intang.	\$57,029,935	a Preferred stock	\$10,995,000
Cash		b Common stock	8,596,473
Notes & accounts receivable		Capital surplus	
Unbilled utility revenue accr.	343.537	Earned deficit	121,949
Inventories	348,563	Pref. stock of subs	36,700
Instalments due	73,322	Minority int, in subs	103,940
Investments	3.244	Funded debt	36,275,000
Construction project in abey_	91.872	Consumers' deposits	361,238
Cash in escrow		Bank loans	48,000
Cash dep. for mat. int., &c.		Notes & contract obligations.	
(contra)	46.039	Accounts payable	271,206
Other special deposits	30	Accrued liabilities	1,394,489
Debt discount & expense	2,239,792	Contract obligations, &c	129,103
Other deferred charges	105,917	Demand note pay, to par. co.	2,475,000
Abandoned st. ry. prop. & eq.	2.341.448	Matured int., &c. (contra)	46,039
		Reserves	1,982,762
		Miscellaneous unadj. credits_	96,956
Total	64 452 419	Total	864 453 418

a Represented by 72,500 shares, no par value, \$7 cumulative preferred stock and 47,500 shares, no par value, \$6 cumulative preferred stock. b 175,000 no par shares, outstanding.—V. 145, p. 283.

International Telephone & Telegraph Corp.-Subsidiary to Place \$9,150,000 Dehentures in Switzerland-

The corporation announced July 16, that an underwriting agreement has been made with Swiss bankers to underwrite \$9,150,000 of an issue of approximately \$30,000,000 of debentures of United River Plate Telephone Co. The financing program contemplates that the balance of the \$30,000,000 will be subsequently sold and to the extent not sold retained by International in settlement of its receivables from the United River Plate Telephone Co. The net proceeds from the financing will be used by International to pay off a portion of its bank loans and used or set aside to retire a portion of its 4½% convertible debentures, due Jan. 1, 1939. The United River Plate Telephone Co. Ltd. was organized in London, England, Dec. 17, 1886. It owns and operates a telephone system in Argentina, centering principally in Buenos Aires. As of Jan. 1, 1929, International acquired controlling interest in the company and owns at the present time substantially all of the outstanding common stock.

Upon completion of the contemplated financing, which will include acquisition of approximately \$8,500,000 of pref. stock by International, the company will have no debt other than accrued liabilities and the debentures issue of approximately \$30,000,000.—V. 144, p. 4011.

International Utilities Corp.—Listing Approved—

International Utilities Corp.—Listing Approved—

The New York Curb Exchange has approved the application of the company to list 108,837 shares of prior pref. stock, \$3.50 series of 1931 (no par); 91,525 shares of pref. stock, \$1.75 series of 1931 (no par); 112,847 outstanding shares class A stock (no par); 1,229,503 outstanding shares class B stock (par \$1), with authority to add to the list upon official notice of issuance, 312,649 additional shares class B stock, and 214,015 warrants, \$7.50 series of 1940, entitling the holders thereof to purchase class B stock at \$7.50 per share on or before Dec. 1, 1940.—V. 144, p. 2658.

Investment Co. of America—Report-

Income A	ccount Six	Months Ended	June 30	
6 Mos. End. June 30— Int. on invest. in bonds	1937 \$3,993	1936 \$7,101	1935 \$7,568	1934 \$13,818
Int. on demand dep.,&c_ Divs. from inv. in pref. and common stocks_	109,951	98.684	75.984	73.342
Total incomeAdministr. & research Custodianship & agency	\$113,944 23,496 6,763	\$105,785 19,960 7,491	\$83,553 18,121 4,743	\$88,024 16,453 5,307
Int. & 5% deb. bonds _ Int. on bank loan Federal capital stock tax & miscell. taxes	10,192 11,737	10,926	4.799	7.967
Profit Profit from sales of inv	\$61.756 681,266	\$3.671 1.193.250	loss\$7,428 235,440	loss\$5,011 189,321
Profit before prov. for Federal income tax. Prov. for mgt. compen	\$743,022	\$1,196,921	\$228,011	\$184,310
contingently payable. Prov. for contingencies. Prov. for Fed. inc. tax.	63,511 x83,517	118,661 146,408	19,291 2,200	755
Net profit	\$595,994	\$931,852	\$206,520	\$183,555

x This item would be larger except for the fact that profits, for income tax purposes, were computed in part on the basis of the predecessor company's costs and of the costs to California Associates, Inc., of those securities acquired under the plan of reorganization, which, in general, were higher than "cost to this company" referred to above.

In arriving at the charge for management compensation and the provision for Federal income tax, no surtax on undistributed net income has been provided in respect of the six months ended June 30, 1937.

		Balance Sh	eet June 30		
Assets-	1937	1936	Liabilities-	1937	1936
Cash in banks and			Accrued interest	\$1,942	\$31,81
demand deposit_		\$1,049,037	Accounts payable_	x1,408	
Cash in closed De-			Notes pay. to bk	1,000,000	
troit banks, or otherwise re-			Invest. pur. pay		
restricted	3,091	12,574	tal stock tax	30,936	29,40
Divs. unpaid on			Divs. payable	59,959	
stocks ex-div. & accrued interest			Res've for conting. Reserve for Fed'l		
receivable	14,692	25,481	income tax	83,517	146,40
Investm't sales re-			5% gold debs., ser.		220,200
ceivable	363	18,437			
Investm'ts at cost.	6,256,943				2,545,000
			treasury		2,134
			y Common stock	1,010,700	896,640
			Capital surplus	1,440,289	973,463
			Earned surplus	2,859,097	2,094,491
Total 6	86 550 019	86 70A 190	Total	PO FFO 010	00 000 100

x Includes unalaimed dividends. y Includes 1,911 shares in 1936 (4,906 in 1935) to be issued subsequently, representing the unissued balance of common shares of the capital stock of this corporation required under the plan of reorganization placed in force as of Dec. 5, 1933. The plan called for issuance of one common share with respect to each preferred share of the predecessor of this corporation; the balance indicated accrues to holders of preferred shares not yet surrendered for cancellation.

Note—Option warrants outstanding and which may be outstanding (upon completion of conversion of common shares and option warrants of predecessor) are as follows: **\$6,550,018 \$6,780,138** Total ---\$6,550,018 \$6,780,138

Option warrants to purchase 137,827 common shares of the capital stock of this corporation at \$115 per share, the options being exercisable at any time without limit.

Option warrants to purchase 282,173 common shares of the capital stock of this corporation at \$155 per share, the options being exercisable on or before Dec. 31, 1942.—V. 145, p. 283.

Iowa Electric Co.—Accumulated Dividends—
The directors have declared a dividend of 43% cents per share on account of accumulations on the 7% cum. class A pref. stock, par \$100, and a dividend of 40% cents per share on the 6½% cum. class B pref. stock, par \$100. Both dividends will be paid on July 20 to holders of record July 8. Similar payments were made on April 20 and Jan. 20, last, Oct. 10 and July 10, 1936.

—V. 144, p. 2306.

(W. B.) Jarvis Co.—Larger Dividend-

The directors have declared a quarterly dividend of 50 cents per share on the capital stock, par \$1, payable Sept. 1 to holders of record Aug. 14. Dividends of 37% cents per share were paid on June 1, March 1, last, and on Dec. 1, 1936, and previously regular quarterly dividend of 25 cents per share had been distributed. In addition, a special dividend of \$1.25 per share was paid on Dec. 15, 1936.—V. 144, p. 1964. Kennedy's Inc. -Eas

Kennedy's, Inc.—Earning	Kennedy's, Inc., 5 Mos. Feb. 1, '37 to	Predecessor Co., 6 Mos. Feb.1, '36 to	
Gross income from store operations Profit from real estate operations		June 30,'36 \$794,830 8,199	Jan. 31, '37 \$1,985,826 22,523
Total incomeSelling & administrative expensesRents		\$803,029 501,870 118,829	\$2,008,348 1,187,432 283,197
Taxes (other than Fed. income taxes). Prov. for depreciation & amortization Prov. for normal Fed. income tax	29,135 10,679	8,886 16,448 23,242	31,919 38,035 71,656
Nat madit	2140 000	4100 755	2000 100

Net profit \$149,322 \$133,755 \$396,109 Note—Figures shown on this statement of the Predecessor Co. are for store operations only.

In the above statement, provision has not been made for Federal undistributed profits tax.

Above first two column figures are interim figures and subject to final audit.—V. 145, p. 283.

(G. R.) Kinney Co., Inc.—To Redeem Scrip—
The company has advised holders of its scrip divided certificates due on Dec. 28, 1938, issued to holders of \$8 preferred stock of record of Dec. 21, 1936, that it will exercise its option of redemption of the certificates at its office, 2 Park Avenue, New York City, on July 28 at par and accrued interest.—V. 144, p. 4349.

Kroger Grocery & Baking Co.-Earnings-

	June 19	June 13	-June	5
24 Weeks Ended-	1937	1936	1935	1934
Net profit after deprec., Federal taxes, &cx Number of shs. of com.	\$1,397,810	\$984,840	y\$ 2,353,947	\$2,285.520
stock outstanding Earnings per com, share	1,821,989 \$0.77	1,821,989 \$0.54		1,798,633 \$1.27
x Before surtax on un recurring profits.	distributed	profits. y	Includes \$40	02,764 non-

The statement does not include earnings of company's subsidiary Piggly Wiggly Corp., which declared no dividends in the first six periods of 1937 or 1936.

During the first six periods of 1937 there was charged to operations approximately 21 cents a share due to losses and damage to property and inventory caused by unprecedented floods in January and February. This does not take into account losses in business and profits from interrupted sales operations.

does not take into account losses in business and profits from interrupted sales operations.

During the same six periods of 1937 as compared to 1936, operating expenses incident to wage increases, shorter hours and social security taxes increased approximately 79 cents a share.

The average number of stores in operation during the first six periods of this year was 4,184 as compared with 4,263 last year. Financial Condition

	June 19 '37	June 13 '36
Current assets	\$34,463,780	\$33,677,216
Current liabilities		
Current ratio	4.8-1	4.7-1
Cash and U. S. Government securities	10.231.675	12.033.442
Ratio of cash and U.S. Govt. securities to cur		
rent liabilities	1.4-1	1.7-1
Net working capital	27,252,016	26,452,612
Inventories	21,862,419	19,332,333
On June 19, 1937 company had no bank loans		

Kysor Heater Co.—Registers with SEC—See list given on first page of this department.

L'Air Liquide (France)—Final Dividend—
The company paid a final dividend of 94 cents per share on the American depository receipts for series O bearer shares on July 7, last.—V. 144, p. 1605.

Lehigh Portland Cement Co.—Eard
12 Mos.Rnd. June 30— 1937 1936

Net profit after taxes,
deprec., deplet. and
obsolescence—x\$1,910,428 \$1,170,857

Shares common stock
(par \$25)—— 751 494 495,628
Earnings per share—— y\$2.08 \$1.38

x No allowance was made for surface was the constant. -Earnings1934 \$682,649 \$24,020

x No allowance was made for surtax on undistributed income. y Based on 12 months' dividend requirements on 57.486 shares of 4% preferred stock outstanding at close of period, balance of earnings for the 12 months ended June 30, 1937, is equal to \$2.23 a common share.—V.144, p. 2831.

Lehigh Valley Coal Corp.—Earningsnd. June 30- 1937-3 Mos.-1936

Period End. June 30-	1937—3 Mos.—1936			1937—12 Mos.—1936	
Income from mining and selling coal Income from other oper_	\$357,525 Dr28,497	$\$424,557 \\ Dr17,590$	$\$1,771,938 \\ Dr98,830$	\$2,348,329 Dr54,714	
Total inc. from oper Other income	\$329,028 278,230	\$406,967 284,567	\$1,673,108 1,322,769	\$2,293,616 964,512	
Gross income	\$607,258	\$691,535	\$2,995,877	\$3,258,128	
Int. & carrying charges on reserve coal lands Federal & State unem-	273,653	292,591	1,125,766	1,190,322	
ployment tax	61,482	25,859	151,288	54,506	
Fed. old age benefit tax. Federal taxes Pennsylvania income tax	29,532 6,964	17,100	$116,276 \\ 3,800$	121,605 18,000	
Minority interest Deprec'n & depletion	Cr173 436,675	$\frac{1.246}{339,553}$	4,218 1,492,942	10,690 1,304,815	
Net income after de- prec'n & deple'nlo	ss\$200.876	\$14,786	\$49,914	\$558,189	
Shares outst'g June 30: Preferred Common	$227,409 \\ 1,205,437$	227,309 1,205,210	$\frac{227,409}{1,205,437}$	227,309 1,205,210	
Net income per share:	1,200,401			0.000	
Preferred Common (see note)		\$0.07	\$0.22	\$2.46	
Note-Computation aft	er providing	for preferre	d stock at it	s fixed rate	

of \$3 per share.-V. 144, p. 3180. Lehigh Valley RR.—Obituary— Edward E. Loomis, 72, Chairman of the Board, died on July 11.—V. 4, p. 4349.

Lehman Corp.—Annual Report-

Robert Lehman, President, states in part:

The net earnings of the corporation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1937, including net realized profits on investments computed on the basis of average cost amounted to \$12,497,339. Dividends declared and paid during the fiscal year amounted to \$9,790,166 of which \$7,732,186 represented special dividends which were declared by reason of the profits from the sale of securities and in view of the Revenue Act of 1936 imposing a tax on undistributed profits. In addition, dividends aggregating \$1,-193,275 declared in June, 1936, were paid on July, 1936.

As approved at a special meeting of the stockholders on May 14, 1937, the authorized shares were increased from 2,000,000 shares to 2,500,000 shares and the outstanding shares were split three for one.

The net asset value of the capital stock of the corporation as of June 30, 1937, valuing assets at market quotations, or, in the absence of market quotations, at fair value in the opinion of the directors, was approximately \$41.79 per share on the 2,081,580 shares of stock to be outstanding in the hands of the public. After deducting an allowance for Federal normal and State taxes and for management compensation, both computed upon unrealized appreciation but without any allowance for Federal excess profits tax or surtax on undistributed profits, such net asset values per share as of June 30, 1936, were \$41.51 and \$39.75 after adjustment to give effect to the three for one split-up of the corporation's shares.

Based upon the terms of the management agreement, as amended Oct. 16, 1935, compensation accrued and in July, 1937, payable to Lehman Brothers for their management services to the corporation for the six months period ended June 30, 1937, amounted to \$570,620. Lehman Brothers are required by the terms of the agreement to apply a sum equal to this compensation to purchase from the corporation shares of its capital stock at a book value per share as acclualated in accordance with the agreement, which, at June 30, 19

Incom	e Account Y	ears Ended J	une 30	
Interest earned Cash dividends			1935 $$600,121$ $1,882,674$	1934 \$557,673 1,581,376
Taxable divs. in secur Miscellaneous income	116,405 88,587	2,837	57,814	63,782
Total income Franch, & cap. stk, tax_ Regis., transf., &c., exp_ Other oper. expenses			\$2,540,609 131,232 52,326 313,127	\$2,202,831 132,073 56,236 314,703
Profit	\$3,042,254 12,358,879	\$1,960,371 10,055,847	\$2,043,924 1,072,641	\$1,699,819 4,034,255
commodity transact'ns Recovery on real estate loans & equities writ-		2,042	25,139	c108,736
ten off	19,691	105,319		b 1,655,442
Prov. for Federal taxes. Prov. for compensation	d2,015,000	\$12,123,580 a1,359,797	\$3,141,704 15,000	\$3,969,896 a460,000
accrued under manage- ment agreement	b908,485	427,247		
Profit for year Dividends		\$10,336,537 2,627,695	\$3,126,704 *1,804,405	\$3,5 9,896 1,632,240
Balance, surplus Shs.cap.stk.out.(no par) Earnings per share	\$2,707,172 2,065,065 \$6.05		\$1,322,299 681,700 \$4.58	\$1,877,656 678,700 \$5.17

a Includes State income taxes. b All but \$94,320 of the present write-off has been reflected in former valuations by the directors in arriving at the reported asset value of the corporation's shares, c Loss. d Includes \$55,000 for Federal surtax on undistributed profits.

bUnder the terms of the management agreement, and as shown in the report as of Dec. 31, 1936, Lehman Brothers applied \$337,865 of this amount to the purchase of shares of the capital stock of the corporation.

amount to the purchase of shares of the capital stock of the corporation.

Notes—The net unrealized appreciation after an allowance for Federal normal and State taxes based on income and management compensation both computed upon unrealized appreciation (but without any allowance for Federal excess profits tax or surtax on undistributed profits) of the corporation's assets on June 30, 1937, based on market quotations or, in the absence of market quotations, on fair value in the opinion of the directors, was \$13,072,385. The net unrealized appreciation computed on the corresponding basis was \$14,713,151 on June 30, 1936.

The net unrealized appreciation after an allowance for Federal and State taxes based on income (at 1934 rates) was \$5,120,000 on June 30, 1935.

Dividends paid in securities which are taxable have been taken into income, the basis being the approximate market value on the date of receipt of such dividends. Where the securities received represented security issues of the paying companies the amounts so taken into income in respect thereof were not in excess of the amounts charged to surplus by the paying companies.

Statement of Surplus Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1937

Statement of Surplus Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1937

Capital Surplus—	
Balance, June 30, 1936\$	81,338,741
Balance, June 30, 1936 Excess of proceeds over cost of 4,132 shares of treasury stock de-	
livered under the management agreement	×19,708
Excess of proceeds over cost of 1,500 shares of treasury stock de-	
livered upon exercise of option thereon	x60,450
Excess of proceeds over \$5 per share (the value assigned to cap	ital stock)
with respect to 3,223 shares of previously unissued shares de-	
livered under the management agreement	x320,985
Balance, June 30, 1937 (of which \$87,710 is applicable to	
5 304 shares of treasury stock)	81.739.884

Balance (debit) June 30, 1937______\$15,112,203

 ${\bf x}$ The capital stock of the corporation was split three for one subsequent to the delivery of these shares. Dalames Chest Tuma 20

		Batance Sn	eet June 30	
	1937	1936	1937	1936
Assets-	8	\$	Liabilities— \$	8
x Secur. owned	37,301,178	61,501,212	Capital stock z3,362,905	y2,865,208
Cash		1.976,921	Dividends payable	1,193,275
x U. S. Govt. secur		3,260,008	Payable for secur.	
x Invest. in real est	2,509,036	2,509,036	purchased	465,781
Misc. investments	8,099		Res've for accrued	
Real estate loans &			expenses & taxes 2,197,225	1,543,395
equities	1	1	Accrd. managem't	
Loans & advances.		105,638	compens. pay 570,620	427,247
Receiv. for securi-			Capital surplus81,739,884	81,338,741
ties sold	79,958	342,755	Profit & loss def 15,112,203	17,819,375
Divs. rec. and int.				
accrued	328,550	318,790		

Total72,758,430 70,014,271 Total72,758,430 70,014,271 x At cost. y Represented by 679,500 no par shares, excluding 7,400 shares held in treasury, at cost of \$569,292. x Represented by 2,065,065 no par shares, excluding 5,304 shares held in treasury, at cost of \$87,710 —V. 145, p. 284.

Lincoln Stores, Inc.—Sales-

Period Ended June 36— 1937—Month—1936 1937—5 Mos.—1936 Sales—V. 144, p. 1790. \$495,801 \$485,326 \$2,150,461 \$2,154,555

Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass Co.—Earnings-

Period End. June 30— Manufacturing profit		os.—1936 \$5.038,677	1937—6 M \$9,168,866	os.—1936 \$8,514,058
Other income	261,438	172,162	432,817	374,542
Total income		\$5,210,839	\$9,601,683	\$8.888,600
contingencies, &c Depreciation Est. Federal inc. tax	825,553 $537,401$ $846,850$	692,852 $677,181$ $734,800$	1,574,514 1,074,800 1,320 900	1,343,965 1,354,363 1,087,300
Net profitShares of common stock	\$3,610,484	\$3,106.005	\$5,631,469	\$5,102,972
outstanding Earnings per share	2,506,117 \$1.45	2.503.505 \$1.24	2,506.117 \$2.25	2,503,505 \$2.04

Dividend Doubled-

The directors have declared a dividend of \$1.50 per share on the common stock, no par value, payable Sept. 15 to holders of record Aug. 31. This compares with 75 cents paid on June 15 and March 15, last; \$1.25 paid on Dec. 15 and on Sept. 15, 1936; 50 cents paid on June 15 and March 16, 1936, and 30 cents paid each three months from Dec. 15, 1933, to and including Dec. 16, 1935, and on Oct. 2, 1933. This latter was the first dividend paid since Sept. 1, 1930, when a quarterly payment of 25 cents per share was made.—V. 144, p. 2832.

Louisville Gas & Electric Co. (Del.) 12 Months Ended May 31— Operating revenues		.,
Oper. exps. maintenance and taxes	\$10,273,844 5,189,421	\$10,764,028 5,490,326
Net oper, rev. (before approp. for retire, res.) Other income	\$5.084.423 313,118	\$5,273,701 381,383
Net operating revenue & other income (before appropriation for retirement reserve) Appropriation for retirement reserve. Amortization of contractual capital expenditures	\$5,397,541 1,200,000	
Gross income_ Interest charges (net)	1,121,515 $149,680$ $25,000$	\$4,593,084 1,425,177 126,127
Balance. Divs. on pref. stk. of Louisville Gas & El. Co. (Ky)	\$2,846,538 1,354,920	\$3,028,131 1,354,920
Not become	21 101 010	41 000 011

Note—No provision was made by Louisville Gas & Electric Co. (Ky.) for Federal income taxes or for surtax on undistributed profits for 1936 as that company will claim as a deduction in its final income tax return the unamortized discount and expense and redemption premium and expense on bonds redeemed in 1936, which will result in no taxable income. It is estimated that no surtax on undistributed profits under the Revenue Act of 1936 will be incurred by the other companies consolidated herein for the year 1936.—V. 145, p. 284. ---- \$1,491,618 \$1,673,211

Liquid Carbonic Corp.—Debentures Offered—Public offering of \$3,500,000 10-year 4% convertible sinking fund debentures was made July 14 through underwriters headed by Munds, Winslow & Potter; Spencer Trask & Co., and Merrill, Lynch & Co., and including Glore, Forgan & Co.; Cassatt & Co., Inc.; E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc.; Blair, Bonner & Co.; Farwell, Chapman & Co., and Laurence M. Marks & Co. The debentures were priced at 102½ and accrued interest. accrued interest.

Marks & Co. The debentures were priced at 102½ and accrued interest.

Dated as of June 15, 1937. Due June 15, 1947. Interest payable J. & D. in N. Y. City. Denom. \$1,000. Debentures convertible into common stock up to and incl. March 15, 1947, at following rates: Into 36 shares on or before June 15, 1939; into 34 shares thereafter and on or before June 15, 1941; into 31 shares thereafter and on or before June 15, 1943; into 28 shares thereafter and on or before March 15, 1947. Reimbursement will be made, on application as provided in the indenture, for Mass. and Calif. income taxes not exceeding 6% of interest on debentures in any one year and Papersonal property taxes not exceeding five mills per annum on each dollar of assessed value of debentures. Debentures redeemable on not less than 45 days' notice in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at the principal amount and accrued interest, plus a premium commencing at 5% for the first two-year period ending June 15, 1939, such premium being subsequently reduced so that debentures are redeemable without premium during the last year prior to maturity. Provision will be made for a sinking fund of \$175,000 a year, payable semi-annually on Sept. 15 and March 15, beginning Sept. 15, 1938 and ending March 15, 1947. Debentures redeemable for the sinking fund on any interest payment date in like manner and at same price as in case of redemption otherwise than for the sinking fund.

Listing—Company has agreed upon request of Munds, Winslow & Potter to make application in due course for the listing of the debentures on the New York Stock Exchange and for their registration on said Exchange under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Company—Corporation, whose business was founded in 1888, was incorp. in Delaware on July 23, 1926. The business conducted by the company and its subsidiaries consists of (a) the manufacture and sale of tottling equipment and incidental products; (c) the manufacture and sale of carbon dioxide in liquid form (known as carbonic gas) a

Net Sales and Net Income (Company and Subsidiaries Consolidated)

		a Balance Available for	Net Income
Years Ended	Net	Interest Charges	After All
Sept. 30—	Sales	& Income Taxes	Charges
1927	\$10,116,555	\$1,194,502	\$738,661
1928	9.987.029	1,539,288	1.230.367
1929	12,729,571	2,098,659	1.763.528
1930	13.626.530	2,104,482	1.786.087
1931	9,858,263	1,258,523	1.085.557
1932	6.814.368	def402,977	def440.528
1933	7,566,880	430,813	366,913
1934	9,210,443	572,022	463,212
1935	11,012,807	1,083,452	903,273
1936	13,705,977	1,331,735	1,106,823
- A Pt A			

After depreciation. t charges upon the \$3,500,000 of debentures will aggregate Mar. 31 '36 Sept. 30 '36 Mar. 31 '37 \$4,695,038 \$9,010,938 \$6,595,101

6 Months Ended—
Net sales

a Balance available for interest charges and income taxes_____ Net income after all charges_____

a After depreciation.

a Arter depreciation.

Funded Debt and Capitalization—Giving effect to the issue and sale of the debentures and the amendment to the company's certificate of incorporation increasing the authorized number of shares from 400,000 (no par) to 1,200,000 (no par), and changing each outstanding share into two shares, the funded debt and capitalization of the company is as follows:

Outstanding \$3,500,000 700,000 shs.

a 126,000 shares initially reserved for issuance upon conversion of debentures. tures.

Application of Proceeds—Net proceeds from the sale of the debentures, after deducting expenses and underwriting discounts in connection with the issue, are to be applied (1) to the payment of bank and other loans aggregating \$3,130,000; (2) to the making of certain further capital additions and improvements to the plants of the company and its subsidiaries during the balance of the calendar year 1937, for which purpose the company plans to spend approximately \$40,000; and (3) to the addition to working capital of the remainder of the net proceeds.

Underwriting—The names of the proposed several underwriters and the principal amount of debentures that each agrees to purchase, are as follows:

Munds Winslow & Potter New York

\$860,000 Munds, Winslow & Potter, New York.

Spencer Trask & Co., New York.

Merrill, Lynch & Co., New York.

Glore, Forgan & Co., New York.

Cassatt & Co., Inc., New York.

E. H. Rollins & Sons, Inc., New York.

Blair, Bonner & Co., Chicago.

Farwell, Chapman & Co., Chicago.

Laurence M. Marks & Co., New York.

Consolidated Balance Sheet March 31, 1937 Consolidated Balance Sheet March 31, 1937 Total\$20,740,892 a 350,000 shares of no par value, at stated value of \$30 per share. To Pay 100% Stock Dividend-The directors have declared a stock dividend of 100% payable on or before July 26 to holders of record July 19.—V. 145, p. 284. Lucky Tiger-Combination Gold Mining Co. (& Subs.) Calendar Years-1936 \$693,883 434,656 \$927,482 423,790 Sales
Cost of goods sold \$503,692 234,463 26,662 Gross profit_ Other operating expenses_ Selling, general and administrative expenses_____ Bad debts charged off_____ \$259,227 149,073 29,223 193 \$276,432 40,548 10,492 Balance
Income deductions_____
Provision for taxes—Mexican____
State
United States_____ 458 a4,824 7,449 \$67,631 19,064 \$217,276 30,834 Net income for the year______ Dividends paid______ Earns, per sh. on 715,337 shs. cap. stk. (par \$10) ___ \$48,567 107,300 \$0.07 \$186,442 157,374 \$0.26 a No surtax liability recognized.

Cansolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 31 | 1936 | 1935 | Labilities | 1936 | \$1936 | \$1936 | \$1936 | \$1936 | \$17,060 | \$20,045 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 | \$13,240 Assets— 1935 \$28,795 28,478 Cash
Marketable securs.
(at cost)
Acer'd int. on marketable securs
Acets, receivable 19,539 61,895 4,000 7,153,370 Inventories Investments . a Property, plant & equipment...
b Unrealized appr. of Tigre M. Co., S. A., property. Deferred charges...
Other assets. ._Dr4,970,994Dr4,970,994 ls__ 7,857 127,275 b Earned surplus ... $\substack{1,014,590\\31,454\\23,849}$ 1,014,590 23,653 3,488 Total \$2,336,389 \$2,452,359 Total \$2,336,389 \$2,452,359 a After reserve for depreciation, depletion and amortization of \$2,309,635 at Dec. 31, 1935, and \$2,329,904 at Dec. 31, 1936. b After deducting earned surplus of Tigre Mining Co., S. A., of \$513,160 at Dec. 31, 1935, and \$474,805 at Dec. 31, 1936.—V. 143, p. 3003. Ludlow Mfg. Associates (& Subs.)—Earnings-Total_____\$11,580,773 \$10,415,930 ost of sales, incl. taxes & conting., deprec., mfg., sell. & admin. exps___ 9,661,928 8,906,886 9,661,928 8,906,886 available Net profit______\$1,918,646

Earnings per share on 178,771 shares
capital stock (no par)_______\$10.73

Consolidated Balance Sheet \$1,918,845 \$1,509,044 \$1,141,285 Jan. 2 '37 Dec. 28 '35 Liabilities-Accounts payable. 380,656 362,449
Res've for taxes & contingencies... 1,470,631 1,053,891
Res. for pensions... 171,534 186,460
y Capital stock... 23,746,125 23,433,843 \$ 380,656 \$ 362,449 Int. accr. on Inv. 21,395
Accts. & notes rec., less reserves. 973,147
Inventories 8,773,271
Prepaid ins.prems. & other expenses 153,447
Miges, receiv. on properties sold. 99,559
X Land, bldgs., machin'y & equip. 10,163,414
8,829,152 Total _____25,768,947 25,036,645 Total _____25,768,947 25,036,645 x After reserves of \$11,950,930 at Dec. 28 1935 and \$11,720,048 at Jan. 2, 1937. y Represented by 178,771 no par shares.—V. 144, p. 3180.

Lufkin Rule Co., Saginaw, Mich.-Arranges for Financing-

Fred Buck, President announced July 15 that the company had entered into an aggreement with F. Eberstadt & Co., Inc. of New York covering the public offering of a block of common stock, the proceeds of which will be used by the company to retire its outstanding preferred stock. The offering will also include certain outstanding shares to be purchased from present stockholders. The firm of Auchincloss, Parker & Redpath will be associated with F. Eberstadt & Co., Inc. in the public offering.

The company is one of the country's principal manufacturers of rules, measuring tapes, and machinists' precision tools, and has been a leader in

its field ever since its organization in 1883. The company has been under the active management of Mr. Buck since Jan. 1, 1885.

Prior to the public offering it is the intention of the company to split its present common stock two for one, and a special meeting of the stock-holders is being called for July 26 to approve an increase in the company's authorized common stock to 500,000 shares. The company proposes to file a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933 in the near future, after the effective date of which the public offering will be made. Upon completion of the proposed program the company will have outstanding only common stock.

The company intends to apply in the near future for listing of its common stock on one of the New York exchanges.

Lunkenheimer Co.—Earnings—

~				
Calendar Years—	1936	1935	1934	1933
Net profit from operat'ng after depreciation		y\$216,487	y\$73.458	\$36,951
Previous surplus		3.846.800	3.866.017	3,867,503
Miscellaneous credits		2,162	631	4.892
Write-up of U. S. secur's		2,102	21,259	4,002
Disc. on pref. stk. purch.			21,200	9.801
Disc. on prot. sex. purch.			15/10/	0,001
Total surplus	\$4,478,676	\$4.065,449	\$3.961.365	\$3,919,147
Preferred dividends		34,063	34,112	8,528
Common dividends	300,000	120,000	75,000	25,000
Net write-down of other				
assets & market. secur.				×14,221
Miscell. deductions		3,629	5,453	5,381
Surplus Dec. 31	\$4.144.629	\$3 907 750	\$3 846 800	\$3 866 017
Earns, per sh. on 200,000	Q1,111,020	40,001,100	\$0,010,000	\$0,000,0X1
shares common stock		\$0.91	\$0.19	\$0.01
x U. S. Treasury bond				
and \$9,647 in 1934. z	After Feder	al normal in	come tax an	d surtax on
undistributed profits.	Dalamas Ch	D 01		
		eet Dec. 31		
Assets— 1936	1935	Liabilities-		
Cash \$185,9				
Accrued interest 4,4				2 8,512
U. S. Treas. bonds 424,5		Reserve for co	ounty	
Other market. sec. 21,2				
Accts receivable 408,0			46,60	9 22,196
Inventories 2,379,6				
Other assets 31,9	97 32.631	income tax.	132,99	9 32,843
x Plant and equip. 2,443,13	36 2,439,868	Preferred sto	ck 523,80	0 523,800
Def'd & miscell 130,4	31 136.025	y Common sto	ock 1.000.00	0 1.000,000
Goodwill, patents,		Surplus		
tr -marks, copy-				
rights, &c	1 1			
Total\$6,029,4	77 \$5 548 007	Total	\$6 020 47	7 85 548 007
x Less reserve for dep	rectation of	52,937,426 in	1936 and \$2	,831,402 in
1935. y Represented by	200,000 no	par snares.—	V. 144, p. 77	9.

Lynch Corp.—Dividend Doubled—
The directors have declared a dividend of \$1 per share on the common stock, par \$5, payable Aug. 16 to holders of record Aug. 15. Previously regular quarterly dividends of 50 cents per share were distributed. In addition, a special dividend of \$1 was paid on June 29, last, and an extra dividend of \$1 was paid on Dec. 19, 1936.—V. 144, p. 4012.

Lyons-Magnus, Inc.—Earnings-Years End. Dec. 31— Net profit (after deprec, amortiz, & taxes).... Divs. on class A stock... 1933 \$27 297 Condensed Balance Sheet Dec. 31 1936 \$12,455 156,122 711,857 Liabilities-Assets-\$150.853 19,100 1,179,881 Inventories..... Advs. to officers & 635,875 Advs. to officers & employees......
Deposit on product purchase contr. Life insurance....
Due from affil. cos. y Plant & equipt...
Other assets & def. charges to oper... 44,375 108,219 3,648 12,900 595,846 612,746 z25,710 28,316 Total_____\$1,527,592 \$1,493,897 Total____ -\$1,527,592 \$1,493,897

x Represented by 49,705 shares class A stock and 60,000 shares class B stock at net paid in value of \$1,119,881 and 60,000 shares of special stock at \$60,000 y After reserve for depreciation and amortization of \$628,210 in 1936, \$585,244 in 1935. z Deferred charges only.—V. 144, p. 109.

MacAndrews & Forbes Co.—Earnings

Per. End. June 30-	1937-3 Me	s.—1936	1937-6 Mon	ths-1936
x Net profit Preferred dividends Common dividends	y\$243,151 29,856 151,947	\$202,298 29,856 151,947	y\$ 463,285 59,712 303,894	\$402,064 59,712 303,894
SurplusEarns, per sh. on 303,894	\$61,348	\$20,495	\$99,679	\$38,458
shs.com. stk.(par \$10)	\$0.70	\$0.57	\$1.33	\$1.13
x After expenses, Feder undistributed profits.—V	al income ta . 144, p. 367	xes, &c. y	Before Federa	l surtax on

x After expenses, Federal income taxes, &c. y Before Federal surtax on undistributed profits.—V. 144, p. 3678.

McKesson & Robbins, Inc.—Listing—

The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 10,000 additional shares of preference stock, \$3 series, convertible (cumulative, no par) voting, upon official notice of issuance in connection with the acquisition by the corporation of certain of the assets of Milwaukee Drug Co. (Wis.), and 20,000 shares of common stock (\$5 par) upon official notice of issuance on conversion of the shares of preference stock to be outstanding, making a total amount applied for, 543,000 shares of preference stock and 2,705,309 shares of common stock.

The executive committee of the board of directors on June 18, 1937 authorized the execution of a contract with Milwaukee Drug Co. (Wis.), whereby certain assets of the latter corporation are to be acquired in exchange for not more than 10,000 shares of preference stock of the corp. Under the provisions of the contract the assets of Milwaukee Drug Co. which are to be acquired consist of receivables, subject to the assumption of certain accounts payable, merchandise, furniture and fixtures. The shares of stock to be issued in respect of the receivables, less the accounts payable which are assumed, are to be valued for purposes of the exchange at \$47.50 per share. It is expected that approximately 4,000 shares of preference stock will be required for this purpose. The shares of stock to be issued for the other assets to be acquired are to be valued for purposes of the exchange at \$50 per share, it being expected that approximately 4,200 shares of preference stock will be required for this purpose. All of the stock to be issued is to be capitalized on the books of the corporation at \$50 per share, it being expected that approximately 4,200 shares of preference stock will be required for this purpose. The balance necessary to bring the shares issued for receivables, less payables, to the \$50 figure will be transferred from capital s

442 Financial	Chronicle July 17, 1937
McColl-Frontenac Oil Co., Ltd. (& Subs.)—Earnings— Years End. Jan. 31— 1937 1936 1935 1934 Operating profit———y\$2,613,835 y\$3,045,611 x\$2,570,218 \$2,703,439 Interest——————————————————————————————————	making plans to increase its working capital funds through sale of short-time debenture note bearing reasonable interest rates. The board of directors have also authorized the filing of an application for listing the company's shares on the New York Curb Exchange.
Depreciation 818.917 709.113 647.808 640.047 Tax provision 166,000 191,000 170,000 140,000 Res. for bad & doubtful	Six-Cent Dividend— The directors have declared a quarterly dividend of 6 cents per share on the common stock, payable July 20 to holders of record July 15. An initial
Accounts	(P. R.) Mallory & Co., Inc. (& Subs.)—Earnings— Consolidated Income Account for Calendar Years
Officers renumeration 164,409 229,182	Net sales\$4,803,454 \$4,165,361 \$3,131,241 \$2,313,973
Balance \$764.665 \$1,226,904 \$1,095,981 \$1,162,106 Preferred dividend 466,044 459,252 458,815 463,173 Common dividend 528,000 459,398 412,497 314,986	tion and gen. exps 4,077,132 3,618,518 2,794,735 2,308,413 Operating profit \$726,322 \$546,844 \$336,506 \$5,560
Balancedef\$229,379 \$308,254 \$224,669 \$383,947	Miscell deductions (net) Cr25,778 1,787 19,362 46,000 Federal taxes 119,891 83,021 46,000 Surplus for year \$632,210 \$462,036 \$271,144 \$4,632
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Earned per share on common stock
Profit & loss balance \$2,985,728 \$3.363,674 \$3,099,020 \$2,888,302 x Includes income from investments of \$22,657 and profit on sale of	x No provision has been made for surtax on undistributed profits. The company claims no such tax will accrue for the current year on account of a provision in the trust indenture restricting the payment of dividends
investments of \$11,091. y Includes income from investments \$16,850 in 1936 and \$19,048 in 1937. Consolidated Balance Sheet Jan. 31	notwithstanding an opinion to the contrary by the office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. Should the company's claim for credit be denied, the amount of the tax would be approximately \$110,000.
Assets—	Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 31 Assets— 1936 1935 Cash in banks and Cash in bank
Marketable secur. 87,660 76,461 Accts. & notes and Accts. & bills rec. 1,976,320 1,709,311 accrued liabilities Inventories 4,773,722 3,872,798 payable 1,051,773 902,869	on hand \$144,232 \$176,831 Notes pay., other. \$18,725 40,450 a Notes & accts.rec 475,199 355,218 Accts. payable and Inventories 625,080 395,304 accrued exp 247,965 203,568 Res. for Fed. inc.
Investment, &c 2,346,309	Prepaid exp. and deferred charges 67,269 60,261 tax 127,000 86,000 but from officers and employees 35,577 78,226 gold bonds 313,000 419,000
6% bonds for sink- ing funds	Cash in hands of sink, fd. trustee. 705 Sundry accts, rec. 1,082 Res. for inventory
Bink, Id. trustees 128,360	Investments
Trade-marks, processes and good- will 742,837 742,838 Capital surplus 133,400 59,100	Patents, licenses & trade names 1 1 Earned surplus 918,079 352,641
Prem. paid on purchase of subsid. capital stock 6,942,479 Cost of com. shs. of company purch.	Total\$2,373,452 \$1,950,341 Total\$2,373,452 \$1,950,341 a After reserve for bad debts of \$82,751 in 1936 and \$88,877 in 1935. b Less reserve for depreciation. c Represented by 144,430 no par sharesV. 144, p. 4183.
under by-law 131,733	Market Street Ry. Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings— 12 Months Ended May 31— 1937 1936 Operating revenues \$7,393,939 \$7,396,057
x Represented by 660,000 shares (no par). y After reserve for depreciation of \$4,419,861 at Jan. 31, 1937 and \$3,994,791 at Jan. 31, 1936.—V. 144, p. 3006.	Operating expenses, maintenance and taxes 6,300,218 6,222,043 Net oper. rev. (before approp. for retire, res.) \$1,093,721 \$1,174,014
(Arthur G.) McKee & Co.—Earnings— Calendar Years— x1936 x1935 1934 1933 Net profit on construc'n	Net operating revenue & other income (before appropriation for retirement reserve) \$1,100,726 \$1,182,457
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Appropriation for retirement reserve 500,000 500,000 Gross income \$600,726 \$682,457
Net profit from oper \$328,485	Interest charges 474,174 493,081 Amortization of debt discount and expense 24,060 25,658 Other income deductions 3,639 4,481
Total profit\$315,957	Net income
Net profit\$247,459 \$129,562 loss\$86,391 loss\$152,478 Divs. paid—class B stock Rate(\$2.00) \$1.25	Period End. June 30— 1937—3 Mos.—1936 1937—6 Mos.—1936 Total earns. from oper \$1,072,572 \$952,292 \$2,101,475 \$1,737,019 Prov. for deprec. & depl. 435,488 419,221 869,231 833,341
Earns, per sh. on 84.410 shs. cl. B stk. (no par) \$2.93 \$1.53 Nil Nil x Including subsidiary company, Pulaski Engineering Works, Inc. y In-	Net earns, from opers. \$637,083 \$533,071 \$1,232,244 \$903,678 Income credits 12,343 8,274 22,713 16,974
cluding \$6,000 provision for surfax on undistributed profits. Balance Sheet Dec. 31 Assets— 1936 x1935 Labilities— 1936 x1935	Total income
Cash	and capital stock taxes 99,281 81,021 195,956 140,219 Net income
Contr'ts in process 625,463 237,634 Accrued taxes 60,190 26,384 Inventory 16,435 23,350 Res. for contingen. 25,000 60,768 60,435 y Capital stock 84,410 84,410 Prop. plant 4 cm 103,071 101,653 Symphosis	Earnings per share \$0.58 \$0.46 \$1.10 \$0.76 E. M. Allen, President, says: General business continues good, the total June sales being the largest
Prop., plant & eqp. 103,071 101,053 Surplus	in the history of our company. Our export business should be of increasing importance, due to the fact that in a short time we will be able to ship direct from our Lake Charles,
 x Consolidated figures. y Represented by 84,410 no par shares of class B stock. z Represented by 2,143 shares at cost. Note—On Dec. 31, 1936, the assets of Pulaski Engineering Works, Inc., 	La. Works, located on tide-water, thereby saving the heavy inland rail-road freight on export shipments.—V. 144, p. 2661.
were acquired by the parent company.—V. 144, p. 4012. (I.) Magnin & Co.—Earnings—	Melville Shoe Corp.—Sales— 4 Weeks Ended— 1937 1936 1935 1934 Jan. 16 \$2,894,849 \$2,131,902 \$1,748,419 \$1,325,240
Calendar Years 1936 1935 1934 1933 Sales \$10,289,201 \$8,988,863 \$7,915,130 \$6,714,440 Net income after taxes 602,911 372,100 250,725 182,248 Divs. on pref. stock 69,810 69,960 71,130 71,723	Feb. 13 1,910,326 1,413,889 1,421,024 1,290,858 Mar. 13 2,227,330 1,887,855 1,699,250 1,543,401
	May 8 3,055,173 2,795,262 3,364,128 2,323,145 June 5 4,070,364 3,602,140 2,985,692 2,910,143 July 3 3,633,309 3,249,480 2,654,958 2,152,583 —V. 144, p. 4185.
Earns. per sh. on com \$2.03 \$1.19 \$0.70 \$0.43 Balance Sheet Dec. 31	Mengel Co. (& Subs.)—Bookings—
Assets— 1936 1935 Liabilities— 1936 1935 Cash	pared with \$802,406 in June, 1936, an increase of \$15,706,007 as compared with \$802,406 in June, 1936, an increase of \$1,706,047 against \$4,624,148 in the first half of 1936, an increase of \$1,081,899 or 23.4% . June billings were \$883,078 as compared with \$752,141 in June last year, an increase of \$130,937 or 17.4% . For the first six months of this year, billings aggregated \$5,668,975 against \$4,313,744 in the first six months of 1236 an increase of \$1.355,231 or 124% .
Empl. stock purch. d. loan accts 27,972 35,156 Notes payable 200,000 100,000 Cther accts. receiv 15,780 15,790 Fed. d. state taxes 201,247 134,418	June billings were \$883,078 as compared with \$752,141 in June last year, an increase of \$130,937 or 17.4%. For the first six months of this year, billings aggregated \$5,668,975 against \$4,313,744 in the first six months of
Merchandise	1936, an increase of \$1,355,231 or 31.4% . Unfilled orders on June 30, 1937, amounted to \$2,030,721 against \$1,719,160 on June 30, 1936, a gain of \$311,561 or 18.1% .—V. 145, p. 120.
Fixtures 516,436 544,171 Earned surplus 1,034,146 843,349 Capital surplus 128,014 128,014 Capital surplus 128,014 128,014	Metropolitan Industries Co.—Accumulated Dividend— The directors have declared a dividend of 25 cents per share on account of accumulations on the 50% paid allotment certificates of 6% preferred
Prepaid expenses 43,256 38,304 Total\$5,032,069 \$4,611,103 Total\$5,032,069 \$4,611,103	stock, payable Aug. 1 to holders of record July 21. This compares with \$1.50 paid on April 20, last, and a quarterly dividend of 25 cents per share was paid on Feb. 1, last. Accumulations after the current payment will amount to \$9 per share.—V. 145, p. 285.
x Represented by 254,945 no par shares as at Dec. 31, 1935 and 263,145 no par shares as at Dec. 31, 1936.—V. 144, p. 1286. Manufacturers Trading Corp.—Farnings—	Mexican Light & Power Co., Ltd.—Earnings—
Manufacturers Trading Corp.—Earnings— 6 Months Ended June 30— 1937 1936 Net earnings after all charges \$17,725 \$4,845	[Canadian Currency] Period End. May 31— 1937—Month—1936 1937—5 Mos.—1936 Gross earns, from oper \$740,019 \$659,766 \$3,674,598 \$3,350,145
Alfred H. Sachs, President, states that purchases of commercial paper totaled \$2,121,476 for the six months of 1937, as against \$909,875 n the 1936 period.	Oper. expenses & deprec. 586,601 464,601 2,631,446 2,292,405 Net earnings \$153,418 \$195,165 \$1,043,152 \$1,057,740
Total assets at June 30, 1937, amounted to \$860,239, which compares with \$311,014 on Jan. 1, 1937. This increase resulted from public sale of the company's common shares this spring. Except for approximately 30,000 shares, all of the issue has been sold. All of the funds derived from the stock	-V. 144, p. 4351 Michigan Bakeries Co.—40-Cent Common Dividend—
shares, all of the issue has been sold. All of the funds derived from the stock issue have been promptly invested in diviersified and guaranteed whole-salers' accounts receivable and other commercial paper. The company is	The directors have declared a dividend of 40 cents per share on the common stock, payable July 15 to holders of record July 8. This compares with an initial dividend of 10 cents paid on Jan. 15, last.—V. 144, p. 285.

Miami Bridge Co.—Earnings-

12 Months Ended June 30—	\$118,060	\$138,837	\$171.957
Bridge revenue	2,224	2,638	2,077
Total . Operation . Maintenance . Taxes . Depreciation . Amort . of security & reorg . costs . Other deductions .	\$120,284 34,189 17,345 7,828 20,703 2,736 53	\$141,475 37,902 26,421 11,054 23,670 2,732	\$174,034 42,664 20,613 8,380 23,949 2,437 32
Surplus income	\$37,427	\$39,694	\$75,956
	×14,525	y21,622	z 46,095
Remainder	\$22,902	\$18,071	\$29,861
Vehicles crossing bridge	1,352,909	1,411,622	1,813,726

x Paid from the surplus income for calendar year 1934. y Paid from the surplus income for calendar year 1935. z Paid from the surplus income for calendar year 1936.—V. 144, p. 4186.

Midwest Piping & Supply Co., Inc.—Listing Approved—
The New York Curb Exchange has approved the application of the company to list 193,140 outstanding shares common stock (no par), with authority to add to the list, upon official notice of issuance, 20,000 additional shares common stock.—V. 145, p. 285.

Mid-West Rubber Reclaiming Co.—Initial Com. Div.—
The company paid an initial dividend of \$1 per share on the common stock, par \$5, on July 10 to bolders of record June 28.
Stockholders at a meeting held March 1 iast changed the par value of company's common stock from no par to \$5 par.

This company, which up to a few years ago had been a subsidiary of the Akron Rubber Reclaiming Co., will shortly become the parent company and own the Akron property and machinery outright. Its stockholders on July 9 ratified the proposal to buy the Akron plant for 3,027 shares of preferred and not to exceed 14,600 shares of common stock. It has been operating the Akron plant under lease, as well as its own at Monsanto for the past year and a half as a result of its enlarged business.—V. 144, p. 1288.

Miller Wholesale Drug Co.—Earnings—

Years Ended De Sales (net)	se			1936 858,335 561,517 179,480 68,795 74,101	1935 \$762,213 485,089 166,237 60,975 72,554
Operating loss				\$25,558	\$22,644 Cr27,873
Other deductions Federal income as				737,036 1,511 2,623	Dr1,616
Net profit				\$7,343	\$3,612
	Condensed	l Balance	Sheet Dec. 31	** ,0 .0	*
Assets—	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Cash	\$7,201	\$4,800	Notes payable	\$4,502	\$32,091
Scrip	78	821	Loans payable		17,500
Notes receivable	661	661	Accounts payable.		105,742
Accounts receivab.	113,882	119,718	Accrued		16.025
Inventories—mdse	235,278	231,516	Income taxes pay.	2,623	
Investments	155,000	281,000	Loans payable-		
Furn, & fixtures-			Long-term.		10,000
equipment	86,085	80,122	Common stock	507,113	x737,083
Other assets	7,564		Paid-in surplus		14,000
Insurance, rents in-			Earned surplus		def199,470
terest, &c	13,300	14,331		.,	
Totalx Represented h	\$619,049	\$732,971	Total	\$619,049	\$732,971

1935.—V. 144. p. 1967. Minnespelle Con Links Co. House

minneapolis Gas Light Co.—Earnings—	
Earnings Statement for 12 Months Ended May 31, 1 Operating revenues—Gas sales Operating expenses	\$4,532,321
Net operating revenueOther deduction (net)	\$1,430,658 29,667
Interest on funded debt	85,915 14,021 4 211
Net income	\$817,213

Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulator Co.—Larger Div.—
The directors on July 10 declared a quarterly dividend of 75 cents per share on the common stock, no par value, payable Aug. 20 to holders of record Aug. 4. This compares with 50 cents paid on May 20 and on Feb. 20, last, and regular quarterly dividends of 37½ cents per share paid on Nov. 20, Aug. 15, and on May 15, 1936, prior to which the stock was split three-for-one. Prior to the split-up the company on Feb. 15, 1936, and in each of the three preceding quarters paid an extra dividend of 75 cents and a quarterly dividend of 75 cents per share.

In addition, a special dividend of \$1.50 per share was paid on Dec. 21, 1936, and extra dividends of 12½ cents per share were distributed on Nov. 20, Aug. 15 and May 15, 1936.—V. 144, p. 3008.

Minimized Prividend

Mississippi Power & Light Co.—Accumulated Dividend—
Thé directors have declared a dividend of \$1.50 per share on account of accumulations on the \$6 1st pref. stock, no par value, payable Aug. 2 to holders of record July 15. Like payments were made on May 1 and Feb. 1, last, Nov. 1, Aug. 1 and May 1, 1936; and compare with \$1 paid on Feb. 1, 1936, 50 cents paid on Nov. 30; 1935, 75 cents paid on Nov. 1 and 50 cents paid on Aug. 1, May 1 and Feb. 1, 1935, Dec. 15, Nov. 1, Aug. 1, May 1, Feb. 1, 1934; Nov. 1, 1933, and Aug. 1, 1933, prior to which the regular quarterly dividend of \$1.50 per share was paid.—V. 145, p. 285.

Monsanto Chemical Co.—Preferred Stock Offered— Edward B. Smith & Co. offered on July 15 50,000 shares of cumulative preferred stock, series A (no par-\$4.50 dividend), priced at \$101.50 per share.

Proceeds from the sale of these shares will be added to the general funds of the company and expended for capital additions, replacements and improvements to plants, processes and facilities to meet increased demands for products.

products.
Company has agreed to make application for listing the shares on the New York Stock Exchange.
An amount equal to \$100 per share will be credited to the capital stock account of the company and the difference between such amount and the net proceeds received by the company will be debited to paid-in surplus account. The company may redeem the whole or any part of the stock at \$110 if redeemed prior to July 1, 1947, or at \$107.50 if redeemed thereafter, together with the amount of any accrued and unpaid dividends.
Upon completion of the present financing, the capitalization of the company will be as follows:

Cum. pref. stock, series A (no par) \$4.50 div.—being a 1st series consisting of 50,000 shares of an aggregate of 275,000 shares of pref. stock authorized for issuance under certain conditions).

Common stock (\$10 par)—authorized 1,725,000 shares.___b1,114,409 shs. a The 50,000 shares of preferred stock is part of 275,000 shares of preferred

authorized under an amendment to the certificate of incorporation of the company which is issuable in series by the board of directors. b Since Dec. 31, 1936, transactions have occurred as a net result of which the company now has 1,114,407 2-9 shares of common stockoutstanding, exclusive of amount held in its treasury, and has 25 7-9 shares in its treasury. There are included shares issued in the name of a nominee and reserved for exchange of shares of predecessor corporation, Monsanto Chemical Works.

For the year ended Dec. 31, 1936, the company reported net income after all charges of \$4,468,704, as compared with \$3,591,016 for the year 1935, and \$2,619,465 in 1934.

The company and its subsidiaries are engaged in the manufacture and sale of a widely diversified line of chemical products.—V. 144, p. 4352.

Moody's Investors Service—Dividend Accruals Paid Up—The directors have declared a dividend of \$1.25 per share on account of accruals and the regular quarterly dividend of 75 cents per share ordinarily due at this time on the \$3 cum. partic. preference stock, both payable Aug. 16 to holders of record Aug. 2. This payment will clear up all accumulations on the issue. See also V. 144, p. 2662.

(Philip) Morris & Co.—Fixes Price of Cigarettes—
The company has signed a contract under the Feld-Crawford Act establishing a price of 15 cents a package of 20 cigarettes on Philip Morris cigarettes; 35 cents for 50 cigarettes and \$1.38 for a carton of 200. Bond Street smoking tobacco prices are set at 15 cents for 1% ounces; 65 cents for eight ounces and \$1.25 for 16 ounces.—V. 144, p. 3844.

(John) Morrell & Co.—Dividend Omitted—
Directors at a meeting held July 12 decided to take no action on the payment of a dividend on the no-par capital stock at this time.
This action was taken in view of the fact that abnormal shortage of livestock in the territory from which the company draws its supplies is making operations unprofitable.
Dividends of 60 cents per share were paid on May 3 and on Feb. 3, last, this latter being the initial distribution on this company's stock.—V. 144, p. 618.

Morrison Bond Co., Ltd.—Rights Issued—
Rights to purchase one new snare of common stock at \$1 per share for each four held, have just been issued to stockholders of record of June 1, according to E. E. Morrison, President. These rights expire Aug. 1. Rights exercised by June 25 next, will participate in the regular 25-care quarterly dividend declared recently, payable June 30 to stock of record June 25.—V. 144. p. 4014.

Years Ended May 31— Int. on mtges., real estate rentals, &c	\$1,698,596 1,149,670 368,176	\$1,620,447 955,625 251,067 946,011
Loss from operationsOther income	\$676,624 515,149	\$532,257 340,132

\$192,125 x\$161,476 Net loss for year x Allocation of net loss: net capital loss on sale or other disposition of assets acquired upon reorganization, charged "Excess of assets acquired upon reorganization, at book amounts, over liabilities and par value of capital stock" Dr. \$344,215; net income for the year ended May 31 1937, to surplus, Cr. \$182.739, balance, loss, \$161,476.

		Balance Sh	eet May 31		
Assets-	1937	1936	Liabilities-	1937	1936
U. S. of America			expense	31,914	
Treas. bills		2,600	h Int. on mtges Prov. for corporate	3,705	5,476
a Receivables b U. S. cons. 2%	28,507			6,156	1,396
bondc Cash deposited.	1,000	1,000 1,600	tax	260	4,665
Real est, sold on		-,	taxesi Fix. int. due &	91,366	105,037
Sun. stks. & bonds	14,952	14,952	accrued	208,949	237,338
d Mortgages d Real estate		29,154		821,317	465,040
e Assets depos. & assign	19.061.347	20.483.885		191,240	
Int. rec. on mtges. f Adv.for taxes.&c.	151,582	400,308	m Excess of assets.	2,026,617 236,616	2,370,831 53,876
g Coll. trust mtge.			Sur prus	200,010	00,010
Prepaid real est.					
taxes Unexp. ins. prem_		14,964			
Total	20.044.470	22.088.003	Total	0.044.470	22.088.003

Total.......20,044,470 22,088,003 | Total........20,044,470 22,088,003 a After allowance for doubtful items of \$903 in 1937 and \$3,135 in 1936. B Held by N. Y. State Banking Department pending liquidation of the Mortgage-Bond Co. of N. Y. c As bond in legal action. d Not assigned as collateral. e As collateral to collateral trust mortgage bonds. f On mortgages. g Purchased but not received for cancellation until June, 1937 (face amount, \$2,600), at cost. h Received in advance. i On bond interest of the Mortgage-Bond Co. of N. Y. j On collateral trust mortgage bonds at 2½% per annum. k 2½% per annum on collateral trust mortgage bonds payable at maturity of each bond and before maturity only from net earnings of the corporation, estimated "net earnings" available for payment of income interest as at May 31, 1937, \$150,494. I Represented by shares of \$1 par. MAcquired upon reorganization, at book amounts, over liabilities and par value of capital stock, less losses upon sale or other disposition of such assets and adjustments.—V. 143, p. 2059.

Mountain States Power Co. _ Farnings

Mountain States rower Co.—Edition	iys	
12 Months Ended May 31— Operating revenues Operating expenses, maintenance and taxes	\$3,870,996 2,551,830	\$3,498,392 2,329,353
Net oper rev. (before approp. for retire. reserve) Other income, net	\$1,319,166 184,689	\$1,169,039 205,267
Net oper. rev. and other income (before approp. for retirement reserve)	\$1,503,854	\$1,374,306 300,000
Gross income	477,522	\$1,074,306 488,747 2,851
Other interest (net) Other income deductions		395,068 5,297
x Net income	\$330.825	\$182,344

x Before provision for amortization of discount and expense on first mortgage bonds.—V. 144, p. 4188.

Mutual Investment Fund-Asset Value-

The company reports for six months ended June 30, 1937, net asset value, after all expenses, dividends, and reserves, was \$14.9445 per share as compared with \$15.027 per share on June 30, 1936.

A distribution of 25c., payable July 15, to holders of record June 30, was declared for the quarter ended June 30, 1937.—V. 144, p. 618.

Nash-Kelvinator Corp.--Shipments

Nash-Kelvinator Corp.—Shipments— Enjoying its best June since 1929, the Nash Motors Division of Nash-Kelvinator Corp. last month shipped 8,780 automobiles to all points, registering a gain of 4,947 units, or 126%, it was announced on July 13 by C. H. Bliss, Vice-President in charge of sales.

Shipments for the six-month period ended June 30 totaled 56,587 cars, a gain of 29,373 over the first six months of 1936, or 108%, he said.

So that production may keep pace with its soaring sales records, Nash is going full speed ahead on its \$2,000,000 program of plant expansion in Kenosha, Racine and Milwaukee, Mr. Bliss announced.

Buys Stock of Electromaster, Inc.—
This corporation purchased for cash in April, 1937, 50,040 shares of unissued capital stock of Electromaster, Inc., manufacturers of electric ranges and water heaters, in accordance with a previous option from that company covering such shares. In April, 1937, an additional 26,591 shares of the same stock were purchased for cash from a stockholder of Electromaster and 6% convertible income notes of the company in the amount of \$156,462 were purchased from a noteholder. These notes were converted into 31,292 shares of the capital stock of Electromaster in accordance with the terms of the notes.

As of June 30, 1937, Nash-Kelvinator had 55.27% of the voting power of Electromaster, Inc.—V. 144, p. 2662.

wone Mille-Ralance Sheet Dec 31

Nasnawen	a Millis-	-Datance	s sneet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities— Accounts payable.	1936	1935
Cash	\$388,456	\$125,136	Accounts payable.	\$36,966	\$7,453
Accts. receivable	3,533		Accrued accounts.		7,905
Inventories	129,902		Reserve for proces-		
Other assets	38,449		sing taxes		84,544
Prop., plant & eq.	1,290,071	a4,147,323	c Capital stock	600,000	3,000,000
Deferred charges	35,396	3,413	Surplus	1,243,265	1,354,356
Total	11 885 806	84 454 259	Total	\$1 885 80A	\$4 454 250

a After allowance for depreciation of \$3,133,653 in 1935. b Including processing taxes. c Represented by 75,000 no par shares.—V. 143, p. 2687.

National	Bearing	Metals	Corp.	-Earnings-

** ** 1 P - 01	1000	100#	1004	1000
Years End. Dec. 31-	1936	1935	1934	1933
Net income	\$912,794	\$595,606	\$468,170	\$524,828
Int. on 1st mtge, bonds_		80,743	83,319	91,197
Prov. for Fed. & State income taxes	a135,000	76,000	55,300	61,600
Amt. approp. for res. for fluct. in metal invent_	100,000		231	
Net inc. for the year	\$601,211	\$438,863	\$329,551	\$372,031
Previous surplus	594,720	501,708	619,048	420,245
Disct. on 1st mtge. bonds & pref. stk. purch. &		001,100	010,010	120,210
held in treasury			1,626	
Gross surplus	\$1,195,932	\$940,571	\$950,226	\$792,276
Divs. paid on pref. stock	215,330	311,127	448,518	173,228
Divs. paid on com. stock	310,674	29,873		
Net prem. on 1st mtge. bonds & pref. stk. pur.				
& held in treasury	9,530	1,749		
Add'l Fed. inc. tax for		3,104		
Formed aum Dec 21	\$660,397	\$594,720	\$501.708	2010 040
Earned surp. Dec. 31_ Earns.per sh.on 119,490	\$000,397	4094,720	\$301,708	\$619,048
shs. com. stock	b\$4.07	\$1.87	\$0.92	\$1.27

a Including \$16,900 estimated surtax on undistributed profits. b Before amount appropriated for reserve for fluctuation in metal inventories.

	Conden	sed Balance	Sheet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Cash	\$699,638	\$662,063	Accounts payable_	\$620,945	\$405,827
U. S. Treas, ctfs.			Accrued accounts_	235,160	141,684
at cost	328,739	328,570	1st mtge. 20-yr.		
Acer. int. on U.S.			6% sink, fund		
Treas. ctfs. &			gold bonds	1,219,500	1,331,000
real estate mtge.			1st mtge. real est.		
notes	2,059	2,129	note on other		
Notes receivable	1,569	10,012	prop. maturing March 16, 1938.		
b Accts, receiv'le_	1,016,459	860,059	March 16, 1938_		3,500
Loan to employee.		2,500	Res. for market		
Working funds in	1		fluct. in metal		
hands of sal'men				100,000	
Inventories	1,188,285				
Rl. est. mtge. notes	30,964				
Other assets	1,665	4,626	a Common stock	1.194,900	1,194,900
Sink, fd. cash for			Cap. surp.—excess		
retirem't of 1st			of amt. rec'd for		
mtge. bonds	3,440	2,860			
Land, bldgs. &			stated val. there-		
equipment	2,580,269	2,606,658		252,680	
Other property	8,556	8,955	Earned surplus	660,397	594,720
Goodw., trade pro-					
cesses, &c					
Deferred charges	36,846	42,573			
(Foto)	27 250 000	27 007 511	Totil 6	258 089	87 007 511

Total______\$7,358,982 \$7,007,511 Tot'l______\$7,358,982 \$7,007,511

a Represented by 119.490 no par shares after deducting 510 shares held in treasury. b Less reserve of \$20,303 in 1936 and \$20,000 in 1935 for doubtful accounts.—V. 144, p. 4352.

National Biscuit Co.—Earnings

Period End. June 30— 1937—3 Mos.—1936

**Net profit after charges, taxes, &c._______\$2.884.035 \$3.087.619 \$5.422.792 \$6.004.742

Shares common stock._____6.289.448 6.289.448 6.289.448 6.289.448 6.289.448 Earnings per share.______\$0.39 \$0.42 \$0.72 \$0.81

**Before provision for Federal surtax on undistributed profits.

Net profit for 12 months ended June 30, 1937 was \$12,058,126, equal to \$1.64 a common share, against \$11,756,879, or \$1.59 a common share, for the 12 months ended June 30, 1936.—V. 144, p. 3183.

National Bond & Share Corp.—Report—
The net assets of corporation at June 30, 1937, taking securities owned at their value based on market quotations and after deducting the dividend of 25 cents per share payable July 15, 1937, amounted to \$11,001,694, equivalent to \$61.12 per share on the outstanding capital stock. This compares with \$66.15 per share on March 31, 1937, with \$62.19 per share on Dec. 31, 1936 and with \$57.30 on June 30, 1936, since which time dividends of \$4 per share have been declared on the capital stock. Such net assets are after an allowance for Federal normal and State taxes at current rates on realized profits and an estimated allowance for taxes on unrealized appreciation is securities held, but without any allowance for the surtax on realized but undistributed profits or any allowance for excess profits tax or surtax on unrealized appreciation.

Total assets of corporation based on market quotations as of June 30.

0,

Total assets of corporation based on market q	uotations as	of June 30,
1937 were distributed approximately as follows: Cash, U. S. Govt. securities, accrued interest, &c Bonds Preferred stocks Common stocks	$$2,660,164 \\ 204,844 \\ 1,031,750 \\ 7,696,938$	$22.9\% \\ 1.8\% \\ 8.9\% \\ 66.4\%$
Less: reserves for taxes and dividends Provision for taxes on unrealized profits	\$11,593,695 314,000 278,000	100.0%
Balance	\$11,001,695	
Earnings for the 6 Months Ended Just Cash dividends		\$153,250 6,746 875
TotalExpenses Provision for miscellaneous Federal, State and other		\$160,871 14,881 13,748
Net income		c\$132,242 90,000

Balance Sheet June 30, 1937

Taranto Direct	J 14/10 00; 2001
Furniture and fixtures 1	
Total\$10,708,963	Total\$10,708,963

x Represented by 180,000 no par shares.

Note—The aggregate value of securities owned, based on market quotations at June 30, 1937, was in excess of cost by \$884,731. If this appreciation were realized, taxes thereon (other than excess profits tax and surtax on undistributed profits) computed on the basis of specific costs in accordance with Federal tax regulations and at present rates are estimated at approximately \$278,000.—V. 144, p. 2662.

National Breweries, Ltd.-Earnings-

Years Ended Dec. 31— Operating profits— Investment income————————————————————————————————————	$147.216 \\ 64.583$	\$2,527,009 217,475 14,433	\$2,214,002 158,235 7,260
Total income		\$2,758,916	\$2,379,497
Directors' fees Reserve for income and profits taxes	412,440	431,311	12,887 $322,464$
Reserve for other investments Deprec. on buildings and machinery	356,790	355,642	100,000 $345,249$
Net income		\$1,971,963	\$1,598,897
Preferred stock dividends	$194.250 \\ 1,442.744$	$194,250 \\ 1,154,195$	194,250 1 154 195
Balance surplus	\$137 022	\$623 518	\$250,452
Dalamas Ch.	at Dec 91		

Balance Sheet Dec. 31

Goodwill. Deferred charges Time loans Call loans Cash Acets. receivable Inventories Investments in and advs. to sub. co.	1,500,000 151,532 100,000 600,000 470,414 1,281,038 1,516,418 2,776,801 1,163,333	1,500,000 114,810 100,000 400,000 649,829 1,072,963 1,572,375 2,338,183 1,312,402	Liabilities— Preferred stock x Common stock Deprec. reserve General reserve Accounts payable. Taxes Surplus	1936 \$ 2,775,000 5,410,285 5,793,589 500,000 441,836 540,605 6,297,369	1935 \$ 2,775,000 5,410,285 5,442,874 500,000 414,856 477,523 6,182,280
Other investments		217,651			

Total _____21,758,684 21,202,817 | Total ____21,758,684 x Represented by 721,372 shares (no par).—V. 143 p. 435. ---21,758,684 21,202,817

National Candy Co. (& Sub.)-Earnings

mational candy co. (& D	W	11001040	
Years Ended Dec. 31— Gross profit from sales Sell., adminis. & general expenses Other deductions ,net) Income taxes	1,625,297 91,517	1,581,700 82,988	1934 \$2,147,383 1,487,242 76,962 94,438
Net profit	$\frac{66,087}{70,462}$	70,462	\$488,740 66,087 70,462 192,815
Balance, surplus	\$.73		\$159,376 \$1.82

Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 31

	1936	1935	1	1936	1935
Assets-	8	8	Liabilities-	8	8
Cash	521,647	612,562	Accounts payable.	398,863	324,032
Marketable secur.		43,472	Notes payable	325,000	
x Customers' accts	1,372,634		Ser. g. notes pay'le		43,000
Inventories	2,580,108	2,335,058	Dividends payable	82,341	82,341
Margin deps. on			Accrued accounts_	106,108	74,059
grain futures	10,100	1,250	Taxes	67,050	26,200
Cash value of life			5% ser. gold notes	483,000	532,000
insurance	29,889		Deferred credit	18,180	121,114
Process'g taxes de-			Min. shareholders'		
posit in escrow		127,941		587,093	585,798
Other assets	248,579		Res. for conting	60,000	60,000
	5,372,973		7% 1st pref. stock.	944,100	944,100
Deferred assets	82,804	63,779	7% 2d pref. stock.	1,006,600	1,006,600
Good will, patent			Common stock	4,820,375	4,820,375
rights & tr. mks.	15,856	18,788	Surplus	1,286,879	1,315,080
Total1	0,234,590	9,934,699	Total	0.234.590	9,934,699

x Less allowance for doubtful accounts, &c., of \$75,493 in 1935 and \$76,043 in 1936. y Less allowance for depreciation of \$4,473,771 in 1935, and \$4,801,370 in 1936.—V. 144, p. 4015.

National Oats Co.—Earnings-

Years Ended Dec. 31— Operating profit and miscellaneous income——— Depreciation on buildings, machinery and equipm't Provision for income tax————————————————————————————————————	1936 \$341,390 32,105 a53,845	\$209,671 38,834 23,675
Net income Previous surplus Excess reserve for 1934 Fed. inc. tax over require't	\$255,440 243,549	\$147,161 196,195 193
Total Dividends paid (cash) Additional Federal income taxes for prior years	\$498,989 200,000 1,577	\$343,549 100,000
Surplus as at Dec. 31	\$297,412	\$243,549

		surtax.	and Dec 21		
			neet Dec. 31		
Assets—	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Cash	\$253,548		Accounts payable.	\$48,751	\$46,288
Bonds (at cost)	204,781		Accr. payrolls and		
a Cust. accts. rec.	300,506	214,708	expenses	9,483	6,596
Advs. on purch. of			Due to employees_	9,373	2,495
grain & supplies,			Provision for taxes	85,519	50,658
deposits & misc.			Res.for advetising	12,487	12,486
accts. receiv'le	18,378	15,017		1,625,000	1,625,000
Inventories	460,252	358,773	Surplus	297,412	243,549
Prepd.& def'd exps	52,283	58,871			
Real estate notes					
receiv., secured_	668	752			
Due from officers					
and employees	21,911	25,178			
Investments	8,095	8,144			
b Land, bldgs.,ma-					
chinery, furnit.&					
fixts. & miscell.					
equipment	767,601	770,783			

Total_____\$2,088,024 \$1,987,075 Total_____\$2,088,024 \$1,987,075 a After reserve for bad debts of \$4,053 in 1936 and \$3,313 in 1935. b After reserve for depreciation of \$1,231,232 in 1936 and \$1,199,126 in 1935.—V. 144, p. 3510.

National Cylinder Gas Co.—Acquisition—
M. Keith Dunham, Chairman of the Board of this company, announced on July 15 the acquisition of voting control of the Carbo-Oxygen Co.
Mr. Dunham stated that it is his belief that under the management of National Cylinder Gas Co. considerable economies will be effected and the move will result in increased earnings for the stockholders of National Cylinder Gas.—V. 145, p. 123.

New England Gas & Electric Association—Ann. Report F. H. Golding, President, says in part:
In 1935, subsidiary companies of the association operating in the Province of Nova Scotia, Canada, were sold. As of Sept. 1, 1936 the Maritime Electric Co., Ltd., operating in the Provinces of New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island, Canada, was also sold, completing the program of sale of all the Canadian properties. The association's subsidiaries are now confined, with relatively minor exceptions, to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Early in the year 1937 the association accuired the controlling interests in

nned, with relatively minor exceptions, to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Early in the year 1937 the association accuired the controlling interests in the Plymouth County Electric Co. and Plymouth Gas Light Co. through the exchange of stock with Massachusetts Utilities Associates in some of whose affiliated companies a subsidiary of New Engand Gas & Electric Association held minority interests. Plymouth County Electric Co. serves a population of about 41,000 in 13 communities which include the towns of Plymouth, Marshfield and Wareham. Company furnishes electricity to about 15,600 customers. Plymouth Gas Light Co. serves a population of 15,700 in the towns of Plymouth and Kingston, furnishing gas to approximately 1,700 customers.

During the year 1936 the Cape & Vineyard Electric Co. issued 4% first mortgage bonds due 1965 in the principal amount of \$750,000, the proceeds of which were applied to a reduction of its debt to the association. This increase in subsidiary funded debt was more than offset by a decrease of \$307,900 in the debentures of the association outstanding in the hands of the public, a reduction in notes payable to banks of \$\$94,600, and a reduction in indebtedness to affiliated companies of \$360,138 or a net reduction in consolidated funded and short-term debt of \$812,638.

solidated funded and sho	rt-term deb	t of \$812,638		
Consolidate		count for Cal		
	1936	1935	1934	1933
Total oper. revenues	13,688,385	\$13,439,681	\$13,175,342	\$12,966,341
Operating expenses	6,757,001	6,801,204	6,432,211	5,850,301
Maintenance	1,072,009	1,119,453	1,065,514	987,094
Prov. for retires., renew.				
& replaces. of fixed cap	1.246.389	1.076.934	1.116.454	1,183,278
Federal income taxes	352.839	252,354	338,961	128,760
Fed. surtax on undistrib.				
profits	42,107			
Other taxes	1.878,913	1.879.512	1.767.159	1,676,595
Other teaces			-11-11-11	
Operating income	\$2,339,126	\$2,310,224	\$2,455,041	\$3,140,311
Other income (net)	461,921	272,589	356,139	363,884
trend income (ner)				
Gross income	\$2,801,047	\$2,582,813	\$2,811,180	\$3,504,195
Sub. cos.: Int. on un-				
funded debt, &c	112,061	84,816	78,819	165,444
Int. on funded debt	28,333			
Int. chgd. to construc.	Cr6,454	Cr11.150	Cr5,533	Cr7,584
Int. applic. to com.				
stk. held by pub	73.564	92,381	91.527	88,205
New Engl. Gas & Elec.				
Assn.:				
Int. on funded debt	2.124,766	2,158,220	2,231,939	2,222,805
Int. on unfunded debt	727	1.537	4.977	12,327
Amortiz. of debt disct. &				
expense	19,385	19,409	19,409	19,402
Balance of income	\$448,665	\$237,599	\$390,041	\$1,003,594
Divs. on \$5.50 pref. shs_	99,994	112,504	487,475	549,970

Balance	\$348,671	\$125,095	def\$97,433	\$453,623
Compo	lidated Balan	nce Sheet Dec	31	
		1	1936	1935
1936	1935	Liabilities-		1935
Assets— \$				•
Fixed capital 91,057,464			A. 40,500,000	40,500,000
Investments 10,416,748	10,180,008	Subs. cos. co		40,000,000
Acets. rec. from	13.399			1.917.007
affil cos a170.582				

W-4414446		******			
	Consol	idated Balan	nce Sheet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Fixed capital Investments	10,416,748	92,785,040 $10,185,063$			40,500,000
Accts. rec. from affil. cos Deps. for mat'd	a170,582	13,399	Funded debt	1,732,827 $42,908,600$	1,917,007 42,466,500
bond interest. Special deposits. Cash	90,393 287,640 1,952,049	26,790	Accts. pay.to af- filiated co Notes payable	28,351 1,617,200	a388,490 2,511,800
Cash pledged agst. notes pay. to banks			Advances from Finance Co Mat'd bond int	90.393	145,254 57,093
Ctf. of deposit Notes receivable	8,105		Accts. payable. Divs. declared	540,403 13,474 1,032,886	443,690 14,784 900,638
Accts. receivable Int. & divs. rec. Mat'ls & supp is	1,665,563 14,542 834,125		Accr.taxes & int. Misc. accruals Consumers dep.	24,276 521,698	35,143 512,984
Def. debit items	922,785	958,226	Cont. for exten_ Reserves Corporate surp_	43,287 14,975,032 3,443,777	44,825 15,543,506 3,097,313

.....107,472,205 108,579,029 Total......107,472,205 108,579,029 Total ... a Includes notes. b Represented by 100,000 shares of \$5.50 dividend series preferred stock, no par: 155,000 shares of \$7 cum. 2d pref. stock no par, and 200,000 shares of common stock, no par.—V. 144, p. 3682.

New River Co.	(& Subs.)-	-Earnings-	_	
Calendar Years—	1936	1935	2.965.061	1933 2.565,608

Net profit for year Previous surplus_ Miscellaneous cre	r	\$3,284,712 \$357,701 2,558,043 215,500	\$404,566 2,503,708	\$791,363 2,377,460	\$84,701 2,134,505 220,090
Total surplus Miscellaneous cha 1st deficiency ass	essm'ts	\$3,131,244 215,500	\$2,908,274 48,616	\$3,168,824 391,880	\$2,439,295 61,836
of Fed. income for prior years. Preferred dividen		416,346	$93,892 \\ 207,723$	$\frac{65,057}{208,179}$	
Profit & loss su	rplus	\$2,499,398	\$2,558,043	\$2,503,708	\$2,377,461
Cor	nparativ	e Consolidat	ed Balance Sh	eet Dec. 31	
Assets— Cash	1936 \$ 532,89	1935	Liabilities- Notes pay to	1936 • \$	1935 \$ 0 300,000

Assets—	8	S	Liabilities-	8	8
Cash	532,894	450.492	Notes pay to banks	300,000	300,00
U. S. Govt. & oth.	002,002		Accounts payable	505,052	512,90
mkt. secur., &c.	18,570	69.773	Burial assn. deps	49,903	43,11
Notes & accts, rec.	1.295,882		Accrued accounts.	97.551	33,79
Inventories.	1.020,548		Est. Fed. inc. tax.	129,000	90.62
Other assets	348,340		Res. for conting	432.884	983,89
x Land, buildings.	010,010	020,002	6% cum. pref. stk.	6.962,500	6.962.50
	1 494 902	12 281 376	Common stock	3.837,900	3,837,90
Min'g suppls., pre-	1,101,001	12,201,010	Surplus	2,499,398	2,558.04
paid exps., &c	103,051	97,273		-,,	-,,-
			m.s.s.	14.814.188	15 200 76
Total1	4.814.188	15,322,768	Total	14,014,100	10,022,10

x After reserves for depletion, depreciation and amortization of \$5,389,998 in 1936 and \$4,188,396 in 1935.—V. 143, p. 4010.

New York Air Brake Co.—Earnings

1937-6 Mos.-1936 **x\$**914,794 259,120 **\$**3.53 \$240,444 259,120 \$0.92

x Before Federal surtax on undistributed profits.—V. 144, p. 3512.

New York Hanseatic Corp.—Obituary—Carl Boschwitz, President of the company, died suddenly of a heart attack in his office on July 12.—V. 144, p. 459.

New York Central Electric Corp. (& Subs.)—Earnings

INOW merged			at Gas Corp	p.]
Years End. Dec. 31— Electric Gas Steam heating	1936 \$4,034,639 1,166,580 49,336	\$3,985,844 1,008,457 46,673	\$3,827,210 891,804 47,312	\$3,709,990 872,682 44,608
Total oper revenues Oper. exps. and maint Prov. for retire., renew.	\$5,250,555 3,604,364	\$5,040.975 3,496,082	\$4,766,327 3,069,224	\$4,627,281 2,852,700
and replacements Taxes (incl. prov. for	326,698	334,563	339,655	380,806
Federal income taxes)	y424,560	373,042	384.630	359,871
Operating income	\$894,933 44,038	\$837,287 1,438	\$972,817 2,071	\$1,133,904 5,435
Gross income Int. on funded debt Int. on unfunded debt Int. during construction	\$938,971 507,237 246,450 Cr3,101	\$838,725 507,288 234,858 Cr1,341	\$974,888 507,288 236,615 Cr151	\$1,139,339 507,288 266,419 Cr14,616
Amort. of dt. disc. & exp. Amort. of misc. suspense Divs.on pref.stks.of subs.	17.500	43,505 17,500 174,430	43,614 19,500 174,430	43,514 *29,700 174,430
Net loss	\$47,048	\$137,515	\$6,408r	rof\$132.604

x This amount was shown as a direct charge to corporate surplus in 1933. y Includes \$15.582 Federal surtax on undistributed profits.

Consolidated Ralance Sheet Dec

	Consol	raatea Bata	nce Sheet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Plant, prop., &c 3	1.736,434	31.828.113	Capital stock	9.545,000	9,545,000
Investments	87,005			9,364,500	
Notes & accts. rec.			Notes & accts. pay.		0,000,000
from affil. cos	32,407	10	to affiliated cos.		3.683.412
Deposits for mat'd			Matured bond int.	-,,,	0,000,111
bd. int. & divs.			& divs. (contra)	37,107	35,903
(contra)	37,107	35,903	Accounts payable.	182,546	239,453
Dep. with trustee			Taxes accrued	171,350	116,543
in lieu of mtgd.			Interest accrued	134,330	127,178
property sold	2,400		Miscell. accruals	46,265	38,464
Cash (incl. work-			Consum's' service		
ing funds)	136,093	149,109		166,302	154,309
Notes receivable	11,952	15,615			
Accts. receivable	451,164	499,213		258,000	136,000
Mat'ls & supplies.	256,676	315,126	Reserves	2,197,640	2,106,317
Appli'ce accts. rec.	000 000	100 000	Contrib. for exten.		
sold (contra)	258,000			172,468	166,577
Def'd debit items_	768,174	734,686	Capital surplus	7,568,378	7,861,863
_			Corporate surplus.	150,311	241,299
Total3	3.777.412	33.817.819	Total	33 777 412	33 817 819

	Total		12 00,011,018
Statement of Income (Parent Comp	any Only)	
Years Ended Dec. 31— Operating revenues—Electric— Gas Steam heating	\$1,703,915 100,568	1935 \$1,655,995 92,535 46,673	\$1,598,936 105,231 47,311
TotalOperating expenses	1,039,085 175,684 104,755	\$1,795,204 961,911 159,882 66,462 9,426 143,327	\$1,751,480 836,614 136,237 94,628 17,043 141,400
Operating incomeOther income	\$381,194 15,025	\$454.194	\$525,554
Gross income_ Interest on funded debt Interest on unfunded debt Amort. of debt discount and expense_ Amort of miscell. expense_ Provision for losses of subsidiaries Interest charged to construction	\$396,219 238,297 145,843 17,121 17,500 24,896 Cr391	\$454,194 238,297 138,198 17,121 17,500 181,320 Cr728	\$525,554 238,297 143,032 17,121 19,500 114,047 Cr35
Net loss	\$47,048	\$137,515	\$6,407

E	Salance Shee	t Dec. 31	(Parent Company	Only)	
	1936	1935		1936	1935
Assets-	\$	8	LAabilities-	8	8
Fixed capital	10,911,433	10,937,197	Capital stock	6,868,100	6.868,100
Investments	10,624,513	10,697,569	Funded debt	4,437,500	
Notes & accts. re			Accts. payable to	-,,	-1-011000
from affil. cos	5,394		affiliated cos	2,354,400	2,205,331
Deposits for mat			Mat'd bond int	30.056	29,844
bond interest.	30,056	29,844	Other curr. liabil	261,009	
Cash (incl. wor			Guaranty of appli.		000,010
ing funds)		30,007	accts, rec. sold		
Acc'ts receivable.	147,772	167,315	(contra)	107,000	56,000
Mat'ls & supplie	8_ 13,449	72,326	Reserves	145,546	182,841
Appl'ce accts. re			Contrib. for ext'ns	26,104	22,849
sold (contra)		56,000	Capital surplus	8,117,418	8.267,030
Def'd debit item	479,600	477,210	Corporate surplus_	3,669	94,657
Total	_22,350,802	22,467,468	Total	22,350,802	22.467.46

-V. 144, p. 2838.

New York Central RR.—Earnings—

THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF		cer recrey o		
Period End. May 31— 19 Railway oper. revenues_\$31, Railway oper. expenses_ 23,	37—Mon 127.851 \$	28.154.6139	1937—5 A 8155,829,4968	fos.—1936 3142,029,465 108,793,286
Railway tax accruals 2,	522,379	\$6,903,667	\$39,654,649	\$33,236,179
	360,874	2,202,644	11,876,969	10,603,856
	205,125	1,420,039	6,431,733	7,183,754
	$\frac{956,380}{948,442}$	\$3,280,984 1,666,504	\$21,345,947 9,706,358	\$15,448,569 8,317,697
	904,822	\$4,947,488	\$31,052,305	\$23,766,266
	160,187	109,997	690,586	610,859
	744,635	\$4,837,491	\$30,361,719	\$23,155,407
	528,695	4,763,998	22,692,288	23,840,269
Net income\$1,	\$0.19	\$73,493	\$7,669,431	def\$684,86?
Net inc. per sh. of stock		\$0.01	\$1.19	def\$0.14

Note—Does not include accrual for excise tax account Railroad Retirement Act. Excluding commutation passengers and revenue, interline and local passengers for May, 1937, increased 575,454, or 50.93%, but revenue resulting therefrom increased only \$606,928, or 14.85%, and for the five months of 1937 the increase in interline and local passengers amounted to 2,353,744, or 39.99%, with an increase in revenue of only \$1,544,393, or 7.11%.—V. 145, p. 125.

New York & Queens Electric Light & Power Co .-

New President—

Ralph H. Tapscott, President of the Consolidated Edison Co. of New York, Inc., was on July 12 elected President of this company, succeeding Frank W. Smith, who retired on June 30 under the utility system's age limit of 70. Mr. Tapscott succeeded Mr. Smith as President of the Consolidated company on March 17.

The complete roster of officers of the Queens company includes, in addition to Mr. Tapscott, Floyd L. Carlisle and Oscar H. Fogg, Chairman & Vice-Chairman of the Board; Lawrence A. Coleman, Executive Vice-President; Harold C. Dean, Vice-President; Douglass Brown, Secretary, and Frank C. Gordon, Treasurer.—V. 144, p. 3011.

New York & Richmond Gas Co.—Earnings 6 Mos. End. June 30— 1937 1936 1935 1934

Net income after Federal taxes and charges... x\$59,628 x\$68,408 \$73,021 \$113,015 x Exclusive of Federal surtaxes on undistributed profits.—V. 144, p. 4354.

New York State Electric & Gas Corp.—Annual Report-

S. J. Magee, Chairman and C. L. Cadle, President, state in part: Since publication of last year's report considerable progress has been made in the program of consolidating the New York State operating properties of the Associated Gas & Electric Co. Among the major accomplishments

Since publication of last year's report variables and probability in the program of consolidating the New York State operating properties of the Associated Gas & Electric Co. Among the major accomplishments are these:

Elmira Light, Heat & Power Corp. was merged with this company on Dec. 29, 1936, as of Nov. 30, 1936.

New York Central Electric Corp. and Empire Gas & Electric Co. were merged with this company in 1937, as of Dec. 31, 1936.

The history of the company from the time of its formation has been a record of progressive simplification and unification. At the close of 1935 the corporate structure reflected the results of the acquisition and merger of approximately 100 gas and electric properties located throughout the State of New York. At the beginning of 1936 the company had plans under way to acquire by purchase or merger the property of the following affiliated companies: Elmira Light, Heat & Power Corp.; New York Central Electric Corp.; Empire Gas & Electric Co. Owego Gas Corp., and Tracy Development Co.

Acting upon approval obtained from the Federal Power Commission and the New York P. S. Commission, company proceeded to merge Elmira Light, Heat & Power Corp. on Dec. 29, 1936 as of Nov. 30, 1936.

The P. S. Commission authorized the merger by the company of the New York Central Electric Corp. on Dec. 9, 1936 and of the Empire Gas & Electric Co. to April 27, 1937. A sufficient amount of the preferred stock of New York Central Electric Corp. and Empire Gas & Electric Co. to April 27, 1937. Property of Tracy Development Co.

April 20, 1937 and May 5, 1937, respectively. Owego Gas Corp., which is now a direct subsidiary of New York State Electric & Gas Corp. in all probability will be merged within the current year.

The acquisition of the property of Tracy Development Co. will be accomplished as soon as practicable following favorable action upon the petition by the P. S. Commission.

Financin—Pursuant to authority of the P. S. Commission, company during the early part of 1937 issued \$13,906,500 of

redeniption of exchange of obtaining bolids, to the payment of a plantasory note and to the construction of certain rural electric lines.

The following issues were retired:
(1) \$361,000 New York State Gas & Electric Corp. 1st mtge. 6s, 1952, redeemed July 1, 1937.
(2) \$3.445,000 New York State Gas & Electric Corp. 1st mtge. 5½s, 1962, redeemed April 5, 1937.
(3) \$305,000 New York State Electric & Gas Corp. 1st mtge. 55, 1962.
(4) \$1,218,000 Lockport Light, Heat & Power Co. 1st mtge. 5½s, series A 1954, redeemed May 1, 1937.
(5) \$6,971,000 Binghamton Light, Heat & Power Co. 1st ref. mtge. 5s, 1946, redeemed April 1, 1937.
(6) \$366,400 Depew & Lancaster Light, Power & Conduit Co. 1st mtge. 5s, 1954, redeemable Aug. 1, 1937.
(7) \$5,500 Chasm Power Co. 1st mtge. coupon bonds (5% due serially to April 15, 1955), provision for the payment thereof was made by deposit of amount of principal and interest to maturity.
(8) \$235,000 Plattsburgh Gas & Electric Co. 1st mtge. 5s, 1939, provision for the payment thereof was made by deposit of the amount of principal and interest to maturity.
(9) \$750,000 promissory note 4¼%, due Aug. 19, 1941.
Under date of April 30, 1937, the holders of New York Central Electric Conditions of New York Centr

cipal and interest to maturity.

(9) \$750,000 promissory note 4¼%, due Aug. 19, 1941.

Under date of April 30, 1937, the holders of New York Central Electric Corp. 7% preferred stock were informed that the terms and conditions of the merger of that company with New York State Electric & Gas Corp. provided that for each share of preferred stock the owner would be entitled to receive \$100 in cash. An alternative offer was made on April 22, 1937 providing for the delivery \$105 of 5% promissory notes of New York State Electric & Gas Corp. due March 15, 1938 for each share of such stock. Under date of May 4, 1937 the holders of Empire Gas & Electric Co. 6% and 7% cumulative preferred stocks were informed that the terms and conditions of the merger of that company with New York State Electric Co. 6% Gas Corp. provided that for each share of preferred stock the owner would be entitled to receive \$100 and \$105 in cash respectively. An alternative offer was made under date of May 7, 1937 providing for the delivery of \$105 of 5% promissory notes of New York State Electric & Gas Corp. due March 15, 1938 for each share of such 6% preferred stock and \$105 of such notes plus \$5 in cash for each share of the 7% preferred stock and \$105 of such notes plus \$5 in cash for each share of the 7% preferred stock and \$105 of such notes plus \$5 in cash for each share of the 7% preferred stock and \$105 of such notes plus \$5 in cash for each share of the 7% preferred stock and \$105 of such notes plus \$5 in cash for each share of the 7% preferred stock and \$105 of such notes plus \$5 in cash for each share of the 7% preferred stock and \$105 of such notes plus \$5 in cash for each share of the 7% preferred stock and \$105 of such notes plus \$5 in cash for each share of the 7% preferred stock and \$105 of such notes plus \$5 in cash for each share of the 7% preferred stock and \$105 of such notes plus \$5 in cash for each share of the 7% preferred stock and \$105 of such notes plus \$5 in cash for each share of the 7% preferred stock and \$105 of su

will be sold to pay off the notes and the balance of the proceeds used for construction.

Under date of June 22, 1937 the Commission approved the reclassification of the capital stock of the corporation into 50,000 shares of authorized common stock without par value (into which all of the present and outstanding stock is being converted), and 100,000 shares of authorized 5% preferred stock having a par value of \$100 per share. The Commission authorized the issuance of \$8,507,800 of the above mentioned 5% preferred stock of which \$5,000,000 is to be used for construction and the balance for the payment of indebtedness.

Statement of Income (Earning Power—Annual Charge Basis) for Cal. Years [Giving effect to merger of New York Central Electric Corp. and subsidiaries and acquisition of Tracy Development Co.]

	1936	1935
Operating revenues—Electric	\$18,238,282	\$17,560,766
Gas	3,373,434	3,033,853
Steam heating	198,224	
Transportation	211,392	197,050
Total operating revenues	\$22,021,333	\$20,968,893
Operating expenses	12.607.500	11,745,856
Maintenance	1.784.439	1,779,125
Provision for retirements, renewals, and replace-		
ments of fixed capital	1.041.701	1.022.597
Provision for taxes:	-,0,.0-	-1010
Federal income (incl. Federal surtax on undis-		
tributed profits)	216,678	256,190
Other		1,465,484
Operating income	\$4.792.843	\$4,699,639
Operating incomeOther income		\$1,000,000
Other income	240,042	
Gross income	\$5.033,385	
Interest on funded debt	2,469,340	
Interest on unfunded debt	650,176	
Amortization of debt discount and expense	175.395	
Amortization of miscellaneous suspense	118.016	
Less: Interest charged to construction (credit)	9,091	
Net income	\$1 620 540	

Notes—The above statement, prepared from the books of the companies, without verification by certified public accountants, includes operations for both periods of all companies irrespective of dates acquired. Deductions from income in the above statement applying to interest on funded and unfunded debt are computed on the amounts outstanding at Dec. 31, 1936 on an annual basis

on an annual pasis.

Annua linterest requirements based on the funded debt outstanding at April 30, 1937, after giving effect to the acquisitions and to the refunding of

certain securities as described above, amount to \$2,321,095, which if applied to the above statement for the year ended Dec. 31, 1936 would reflect a net income of \$1,777,794.

rottoes at mee tmen-me of				
Inco	me Account	for Calendar	Years	
	a1936	1935	1934	1933
Operating revenues		\$13,723,190		\$12,871,486
Operating expenses		7,617,262		6,613,418
Maintenance		1,095,516	1,025,639	1,025,289
Prov. for retirements, renewals and replace-				
ments of fixed capital_	631,054	593,131	337,854	314.173
Federal income tax		236,635	306.438	330,495
Other taxes	999,446		897,718	739,967
Operating income	\$3,453,975	\$3,281,781	\$3,714,417	\$3,848,143
Other income	284,398	151,387	147,543	147,879
Gross income	\$3,738,373	\$3,433,168	\$3,861,960	\$3,996,022
Interest on funded debt	1.730,680	1,592,235	1,586,830	1.586,401
Interest on unfund. debt	302,367	203,456	153.134	96,356
Amort. of debt disc. and			200,202	001000
expense	114,845	113,312	113,215	120,033
Amort. of misc. suspense	73,016	70,563	70,563	64,663
Interest charged to con-	* 5.456	F 000	0.070	FO 000
struction—Cr	5,430	5,938	6,073	52,028
Net income	\$1,522,921	\$1,459,540	\$1,944,291	\$2,180,596
Divs. on A & B com. stk.	1,175,000	1.775.000	2.831.000	2,060,000
Balance, surplus	\$347,921	def\$315,460	def\$886,709	\$120,596
a As of Nov. 30, 1936.	Elmira Lig	ht. Heat & 1	Power Corp.	was merged

a As of Nov. 30, 1936, Elmira Light, Heat & Power Corp. was merg with New York State Electric & Gas Corp. and the figures for 1936 shown above include the operations of the merged companies from the date.

auto.	Balance S	Sheet Dec. 31	
Assets— 1936	1935	Liabilities— 1936	1935
Plant, prop., &c. 88,019,967 Investments 579,100		Funded debt40,596,900	
Notes & accts. rec. from sub. & af-	1 110 155	Note & accts. pay. to affil. cos 4,026,53	5 1,281,886
filiated cos 335,370 Depos. for mat'd bonds and bond	1,110,455	Purch. money ob- ligations 200,000 Mat'd bonds & bd.	200,000
int. (contra) 23,110 Depos. for sinking	27,022		27,022 800,000
funds, &c 137,272 Cash (incl. work~	26,137		556,503
ing funds) 1,097,589 Notes receivable 14,850	9,346	Misc. accruals 190,718	494,212
Accts. receivable 1,254,594 Int. & divs. rec	9,554	line deposits 932,039	816,435
Mat'ls & supplies 702,010 Contra to conting.	495,993	Conting. liabil. on note pay. (cont.) 20,000 Guar. of appl.acets	20,000
liability on note payable 20,000 Appl. accts. rec.	20,000		449,000
sold (contra) 901,000 Def. debit items 5,443,009	449,000 3,714,194	unadj. credits 5,859,909	4,248,039
2000 1000000000000000000000000000000000	2,,	(non refundable) 711,802 Capital surplus18,753,724 Corporate surplus 724,153	13,611,207
Total 98.527.870	81.493.579	Total98.527.870	81.493.579

Newport Electric Corp.—Earnings-

Earnings for the 12 Months Ended March 31, 1937 Operating revenue Operating expenses Maintenance Provision for retirements Taxes, incl. Federal income tax of \$39,764	\$781,940 315,285 28,546 65,396 102,493
Profit	\$270,221 8,320
Gross income	\$278,540 31,320 1,043 21,247
Net income	\$224.930

Note—There was no Federal surtax on undistributed profits payable in the calendar year 1936 and no provision has been made in respect of the three months ended March 31, 1937.—V. 141, p. 443.

Northern Insurance Co. of N. Y.—Extra Dividend-The directors have declared an extra dividend of \$1 per share in addition to the regular semi-annual dividend of \$1.50 per share on the common stock, par \$12.50 payable July 29 to holders of record July 15. Similar payments were made on Jan. 15, last. Extra dividends of 50 cents per share were paid on July 30 and Jan. 27, 1936 and on July 29, and Jan. 28, 1935.—V. 144, p. 783.

Northern States Power Co. (Del.) (& Subs.)-Earnings Period End. May 31—
Gross oper. revenue.....
Net oper. rev. & other
inc. before approp. for
retire. res. & taxes....
Approp. for retire. res..
Net inc. after income deducts. incl. int. chgs.,
amort of debt disc't &
evn. other ing. deducts.

exp. other inc. deducts. 2,490,341 5.107.890 2,805,206 5,505,681 &c -V. 145, p. 126.

(Charles F.) Noyes Co., Inc.—Accumulated Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 45 cents per share on account of accumulations on the 6% cumulative preferred stock, par \$30, payable Aug. 1 to holders of record July 26. A dividend of 75 cents was paid on April 26, last; 60 cents was paid on Feb. 1 last and dividends of 45 cents were paid on Nov. 2 and Aug. 1, 1936. Arrearages after the current payment will amount to 90 cents per share.—V. 144, p. 2839.

Northern States Power Co. (Minn.)—Weekly Output— Electric output of the Northern States Power Co. system for the week ended July 10, 1937, totaled 24,257,744 kwh., an increase of 5.3%, com-pared with the corresponding week last year.

Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co.—Earnings-12 Months Ended May 31— 1937 1936 Operating revenues \$12,791,011 \$11,694,702 Operating expenses, maintenance and taxes 6,683,093 6,084,926 Net oper, rev. (before approp. for retire, res've) \$6,107,918 Other income 2,265 Net oper rev. & other income (before appropriation for retirement reserve) \$6,110,183 Appropriation for retirement reserve \$1,200,000 \$5,612,485 1,025,000
 Gross income
 \$4,910,183

 Interest charges (net)
 1,980,704

 Amort. of debt discount and expense
 327,915

 Other income deductions
 39,586
 \$4,587,485 2,224,888 375,360 28,705 Net income_______\$2,561,977 \$1,958,532 —V. 145, p. 127.

Overseas Securities Co.—Dividend Increased—
The directors have declared a dividend of 40 cents per share on the common stock, no par value, payable Aug. 2 to holders of record July 26. This compares with 30 cents paid on Jan. 27, last, and 25 cents paid on Aug. 5 and on Jan. 27, 1936, this latter being the first dividend paid since Aug. 15, 1929 when \$1 per share was distributed.—V. 144, p. 2840.

Owings Mills Distillery, Inc.—Earnings— Earnings for the Year Ended Dec. 31, 1936 Income sales (bulk and case goods) \$1,091,773 Cost of sales \$868,500 \$270,693 57,247 49,021 24,664

Net profit_____ Balance Sheet Dec. 31, 1936 Cash on hand & demand depos Accounts receivable Notes receiv'le, hypothecated, securing \$181,805 loans.... Inventories (at cost). Inventories (at cost).
Accrued interest receivable...
Property, plant & equipment.
Accrued storage, insurance and
taxes (payable at time of
withdrawal of whiskey from
warehouse)...
Deferred charges...
Organization expense..... $30,261 \\ 9,919 \\ 5,385$ \$958,002 Total \$958,002

x After reserve for depreciation of \$22,406.—V. 143, p. 2220.

Pacific Mills, Ltd.—Earnings-

 Years Ended April 30—
 1937

 Profit \$1,486,098

 Depreciation 631,985

 Depletion 10,742

 Bond interest 38,713

 Prov. for Dom. & Prov. income taxes
 228,000

 \$1,164,446 620,367 4,318 90,049 155,000 \$1,106,188 635,083 10,881 161,769 88,000 Net profit for the year \$576,658
Dividends on preference shares 119,934
Dividends on ordinary shares 150,000 \$294,712 119,934 75,000 \$210,453 119,934 Surplus..... \$90,519 Balance Sheet April 30 | Assets | 1937 | 1936 | Liabilites | 1937 | 370,879 | Acc'ts receivable | 573,191 | 257,643 | Bond int. accrued | Inventories | 1,595,379 | 1,484,682 | Investorit's & accts. | rec., other than current | 98,653 | x Properties | 15,021,420 | 15,033,991 | Guar. sub. mtge. | 6% gold bonds, due 1945 | 6% eum. pref. stk. 1,998,900 | 1,988,693 | 60,000 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,988,693 | 1,9 1936 280,490 11,390 -----218,680

 due 1945.......
 759,300

 6% cum. pref. stk.
 1,998,900
 1,998,900

 Common stock.....
 7,500,000
 7,500,000

 Earned surplus....
 6,726,400
 6,435,088
 Total ______17,826,050 17,203,848 | Total ______17,826,050 17,203,848 **x** After reserve for depreciation and depletion of \$12,051,454 in 1937 and \$11,899,834 in 1936. **y** Includes \$150,000 current serial notes payable.— **V.** 143, p. 598.

Pacific Power & Light Co.—Accumulated Dividends—
The directors have deciared a dividend of \$1.75 per share on the 7% cumuative preferred stock, par \$100, and a dividend of \$1.50 per share on the 6% cumulative preferred stock, par \$100, both payable on account of accumulations on Aug. 1 to holders of record July 17.

Arrearages after the current payment will amount to \$5.25 per share on the 7% stock and \$4.50 per share on the 6% preferred stock.—V. 144, p. 4356.

Pan American Airways Corp.—Initial Div. on New Stock
The directors have declared an initial dividend of 25 cents per share on
the capital stock, par \$5, payable Aug. 2 to holders of record July 20.
The company's capital stock was recently split up on a two-for-one basis—
two new \$5 par shares being issued for each old \$10 par share.—V. 144,
p. 3514

Panhandle Producing & Refining Co.—Assents to Plan Urged-

In a letter to stockholders urging them to sign and file their assents to the amended plan of reorganization as promptly as possible, Roy B. Jones, President, sets forth as grossly misleading and unfair, certain statements contained in a letter sent out by a protective committee for common

contained in a letter soll to be stockholders.

"The officers and directors believe that the amended plan is eminently fair and to the best interests of all stockholders." Mr. Jones states. "Under its provisions the company will be able not only to pay its indebtedness but to increase substantially its working capital which is essential to its further

progress.'
Since the court has ordered a hearing for the consideration of confirma-tion of this plan on July 19, Mr. Jones points out, it is of the greatest importance that assents be on file on that date.—V. 145, p. 289.

We maintain markets in Missouri Public Service 1st 5s, 1960 Deep Rock Oil 7s, 1937 Buffalo, Roch. & Pitts. Cons. Reg'd 4½s Republic Natural Gas Common Stock Penna. R.R. and Reading R.R. Guar. Stocks

YARNALL & CO.

A. T. & T. Teletype—Phila. 22 1528 Walnut Street Philadelphia

Park & Tilford, Inc.—To Increase Capital—
The company has notified the New York Stock Exchange of a proposal to increase its capital stock by 40,000 shares of 6% cumulative convertible \$50 par preferred stock and to change the present 250,000 capital shares to common shares and increase them to 300,000 shares. The new preferred stock would be convertible into common stock at any time at the rate of 1% of common for each preferred. The company stated that it does not contemplate issuing any of this preferred stock at this time.

Stockholders will vote on the above proposal at a special meeting to be held on July 22.—V. 144, p. 3685.

Pennsylvania Co. for Insurances on Lives & Granting

Annuities—Balance Sheet—		
	June 30 '37	Dec. 31 '36
Assets—	00 400 494	100 750 600
Cash and amount of dep. with Fed. Res. Bank		102,752,608
U. S. Government securities	50,082,692	39,239,839
Loans upon collateral	38,393,287	38,765,808
Investment securities	37,952,828	41,444,126
Call loans to brokers	9,424,000	9,823,000
Commercial paper	32,417,469	25,110,470
Commercial paper Reserve fund for protection of "cash balances in trust accounts"		
trust accounts"	7.904.573	7,436,335
Miscellaneous assets	5,402,775	5,318,118
Interest accrued	448,462	635,822
Bank building, vaults and equipment	1.988,431	1.894,826
Customers' liability account letters of credit issued	1,000,101	1,001,020
and accepted, executed.		242,377
TotalLiabilities—	266,859,721	272,663,328
Capital	8,400,000	8,400,000
Surplus		12,000,000
Undivided profits	2,799,883	2,584,549
Reserve for dividends		336,000
Reserve for dividends	406,756	424 050
Reserve for building, taxes and expenses.		434,252
Dividend payable	336,000	22.222
Miscellaneous liabilities	184,535	85,390
Letters of credit and accept. exec. for customers	354,770	242,377
Deposits	239,819,310	246,305,460
Reserve for contingencies	2,558,467	2,275,301
Total	266,859,721	272,663,328

Pennsylvania RR.—Definitive Bonds Ready—
The company on July 12 announced that its 15-year 3½% convertible debenture bonds due April 1, 1952, will be ready for delivery in definitive form on July 15, 1937, upon surrender of temporary bonds at the office of the company, Room 1846, Broad Street Station Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa., or 380 Seventh Ave., N. Y. City.
To facilitate prompt delivery, all exchanges made by mail or express should be forwarded direct to the Treasurer of the company at its Philadelphia office.
The railroad also announced that the following issues will mature and will be paid on July 15:
\$566,000 4% series "E" equipment trust certificates.
485,000 4% series "F" equipment trust certificates.
-V. 145, p. 127.

Peter Paul, Inc. - Stock Increase Voted -Stockholders at a special meeting held July 9 authorized an increase of company's shares to 250,000 from 100,000 and the distribution of new shares two for one as of July 24.—V. 144, p. 4019.

Peoples Drug Stores, Inc.—Preferred Stock Called—
The company announced that 750 shares of its 6½% cumulative convertible preferred stock have been called for redemption on Sept. 15 at \$110 a share and accrued dividends. Payment will be made at the Chase National Bank of the City of New York.—V. 145, p. 289.

Pfeiffer Brewing Co.—Sales—
Company's sales in June totaled 36,326 barrels, a gain of 41% over sales of 25,735 in June, 1936, according to Alfred Epstein, President. For the six months ended June 30, 1937, sales totaled 132,768 barrels, against 126,217 in the corresponding period of 1936, an increase of 5.2%.
The company's proportion of bottled beer to total sold has increased to 5% in June. This compares with 68% in both June, 1936, and January, 1937. June, 1937, bottle sales were 17% over June, 1935, the company's best year, Mr. Epstein stated.—V. 144, p. 3515.

Phelps Dodge Corp.—New Director—
George N. Humphrey has been elected a director to fill a vacancy.—
V. 145, p. 289.

Phoenix Securities Corp.—Resumes Dividends—
The directors on July 9 declared a dividend of 25 cents in cash and 1/70th of a share of Certain-Teed Products Corp. 6% pref. stock on the common stock, payable Aug. 2 to holders of record July 22. This is the first dividend on the common stock since 1930.—V. 145, p. 290.

Pittsburgh Coke & Iron Co. (& Subs.)-Earnings-

Pittsburgh & Lake Erie RR.—Earnings—

Period End. May 31-	1937-Mo	nth-1936	1937-5 Mos1936		
Railway oper. revenues_	\$2,191,706	\$1,824,036	\$10,337,434	\$7,721,102	
Railway oper. expenses_	1,662,633	1,330,733	8,437,830	6,280,613	
Net rev. from oper	\$529,073	\$493,303	\$1,899,604	\$1,440,489	
Railway tax accruals	142,853	169,311	780,090	643,625	
Equip. & jt. facil. rents_	Cr201,877	Cr182,844	Cr881,006	Cr889,353	
Net ry. oper. income_	\$588,097	\$506,836	\$2,000,520	\$1,686,217	
Other income	14,176	13,644	73,894	73,530	
Total income	\$602,273	\$520,480	\$2,074,414	\$1,759,747	
Misc. deduc'ns from inc.	72,900	91,244	312,817	311,660	
Total fixed charges	5,435	7,469	29,248	39,089	
Net income	\$523,938	\$421,767	\$1,732,349	\$1,408,998	
Net inc. per sh. of stock_	\$0.61	\$0.49	\$2.01	\$1.63	
Note—Does not include	e accrual fo	r excise tax	account Rails	road Retire-	

ment Act.-V. 145, p. 129.

(G. E.) Prentice Mfg. Co.—Dividend Increased—
The directors have declared a dividend of \$1 per share on the common stock, par \$25, payable July 15 to bolders of record July 1. Previously regular quarterly dividend of 50 cents per share were distributed. In addition, an extra dividend of \$1 per share was paid on Dec. 15, 1936—V. 143, p. 3855.

Postal Telegraph	Land Li	ine System	m-Earnin	gs
Period End. May 31—	1937—Mos	nth—1936	1937—5 M	os.—1936
Tel. & cable oper. revs	\$1,976,845	\$1,957,399	\$10,022,761	\$9,495,345
Tel. & cable oper. exps.	1,942,789	1,784,039	9,514,832	8,781,112
Net tel.&cable op.rev_	\$34,057	\$173,360	\$507,929	\$714,232
Uncollectible oper. revs_	4,000	2,500	28,000	32,500
Taxes assign. to oper	78,213	40,000	392,376	200,000
Operating income	def\$48,156	\$130,860	\$87,553	\$481,732
Non-oper. income	3,092	3,130	18,428	13,437
Gross income	def\$45,064	\$133,990	\$105,981	\$495,170
Deduc'ns from gross inc_	245,812	236,583	1,220,544	1,176,623
Net deficit	\$290,876	\$102,593	\$1,114,563	\$681,454

Pullman CoE				
[Revenues and E				
Period End. May 31-	1937—Me	mth—1936	1937—5 A	Ios.—1936
Sleeping car operations: Total revenues Total expenses	\$4,659,696 4,489,112	\$4,163,358 4,135,248	\$25,772,361 22,692,011	\$22,442,263 20,556,355
Net revenueAuxiliary operations:	\$170,584	\$28,110	\$3,080,350	\$1,885,908
Total revenues Total expenses	\$168,698 146,937	\$143,334 114,008	\$895,358 717,188	\$802,891 627,059
Net revenue	\$21,761	\$29,326	\$178,170	\$175,832
Total net revenue Taxes accrued	\$192,346 203,226	\$57,436 188,156	\$3,258,520 1,529,993	\$2,061,739 1,068,365
Operating income	loss\$10,881	loss\$130,719	\$1,728,527	\$993,374

Quincy Market Cold Storage & Warehouse Co .-Accumulated Dividend-

Accumulated Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 75 cents per share on account of accumulations on the 5% cumulative preferred stock, par \$100, payable Aug. 2 to holders of record July 15. A similar payment was made on May 1, last and compares with \$5.45 paid on March 26 last; \$2.75 paid on Feb. 1 last, and dividends of 75 cents per share were paid on each of the 12 preceding quarters. In addition, a special dividend of \$1.25 per share was paid on May 1, 1934. A distribution of 25 cents was made on Feb. 1, 1933, and 50 cents per share was disbursed in the three preceding quarters, prior to which regular quarterly dividends of \$1.25 per share were paid.

Effective with the current payment, accruals will amount to \$5.80 per share.—V. 144, p. 2843.

Railway & Light Securities Co.—To Pay 30-Cent Div.—
The directors have declared a dividend of 30 cents per share on the common stock, no par value, payable Aug. 2 to holders of record Dec. 26. This compares with \$1.30 paid on Dec. 23, 1936 and 25 cents paid on Feb. 1, 1936, this latter being the first payment made on the issue since May 2, 1932, when 37½ cents was paid, prior to which regular quarterly distributions of 50 cents per share were made.—V. 144, p. 3016, 621.

R. C. A. Communications, Inc.—Farnings

Period End. May 31-	1937-Mon	ath-1936	1937-5 Mos1936	
Tel. & cable oper. revs	\$397,662	\$349,571	\$2,169,188	\$1,830,559
Total tel.& cable op.exp_	337,987	337,398	1,720,519	1,676,694
Net tel. & cable op.rev.	\$59,674	\$12,172	\$448,669	\$153,865
Other oper. revenues	8,494	8,478	42,489	42,456
Other oper. expenses	12,602	14,053	70,739	73,333
Uncollectible oper. revs.	1,000	1,000	5,000	5,000
Taxes assign. to oper	29,090	14,595	166,346	81,706
Operating income	\$25,477	def\$8,996	\$249,072	\$36,281
Non-oper. income	75,932	47,994	390,238	214,739
Gross income	\$101,409	\$38,999	\$639,310	\$251,020
Deduc'ns from gross inc_	27,898	29,827	140,684	165,658
Net income	\$73,510	\$9,171	\$498,626	\$85,362

Reliable Stores Corp.—Sales—

Month of—	1937	1936
January	\$439,911	\$373,062
February	540,923	431,249
March	677,442	576,449
April	864,436	664,463
May June	971.527 831.967	771.582 741.545

Earnings for Period Ended June 30 (Including Subsidiaries)

 Period Ende June 30 (Including Subsidia

 Period End. June 30—
 1937—3 Mos.—1936
 1937—6 Mos.

 Net prof. aft int., deprec.
 \$ 452,636
 \$ 249,942
 \$ 417,753

 Earns. per sb. on 354,620
 \$ 0.91
 \$ 0.65
 \$ 1.03

 1937-6 Mos.-1936 \$235,028 \$0.54

For the 12 months ended June 30, 1937, earnings (after above charges) were \$1,121,990, or \$2.90 per share, compared with \$795,641, or \$2.01 per share for 12 months ended June 30, 1936.

x After estimated provision for bad debts and repossession losses for 1937.

Note—Above figures are exclusive of company's share in the earnings of Frank Corp.

Frank Corp.
Federal surtaxes on undistributed profits have not been deducted from the profits shown above. Such taxes for the full year 1936 anounted to \$35,010. All figures for 1937 are subject to audit and adjustment at the end of the calendar year.—V. 144, p. 4197.

Renner CoAnn	ual Repo	ort—	
Net sales for period Costs of manufacturing, b	ottling, &c	r Ended Dec. 31, 1936	\$1,782,602 730,293 853,284
Other income Provision for depreciation.		tax	\$199,026 15,791 70,868 34,298
Dividends paid			\$109,651 89,809
	llance Sheet	, Dec. 31, 1936	
Assets—		Liabilities-	
Cash		Accounts payable	
Rec. (less reserves \$13,775)	80,944	Notes payable	
Inventories		Taxes payable and accrued	
Scrip—City of Youngstown, Ohio		Customers' cash deposits on	
Packaging and distrib. equip.		containers	
Property and plant	x699.947	Reserves for contingencies	
Other assets		Capital stock (\$1 par)	
Goodwill		Capital surplus	
		Paid-in surplus	
		Earned surplus	187,522
Total	\$1,106,466	Total	\$1,106,466

x After reserve for depreciation of \$208,412.-V. 143, p. 2066.

Republic Pictures Corp. of Del.—Files with SEC-The corporation has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission a registration statement (No. 2-3287, Form A-1) under the Securities Act of 1933 covering 1,316,000 shares (\$1 par) capital stock including 261,000 shares of capital stock reserved for warrants and warrants entitling holders to purchase 261,000 shares of capital stock.

The issuer expects to realize net proceeds of \$3,000,000 for 600,000 shares which are to be sold through Hammons & Co., Inc., of New York, underwriter.

The proceeds will be used for the repayment of loans owing Consolidated Film Industries, Inc., Setay Co., Inc., Francis J. Levine, and notes. Of the balance of the total, \$1,010,250 will be used for working capital for production and distribution purposes.

Of the total offering, aside from the 600,000 shares to be sold, 225,000 shares have been issued to Cajo Co., Inc., 150,000 shares to Consolidated Film Industries, Inc.; \$0,000 shares to Setay Co., Inc., and the balance, 261,000 shares, will be reserved for the exercise of the warrants which may be issued to Hammons Co., Inc. if it elects to exercise all or part of the warrants.

be issued to Hammons Co., Inc. It is to describe the warrants.

The registrant was incorporated on July 6, 1937, and acquired as of April 30, 1937, Cajo Co., Inc., which owned all the issued and outstanding capital stock of Republic Products, Inc., Republic Pictures Corp. and Arthur Realty Corp.

The prospectus states the shares to be sold will be offered to the public at \$6.25, and the issuer is to receive \$5.

The president of the company is Walter W. Vincent, of New York.

Reynolds Metals Co .- Rights to Subscribe to Additional Shares

R. S. Reynolds, President of the company on July 13 announced to stock-holders a proposal to offer one new share at \$17 for each 15 shares now held. The offering involves 64,019 shares and will be made to stockholders of record July 23. The rights will expire Aug. 12, 1937.—V. 145, p. 291.

Rhinelander Paper Co.—Stock Split—
Company's stock has been split 5 for 1, Folke Becker, President, disclosed on July 2.
Purpose of the split was given as placing the firm in a capital position favorable for the issuance of additional stock, which is not now contemplated. On Dec. 31, 1936 the company had outstanding in capital stock 30,000 shares of \$100 par. Through the five for one split, it now has outstanding 150,000 shares of \$10 par, the remaining \$1,500,000 being transferred to surplus. It is anticipated that an additional 150,000 of the authorized stock will be issued when there is need for more working capital, &c. Giving effect to the split, the company has \$1,500,000 in capital and \$2,203,810 in surplus. The book value of the 150,000 shares now outstanding, using figures as of Dec. 31, 1936 is approximately \$25 per share. Net income of Rhinelander Paper in the year ending Dec. 31 was \$237,121 against \$145,255 in the previous year. Gross sales profit was \$824,098 in 1936 against \$622,320 in 1935.—V. 126, p. 1521.

Rio Grande Valley Gas Co.—Listing and Registration—

Rio Grande Valley Gas Co.—Listing and Registration—
The New York Curb Exchange has approved for listing and registration the voting trust certificates issued under voting trust agreement dated dated Dec. 12, 1936, for common stock, \$1 par.—V. 144, p. 4022.

Riverside Cement Co.—Accumulated Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 25 cents per share on account of accumulations on the \$1.25 cumulative participating class A stock, no par value, payable Aug. 1 to holders of record July 10. This compares with 30½ cents paid on April 15, last; \$1.36½ paid on Dec. 1, 1936; 20 cents paid on Aug. 1 and Feb. 1, 1935, and on Nov. 1, Aug. 1 and May 1, 1934; 1½ cents per share was distributed on Feb. 1, 1934; 15 cents on Feb. 1, 1931, and regular quarterly dividends of 31½ cents per share were paid from Aug. 1, 1928 to and including Nov. 1, 1930.—V. 144, p. 1975.

Roeser & Pendleton, Inc.—Rregistrar—
The Chase National Bank of the City of New York has been appointed registrar for company's common stock.—V. 143, p. 3855.

Rome Cable Corp.—Listing Approved—
The New York Curb Exchange has approved for listing 189,250 outstanding shares of common stock, \$5 par, with authority to add to the list, upon official notice of issuance, 10,750 additional shares of common stock, \$5 par.—V. 145, p. 291.

Rustless Iron & Steel Corp.—Earnings—

Period End. June 30—	1937—3 A	fos.—1936	1937—6 Mc	0s1936
Gross sales, less disc'ts, returns & allowances. Cost of goods sold	\$1,165,552 822,274	\$627,566 451,731	\$2,162,362 1,536,702	\$1,120,412 807,694
Gross profit on sales Selling, general & admin.	\$343,279	\$175,834	\$625,659	\$312,718
expenses Prov. for doubtful acets. Research, development &	$86,443 \\ 1,245$	$63,951 \\ 679$	$^{161,289}_{2,305}$	$\substack{125,882\\1,201}$
patent expenses	6,896	14,145	14,864	29,142
Net profit from oper Miscell. income—net	\$248,694 5,319	\$97.057 3.266	\$447,200 10,886	\$156,491 6,073
Total income	\$254,013	\$100,324	\$458,087	\$162,565
Int. on 1st mtge. note pay. to F. R. Bank Other interest	704	4,113	3,300 774	8,227
Amort. of exp. in connection with 1st mtge.loan		107	691	215
Est. provision for Federal income tax	34,900	16,000	63,900	20,000
Net profit	\$218,409 Balance Sh	\$80,102 eet June 30	\$389,421	\$134,122
Assets- 1937	1936	Liabilities-		1936
Cash in banks and on hand \$844,107 y Acets. & notes	\$143,110	Accounts pays Accrued liabili Reserve for	ties_ 71,769	
receivable 247,769 nventories 813,119 Prepaid & deferred		eral income 1st mtge. 6% payable to	tax_ 96,255	32,460
assets 32.274		eral Res. Ba	ank	275,000
z Fixed assets 1,604,522	805,569			
Invest. in sub 1 Patents 2	2	Surplus		

for doubtful accounts of \$9,061 in 1937 and \$5,163 in 1936, for depreciation of \$416,007 in 1937 and \$516,056 in 1936.—

Putland DD E-main a

Period End. May 31-	1937-Mo		1937—5 Mos.—1936		
Railway oper, revenues_	\$310,936	\$295,195	\$1,483,070	\$1,337,542	
Railway oper, expenses_	266,467	255,744	1,366,201	1,330,678	
Net rev. from ry. op_	\$44,469	\$39,451	\$116,869	\$6,864	
Railway tax accruals	19,125	12,664	91,508	63,055	
Equip. & jt. facil. rents_	Cr1,213	Dr2,156	Cr9,175	Cr1,667	
Net ry. oper. income_	\$26,557	\$24,631	\$34,536	def\$54,524	
Other income	3,943	11,906	18,768	34,308	
Total income_	\$30,500	\$36,537	\$53,304	def\$20,216	
Misc. deduc. from inc_	384	334	1,898	2,530	
Total fixed charges	34,148	34,373	170,793	171,908	
Net deficit	\$4,032	prof.\$1,830	\$119.387	\$194,654	

Royal Dutch Co.--Dividend-

The Chase National Bank, as successor depositary of certain ordinary stock of Royal Dutch Co. has received a dividend of 11½ guilders (Fl. 11½) for each 100 guilders (Fl. 100) par value of this stock held by it, this dividend being the final dividend over the year 1936. The equivalent thereof distributable to holders of "New York Shares" is \$2.105 on each "New York

Share." This dividend will be distributed on July 30, to holders of "New York Shares" of record at the close of business July 16, 1937.—V. 144, p. 4358.

Rose's 5, 10 & 25-Cent Stores, Inc. - Sales

	COLLE DE	or co, arre-	Daves	
Month of-	1937	1936	1935	1934
January	\$317,107	\$257,051	\$213.387	\$186,000
February	326,195	295,556	241,914	199,420
March	395,855	308,669	290,727	237,261
April	369.566	350.704	315.913	206,861
May	422,319	397.643	310.872	235,262
June	352,044	338,465	307,797	233,004
-V. 144, p. 4197.				

St.Louis Southwestern Ry.—Southern Pacific Co.'s Claim of \$18,352,577 Protested—

There was filed in the U. S. District Court in St. Louis, Mo. July 15 by Harry Hoffman, of 30 Pine St., New York, attorney for a group of foreign bondholders of the St. Louis Southwestern Ry., in protest against the claim of the Southern Pacific Co. amounting to \$18,352,578.

Originally the Reconstruction Finance Corporation had advanced to the otton Belt \$17,882,250 which the Interstate Commerce Commission had conditioned upon the guarantee of the Southern Pacific Co., in consideration of the benefit which would flow to the Southern Pacific Co. as a stockholder of the Cotton Belt. The Southern Pacific Co. owns 97% of the preferred stock of the Cotton Belt and 77% of the common stock.

The objections to the claim are based on several grounds. One of the grounds of o jection is that the Southern Pacific dominates, owns and controls the Cotton Belt and that therefore the claim should be treated in the same way as if it were held by the Cotton Belt itself and not by a stranger; another ground of objection is that in taking over the claim from the RFC and paying the RFC for it, the Southern Pacific did nothing more than discharge its own debt. The third ground of objection is that the securities of the Cotton Belt pledged as collateral for the claim are improperly pledged and should be disregarded; and a further ground of objection is that whereas the RFC had reduced the rate of interest on the loan to 4% the Southern Pacific, on acquiring the claim, had retroactively increased the interest rate from 4% to 5%, and the protest states that in any event this increased amount of interest should not be allowed.—

V. 145, p. 130.

Safeway Stores, Inc.—Listing— The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of \$15,000,000 10-year 4% sinking fund debentures, due June 1, 1947.— $\hat{\mathbf{v}}$. 144, p. 4358.

Schiff Co.-Sales

Permi voi	20000				
Month of-	1937	1936	1935	1934	1933
January	\$681.079	\$607,780	\$478,982	\$486,507	\$357,430
February	633.294	611.832	566.578	515.158	441,916
March	1.094.763	811,059	904,809	1,143,763	664,335
April	1.202.744	1.190.423	1.147.819	844.512	833,852
May	1.323.238	1.279.334	1.306.138	1.186.297	877.446
June	1,277,707	1.231.582	1.124.285	1,273,394	1.131.682
mb		once in one	tion on Ton		an amalmat

The company had 269 stores in operation on June 30, 1937, as against 243 a year ago.—V. 144, p. 4359.

Seaboard Air Line Ry.—Interest—
The interest due Jan. 1, 1933, on (a) Carolina Central RR guaranteed first consolidated mortgage 4% gold bonds, due 1949; (b) Florida Central & Peninsular RR. 1st consolidated mortgage 5% 50-year gold bonds, due 1943, is now being paid.—V. 145, p. 130.

Segal Lock & Hardware Co., Inc.—Contract—
The Segal Safety Razor Corp. division of this company has closed a contract whereby the John H. Swisher & Sons Co. of Jacksonville, Fla., manufacturers of King Edward brand of cigars, will distribute to about 100,000 of their retailers in the United States the Segal safety razor blade — V. 144, p. 4198.

Scotten Dillon Co.—Earnings—

Calendar Years— Net inc. from operation Miscellaneous income.		1935 \$600,793	1934 \$418,451 60,607	\$385,368 78,048
Total income Prov. for Federal tax Provision for conting	_ 88,000	\$600,793 76,500 80,000	\$479,058 55,542	\$463,416 52,742
Net income to surplu Surplus balance Jan. 1 - Sundry surpl. adjustm't	_ 1,209,893	\$444,293 ×1.155,722 Cr29,878	\$423,516 878,332	\$410,674 989,128
Total surplus Dividends paid Adjust, of reserves	- 540,000	\$1,629,893 420,000	\$1,301,848 390,000 Cr144,356	\$1,399,802 450,000 71,471
SurplusEarns, per sh. on 3c0,000 shs. cap. stk. (par \$10 x As adjusted.	\$1.86	\$1,209,893 \$1.48 neet Dec. 31	\$1,056,204 \$1.41	\$878,332 \$1.37
Assets— 1936 Cash	1935 \$294,313 34 261,217 37 1,647,106 03 1,656,203 00 42,500 79 88,561	Liabilities Accts. payable Accrued accts Hes. for gen. c Capital stock. Surplus	\$5,375 0 114,544 ontg. 80,000	97,983 0 80,000 0 3,000,000
surance, &c 38,3 Total\$4,423,5	\$4,394,068		\$4,423,517	

x After reserve of \$6,653 in 1936 and \$8,527 in 1935. y After reserve for depreciation.—V. 144, p. 2675.

Selected Industries, Inc.—Report—
Company reports as of June 30, 1937 net assets of \$49,213,560 before deducting bank loans but after deducting provision for normal Federal income tax on unrealized appreciation. This indicates a coverage as of that date of \$137.42 a share of \$5.50 prior stock and \$24.60 a share of \$1.50 convertible stock outstanding in the hands of the public. Bank loans on June 30 amounted to \$10,884,440. Of this amount, \$4,000,000 was borrowed during the second quarter of the year in connection with the purchase of additional amounts of the corporation's prior stock. Such purchases amounted to 37,250 shares of prior stock. As of Dec. 31, 1936, net assets were equivalent to \$144.17 a share of prior stock and \$35.58 a share of convertible stock.

Income A	ccount Six A	Ionths Ended	June 30	
Interest income	1937 \$54,091	1936 \$87,661	1935 \$171,357	1934 \$174,646
Dividends (excl. divs. on corp.'s own stk. held) _ Miscellaneous income	$\substack{901,501 \\ 6,574}$	728,440	$684,434 \\ 1,223$	587,384 28,750
Total incomeGeneral expensesService feeInterest	\$962,166 43,384 128,506 69,651 34,994	\$816,102 60,434 112,008 36,097 26,836	\$857,015 47,381 83,600 15,148	\$790,780 48.726 89,040 25,728
Net income Dividends on \$5.50 cum.	\$685,631	\$580,727	\$710,886	\$627,285
prior stock Divs. on conv. stock	$829,138 \\ 318,239$	1,552,484	703,810	1,105,978
DeficitStatement	\$461,746 of Surplus	\$971,757 June 30, 19	sur\$7,076	\$478,693

Surplus, Dec. 31, 1936, \$20,635,248. This balance includes capital surplus to Dec. 31, 1936, and net loss on sales of securities and excess of dividend distributions over net income to Dec. 31, 1935. Income and

profit and loss account from Jan. 1, 1936—Balance, Dec. 31, 1936, \$2,394,498. This balance includes all income and security profits and losses, less dividend distributions, from Jan. 1, 1936. Net income, \$685,631; net profit on sale of securities, \$2,719,641; less provision for normal Federal income tax. \$300,000; balance, \$2,419.641; total. \$5,499,770. Dividends—Prior stock, \$829,138; convertible stock (on account of arrears), \$318,239; balance, \$4,352,393. Total, \$24,987,641.

The unrealized appreciation of investments on June 30, 1937, after deducting provision for the normal Federal income tax thereon, was \$6,664,103 less than on Dec. 31, 1936.

Balance Sheet June 30

		butance on	eet June 30		
Assets—	1937	1936	Liabilities-	1937	1936
Deposits in foreign currencies			taxes, &c Int. acer. & divs.	629,262	348,631
Rec. for securities	38,271,491	35,974,580	payable	576,576 2,884,440	
Int. & divs. rec	198,832		Bank loans due Mar. 1, 1939		
Special depos. for divs. (contra)		507,297	\$5.50 cum. prior stock		
			Cum. conv. stock_ Common stock_	2,121,585	2,121,585
			Surplus 2 y Treasury stock Dr	4,987,642	22,483,909
Total	11.230 412	38 406 780	Total 4	1 230 412	28 406 780

x Investments (incl. syndicate participations) owned on March 31, 1931, are carried at the lower of cost or market at that date. Subsequent purchases are carried at cost. The market value of investments on June 30, 1937, was \$9,314,201 in excess of the amount shown above. y Represented by 36.394 (9,450 in 1936) units allotment certificates and 63,706 (7,950 in 1936) shares \$5.50 cumulative prior stock.—V. 144, p. 3852.

Scullin Steel Co.—Earnings-Period End. June 30— 1937—3 Mos.—1936 Net income after deprec, but before interest and 1937-6 Mos.-1936 \$302,195 \$106,727 \$468,948 \$98,663 V. 144, p. 4360.

Servel, Inc.—Registrar—
The Manufacturers Trust Co. is registrar for 1,794,061 shares of common stock and 6,932 shares of pref. stock.—V. 144, p. 3692.

Shawmut Bank Investment Trust-Earnings

Years Ended— Int. & divs. received Net profit on secur. sold	Feb. 28, '37 \$269,475 Dr10,395	\$206,135	Feb. 28, '35 \$207,181 132,689	Feb. 28, '34 218,168 loss25,109
ProfitCurrent operating exps.	\$259,080	\$297,462	\$339,870	\$193,059
including taxes Interest paid and accr	*32,053 233.674	24,737 $241,915$	$23,400 \\ 243,654$	25,986 253,864

Net loss from operations of year_____ \$6,647 prof\$30,808 prof\$72,816 \$86,793 x Including \$1,850 provision for Federal surtax on undistributed profits. Balance Sheet

		a.respec	THE CHILDRE	
Assets— Cash in bank	Feb. 28,'37 \$170,739	Feb. 29,'36 \$50,972	Liabilities— Feb. 28,'3	7 Feb. 29,'36
Accr. int. & divs.			purch. of securs.	_ \$236,000
Acets. rec. for sale	,		surtax\$1,85	0
Securities	4,433,896		capital stk. tax_ 2,33 Senior debentures_ 3,605,00 Junior notes 960,00 Surplus 43,43	0 3,864,000 0 960,000
Total	\$4,612,617	\$5,100,072	Total \$4,612,61	7 \$5,100,072

a Interest only.

Note—Capital as represented by share capital of 75,000 common shares of no par value: 44,105 (43,460 in 1936) shares issued and outstanding, and 30,895 (31,540 in 1936) shares issuable on conversion of warrants outstanding.—V. 144, p. 4199.

Earnings from operations_ Earnings from interest and	discount	earned	\$492,404 2,619
Total earnings	ars, machi	nery, &c	\$495,023 35,429 147,188
other car liabilities Provision for Federal incom	me tax an	d surtax on undistributed	101,560
Provision for depreciation			29,078 234,574
Net loss for the year			\$52,804
Consolidated Ge	eneral Bala	nce Sheet Dec. 31, 1936 Liabilities—	
Land, bldgs., mach. & equip. Tank cars	3,866,537	Preferred stock (par \$100) Class A, 1,526 shares, and	\$1,586,300
Patents and dies		Car trust certificates other	152,289
Securities owned (cost) a Preferred stock in treasury	1,776 1,425		1.579.417
Goodwill	375,367		336,708
Deferred assets	90,673	Reserve for de prec. of bldgs., mach., equip., furniture &	1,226,974
	11 714	fixtures Reserve for bad debts, contin-	306,405
		gencies, &c	60,601 72,197

v. 134, p. 1389.		
Signal Oil & Gas Co. (& Subs.)-Ed	arnings-	
Calendar Years— Income from sales and royalties (net)————————————————————————————————————	1936 \$19,661,135 17,543,951	\$13,873,825 12,912,470
Profit from operations	\$2,117,184 59,654	\$961,355 66,024
Income before interest, depreciation, &c	136,025 16,365 441,761 138,734 190,865 167,294 2,075	\$1,027,379 137,141 11,056 387,284 188,915 145,513 45,950
of Texas	132,726	$9,170 \\ 13,000$
Net income	\$950,992 230,331 66,051	\$89,346

,	Conso	lidated Bald	ince Sheet Dec. 31		
Assets—	1936 \$549,981	1935	Liabilities— Accts., wages and	1936	1935
Marketable securs.	79,162	5,000	royalties pay	1,417,152	\$1,202,775
Notes & accts. rec., less reserve	1,173,129	1,041,833		95,024	111,056
Cash & securities	704,943	176,044			
Investment in re-	36,887	36,887	Unsecured obligs.	487,641	45,746
Gas & marketing	2,925,909	2,505,450		1,088,505	947,898
Contracts	500,000 114,811	500,000 260,475	Pur. mon. & other	76,541	127,695
Deferred charges	420,850		Reserves. 15-yr. 61/2% conv.	142,270	458,105
			debs., ser. A, due May 1, 1945		
			b Capital stock Surplus	926,195 533,345	926,195 def146,661
mada) .	E EOE 679	85 594 911	Total 8	0 505 070	BE FOA 011

....\$6,505,673 \$5,524,811 | Total. ---\$6,505,673 \$5,524,811 a After reserves for depreciation and depletion and revaluation of \$6,474,706 at Dec. 31, 1935 and \$6,386,126 at Dec. 31, 1936. b Represented by 143,957 shares class A stock and 41,282 shares class B stock, both of no par value. c Pledged in connection with Federal income tax litigation.—V. 144, p. 2675.

Shell Transport & Trading Co., Ltd.—Dividend—
The Chase National Bank, as successor depositary of certain ordinary stock of the "Shell" Transport & Trading Co., Ltd. has received a dividend on the ordinary stock held by it of two shillings six pence (2s. 6d.) per share of ordinary stock of the par value of one pound (£1) sterling each. The equivalent thereof distributable to holders of "American Shares" is \$1.23 on each American share. This dividend will be distributed on July 23 to registered holders of "American Shares" of record at the close of business July 16, 1937.—V. 145, p. 131.

Silex Co.—Listing Approved—
The New York Curb Exchange has approved for listing 215,000 outstanding shares of common stock, no par.
6 Months Ended June 30—
Net profit after deprec., amort., Fed'l inc. tax, but before prov, for surtax on undistrib. profits——
\$\text{\$1937}\$ 1936

\$\text{\$194,126}\$ \$\text{\$89,043}\$ \$\text{\$2arns. per sh. on 215,000 shs. com. stk. (no par)—} \$0.71 \$\text{\$0.41}\$

Simms Petroleum Co.—Liquidating Dividend—
The directors on July 15 declared a liquidating dividend of 50 cents per share on the common stock, par \$10, payable Aug. 3 to holders of record July 26. Similar payments were made on April 30 and on Jan. 9, last \$1.25 was paid on July 29, 1936; \$1 on Jan. 27, 1936; one of \$1.25 on Oct. 18. 1935; and one of \$10 per share on July 5, 1935.—V. 144, p. 3852.

Sivyer Steel Casting Co.—Earnings-Calendar Years—
Gross profit______
Sell., adm. and gen. exp_
Prov. for depreciation___ 1936 \$457,859 199,156 75,877 1935 \$263,786 146,014 63,383 Operating profit..... Int. & other income.... \$182,826 20,203 \$54,389 10,703 \$15,260 loss\$48,032 8,479 9,203 \$203,029 44,849 10,189 \$23,739 loss\$38,829 373 17,845 12,433 \$65,092 6,292 21,894 Net profit_____ Prov. for income taxes__ Sundry charges_____ \$36,906 79,990 \$0.46 *\$5,521 80,000 \$0.03 loss\$51,261 80,000 Nil \$147,992 79,790 \$1.85 Net profit for year___ Shs. com. stk. (no par)__ Earnings per share___

Earnings per share.... \$1.85 \$0.46 \$0.03 Nil x Before deducting \$3,234 provision for unemployment benefits in accordance with Wisconsin Unemployment Reserve and Compensation Act.

		Balance Sh	neet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Cash	\$144,893		Accounts payable.	\$18,984	\$5,439
Bonds	26,719	37,064	Accrued salaries &		
Accrd.int. on secs.		285	wages	17,766	2,067
Surrender value of			Accrued taxes	17,833	9,851
life insurance	68,567	62,775	Sundry accruals	986	1,690
Acets. & notes rec.	156,876	111,011	Res. for inc. tax	44,849	6,292
Acer. int. on notes			Res. for unempl.		
receivable	342	139	benefits		9,015
Inventories	206,186		x Common stock	1,200,000	1,200,000
y Properties	1,023,226	1,064,584	Earned surplus	129,966	60,680
Unemploy. Benefit			Surp. arising from		
Trust Fund		9,015	appraisal valua'n		280,604
Def'd chgs. to oper.	13,976	10,387	Treasury stock	Dr53	Dr53
	21 040 204	-1	m-4-1	1 040 704	-1

Total_____\$1,640,784 \$1,575,585 Total_____\$1,640,784 \$1,575,5 x Represented by 80,000 shares (no par) stock. y After depreciation of \$890,490 in 1936 and \$807,204 in 1935.

To Pay 50-Cent Dividend—

The directors have declared a dividend of 50 cents per share on the common stock, payable Aug. 15 to holders of record July 25. A similar payment was made on Dec. 26, 1936, and a dividend of 25 cents per share was paid on Sept. 10, 1936, this latter being the first dividend paid since Dec. 1, 1930, when 50 cents per share was distributed.—V. 143, p. 4167.

Six-Twenty Jones Corp.—Smaller Dividend—
The directors have declared a dividend of 50 cents per share on the common stock, no par value, payable July 7 to holders of record July 2. This compares with \$1.25 paid on April 5, last; \$1.35 paid on Dec. 22, 1936; \$1.25 on Oct. 1, 1936 \$1.50 on July 1, 1936, and regular dividends on \$1.25 per share previously distributed each three months. In addition, an extra dividend of 90 cents was paid on April 5, 1937; an extra of 75 cents paid on Dec. 22, 1936 and one of 25 cents paid on Jan. 6, 1936 and on Oct. 2, 1935.—V. 144, p. 2499.

Skenandoa Rayon Corp.—Recapitalization Plan Effective
At meeting of directors held July 15, the plan of recapitalization dated
April 27, 1937, previously approved by stockholders, offering holders of the
convertible preferred stock the right to exchange each share of such stock
for 1 4-10 shares of the new cumulative prior preferred, convertible series,
and \$5.50 in cash, was declared effective.

The board of directors also approved plans for increasing the productive
capacity of the Utica plant to 7,500,000 pounds per annum. The cost of
this expansion is to be defrayed from working capital.—V. 144, p. 3693.

South Bend Lathe Works—Earnings—	
Income Account for the Year Ended Dec. 31, 1936 Gross sales, less discounts, returns and allowances	\$1,912,530
Cost of goods sold	1,158,822
Gross profit	\$753,708 401,351
Net profit from operationsOther income and deductions	\$352,356 Cr5,892
Net profit before provision for Federal income taxes Normal income tax	\$358,248 50,750 20,250
Net profit carried to earned surplus account	156,000

Note—The provision for depreciation included as a deduction above amounted to \$33,510. A stock dividend of 116,000 shares, which increased the outstanding stock to 120,000 shares of \$5 par value each, amounting to \$580,000 was paid during the year.

Assets—		L'Aabilities-	
Cash in banks and on hand U.S. Treasury notes and bonds	\$112,417	Accounts payable—trade Customers credit balances and	\$71,373
(at cost)a Receivables	81,811		17,600
Inventories		commissions	12,000
Prepaid expenses, &c		Accrued State and local taxes	9,522
Bonds and other investments		Accrd. Fed'l capital stock tax.	2,500
(at cost)		Prov. for Federal income taxes	71,000
b Property, plant and equip't	278,240	Capital stock (\$5 par)	600,000
		Earned surplus	558,153
Total	1.342.149	Total	1.342.149

(A. O.) Smith Corp.—New Vice-President—
Rudolph Furrer has been elected Vice-President in Charge of Engineering, according to announcement by W. C. Heath, President. R. F. Bell has been elected to fill the new office of First Vice-President.—V. 144, p. 3693.

Southeastern Ex	press Co	.—Earning	78-	
Calendar Years— Charges for transporta'n Express privileges— Dr	1936	\$5,519,548 2,234,494	\$5,059,591 2,049,401	1933 \$4,325,552 1,536,568
Revenues from trans.	\$3,785,671	\$3,285,054	\$3,010,191	\$2,788,984
Rev. from oper. other than transporta'n	117,896	120,758	125,273	116,132
Total oper. revenue Operating expenses	\$3,903,567 3,705,140	\$3,405,812 3,249,428	\$3,135,464 3,003,179	\$2,905,116 2,768,986
Net oper, revenue Express taxes Uncollectible revenue	\$198,427 139,856 1,160	\$156,383 96,271 2,769	\$132,284 95,719 1,204	\$136,130 94,280 3,875
Operating income	\$57,410 3,069	\$57,344 4,118	\$35,361 28,805	\$37,975 15,358
Net inc. before other deductionsReserve for dividendMiscell, deductions	\$60,479 479	\$61,461 1,461	\$64,167 3,333	\$53,333
Net incomeApprop. for dividend	\$60,000 60,000	\$60,000 60,000	\$67,500 67,500	\$53,333 50,000
Baiance transferred to reserve for dividend	Balance Sh	eet Dec. 31	•	\$3,333
Assets— \$1,250,53. Investments	3 779,710 8 5,378 1 171,695 7 96,352 7 72,372 8 3,975 9,781 930	Labilities Capital stock. Traf. bals, pay Audited acets, wages payal Misc. acets, p Fed. taxes on e Exp. priv. lia Est. tax liabili Unmat'd divs. Unadjust. cree Profit & loss b	\$1,000,000 yable 4.702 and 288,897 ay_ 224,180 empl. 88.071 bil_ 156,473 ity_ 12,336 pay. dits_ 537,286	228,183 226,083 68,189 13,319 30,000 647,820
Total\$2,443,171V. 143, p. 1574.	\$2,353,308	Total	\$2,443,171	\$2,353,308

Southern Kraft Corp.—Earnings— Gross sales, less returns, allowances and discounts—Customers. \$29,532,614
Affiliated and subsidiary companies. 4,421,743
Other income—net. 262,909 \$34,217,266 -----19,155,536 -----4,379,718 -----1,212,395 -----65,003
 Balance
 \$9,404,613

 Interest to public
 304,922

 Interest to parent company
 1,701,958

 Amortization of debt discount and expense
 71,196

 Depreciation
 788,141

 Provision for Federal normal and State income taxes
 880,926
 Amortization of description Depreciation Provision for Federal normal and State income taxes______ Net profit for the year \$5,657,470 Dividends paid 4,814,661

B	alance Sheet	Dec. 31, 1936	-,,
Assets— a Plants & props., deve. costs and other intangibles— Woodlands, less stpge. credits investments— Cash————————————————————————————————————	\$29,119,079 \$4,784,439 1,234,692 752,702 4,735,033 3,935,895	Liabilities— Ist leasehold & gen. mige bonds, 4¼ % ser. due 1946 Pur. mon. mige. note, due 1938 to 1942. Accounts payable. Accr. taxes, payrolls & other expenses. Accrued interest. Serial obliga'ns pay. in 1937. Due to Internat. Paper Co., parent company. Reserves. c Capital stock. Paid-in surplus. Earned surplus.	\$13,894,000 149,711 908,122 1,518,219 49,208 30,000 18,678,643 33,899 7,000,000
(Total	e42 700 900	Makel	

a After reserve for depreciation of \$8,697,474. b After reserve for doubtful accounts of \$345,819. c Represented by 100,000 no par shares.—V. 143, p. 3162.

Southern Ry.—Earnings-

Period— —First Week of July— —Jan. 1 to July 7— 1937 1936 1937 1936 Gross earnings (est.)—\$2,366,932 \$2,397,693 \$70,161,616 \$62,142,954.

Standard Gas & Electric Co. - Weekly Output-

Electric output of the public utility operating companies in Standard Gas & Electric Co. system for the week ended July 10, 1937, totaled 105,732,824 kilowatt hours, an increase of 7.8% compared with the corresponding week last year.—V. 145, p. 293.

Standard Oil Co. of Ind .- Wins "Esso" Suit-

Standard Oil Co. of Ind.—Wins "Esso" Suit—
The suit of this company to enjoin Esso, Incorporated, a subsidiary of the Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey, from using the trade name "Esso" was decided in favor of the Indiana company in an opinion handed down on July 9 by Federal Judge Moore. The opinion decreed also that Esso, Inc., is not to use any other term derived from this company's name in the 14 Midwest States in which Standard of Indiana is operating.

The decision also awarded csots and monetary damages to Standard of Indiana, the amount of money to be paid to the company by Esso, Inc., to be determined by a Special Master.

The suit was begun in 1925 soon after Esso, Inc., had opened three gasoline filling stations at St. Louis, Mo. In their advertising, the stations specifically stated they were "not connected with Standard Oil Co. of Indiana." Judge Moore held, however, that the sign of itself was not sufficient to prevent infringement of the rights of Standard of Indiana. Staunton B. Boudreau, a lawyer, was apponnted Special Master to take testimony and determine the amount of the damages to which the Indiana company is entitled for infringement of its title.—V. 145, p. 132.

State Street Investment Corp.—Earnings-

6 Mos. End. June 30—	1937	1936	1935	1934
Divs. & int. received	\$948,399	\$685,678	\$375,825	\$323,876
Reserve for taxes	56,187	50,000	15,325	7,000
Expenses	169,607	139,505	92,000	75,360
Net income	\$722,605	\$496,172	\$268,500	\$241,515
Dividends	749,985	474,332		292,231
Deficit	1936, \$631	gain from sa ,488 in 1935		4 in 1934.

Stecher-Traung Lithograph Corp.—To Split Stock—
The company on July 14 sent stockholders a letter telling of a proposal to split its common stock four-for-one and to issue rights to stockholders to subscribe to additional shares.

A special stockholders' meeting has been called for July 29 to increase the authorized capitalization from 46,000 shares of no par value common stock to 300,000 shares of \$10 par value; to exchange the present outstanding 44,537 shares of common for 178,148 shares of new common, and to raise additional capital by issuing rights to purchase one new share at \$20 for each 10 shares of new stock held after the four-for-one split. Rights will expire 30 days after issuance.

No change in the 7½% preferred stock, of which 11,591 shares are now outstanding, is proposed. Funds raised from sale of new stock will be used for expansion and working capital, Charles F. Traung, President, said,—V. 145, p. 132.

Sterchi Bros. Stores, Inc	-Sales-		
Month of-		1937	1936
January Pebruary	•	\$338,300 405,974	\$276,360 382,800
March		428,000	401,000
May		485,253 718,113	379,728 565,622
June		464,579	427,524
-V. 144, p. 4025.			
(S.) Stroock & Co., Inc.—	Earnings-		
6 Months Ended June 30— Net profit after depreciation, Federal	1937	1936	1935
taxes, &c	\$125.925	\$118,998	\$74,892
Earnings per share on 93,800 shares capital stock (no par)————————————————————————————————————	\$1.34	\$1.27	\$0.80

Square D Co.—Capital Change Voted—
Stockholders at a special meeting held July 15 approved amendments to articles of incorporation reflecting the exchange by holders of the 123,222 shares of class A preferred stock for a like number of class B shares. Designation of latter shares was changed to common stock.

This action makes the company's stock capitalization 500,000 authorized shares of \$1 par common. of which 350,072 including 6,212 held in treasury, are outstanding.

F. W. Magin, President, reported shipments during the first half had run considerably ahead of the like 1936 period. He added that incoming business was continuing on a satisfactory basis.—V. 144, p. 3853.

Superheater Co.—Earnings

Duperneuter Co.	Later reerry	0		
(Ex	clusive of Ca	nadian Affil	iate)	
6 Mos. End. June 30— Profit from plant oper Inc. from other sources. Profit on sale of re- acquired company stk.	\$1,004,080 480,947	1936 \$366,152 380,446	254,253	
Total income Deprec. & Fed. taxes Loss on sale of securities_	\$1,910,141 x375,065	\$746,598 206,362	\$455,988 132,841	
Net incomeEarns. per sh. on capital stock (no par)	\$1.73 been made f	\$540,235 \$0.61 or Federal	\$323,148 \$0.37 surtax on	

profits.—V. 144, p. 3696.

Supervised Shares, Inc.—Asset Value—

The company reports total net assets at June 30 market prices of \$11,-256,731, amounting to \$13.33 per share on the 844,157 shares outstanding at that time. This figure compares with total net assets of \$9,061,386 on the same date a year ago, giving a liquidating value of \$13.64 on 664,350 shares. Liquidating value at the close of 1936 was \$14.45 as share.

The figure for Dec. 31 is after a dividend payment out of realized profits of \$1 a share and that of June 30, 1937, is after payment of dividends out of profits aggregating 12 cents a share during the first six months of this year, making a total of \$1.12 in such dividends for the last 12 months.

Referring to recent payments of quarterry dividends totaling 15 cents a share and comprising 9 cents from investment income and 6 cents from realized profit, the second quarter report states that:

"Because of the Federal tax on undistributed earnings, the quarterly dividends of many corporations represented in the portfolio of this company bear no significant relationship to total yearly dividend disbursements. It is anticipated that the investment income to be received by this company during the last half of this year will be substantially greater than that received in the first half."—V. 144, p. 4363.

Sweet's Steel Co.. Williamsport. Pa.—Stock Offered—

Sweet's Steel Co., Williamsport, Pa.—Stock Offered—Public offering of 94,325 shares (\$1 par) capital stock was made July 13 by means of a prospectus through Amott, Baker & Co., Inc. The stock is priced at \$7 per share. Of the stock being offered 24,325 shares represent new financing by the company.

financing by the company.

Of the stock being offered 24,325 shares represent new financing by the company.

The company is a corporation resulting from the merger and consolidation in 1920 of West Branch Steel Co. and Sweet's Steel Co. Its business consists of the manufacture of steel rails through re-rolling, accessories such as ties, splice bars and clips, and steel posts, and the direct sale of concrete reinforcing bars and equipment for bending and deforming bars.

Capitalization—Company has 6% 1st mtge, gold bonds, due Nov. 1, 1942, issued and outstanding in the amount of \$231,500 of which \$500 is held in the treasury.

Upon the completion of the financing contemplated by this prospectus, there will be authorized 300,000 shares, and outstanding 130,000 shares of capital stock (par \$1) and 60,000 shares of capital stock will be reserved for issuance upon the exercise of warrants to purchase 60,000 shares of capital stock.

By agreement dated May 21, 1937, with Amott, Baker & Co., Inc., company has agreed that upon the purchase from it of 24,325 shares of the authorized but unissued capital stock by Amott, Baker & Co., Inc., it will issue to Amott, Baker & Co., Inc., warrants (called "warrants of 1939") to purchase 30,000 shares of unissued capital stock on or before July 1, 1939, at \$7 per share, and warrants (called "warrants of 1942") to purchase 30,000 additional shares of unissued capital stock, on or before July 1, 1930, at \$7 per share, thereafter and on or before July 1, 1940, at \$8 per share, thereafter and on or before July 1, 1941, at \$10 per share, and thereafter and on or before July 1, 1942, at \$12.50 per share.

On May 1, 1937, the company had outstanding 4,500 shares of common stock (par \$100) representing capital stock liability of \$450,000, out of a total of 6,000 shares of common stock authorized. On May 1, 1937, the company had 3,000 shares of cumulative 6% pref. stock (par \$100), authorized, none of which was outstanding. Of the 4,500 shares of common stock of the company outstanding on May 1, 1937, the company h

shares of capital stock (par \$1) on the basis of 25 shares of capital stock (par \$1), for each share of common stock (par \$100).

There is offered 94,325 shares of caiptal stock, comprised of 70,000 shares owned by J. F. A. Comstedt and 24,325 shares authorized but unissued and to be sold by the company.

Use of Proceeds—Net proceeds from the sale of 24,325 shares of the capital stock are estimated at \$99,717.

Such net proceeds will be used either to reimburse the company for expenditures made by it pursuant to existing commitments for raw material, to purchase raw material pursuant to existing commitments or to purchase additional raw material not covered by present commitments.

Pro Forma Consolidated Balance Sheet as at May 1, 1937

Total\$1,448,284 Total\$1,448,284 Consolidated Income Statement Year (52 Weeks) Ended May 1, 1937

Gross profit______Other income_____ \$134,052 19,231

\$84,379

(James) Talcott, Inc.—Earnings— 6 Mos. End. June 30—
1937

Net profit after all expenses and taxes \$332,340

—V. 144, p. 2848. 1935 \$230,984 1936 \$300,556 Thomas Allec Corp.—Earnings-

Years End. Oct. 31—
Dyeing & cleaning earnings (less returns and allowance)—
Plant operations—
Collection & delivery—
Administrative & general Interest paid—
Loss on equipment—
Miscellaneous income—
Depreciation— 1936 1934 1933 \$802,288 398,551 222,647 155,611 8,566 614 Cr1,018 42,309 \$751,050 372,472 212,966 151,584 8,357

\$61,245 \$40,305 \$67,159 Net loss for year Balance Sheet Oct. 31 Assets—
Cash in banks and on hand_____
Accts. receivable__
Investment in real estate in Sacramento 1935 \$20,563 1936 1936 \$20,221 15,181 6,075 6,292 500 719 1,037,970 1,076,732 10,365 250 150,000 300,144 9,456 250 150,000 ,300,144 169,277

Total_____\$1,300,106 \$1,326,317 Total_____\$1,300,106 \$1,326,317

a After reserve for depreciation of \$554,534 in 1936 and \$521,713 in 1935.
b Represented by 60,006 shares class A stock and 39,999 2-3 shares B stock, all of no par value.—V. 142, p. 880.

Tilo Roofing Co., Inc.—Listing Approved—
The New York Curb Exchange has approved for listing 85,000 additional shares of common stock, \$1 par, upon official notice of issuance.—V. 144, p. 3696.

Transeamrica Corp.—Stock Distribution Voted—
Stockholders at a special meeting held July 10 approved the distribution of approximately 58% of the stock of Bank of America N. T. & S. A. and the reclassification of the corporation's 50,000,000 shares without par value both issued and unissued, into 25,000,000 shares of the par value of \$2 each, of which there will be 11,590,784 shares issued. The corporation owns 99.65% of the bank's 4,000,000 shares of the par value of \$12.50 each. The distribution, on the basis of one share of the bank's stock for each five new shares of Transamerica stock, will be made with the cash dividend on July 31 to stockholders of record July 15, 1937.—V. 145, p. 293.

 Transue & Williams Steel Forging Corp. — Earnings—

 Period Ended June 30— 1937—3 Mos.—1936
 1937—6 Mos.—1936

 Gross profit
 \$127,325
 \$99,706
 \$281,057
 \$188,388

 Depreciation
 21,696
 21,645
 43,395
 43,303

 Expenses
 46,069
 37,946
 101,482
 72,409
 Profit____Other income_____ \$136,180 3,255 \$40,115 1.340 Total income

Estimated Fed. income
taxes, &c..... \$139,435 \$74,971 \$61,085 \$41.455 28,000 12,000 3,000 5,000 Net profit______ Earns, per share on 134,-150 shares capital stock \$69,971 \$49,085 \$38,455 \$111,435 \$0.52 \$0.83 (no par) V. 144, p. 3696.

Tri-Continental Corp.—Report—
Corporation reports as of June 30, 1937, net assets of \$51,702.642, before deducting bank loans and funded debt but after deducting provision for normal Federal income tax on unrealized appreciation. This indicates a coverage of \$4,511.57 for each \$1,000 of bank loans and debentures and \$265.27 a share of preferred stock and an asset value of \$10.32 a share of common stock. As of Dec. 31, 1936, net assets were equivalent to \$4,-735.89 for each \$1,000 of bank loans and debentures, \$305.64 a share of preferred stock, and \$12.89 a share of common stock.

**Regulary for Six Months Ended, June 30

| Earnings for Six Months Ended June 30 | 1937 | 1936 | 1935 | 1935 | 1936 | 1935 | 1936 | 1935 | 1936 | 1935 | 1936 | 1935 | 1936 | 1935 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 1936 | 19 \$302,741 685,293 39,308 101,858 129,828 Total income \$1,380,810
Taxes 59,181
Expenses 251,119
Prior years expenses under-accrued 154,652 \$1,021,100 61,120 265,709 \$1,119,088 29,930 196,972 \$976,910 49,419 177,360 12,389 189,672 189,672 102,009 \$915,859 456,150 607,330 Net profit_____ Pref. divs. declared____ Common dividends____ \$592,263 769,026 \$560,458 782,376 \$690,124 782,376

Statement of Surplus June 30, 1937 a Surplus, Dec. 31, 1936. Income and profit and loss account from Jan. 1, 1936: b Balance, Dec. 31, 1936. Net income. Net profit on sale of securities. Provision for normal Federal income tax.	2,121,311 915,859 1,595,976
Total_ Preferred dividends Common dividends	\$28,183,680 456,150 607,329
Balance	

The unrealized appreciation of investments on June 30, 1937, after deducting provision for the normal Federal income tax thereon was \$7,501,973 less than on Dec. 31, 1936.

a This balance includes capital surplus to Dec. 31, 1936, and net loss on sales of securities and excess of dividend distributions over net income to Dec. 31, 1935. b This balance includes all income and security profits and losses, less dividend distributions, from Jan. 1, 1936.

Balance Sheet June 30

		Dutance Sn	eet dune 30		
Assets-	1937	1936	Lablitties-	1937	1936
Deposits in foreign	4,565,862	3,470,888	Res. for exp. & tax Int. accrued and	404,670	844,439
currencies Invs. (incl. synd.	11,984	9,209	divs. payable Due for sec. loaned	958,167	478,575
partic.) at cost_b Spec. dep. for divs.	41703,125 958,167		against cash	1,574,100	2,275,200
Receivable for se-			Sept. 30, 1938		
Interest and divs.	2,224		6% cum. pref. stk.	2,460,000 3,837,500	2,460,000 6,519,800
receivable, &c	348,731	328,428	c Common stock Surplus d Treasury stock	27,120,201	2,429,318 35,518,837 <i>Dr</i> 870,975

Total_____47,590,093 49,655,194 | Total_____47,590,093 49,655,194 | b The market value of investments on June 30, 1937 was in excess of cost by \$7,049,486. c Represented by 2,429,318 no par shares. d Represented by 1,800 shares in 1937 (8,300 in 1936).—V. 144, p. 3856

Union Investment Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings 5 Months Ended May 31— Net income after depreciation, interest, Federal income taxes, &c., but before surtax on undistributed profit—V. 145, p. 294. 1936 \$148,410 \$116,508

Union Oil Co. of California -- Earnings-

6 Mos. End. June 30— Sales\$ Profit after Fed. taxes.	38,350,000	\$29,600,000	\$32,500,000	\$26,500,000
interest, &c	$9,850,000 \\ 4,650,000$	6,300,000 4,300,000	6,500,000 $3,550.000$	3,600,000 3,300,000
Net profitx Shs. com, stock (par \$25) Earnings per share	\$5,200,000 4,666,270 \$1,11	\$2,000,000 4,386,070 \$0,45	\$2,950,000 4,386,070 \$0,67	\$300.000 4,386,070 \$0.07

Shs. com. stock (par \$25) 4,666,270 4,386,070 4,386,070 ax Before provision for surtaxes on undistributed profits.

Sales for the six months ended June 30, 1937, amounted to \$38,350,000, an increase of \$8,750,000, or 29.4%, over the same period last year. Total sales of oil products amounted to 17,950,000 barrels as compared with 14,700,000 barrels in the first six months of 1936, an increase of 3,250,000 barrels. Production, subject to royalty of crude oil and natural gasoline, approximated 10,950,000 barrels, an increase of 750,000 barrels over the first six months of last year. Oil inventories which totaled approximately 25,600,000 barrels on June 10, 1937, were reduced about 950,000 barrels from the total on hand at the first of this year. In the first half of last year oil inventories were increased about 1,900,000 barrels.

Total current assets at June 30 approximated \$50,000,000 of which \$16,400,000 was cash and current liabilities \$7,200,000, indicating net quick assets of \$42,900,000 or a ratio of about 7 to 1. Total current assets reflected a net increase of about \$6,600,000 from Dec. 31, 1936, and cash resources were about \$4,700,000 greater than at last year-end.

Drilling operations and additions to plant and equipment during the first half of this year required a capital outlay of approximately \$5,700,000. Development of the Santa Maria field prospecting operations and expenditures in connection with the construction of a new crude distillation unit and a 12,000-barrel cracking plant at the Oleum refinery were the principal items.

30-Cent Dividend—

30-Cent Dividend-

The directors have declared a dividend of 30 cents per share on the common stock, par \$25, payable Aug. 10 to holders of record July 22. Similar amount was paid on May 10, last, and previously regular quarterly dividends of 25 cents per share had been distributed.—V. 144, p. 2679.

Union Tank Car Co.—Purchase—

The company has purchased 50 shares of Products Tank Line, Ltd., of Canada, at \$100 a share, constituting 100% ownership, according to statement filed with Securities and Exchange Commission.—V. 144, p. 3195.

United Aircraft Corp.—Listing—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 12,400 additional shares (par \$5) capital stock on official notice of issuance, making the total number of shares applied for 2,645,574½ shares.

The directors on June 28, 1937, authorized the issue and sale to 12 officers and senior employees of 12,400 shares of stock at \$15 a share, in cash. The corporation will realize from the sale of the shares aggregate net cash proceeds of \$186,000, less listing and registration expenses. Net proceeds are to be used by the corporation for working capital and other corporate purposes.—V. 144, p. 4027.

United Cigar Stores Co. of America—New Director—
Boykin Wright, counsel for the reorganization committee for this company announced on July 7 that Louis K. Comstock, President of the Merchants Association of New York, had consented to serve as a director of the new company under a reorganization plan approved last June 10 by Federai Judge Alfred C. Coxe.

Mr. Wright explained that a common stock committee, represented by Archibald Palmer, who had opposed the plan, had joined with the committee favoring it in requesting Mr. Comstock to serve as director, thus ending further litigation.

The board of directors of the reorganized committee, Mr. Wright said, will be for the first year of its operation: Allen L. Woodworth, President of the reorganized company; Peter Grimm, Milton Diamond, Gladden W. Baker, Louis K. Comstock, Wallace Groves, Walter S. Mack Jr., Edward A. LeRoy Jr., Ray Kramer and Joseph V. McKee.—V. 144, p. 3858.

United Corp.—Earnings-

Chited Corp. L	ice recreys			
Period End. June 30-	1937-3 M	fos.—1936	1937-6 M	fos.—1936
Dividends received Taxes Current expenses	\$2,795,517 x 82,773	\$2,696,038 102,829 53,824	\$5,098,857 *159,609 112,784	\$4,905,930 162,592 131,988
Net income Preferred dividends	\$2,66?,670 1,866,521	\$2,539,385 1,866,518	\$4.826,464 3,733,041	\$4.611,350 3,733,016
Profit for the period Shs. com. stk. outstand.	\$796,149	\$672,867	\$1,093,423	\$878,334
Earnings per share x Includes estimated I	14,529,491 \$0.06 Federal norm	14,529,491 \$0.05 nal income t	14,529,491 \$0.08 ax, but does	14,529,491 \$0.06 not include

any provision for estimated Federal surtax on undistributed profits.

The securities in the corporation's portfolio, which at June 30, 1937 were carried on the books at a cost or declared value of \$581,285,157, less a reserve for depreciation of securities of \$350,000,000 (created by a charge to capital surplus), had an indicated market vaule of \$180,227,874 at that date, based on current published quotations.—V. 144, p. 3024.

United Corp., Ltd.—Accumulated Dividend-

The directors have declared a dividend of 75 cents per share on account of accumulations on the \$1.50 cumulative class A stock, no par value,

payable Aug. 16 to holders of record July 31. A similar dividend was paid on May 15 and Feb. 15, last; one of \$1 was paid on Nov. 16, 1936; 75 cents was paid on May 15, 1936, and one of 50 cents was paid on Nov. 15, 1935, this latter payment being the initial distribution on the class A stock.

—V. 144, p. 2680.

Underwood Elliott Fisher Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings-Net after expense. Total income \$1,563,458 epreciation 120,912 ederal income taxes 271,569 \$860,841 120,506 82,371 \$3,397,639 241,824 579,406 \$1,918,026 239,244 192,157 Depreciation_____Federal income taxes___ \$1,486,625 668,551 \$2.08 \$657,964 **x**\$2,576,409 668,551 733,084 \$0.91 \$3.51 x Before Federal surtax on undistributed profits.—V. 144, p. 3354.

United Fruit Co.—Earnings-

Period End. June 30— 1937—3 Mos.—1936 ## 1937—6 Mos.—1936 ## Net earnings after all charges but bef. taxes_ \$4,196,000 \$4,228,000 \$7,592,000 \$6,878,000 outstanding (no par)_ 2,906,000 2,906,000 2,906,000 2,906,000 Earnings per share_____ \$1.44 \$1.45 \$2.61 \$2.36

United Gas Improvement Co.—Weekly Output-

Week Ended— July 10, '37 July 3, '37 July 11, '34 Electric output of system (kwh.) 80,505,767 86,848,985 81,721,796 —V. 145, p. 294.

United States Hoffman Machinery Corp.—Transfer Agent-

The Manufacturers Trust Co. is transfer agent for 30,000 shares of $5\frac{14}{2}\%$ cumulative preferred stock .—V. 144, p. 3025.

United States Pipe & Foundry Co.—Earnings—

6 Mos. End. June 30— Total incomex\$1	1937 .741,980 y\$	1936 1,638,891	1935 y\$810,965	1934 x\$ 662,717
Allowance for deprec'n.	153,620	231,651	273,629	304.990
Res. for Fed. inc. tax	z 231,500	208,000	69,000	42,000

Net profit \$1,356,859 \$1,199.239 \$468,336 \$315,727 Earns, per share on com. \$2.01 \$1.39 \$0.22 Nil x After deducting cost of operating maintenance of plants, expenses of sales and general offices, provision for taxes (other than Federal income taxes), and doubtful accounts. y Excluding \$11,895 in 1936 (\$24,780 in 1935) dividends on preferred stock owned by company. z This provision is estimated to cover Federal income taxes for the period except for contingent liability of additional tax on undistributed earnings.

Earnings for 12 Months Ended June 30, 1937

Total earnings after deducting cost of operating, maintenance of plants, expenses of sales and general offices, provision for taxes (other than Federal income tax) and doubtful accounts, \$3,408,454; less, allowance for depreciation, \$382,457; less, reserve for Federal income tax, \$440,509; net profit for period, \$2,585,488.

Depreciation provided for the six months ended June 30, 1937 was approximately \$76,000 less than the amount which would have been provided under rates used prior to the fiscal year 1937. This reduction resulted from the adoption of depreciation rates allowed by the United States Treasury Department in a proposed adjustment of income tax liability for prior years.

This provision is estimated to cover Federal income taxes for the period except for contingent liability of additional tax on undistributed earnings.—V. 144. p. 2502.

United States Steel Corp.—Classification of Stockholders

except for contingent liability of additional tax on undistributed earnings.—V. 144. p. 2502.

United States Steel Corp.—Classification of Stockholders Common stock of the United States Steel Corp. outstanding as of June 30, 1937, amounted to 8.703,252 shares while preferred stock amounted to 3.602,811 shares.

Of the common stock outstanding on June 30, 1937, 2,204.571 shares, or 25.33%, were in brokers' names, representing an increase of 45,277 shares over the 2,159,294 shares, or 24.81%, held by brokers on March 31, 1937. Investors common stock holdings on June 30, 1937, were 6,498,681 shares, or 74.67%, as compared with 6,543,958 shares, or 75.19%, on March 31, 1937.

Of the preferred stock outstanding 407,133 shares, or 11.30%, were in brokers' names on June 30, 1937, an increase of 4,289 shares over the 402,844 shares, or 11.18%, so held on March 31, 1937. Investors' holdings of preferred amounted to 3,195,678 shares, or 88.70% of the outstanding issue on June 30, 1937, as compared with 3,199,967 shares, or 88.82% held by them on March 31, 1937.

New York State Brokers' holdings of common stock as of June 30, 1937, were 1,889,676 shares, or 21.71%, as against 1,848,144, or 21.24%, on March 31, 1937.

On the preferred stock their holdings were 368,270 shares, or 10.22%, on June 30, 1937, compared with 362,844, or 10.07%, on March 31, 1937.

On the preferred stock their holdings were 368,270 shares, or 10.22%, on June 30, 1937, compared with 362,844, or 10.07%, on March 31, 1937.

On the preferred stock their holdings on June 30, 1937, were 1,318,038 or 15.14% as compared with 362,844, or 10.07%, on March 31, 1937.

On the preferred stock their holdings on June 30, 1937, were 1,318,038 or 15.14% as compared with 362,844, or 10.07%, on March 31, 1937.

On the preferred stock their holdings on June 30, 1937, were 1,318,038 or 15.14% as compared with 726,217 shares, or 8.34% so held on March 31, 1937.

Of the preferred stock their holdings on June 30, 1937, shares, or 8.34% so held on March 31, 1937.

Of the p

June Shipments—
See under "Indications of Business Activity" on a preceding page.— See under "I V. 145, p. 136.

V. 145, p. 136.

United Stockyards Corp.—Earnings—

Net income of the 11 operating subsidiaries of this company for the 12 months ended June 30, 1937, was at a rate sufficient to cover this company's annual bond interest 3.4 times and to leave a balance of 86 cents a share for the 374,000 shares of common stock after providing for a year's preferred dividend requirements, according to W. K. Wright, President.

The amount of net income of operating subsidiaries for the period applicable to United's annual bond interest requirements of \$263,500 was \$895,633 after giving consideration to all charges including tax on undistributed profits. While actual figures on a strictly comparable basis are not available for the preceding 12 months, Mr. Wright said that earnings of the 12 months ended June 30 bettered the average of the preceding three years by a considerable margin.

After estimated annual administrative expenses of approximately \$70,000 for the 12-month period and annual preferred dividend requirements of \$304,000, the balance available for the common stock amounted to 87 cents a share.—V. 144, p. 4202.

Universal Cooler Corp.—To Vote on Kelvinator Suit—
Stockholders at a special meeting called for July 29 will vote on terms of settlement of a suit brought by minority interests to restrain Universal from issuing to Kelvinator division of Nash-Kelvinator Corp., the 66,180 shares of class A convertible stock and 206,390 shares of class B stock covered by an option which Kelvinator attempted to exercise on Oct. 10 last. Terms of the proposed settlement will be contained in letters being prepared for mailing to stockholders.

Universal Cooler now has outstanding 66,178 shares of the authorized 135,000 class B shares of which the unissued portions are reserved for option except 135,000 shares of class B which are reserved for conversion of class A stock.

During Universal's fiscal year ended Sept. 30, 1934, it issued the options for the class A stock at \$4.65 a share and for the class B shares at 93 cents a share in connection with the raising of necessary additional working capital to J. B. Ford, who later assigned larger part of his option to Kelvinator.—V. 141, p. 4179.

- *- *			
Utilities	Employees	Securities	Co.—Earnings—

May 31	1936
\$1,159,566 24,673	\$855,667 7,295
\$1,184,239 94,442	\$862,962 61,917
92,029	91,580
470,081	408,466
\$527,686	\$300,999
	May 31 1937 \$1,159,566 24,673 \$1,184,239 94,442 92,029 470,081

Note—No provision is made in this statement, for Federal surtax on undistributed profits, if any, for the year 1937.

Ralance Sheet May 31 1937

Ва	unce sneet	May 31, 1937	
Assets— Investments— Subs. co.—capital stock Affiliated cos.—stock and bonds(mkt.value at June 8, 1937—\$14,604,120) Deposits for matured int. on inc. bonds & notes (contra) Cash Int. & divs. receivable	\$65,000 10,476,818 3,142 260,089	Labilities— Preferred, \$5 non-cumulative Common stock	x\$450,000 y1,627,000 2,346,150 3,859,360 302,499 3,142 26,576 160,000 116,109 83,630 14,766 1,618,197 469,000
Total	11,076,428	Total	\$11,076,428

x Represented by 4,500 no par shares. y Represented by 1,000 no par

shares.

Note—The company's liability for Federal income taxes for the period from the commencement of business in 1931 to 1936, inclusive, is still subject to final determination. For the years 1931 to 1933, inclusive, the company was included in consolidated returns with other companies in the Associated Gas & Electric System. Separate Federal income tax returns were filed for the year 1934 and subsequently. Under the Federal income tax regulations covering the years 1931 to 1933, inclusive, the companies included in consolidated returns may be held to be jointly and severally liable for any deficiencies assessed against the consolidation. Notice of assessment for Federal income taxes with penalties and interest for the years 1931 to 1933, inclusive, and excess profits taxes for the year 1933, aggregating \$23,354,683, with demands for immediate payment and notice of tax liens addressed to Associated Gas & Electric Co. and(or) the company and its subsidiaries, have been served on Associated Gas & Electric Co. The assessments and assertions are being contested.—V. 141, p. 1952.

Utility & Industrial Corp.—Earnings—

Othicy & Industr	rar corp	· Later retri	yo	
6 Mos. End. June 30— Interest received Cash dividends Net prof. on sale of secur.	1937 \$18,406 21,658 37,405	1936 \$11,550 18,048	1935 \$16,215 26,700 def111,613	1934 \$21,114 126,816 7,570
Total income Interest Taxes_ Regis. & transf. expenses Other expenses	\$77,469 3,217 3,253 2,735 18,061	\$29,598 5,196 8,018 2,934 12,637	loss\$68,698 65,176 7,975 2,303 14,213	\$155,500 70,138 7,152 2,305 17,432
Net income Previous earned surplus_	\$50,203 74,488	\$812 2,824,413	loss\$158,365 2,900,413	\$58,472 2,875,720
Total earned surplus_	\$124,691	\$2,825,225	\$2,742,047	\$2,934,192

	Compa	rative Bala	nce Sheet June 30		
Assets-	1937	1936	Liabilities-	1937	1936
	210.952	53 768	Collat. notes pay.	400,000	462.00
Accr'd int. receiv_	18,984		Accounts payable_		49
Other receivables.		133	Accr. int. & taxes_	4,242	7,26
Investm'ts, at cost			Investment res've_		
			y Capital stock	9,719,262	9,719,26
Deferred accounts.	682	810	Capital surplus Earned surplus	124,691	${5,101,42} \ 2,825,22$
Total 14 5	894 482	18 115 675	Total	14 894 482	18 115 67

y Convertible pref. stock (without par value) issued and outstanding, 673,381 shares at capital of \$7 per share; common stock (without par value), 1,000,919 shares, at capital of \$5 per share; and option warrants outstanding granting the holders thereof the right to purchase 1,000,000 shares of common stock on or before Feb. 1, 1944, at \$17.50 per share.

A comparison of net worth, with break-down of investments according to

type of security, as of June 30,	1301, and	1, 100. 01, 1	200, 15 as 10	onows.
	-June 30	, 1937	Dec. 31	
		% Total		% Total
	Amount	Net Assets	Amount	Net Assets
Net current assets	\$225,706		\$202,618	
Investments-Bonds and notes_	691.682	17.52	393.105	7.52
Preferred stocks	712.128		981.870	
Common stocks			3,638,270	69.65
			7.753	.15
Sundry	10,000	.20	1,100	.10
Total net assets	\$3 048 480	100.00	\$5,223,616	100.00
Deduct—Note payable			400,000	100.00
Deduct Note payable	400,000		400,000	
Net worth	92 549 490		\$4.823.616	
TAGE MOLEUL	@0,010,10U		QT,020,010	

Net worth.......\$3,548,480 \$4,823,616

Net worth as of June 30, 1937, based on values as shown in the statement of investments, amounted to \$5.27 per share of convertible preferred stock, compared with \$7.16 on Dec. 31, 1936. The decline of \$1.89 per share in net worth can be accounted for largely by the decline in market value of three blocks of public utility holding company stocks in corporation's portfolio which amounted to \$1.57 per share. Sales were made of each of these items at close to the high prices registered during the period and the proceeds were reinvested in other industries.

Corporation's portfolio contained 81 items on June 30, 1937, compared with 55 on Dec. 31, 1936, after the execution of a program of purchases and sales for better adaptation of investments to the current outlook. A comparison according to industrial classification for June 30, 1937 and Dec. 31, 1936 is as follows:

Percentage Invested in-	June 30, 1937	Dec. 31, 1936
Public utilities		69.6
Industrials	44.3	29.0
Railroads	5.2	0.0
Miscellaneous	1.5	1.4
37 144 m 704		

Victor Brewing Co., Jeannette, Pa.—Earnings—

Calendar Years— Gross income, less excise taxes Manufacturing expenses All other expenses		\$1,232,428 727,930 440,402	\$1,526,058 513,390 \$739,042
Net income	\$218,428	\$64,095	\$273,624
Dividends paid	80,000		64,000
Surplus Previous surplus Prior years' adjustments Prov. for State & Fed. income taxes	\$138,428 264,153 Cr340 60,974	\$64,095 273,909 y 73,851	\$209,624 64,285
Surplus, Dec. 31 Earnings per share on capital stock. **Including income taxes. y Inclufederal income taxes of \$3,158.	\$341,947	\$264,153	\$273,909
	\$0.26	\$0.08	\$0.35
	iding provisi	ion for 1935	State and

| Balance Sheet Dec. 31 | 1936 | 1935 | Labilities | 1936 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 | 1938 Balance Sheet Dec. 31 \$159,643 53,756 \$11,468 83,147 Inventories____ Other assets and deferred charges 800,000 x Fixed assets ... 264,153

---\$1,750,913 \$1,564,548 ** After reserve for depreciation of \$409,662 in 1936 and \$276,583 in 1935. y Includes State and Federal income and capital stock taxes of \$67,775 in 1936 and \$9,229 in 1935 and \$4,951 for State and Federal unemployed insurance tax.—V. 144, p. 123. Total____\$1,750,913 \$1,564,548 Total ...

Victor Chemical Works, Chicago-Arranges for Financing

August Kochs, President, announced July 14, that the company had entered into an agreement with F. Eberstadt & Co., Inc., New York, investment banking firm, covering the sale of 75,000 shares of stock, the proceeds of which will be used for plant expansion, made necessary by the increasing business of the company.

The company intends, in the near future, to file a registration statement, under the Securities Act of 1933. F. Eberstadt & Co., Inc. will subsequently make a public offering of 150,000 shares, representing the 75,000 shares to be purchased from the company, and an additional 75,000 shares to be acquired from present stockholders.

The proposed offering represents the first public sale of stock in the history of the company, its stock having been closely held prior to this time. Upon completion of the financing, the company will have outstanding 696,000 shares of stock. It has no funded debt or preferred stock.

The company intends to apply in the near future for the listing of its stock on the New York Stock Exchange.

Company is the largest producer in the country of high-grade phosporic acid and phosphates for technical, pharmaceutical and food purposes. It also manufactures various other chemical products, including triple superphosphate, ferrophosphorus, oxalic acid and formic acid. Its products are sold to a wide variety of industries, including the food, steel building, textile, fertilizer, oil, paint, pharmaceutical and chemical industries. The company is also introducing to the market several new products which have been developed in its laboratories.

The company has shown substantial earnings for every year since 1924 and has paid dividends in every year since 1926. For the year ended Dec. 31, 1936, the company reported net profit of \$810,379. As of Dec. 31, 1936, the company reported net profit of \$810,379. As of Dec. 31, 1936, the company reported net profit of \$810,379. As of Dec. 31, 1936, the company solations of \$374,945.—V. 135, p. 315.

Victor Equipment Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings—

Victor Equipment Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings-

Consolidated Income Account for the Year Ended Dec. 31, 1 Profit before depreciat'n, amortization, & Federal income taxes Depreciation of buildings and equipment Amortization of patents Federal income and excess-profits taxes	\$172,865 \$172,865 \$19,589 \$6,897 \$20,645
Net profit transferred to surplus	\$125,735

x No provision is considered necessary for Federal surtax on undistributed

Consolidated Balance Sheet Dec. 31, 1936

Assets—		, Liabilities-	
Cash in banks and on hand	\$38,480	Notes payable	\$27,028
a Notes, contracts, accrued		Accts. & accrued exps. payable	138,292
int. & accounts receivable	255,010	Taxes payable	36,248
Inventories		Instalments on promissory note	
b Notes receiv. with collateral	38,354	& land purchase agreement,	
c Plant and equipment	315,412	payable during 1937	3,564
Patents at cost (less amortiz)	45,541	Promissory note & land pur-	
Patent applic. pending(at cost)	6,964	chase agreement	51,268
Guarantee deposits and other		Deferred credits	2,999
sundry assets	920	Pref. stock (\$5 par)	362,210
Deferred charges	5,358	Common stock (par \$1)	81,029
		Capital surplus	208,111
		Earned surplus since Dec.31'32	116,919

Total\$1,027,668 Total a After allowance for losses of \$25,838. b Consisting of conditional sales contracts due after Dec. 31, 1937. c After allowance for depreciation of \$189,529.—V. 145, p. 137.

Wabash Ry.—Reorganization Plan Filed—Provides Cash Assessment of \$7 per share—

Assessment of \$7 per share—

The receivers for the company, on July 14, filed a plan of reorganization with the U. S. Federal Court for the Eastern District of Missouri. The announcement states that the plan has the approval of representatives of most classes of security holders, with stated reservations.

It is understood that the proposed plan of reorganization does not have to be approved by the Interstate Commerce Commission, since the Wabsah Ry. is in equity receivership and not under Section 77 of the Bankruptcy Act. The plan provides, however, for issuing new securities, and these must be approved by the ICC.

The plan provides for a cash assessment of \$7 a share on the preferred and common stocks outstanding. Stockholders who pay this assessment will receive \$7 par value in 4½% income mortgage bonds. In addition, holders of the class A preferred stock will receive one share of new no-par common stock; holders of class B preferred one-half share of new common and holders of common stock one-third of a new common share.

Class A preferred stockholders who do not pay the assessment will receive one-third of a share of new common share.

Class A preferred stockholders who do not pay the assessment will receive one-third of a share of new common stock, non-paying holders of class B one-sixth of a common share and non-paying common stockholders one-ninth of a new share.

Total cash requirements under the plan would amount to \$7,251,342 of which the major portion would be \$2,000,000 for new equipment. The other items include: \$820,428 to adjust interest on bonds; \$250,509 to adjust interest on equipment trusts; \$1,082,036 cash payments under the plan; \$1,850,000 reserve for option to purchase Hannibal-Moberly Line (M.-K.-T.); \$600,000 estimated reorganization expenses and taxes; and \$648,359 for working capital, &c.

The Pennsylvania Co., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Pennsylvania RR. owns approximately 48.8% of the total Wabash Ry. stocks and would pay about \$4,730,000 to meet the assessment. If all stockh

Other Provisions of Plan

The plan further provides:
The 1st mtge. 5% bonds of the Wabash, of which \$33.891,000 are outstanding, would receive 100% principal in new 20-year first 4s.
The 2d mtge. 5% gold bonds of the Wabash, of which \$13.993,000 are outstanding, would receive 100% of principal in the new 35-year general mtge. 4s

The 2d ntge. 3, gold bonds of the Wabash, of which \$13,993,000 are outstanding, would receive 100% of principal in the new 35-year general mtge. 4s.

All equipment trust certificates of the Wabash would receive 100% principal in new 10-year equipment trust 3s, except that the equipment trust of 1920, of which \$755,400 is outstanding, would be paid in cash. Receivers' certificates, of which there are \$21,440,994 outstanding, would receive 25% principal in new first 4s and 75% in 60-year income 4½s.

The refunding and general mortgage bonds, series A, B, C, and D of the Wabash would receive 50% of principal in the 60-year income 4½s and 50% in 5% preferred stock of \$100 par value. The accumulated interest on these bonds would be paid in full in new 5% preferred stock. Including unpaid interest, these amount to \$79,906,677.

The 1st mtge. 4% bonds of the Ann Arbor RR.. affiliated with the Wabash of which there are \$6,997,000 outstanding, would receive 50% in 20-year 1st 4s and 50% in 35-year general 4s.

A payment of \$26,310 in cash is provided for the minority stock interest in the Ann Arbor.

All the receivers' certificates outstanding are held by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation excepting \$4,491,411 held by banks. In their petition

to the court, the receivers say that these banks consider these securities adequately secured and that "they feel that they are entitled to be paid in full or to foreclose their lien upon the pledged collateral or, if asked to accept new securities, to receive only such securities as will provide a fixed income of a market value equivalent to the face of their certificates."

Under the plan, the reorganized company would have outstanding \$6,795,-000 in equipment trust certificates; \$2,190,000 in Wabash-St. Charles Bridge 1st mtge 4s; \$350,000 in Wabash-Hannibal Bridge 1st mtge 3½s; \$49,411,249 in 20-year 1st mtge 4s; \$3,360,500 in 35-year 3½s; \$20,869,000 35-year general mtge. 4s; \$53,915,587 in 60-year income mtge. 4½s; \$49,-773,177 in \$100-par preferred stock carrying 5% annual dividends and 775,433 shares of common stock of stated value of \$1 a share.

Deficit After Fixed Charges

Fixed interest charges under the proposed plan would amount to \$3,232,-

Deficit After Fixed Charges

Fixed interest charges under the proposed plan would amount to \$3,232,527 annually, which, on the basis of estimated earnings for 1937, would be 2.07 times income available for interest. Income bond interest would amount to \$2,426,202 annually, while sinking fund requirements would be \$539,156. The sinking fund on the general mortgage would be \$242,295 yearly, while provision, is made for an improvement fund of \$1,000,000 a year.

On the basis of a forecast of this year's operations, there would be a deficit of \$762,997 after these charges and before dividend requirements of \$2,488,659 on the 5% preferred stock. For the common stock there would be a deficit of \$3,251,656.

EXCHAN	GE OF	NEW	FOR	OLD	SECURITIES

EXCHANGE OF N	EW F	OR O		'Ill Rece			
Outstanding		90.7/-		r.Gen.		5%	Clam
Existing Securities— S					Inc.		Com
		184 48	3148	43		Pref.	Stock
Wabash RR. 1st 5s33,891,000		100%					
Det. & Chic. Ext 1st 5s 1,834,000		100%					
Tol. & Chic. Div. 1st 4s 3,000,000		100%					
1st lien term. 4s 3,555,000		c50 %		c50%			
Des Moines Div. 1st 4s 1,600,000				100%			
Omaha Div. 1st 3 1/28 3,160,500			100%				
2d mtge. 5s13,993,000				100%			
Deb. 6s ser. B & scrip 200,326	100%						
Columbia & St. L. RR.:	/0						
1st mtge 4s 200,000			100%				
Wabash-St. Chas. Bdge.:			200 /0				
1st mtge. serial 4s 2,190,000		W	Till rem	atn und	leturh	edbe	
Wabash-Hannibai Bdge.:		***	mirem	and dud	aseur D	cu	
1st M. ser'l 3 1/2 % notes 350,000	-		7ill marm	ain und	laturh	- he	
Wabash Ry.:			mrem	and dud	Latur D	cu-	
Equip. trust of 1920 755,400	1000						
			100.00	In 10		den 4mm	4 2-
Other equip. trusts 6,795,000	awm	receive	100%	m 10-y	r. equ	up. trus	t os.
Receivers' certificates:							
1st series 4s (RFC)10,250,000		25%			75%		
2d series 4s (RFC) 906,583		25%			75%		
Series A 4s (RFC) 4,575,000		25%			75%		
Ser. B 4½s (banks) _ 4,491,411		25%			75%		
Serial 4s (RFC) 1,218,000		25%			75%		
Ref. & gen. 51/28 ser. A. 12,500,000					50%	50%	
Interest 4,354,167						100%	
Reg. & gen. 5s. ser B15,500,000					50%	50%	
Interest 4,792,916						100%	
Ref. & gen. 4 1/28 ser. C_17,867,000					50%	50%	
Interest 5,024,094						100%	
Ref. & gen. 5s. ser D15,000,000					50%	50%	
Interest 4,687,500						100%	
N. J. Ind. & Ill .:						100 70	
1st mtge. 5s 100,000	1000						
Unsecured general claims	100%						
						-	-
(estimated) 600,000							a
Pref. stock A 5%69,580,150							b
Pref. stock B 5% 1,589,142							b
Common stock66,951,475							b
Ann Arbor RR.:				***			
1st mtge. 4s 6,997,000		50%					
Receivers ctfs. (RFC) 200,000		25%			75%		
Pref. stk. (min. int.) 31,800	\$26,31	0 allow	ed in	cash rec	quirem	ents to	pur-
Com. stock (min. int.) 9,000	chas	e minor	rity int	erest.			
a One-half share of preferred and	1 1/2 sh	are of	commo	on for e	ach \$	100 of	debt.
b Stockholders paying assessment of	of \$7 pe	r share	on pre	sent pre	ferred	A, pref	erred
B and common stocks receive \$7 par vi							
and 1-3 share new common (no par)							

B and common stocks receive \$7 par value in income mtge. 41/s, and 1 share, 34 share and 1-3 share new common (no par) respectively. Stockholders not paying assessment receive 1-3 share, 1-6 share and 1-9 share new common (no par) for 1 share of present preferred A, preferred B and common stock respectively.

c This allocation of securities of new company in exchange for 1st lien terminal bonds is subject to revision on a study to be made by an expert of the properties under this mortgage.

d As alternative, the present principal instalments maturing in 1936 in the aggregate amount of \$1,433,000 and in 1937 in the amount of \$1.-433,000 deferred to 1939 and 1940, respectively, under agreements between the receivers and the holders of all of the outstanding equipment trust certificates, may be paid off in cash, and the remaining instalments assumed by the new company.

Interest Payments Permitted

Interest Payments Permitted

By an order of the Federal Court at St. Louis, Mo., entered July 14, which court has primary jurisdiction in the receivership proceedings, the receivers are authorized to pay up to but not exceeding 80% of the following amounts of interest due or to become due on the dates stated on the following mortgage bonds:

	Date	Amount
First mortgage 5% gold bonds	May 1, 1937	\$847,275
Columbia & St. Louis RR. 1st mtge 4% gold bonds	May 1, 1937	4,000
Detroit & Chicago extension 1st mtge 5% bonds	July 1, 1937	46,100
Des Moines Division 1st mtge. 4% gold bonds	July 1, 1937	32,000
First lien terminal 4% gold bonds		71,100
Toledo & Chicago Division 1st mtge. 4% bonds		60,000
Omaha Division 1st mtge. 31/2% bonds	Oct. 1, 1937	55,309
Announcement will be made in due course as	to when payr	nents will
he made in accordance with the foregoing outhorit	v V 145 n	127

Waco Aircraft Co.—Earnings—

Calendar Years— Net sales Cost of sales	\$1,053,695 863,306	\$1,235,903 999,122	1934 \$895,421 747,409	\$974,547 721,221
Engineering, selling and admin. expenses	243,747	243,930	223,819	196,357
Net operating loss Other income, less other	\$53,359	\$7,148	\$75,807	prof\$56,968
deductionsFederal income tax	9,661	$\substack{12,396\\Dr724}$	8,840	10,764
Net loss for the year Earns, per sh, on 145,000	\$43,698	prof\$4,523	\$66,966	prof\$67,733
shares capital stock	Nil	\$0.03	Nil	\$0.46
3 Months Ended March Net sales Net loss after taxes and o			1937 \$191,668 38,718	1936 \$132,904 44,918
Annale 1000		heet Dec. 31	1000	1005

		Balance S	Sheet Dec. 31		
Assets— Cash Cash Notes rec.(less res.) Notes receivable Inventories Oth. current assets Investments Fixed assets (less res. for deprec.) Deferred expense.	1936 \$91,852 44,547 1,572 256,936 319 2,670 282,981 7,374	1935 \$181,459 23,560 5,571 222,958	Accounts payable. Accrued payroll Accrued county & Federal taxes Cust. & oth. credit balances Cust. dep. on order Guar. deposits by	1936 \$2,205 6,727 1,947 6,425 12,051	. 1935 \$1,719 5,026 4,699 1,419 14,730
			Other cur. liabil_Res.—for conting_Com. stk. (145,000 shs. no par)Capital surplusEarned surplus	2,556 2,432 520,000 60,192 73,717	1,350 3,689 520,000 60,192 118,989
Total	\$688,253	\$743,717	Total	\$688,253	\$743,717

Waitt & Bond, Inc .- Earnings-

Calendar Years— a Manufacturing profit_ Sell., adm. & gen. exp	1936 \$438,275 395,024	1935 \$415,376 386,758	1934 \$345,613 456,487	1933 \$352,489 392,524
Operating profit	\$43,251 12,028	\$28,618 13,669	loss\$110,874 26,319	loss\$40,036 30,801
Total income Interest paid Miscell, deductions Prov. for Federal taxes.	\$55,279 4,230 1,772 b 6,541	\$42,287 3,761 12,385 3,250	loss\$84,554 6,509 5,670	loss\$9,235 13,750
Net profit Previous surplus Adjustment's prior years	\$42,735 449,193 Cr8,175	\$22,891 428,196 Dr1,894	loss\$96,734 524,930	loss\$22,985 531,514 Cr16,400
Total surplusClass A stock dividends_	\$500,103 36,599	\$449,193	\$428,196	\$524,930
Surplus, bal. Dec. 31_ a After deducting cost			\$428,196 materials, lal	

expenses and depreciation. b Including provision of \$652, for tax on undistributed profits. Balance Sheet Dec 21

	Du	wite Sheet	, Louis OI		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Cash in banks and	****	****	Acceptance pay'le		
on hand	\$127,097	\$150,595		9104 044	\$125,000
Cash in escrow		20,591		\$104,044	\$120,000
a Accts. rec. (trade)	287,883	266,657	Accts. pay. (trade,		
Accts. rec. (other)	2,792	3,105		40,070	53,794
Accts. rec. (affil.			Reserve for Federal		
cos.)	89,757	23,876	tax	6.541	3,250
Accrued int. rec	1,176	1.176	Accrued salaries,	-,	
Inventories	680.881	817.864		6.831	2,816
Investm'ts, &c	463,270	369.500	c Capital stock (no		
b Fixed assets	415,528	425,599		1,499,300	1,499,300
Goodwill, tr. mks.,	,0		Earned surplus	463,504	449,193
&C	25,000	25,000		,	,
Prepaid ins., taxes,	20,000	20,000			
	26 006	20 387			
supplies, &c	26,906	29,387			

Total......\$2,120,291 \$2,133,353 Total......\$2,120,291 \$2,133,353 a After reserves for doubtful accounts, discounts, &c., of \$17,744 in 1936 and \$22,850 in 1935. b After reserve for depreciation and amortization of \$674,920 in 1936 and \$753,278 in 1935. c Represented by 100,000 shares of class A stock and 200,000 shares of class B stock.—V. 144, p. 123.

Walker & Co .- Accumulated Dividend-The directors have declared a dividend of 50 cents per share on account of accumulations on the \$2.50 cumulative class A convertible stock, no par value, payable July 26 to holders of record July 15. Similar payments were made on April 26 and Feb. 18, last; Nov. 30, Oct. 15, Aug. 31, July 1, April 25 and Feb. 15, 1936, and on Dec. 20, Nov. 15, Aug. 15, May 15 and Feb. 15, 1935.—V. 144, p. 2503.

Walkerville Brewery, Ltd.-Earnings-

Calendar Years— Profit from operations Dominion, Provincial and municipal taxes Executive salaries Legal fees	\$232,597 190,944 5,000 441	\$148,888 145,752
Profit from oper. before charging depreciation Miscellaneous income	\$36,211 10,852	\$3.136 7,493
Net profit for year before prov. for depreciation_ Provision for depreciation	\$47,064 29,528	\$10,629 29,475
NT-4	817 FOR	1

Provision for depr				29,528	29,475
Net profit for th			eet Dec. 31	\$17,536	loss\$18,846
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Cash	\$27,799		Acets. pay., acer'd		
Dom. of Can. bds.	121.000	84,435			6 \$4,911
Accr'd int. rec'le	1.096		Reserve for Dom.,		
Sundry accts. rec.			Prov. & munic.		
(less reserve)	21,400	14,019		9,60	
Advs. to officers &			b Capital stock		
shareholders	313		Capital surplus		
Advs. to exployees	2,806		Earned surplus	8,048	def4,487
Inventories	180,550	157,490			
Invest. in Brewer's Warehous'g Co					
Ltd	500	500			
a Land, bldgs.,ma-	000	000			
chinery, equip.,					
fixtures, &c	969,104	986,485			
Goodwill, trade names, trmks					
formulae, &c	1	1			
Prepaid expenses.	12,175	7,893			
- sobuit orbenses.	,110	.1000			

Total _____\$1,336,746 \$1,321,056 Total ____\$1,336,746 \$1,321,056 a After reserve for depreciation of \$224,804 in 1936 and \$195,276 in 1935. b Represented by 375,000 no par shares.—V. 143, p. 2701.

(John Warren) Watson Co.—Earnings

(Julii Wallell) Watsoll Co	. Little in	90	
Calendar Years— Net sales Cost of sales	1936	1935	1934
	\$70,665	\$79,407	\$35,628
	125,056	120,206	196,248
Gross loss Selling expense Administrative and general expense	\$54,392	\$40,800	\$160,620
	15,043	10,328	21,655
	28,456	30,991	49,171
Net operating lossOther deductions.	\$97,891	\$82,119	\$231,446
	39,239	30,186	70,938
Net loss for the year	\$137,130	\$112,306	\$302,385

Net loss for the	e year		• 101,10U d	112,300	\$302,300
	1	Balance Sh	eet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	1 Liabilities-	1936	1935
Cash	394	\$1,980	Notes payable	\$107,585	\$95,489
a Accts. receivable	407	1,282	Accounts payable.	256,231	191,060
Inventories	6,794		Accrued accounts.		2,860
b Life insurance	3,290		Deferred liabilitie	931,678	913,004
c Other assets	63,359		Funded debt	. 390,000	390,000
Plant & equipment	53,439	72,032	e Capital stock		
Goodwill & pats	1	1			
Deferred charges	3,054	4,659			
d Deficit	1,556,609	1,419,478			

---\$1,687,049 \$1,592,414 Total\$1.687.049 \$1.592.414 a After allowance for doubtful of \$1,300 in 1936 and \$1,909 in 1935. b Cash value of policies after deducting policy loans. c Machinery and equipment not used in present operations. d After deducting original declared value of no par value stock of \$26,350. e The 200,000 no par common shares and 450,000 no par deferred common shares are not given any value in the above balance sheet.—V. 144, p. 469.

Weber Showcase & Fixture Co., Inc. - Earnings- Calendar Years— 1936 1935 1934 Sales net \$1,314,041 \$1,280,959 \$1,138,904 Cost of sales 1,080,071 1,039,858 897,417 Gross profit \$233,970 \$241,101 \$241,486

Rentals earned net	5,040	6,831	1,520
Total gross profitSell. adminis. & general expense	\$239,009	\$247,933	\$243,006
	251,225	238,926	233,152
Operating profitOther deductions (net)	loss\$12,216	\$9,007	\$9,854
	21,468	37,463	56,610
Net loss	\$33,684	\$28,456	\$46,756

Net profit

	1	Balance Sh	eet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Cash	\$27,770	\$57,265	Notes payable	\$40,000	\$125,000
x Notes, contracts			Accounts payable.	97,393	88,031
& accts. rec	366,828	410,489	Cust'ts deps., &c.	12,774	7,214
Inventory	416,146	363,427	Accruals	1,937	1,680
Inv. in leased equip	28,265	33,259	Res. for conting	3,000	4,100
Inv. in and adv. to			Deferred income	10,852	13,689
subs d ary	4,084	7,343	\$2 cum. 1st pf. stk.	699,760	699,760
Other assets	522,624	547,231	\$2 cum. 2d pf. stk.	156,600	156,600
Real estate	538,476	538,476	Common stock	749,118	749,118
y Bldgs., mach'y &			Capital surplus	882,370	882,370
equipment	214,156	229,670	Deficit	523,217	534,292
Patents, process &					
patterns	1	1			
Deferred charges	12,238	6,108			
Total\$2	2,130,588	2,193,271	Total\$	2,130,588	2,193,271
* After allowance	e for doul	btful acco	unts of \$60,000 in	1936 and	\$105.027
in 1935. v After al	lowance fo	or deprecia	ation of \$363,269 in	1936 and	\$347,400
in 1935.—V. 143.1		or de proon		1000	40 11 1100

Waltham Watch Co.—Earnings—	
Gross salesOperating costs	\$5,637,378 4,520,717
Gross profit	\$1,116,661 6,238
Total income	\$1,122,899 20,570 141,897 278,652

Dividends			×547,350
x Including \$33,530 deck	ared in 193	36, payable in 1937.	
Bal	ance Sheet	Dec. 31, 1936	
Assets—		Liabutties-	#10# 100
Deposited for pay, of Jan. 2		Payroll accrued & accts. pay Interest accrued on bonds	
prior pref. dividend	8,382	Prior pref. div. payable	33,530
a Secured short-term notes and		City, State and Fed'l taxes 1st mtge, 6% gold bonds, due	
Trade accounts receivable	2,873,567	1943	1,145,500
Other accounts receivable		Reserve for taxes	
Prem. deposit with Mutual		Reserve for bond discount Res. for bad or doubtful accts.	
Insurance Co	22,457	7% prior pref. stock (5,048 sh.)	504,800
Inv. (at cost), 680 shs, Wal- tham Nat. Bank pref. B		6% pref. stock (34,188 shs.) 259 2-10 shs. pr. pref. stk. &	3,418,800
Deposits in closed banks	7,707	68 15-100 shs. pref. stock	
Common class A (no par), 10 shs. at \$10 (res. for empl.)		held for cancellation (cost) c Capital and capital surplus	
b Plant	1,327,507	Earned surplus	923,263
Prepaid expenses	7,643		
Trademarks, patents, &c	1,750,000		
PR 4 4			

Total.....\$7,438,334 Total.....\$7,438,334 a Including accrued interest. b After reserve for depreciation of \$2,349,-415. c Represented by 25,000 shares common stock, class A (no par), and 41,868¾ shares common stock class B (no par)...V. 144, p. 795.

Weisbaum Bros.-Brower Co.—Extra Dividend—
The directors have declared an extra dividend of 15 cents per share in addition to a quarterly dividend of 10 cents per share on the common stock, both payable July 23 to holders of record July 10. Similar payments were made on June 1, last. An initial dividend of 10 cents was paid on March 1,

made on June 1, last. All linear divides and the last.

The current payments are out of current fiscal year earnings, which, according to Harry J. Weisbaum, Secretary-Treasurer, are currently estimated at \$1.10 per share. Sales will probably run 30% ahead of the previous fiscal year. Company's "Beau Brummel," "Topper," "Palm Beach," and "Burton's Poplin" men's neckwear lines have all contributed to the advance in sales.

Mr. Weisbaum stated that the company recently signed a two-year contract with its employees who are organized under the Committee for Industrial Organization.—V. 144, p. 3198.

Welsbac	h Co. (&	Subs.)-	Earnings-		
Years Ended Net sales Cost of sales	Dec. 31-	\$606,021 462,318	1935 \$480,046 383,375	\$360,167 308,054	1933 \$386,357 288,160
Gross profit Seil., adm. &		\$143,703 149,391	\$96,671 126,622	\$52,113 115,443	\$98,196 114,296
Net loss from		\$5,688 6,154	\$29,951 5,152	\$63,330 2,307	\$16,100 13,894
Loss before : Fixed charges	fixed chgs.	prof\$466 45,804	\$24,799 62,965	\$61,022 58,257	\$2,206 53,740
Net deficit f	or year	\$45,338	\$87,764	\$119,279	\$55,946
	Conso	lidated Balan	ce Sheet Dec.	31	
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935

	Consol	idated Bala	ince Sheet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Labilittes-	1936	1935
Cash	\$16,153	\$7,682	Notes pay., banks.	\$250,000	\$270,000
y Acets. receivable	35,405	36,874	x Notes pay. U.G.I.	905,250	843,000
Notes receivable	40	95	Accts. payable	54,968	51,522
Inventories	204,076	161,811	Taxes due and un-		
Advs. to salesmen_			paid	124,928	104,894
Investments	36,178		Acer. int. U. G. I.	291,122	255,619
Property & plant.			Other acer. liab's.	7,878	4,702
Deferred charges			Reserves	2,070,330	2,072,269
Goodwill & pat'ts.	3,600,569	3,600,569	7% pref. stock	1,225,000	1,225,000
			Common stock	3,500,000	3,500,000
			Deficit	1,220,825	1,175,486

....-\$7,208,652 \$7,151.521 Total\$7,208,652 \$7,151,521 x Capital stock of Camden County Land Co., a subsidiary which owns land and buildings at a ledger value of \$918,897 pledged as collateral. y Less reserve of \$4,527 in 1936 and \$3,118 in 1935.—V. 143, p. 2702.

West Shore RR.—Asks Directorship Approval—
George Whitney on July 3 applied to the Interstate Commerce Commission for authority to be a director of this Railroad to which position he was elected in April, and for general authority to hold the position of director or officer of any of the carriers included in or affiliated with the New York Central system. He already is a director of the Central.—V. 145, p. 138.

Western Air Express Corp.	(& Subs	.)— $Earni$	ings—
Calendar Years— Gross revenue Operating and general expenses Depreciation	1936 \$740,984 556,677 95,638	1935 \$586,989 495,295 71,109	468,444
Net operating income	\$88 668	\$20 585	loss\$151,583
reserves provided	32,448	36,158	19,100
Int. earned less int. charges Sundry income—Net Prov. for Fed. income tax	2,077 7,600	7,384	1,188
Losspr	of\$50,697 55,661	\$8,188	\$153,509 556,612
Deficit	\$4,964	\$8,188	\$710,121

	Consol	idated Balo	ince Sheet Dec. 31		
Assets— Cash in banks and	1936	1935	Liabilities— Notes payable for	1936	1935
on hand.	\$180,293	\$82,400			
Notes receivable		1,854			\$48,568
x Accts. receivable	46,965	48,219	Accounts payable.	\$40,331	20,536
Insurance claims	29,836		Accrued expenses.	10,035	12,691
Accts. rec'le from			Res. for Fed. inc.		
U.S. Post Office Dept. under old			Capital stock (par	7,600	
air mail contract	40,874	50,711	Capital stock (par	222,645	222,645
Adv. pay. on air-	40,074	50,711	Capital surplus	413,887	413,887
plane purchases.	1.000		Operating deficit	41.954	44,490
Inventory of parts	2,000		o perating delicities	22,002	,
and supplies	15.386	16,765			
Prepaid expenses_	9.071	9,442			
U. S. Govt. secs	11,127	35,054			
Misc. stks.& bonds	1,687	1,387			
y Props. & equip't	316,304	428,001			
Total	\$652,544	\$673,837	Total	\$652,544	\$673,837
x After reserve	of \$5,098	in 1935	and 1936. y Af	ter reserv	e for de

Western Grain Co., Ltd.—Passes Interest on Bonds—
The passing of half-yearly interest due July 2 on the first mortgage sinking fund gold bonds is announced in a letter to bondholders from A. C. Reid, General Manager.

The letter in part says, "It is regretted that it was necessary to take this course but in view of the unprecedented crop conditions which have developed in the Province of Saskatchewan there was really no choice in the matter. At the present time the whole of the southern half of the Province, as well as a large part of the central and western areas is a complete failure and it is not anticipated that any grain will be harvested for market. Unfortunately the majority of the company's elevators are located in this area. Crop deterioration is extending northward from day to day and unless timely rains and plenty of them are received in the immediate future this disaster will continue to spread. Under these conditions our elevators are being closed where no handlings are available and all expenses as far as possible are being eliminated."—V. 144, p. 2702.

Western Maryland Ry.—Earnings—

Western Maryland Ry.—Earnings—

—First Week of July—
1937 1936 1937 1936

\$301,308 \$252,842 \$9,391,358 \$8,098,205 Gross earnings______ —V. 145, p. 295.

Western Public Service Co. (& Subs.)—Earnings— 1937—Month— \$166,403 80,236 11,482 a15,654 Period End. May 31— Operating revenues____ Operation____ Maintenance____ \$654,348 51,972 \$720,419 12,324 \$59,031 Dr2,480 \$48,613 8,974

Net oper. revenues... Non-oper. income (net). \$706,320 349,616 Balance_____ Int. & amortization, &c_ \$57,587 28,897 Balance____\$27,699 Appropriations for retirement reserve_ \$28,691 \$382,156 227,805 \$356,704 217,958 Balance______Preferred dividend requirements_____ \$154,351 119,451 \$138,746 119,451 Balance for common dividends and surplus ___. \$34,900

a No provision has been made for the Federal surtax on undistributed profits, since any liability for such tax cannot be determined until the end of the year.

Note—The companies on Jan. 1, 1937, adopted the Federal Power Commission system of accounts, hence previous year's figures are not exactly comparative.—V. 145, p. 138.

Western Union Telegraph Co., Inc.—Earnings-

 Period End. May 31—
 1937—Month—1936
 1937—5 Mos.—1936

 Tel. & cable oper. revs.
 \$8,541,268
 \$8,067,219
 \$42,217,131
 \$38,772,782

 Total tel. & cable oper. expenses

 7,392,596
 6,517,930
 35,329,663
 31,806,860

 Net tel.& cable op.revs \$1,148,672 \$1,549,289 \$6,887,469 nooll. oper. revenues__ 42,707 56,470 211,086 axes assignable to oper. 460,689 331,815 2,333,135 \$6,965,922 271,409 1,647,838 Uncoll. oper. revenues...
Taxes assignable to oper.

Operating income.... \$645,276 Non-oper, income..... \$8,951 \$1,161,004 \$4,343,248 92,072 562,700 Gross income \$734,228 613,286

Net income \$120,942 \$1.253.077 682,360 \$4,905,948 \$5,661,978 3,074,975 3,432,378 \$570,717 \$1,830,972 \$2,229,599 Employees Association to Ask 10% Pay Rise-

The Association of Western Union Employees has decided to ask the company for 10% increase in pay, shorter hours and restoration of sick pay. Based on present wage rate this would mean that employees are asking for a 40-hour week and 48 hours of pay.

The company now gives 50% sick pay and the Association is asking for full restoration on this score.

Just when this request will be made to the company is not yet known but will probably be some time in August.—V. 144, p. 4366.

Westinghouse Electric & Mfg. Co.—Listing—
The New York Stock Exchange has authorized the listing of 5.814 additional shares of commo. stock (par \$50) upon official notice of issuance in connection with the acquisition by the company of the assets, property, business and goodwill of A. B. See Elevator Co., Inc. (Del.); making the total amount applied for 2.592,155 shares.

By resolutions adopted at a meeting held May 26, 1937, the board of directors authorized the acquisition of the assets, property, business and goodwill of A. B. See Elevator Co., Inc., in exchange for 10,000 shares of common stock of the company. The shares of common stock of the company so to be exchanged are 4.186 shares of common stock of the company's treasury and 5.814 shares of authorized, but unissued, shares of common stock of the company. It is expected that the assets of the A. B. See Elevator Co., Inc., to be acquired by the company, will be taken on the books of the company at the book value of such assets on the books of the A. B. See Elevator Co., Inc., as of the date of closing, including related reserves and current liabilities. It is estimated that such net book value will be approximately \$1,068,000 which value is in excess of the par value of the common stock of the company to be issued in exchange for these assets. The transaction will result in a credit to treasury stock account of \$140,-663, a credit to common capital stock account in the amount of \$290,700, and a credit to paid-in surplus equal to the difference between \$431,363 and the net book value of the assets acquired plus expense of the company in connection with such acquisition.—V. 144, p. 4031.

Wheeling Steel Corp.—Recapitalization Approved—

Wheeling Steel Corp.—Recapitalization Approved—
Company's plan of recapitalization which provide for the elimination of accumulated dividends on the 6% preferred stock, was approved at a special meeting of stockholders held July 14.

Under the plan, recommended by the board of directors, accumulated dividends aggregating \$9,157,128 on the 6% pref. stock will be eliminated through the voluntary exchange at the rate of one share of new \$5 prior preferred stock and one-half share of common stock for each share of the old preferred stock.

The management reported that 73.3% of the pref. stock and 72.8% of the common stock of the company was voted in favor of the plan, as against 0.5% of the preferred stock and 1.2% of the common stock in opposition.

It was announced at the meeting that preferred stock sufficient, in the judgment of the directors, to warrant the carrying out of the plan had been deposited prior to the meeting. The management announced that it would recommend to the directors that the holders of 6% pref. stock who have

not yet deposited their certificates be given an opportunity to participate in the plan. The board is expected to set Aug. 11 as the date up to which deposits of such stock will be accepted under the plan.—V. 144, p. 4366.

**** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	-		
Wieboldt	Stores.	Inc Earnings	_

	53 Weeks 7an. 30 '37 23,271,711 22,111,698	Year Ended Jan. 25 '36 \$19,991,210 19,551,573
Net profit from operations. Adjustment of prior year's local tax accruals, &c Other income. Interest paid—first mortgage note. Interest paid—W. A. Wieboldt 5½% sinking fund	\$1,160,013 $Cr32,696$ $Cr192,736$ $168,281$	\$439,637 Cr35,276 Cr183,256
bonds called Feb. 1, 1936	3,543 20,578 3,234	68,496 20,272 20,237
Premium paid on bonds called Provision for Federal income taxes (estimated) Surtax on undistributed net income (estimated)	$ \begin{array}{r} 26,800 \\ 185,992 \\ 24,400 \end{array} $	79,982
Net profit for the year. Dividends on \$5 cum. prior pref. stock. Dividends on 6% cum. conv. pref. stock Dividends on common stock. a Including depreciation of \$263,687 in 1937 and \$	\$952,616 45,456 175,842 461,147 3151,754 in	\$469,182 43,967 131,761 1936.

		Balanc	e Sheet		
	Jan. 30 '37	Jan. 25 '36		Jan. 30 '37	Jan. 25 '36
Assets-	\$	\$	Liabilities-	8	\$
Cash	520,340	431,192	Accounts payable_	1,085,713	993,103
Tax antic. warr'ts.	5,652	3,902	Accrued liabilities_	588,290	510.235
a Receivables	1,850,548	1,688,493	Other curr, indebt_	35,000	263,387
b Inventories	3,378,241	c2,773,439	Long-term indebt_	3,821,500	3,831,500
Other assets	356,262	297.675	Reserve	96.212	85,358
d Store property &	6		\$5 cum. prior pref.		00,000
equipment	8,517,219	7,590,298	stock (no par)	1,750,000	
Deferred assets	141,400	122,781	6% cum. conv. pf.		
			stock (\$50 par)_	2,931,125	2.931,125
			Common stock		3,391,537
			Capital surplus		214.272
			Earned surplus	1.075,145	809.164
			e Treasury stock		Dr121,900
Total	14 760 662	19 007 709	Total	14 700 000	10 007 700

___14,769,663 12,907,782 Total . a After allowance for doubtful of \$131,824 in 1937 and \$129,814 in 1936. b After estimated purchase discounts. c After reserve for possible price decline. d After valuation, amortization and depreciation reserves. e At cost.—V. 144, p. 2851.

Willys-Overland Motors, Inc.—June Output—
Production of Willys cars for June totaled 7.154 units, according to David R. Wilson, President of the company. Shipments of the new coupe, production of which started about the middle of June, are now running about 25% of total output.
For the first six months production was 49,628 units and total output since operations began in November, 1936, totaled 53,648 units.—V. 144, p. 3524.

Wolverine Tube Co.—Earnings—

Calendar Years— Gross profit (before depreciation)————————————————————————————————————	\$1,019,454 393,741	\$500,667 274,322
ProfitOther income	\$625,713 9,304	\$226,345 11,054
Total income_ Interest on funded debt_ Bad debt provision Other income deductions_ Loss on capital assets_ Depreciation_ Federal normal tax and surtax on undistributed inc.	8,042 6,500 4,064	\$237,399 13,567 10,750 2,658 8,776 49,893 20,975
Net profit to surplus Cash dividends paid on preferred stock Cash dividends paid on common stock 6 Months Ended June 30— Net income after charges and Federal income taxes Shares common stock Earnings per share	\$460,874 26,568 222,695 1937 \$316,980 396,122 \$0.77	\$130,779 1936 \$246,278 115,297 \$2.02
Balance Sheet Dec 21		

Shares common st Earnings per shar				$\frac{96,122}{\$0.77}$	\$2.02
		Balance Sh	eet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Cash on hand and			Notes paybank		\$100,000
in banks	\$305,895	\$95,248	Accts. pay trade	\$192,907	46,676
U. S. Govt. securs.	289,077		Metal contr'ts pay.	386,009	
Other marketable			Customers' credit		
securities	5,231	5,565	bals. & advances	56,243	854
a Receivables	447 658	286,391	Accrued payroll,	00,210	001
Inventories	815,587	406,794			
b Fixed assets	1.163,572	1.044.815		46,573	17,069
Deferred charges	27,961	27,409	Unclaimed wages &	20,010	11,000
Other assets	6,164	16.552	sundry payables	263	108
Other assettanne	0,101	10,002	Employees' savings	200	100
			genosits	875	1,680
			Accrd. mtge. note	010	1,000
			interest	1,350	2,650
			Accrued compensa-	1,000	2,000
			tion, liability &		
			group insurance.	1.259	4 819
			Res. for Fed. and	1,209	019
			State taxes	90,419	90 075
				90,419	20,975
			Res. for employees'	317	720
			savings bonus		
			1st mtge. notes	190,000	265,000
			7% cum. pref. stk.	970 000	070 000
			(par \$100)	378,800	379,800
			\$2 par com. stock.	792,244	******
			c No par com. stk.		664,853
			Stock subscription	400 445	7,500
			Capital surplus	402,147	26,602
			Earned surplus	521,737	347,468

....\$3,061,145 \$1,882,774 Total...\$3,061,145 \$1,882,774 a After allowance for doubtful of \$20,788 in 1936 and \$19,831 in 1935.
 b After allowance for depreciation of \$701,467 in 1936 and \$699,882 in 1935.
 c Represented by 116,148½ shares.—V. 144, p. 4204.

Wolverine Portland Cement Co.—Earnings-

Catendar Years— Net sales Cost of sales	\$430,824 322,142	\$324,614 258,287
Gross profit before depreciation Selling expenses Administrative and general expenses	\$108.682 38,888 15,122	\$66,327 33,977 15,807
Profit on operation before depreciationOther income.	\$54,672 9,682	\$16,542 7,399
Total income Capital stock taxes Exchange and collection expense Bad debt allowance Taxes—Coldwater plant Depreciation Prov. for Federal income tax	\$64,353 3,279 49 2,500 2,363 41,383 3,538	\$23,942 2,896 13 18,607
Net profit	\$11,240	\$2,425

		Balance Sh	eet Dec. 31		
Assets-	1936	1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
Cash	\$118,143	\$61,947	Accounts payable.	\$9,247	\$7,412
Market, investm'ts	16,469	25,155	Accrued royalties_	32	
a Notes & accts. receivable Inventories b Fixed assets	25,196 235,865 510,301	259,852	Accr. pay roll taxes Accr. Fed. taxes Dividend account_ Res. for cap. stock	1,592 3,538 359	400 359
Other assets	31,229	26,612		$\substack{1,000,000\\77,966}$	1,000,000 90,503
Total	\$937,203	\$917,668	Total	\$937,203	\$917,668

a After reserve for doubtful accounts and discounts of \$616 at Dec. 31, 1935 and \$1,208 at Dec. 31, 1936. b After reserve for depletion and depreciation of \$1,118,836 at Dec. 31, 1935 and \$1,164,295 at Dec. 31, 1936. c Represented by shares of \$10 par.—V. 143, p. 2870.

Willson Products, Inc.—Sales—
The company reports total sales for June, 1937, of \$181,899, compared with \$134,113 for June, 1936, an increase of over 35%.—V. 144, p. 3356.

York Ice Machinery Corp.—Gets Navy Contract—
The company has just received a contract from the United States Navy Department to furnish air conditioning and refrigerating equipment for 13 destroyers, 3 cruisers and 3 submarines.
The equipment will be installed in the navy yards at Brooklyn, Philadelphia, Boston, Norfolk, Charleston, Portsmouth, Puget Sound and Mare Island, V. 144, p. 2328.

York Mfg. Co. (Me.)—Earnings—

Period— Net sales Cost of sales Provision for depreciation			an. 2, 1937 \$2,425,470	52 Wks.End. Dec. 28, '35 \$1,710,356 1,646,995 88,000
Profit from operations Interest and other charges			\$192,988 175,588	loss\$24,639 148,994
Net profit for year			\$17,399	loss\$173,633
Co	mdensed E	Balance Sheet		
Assets— Jan. 2, '37 I Cash in banks and on hand————————————————————————————————————	\$49,337 171,920 368,962 3,901 3,284,391	Bank loans c Accounts pay Accounts pay Accrued liabili Provision for t c Acets. payab	\$200,00 y le 29,70 bble 61,74 tites 18,00 axes 5le 25,67 ole 111,67 (de- nt 2,408,56 par) 3,600,00	00 \$375,000 9,237 19 26,113 39 13,174 70 61,251 75 16 2,269,078 00 3,600,000

Total\$3,983,175 \$3,899,499 Total\$3,983,175 \$3,899,499 a After reserve for doubtful accounts. b After reserve for depreciation of \$824,935 as at Jan. 2, 1937 and \$835,435 as at Dec. 28, 1935. c Secured by machinery pledged.—V. 141, p. 2450.

Youngstown Steel Door Co. (& Subs.)-Earnings-

Consolidated Income Account for the Year Ended Dec. 31, Gross profit on sales before provision for depreciation Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$2,162,541
ProfitOther income	\$1,801,245 25,753
Loss on sale or disposal of capital assets	\$1,826,998 2,114 36,359 122,162 77,121 254,104 82,579
Balance transferred to surplus Common dividends paid Preferred dividends paid Earnings per share on 332 960 shares common stock no par	\$1,252,559 589,615 56,700 \$3,76

Consolidat	ed Balance	e Sheet Dec. 31, 1936	
Assets— Cash in banks and on hand— Accounts receivable— Inventories— Land— a Bulloings, machinery and equipment dies, &c—— b Patents & pat. applications. Goodwill. Deferre charges————————————————————————————————————	1,008,099 782,232 87,830 1,247,126 685,354 153,398 13,194		
	-		

Total\$4,418,367 Total a After reserve for depreciation of \$787,309. b After reserve for amortization of \$242,610. c Represented by 332,960 no par shares.—V. 144, p. 4366.

Zimmerknit Co., Ltd. (& Subs.)—Earnings—

x Net operating profit	\$131,015	\$100,909	\$82,270	\$148,528
Bond interest Bond discount Depreciation Provision for income tax	44,253 1,500 33,539 9,544	44,639 $1,500$ $31,366$ $4,143$	$^{45,000}_{1,500}_{1,051}_{3,617}$	$^{45,000}_{1,500}_{58,285}$
Net profit Previous surplus	\$42,179 39,044	\$19,260 28,533	\$21,103 11,181	\$35,744 def27,026
Adjust. prior years Preferred dividend	17,500	8,750	$\substack{cr5,000\\8,750}$	Cr2,463
Total surplus	\$63,722 depreciation.	\$39,044	\$28,533	\$11,181

Garage Chart Des 21

Ca	msolidated Ba	lance Sheet Dec. 31		
Assets- 193	36 1935	Liabilities-	1936	1935
y Ld., bldgs., mach.,		Preference stock	\$250,000	\$250,000
	3.133 \$757.82	8 x Common stock	443,224	443,224
Goodwill	1	1 1st mtge. and coll.		
Prepaid & deferred		trust 6s	250,000	250,000
expenses1	1,626 5,02	3 2d mtge. & collat.		
Discount on first		trust 6s	487,300	488,300
mtge. bonds 4	1,046 5,68	6 Accts. payable and	*	
Cash	900 68	3 accrued charges.	118,535	129,921
	3,018 221,43	5 Bond int. payable_	20,468	20,412
Inventories 823	3.122 759.33	2 Sales tax payable_	10,142	9,037
Life ins. at cash	,	Bank advances	274,448	144,442
surrender value - 30	0.693 28,28	9 Res. for inc. tax	8,700	3,900
		Surplus	63,722	39,043

Total _____\$1,926,541 \$1,778,280 Total ____\$1,926,541 \$1,778,280 x Represented by 80,545 no par shares. y After reserve for depreciation of \$159,188 in 1936 and \$129,365 in 1935.—V. 145, p. 138.

Z. & F. Assets Realization Corp.—Fisther Distribution—
Holders of participation certificates series B and series C are notified that the directors have declared a second dividend or distribution of 4% of the amount of the outstanding participation certificates, series B, and a first dividend or distribution of 50% of the amount of the outstanding participation certificates series C, payable forthwith upon presentation of the certificates for endorsement thereon of said payment. Payment will be

made upon presentation of certificates at the reorganization department of New York Trust Co., 100 Broadway, N. Y. City, the disbursing agent.

The Z. & F. Assets Reorganization Corp. was organized pursuant to a plan of composition and settlement offered by the firm of Zimmermann & Forshay to its creditors in bankruptcy proceedings brought against the firm in 1923. That plan provided that stocks, bonds or securities owned outright by customers of the firm should be returned to such customers that the claims of all other customers and creditors should be stated and after payment of the expenses there should be paid to each creditor upon his claim a cash dividend of 40%; and that all other assets of the firm should be transferred and assigned to a corporation to be formed, for liquidation and distribution pro rate among the creditors according of liquidation and distribution. In addition, the firm agreed to produce waivers of claims to certain securities of an estimated value of \$200,000 in the hands of the firm, and to procure subordination of certain claims to the claims of other creditors until a dividend of 50% in cash had been paid to such other creditors. The members of the firm also undertook to make an agreement with the corporation to pay separately over a period of years sums aggregating \$100,000, such agreement, however, not to be binding upon the estates of the members of the firm. The stock of this liquidating corporation was to be held by persons nominated by the receiver from among the creditors, in trust for the purpose, among other things, of exercising all voting rights and appointing directors.

After this plan had been submitted to the creditors it developed that the assets which could be quickly realized upon in cash were not sufficient to enable the firm to pay the cash dividend of 40% to the creditors as provided in the plan. Certain creditors, however, agreed to accept as a first dividend 20% of the amount of their claims instead of 40%, with the understanding that the balance of the 40% d

No further distribution can be made by this corporation out of the funds that will remain after the present distribution is made, until certain contingent claims and obligations have been finally disposed of. Nor can it be stated now just what further amount will be available for distribution.

CURRENT NOTICES

—Formation of the new firm of Lobdell & Co., to conduct a genera securities business, was announced by Charles E. Lobdell and David S. Lobdell, formerly of Lobdell & Co., members New York Stock Exchange. Associated with the new firm will be John Herr, Anson Haskell, Robert C. Johnson, Edmond E. Green, John F. Markle, Robert F. Maine, Stephen M. Hart, Bernard B. Hone, and Harold N. Niles. Hart, Bernard B. Hope, and Harold N. Niles.

—E. W. Clark & Co., members of the Philadelphia and New York Stock Exchanges, announce that John H. Repass has been admitted to membership in the firm. Mr. Repass has been associated with the firm for the past nine years, during the greater portion of which time he has been manager of the statistical department. He is a graduate of the Harvard School of Business Administration.

-Bioren & Co., members of the Philadelphia and New York Stock Exchanges, announce that H. Clifton Neff, F. Lester Smith and Charles S-Schell, Jr., all formerly with C. C. Collings & Co., have become associated with them, Mr. Neff in their investment department, Mr. Smith in charge of their municipal statistical work and Mr. Schell to handle their corporate statistical work.

—Joseph Fassler, formerly of Diffenderffer & Co., Philadelphia, has become associated with the Philadelphia office of the New York Stock Ex-change firm of Alexander Eisemann & Co., and John Cambria, formerly of Whitehouse & Co., is now with the firm in its Brooklyn office

Announcement is made of the formation of the firm of Charles W. Barber & Son, Inc., 111 Broadway, N. Y. C. to deal in municipal and corporation securities, specializing in New Jersey issues. Charles W. Barber will be President and Russell G. Barber, Vice-President.

—W. E. Hutton & Co. announce that William D. Crim has become associated with them as manager of the Investment Department of their Detroit office and Gilbert M. Lothrop has become associated with their Boston office in the stock department.

—John E. Sloane & Co., 41 Broad St., N. Y. City, Members New York Security Dealers Association, have issued for distribution a circular containing comparative figures as reported to the I. C. C. on eighty-nine railroad companies.

—Announcement is made that F. H. Peper formerly with Stout & Co. has formed the firm of F. H. Peper & Co. with offices at 189 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y. for the transaction of a General Unlisted Securities

—Rudolph A. Avenius has been admitted as a general partner in Farson, Son & Co., it was announced. Mr. Avenius has been associated with the firm as a trader for a number of years

George M. Spindler and Marguerite Spindler announce the formation of Spindler & Co. to conduct a general securities business with offices at 120 Broadway, N. Y. City.

—Eastman, Dillon & Co. announce that Merie R. Walker has become associated with them at their Rockefeller Center office, 630 Fifth Ave.,

—The New York Representative's office of Evers, Paulding & Co. Ltd. announces that the firm name has been changed to R. H. Evers &

—Luckhurst & Co. announce that Mr. Herbert Lax, formerly with Harder & Co., has become associated with them in their Trading Department.

—The firm of Henry Kemp & Co. has been succeeded by Van de Water & Co. who will continue the business at 111 Broadway, N. Y. City as before-

—Hoit, Rose & Troster, 74 Trenity Place, N. Y. City, have prepared a special analysts of Bank of America N. T. & S. A.

J. N. Hynson & Co., Inc. announces that J. A. Andrews is now associated with the firm in its municipal department.

—Rogers & Tracy, Inc., 120 South La Salle St., Chicago, have prepared an analysis on Arkansas-Missouri Power Corp. Seligman, Lubetkin & Co., Inc., of N. Y. City, announces the installa-

tion of a direct private wire to Chicago. -Schoellkopf, Hutton & Pomeroy, Inc. announce the election of Emdon Fritz as Assistant Vice-President.

-Alfred Benjamin has become associated with William E. Lauer & Co.

The Commercial Markets and the Crops

COTTON-SUGAR-COFFEE-GRAIN

PROVISIONS—RUBBER—HIDES—METALS—DRY GOODS—WOOL—ETC.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME

Friday Night, July 16, 1937

Coffee—On the 12th inst. futures closed 2 points off to unchanged in the Santos contract, with sales of 21 lots. The Rio contract closed 1 to 7 points off, with transactions of 14 lots. Both the Rio and Santos bolsas were easy on Saturday and again today (Monday). Rio futures in Brazil were reis off at 17.975 for July and 17.050 for September. The Rio spot price declined 300 reis to 18.000 and the open market dollar rate held unchanged at 15.070 milreis to the The "C" contract at Santos closed 125 to 25 off at 22.775 for July, 22.275 for September and 21.775 for December. The "B" closed 100 to 25 reis lower at 19.475, 19.475 and 19.375. Havre futures were 1 franc off to .75 franc up. On the 13th inst. futures closed 5 to 3 points off in the Santos contract, with sales of 65 lots. The new Rio contract was

2 to 4 points lower at the close, with sales of 20 lots. The "C" contract at Santos opened 100 to 25 reis off at 22.675 for July, 22.250 for September and 21.675 for December. The "B" opened 50 to 275 reis lower at 19.475, 19.300 and 19.175. The Santos spot price closed 100 reis off from July 7 at 22.400 milreis. Rio futures were 50 to 150 up at 18.025 for July and 17.200 for September. The Rio spot price held at 18.000 and the open market dollar rate was unchanged at 15.070 milreis to the dollar. Havre futures were 1.25 to 1.50 francs lower. On the 14th inst. futures closed 5 to 8 points up in the Santos contract, with sales of 88 lots. The Rio contract closed 8 to 12 points higher, with sales of only 9 lots. The "B" and "C" contracts on the Santos bolsa both closed 125 reis up to unchanged, but these advances were not posted until after the close here. Rio futures were 25 to 175 higher at 18.050 for July and 17.375 for September. The Rio spot price was 200 reis up at 18.200 milreis, and the open market dollar rate held at 15.070 milreis to the dollar.

The Havre market was closed for Bastille Day. Tomorrow,

July 16, is a holiday in Brazil.

On the 15th inst. futures closed 9 to 16 points higher, with sales of 67 lots. The Rio contract closed 11 to 8 points up, with sales of 24 lots. The "B" contract at Santos closed 325 to 425 reis higher, and the "C" contract closed 400 to 200 to 425 reis higher, and the "C" contract closed 400 to 200 reis up. Rio futures closed 100 to 275 reis up at 18.150 milreis for July and 17.650 for September. The Rio spot price held at 18.200 and the open market dollar rate was unchanged at 15.070 milreis to the dollar. Havre futures were 1.75 to 2.75 francs up. To-day futures closed unchanged to 16 points up in the Santos contract, with sales of 43 contracts. The new Rio contract closed 10 to 8 points up, with sales of 26 contracts. The upward trend in the coffee market continued despite a holiday in Brazil. Brazil's financial agreement with the United States was hailed as helpful to Brazil's coffee program. Arrangements are being made for Brazil's coffee program. Arrangements are being made for an internal coffee loan of about \$30,000,000 in Brazil. In the early afternoon Santos contracts were 1 to 5 points higher, while Rios were 8 to 10 points higher, which proved about the highs of the day. Cost and freight offers were light but steady.

1,831,000 Bags of Brazilian Coffee Destroyed During June 47,481,000 Bags Elimated Since Start of

During June 1,831,000 bags of Brazilian coffee were burned, more than the total for the two preceding months, the New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange announced July 9 that it had learned by cablegram. For the 12 months ended June 30, the Exchange said, destruction totaled 10,893,000 bags (Brazilian exports were but 13,551,000 over a similar period) bringing the grand total of surplus stocks eliminated to 47,481,000 bags. The Exchange's announcement continued:

This season burnings were at the highest rate since the 1933-34 year, This season burnings were at the highest rate since the 1933-34 year, when 11,038,000 bags were destroyed. By seasons, destruction has been as follows: Prior to June, 1931, 479,000 bags; 1931-32, 8,376,000 bags; 1932-33, 9,721,000 bags; 1933-34, 11,038,000 bags; 1934-35, 5,980,000 bags; 1935-36, 1,467,000 bags; and 1936-37, 10,893,000 bags. Despite the enormity of the destruction of an important world commodity, as displayed by the performance to date, next season, according to present plans, will bring an even greater rate of elimination. Brazil during the year which will end June 30, 1938, plans to purchase and destroy 70% of the new crop of 25,462,000 bags; a volume of 17,823,400 bags, and this figure may be further augmented through the burning of additional coffees now held for destruction by the National Coffee Department of Brazil but not yet for destruction by the National Coffee Department of Brazil but not yet burned. In addition to the destruction of 70% of the crop, about 800,000 bags will be released from "coffee loan" stocks and destroyed as payments are made to bankers against the remaining coffees pledged against the 1930-40 coffee loan which currently total 9,021,607 of the 16,500,000 bags originally pledged.

New York Coffee & Sugar Exchange Reviews United States Coffee Situation During 1936-37 Crop Year —Deliveries for Consumption Below Year Ago

review of the United States coffee situation for the 1936-37 crop year which ended June 30, prepared by George Gordon Paton, statistician of the New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange, Inc., said that the year was a disappointing one from the viewpoint of the Brazilian exporter and the middleman who handle those coffees from Brazilian shores for American use, while, on the other hand, both imports and deliveries for consumption of other growths exceeded all previous records. Statistically, deliveries of all growth of coffee in consumption channels in the United States totaled 12,349,281 bags during the 1936-37 season against 13,161,544 during the previous record season, a decrease of 812,263 bags, or 6.2%, the review pointed out. It continued:

The smaller disappearance was not unexpected in view of the record takings during the previous year, which were believed to have resulted in fairly large "invisible" stocks at the start of the season which just ended. Current "invisibles" are believed to be below normal as a result of the unsettled conditions of the last few months, and for that reason experts estimate that actual coffee consumption during the past 12 months in all probability showed little, if any, loss when compared with the previous

A sharp change, however, occurred in the share of the market which went to Brazilian coffees. United States deliveries of coffees grown in that country totaled 7,386,482 bags against 8,780,091 during the 1935-36 season, a loss of 1,393,609 bags, or 15.9%. United States deliveries were the smallest since the 1928-29 year with the exception of the 1932-33 period, when the civil disturbance in Brazil closed the important coffee

period, when the civil disturbance in Brazil closed the important coffee port of Santos for three months and forced a switch to other growths to some extent. June, 1937, deliveries of 383,963 bags were the smallest for any month since June, 1925. On the other hand, deliveries of "all other growths" during the past season set a new record high at 4,962,800 bags against 4,381,453 bags during 1935-36, a gain of 581,347 bags, or 13.3%. The year was featured by a compact signed in Bogota, Colombia, in

October, 1936, by all important Central and South American producers. Brazil and Colombia were parties to the pact, and in all about 95% of the American imports normally come from the signatory countries. The agreement provided for joint action to maintain a remunerative price producer, with individual countries acting independently and in their own discretion in the matter of how the aims could be accomplished. Prices just before the conference meeting were at about the low of the year, with Brazilian Santos 4s at 91/sc. and Manizales, a representative Colombian grade, but 1c. above that price. From October until nearly the

first of March a gradual price advance developed, with Brazilian Santos 4s rising above 12c. per pound, while Manizales sold at slightly above 13c. at the top point. Since then prices have been irregularly weaker, particularly on the mild grades. Santos 4s currently are held at 11½c., while Colombian Manizales are for sale at 11%c., or 1/c. under the Brazilian coffees.

In the eyes of many in the trade, Brazil and Colombia have borne the brunt of the necessary supporting measures. Brazil, long accustomed to control of coffee, has continued to restrict exports, support prices both at home and abroad, and continue the destruction of surplus supplies. Colombia, through the Federation of Growers, was reported to have purchased coffees on several occasions during the year, as a supporting measure. However, roasters in the United States lost a good deal of confidence in the children in the colors of the producing countries when fidence in the ability, if not the aims, of the producing countries when statistics pointed to a sharp curtailment of Brazilian exports against record shipments from other producers. In addition, the imbroglio which developed in Brazil during the middle of February with Sao Paulo and National Coffee Department officials at loggerheads over a sharp rise in price on the Santos market, served also to produce a cautious attitude by

Cocoa—On the 12th inst. futures closed 8 to 6 points lower. Transactions totaled only 90 lots, or 1,206 tons. London came in unchanged on the outside and 3 to 1½d. London came in unchanged on the outside and 3 to 1½d. lower on the Terminal Cocoa Market, with only 790 tons of futures trading. Local closing: July, 7.40; Sept., 7.61; Oct., 7.15; Dec., 7.97; March, 7.94. On the 13th inst. futures closed 3 points higher to unchanged. Opening sales were at losses of 2 to 6 points, but the closing showed a substantial recovery. Transactions totaled 252 lots, or 3,377 tons. London came in 1s. to 9d. lower for actuals and 6 to 10½ weaker on the Terminal Cocoa Market, with 690 tons trading. The weakness in the United Kingdom aptons trading. The weakness in the United Kingdom appeared responsible in part for the softening of values in the tons trading. peared responsible in part for the softening of values in the local market, where prices showed maximum declines at one stage of 14 to 15 points for the active deliveries. Local closing: July, 7.42; Sept., 7.62; Dec., 7.78; Jan., 7.84; March, 7.94; May, 8.05. On the 14th inst. futures closed 10 to 12 points higher. Opening sales were 3 points up from the previous close. Transactions totaled 377 lots, or 5.052 tons. London came in 1s. to 2d higher recovering from the previous close. Transactions totaled 377 lots, or 5,052 tons. London came in 1s. to 9d. higher, recovering its previous day's losses. Futures on the Terminal Cocoa Market rallied 10½ to 6d., with 740 tons trading. In the local market evidence of extensive interest by a leading manufacturer, who has been prominent on the buying side over the past six or eight weeks, turned cocoa prices firm. Local closing: July, 7.54; Sept., 7.73; Dec., 7.89; Jan., 7.94; March, 8.04; May, 8.15.

On the 15th inst. futures closed 8 to 6 points lower. The opening range was unchanged to 2 points lower. Transpending range was unchanged to 2 points lower.

opening range was unchanged to 2 points lower. Transactions totaled 134 lots or 1,796 tons. London came in unchanged on the outside, while futures on the Terminal Cocoa Market ranged 1½d. higher to 3d. lower, with only 340 tons transacted. Local closing: July, 7.46; Sept., 7.66; Dec., 7.82; March, 7.97; May, 8.08. To-day futures closed 3 to 8 points up. Transactions totaled 445 contracts. The cocoa points up. Transactions totaled 445 contracts. The cocoa market had a firm undertone during most of the session. market had a firm undertone during most of the session. Altogether 180 transferable July notices were issued, but they were promptly stopped, for the most part by the leading manufacturer. The notices were issued, it was believed, by another important manufacturer. The leading interest had bids in for large lots both July and September. Warehouse stocks decreased 1,799 bags. They now total 1,310,066 bags. Local closing: July, 7.49; Sept., 7.72; Oct., 7.77; Dec., 7.89; Jan. 7.93

Jan., 7.93.

Sugar—On the 12th inst. futures closed 2 to 6 points net lower. At one time prices showed maximum declines of 9 points. The Administration's emphasis once again that there would not be a sugar bill unless it provided for unlimited imports of white sugar from Hawaii, was too much for the domestic sugars market to weather as the new week started. This latest selling was reported to be in large measure for "investors," whose stop-loss orders were uncovered. Transactions totaled approximately 400 lots. In the market for raws no demand existed because of the depressed state of the raws no demand existed because of the depressed state of the futures market. Refiners appeared content to watch the market for further developments. The world sugar contract closed 1 to 2½ points lower. Transactions in this market totaled only 153 lots. Hedging and liquidation weakened the world contract market. On the 13th inst. futures closed 1 to 2 points higher. Transactions totaled 328 lots. Technical considerations and hedge lifting against actual business promoted the steadiness. Since last sales of more than a week ago in the market for raws, raw sugar more than a week ago in the market for raws, raw sugar sold 8 points lower today, which of course was influenced by the extended decline in the futures market recently. Savannah bought 3,400 tons of Cubas, now loading, at 2.52c. c. and f. (3.42c. delivered), and Godehaux got 3,200 tons, also loading, at the same price. Eastern refiners were not ready to pay more than 3.40c. While asking prices generally were held at 2.45c. were held at 3.45c., more might have been available on a bid of 3.42c. The world sugar contract closed 2 to 4 points higher, with transactions totaling 270 lots. This latter market was buoyant on the prospect that today Cuba will announce extension of quota certificates for the world market. On the 14th inst. futures closed 1 point up to 1 point off. The domestic contract market was steady and as the result of heavy switching the volume of business expanded to 469 lots. At the lowest of the session the market was unchanged to 2 points lower, and at the best 1 to 2 points higher than previous close. In the market for raws a quiet situation prevails, which is quite to be expected in view of the unsettled

state of the futures market. Sellers were asking 3.45c., but might have taken less on a bid. The world sugar contract market closed 1 to 1½ points higher, with sales of 215 lots for the day. The London terms market closed unchanged to 1/2 lower and actuals were offered at 6s 71/2d, equal to 4d. lower, and actuals were offered at 6s. 71/2d., equal to

1.18½c. f. o. b. Cuba.
On the 15th inst. futures closed 1 to 4 points lower.
Transactions totaled 136 lots, or 6,800 tons. The outstanding transaction was the posting of a block of 40 lots of March at 2.33c. by a trade commission house. Except for the sale of a small parcel of Cubas at 2.55c cost and freight (3.45c. delivered), the raw sugar market was quiet. The Cuba sale was for prompt shipment, presumably by sea-train to a New Orleans refiner. The world sugar contract market closed 1 to 2½ points down. Transactions in this market totaled 139 lots. The London market was unchanged to ½d. lower, and raws there were offered at 6s. 7½d., equal to 1.18½c. f.o.b. Cuba, after sales at that price of parcels to outports. Today futures closed 1 point up to 2 points down in the domestic contract, with sales totaling 96 contracts. This market was subject to further hedging and liquidation. The raw sugar market was dormant, with refiners not bidding. What appeared to be trade covering in September, started a minor upswing in the world sugar market. World sugar prices closed 1 point up to unchanged, with sales of 370 contracts. at 2.33c. by a trade commission house. Except for the sale contracts.

Prices were as follows:

 July
 2.47 January
 2.30

 September
 2.45 March
 2.31

 December
 2.45 May
 2.34

Domestic Sugar Prices During First Half of Year Below Year Ago While Quotations in World Market In-

While domestic sugar prices during the first six months of 1937 were slightly lower than for the same period last year, 1937 were slightly lower than for the same period last year, quotations for sugars sold in the world market registered an appreciable increase, it was announced recently by Lamborn & Co., New York. According to Lamborn's Statistical Department, the average price for refined sugar, New York basis, during the first half of 1937, was 4.736 cents per pound as against 4.752 cents for the similar period last year. Raw sugar, on a cost and freight New York basis, averaged 2.629 cents per pound as compared with 2.663 cents for the January-June 1936 period. World market sugars, on an f. o. b. Cuba basis, averaged 1.125 cents per pound, the firm said, as contrasted with .920 cents per pound last year, an increase of .205 cents per pound, or a little over 22%.

New Edition of "Lamborn's Vest Pocket Sugar Data" Available

The third edition of "Lamborn's Vest Pocket Sugar The third edition of "Lamborn's Vest Pocket Sugar Data," containing statistical data in connection with the United States beet sugar industry, is now being distributed by Lamborn & Co., New York. This issue provides a ready reference as to beet acreage, yields, production, factories operating, sucrose content, &c., for the domestic sugar beet erops from 1915 to 1936, inclusive. Beet sugar production figures by States, as well as monthly distribution data for a series of years, are also contained in this vest pocket ready reference booklet. reference booklet.

Lard—On the 12th inst. futures closed 2 to 7 points net lower. Even though the July 1 storage figure for lard proved better than expected, futures continued to show a declining tendency. Commission house liquidation and hedging sales in the deferred deliveries put mild but persistent pressure on prices throughout the day. Buying was also very moderate and had little or no effect as a factor, it being largely of a "scale-down" character. A total of 185,567,000 pounds of lard were in cold storage at the start of the month. This compared with 195,077,000 on June 1, or a reduction of 9,510,000. The decrease proved better than trade expectations, but had no more than a steadying influence on the On the 13th inst. futures closed 7 to 12 points net higher. Notwithstanding a weak hog market, lard futures showed moderate strength. Hogs ruled dull and weak, closing losses averaging about 25c. Weakness was traced to the poor summer demand for fresh pork products. traced to the poor summer demand for fresh pork products. Chicago received about 13,000 head, of which approximately 6,500 were purchased. On the 14th inst. futures closed unchanged throughout the list. Trading was quiet and without feature. Commission houses were operating in a moderate way on both sides of the market, tending to keep prices within a narrow range. Chicago hogs finished the day steady. Packers bought 7,500 head and shippers 500, with 3,500 being worked direct. Receipts were estimated at 10,000 head, with 9,000 estimated to come tomorrow. Official arrivals on Tuesday were 12,350. Liverpool lard ruled quite firm, closing 6d to 1s, higher. pool lard ruled quite firm, closing 6d to 1s. higher.

On the 15th inst. futures closed 3 points down to 3 points up. Trading was relatively dull. The hog market was 10 to 25c. higher. Chicago lard stocks as of July 14th were reported at 112,154,481 pounds, or 3,616,792 less than at the reported at 112,154,481 pounds, or 3,010,102 lead at 7,000 end of June. Hog receipts today were estimated at 7,000. The official figure for Wednesday was reported as 9,423 head. Liverpool lard futures were unchanged to 9d. higher. Today futures closed unchanged to 2 points higher. Trading in the lard market was relatively quiet, with the news largely of a

routine character.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF LARD FUTURES IN CHICAGO

 July
 Sat.

 September
 12.05

 October
 12.35

 December
 12.42

 Pool
 12.27

 Tues. 12.12 12.40 12.47 12.30 Mon. 12.02 12.30 $12.40 \\ 12.20$ $\frac{12.47}{12.30}$

Pork—(Export), mess, \$36.12½ per barrel (per 200 pounds); family, \$35.12½ (40-50 pieces to bale), nominal, per barrel. Beef: (export), steady. Family (export), \$23 to \$24 per barrel (200 pounds), nominal. Cut Meats: Pickled Hams, Picnic, Loose, c.a.f.—4 to 6 lbs., 18c.; 6 to 8 lbs., 16¾c.; 8 to 10 lbs., 15¾c. Skinned, Loose, c.a.f.—14 to 16 lbs., 21½c.; 18 to 20 lbs., 20½c.; 22 to 24 lbs., 18¾c. Bellies, Clear, f.o.b., New York—6 to 8 lbs., 22c.; 8 to 10 lbs., 21¾c. Bellies, Clear, Dry Salted, Boxed, N. Y.—16 to 18 lbs., 17½c.; 18 to 20 lbs., 17½c.; 20 to 25 lbs., 17½c.; 25 to 30 lbs., 18½c. Butter: Creamery, Firsts to Higher than Extra and Premium Marks: 26c. to 32½c. Cheese: State, Held, '36, 22½c. to 23½c. Eggs: Mixed Colors. Checks to Special Packs: 18½c. to 23¼c.

Oils—Linseed oil is firm and active. Crushers are asking 10.6c. a pound for raw oil in tank cars. Quotations: China Wood: Tanks, July for'd., 12.1c.; Drums, 12½ to 12¾c. Coconut: Sept.-Dec., 5¾c.; Coast, Forward, 5c. Corn. West tanks, old crop, 8¼c. Olive: Denatured, Spot, \$1.45; Shipment, \$1.40. Soy Bean: Old crop, 7¾c. to 8c.; Tanks, West, 7½c.; L.C.L., 10c. Edible: Coconut: 76 degrees, 11½c. Lard: Prime, 13½c.; Extra winter, strained, 12½c. Cod: Crude, Japanese, nominal; Norwegian light yellow, nominal. Turpentine: 38½c. to 42½c. Rosins: \$9.12½ to \$10.05.

Cottonseed Oil, sales, including switches, 90 contracts. Crude, S. E., 81/4c. Prices closed as follows:
 July
 9.20@
 | November
 9.19@ --

 August
 9.25@
 December
 9.20@ 9.22

 September
 9.22@
 January
 9.20@ -

 October
 9.18@
 February
 9.22@ -

Rubber—On the 12th inst. futures closed 5 to 10 points net lower. At the opening, prices were 26 to 47 points lower owing to liquidation caused by the estimated large increase in crude rubber shipments from Malaya during July. These shipments were estimated at 67,000 tons. However, a fair volume of factory business was reported at prices only slightly below last week's closing levels. Outside prices were quoted on a spot basis of 191/8c. for standard sheets. The volume of shipment business was said to be substantial. The volume of shipment business was said to be substantial. London and Singapore markets closed quiet and steady, prices decling 3-16 to ½d. British rubber stocks declined 872 tons last week to 42,175 tons. Local closing: July, 18.96; Sept., 19.11; Oct., 19.16; Dec., 19.28; Jan., 19.34; March, 19.46. On the 13th inst. futures closed 6 to 15 points net lower. Transactions totaled 1,300 tons. The opening range was 4 points lower to 9 points higher. Outside prices were quoted on a spot basis of 19c. for standard sheets, although some dealers quoted a slightly higher price. side prices were quoted on a spot basis of 19c. for standard sheets, although some dealers quoted a slightly higher price. London and Singapore closed dull and steady, respectively, prices ranging unchanged to 3-32d. lower. Local closing: July, 18.90; Sept., 19.05; Oct., 19.09; Dec., 19.17; Mar., 19.33; May, 19.45. On the 14th inst. futures closed 12 to 15 points net higher. At the opening the market was 6 to 28 points lower. Transactions were only 1,840 tons. Outside prices were quoted on a spot basis of 19½c. for standard sheets. London and Singapore closed steady and dull. sheets. London and Singapore closed steady and dull, respectively, the former 1-6 to \(\frac{1}{3} \)d. higher, while the latter declined 1-16 to 3-16d. higher. Local closing: July, 19.05; Aug., 19.13; Sept., 19.20; Dec., 19.31; Jan., 19.35; Mar., 19.45.

On the 15th inst. futures closed 5 to 9 points net higher. The market opened with gains of 7 to 10 points. Transactions totaled 1,370 tons. Outside prices were quoted on a spot basis of 19 3-16c. for standard sheets. London and spot basis of 193-16c. for standard sheets. London and Singapore markets closed dull and firm respectively, the former 1-16d. lower to 1-16d. higher, while the latter advanced 3-16 to 7-32d. Local closing: July, 19.11; Sept., 19.26; Oct., 19.29; Dec., 19.40; Jan., 19.44. Today futures closed 29 to 25 points down. The market was down on reports of heavy shipment offerings by the East. There was some trade selling, while manufacturer interest was reported to be small. Sales totaled 97 contracts. London and Singapore closed quiet and dull, with prices 1-16 to 3-32d. and Singapore closed quiet and dull, with prices 1-16 to 3-32d. lower. United Kingdom stocks declined about 100 tons this week, it was estimated. Local closing: Sept., 18.98; Dec., 19.11; Jan., 19.18; March, 19.27; May, 19.40.

Hides—On the 12th inst. futures closed 13 to 17 points net higher. Transactions totaled 3,360,000 pounds. No new developments were reported in the domestic spot hide situatwo during the day, and prices apparently were without important change. Local closing: Sept., 16.82; Dec., 17.22; Mar., 17.58; June, 17.89. In the 13th inst. futures closed 1 to 2 points net lower. At the start prices were 5 to 13 points up. Leather business, according to one hide factor, has not been as good as many had anticipated, which is held partly responsible for the easier tone to the hide market. developments were reported in the domestic spot hide market, and prices were virtually unchanged. Transactions in futures totaled 5,040,000 pounds. Stocks of certificated hides in warehouses licensed by the Exchange increased by 961 hides to a total of 841,941 hides. Local closing: Sept., 16.80; Dec., 17.22; Mar., 17.57; June, 17.88. On the 14th inst. futures closed 5 to 9 points net lower. Transactions

totaled 2,760,000 pounds. No new developments reported in the domestic spot hide market. In the Argentine, however, it was reported that there were 10,000 hides sold, including 4,000 frigorifico steers at 16 9-16c. Local closing: Sept., 16.75; Dec., 17.13; Mar., 17.50; June, 17.83.

On the 15th inst. futures closed 17 to 21 points up. Opening prices were 3 to 5 points down from the previous close. The tone of the market improved as the session progressed.

The tone of the market improved as the session progressed, and at the close prices were at about the highs of the day. Transactions totaled 1,440,000 pounds. Local closing: Sept., 16.92; Dec., 17.34; March, 17.70; June, 18.01. Today futures closed 32 to 29 points up. Transactions totaled 219 contracts. The market was strong and active on news of further spot hide sales at higher prices. There was good commission house demand. In the domestic spot market sales totaled 38,200 hides, while in the Argentine market 5,000 hides were sold. Local closing: Sept., 17.24; Dec., 17.63; March, 17.99.

Ocean Freights—The market for charters was unusually dull the past week. Charters included: Grain Booked—Five loads Montreal to Hull July, 2s 9d. Two loads New York to Havre, Dunkirk, July, 18c. Two loads, Montreal to Hull, July loading, 2s 9d. Grain: Nine boats, River Plate to United Kingdom, July-August, 33s 9d, up-river. Vessel, one trip, St. Lawrence to United Kingdom ports, 9s, time. Vessel, one trip, Port Churchill to United Kingdom ports. Scrap: North Atlantic to United Kingdom port, August loading. Done abroad, North Atlantic to United Kingdom, 25s, optional Gydnia. Ocean Freights-The market for charters was unusually

Coal-It is reported that operators and dealers are using even more persistency than usual, the argument of higher prices in the fall to induce customers to buy now. While consumers are not as yet showing any great response, it is believed that they will come in shortly before any advance does actually go into effect. It is now believed that several leading smokeless shippers will advance prices 15c. a ton on August 1st on lump, egg, stove, nut and mine run. Though there are signs of improvement here and there and production in the greak procedure. In the greak procedure, Independent and the production in the greak procedure. production in the week preceding Independence Day had begun to rise, the coal market as a whole continues slow.

Metals—The report of Copper, Tin, Lead, Zinc, Steel and Pig Iron, usually appearing here, will be found in the articles appearing at the end of the department headed "Indications of Business Activity," where they are covered more fully.

Wool—The recent strike has been settled and the wool trade is back to normalcy again. Termination of the strike of wool handlers and warehousemen and others in the Boston area involving mutual concessions—an open shop for the trade, and higher wages for employees—leaves wool houses in a position to resume operations of acquiring the unsold portion of this year's clip and passing the raw material over to the mills when wanted and at prices still in the making. It is reported that dealers are now looking ahead and attempting to appraise wool values in the early fall. The territory group is now only about 2c. per secured pound higher than the average price of the group for the last quarter of 1936. Most helders of wool specific the group for the secured pound in the secured pound higher than the average price of the group for the last quarter of 1936. Most holders of wool seem confident of better prices, though few visualize any real advance. Quotations on spot wools are fully maintained. Good fine French combing, original bag territory brings 95c. to 97c. for spot wool, seoured basis and original bag fine short French is available in restricted lots at 91c. to 93c., scoured basis. Buying, however, is reported to be very light. At Wednesday's London wool auction sales, offerings of 6,675 bales of Colonial wool sold readily to home and Continent buyers at the recent wool sold readily to home and Continent buyers at the recent firm price basis.

Silk—On the 12th inst. futures closed 2½c. to 5½c. lower. The market opened 6½c. to 4½c. off as liquidation uncovered stoploss orders. Later in the day the market rallied somewhat as some interests felt that the Japanese situation was not so warlike as seemed from first reports. Transactions totaled 2,050 bales. One notice brought the total for July to 219. Crack double extra was 4c. lower at 1.95. Another contributory factory to the weakness was the slightly bearish crop report. Grade "D" was 12½ yen off at 890 yen in Yokohama and 20 yen lower at Kobe at 885. Futures were 31 to 41 yen lower in the former center and 25 to 30 yen off in the latter market. Spot sales in the two markets totaled 475 bales, while future transactions totaled 14,150 bales. Local closing: July, 1.92; Aug., 1.92; Oct., 1.90½; Nov., 1.90; Dec., 1.90. On the 13th inst. futures closed 2c. to 3½c. net lower. Japanese cables were again a depressing influence. The Yokohama Raw Silk Traders' Guild stated that the total spring cocoon crop for the entire country had been officially estimated at 42,136,720 kan, against last year's actual crop of 41,392,474 kan, an increase of 1.8%. Futures in the local market opened 2½c. to 3½c. off, rallied more than a point in some positions, and then declined again toward the close under what was believed to be Japanese liquidation. Transactions totaled 2,290 bales. Crack double extra was off 1c. at 1.94. The price of the yen in Japan weakened 1/8c. to 29c. Grade D was quoted at 885 yen at both Yokohama and Kobe, or 5 yen off at the former. Futures at Yokohama were 9 to 18 yen off, and at Kobe 11 to 24 yen lower. Spot sales at the two centers totaled 1.200 bales. yen lower. Spot sales at the two centers totaled 1,200 bales, while futures transactions were 11,550 bales. Local closing: July, 1.90; Aug., 1.90; Oct., 1.87; Nov., 1.87; Dec., 1.86½.

On the 14th inst. futures closed 1c. higher to ½c. off. Transactions totaled 2,510 bales. Sentiment as to the seriousness of the Sino-Japanese situation was still a market factor, but had no great depressing effect. Crack double extra was ½c. lower at 1.93½c. Grade D was 7½ yen off in Yokohama at 877½ and 5 yen lower in Kobe at 880. Futures were 1 to 6 yen up at Yokohama and 6 yen off to 4 yen up in the latter. Spot sales at the two centers totaled 1,175 bales, and futures sales were 15,000 bales. Local closing: July, 1.91; Aug., 1.90½; Sept., 1.89½; Oct., 1.87; Nov., 1.87; Dec., 1.87.

On the 15th inst. futures closed 1 to 3c. higher. The opening range was 1½ to 1c. up. Transactions totaled only 1,120 bales. Nine new notices brought the total for July to 228. Crack double extra was up 2½c. to 1.96. Grade "D" ruled at 890 in Japan, or 12½ yen higher in Yokohoma and ruled at 890 in Japan, or 12½ yen higher in Yokohoma and 10 yen up at Kobe. Japanese futures were 11 to 17 yen up at Yokohama and 18 to 8 yen up at Kobe. Spot sales for both markets totaled 1,075 bales, while futures transactions totaled 7,050 bales. Local closing: July, 1.92; Aug., 1.92; Oct., 1.90; Nov., 1.89½; Dec., 1.89½. Today futures closed ½ to 2c. down. News of Sino-Japanese fighting and war preparations impaired confidence in the silk futures market, with the result that prices fell 1½ to 2c. a pound. Transactions totaled 115 contracts. In the New York spot market crack double extra declined 1c. to \$1.98½ a pound. Yokohama closed 7 to 13 yen lower, but the price of grade D silk remained unchanged at 890 yen a bale. Local closing: Aug., 1.91½; Sept., 1.90; Oct., 1.88; Nov., 1.88½; Dec., 1.87½; Jan., 1.88; Feb., 1.87½.

COTTON

Friday Night, July 16, 1937

The Movement of the Crop, as indicated by our telerams from the South tonight, is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached 17,371 bales, against 17,059 bales last week and 15,752 bales the previous week, making the total receipts since Aug. 1, 1936, 6,281,775 bales, against 6,715,985 bales for the same period of 1935-36, showing a decrease since Aug. 1, 1935 of 434,210

Receipts at-	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Total
Galveston	77	298 88 473	17	301 24	1,941	242 2,461	2,782 2,667
Corpus Christi New Orleans Mobile	700	473 481 45	$\frac{1,304}{236}$	325 369	314 150	275	3,165 4,433
Jacksonville Savannah Charleston	561 567	273 101	453 306	35 160	174	30	1,497 974
Lake Charles Wilmington Norfolk			ī	75	129	137 -767	427 155 767
Totals this week	5,343	1,759	2,317	1,289	2,708	3,955	17,371

The following table shows the week's total receipts, the total since Aug. 1, 1936, and the stocks tonight, compared with last year:

Provinte to	193	36-37	193	35-36	Sto	ck
Receipts to July 16	This Week	Since Aug 1, 1936	This Week	Since Aug 1, 1935	1937	1936
Galveston	2,782	1,700,749	2,055	1,563,043	313,616	374.064
Texas City		1,296,796		1,730,310	248,739	1,856 230,381
Corpus Christi Beaumont	473	23,286	1,429	38,052	24,486 14,264	28,649 28,083
New Orleans Mobile	3,165 4,433		6,838	393,202	275,854 33,689	287.701 87.639
Pensacola, &c Jacksonville	30		1.872	167,776 3,792	3,702 1,588	6,508
Brunswick	1,497		414		128,199	155,508
Charleston Lake Charles	974	56,001	17	215,408 56,045 23,819	29,290 5,041	28,821 12,149
Wilmington	427 155	27,414 43,933	335	46,496	$\frac{11.425}{20.817}$	$12,153 \\ 26,662$
New York					100 3.885	1,731
Baltimore	767	71,909	1,079	36,225	1,125	1,000
Philadelphia	17 971	6.281.775	16 973	6.715.985	1 115 890	202 212

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons:

Receipts at-	1936-37	1935-36	1934-35	1933-34	1932-33	1931-32
Galveston Houston New Orleans. Mobile Savannah	2,782 2,667 3,165 4,433 1,497	2,055 2,459 6,838 474 1,872	1,886 3,245 9,079 3,317 329	11,017 7,056 15,164 4,871 1,103	11,262 16,678 21,881 5,641 8,953	3,613 9,444 5,592 1,605
Brunswick Charleston Wilmington Norfolk Newport News	974 427 155	414 1 335	291 128	1,153 66 736	5,114 803 468	83 264 65 929
All others	1,271	2,525	2,438	10,269	54,604	6,049
Total this wk.	17.371	16,973	20,715	51,435	125,404	31,530
Since Aug. 1	6.281,775	6,715,985	4,038,899	7,380,388	8,775,602	9,696,727

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 17,265 bales, of which 3,163 were to Great Britain, 1,731 to France, 2,390 to Germany, 2,472 to Italy, 6,787 to Japan, and 722 to other destinations. In the spending week last year total exports were 44,023 bales. For the season to date aggregate exports have been 5,389,911

bales, against 5,966,869 bales in the same period of the previous season. Below are the exports for the week.

Week Ended July 16, 1937	Exported to—									
Exports from—	Great Britain	France	Ger- many	Italy	Japan	China	Other	Total		
Houston	3,163	470			3,093		28	6,754		
New Orleans		1,261		2.058	0,000		694	4.013		
Mobile			568	414				982		
Jacksonville			90					90		
Savannah					22			22		
Charleston			828					828		
Norfolk			904					904		
Los Angeles					3,125			3,125		
San Francisco					547			547		
2 1000000000					011	~~~				
Total	3,163	1,731	2,390	2,472	6,787		722	17,265		
Total 1936	19,464	2.830	12.512		4,897		4.320	44,023		
Total 1935	9,404	4.298	3.691	2.668	9,996	200	31.229	61.486		

From Aug. 1, 1936, to				Export	ted to—			
July 16, 1937 Exports from—	Great	France	Ger- many	Italy	Japan	China	Other	Total
Galveston	180,003	179,564	176,418	121.017	604,108	18.387	248,401	1527,898
Houston	179,344	114,870	120,155	98.051		2.213	144,979	939,640
Cospus Christi_		46,949						
Beaumont	9,728		6,613		00,000		150	
New Orleans		279,186		137,783	191,664	1.130	184.428	1353,925
Lake Charles						2,200	17,484	
Mobile	120,061						27,217	
Jacksonville			2,420		0,020			4.050
Pensacola, &c.					2,850			
Savannah	57,984		48,905					
Charleston			58,888		18,000			
Wilmington			00,000	1,700			1000	2,900
Norfolk	2,702		16,175	30			0 000	
Gulfport					1,100	4		
New York		275	1,004		393		1 400	
Boston	261	1	100		2		0 510	
Baltimore		62		639			3.157	
Philadelphia	634	0-		419			12,409	
Los Angeles	30,265	22,063	30,935			100		
San Francisco			5,258			1,000		
Seattle	11,020	.0.	0,200	100	120,000	1,000	10	
Donvero							10	10
Total	1186,105	717,360	750,540	411,378	1581,773	23,185	719,570	5389,911
Total 1935-36_	1437.537	712.366	875.930	395.001	1541.540	42.175	962.320	5966.869

NOTE—Exports to Canada—It has never been our practice to include in the above table reports of cotton shipments to Canada, the reason being that virtually all the cotton destined to the Dominion comes overland and it is impossible to give returns concerning the same from week to week, while reports from the customs districts on the Canadian border are always very slow in coming to hand. In view, however, of the numerous inquiries we are receiving regarding the matter, we will say that for the month of May the exports to the Dominion the present season have been 16,950 bales. In the corresponding month of the preceding season the exports were 22,000 bales. For the ten months ended May 31, 1937, there were 239,866 bales exported, as against 203,820 bales for the ten months of 1935-36.

Total 1934-35 778,959 395,037 437,265 490,194 1578,265 108,674 965,131 4753,525

In addition to above exports, our telegrams tonight also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named:

Tulu 10 at		On Ship	board N	ot Cleare	d for-		Landan	
July 16 at—	Great Britain	France	Ger- many	Other Foreign	Coast- wise	Total	Stock	
Galveston	2,800 1,747 6,864 100	900	500 1,613 768 3,000	2,100 853 3,157 200 316	1,500 545 4,185	7,800 4,758 17,788 3,200 416	243,981 258,066 124,999 29,290	
Total 1937 Total 1936 Total 1935	$^{11,511}_{\substack{2,834\\1,055}}$	3,714 1,643 2,207	5,881 2,453 5,107	6,626 11,716 26,374	6,230 800 820	19,446	1,081,858 1,265,766 1,079,217	

Speculation in cotton the early part of the week was moderately active, with the market showing no really definite trend. Thursday, however, the picture changed very decidedly. A wave of liquidation struck the market and carried prices down 39 to 45 points, or approximately \$2 a bale. The persistent highly favorable reports of the growing crop, together with bearish reports concerning crops abroad, strained the nerves of holders of cotton a little too far, and all it needed was a little aggressiveness on the part of the speculative short element to start prices on the downward plunge. Excellent consumptive figures received only

On the 10th inst. prices closed 14 to 17 points net lower. The weather news appeared to be the dominating influence. A favorable weather map, the forecast for clear warm weather in the Eastern belt over the week-end and a check to the activity of boll weevil in some areas; also beneficial rains in Texas and Oklahoma, were a combination of influences that easily encouraged activity on the part of the bearish element and induced many holders to take down profits that had accrued as a result of the recent extended advance. Another bearish influence was the disappointing action of the Liver-pool market. Speculative buying recently was a conspicuous pool market. Speculative buying recently was a conspicuous feature in cotton, but it showed a marked falling off during today's session. Cooperative brokers sold moderately, and there was evidence of further hedging pressure, which was attributed both to Texas cotton and South American growths. Foreign interests were also on the selling side. Southern spot markets as officially reported, were 12 to 18 points lower. Average price of middling at the 10 designated spot markets was 12.70c. On the 12th inst. futures closed 1 to 5 points lower. Trading was relatively quiet and in sharp contrast to the activity and strength that prevailed in this market towards the close of last week. Weather and crop news continues generally favorable, and with grain and other commodity markets showing a decided tendency downward, there was very little comfort for speculative holders of cotton

or those inclined to buy. On the other hand sellers were more or less cautious and showed no disposition to become aggressive on the downside. The market opened steady at an advance of 1 to 5 points and later showed net gains of 5 to 9 points. Early demand came from trade, commission houses, New Orleans and locals. Mill interests were also moderate buyers, but this buying was of short duration. The New York Cotton Exchange Service estimated that total consumption of all cotton in this country in June was total consumption of all cotton in this country in June was 700,000 bales, compared with 669,000 in May and 555,000 in June. Southern spot markets as officially reported, were unchanged to 5 points lower. Average price of middling was 12.67c. On the 13th inst. prices closed 7 to 10 points up. Trading was relatively quiet. Operations appeared largely of a local nature, with outside trade awaiting developments. The market opened steady at 1 to 2 points decline. Liverpool opened quiet at a decline of 2 to 4 points and closed steady at opened quiet at a decline of 2 to 4 points and closed steady at a decline of 1 to 4 points. Private cables reported a dull situation abroad, with light Bombay and Continental buying imparting a steady tone. Southern spot markets as officially reported, were 5 to 10 points higher. Average price of middling at the 10 designated spot markets was 12.74c. On the 14th inst. prices closed unchanged to 8 points up. Short the 14th inst. prices closed unchanged to 8 points up. Short covering in near-by positions and scattered buying in recovering in hear-by positions and scattered buying in response to weevil reports from the Carolinas rallied the cotton market today, after early unsettlement. The market closed about 70c. a bale over the early lows. The Government weekly weather and crop summary was favorably interpreted, although it reported that frequent rains in southern sections of Texas had damaged the staple and favored weevil activity. The trading feature in the market was belated covering in July prior to expiration of trading in that position tomorrow. Speculative interests also were credited position tomorrow. Speculative interests also were credited with covering in October and December. The Census Bureau report on cotton consumption in the United States for June was below expectations, but apparently had little effect marketwise. Indicated consumption of 681,394 bales compared with 669,460 in May and 555,449 in June last year. Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged to 3 points higher. Average price of middling at the 10 designated spot markets was 12.76c.

On the 15th inst. prices closed 33 to 39 points net lower. The almost constant flow of favorable crop and weather reports and no real serious inroads by boll weevil, together with reported increased acreages in foreign producing countries, were a combination of factors that easily made for bearish sentiment, and encouraged some aggressiveness of the speculative short element. On the scale down large numbers of stop loss orders were uncovered, and this, of course, accelerated the decline. Except for steadiness just before the close, when covering developed, prices fell steadily throughout the session. The setback carried the list into new lows for the movement. Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were 35 to 37 points lower. Average price of middling at the 10 designated spot markets was 12.40c.

Today prices closed 19 to 3 points down. The cotton market recovered the early losses during the afternoon trading, but subsequently fell off again and closed materially below the previous close. Continued heavy liquidation in July and heavy selling for prominent Wall Street operators and brokers with Far Eastern connections were contributing factors to the decline. The market opened barely steady 6 to 18 points lower and showed a house for the street of the str steady, 6 to 18 points lower, and showed a heavy tone dur-ing most of the session. The weakness of the July delivery was the most pronounced, 27 notices being issued against this position on its last trading day. There were foreign offerings and a decline below 12c. for October uncovered additional stop orders. A forecast for continued clear weather in the Eastern belt and overnight reports of only scattered showers over the belt did much to encourage bearish sentiment. Liverpool declined in sympathy with the break in New York yesterday. A forecast for continued clear

Premiums and Discounts for Grade and Stapletable below gives the premiums and discounts for grade and stable below gives the premiums and discounts for grade and staple in relation to the base grade, Middling $\frac{7}{8}$, established for deliveries on contract on July 22, 1937. Premiums and discounts for grades and staples are the average quotations of 10 markets, designated by the Secretary of Agriculture, and staple premiums represent 60% of the average premiums over $\frac{7}{8}$ -inch cotton at the 10 markets on July 15.

White— Mid. Fair St. Good Mid Good Mid	.62 on		on				-		-			_
St. Good Mid	.62 on		OT			Spotted-						
						Good Mid					.68	
Good Mid							.08	off	.19	on	.50	on
	.55 on	.93	on	1.27	on	Mid	.72	off	.49	off	.25	off
St. Mid	.36 on	.74	on	1.07	on	*St. Low Mid	1.59	off	1.43	off	1.22	off
Mid	Basis	.37	on	.70	on	*Low Mid	2.30	off	2.17	off	2.07	off
						Tinged-						-
						Good Mid	.44	off	.22	off	.03	on
							.72					
							1.60					
Extra White-							2.35					
Good Mid.	.55 on	.93	on	1.27	on		2.86					
St. Mid.	36 on	74	on	1.07	on	Yell Stained-				-		
Mid	Even	37	on	70	on		1.25	off	1 05	off	84	off
St. Low Mid.	69 off	37	off	07	off	*St. Mid						
						*Mid						
						Gray-	20	-	20		2.00	
						Good Mid	80	200	26	000	15	off
Good Ord	2.00 011	2.12	OTT	2.09		St. Mid.					.40	
Maria Maria	Company of			1		*Mid					1.10	

^{*} Not deliverable on future contract.

The official quotation for middling upland cotton in the New York market each day for the past week has been:

July 10 to July 16—Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. Middling upland 12.90 12.87 12.94 12.73 12.60 12.52

Futures—The highest, lowest and closing prices at New York for the past week have been as follows:

	Saturday July 10	Monday July 12	Tuesday July 13	Wednesday July 14	Thursday July 15	Friday July 16
July (1937)						
Range Closing_ Aug.—	12.30-12.47	12.29-12.35	12.27-12.40	12.31-12.47 12.47 ——	12.08-12.40 12.08-12.10	
Range						
Closing .	12.33n	12.31n	12.40n	12.47n	12.09n	11.92n
Sept.—						
Range Closing	10.20	10 99	10.40-	10 47	10.10-	11.07.
Oct.—	12.36n	12.33n	12,42n	12.47n	12.10n	11.97n
Range	12.40-12.50	12.37-12.48	12.35-12.46	12.35-12.48	12.03-12.40	11.98-12.14
Closing _	12.40-12.41		12,44-12,45		12.10-12.12	
Nov.—						
Range		12.40-12.40				
Closing_	12.36n	12.32n	12.40n	12.42n	12.07n	11.99n
Dec.—						
Range				12.27-12.40		
Closing _ Jan. (1938)	12.32-12.33	12.28	12.36	12.38-12.39	12.05-12.07	11.97 —
Range	19 99-19 49	19 99 19 40	19 97-19 97	12.30-12.39	11 07 19 91	11 04 19 07
Closing _	12.33			12.39		
Feb.	12.00	12.20	12.01	14.00	12.00	11.01
Range		- 17				
Closing_	12.34n	12.30n	12.40n	12.41n	12.07n	12.01n
Mar.—				7777		
				12.32-12.45		
	12.36-12.37	12.33	12.43	12.43	12.08-12.09	12.05
April—				11/12		
Range Closing_	12.38n	12.35n	12.44n	12.44n	12.09n	12.06n
May-	12.001	12.001	12.447	12.44%	12.091	12.00%
	12 30-12 40	19 37-19 46	19 35-19 45	12.33-12.47	12 01-12 30	19 01-19 10
			12.45			12.08 —
June-						
Range						

n Nominal.

Range for future prices at New York for week ending July 16, 1937, and since trading began on each option:

Option for-	Range for Week Range Since Beginning of Option
Aug. 1937 Sept. 1937 Oct. 1937 Nov. 1937 Dec. 1937 Jan. 1938 Feb. 1938 Mar. 1938 Apr. 1938	11.98 July 16 12.50 July 10 11.05 Nov. 12 1936 13.98 Apr. 5 1937 12.40 July 12 12.40 July 12 11.87 June 17 1937 12.40 July 12 1937 11.92 July 16 12.43 July 10 11.56 Dec. 17 1936 13.93 Apr. 5 1937 11.94 July 16 12.42 July 10 11.70 Feb. 3 1937 13.94 Apr. 5 1937 12.10 Mar. 1 1937 13.85 Mar. 31 1937 11.99 July 16 12.46 July 10 11.85 June 14 1937 13.97 Apr. 5 1937 13.99 July 16 12.46 July 10 11.85 June 14 1937 13.97 Apr. 5 1937 13.99 July 16 12.46 July 10 11.85 June 14 1937 13.97 Apr. 5 1937 13.99 July 16 12.46 July 10 11.85 June 14 1937 13.97 Apr. 5 1937 13.99 July 16 12.46 July 10 11.85 June 14 1937 13.97 Apr. 5 1937 13.99 July 16 12.46 July 10 11.85 June 14 1937 13.97 Apr. 5 1937 13.99 July 16 12.46 July 10 11.85 June 14 1937 13.97 Apr. 5 1937 13.99 July 16 12.46 July 10 11.85 June 14 1937 13.99 Apr. 5 1937 13.99 July 16 12.46 July 10 11.85 June 14 1937 13.99 Apr. 5 1937 13.99 July 16 12.46 July 10 11.85 July 10 11.89 July 10 11

The Visible Supply of Cotton tonight, as made up by cable and telegraph, is as follows. Foreign stocks as well as afloat are this week's returns, and consequently all foreign figures are brought down to Thursday evening. To make the total show the complete figures for tonight (Friday) we add the item of exports from the United States, for Friday only.

July 16—	1937	1936	1935	1934
Stock at Liverpool	727,000			
Stock at Menchester				
Stock at Manchester	155,000	117,000	71,000	103,000
Total Great Britain	999 000	757 000	606,000	080 000
Steels at Browner	882,000			
Stock at Bremen	140,000			
Stock at Havre	163,000	141,000	86,000	190,000
Stock at Rotterdam	10,000	11,000	21,000	20,000
Stock at Barcelona		66,000	64,000	69,000
Stock at Genoa	28,000	77,000		55,000
Stock at Genoa Stock at Venice and Mestre	9,000		12,000	7,000
Stock at Venice and Mestre.		11,000	12,000	10,000
Stock at Trieste	7,000	10,000	11.000	10,000
Total Continental stocks	357,000	511,000	420,000	795,000
Total European stocks1				
India cotton affoat for Europe	72,000	68,000	102,000	98,000
American cotton afloat for Europe	80,000	136,000	149,000	140,000
Egypt, Brazil,&c.,afl't for Europe	166,000	157,000	171,000	161,000
Stock in Alexandria, Egypt	108,000	134,000	124,000	245,000
Stock in Bombay, India	058,000	800,000	695 000	001 000
Stock in Dombay, India	958,000	800,000	685,000 1,114,780	991,000
Stock in U. S. ports1	,115,820		1,114,780	2,425,245
Stock in U. S. interior towns	873,772	1,301,765	1,145,008	
U. S. exports today	5,669	5,149	29,133	16,518
Total visible supply4	,618,261	5,155,126	4,545,921	7,031,423
Of the above, totals of America	n and of	ther descrip	ntions are	as follows:
American—	n and o	mer descri	potons are	as lonows.
Liverpool stockbales_	265,000	237,000	176,000	320,000
Manchester stock	48,000	41 000		42,000
Promon stock		41,000	30,000	
Bremen stock	101,000	130,000	119,000	
Havre stock	130,000	103,000	71,000	
Other Continental stock	29,000	98,000	89,000	663,000
 American affoat for Europe	80.000	136,000	149,000	140,000
U. S. port stock1	.115.820	1,285,212	1,114,780	2,425,245
U. S. interior stock	873,772	1,301,765	1,145,008	1,179,660
U. S. exports today	5,669	5.149	29,133	16,518
C. S. Caports today	0,008	0,110	20,100	10,010
Total American 2 East Indian, Brazil, &c.—	,648,261	3,337,126	2,922,921	4,786,423
Liverpool stock	462,000	403,000	359,000	557,000
	107,000	76 000		
Manchester stock	107,000	76,000	41,000	61,000
Bremen stock	40,000	67,000	49,000	
Havre stock	33,000	38,000	15,000	
Other Continental stock	24,000	75,000	77,000	132,000
Indian afloat for Europe	72,000	68,000	102,000	98,000
Egypt, Brazil, &c., afloat	166,000	157,000	171,000	161,000
Stock in Alexandria, Egypt	108,000	134,000	124,000	245,000
Stock in Bombay, India	958,000			
brock in Dombay, India	930,000	800,000	685,000	991,000

Total visible supply 4,618,261 5,155,126 4,545,921 7,031,423 Middling uplands, Liverpool 6.85d. 7,47d. 7.02d. 7.17d. Middling uplands, New York 12,52c. 13,23c. 12,30c. 13,00c. Egypt, good Sakel, Liverpool. 11,25d. 10,74d. 8,33d. 9,26d. Broach, fine, Liverpool 5.87d. 5.86d. 6.20d. 5.52d. Peruvian Tanguis, g'd fair, L'pool 8,08d. 8,12d. C.P. Comra No.1 staple, s'fine, Liv 5.77d. 5,97d. Continental imports for past week have been 62,000 bales. The above figures for 1937 show a decrease from last week of 143,378 bales, a loss of 536,865 from 1936, an

Total East India, &c......1,970,000 1,818,000 1,623,000 2,245,000 Total American........2,648,261 3,337,126 2,922,921 4,784,423

increase of 72,340 bales over 1935, and a decrease of 2,413,162 bales from 1934.

At the Interior Towns the movement—that is, the receipts for the week and since Aug. 1, the shipments for the week and the stocks tonight, and the same items for the corresponding period of the previous year—is set out in detail below:

	Mos	ement to J	uly 16,	1937	Mo	vement to J	ruly 17.	1936
Towns	Rec	eipts	Ships-		Re	ceipts	Ship- ments	Stocks
	Week	Season	ments Week	July 16	Week	Season	Week	17
Ala., Birming'm	467	84,794	686	17,391	6	59,164	1,114	
Eufaula	14	9,420	1			15,568	171	10,696
Montgomery.	85	53,319	755	26,410		82,917	2,510	52,278
Selma	64	55,448	1,483			85,761	347	54,198
Ark., Blytheville		168,184				109,822	411	66,720
Forest City		32,786	1			27,572	282	7,660
Helena		60,608		4.800				6.975
Hope		54,557		3,850		91 000		16,279
Jonesboro		19,792				19,363		
Little Rock	110	193,474						
Newport	110	28,004	1,111			31,264		
Pine Bluff	200	142,653	1 120	5,139	289			
Wainut Ridge		46,186	240		1			
Ga., Albany		14,048	416			24,336		
Athens	9	29,489	1,520		10		8,925	29,764
Atlanta	821	364,701	6,876		855			103,839
Augusta	821	207,199	3,168					
Columbus	300	18,925	700	33,100	600		400	33,350
Macon	500	48,589	500	19,853	17		956	
Rome		21,198	700	19,857		15,448	400	20,859
La., Shreveport		100,182	308	1,889		71,437		15,630
Miss. Clarksdale	52	164,986	253	3,739	405	128,574	1.174	1,639
Columbus	29	39,568	1.312	14,793	36	41,648	670	19,645
Greenwood	29	262,785	338	8,876	426		1,990	7,303
Jackson		63,180	225	3,716	12	58,184	191	7,772
Natchez		20,998	72	870		8,795	2	829
Vicksburg		39,423	80	909	64		210	2,366
Yazoo City		51,409	21	1.670	3	37,815	230	1,509
Mo., St. Louis	1.407	334,413	1.419		2,955		3,427	1,951
N. C., Gr'nsboro		10,974		2,249	78	9,828	121	2,477
Oklahoma—		10,574	106	3,193	**	9,020	121	a, 200
	4	177,314	**	FO 000	17	387,659	1 910	85,194
15 towns *	1 200		53	53,920				
S. C., Greenville	1,396	238,435	4,607		762	168,768	07,089	38,355
Tenn., Memphis		2,565,232		255,045	12,744	2,056,861		402,170
Texas, Abilene.		38,932		1,614		54,788	6	1,222
Austin		16,253		280		18,553	88	512
Brennam		6,426		1,277	27	12,255	281	2,536
Dallas	82	83,124	81	2,908	610	59,396	527	4,234
Paris		71,825		646	60	35,040	60	3,635
Robstown		13,701		38		10,533	****	990
San Antonio.		8,952		143	15	5,928		196
Texarkana		35,243		2,102		24,918	64	6,517
Waco	56	79,672	18	604	151	80,311	245	2,555
Total. 56 towns	9,727 6	.076.401	38,982	873.772	21,446	5,246,414	69.183	1301765

* Includes the combined totals of 15 towns in Oklahoma

The above totals show that the interior stocks have decreased during the week 29,255 bales and are tonight 427,993 bales less than at the same period last year. The receipts at all the towns have been 11,719 bales less than the same week last year.

New York Quotations for 32 Years

The quotations for middling upland at New York on July 16 for each of the past 32 years have been as follows:

1937	1	12.52c.	1929	18.35c.	1921	12.85c.	1913	12.35c.	
1936	1	13.40c.	1928	21.60c.	1920	42.50c.	1912	12.45c.	
1935	1	12.25c.	1927	18.30c.	1919	35.25c.	1911	14.30c.	
1934	1	13.25c.	1926	18.55c.	1918				
1933	1	11.40c.	1925	14.90c.	1917	27.40c.	1909	12.50c.	
1932		5.90c.	1924	31.45c.	1916	12.95c.	1908	11.00c.	
1931		9.30c.	1923	27.55c.	1915				
1030	1	3 15c	1022	22 650	1014	13 25c	1906	11.00c	

Market and Sales at New York

The total sales of cotton on the spot each day during the week at New York are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader, we also add columns which show at a glance how the market for spot and futures closed on same days.

		Futures		SALES	
	Spot Market Closed	Market Closed	Spot	Contr'ct	Total
Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday	Quiet, 15 pts. dec Quiet, 3 pts. dec Steady, 7 pts. dec Steady, 3 pts. adv_ Quiet, 37 pts. dec Quiet, 8 pts. dec	Steady Steady Steady Steady Barely steady Steady	200 200	700 1,700 500 500	700 1,900 700 500
Total week_ Since Aug. 1			72,029	3,400 164,800	3,800 236,829

Overland Movement for the Week and Since Aug. 1—We give below a statement showing the overland movement for the week and since Aug. 1, as made up from telegraphic reports Friday night. The results for the week and since Aug. 1 in the last two years are as follows:

	193	36-37	193	
July 16— Shipped—	Week	Since Aug. 1	Week	Since Aug. 1
Via St. Louis Via Mounds, &c Via Rock Island	1.520	h	$\frac{3,427}{2,140}$	h
Via Louisville Via Virginia points Via other routes, &c	3,842	h	165 4,369 3,000	h h
Total gross overland	12,568	h	13,101	h
Deduct Shipments— Overland to N. Y., Boston, &c Between interior towns Inland, &c., from South	767 144 4,132	h h	1,079 196 $9,529$	h h h
Total to be deducted	5,043	h	10,804	h
Leaving total net overland *	7,525	h	2.297	h

* Including movement by rail to Canada. h We withhold the totals since Aug. 1 so as to allow proper adjustment at the end of crop year.

193	6-37	1935-36		
In Sight and Spinners' Takings Week	Since Aug. 1	Week	Since Aug. 1	
Receipts at ports to July 16 17,371 Net overland to July 16 7,525 Southern consumption to July 16-145,000	h h	16,973 $2,297$ $125,000$	h h	
Total marketed 169,896 Interior stocks in excess \$29,255	h h	144,270 *47,737	h	
Excess of Southern mill takings over consumption to July 1	h		h	
Came into sight during week140,641 Total in sight July 16	h h	96,533	h h	
North. spinn's' takings to July 16. 11,097	h	19,748	h	

* Decrease. h We withhold the totals since Aug. 1 so as to allow of proper adjustment at the end of the crop year.

Quotations for Middling Cotton at Other Markets Below are the closing quotations for middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the week:

777. J. 77. 4. 4	Closing Quotations for Middling Cotton on—								
Week Ended July 16	Saturday	Monday	Tuesday	Wed'day	Thursday	Friday			
Galveston	12.60	12.56	12.64	12.66	12.30	12.22			
New Orleans	12.76	12.73	12.81	12.81	12.44	12.37			
Mobile	12.55	12.52	12.59	12.62	12.25	12.17			
Savannah	12.90	12.87	12.95	12.97	12.61	12.52			
Norfolk	12.90	12.90	12.95	12.95	12.60	12.50			
Montgomery	12.60	12.60	12.65	12.65	12.30	12.20			
Augusta	13.15	13.12	13.19	13.22	12.86	12.77			
Memphis	12.65	12.60	12.70	12.70	12.35	12.25			
Houston	12.61	12.58	12.65	12.68	12.33	12.23			
Little Rock	12.40	12.35	12.45	12.45	12.10	12.20			
Dallas	12.40	12.37	12.44	12.47	12.11	12.02			
Fort Worth	12.40	12.37	12.44	12.47	12.11	12.02			

New Orleans Contract Market—The closing quotations for leading contracts in the New Orleans cotton market for the past week have been as follows:

	Saturday July 10	Monday July 12	Tuesday July 13	Wednesday July 14	Thursday July 15	Friday July 16
August September October	1227b1231a	122461228a		1239b1241a 12.45-12.47		12.02-12.03
November December. Jan. (1938) February		1237b1238a 12.41	12.46 — 12.47 —	12.47 —— 12.48 ——	12.12-12.15 1212b1214a	
March April May	1246b1247a	12.43	12.50	1252b1253a 1254b1255a		12.11
Spot Options	Quiet. Steady.	Quiet. Barely stdy	Steady.	Quiet. Steady.	Dull. Easy.	Steady

Three Elected to Membership in New York Cotton Exchange—At a meeting of the Board of Managers of the New York Cotton Exchange, held July 12, Sartell Prentice, a partner of Prentice & Brady of New York City, who are stock brokers; William Christian Helmbrecht, a partner of Helmbrecht & Co., Dallas, Texas, cotton exporters; and George Richard Payne, a partner of Payne & Co. of Hongkong, China, commodity brokers, were elected to membership in the Exchange. Mr. Prentice is a member of the Chicago Board of Trade, New York Curb Exchange, New York Commodity Exchange, and the New York Produce Exchange. Mr. Helmbrecht is a member of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, Galveston Cotton Exchange, and Texas Cotton Association. Mr. Payne is a member of the New York Coffee & Sugar Exchange, Inc. Three Elected to Membership in New York Cotton

Census Report on Cotton Consumed and on Hand, &c., in June—Under date of July 14, 1937, the Census Bureau issued its report showing cotton consumed in the United States, cotton on hand, active cotton spindles and imports and exports of cotton for the month of June, 1937 and 1936. Cotton consumed amounted to 681,394 bales of lint and 66 618 bales of linters, compared with 660 160 and 1936. Cotton consumed amounted to 081,394 bales of lint and 66,618 bales of linters, compared with 669,460 bales of lint and 70,480 bales of linters in May, 1937, and 555,449 bales of lint and 64,891 bales of linters in June, 1936. It will be seen that there is an increase in June, 1937, when compared with the previous year, in the total lint and linters combined of 127,672 bales, or 20.6%. The following is the statement: following is the statement:

JUNE REPORT OF COTTON CONSUMED, ON HAND, IMPORTED AND EXPORTED, AND ACTIVE COTTON SPINDLES [Cotton in running bales, counting round as half bales, except foreign, which is in 500-pound bales]

	Year		Consumed ring—		on Hand te 30	0-11-1
		June (bales)	Eleven Months Ended June 30 (bales)	In Con- suming Establish- ments (bales)	In Public Storage & at Com- presses, (bales)	Active
United States	1937 1936	681,394 555,449	7,361,737 5,744,104			24,555,716 23,021,042
Cotton-growing States	1937	568,169	6,137,558 4,828,221	1,232,341	2,990,387	17,790,026 17,027,828
New England States	1937 1936	92,737	990,156	262,233	88,559	6,025,078
All other States	1937 1936	20,488	234,023	55,966	12,851	740,612
Included Above-	1890	10,000	100,710	00,140	0,807	700,062
Egpytian cotton	1937 1936			35,006 27,353		
Other foreign cotton	1937 1936	10,958	90,212			
AmerEgyptian cotton	1937 1936	1,497 1,372	19,877	4,763 5,279	1,097	
Net Included Above-		1,012	19,021	0,279	419	0.001
Linters	1937 1936	66,618 64,891		269,169 208,712	62,710 46,030	

	Imports of	Foreign (Cotton (500-lb	, Bales)	
Country of Production	Jun	e	11 Mos. End. June 30		
ALICA MINE	1937	1936	1937	1936	
EgyptPeruChina	4,778 101 7,911	5,806 45 2,212	72,244 1,634 45,434	60,861 1,018 24,365	
Mexico British India All other	18,668 4,495	140 4,235 24	27,391 77,208 10,163	3,387 44,046 838	
Total	35,953	12,462	234,074	134,512	

Linters imported during ten months ended May 31, 1937, amounted to 43,133 equivalent 500-pound bales.

	Exports of Domestic Cotton Excluding Linters (Running Bales—See Note for Linters)					
Country to Which Exported	Jun	18	11 Mos. End. June 30			
man and man and and a	1937	1936	1937	1936		
United Kingdom. France. Italy. Germany Spain. Belgium Other Europe. Japan. China. Canada. All other.	50,705 8,531 39,925 28,041 5,285 27,538 44,061 22,048 3,148	83,614 31,381 23,832 24,493 13,167 3,621 31,785 66,247 2,025 14,549 2,786	1,522,499			
			55,034			

Note—Linters exported, not included above, were 18,664 bales during June in 1937, and 19,128 bales in 1936; 246,037 bales for the 11 months ended June 30 in 1937 and 221,377 bales in 1936. The distribution for June, 1937, follows: United Kingdom, 1,527; Netherlands, 3,568; Beigium, 26; France, 5,731; Germany, 4,373; Japan, 2,809; Canada, 630.

WORLD STATISTICS

The world's production of commercial cotton, exclusive of linters, grown in 1936, as compiled from various sources, was 30.386,000 bales, counting American in running bales and foreign in bales of 478 pounds lint, while the consumption of cotton (exclusive of linters in the United States) for the year ended July 31, 1936, was 27,631,000 bales. The total number of spinning cotton spindles, both active and idle, is about 152,000,000.

Census Report on Cottonseed Oil Production—On July 13 the Bureau of the Census issued the following statement showing cottonseed received, crushed and on hand, and cottonseed products manufactured, shipped out, on hand and exported for the month of June, 1937 and 1936:

COTTON SEED RECEIVED, CRUSHED, AND ON HAND (TONS)

	Received at Mills * Aug. 1 to June 30			shed June 30	On Hand at Muls June 30	
State	1937	1936	1937	1936	1937	1936
Alabama	333,501	291,120	333,853	299,168	365	942
Arkansas	451,717	294,685	450,012	294,177	2,331	2,917
California	174,453		168,368	92,851	7,193	1,098
Georgia	476 574		471,855	446,189	6,361	1,684
Louisiana	241,352	175,927	242,825	177,183	201	107
Mississippi	832,659	524,739	813,852	525,443	20,843	12,308
North Carolina	232,880	223,577	233,119	230,521	451	3,133
Oklahoma	82,997	192,229	83,299	193,481	753	991
South Carolina	221,387	208,030	222,138	208,944	434	847
Tennessee	356,770	231,446	356,881	234,391	700	1,461
Texas	917,608	962,510	921,774	974,622	5,710	10,300
All other States	163,074	104,202	162,847	104,326	498	261
United States	4.484.972	3,727,770	4.460.823	3.781,296	45,840	36,049

* Includes seed destroyed at mills but not 21,926 tons and 89,575 tons on hand Aug. 1 nor 95,494 tons and 58,247 tons reshipped for 1937 and 1936, respectively.

COTTONSEED PRODUCTS MANUFACTURED, SHIPPED OUT AND ON

Item	Season	On Hand Aug. 1	Produced Aug. 1 to June 30	Shipped Out Aug. 1 to June 30	On Hand June 30
Crude oil, lbs	1936-37			1,353,827,673	*21,372,990 37,250,608
Refined oil, lbs.	1935-36 1936-37	a318,873,305	b1286354,382		a517,334,191 408,944,414
Cake and meal,		65,053		2,002,428	73,169
Hulis, tons	1935-36 1936-37	198,367 23,893	1,135,422	1,095,850	63,465
Linters, (running)		76,604 43,819	1,119,991	1,076,068	
Hull fiber, (500-)		/1,292 88	47,510	45,241	2,357
Ib bales) Grabbots, motes,	1935-36 1936-37	1,332 2,991	52,243	46,789	
&c., 500 - lb.	1935-36	5,966	42,268	41,083	7,151

* Includes 6,232,774 and 11,603,177 pounds held by refining and manufacturing establishments and 4,411,300 and 4,387,220 pounds in transit to refiners and consumers Aug. 1, 1936, and June 30, 1937, respectively.

a Includes 15,100,446 and 13,868,273 pounds held by refiners, brokers, agents, and warehousemen at places other than refinertes and manufacturing establishments, and 9,643,060 and 6,207,436 pounds in transit to manufacturers of lard substitute, oleomargarine, soap, &c., Aug. 1, 1936 and June 30, 1937, respectively.

b Produced from 1,371,577,984 pounds of crude oil.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF COTTONSEED PRODUCTS FOR TEN MONTHS ENDED MAY 31

Item	1937	1936
116/16	1001	1000
Exports—	The Table of the Land	
Oil-Crude, pounds	184,172	387.373
Refined, pounds	2,436,996	2.612.497
Cake and meal, tons of 2,000 pounds	4,361	10.352
Linters, running bales.	227,373	202,249
Imports—		
Oil-Crude, pounds	*22.318.965	13,459,115
Refined, pounds	*139.083.868	104,744,369
Cake and meal, tons of 2,000 pounds	27.656	2.734
Tinters hales of 500 nounds	42 122	(Not available)

* Amounts for June not included above are 1,064,000 pounds crude, and 28,-604,881 refined "entered directly for consumption," 2,791,306 refined "withdrawn from warehouse for consumption," and 7,224,439 refined "entered directly into

New York Cotton Exchange Fixes Limitation of Interest—The Board of Managers of the New York Cotton Exchange voted on July 13 to set the maximum limit of

interest on future contracts for delivery in any one month by any member, firm, or corporation, and his or its affiliations, at 250,000 bales for delivery in July, 1937, and in all months up to and including June, 1938.

Weather Reports by Telegraph—Reports to us by telegraph this evening indicate that little fault is being found with weather conditions in any portion of the cotton belt. Temperatures remain moderately high. Some portion of the central belt are boasting of their bumper crops. Late cotton has been much improved by rains during the week in Texas, but considerable damage has been done to open bolls in the extreme south by continued rains which also favored insect activity. Cotton is fruiting rapidly and blooming well to the northward.

	Rai	n	Rainfall		Thermon	neter-
	Day		Inches	High	Low	Mean
Texas-Galveston	4		1.99	89	78	84
Amarillo	ī		0.34	98	60	79
Austin	î		0.32	94	74	84
Abilene	2		0.11	100	70	85
Brennam	- 3		0.34	98	64	81
Brownsville	2		0.30	88	76	82
Corpus Christi	3		0.16	88	76	82
Dallas	3		1.38	94	70	82
El Paso		dry		102	66	84
Henrietta		dry		106	70	88
Kerrville	2		1.56	92	66	79
Lampassas	2		5.06	96	62	79
Luling	- 3		0.46	98 .	72	85
Nacogdocnes	3		1.38	90	70	80
Palestine	2		1.48	92	70	81
Paris	3		0.80	96	70	83
San Antonio	2		1.08	94	70	82
Taylor	9		0.84	96	72	84
weatherford	34		2.94	92	68	80
Oklanoma—Oklanoma City	3		0.25	100	68	84
Arkansas—Eldorado	2		1.22	95	70	83
Fort Smith	1		0.01	98	70	84
Little Rock		dry		92	70	81
Pine Bluff	1		0.04	94	72	83
Louisiana—Alexandria	3		1.01	92	72	82
Amite	4		2.92	94	67	81
New Orleans	4		1.85	92	76	84
Shreveport Mississippi—Meridian	4		0.59	95	70	83
Mississippi—Meridian	1		0.04	96	72	84
Vicksburg	1		0.01	92	72	82
Alabama—Mobile		dry		93	73	83
Birmingham		dry		94	70	82
Montgomery	1		0.26	96	70	83
Florida—Jacksonville	1		0.02	96	72	84
Miami	2		0.38	88	74	81
Pensacola	1		0.24	90	74	82
Georgia—Savannah	3		0.16	92	74	83
Atlanta	4		1.07	97	72	84
Atlanta	ī		0.01	96	70	83
Augusta	Ţ		0.68	100	74	87
MaconCharleston	Ť		0.02	96	74	85
Greenwood	1 2		0.81	96	71	84
Columbia	2	A	1.32	100	71	86
Conway		dry	0.00	98	74	81
North Carolina—Asheville	1	dun	0.20	100	71	86
Charlotte	2	dry	0.69	94	64	79
Charlotte Raleigh			0.62 0.34	96	72	84
Wilmington	1		0.04	98	72	85
Tennessee—Memphis	*	day	0.90	96	72	84
Chattanooga		dry		93	74	82
Nashville		ary.	0.01	98 96	70 72	84
11000 THU			0.01	90	12	81

The following statement has also been received by telegraph, showing the height of rivers at the points named at 8 a. m. on the dates given:

	July 16, 1937 Feet	July 17, 1936 Feet
New Orleans Above zero of gauge_	4.6	1.8
MemphisAbove zero of gauge_	4.6 10.8	5.0
NashvilleAbove zero of gauge_	9.1	10.6
ShreveportAbove zero of gauge_	3.6	3.7
Vicksburg Above zero of gauge	12.9	8.5

Receipts from the Plantations—The following table indicates the actual movement each week from the plantations. The figures do not include overland receipts nor Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which finally reaches the market through the outports.

Week Ended	Rece	ipts at F	orts	Stocks	at Intertor	Receipts from Plantasions			
Brucu	1937	1936	1935	1937	1936	1935	1937	1936	1935
Apr.	7								
16	42,828	34,922	15,829	1 440.172	1 833,913	1,451,845		NII	NII
23	40,673	34,771	21,251	1,387,245	1.814.475	1,423,178	NII	15.333	NII
30	44,904	20,044	15,791	1,322,016	1,779,076	1,396,198	Na	N	Ni
May									
7	40,825	89,187	21,595	1,255,379	1.732.379	1.370.838	NII	NII	NII
14	31,296	40,509	21,061	1,206,606	1,693,071	1,345,933	Np	1.201	NII
21	28,231	45,482	18,627	1,162,626	1,651,649	1.328,412	NII	4,060	1,106
28	25,457	52,470	21,846	1,107,259	1.594.234	1.301.899	Nu	NII	NII
June							-		
4	23,761	47,072	18,907	1,064,946	1.554.313	1.269,564	NII	7.151	NII
11	23,325	32,597	14,317	1,030,520	1.517.933	1.244.820	NII	NII	NII
18	15,944	39,972	13,466	998,705	1.465,362	1,218,931	NII	NII	Nti
25	19,653	21,698	8,706			1,201,295	NII	NII	NII
July					.,	-,,			-1
2	15,752	21,952	9,188	930,969	1.384.154	1.181.353	NII	NII	NII
9	17,059	13,381	13,918		1,349,502		Nil	NII	NII
16	17.371	16,973	20,715			1.145,008	NII	Nil	4.302

The above statement shows: (1) That the total receipts from the plantations since Aug. 1, 1936, are 6,216,627 bales; in 1935-36 were 6,998,758 bales and in 1934-35 were 4,140,563 bales. (2) That, although the receipts at the outports the past week were 17,371 bales, the actual movement from plantations was nil bales, the stock at interior towns having decreased 29,255 bales during the week.

World's Supply and Takings of Cotton—The following brief but comprehensive statement indicates at a glance the world's supply of cotton for the week and since Aug. 1 for the last two seasons from all sources from which statistics are obtainable; also the takings or amounts gone out of sight for the like period:

Cotton Takings,	1936	-37	1935-36			
Week and Season	Week	Season	Week	Season		
Visible supply July 9 Visible supply Aug. 1 American in sight to July 16 Bombay receipts to July 15 Other India ship'ts to July 15 Alexandria receipts to July 14 Other supply to July 14 * b	4,761,639 140,641 14,000 7,000 800 4,000	h h h h	5,294,243 96,533 49,000 2,000 200 9,000	hhhhhhh		
Total supply Deduct— Visible supply July 16	4,928,080 4,618,261	h h	5,450,976 5,155,126	h h		
Total takings to July 16 Of which American Of which other	309,819 221,019 88,800	h h	295,850 214,650 81,200	h h h		

* Embraces receipts in Europe from Brazil, Smyrna, West Indies, &c. h We withhold the totals since Aug. 1 so as to allow proper adjustments at end of crop year. b Estimated.

India Cotton Movement from All Ports—The receipts of Indian cotton at Bombay and the shipments from all India ports for the week and for the season from Aug. 1 as cabled, for three years, have been as follows:

Y-	July 15		19	936-37	19	35-36	1934-35		
	eipts—		Week	Since Atg. 1	Week	Since Aug. 1	Week	Since Aug. 1	
Bombay			14,000	3,097,00	0 49,000	3,032,00	0 22,000	2,511,000	
		For the	Week			Since .	Aug 1		
Exports From—	Great Britain	Conti- nent	Jap'n& China	Total	Great Britain	Conts- nens	Japan & China	Total	
Bombay-					04.000	001.000		1 000 000	
1936-37		10,000			84,000			1,999,000	
1935-36	2,000	3,000		50,000	114,000			1,869,000	
1934-35		10,000	18,000	28,000	64,000	341,000	1,280,000	1,685,000	
Other India-		* 000		= 000	404 000	074 000		1 100 000	
1936-37		5,000		7,000	494,000	674,000		1,168,000	
1935-36	1,000	1,000		2,000	369,000	602,000		971,000	
1934-35		2,000		2,000	268,000	591,000		859,000	
Total all—	1								
1936-37	4,000	15,000	34,000	53,000	578,000			3,167,000	
1935-36	3,000	4,000	45,000	52,000	483,000			2,840,000	
1934-35		12,000	18,000	30,000	332,000	932,000	1,280,000	2,544,000	

According to the foregoing, Bombay appears to show a decrease compared with last year in the week's receipts of 35,000 bales. Exports from all India ports record a decrease of 1,000 bales during the week, and since Aug. 1 show an increase of 327,000 bales.

Alexandria Receipts and Shipments—We now receive weekly a cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the corresponding week of the previous two years:

Alexandria, Egypt, July 14	198	36-37	193	35-36	1934-35	
Receipts (cantars)— This week Since Aug. 1	8,83	4,000 38,379	8,20	1,000 09,014	7,36	4,000 37,090
Exports (Bales)—	This Week	Since Aug. 1	This Week	Since Aug. 1	This Week	Since Aug. 1
To Liverpool To Manchester, &c To Continent and India To America	6,000	190.963 205.777 731,375 42,680	6,000	203,700 163,259 669,939 37,249	11,000	131,993 153,409 727,938 37,844
Total exports	6,000	1170795	6,000	1074147	11,000	1051184

Note—A cantar is 99 lbs. Egyptian bales weigh about 750 lbs. This statement shows that the receipts for the week ended July 14 were 4,000 cantars and the foreign shipments 6,000 bales.

Manchester Market—Our report received by cable tonight from Manchester states that the market in both yarns and cloths is steady. Merchants are not willing to pay present prices. We give prices today below and leave those for previous weeks of this and last year for comparison:

			1937				and the		1936		
	32s Cap Twist	in	Lbs	omi	non	Cotton M1ddl'g Upl'ds	32s Cap Twist		10 Fin	mmon	Cotton Middl's Upi'ds
	d.	S. 4.			s. d	d	d	8	d.	8. u.	d.
Apr		10	9 6	11	•	7.47	9% @113	1 9	1%@	9 416	6.58
	1416 @ 1516				9	7.49	9% @11%			9 416	
	14% @15%			10		7 22					
		10	5 6	10	y	1 44	9% @11%		11/4 @	9 41/2	6.46
May-							07/0111		****	0 41/	
	14%@15%			10		7 45	9% @113				
	14 14 @ 15 1/8			10	9	7.12	9%@11%			9 414	
21	14%@15%			10		7.29	9%@11%				
28	14 @15	10	3 @	10	9	7.36	9%@11%	9	1160	9 434	6.64
June											
4		10	6	10	9	7.31	9%@11%			9 3	6.68
11	13% @14%	10	1 6	10	8	7.06	9% @11%	9	11/4 @	9 41/2	6.82
18	1316@15	10 6	6	10	9	6.92	10% @11%	9	1160	9 436	7.00
		10 €		10	9 -	6.95	10 16 @ 11 %	9		9 436	7.18
July	-0,40-0		_		-			1			
	1314@1414	9 6	a a	10	9	6.87	10%@11%	9	6 @	9 10 34	7.18
	131/8 @ 14%			10	9		11 @121				7.58
	13%@14%			10	9		11 16 @ 12 1		10%@1		7.47

Shipping News—As shown on a previous page, the exports of cotton from the United States the past week have reached 17,265 bales. The shipments in detail, as made up from mail and telegraphic reports, are as follows:

P 11011 India total total plant apparent and an area and	Bales
OUSTON-To Reval-July 9-Binnendijk, 16	
To Tallin—July 9—Binnendijk, 12	$\frac{16}{12}$ 3.093
To Japan—July 9—Friesland, 3,093	3,093
To Liverpool—July 14—Musician, 676	2,487
To Manchester—July 14—Musician, 2,487	2,487
To Havre—July 15—Nevada, 409 To Dunkirk—July 15—Nevada, 61	409

	Bales
NEW ORLEANS-To Gdynia-July 10-Tatra, 283	283
To Gothenburg—July 10—Tatra, 100	100
To Antwerp—July 8—Florida, 308	308
To Havre—July 8—Florida, 711	711
To Dunkirk—July 8—Florida, 550	
To San Juan—June 30—Fairisle, 3	
To Genoa—July 14—Monfiore 2 058	2.058
To Genoa—July 14—Monfiore, 2,058	568
To Genoa—July 8—Ada A, 414	414
8AVANNAH-To Japan-July 15-Victoria City, 22	22
CHARLESTON—To Bremen—July 12—Skeldergate, 350	
To Bremerhaven—July 12—Skeldergate, 300	
To Hamburg—July 12—Skeldergate, 178	
NORFOLK—To Bremen—July 16—City of Hamburg, 648	
To Hamburg—July 16—City of Hamburg, 256	
SAN FRANCISCO—To Japan—_?_, 547	547
LOS ANGELES—To Japan—July 12—President Polk, 200	041
July 8—Hokubasan Maru, 800July 11—San Too Maru,	
800: Tatsuta Maru, 1.325	3.125
JACKSONVILLE—To Bremen—July 10—Skeldergate, 90	90
TO ASOM VILLE TO DIEMEN JULY 10 Skeldergate, 50	
Total	17.265
LVWI	The same of the

Cotton Freights—Current rates for cotton from New York, as furnished by Lambert & Barrows, Inc., are as follows, quotations being in cents per pound:

101	High Density	Stand- ard		High Density	Stand-	1	High Densi	Stand- ty ard
Liverpool	.42c.	.57c.	Trieste	d.450.	.60c.	Piraeus	.85c.	1.00
Manchester	.42c.	.57c.	Flume	d.45c.	.60c.	Salonica	.85c.	1.00
Antwerp			Barcelona			Venice	d.45c.	.60c.
Havre		.51c.	Japan			Copenhag'	n.52c.	.67c.
Rotterdam			Shanghai			Naples	d.450.	.60c.
Genoa d	.45c.	.60c.	Bombay x	.50c.	.65c.	Leghorn	d.45c.	.60c.
Oelo	.53e.	.68c.	Bremen	.37c.	.53c.	Gothenb'g	.52c.	.67c.
Stockholm	.520.	.67c.	Hamburg	,37c.	.53c.			

*Rate is open. * Only small lots. d Direct steamer.

Liverpool—By cable from Liverpool we have the following statement of the week's imports, stocks, &c., at that port:

	June 25	July 2	July 9	July 16
Forwarded	62,000	57,000	72,000	55,000
Total stocks	886,000	901.000	861,000	882,000
Of which American	352,000	341.000	326,000	313,000
Total imports	38,000	78,000	34.000	80,000
Of which American	16,000	10,000	9,000	11,00
Amount afloat	165,000	129,000	150,000	93,000
Of which American	28,000	27,000	22,000	15,000

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the past week and the daily closing prices of spot cotton have been as follows:

Spot	Saturday Monday		Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Market, 12:15 P. M.	Moderate demand.	Quiet.	Quiet.	Quiet.	Moderate demand.	Moderate demand
Mid.Upl'ds	7.06d.	7.01d.	7.00d.	7.02d.	6.984.	6.85d.
	Barely stdy 2 to 4 pts. advance.	6 to 8 pts.	Quiet but stdy., 2 to 4 pts. dec.		changed to	Barely st'y, 8 to 10 pts. decline
Market,	Quiet, 2 to 7 pts. advance.	Steady, 1 to 2 pts. decline.	Steady, 1 to 4 pts. decline.	5 to 6 pts.	Barely stdy unchanged to 2 pts.dec	1 to 9 pts.

Prices of futures at Liverpool for each day are given below:

July 10	Sat.	t. Mon.		Tues.		Wed.		Thurs.		Fri.	
July 16	Close	Noon	Close	Noon	Close	Noon	Close	Noon	Close	Noon	Close
New Contract	a.	d.	d.	4.	d.	a.	d.	a.	d.	d.	d.
July (1937)	6.89	6.84	6.87	6.83	6.86	6.85	6.81	6.81	6.79	6.68	6.67
October	6.89	6.84	6.87	6.83	6.84	6.83	6.79	6.80	6.77	6.68	6.66
December	6.87		6.85		6.81		6.76		7.64		6.65
January (1938)	6.87	6.82	6.85	6.82	6.82	6.81	6.77	6.78	6.75	6.67	6.66
March	6.88		6.87	6.83	6.83	6.82	6.78	6.79	6.76	6.69	6.67
May	6.89	6.85	6.88	6.84	6.84	6.83	6.79	6.80	6.77	6.70	6.88
July	6.89		6.87		6.83		6.78		6.77		6.88
October	6.82		6.80		6.76		6.70		6.70		6.62
January (1939)	6.78		6.76		6.72		6.66		6.66		6.58
March	6.79		6.77		6.73	!	6.67		6.67		6.59

BREADSTUFFS

Friday Night, July 16, 1937

Flour—On Tuesday following the sensational grain advance, some of the bigger Eastern bakers bought for nearby shipment. Quantities of 5,000 to 20,000 barrels are said to have been worked, chiefly in Southwestern flours, since these are at such a big discount under spring wheat flour. Millers marked their flour prices higher again. Some sellers added 5c. per barrel to their bakery patents. Advertised brands of family flour showed a further gain of 10c., with the new price going into effect this morning (Friday).

Wheat—On the 10th inst. prices closed 1c. to 1¾c. net lower. Heavy selling following the release of the official crop report indicating a bountiful domestic harvest of all grains this year, tumbled wheat prices 3c. a bushel today, but when the selling pressure had spent itself, the market staged a quiet rally of about 2c. Late buying at Winnipeg and Minneapolis lifted wheat in those markets above the previous close at times, but Chicago values got no closer than major fractions to yesterday's final prices. The rally here as well as in Northwest markets was attributed to buyers who recognized that Canada apparently had experienced its greatest crop disaster in years and also that domestic spring wheat has yet to mature with the possibility of rust damage or hot, dry weather a menace. Early selling, besides reflecting the report of the Government, was also in sympathy with weakness of foreign wheat prices and was associated with reports of heavy rains in Manitoba Province and light showers in northern Saskatchewan. The Government raised its prediction of domestic winter wheat production 15,000,000 bushels compared with a month ago, and traders said these indicated unexpected good yields in the Southwest more than offset rust damage in soft wheat States. On the 12th inst. prices closed ¼c. to 1¼c. lower. The big receipts of new domestic winter wheat and profit-taking by early buyers

were the chief factors contributing to the decline in wheat today on the Chicago Board. During the early part of the session, however, prices ruled higher; in fact, during the major portion of the session the market was strong, due to floods of pessimistic crop reports from the United States spring wheat belt and also from Canada. Word of severe damage to spring wheat on account of black rust as well as drought and excessively high temperatures, attracted no little attention. Accelerating the downturn of wheat values towards the last, was an announcement that the United States wheat visible supply total had increased 11,459,000 bushels today, against gains of 5,005,000 last week and 7,577,000 the corresponding week last year. A maximum advance of 1% a bushel in Chicago wheat values preceded the late downturn of the market. On the 13th inst. prices closed 5c. to 6c. higher. In feverish trading the Chicago wheat market today soared a maximum of 7% a bushel, and at the last held pretty close to the tops of the day. The outstanding factor responsible for the excited buying that prevailed during most of the session was the belief expressed in various quarters that America's chief competitor, Canada, is practically facing a complete loss of her exportable wheat surplus. Estimates were current that because of widespread drought and excessively high temperatures, the 1937 Canadian wheat crop has already been reduced to as low as 125,-000,000 bushels, an amount but one-third of normal. Enlarged European demand for wheat to be shipped from North America, with purchases today totaling around 2,000,000 bushels, including 500,000 from the United States, gave added impetus to the upturns. On the 14th inst. prices closed unchanged to 1½c. up. The chief factor in the market's firmness today was the increasing reports of black rust damage both to United States and Canadian spring wheat crops. One leading authority wired today that some wheat between Fargo and Jamestown, N. Dak., is damaged 60% and that rust is now acknowledged

On the 15th inst. prices closed 1½ to 2¼c. lower. Drenching rains throughout big areas of Canadian drought territory did much to bring about the sharp break in Chicago wheat prices of 2%c. a bushel. There was buying for mills and for traders who believe that eventually the wet weather in the spring wheat belt on both sides of the Canadian border will increase black rust damage. This buying failer to bring about more than a temporary rally. At some places in Canada more than 4 inches of rain were received, and it was authoritatively stated that the effect of the downpour where the Canadian crops had not been destroyed outright by drought and heat would be to add two bushels of grain to every acre, notably parts of Alberta Province. The Liverpool and Winnipeg markets also showed substantial losses showing declines of 2 to 4½c

showed substantial losses, showing declines of 2 to 4½c.

Today prices closed 2¼ to 3½c. up. More than 5c. a bushel jumps of wheat prices today followed official announcement that Canada will have little wheat for export from this year's crop. In addition to wholesale drought to Canadian wheat, reports at hand told of alarming spread of black rust both sides of the Canadian border. In Chicago assertions were current that wheat commercially is now worth \$1.50 a bushel, and would be selling there if low-grade arrivals were not choking consumer channels. Open interest in wheat was 95,699,000 bushels.

Corn—On the 10th inst. prices closed \(^3\)\(\)e. off to \(^3\)\(\)e. up. In the early session corn declined with wheat, but later developed firmness, with July supported by figures showing farm reserves at the lowest level in years. On the 12th inst. prices closed 2\(^3\)\(\)e. to 2\(^3\)\(\)e. net lower. Corn led all the other grains in losses sustained. On reports of rains over parts of the corn belt selling developed, particularly in the December delivery, which had been gaining so strongly of late. Sentiment appears to be increasingly bearish on crop prospects. On the 13th inst. prices closed unchanged to 2\(^3\)\(\)e. higher. The sensational rise in wheat could hardly help affecting the other grains, and corn responded fairly well. On the 14th inst. prices closed \(^3\)\(\)e. to 1\(^1\)\(^2\)e. off. This grain was under considerable selling pressure on account of favorable weather for the new domestic corn crop.

On the 15th inst. prices closed ½c. off to ¾c. up. The corn market held up well in face of the sharp declines in wheat. This relative firmness of corn was attributed to

the small stocks of old corn and scarcity of offerings, which made for considerable strength in the July delivery. Today prices closed ¾ to 1%c. higher. This was largely a sympathetic movement with wheat. Open interest in corn was 38,882,000 bushels.

Oats—On the 10th inst. prices closed unchanged to 15%c. down. July's weakness was the outstanding feature, and was attributed to larger offerings of the spot delivery, influenced apparently by the recent bearish Government report. On the 12th inst. prices closed 1 to 5%c. net lower. Influenced by the marked declines in wheat and corn, especially the latter, oats appeared to have no other alternative than to follow the downward trend, and closed substantially lower. On the 13th inst. prices closed 5% to 2c. up. This was largely in sympathy with the strong upward movement of wheat and rye. On the 14th inst. prices closed 3%c. off to 1%c. up. Nothing happened worthy of comment in this market.

On the 15th inst. prices closed unchanged to %c. lower. There was little of interest in this market. Today prices closed % to %c. higher. This market appeared to derive its strength from the upward movement in wheat and corn.

| Test Strength from the upward movement in wheat and corn. DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF OATS IN NEW YORK | Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. | Section | Section

Rye—On the 10th inst. prices closed ½c. up to 2c. down. The strong option of course was the July delivery, which reflected scarcity of offerings, and the distant months were the weak sisters, which reflected the bearish character of the Government report on rye. On the 12th inst. prices closed 1¾ to ¾c. lower. This grain also followed the downward turn of wheat and corn. On the 13th inst. prices closed 4¾ to 5c. higher. In spite of the excellent prospects for the new rye crop, the sensational rise in wheat had a higher stimulating effect on the rye market. Much short covering developed in the upward movement of rye. On the 14th inst. prices closed 1c. down to ¾c. up. The first car of this season's new rye arrived at Chicago today, graded No. 1, and sold at \$1.05.

On the 15th inst. prices closed 15% to 2½c. down. Increased hedging pressure from the Northwest formed an outstanding feature of the rye market. Today prices closed 5 points up in the July delivery and 2% to 2¾c. up for the rest of the list. This was a strong response to the bullish developments in wheat.

| DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF RYE FUTURES IN CHICAGO | Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. | 91½ 90½ 95½ 95½ 93¼ 98½ | September | 86 85½ 89% 88% 87 89% | September | 88% 88 92% 91½ 89½ 92 | Season's High and When Made | Season's Low and When Made | Season's Low and When Made | Season's Low and When Made | Oct. 3. 1936 | September | 103½ Dec. 29, 1936 | September | 73½ June 14, 1937 | DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF RYE FUTURES IN WINNIPEG | Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. | Tuly | 143¼ 145½ 150½ 151 148½ 151½ | October | 97½ 97½ 102½ 98% 101½ | October | 97½ 97½ 102½ 102% 98% 101½ | Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. | July | Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. | July | Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. | July | Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. | July | Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. | July | Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. | July | Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. | July | Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed. Thurs. Fri. | Sat. Mon. Tues. Wed.

Closing quotations were as follows:
FLOUR
Spring oats, high protein8.05@8.35 Rye flour patents5.55@ 6.65 Spring patents
GRAIN

maru winter clears 0.95@6.20	rancy pearl, Nos.2,4&7 6.90@7.20
GRA	AIN
Wheat, New York— No. 2 red, c.i.f., domestic143 Manitoba No. 1, f.o.b. N.Y160 % Corn, New York—	Oats, New York— No. 2 white————————————————————————————————————
Corn, New York— No. 2 yellow, all rail1441/4	47½ lbs. malting93½ Chicage, cash71@91

All the statements below regarding the movement of grain—receipts, exports, visible supply, &c.—are prepared by us from figures collected by the New York Produce Exchange. First we give the receipts at Western lake and river ports for the week ended last Saturday and since Aug. 1 for each of the last three years:

Receipts at-	Flour	Wheat	Corn	Oats	Rye	Barley
	bbls 196 lbs	bush 60 lbs	bush 56 lbs	bush 32 lbs	bush 56 lbs	bush 48 lbs
Chicago	139,000	1,365,000	1,606,000	128,000	10,000	
Minneapolis		686,000	25,000	107,000	20,000	
Duluth		83,000				14,000
Milwaukee	12,000			7,000	1,000	16,000
Toledo		173,000				1,000
Detroit						
Indianapolis		258,000	53,000	20,000		
St. Louis	80,000		75,000	36,000	2,000	57,000
Peoria	34,000			28,000		34,000
Kansas City	19,000		91,000	48,000		
Omaha	10,000	2,300,000		7,000		
St. Joseph		1,302,000	6,000	18,000		
Wichita		3,675,000	1,000	2,000		
Sloux City		58,000	5,000	2,000		2,000
Buffalo		730,000	287,000	72,000		
				100.000	44.000	692,000
Total wk., '37	284,000		2,390,000	489,000	44,000	
Same wk., '36	419,000	28,535,000	4,779,000	1,712,000	544,000	1,147,000
Same wk., '35	371,000	5,583,000	1,302,000	410,000	68,000	300,000
Since Aug. 1—						
	10 440 000	254,115,000	156 872 000	77,274,000	17.592.000	81,543,000
1935	18 305 000	359,610,000	199 649 000	132.483.000	26,109,000	95,149,000
1934	15,000,000	200.639.000	155,015,000	49,249,000	14 976 000	50 648 000

Total receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports for the week ended Saturday, July 10, 1937, follow:

Receipts at-	Flour	Wheat	Corn	Oats	Rye	Barley
	bbls 196 lbs	bush 60 lbs	bush 56 lbs	bush 32 lbs		bush 48 lbs
New York	101,000		397,000	6,000		
Philadelphia	22,000	15,000	152,000	8,000		
Baltimore	10,000	58,000	164,000	2,000	13,000	
New Orleans*	22,000		450,000	9,000		
Galveston		199,000				111111
Montreal	57,000	663,000		103,000	17,000	37,000
Boston	10,000			4,000		
Halifax	3,000					
Total wk., '37	225,000	935,000	1.163,000	132,000	30,000	37,000
Since Jan.1, 37			21,500,000	2,647,000		695,000
Week 1936.	295,000	3,162,000	44,000	202,000	56,000	153,000
Since Jan.1.'36			2,296,000	3,546,000		2,703,000

* Receipts do not include grain passing through New Orleans for foreign ports on through bills of lading.

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports Saturday, July 10, were as follows:

	GRA	IN STOCK	KS .		
United States-	Wheat Bushels	Corn Bushels	Oats Bushels	Rye Bushels	Barley Bushels
Boston		254,000			
New York *	49,000	429,000	59,000		
Philadelphia_a	35,000	543,000	14,000	83,000	2,000
Baltimore_b		324,000	37,000	38,000	1,000
New Orleans	13,000	676,000	12,000		
Galveston	701,000	0.01000			
Fort Worth	6,223,000	86,000	67,000		6,000
Wichita.	2,255,000	00,000	01,000		
Hutchinson	5,105,000				
St. Joseph		53,000	29,000		3.000
Vancos Cita		178,000	6,000	20,000	31,000
Kansas City	5,180,000		34,000	20,000	1,000
Omaha	1,143,000	147,000	13,000		5,000
Sloux City	37,000	4,000		1,000	20,000
St. Louis	387,000	45,000	10,000	1,000	20,000
Indianapolis	38,000	529,000	15,000	24 000	
Peoria		29,000		24,000	596,000
Chicago_c	1,222,000	2,124,000	346,000	898,000	590,000
On Lakes	248,000				000.000
Milwaukee	400,000	11,000	9,000	1,000	322,000
Minneapolis	1.710,000	92,000	135,000	123,000	1,179,000
Duluth_d	543,000	22,000		87,000	355,000
Detroit	127,000	2,000	3,000	2,000	130,000
Buffalo_e	1,141,000	428,000	334,000	11,000	433,000
" afloat	80,000	220,000	001,000		
On Canal			91,000		
Total July 10, 1937	27.660.000	5,976,000	1,214,000	1,288,000	3,084,000
Total July 3, 19371		5,522,000	1,759,000	1,350,000	3,290,000

Total July 3, 1937...16,212,000 5,322,000 1,78,000 6,382,000 7,793,000

* New York also has 36,000 bushels Argentine corn in bond. a Philadelphia also has 59,000 bushels Argentine corn in bond. b Baltimore also has 17,000 bushels Argentine corn in bond. c Chicago also has 65,000 bushels Argentine corn in bond. d Duluth includes 4,000 bushels feed wheat. e Buffalo also has 13,000 bushels Argentine corn in bond.

Note—Bonded grain not included above: Oats—On Lakes, 25,000 bushels; total, 25,000 bushels, against none in 1936. Barley—Duluth, 299,000 bushels; Buffalo, 280,000; on Lakes, 56,000; total, 635,000 bushels, against 153,000 in 1936. Wheat—New York, 2,403,000 bushels; Albany, 1,005,000; Buffalo, 930,000; Duluth, 555,000; Chicago, 7,000; on Lakes, 646,000; on Canal, 107,000; total, 5,653,000 bushels, against 18,513,000 bushels in 1936.

Canadian— Wheat Buehsls	Corn Bushels	Oats Bushels	Rye Bushels	Barley Bushels
Lake, bay, river and sea- board 9,844,000 Ft. William & Pt. Arthur 7,069,000		575,000 341,000	9,000 86,000	421,000 1,527,000
Other Canadian and other elevator stocks18,037,000		2,588,000	146,000	1,465,000
Total July 10, 193734,950,000 Total July 3, 193736,551,000			241,000 284,000	3,413,000 3,943,000
Total July 11, 193670,681,000 Summary—		3,065,000	2,046,000	2,201,000
American 27,660,000 Canadian 34,950,000		1,214,000 3,504,000	1,288,000 241,000	3,084,000 3,413,000
Total July 10, 193762,610,000 Total July 3, 193742,763,000			1,529,000 1,634,000	6,497,000 7,233,000
Total July 11, 1936 92,896,000			8,428,000	9,994,000

The world's shipment of wheat and corn, as furnished by Broomhall to the New York Produce Exchange, for the week ended July 9, and since July 1, 1937, and July 1, 1936, are shown in the following:

		Wheat		Corn			
Exports	Week July 9 1937	Since July 1 1937	Since July 1 1936	Week July 9 1937	Since July 1 1937	Since July 1 1936	
North Amer	Bushels 1,259,000	Bushels 4,860,000	Bushels 8,982,000	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels 1,000	
Black Sea	808,000			425,000	1,573,000	1,140,000	
Argentina	1,411,000	2,498,000	1,780,000	8,087,000	14,123,000	8,814,000	
Australia	2,050,000	4,217,000	1,398,000				
India	1,008,000	1,824,000	32,000				
Oth. countr s	328,000	736,000	1,032,000	881,000	1,791,000	434,000	
Total	6,864,000	15,743,000	13,488,000	9,393,000	17,487,000	10,389,000	

The exports from the several seaboard ports for the week ended Saturday, July 10, 1937, are shown in the annexed statement:

Exports from-	Wheat	Corn	Flour	Oats	Rye	Barley
	Bushels	Bushels	Barrels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels
New York	35,000		31,479			
New Orleans			3,000			
Montreal	663,000		57,000	103,000	17,000	37,000
Halifax			3,000			
Total week, 1937	698,000		94,479	103,000	17,000	37,000
Same week, 1936	2,896,000	1,000	129,250	138,000	13,000	151,000

The destination of these exports for the week and since July 1, 1937, is as below:

Paranta for Week	Flour		Wh	eat	Corn		
Exports for Week and Since July 1 to—	Week July 10 1937	Since July 1 1937	Week July 10 1937	Since July 1 1937	Week July 10 1937	Since July 1 1937	
	Barrels	Barrels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	
United Kingdom.	54,270	95,010	528,000	2,417,000			
Continent	4,494	30,394	163,000	1,298,000			
So. & Cent. Amer.	11,500	23,000	6,000	9,000		9,000	
West Indies	21,500	40,000	1,000	2,000			
Brit. No. Am. Col.			F				
Other countries	2,715	2,715					
Total 1937	94.479	191,119	698,000	3.726.000		9,000	
Total 1936	129.250	263,295	2.896,000	5.561,000	1,000	1,000	

Agricultural Department's Official Report on Cereals, &c.—The Crop Reporting Board of the United States Department of Agriculture made public late Friday afternoon, July 9, its forecasts and estimates of the grain crops of the United States as of July 1, based on reports and data furnished by crop correspondents, field statisticians and co-operating State Boards (or Departments) of Agriculture.

United States as of July 1, based on reports and unser unished by crop correspondents, field statisticians and cooperating State Boards (or Departments) of Agriculture. We give below the report:

Crops are off to about an average start according to the July estimates of the Crop Reporting Board of the United States Department of Agriculture. About the usual acreage of crops is expected to be harvested and country except portions of the Great Plains area, where rain is urgently needed. Unless present forecasts are upset by unusual weather conditions during the remainder of the growing season, the production of the principal crops will be much greater than in the recent drought years, the 1928-32 period preceding. On the whole, the production of most crops may now be expected to meet prospective needs, so far as needs can be calculated when allowance has to be made for population growth, increasing industrial requirements, changing export outlets, reduced numbers corn cribs and haymows.

With winter wheat being harvested and spring wheat production still very uncertain because of the threat of serious loss from rust, the total wheat crop is estimated at 882 200,000 bushels. This would be the largest wheat crop is estimated at 882 200,000 bushels. This would be the largest wheat feeding livestock until new corn can be harvested.

The corn crop is urgently in need of rain in the Great Plains area, has been hurt by dry weather in parts of the South and was planted late in some northern areas, but it is growing well in the central and eastern portions of 1928 but less than the average production during the 10 previous years. A corn crop of the size now estimated, plus the about-average crops of oats, barley and grain sorgatums expected, the low record carry-over of feed 1928 but less than the average production during the 10 previous years. A corn crop of the size now estimated, plus the about-average crop of oats barley and grain sorgatums expected, the low record carry-over of feed 1928 but less shan the average pr

1928-32 average.

High feed costs this season have led to sharp culling of hens and to an abnormally small hatching of chicks, but the hens were laying unusually well on July 1 and daily egg production in the United States was about 2% heavier than at the same season last year.

Milk production on July 1 represented about the usual per capita supply for that season but was around 3% higher than on the same date last year when drought and hot weather were reducing the milk flow. Excellent pastures have maintained milk production in important dairy sections and good prices for dairy products have encouraged early weaning of calves in areas where many cows of beef and dual purpose type are milked.

Wheat—A total United States wheat production in 1937 of 882 287 000

Wheat—A total United States wheat production in 1937 of 882,287,000 bushels is indicated by condition on July 1. Production of wheat in 1936 was estimated at 626,461,000 bushels and the five-year (1928-32) average was 864,532,000 bushels.

Indicated production of winter wheat is 663.641,000 bushels, compared with 519,013,000 bushels produced in 1936 and the five-year average production of 623,220,000 bushels. The present indication is somewhat higher than that of a month ago. Preliminary threshing returns indicate that yields are turning out somewhat better than expected quite generally, except in the area extending from Nebraska and Kansas to Ohio, where prospects were reduced by rust. Stem rust was first observed in eastern Kansas and Nebraska early in June and spread eastward as far as Ohio, causing varying degrees of damage in all these States. In most of the hard red winter wheat area, rains late in May and early June brought about substantial improvement in prospects, but the improvement was not sustained except in early harvesting areas.

The acreage of winter wheat harvested or to be harvested is now estimated at 47,079,000 acres, compared with 37,608,000 acres harvested in 1936 and the five-year (1928-32) average of 39,724,000 acres.

Indicated production of all spring wheat is 218,646,000 bushels, a sharp increase over the 107,448,000 bushels produced in 1936 but well below the five-year (1928-32) average of 241,312,000 bushels. In the western part of the principal spring wheat area, growing conditions were decidedly unfavorable early in the season. While considerable improvement was brought about by June rains, this area is still deficient in moisture supplies. Prospective yields are below average quite generally except in the Pacific Northwest.

In the Dakotas, Nebraska and western Minnesota, a light but widespread infection of stem rust is a threatening factor. Visible damage to the crop has been slight, but if weather conditions should be favorable for rust development, serious losses would result. In interpreting the July condition figures, the Board has ma, e allowance for probable losses from rust, as indicated by a study of the relation between July condition and final outturn in other years when growing conditions and the prese

velop. On the other hand, losses might be greater than are autopresent.

Since July 1, above normal temperatures with only small amounts of precipitation have been unfavorable to rust development, but have also caused fear of heat damage, especially in the drier areas.

The acreage of spring wheat for harvest this year, 21,119,000 acres, is nearly twice as great as the 11,212,000 acres harvested last year and is above the five-year (192s-32) average of 20,414,000.

This acreage makes allowance for abandonment indicated on July 1. The indicated seeded acreage is about 23,500,000 acres compared with 23,912,000 acres seeded in 1936 and the five-year average seeded acreage of 22,121,000 acres.

Stocks of old wheat on farms on July 1, 1937, were estimated at only 21,880,000 bushels compared with 43,988,000 bushels on July 1, 1936, and 44,339,000 bushels on July 1, 1935, following the short crop of 1934.

WINTER WHEAT

Otata.	Acr	eage		dition ly 1		Production	1500 1
State	1936	1937	Avge. '23-'32	1937	Атетаде 1928-32	1936	Indicated 1937
	Thou.	Acres	Per	Cent	Thou	sand Bus	hels
New York	275	344	80	88	4,273	5.638	7,912
New Jersey	61	64	87	88	1,153	1,281	1,472
Pennsylvania	1.021	1.052	83	90	17, 156		22,092
Ohio	2,169	2,429	77	86	31,385		
Indiana	1.767	2,162	77	85	26,458		36,754
Illinois	2,048	2,621	72	84	30,674	35,840	
Michigan	803	1.009	80	87	15,684	16,462	23,207
Wisconsin	26	68	82	87	605	429	1,292
Minneapolis	170	306	81	87	3,309		6,579
lowa	400	848	83	86	6,698	8,800	16,960
Missouri	2,086	3,192	74	60	20,343	31,290	38,304
South Dakota	113	85	69	70	1,699	881	1,148
Nebraska	2,938	3,261	74	71	54,169	45,539	42,393
Kansas	10,452	13,170	70	61	177,054	120,198	138,285
Delaware	86	86	88	86	1,781	1,419	1.591
Maryland	449	480	85	85	8,630	8,980	9,120
Virginia	629	660	83	86	9.260	7.862	9,900
West Virginia	150	156	79	88	1.747	2,025	2,574
North Carolina	530	519	a10.7	a12.0	3.790	5.194	6,228
South Carolina	184	156	a10.3	a10.0	704	1,472	1,560
Georgia.	195	176	a8.9	a8.5	610	1,560	1,496
Kentucky	421	559	78	93	3,278	5.894	9,503
Tennessee	454	522	78	83	3,174	4,858	6,786
Alabama	6	6	a10.7	a11.0	36	54	66
Arkansas	70	100	a10.2	a10.5	304	595	1.050
Okiahoma	3,440	4,449	a12.5	a14.0	55,145	27,520	62,286
Texas	2,458	3,933	a12.2	a10.6	41,410	18,927	41,690
Montana	447	628	69	50	8,998	3,800	6,594
Idaho	604	676	84	82	13,682	10,872	13,858
Wyoming	57	108	80	62	1.608	513	1,296
Colorado	455	826	68	68	13,051	5,915	10,325
New Mexico	125	246	56	72	3,766	750	2,952
	48	46	90	92	518	1.104	1,058
Arizona	172	188	84	82	3,496		
Utah						2,236	3,102
Nevada	779	711	92 78	100	70	17 599	17 490
Washington		436		83	28,543	17,528	17,420
Oregon	660 858	798	82 78	76	17,610	13,200	8,502
California	808	198	18	81	11,046	16,731	15,162
United States	37,608	47.079	b74.5	b71.0	623,220	519.013	663,641

a Yield per acre. b Allowance made for condition at harvest in Southern States.

ALL WHEAT STOCKS

State	Stocks of	m Farms	July 1	State	Stocks on Farms, July 1			
Sittle	Average 1928-32			State	Average 1928-32		1937	
	Thous	and Bus	hels		Thusa	nd Bush	els	
Maine	7	20		South Carolina.	25	105	29	
New York	645	839	345	Georgia	28	47	94	
New Jersey	101	107	38	Kentucky	111	222	59	
Pennsylvania	1,354	2,104	1,177	Tennessee	143	400	194	
Ohio	2.987	3,751	1,611	Alabama	2	2	2	
Indiana	1,653	1,920	931	Arkansas	9	46	6	
Illinois	1,243	902	1,093	Oklahoma	2,045		826	
Michigan	1,847	2,866	1,336	Texas	1,103	229	95	
Wisconsin	314		176	Montana	3,261		1,499	
Minneapolis	2,179	2,361	1,498	Idaho	1,615	1,195	1,055	
Iowa	606	442	566	Wyoming	341	291	128	
Missouri	1,419				1,031	555	428	
North Dakota.	5,797	6,566		New Mexico	301	0	26	
South Dakota	2,910	4,077	943		14		0	
Nebraska	4,048	3,094	1,894	Utah	395		269	
Kansas	10,236	3,203	1,203	Nevada	13	34	15	
Delaware	52	32	21	Washington	1,401	901	462	
Maryland	285	263	180	Oregon	574	465	610	
Virginia	672	450	236	California	99	73	0	
West Virginia	226	238	192					
North Carolina.	217	441	260	United States	51,309	43,988	21,880	

WHEAT (PRODUCTION BY CLASSES) FOR THE UNITED STATES

*****	Wi	nter	Spr	ing	White (Winter&	Total	
Year	Hard Red Soft Red		Hard Red Durum a		Spring)	10848	
Average	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	Bushels	
1928-32 1936	392,656,000 259,667,000		153,636,000 52,252,000				

a Includes durum wheat in States for which estimates are not shown separately. Indicated July 1, 1937.

DURUM WHEAT

State	Acre	eage	Cond Jul	ition y 1	Production			
	1936 1937		Avge. '23-'32	1937	Average 1928-32	1936	8 Indicated	
Minnesota North Dakota South Dakota	Thou. 108 1,261 175	Acres 97 2,093 651	Per 82 76 75	Cent 88 78 75	Thou 2,912 38,167 12,607		1,406 21,976 6,184	
Three States	1,544	2,841	76.9	77.8	53,687	8,175	29,566	

SPRING WHEAT (OTHER THAN DURUM)

State	Acre	sage	Cond Jul		12	Production	
Sitte	1936	1937	Avge. '23-'32	1937	Average 1928-32	1936	Indicated 1937
Maine. New York. Pennsylvania Ohio Indiana Illinois. Miohigan Wisconsin. Minnesota Iowa Missouri	7 7 12 8 8 8 34 20 1,543 40 9	4 77 13 9 9 35 19 61 1,744 24	90 81 84 80 76 80 81 86 878 84	96 80 83 74 97 84 79 88 90 87	55 174 203 279 274 2,509 264 1,269 14,875 762	119 105 216 152 120 595 240 1,040 14,658 640	234 171 153 525 323 1,068
North Dakota South Dakota Nebraska Kansas Kansas Montana Idaho Wyoming Colorado New Mexico Utah Nevada Washington Oregon	2,438 552 400 12 1,792 426 62 398 21 83 11 1,365 340	6,997 2,699 512 10 2,956 456 145 414 23 85 11 1,474 564	a72 a69 80 65 a71 86 86 77 78 88 88 71 81	64 72 52 33 48 88 84 70 77 86 94 87	64,672 22,696 2,350 36,162 13,546 2,024 4,204 4,204 2,196 311 14,255 3,601	12,678 2,705 1,800 9,826 10,224 651 4,776 273 2,241	52,478 22,942 3,584 60 20,692 11,400 1,740 5,589 2,295 2,295 286 29,480
United States	9,668	18,278	a73.6	70.6	187,625	99,273	189,080

a Short-time average.

a Short-time average.

Corn—The acreage of corn for harvest is reported at 96,146,000 acres, an increase of 3.6% over the 92,829,000 acres harvested in 1936. The 1935 acreage was 95,804,000 and the five-year (1928-32) average 103,419,000 acres, General increases in the acreage for harvest, ranging from moderate in the important North Central States to large in the upper Great Plains States, much more than offset the decreased acreage in the Southern States and Missouri. Short feed supplies, high prices and a fair to good planting season were the main factors influencing an increase in the acreage for harvest this season. The total acreage planted to corn was about 4% less than that of a year ago, but in 1936 drought, heat and insect damage resulted in drastic reductions in the acreage remaining for harvest in some areas.

The indicated production of corn is estimated at 2,571,851,000 bushels, compared with 1,529,327,000 bushels in 1936 and the five-year (1928-32) average of 2,554,772,000 bushels. July 1 condition of corn at 82.1% is above the 10-year (1923-32) average condition of 79.5% and compares with 72.8% a year ago. The indicated yield per acre is 26.7 bushels compared with the final yield of 16.5 bushels in 1936 and the 10-year (1923-32) average of 25.4 bushels.

The July 1 corn prospect is the most favorable since 1932, except in the western Great Plains States, where conditions vary from average to sharply below average because of drought and insects. Stands are good and condition is above average in the leading corn States, we field conditions in many States resulted in a rather late start, but later planting conditions were satisfactory, permitting the completion of planting only moderately later than usual.

Stocks of old corn on farms July 1, 1937 are the lowest on record and estimated to be 156,113,000 bushels, or 12.4% of 1936 corn for grain production. This compares with 394,794,000 bushels on farms a year ago and the five-year (1928-32) average of 374,078,000 bushels for July 1.

	Acr	eage	Cond Jul			Production	electric services
State	1936	1937	Avge. '23-'32	1937	Average 1928-32	1936	Indicated 1937
design the later of the later o	Thou.	Acres	Per	Cent	Thou	sand Bus	hels
Maine	12	11	80	76	508	468	418
New Hampshire		15	81	82	551	656	615
Vermont	76	74	79	77	2,604	2,964	2,886
Massachusetts	39	40	80	84	1,621	1,638	1,680
Rhode Island	9	9	83	87	341	342	369
Connecticut	51	51	82	86	2,024	1,938	2,040
New York New Jersey	640 202	678	76	76	20,033	19,840	22,374
	1,315	206 1,341	82 79	90 87	6,755	7,373	8,240
Pennsylvania Ohio	3,685	3,906	78	78	45,487 129,257	54,572 121,605	60,345
Indiana	4,526	4,662	76	83	155,968	115,413	140,616
Illinois	9,266	9.451	78	87	336,738	217,751	172,494 363,864
Michigan	1,500	1,620	76	77	39,171	36,750	50,220
Wisconsin	2,204	2,402	81	85	69,926	44,080	79,266
Minnesota	4,649	4,788	81	80	143,136	88,331	158,004
Iowa	10,612	11,036	85	88	438,792	212,240	452,476
Missouri	5,004	4,604	78	83	146,489	40,032	126,610
North Dakota	744	1.079	73	63	18,522	2,530	17,264
South Dakota	2,484	3,155	81	73	78,447	8,446	50,480
Nebraska	7,674	8,748	84	81	223,843	26,859	196,830
Kansas	2,759	3,228	78	76	126,756	11,036	53,262
Delaware	142	146	84	88	3,680	4,118	4,234
Maryland	511	516	80	88	14,431	18,396	18,576
Virginia	1,396	1,494	80	90	30,388	30,014	36,603
West Virginia	503	528	78	87	11,054	11,569	15,048
North Carolina	2,350 1,630	2,326	82	84	38,415	43,475	44,194
South Carolina		1,614	74	76	20,240	23,635	23,403
Georgia	4,203	4,119	75	76	36,288	33,624	45,309
Florida	781	820	80	76	6,506	7,029	8,200
Kentucky	3,027	3,057	80	85	60,301	54,486	73,368
Tennessee	2,858	2,858	78	80	58,519	57,160	62,876
Alabama	3,293 2,729	3,161 2,593	75 74	75 78	35,533	41,162	41,093
Mississippi	2,139	2,032	72	81	32,192	39,570	41,488
ArkansasLouisiana	1.481	1,392	73	79	31,540 18,756	26,738	40,640
Okiahoma	1.811	1.702	77	80	51,842	20,734 11,772	21,576 32,338
Texas	4,595	4,503	72	68	81,922	68,925	72,048
Montana	72	136	72	59	1,401	540	1,224
Idaho	29	32	84	83	1,322	957	1.088
Wyoming	164	271	80	78	2,341	984	2,981
Colorado	1.241	1,291	81	75	20,847	11,169	15,492
New Mexico	190	230	81	77	3,528	2,185	3,220
Arizona	35	35	87	83	474	490	630
Utah	21	22	86	87	465	525	550
Nevada	2	2	90	92	51	52	52
Washington	31	32	84	83	1,246	1.054	1.152
Oregon	63	70	86	82	1,902	1,922	2,135
California	65	60	86	86	2,620	2,178	1,980
United States	92,829	96.146	79.5	99 1	2,554,772	1 590 397	9 571 951

Oats—The production of oats in 1937 is indicated at 1,111,229,000 bushels, which is about 41% more than the 1936 crop of 789,100,000 bushels. The crop as indicated by the July 1 condition of 83.8% is, with ex-

ception of 1935, the largest since 1932. The five-year (1928-32) average production was 1,215,102,000 bushels. The 35,933,000 acres reported for harvest as grain this year is 8.2% greater than the 33,213,000 acres harvested in 1936 but is 4,082,000 acres less than the five-year (1928-32)

vested in 1936 but is 4,082,000 acres less than the five-year (1928-32) average acreage.

The increase in this year's indicated acregae for harvest over that harvested last year is due in large part to the heavy loss of acreage because of drought in 1936. Abandonment last year was above average in the Great Plains States and particularly severe in the Dakotas. The reported acreage for harvest this year makes allowance for the abandonment indicated by July 1 condition. The acreage seeded this year was about 36,400,000 acres compared with 39,625,000 acres seeded in 1936.

The indicated yield of 30.9 bushels per harvested acre for 1937 is much above the 1936 yield and compares with the 10-year (1923-32) average of 30.2 bushels per acre. Growth of the crop in the North Central States, east of the Missouri River, has been unusually good and excellent yields are in prospect. Yields considerably above average were obtained in the Southern States with the exception of Oklahoma and Texas. The only area where prospective yields are below average is that extending from Montana and North Dakota southward through Texas.

Farm stocks of oats on July 1, 1937 were estimated at 88,474,000 bushels, which compares with 287,745,000 bushels estimated on April 1, 1937, and 246,952,000 bushels on July 1, 1936. The five-year (1928-32) average farm stocks on July 1 is 148,516,000 bushels.

OATS

Class.	Acre	eage	Cond Jul			Production	
State	1936	1937	Avge. '23-'32	1937	Average 1928-32	1936	Indicated 1937
	Thou.	Acres	Per	Cent	Thou	sand Bus	
Maine	118	114	89	92	4,346	4,130	4,446
New Hampshire	9	9	89	88	267	342	342
Vermont	64	63	88	83	1,853	2,048	1,953
Massachusetts	5	6	87	92	149	170	204
Rhode Island	2	2	87	87	63	64	64
Connecticut	836	6	87	90 76	216	162	186
New York	49	769 49	83	87	25,637	18,392 1,568	19,994
New Jersey Pennsylvania	906	915	83	84	1,181 27,585	24,009	1,470 27,450
Ohio	1,210	1.234	77	82	60,392	40,535	44,424
Indiana	1.426	1,469	76	85	63,810		49,212
Illinois	3,495	3,530	77	91	152,009	99,608	135,905
Michigan	1,262	1,224	79	83	43,854	32,181	40,392
Wisconsin	2,480	2,480	87	89	85,527	59,520	86,800
Minneapolis	4,016	4.257	83	90	148,841	94,376	157,509
Iowa	5,490	5,600	85	94	218,730	161,955	212,800
Missouri	1,676	1.508	76	84	39,595	29,330	34.684
North Dakota	430	1.720	77	72	38,397	4,730	32,680
South Dakota	908	1,743	76	79	59,033	12,712	49,676
Nebraska	1,658	1,973	81	67	68,421	19,067	43,406
Kansas	1,694	1,525	74	69	34,515	32,186	32,025
Delaware	2	3	80	85	97	61	90
Maryland	39	35	80	79	1,560	1,131	980
Virginia	78	86	78	85	2,837	1,287	1,720
West Virginia	67	67	79	83	2,883	1,206	1,407
North Carolina	245	233	a17.6	a20.0		3,430	4,660
South Carolina	458	453	a21.5	a22.0	8,076	8,473	9,966
Georgia	386	405	a18.2	a19.5	5,741	6,948	7,898
Florida	8	9	a14.1	a14.5	116	128	130
Kentucky	78	101	77	84	2,992	1,053	1,818
Tennessee	84	84	75	79	1,871	924	1,428
Alabama	110 50	126 51	a17.4 a19.8	a21.0	1,919	1,870	2,646
Mississippi	150	150	a18.5	a28.0 a20.0	837 2,358	1,300	1,428
Arkansas	40	56	a22.4	a31.0	481	3,075 1,120	3,000 1,736
Louisiana	1.270	1,397	a20.8	a20.5	25,434	20,320	28,638
Oklahoma	1,219	1,195	a26.1	a24.0	39,032	22,552	28,680
Texas Montana	136	245	78	62	7,214	2,244	4,900
Idaho	131	126	87	88	4,820	4,716	4,410
Wyoming	67	110	87	86	3,302	1,474	2,640
Colorado	152	157	80	81	5,043	4,256	4,396
New Mexico	20	24	75	82	667	400	564
Arizona	10	9	89	99	304	300	288
Utah	30	27	89	90	1,648	1,080	1.012
Nevada	2	2	89	86	91	76	70
Washington	167	155	83	88	7,513	8,517	7,750
Oregon	338	321	86	87	7,878	11,492	10,272
California	136	110	80	78	2,394	4,080	3,080
United States	33,213	35,933	b79.9	b83.8	1,215,102	789,100	1.111.229

a Yield per acre. b Allowance made for condition at harvest in Southern States. Barley—The production of barley in 1937 is indicated at 243,540,000 bushels, which compares with 147,452,000 bushels produced in 1936 and the five-year (1928-32) average production of 281,237,000 bushels. The condition on July 1 was 79.3% of normal, indicating a yield of 21.8 bushels per harvested acre as compared with 17.7 bushels in 1936. The 10-year (1923-32) average yield per acre of barley is 22.6 bushels. Indicated yields are slightly below average in most of the North Central and Western States, where sub-normal conditions prevail as a result of continued drought.

The 11,166,000 acres of barley to be harvested as grain is about 34% more than the 8,322,000 acres harvested in 1936 but 12% below the five-

	Acre	sage	Cond			Production	
State	1936	1937	Aege. '23-'32	1937	Average 1928-32	1936	Indicated 1937
	Thou.	Acres	Per	Cent			hels
Maine	5	4	89	94	94	140	120
Vermont	5	151	86 83	79 79	100		130
New York	151	101	84	85	4,521 28	2,718	3,700
New Jersey Pennsylvania	63	62	84	88	1.173	1.764	1.612
Ohio	20	35	80	82	3.548	520	928
Indiana	20	26	79	83	1,027	380	598
Illinois	100	125	84	88	11,707	2,700	3.375
Michigan	179	199	80	83	6,288	3.580	5,174
Wisconsin	873	838	88	89	22,178	17,896	25.140
Minneapolis	2,040	2,040	83	89	49,615	31,620	54,060
Iowa	392	431	87	93	17,882	7,056	12,068
Missouri	80	140	78	75	270	1,360	2,590
North Dakota	476	1,761	77	71	39,055	4,522	24,654
South Dakota	839	1,728	77	78	35,277	8,977	33,696
Nebraska	552	773	81	63	15,386	5,520	11,595
Kansas	364	459	68	44	9,772	4,004	4,820
Maryland	40	38	84	88 89	510	1,000	1,216
Virginia	45	49	82 83	84	562 876	900	1,274
West Virginia	5 9	7	b18.1	b19.0	361	112 153	100 133
North Carolina Kentucky	22	35	77	89	177	440	875
Tennessee	27	35	78	84	315	432	648
Oklahoma	78	117	b15.6	b16.0	1.389	780	1.872
Texas	89	125	b17.8	b16.5	3,522	1.246	2.062
Montana	57	112	80	68	3.826	798	2,016
Idaho	104	104	88	89	4,896	3,432	3,432
Wyoming	35	56	87	84	2,219	770	1,120
Colorado	360	374	79	76	9,635	6,660	7,106
New Mexico	6	7	75	82	168	126	140
Arizona	22	22	89	90	489	726	682
Utah	47	51	90	89	1,508	1,739	1,938
Nevada	7	7	88	93	233	224	1266
Washington	60	61	80	88	1,540	2,100	2,135
Oregon	99	134	86	87	2,310	2,970	3,886
California	1,050	1,050	79	78	29,594	29,925	28,350
United States	8,322	11.166	c80.0	c79.3	281,237	147,452	243,540

a Short-time average. b Yield per acre. c Allowance made for condition at arvest in Southern States.

year (1928-32) average of 12,645,000 acres. Seeded acreages were below average in nearly all North Central and Western States east of the Continental Divide where the 1936 drought was most severe and consequently seed supplies were short this spring. North Dakota is expected to harvest 1,761,000 acres and South Dakota, 1,728,000 acres, both of which are below average. The 2,040,000 acres indicated for Minnesota is slightly above average.

Rye—Rye production in 1937 is indicated at 50,398,000 bushels, or about double the light production of 25,554,000 bushels in 1936. The 1935 crop was 58,597,000 bushels and the five-year (1928-32) average is 38,212,-000 bushels.

000 bushels.

The acreage of rye for harvest as grain is indicated to be 3,960,000 acres, anilicrease of 43.6% over the 2,757,000 acres harvested in 1936,and, with the exception of 4,141,000 acres harvested in 1935, is the largest acreage since 1923. Nebraska is the only important rye State showing a decreased acreage. The increased acreage this season is widespread and especially large in the leading rye States of the Northwest. North Dakota acreage at 890,000 acres is double that of last year.

Rye condition on July 1 at 76.9% indicates a yield per acre of 12.7 bushels compared with 9.3 bushels in 1936 and the ten-year (1923-32) average of 12.0 bushels. Nearly all States report good stands where fields were not over-grazed and fair to good yields are expected rather generally.

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New Jersey Pennsylvania	Acre	sage	Cond	ittion y 1	low to 3	Production	1813
256.04.8	1936	1937	Avge. '23-'32	1937	Average 1928-32	1936	Indicated 1937
11172 1100	Thou.	Acres	Per	Cent	Thou	sand Bus	hels
New York	19	33	86	89	321	304	561
New Jersey	21	21	89	91	462	368	388
	90	86	86	86	1.671	1.260	1.290
(hio	52	42	82	85	731	702	609
	99	153	82	86	1,100		1,912
Illinois	69	114	82	87	807	862	1.539
Michigan	141	141	82	85	1,950	1.622	1.904
	210	321	84	90	2.189	2.100	4,334
	346	554	78	91	5,966	4.325	10,526
	75	150	88	91	681	1.050	2,475
	25	50	79	78	165	225	475
	445	890	65	58	11,073	2,448	9.345
	268	509	72	75	4,072	1.608	6.617
	459	381	82	69	2,667	3,442	3,429
	58	70	76	77	217	609	770
	4	5	91	89	85	46	65
Marriand	15	14	87	87	266	188	182
Virginia	38	40	84	86	654	418	460
West Virginia	9	9	83	85	151	104	104
North Carolina	60	62	a7.8	87.5	486	390	465
South Carolina	10	9	a8.6	a8.5	.69	75	76
Georgia	18	18	a6.3	85.5	99	99	99
Kentucky	18	28	80	89	202	198	364
Tennessee	27	36	78	82	159	176	288
Oklahoma	24	36	88.9	88 5	114	144	306
Texas	3	3	a11.0	214.0	34	28	42
Montana	15	39	72	49	574	90	273
Idaho	8	7	84	85	50	88	80
Wyoming	23	21	84	69	219	138	136
Colorado	29	45	78	68	438	232	360
Utah.	29	3	83	80	16	12	24
Washington	18	17	78	80			187
	50	48	84	87	162 289	189 700	642
Oregon	9	5		87	b91	126	65
CMITOTUM	9			01	D91	126	00
United States	2,757	3,960	c76.8	c76.9	38,212	25,554	50,398

a Yield per acre. b Short-time average. c Allowance made for condition as harvest in Southern States.

Potatoes—The July 1 condition of the potato crop is reported at 83.3% of normal, with an indicated production of 404,229,000 bushels. If present prospects are realized, it will be the fifth largest potato crop of record—the largest was 427,249,000 bushels harvested in 1928. Estimated production in 1936 was 329,997,000 and the five-year (1928-32) average production in 1936 was 329,997,000 and the five-year (1928-32) average production 372,115,000 bushels. The indicated potato acreage for harvest this year is 3,223,900 acres or nearly 6% more than the 1936 harvested acreage. However, it is 3% less than the average acreage harvested during the five years, 1928-32. Average yield indications on July 1 were 125.4 bushels per acre compared with 107.9 in 1936, and a 10-year (1923-32) average of 112.7 bushels.

While planting of the late crop was delayed somewhat in many Northern States on account of a wet, backward season, these weather conditions were generally ideal for the growing crop. Potato vines are generally heavy and growing vigorously in most of the important northern areas from Maine to the Pacific Coast. In the North Central States, some late planted seed has rotted in the ground because of the veavy June rains.

The indicated production on July 1 in each of the 18 surplus late States is above the 1936 production estimates. In the 30 late States, the indicated production is 328,972,000 bushels compared with 277,710,000 in the seven intermediate States is expected to be 38,419,000 bushels. Production in the seven intermediate States is expected to be 38,419,000 bushels which is approximately 12,000,000 bushels more than these States harvested last year. The harvest of the early farm and commercial crops is practically over in the 11 early States where the indicated production of 72,706,000 bushels in 1000 bushels above average production of 73,8%. This is 13%

Sweet Potatoes—A sweet potato production of 72,706,000 bushels in 1937 is indicated by the July 1 reported condition of 73.8%. This is 13% greater than the 1936 harvested production of 64,144,000 bushels, and 10% above the five-year (1928-32) average of 66,368,000 bushels. Weather conditions this season have been unusually favorable for the growth of sweet potatoes throughout most of the important producing areas. The United States indicated yield per acre of 88.0 bushels in 1937 compares with 78.0 bushels.

Sweet potato acreage in 1937 to activate the same ac

bushels. Sweet potato acreage in 1937 is estimated to be 826,000 acres. This is a slight increase over the 822,000 acres harvested in 1936, and 7% greater than the five-year (1928-32) average of 771,000 acres. Acreage decreases in Delaware, South Carolina, Mississippi, Arkansas, Oklahoma and Texas were offset by the larger acreage planted in other producing States. The 1936 shipping season is about over, with the few old crop sweet potatoes left coming mainly from New Jersey, Delaware, North Carolina and Tennessee. Some shipments of new sweet potatoes have already started from Alabama and movement is expected to become moderately heavy by the middle of July. New sweet potatoes for market will be available from Louisiana and Florida about the first week in August.

Pasturass—Pastures on July 1 continued to range from poor to dis-

Louisiana and Florida about the first week in August.

Pastures—Pastures on July 1 continued to range from poor to distressingly short in a broad central belt extending from eastern Montana and western North Dakota to south Texas. Elsewhere they were good to excellent with the exception of local areas, notably in the Southeast, where a possibly temporary decline in pasture condition was caused by the light rainfall of early June. In the country as a whole the condition of pastures on July 1 averaged 79.4% of normal. This was much higher than last year's July 1 condition of 58.1% and also higher than the condition on the same date in six of the last seven years, all seasons of poor pastures, but lower than the July 1 condition in 27 of the preceding 30 years.

Pastures, which have improved materially since June 1 in the Northern States, were particularly good in the area extending eastward from the western borders of Minnesota, Iowa and Missouri, and also west of the Rockies, except in western Montana and north central California. The drought belt was narrowed during June by marked improvement in Wyoming, New Mexico and parts of Montana and the Dakotas, but little if any improvement has been shown in Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, and Texas, and the condition of pastures in those States was about as low as it was on July 1, 1936.

GENERAL CROP PEPORT AS OF IULY 1, 1927.

GENERAL CROP REPORT AS OF JULY 1, 1937

The Crop Reporting Board of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics makes the following report from data furnished by crop correspondents, ield statisticians and cooperating State agencies:

UNITED STATES

	Acr	eage (In	Thousan	ids)	Yu	eld per A	Lcre
Стор	Hare	ected	For	1937	Aper-	mile ye	Inds-
11 - 49/41-90 1 11/19	Aver. 1928-32	1936	Harvest 1937	% of 1936	age 1923-32	1936	Ju y 1, 1937
Corn, all, bushels	103,419	92,829	96,146	103.6	25.4	16.5	26.7
Wheat, all, bushels	60,138	48,820			14.4	12.8	12.9
Winter, bushels	39,724	37,608			15.2	13.8	14.1
All spring, bushels	20,414	11.212		188.4	12.4	9.6	10.4
Durum, bushels	4.775	1.544	2.841	184.0	11.6	5.3	10.4
Other spring, bushels	15,639	9,668		189.1	12.6	10.3	10.3
Oats, bushels	40.015	33,213		108.2	30.2	23.8	30.9
Barley, bushels	12.645	8,322	11.166	134.2	22.6	17.7	21.8
Rye, bushels	3.315	2,757	3,960	143.6	12.0	9.3	12.7
Flaxseed, bushels	2,772	1,180	1.081	91.6	6.9	5.0	7.1
Rice, bushels	925	935		107.3	43.2	50.1	48.6
Hay, all tame, tons	55,153	57,055		97.8	1.29	1.11	1.35
Hay, wild, tons	13,288	10,694		117.3	.82	.65	.78
Hay, clover and timothy.	20,200	-0,00-	22,020		100000	11.1	A WALLEY
tons a	26,872	22,010	19,674	89.4	1.15	.97	1.23
Hay, alfalfa, tons	11,720	14.034	14,177	101.0	2.06	1.76	2.03
Beans, dry edible, lbs	1.806	1.562	1.794	114.9	666	712	734
Soybeans b	2,979	5.635	6.049	107.3		1	COLUMN TO.
Cowpeas b	1.869	3,263	3,520	107.9	1000000		
Peanuts b	1,702	2,056	2.016	98.1	DOLLER!		
Velvetbeans b	81	158	141	89.2	100000		THE PERSON
Potatoes, bushels	3,327	3.058	3.224	105.4	112.7	107.9	125.4
Sweet potatoes, bushels	771	822	826	100.5	88.5	78.0	88.0
Tobacco, pounds	1.872	1,437	1.690	117.6	770	802	841
Sorgo for sirup	201	215	198	92.1			
Sugarcane for sirup	111	140	138	98.6	11100	-	1000
Sugar beets, tons	717	776	778	100.3	c11.0	11.6	11.5
Hops, lbs	23	32	35	111.4	1,274	740	1,274

GRAIN STOCKS ON FARMS ON JULY 1

Стор	Average	1928-32	19	36	1937		
	Per Ct.d	1,000 Bushels	Per Ct.d	1,000 Bushels	Per Ct.d	1,000 Bushels	
Corn e	17.6 5.7 12.5	374,078 51,309 148,516	19.6 7.0 20.7	394,794 43,988 246,952	12.4 3.5 11.2	156,113 21,880 88,474	

a Excludes sweet clover and lespedeza. b Grown alone for all purposes. c Short-ime average. d Per cent of previous year's crop. e Data based on corn for grain.

UNITED STATES

THE RESERVE	Con	ditton Ji	uly 1	Total	Production	(In Thou	sands)
Crop	Aver.	Tolas i	pro esta	his security	SHEET THE STREET	Indi	icated
would ut m	1923-32 Per Ct.	1936 Per Ct.	1937 Per Ct.	Average 1928-32	1936	June 1, 1937	July 1. 1937
Corn, all, bush	79.5	72.8	82.1	2,554,772	1.529,327		2,571,851
Wheat, all, bush.	75.4	60.9	71.2	864,532	626,461		882,287
Winter, bush	74.5	66.3	71.0	623,220	519,013	648,597	663,641
All spring, bush		45.7	71.5	241,312			218,646
Durum, bush Other spring,	76.9	34.7	77.8	53,687	8,175	le manage	29,566
bush	a73.6	47.0	70.6	187,625	99,273		189,080
Oats, bush	79.9	60.6	83.8	1,215,102	789,100		1,111,229
Barley, bush	80.0	60.3	79.3	281,237	147,452		243,540
Rye, bush	76.8	50.9	76.9	38,212	25,554	45,974	50,398
Flaxmeed, bush	77.6	55.8	73.7	15,996			7.622
Rice, bush Hay, tons—	86.7	83.4	86.1	42,826			48,716
All tame	78.2	64.7	82.0	70,146	63,309		75,321
WildClover and	77.4	55.2	71.1	10,719	6,915		9,756
timothy b	a77.4	67.6	84.6	30,554	21,324		24,296
Alfalfa	82.8	72.0	80.6	23,544	24,750		28,824
Pasture Beans, dry edible,	81.6	58.1	79.4		(1)		10 200
100-lb, bag	82.4	76.6	79.8	12,181	11,122		13,163
Peanuts	77.8	70.2	75.5				
crop, bush Peaches, total	59.8	42.6	70.2	c164,355	117,506		194,328
erop, bush Pears, total crop.	62.1	48.2	64.8	c57,298	47,650	56,102	57,693
bush	61.3	57.1	62.1	c24.334	26,956	31,484	30,178
Grapes, tons d	83.0	67.7	86.5	c2,214	1,916		2,527
Potatoes, bush	83.9	73.5	83.3	372.115			404,229
Sweet pot., bush.	77.1	58 8	73.8	66,368	64,144		72 706
Tobacco, Ibs	75.3	57.1	73.4	1,427,174			1,420,943
Sugar beets, tons.	85.0	80.9	84.2	8.118	9.028		8,952
Hope, Ibs	85.3	53.9	83.2	28,011			44.720

a Short-time average. b Excludes sweet clover and lespedeza, c Includes some quantities not harvested. d Production includes all grapes for fresh fruit, juice, wine and raisins.

Weather Report for the Week Ended July 14-The general summary of the weather bulletin issued by the Department of Agriculture, indicating the influence of the weather for the week ended July 14, follows:

weather for the week ended July 14, follows:

In the central and northern portions of the country the week was characterized by abnormally warm weather, moderate temperatures in the South, and relatively cool weather over a large southwestern area. During the first part of the period fair weather was the rule in nearly all districts, but by July 9 unsettled and showery conditions prevailed in many sections, with rather general rains in the Southern States. Near the close of the week widespread rains occurred in the lower Lake region, the Ohio and central Mississippi Valleys, and northern Rocky Mountain sections.

Weekly mean temperatures were near normal from the lower Mississippi Valley eastward, and below normal in the west Gulf area, the southern Rocky Mountains, and most Great Basin sections. However, from the Middle Atlantic States, the Ohio Valley and southern Great Plains northward abnormally high temperatures prevailed, with the weekly means ranging from 5 degrees to as much as 12 degrees above the seasonal average. Warm weather obtained also in the interior of the Pacific area, but along the coast about normal warmth prevailed.

Maximum temperatures ranged from 100 degrees to 110 degrees rather generally from Oklahoma northward to eastern North Dakota, including the western portions of Iowa and Missouri. Elsewhere east of the Rocky Mountains they ranged generally in the 90's, except in some northeastern sections and Appalachian districts. The highest temperature reported was 110 degrees at Huron, 8, Dak., on the 7th.

While a decided heat wave prevailed in much of the country, temperatures, in general, were not nearly so high as at this time last year. For the week ending July 14, 1936, the maxima ranged generally from 100 degrees from New York and the Middle Atlantic States westward over all of the central valleys, the Great Lakes, and the central and northern Great Plains, with the weekly averages ranging from 6 degrees

degrees to 110 degrees from New York and the Middle Atlantic States westward over all of the central valleys, the Great Lakes, and the central at northern Great Plains, with the weekly averages ranging from 6 degrees to more than 20 degrees above normal throughout the area.

Supplemental reports show that showers, with some substantial rainfall, were rather general from the Ohio Valley and the east Gulf sections westward to the eastern Great Plains, though in the upper Mississippi and central Missouri Valleys, as well as the southern Great Plains, the amounts were generally light. Some heavy rains occurred from Wyoming southward to northern Arizona, Lander, Wyo., reporting 2.2 inches and Flagstaff, Ariz., 2.3 inches. In Wyoming the rainfall of the week exceeded the normal for the entire month of July. Some good local rains occurred also in the morthern Great Plains and parts of Montans, but from North Carolina

northward there was very little precipitation. Some good showers occurred in the Lake region.

Showers of the week were decidedly helpful in most of the southern States, while good, substantial rains occurred in much of the Rocky Mountain area, the latter being especially beneficial in much of Arizona, New Mexico, western Colorado, Utah, and Whoming. In Wyoming the moisture situation is the best in years.

However, in Montana, rain is still generally needed, with dry-land crops deteriorating, and in the Great Plains from northern Oklahoma northward most sections have become too dry, especially for ranges and truck crops. Much of Oklahoma and Texas had good rains. East of the Great Plains, while there is no widespread need of moisture, a good many districts are becoming dry and rainfall would be helpful, though good showers at the close of the week were decidedly favorable in many places.

The week was favorable for farm work and the harvest of winter wheat is now mostly completed, except in some northern sections. The moisture situation is far better than last year, when by the middle of July, crops were badly damaged over most of the principal agricultural sections, pastures practically gone, and wells dried up, with the situation extremely bad.

Small Grains—The harvest of winter wheat continued under mostly

situation is far better than last year, when by the middle of July, crops were badly damaged over most of the principal agricultural sections, pastures practically gone, and wells dried up, with the situation extremely bad.

Small Grains—The harvest of winter wheat continued under mostly favorable conditions, with cutting begun northward to Minnesota and Montana. Threshing is advancing rapidly in most portions and is largely completed in more southern sections.

Heavy rust damage is still reported from the western Ohio Valley, and adjacent areas. In Indiana rust has caused heavy damage in parts, while in other sections it is only moderate. In Illinois the quality and size of the heads vary considerably with considerable shriveled kernels. Harvest is nearing completion in the Ohio Valley and much threshing has been completed. In Missouri much wheat in the western half is severely damaged by rust, but some is still reported very good, and it is fair to excellent in other sections. Harvest is practically completed in Kansas and the more southern portions of the Great Plains, and is nearing completion in Nebraska, with yields better than expected. Winter grains are filling and ripening in Montana, with harvest begun in some early fields. In the Pacific Northwest winter wheat is nearly ripe in the warmer sections of Oregon and cutting has begun in the early fields of Washington.

The excessive heat hastened maturity of spring wheat in South Dakota, with harvest about half completed in the southeast, with mostly fair yields, although varying from poor to good. In North Dakota spring wheat is very poor in the western part, poor to fair in the central, and very good to excellent in the east. Spring grains are spotted in Montana and need rain on dry lands. Rust damage is increasing locally in Minnesota, but is not yet serious; the crop is turning.

Other small grains are largely doing well, except for some rust damage to oats in central sections and elsewhere. Harvesting oats has now advanced into Iowa and the central O

Cotton—In the cotton belt temperatures were mostly moderate and rather widespread showers occurred. In general, the weather continued satisfactory and cotton made good progress, with conditions favorable for holding weevil in check in most sections, except parts of the Southwest. In Texas plants are fruiting rapidly and blooming well into the northern part of the State, although frequent rains did some damage to staple and favored weevil activity in southern sections. In Oklahoma progress and condition continue fair to very good, except for grasshopper damage in some western counties.

In the central and eastern portions of the belt the weather was generally favorable and the cotton crop made good advance. Bolls are forming to central South Carolina, with blooming general well into the northern portions of the central belt.

The Weather Bureau furnished the following resume of conditions in the different States:

Virginia—Richmond: Temperatures high; showers light. Most vegetation developing nicely, but rain urgently needed locally. Cotton and peanuts better than average. Corn still promising. Oats excellent; harvesting begun in south Truck excellent; late potatoes being planted in southwest.

North Carolina—Raleigh: Warmest week of season, with some scattered showers. Progress of cotton generally good; hot, sunshiny weather favorable for checking weevil activity. Advance of tobacco fair to good; beginning to cure in southeast. Corn, truck, sweet potatoes, peanuts, and other crops made generally good progress.

South Carolina—Columbia: Week generally fair; only scattered showers and warm last half. Favorable for checking weevil activity. Cotton blooming and setting bolls in central and south, cultivation and condition mostly good. Other crop growth somewhat checked by warmth; rair needed in most places.

needed in most places.

Georgia—Atlanta: Scattered showers. More favorable for weevil activity in some central and southern countries, but comparatively favorable for checking activity in most sections. Condition and progress of cotton mostly good; blooming becoming general and some fruiting in north. Serious dryness in a few small west-central areas. Satisfactory progress of most minor crops. most minor crops

most minor crops.

Florida—Jacksonville: Warm, with light showers. Condition and progress of cotton good; favorable for checking weevil activity; full bloom and bolls formed and forming. Corn harvesting. Tobacco good; crop being harvested and crued. Truck season over. Citrus groves good.

Alabama—Montgomery: Showers fairly well distributed. Progress and condition of cotton good to very good; favorable for checking weevil activity, but moderately favorable for activity in some localities where too much rain. Moisture of previous week afforded only temporary relief in some localities of west and north for crops other than cotton, but corn, cane, sweet potatoes vegetables, pastures, and hay mostly doing well.

Mississippi—Vicksburg: Average progress of cotton fair to faily good:

Mississippi—Vicksburg: Average progress of cotton fair to faily good; half-grown oolls plentiful on early planted in south and central. Late-planted corn needs rain locally, with average condition about fair. Progress of gardens and pastures mostly fair.

Louisiana—New Orleans: Moderate temperatures, with good rains in most sections. Progress and condition of cotton generally good; fruiting well, but late and just beginning to bloom freely in some sections. Late corn improved by rain, but condition very poor locally in northwest. Cane, rice, and sweet potatoes doing well since rain; some cane backward due to dryness. Truck fair to good.

Texas—Houston: Averaged somewhat cool; heavy rains general over eastern two-thirds of State and light showers elsewhere. Late cotton much improved by rain during week, but considerable damage done to open bolls in extreme south by continued rains which also favored insect activity; crop fruiting rapidly and blooming well to northward. Corn improved by moisture in east and south, but in northwest condition only poor to fair. Wheat harvest completed, except in middle and northern Panhandle where in full swing. Ranges and truck improved by rain and cattle continue good.

in full swing. Ranges and truck improved by rain and cattle continue good.
Oklahoma—Oklahoma City: Warm, with moderate to heavy rains in east and light to moderate rains in most of west. Moisture beneficial, but more needed in west and north. Threshing nearing completion and stubble plowed under. Progress and condition of cotton fair to very good, except some grasshopper damage in west. Progress and condition of corn fair to very good, but now needing rain in west and north-central. Gardens and minor crops fair to good. Grasshoppers damaged crops in much of west and scattered local areas elsewhere.

Arkness—Little Rock: Progress of cotton very good to excellent, except

Arkansas—Little Rock: Progress of cotton very good to excellent, except fair in few localities where soil too wet, blooming and putting on bolls rapidly in all portions; condition good to excellent. Progress of corn very good to excellent, except in some eastern, southern, and western localities where soil too dry, but little serious damage; early laid by; large portion nearly matured, with moisture enough to make crop.

Tennessee—Nashville: Soil moisture generally ample, but some dry areas. Progress of corn excellent and condition very good; early silking. Wheat threshing nearing completion in some areas, but hindered by showers in others. Condition of cotton good; progress very good to excellent; blooming generally and some setting bolls. Tobacco very irregular; much small, but shows condsierable improvement.

Kentucky—Louisville: Showers locally in central and west; heavy rains in northeast beneficial. Progress and condition of corn mostly very good and improved where well cultivated; earliest tasseling in central. Tobacco fair to good, but needs more rain in most places; cultivation improved. Threshing nearly over in south. Favorable for curing hay. Cotton improved.

THE DRY GOODS TRADE

New York, Friday Night, July 16, 1937.

Although weather conditions during the past week interfered somewhat with retail trade, the total volume of sales made a fairly good comparative showing, considering the fact that the corresponding period of 1936 benefited greatly by the spending of soldier bonus money. Favorable factors were the further abatement of labor disturbances and the continued recovery in the security markets. Promotions of seasonal goods, notably in the apparel lines, met with satisfactory response. Department store sales throughout the country for the month of June, according to the usual compilation of the Federal Reserve Board, showed a gain of 7% over June, 1936. Best results were obtained in the Chicago district, with an increase of 13%, while the least favorable record was made by the Dallas district, where the volume of sales was even with that of June, 1936. In the New York district the gain over last year amounted to 6%.

Trading in the wholesale dry goods markets experienced a moderate seasonal revival, although the temporary stoppage in the New York ready-to-wear field put somewhat of a damper on business. Re-orders on summer merchandise for promotional purchases were received in fairly large numbers. Buying of fall merchandise proceeded in moderate volume, with continued uncertainties over the price outlook acting as a deterrent to more rapid expansion. Whereas during the previous week the better tone of the primary cotton cloths markets had served as a stimulus, the renewed decline of raw cotton prices resulted in a more cautionary attitude on the part of buyers. Business in silk goods broadened moderately, partly under the influence of the firmness of raw silk prices caused by nervousness over the Far Eastern situation. A good call existed for crepe satins on the part of manufacturers. Trading in rayon yarns continued quite active. Bookings for September delivery are reported to have absorbed virtually the entire output of that month and with surplus stocks practically at the vanishing point, no let-up in the tight supply situation is anticipated

Domestic Cotton Goods—Following the recent spurt in sales, trading in the gray cloths markets quieted down considerably. While the decline in sales was chiefly due to the previous broad covering movement, the subsequent fall in raw cotton prices served to intensify the reluctance of buyers, inasmuch as reports from the finished goods markets also made a less favorable showing. In consequence of the slower demand, prices followed an easier trend as second-hand offerings at slight concessions appeared again in the market. A moderate demand developed for sheetings, and there was a fairly good call for drills and twills. Business in fine goods also slowed down perceptibly, but prices held fairly steady, reflecting the improved statistical position of the mills. A good spot demand continued for voiles and dimity stripes. Curtain materials also moved in fair volume. Closing prices in print cloths were as follows: 39-inch 80's, $8\frac{1}{2}$ to $8\frac{3}{8}$ c.; 39-inch 72-76's, $7\frac{7}{8}$ c.; 39-inch 68-72's, $7\frac{3}{8}$ c.; 38½-inch 64-60's, $6\frac{1}{2}$ to $6\frac{3}{8}$ c.; 38½-inch 60-48's, $5\frac{1}{2}$ to $5\frac{3}{8}$ c.

oolen Goods—Trading in men's wear fabrics continued dull and the backlog of unfilled orders was said to have undergone a further downward revision. Sentiment, however, appeared slightly improved as reports were current that a number of large clothing manufacturers are inquiring about additional fall supplies and are expected to reenter the market in the near future, due to the generally improved business outlook and the expectation of higher prices. While the opening of the new tropical worsted lines has been postponed until next week, rumors were heard that advances of 35c. a yard will be made. Reports from retail clothing centers continued rather spotty with sales restricted to garments of the purely summer variety. Business in women's wear goods again made a satisfactory showing as the quick settlement of the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suit the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and the labor dispute in the New York cloak and suits and s industry resulted in the placing of substantial orders by garment manufacturers. Chief demand again centered in fleeces, sports wear materials and boucles.

Foreign Dry Goods-Trading in linens continued in its seasonal dulness. Sales were confined to scattered fill-in orders and prices showed few changes. Business in burlap expanded moderately as bag manufacturers covered against crop movement needs. Prices ruled steady but later in the week lost part of their previous gains. Domestically light-weights were quoted at 4.10c., heavies at 5.35c.

State and City Department

Specialists in

Illinois & Missouri Bonds

STIFEL, NICOLAUS & CO., Inc.

MUNICIPAL BOND SALES IN JUNE

Der	nber of separate issues was 4	102.	IIIO Was c	TO and	ı uno
		Maturity	Amount	Price	Basis.
Page 4387	Name Rate Akron, Ohio 4 ½ Akron, Ohio (4 issues) 4 Alameda County, Calif 2 ½ Allegan, Mich 2 Amherst, Mass 2 Andrew-Nodaway D. D., Mo 4 Anniston, Ala 5 Atchison, Kan 2 ½	1938-1947	\$ 400,000	100.03	Duste
4387	Akron, Ohio (4 issues)4	1938-1962	307,000 16,000	100.03	
3871	Alameda County, Calif23/2	1938-1943	16,000	100.70	3,89
1051	Amberet Mass 2	1938-1957	20,000 74,000	100.12	1.99
4052	Andrew-Nodaway D. D., Mo4		790,000		
150	Anniston, Ala5	1938-1947	720,000	102.30	4.52
40.40	11.11 97		28,500 90,000		
4381		1938-1967	71,800,000		
163	Austin, Tex234		100,000	100	2.75
4056	Avalon, Pa216	1957	35,000	100.14	2.49
154 161	Bangor S D Pa 3	1938-1957 1938-1947	40,000 25,000 12,000 60,000 44,000 7270,000	103 101.10	2.42 2.78
156	Battle Creek, Minn434	1938-1952	12,000	101.10	
164	Beaver Dam, Wis3	1938-1947	60,000	103.90	2.30
4049	Bedford, Ind	1938-1952 1942-1950	44,000	100.53	3.43
4051	Beltramie County, Minn31/	1942-1945	rd80,000	104.57 100.52	3.10
157	Bedford, Ind	1938-1947	100,000	100.15	2.72
4223	Berea, Ohio 3 Bethel, N. Y 314	1938-1947	24,000	100.47	2.91
4384	Bilovi Miss 54	1938-1962	50,000 7131,500	100.30 100	3.22 5.25
4383	Biloxi, Miss	1942-1946	33,600	100	2.50
4059	Roseman Mont	1938-1942	d1,900	100	6.00
4224	Bradley County, Tenn 34	1938-1962 1938-1957	725,000 15,500	100 100.50	3.25
4057	Brazoria Co. S. D. No. 1. Tex	1999-1991	35,000	100.00	3.44
158	Bronxville, N. Y. (2 issues) 21/2	1938-1957	129,000 12,500 96,000	100.04	2.49
4058	Bridgeport S. D., Wash4	1-25 years	12,500		
4384	Britton Okla 34.4	1943-1957 1941-1952	12,000	100	
4387	Britton Okla414-414	1940-1957	5,000	100.13	
3873	Brunswick, Md41/4	1957	45,000		
4220	Brunswick Twp., Mo	1939-1951 1938-1957	25,000	101.76	3.09
4380	California (State of)	1939-1950	3,000,000	100.07 103.83	2.52
3880	Calumet County, Wis3	1949	40,000	104.62	2.55
4050	Cambridge, Mass	1938-1942	200,000	100.14	1.45
161	Canton Twn S D Pa 3	1938-1942 1938-1947	2,250 10,000	102.26 100.50	3.20 2.90
4382	Cattlettsburg, Ky	1000-1011	730,000	100.00	2.00
159	Bradley County, Tenn 3 ¼ Bradner, Ohlo 3 ½ Brazoria Co S. D. No. 1, Tex. Bronxville, N. Y. (2 issues) 2 ½ Bridgeport S. D., Wash. 4 Britton, Okla 3 ¾ Britton, Okla 3 ¾ Britton, Okla 4 ¼ Britton, Okla 4 ¼ Brunswick, Md 4 ½ Brunswick, Twp., Mo 3 ½ Buffalo, N. Y 3.10 California (State of) 3 Cambridge, Mass 1 ½ Camden S. D., Ohlo 4 Canton Twp. S. D., Pa 3 Cattlettaburg, Ky Caroga S. D. No. 1, N. Y 3 ½ Codar Point H. S. D., Kan 2 ½ Charleston County, S. C. 2 ¾ Chartanooga, Tenn 4 4 ¾	1938-1960	23.000	100.44	3.45
4382	Cedar Point H. S. D., Kan	1940-1949	12,000 175,000	100.38	2.90
4388	Chattanooga, Tenn 44 16	1953-1962	434,000	100 100.45	4.18
4004	Chattanooga, Tenn		718,000 500,000		
153	Cherokee County, Iowa21/2	1948-1950	500,000	101.14	2.39
155 160	Cincinnati City S. D. Ohio 214	1938-1947 1949-1956	125,000 785,000	100.11 100.14	1.98 2.24
4384	Clarks, Neb	1010-1000	759,500	100.14	2.24
4223	Clearfield Co. Poor Dist., Pa21/2	1939-1949	7115,000	100.13	2.48
4051 4052	Clearwater County, Minn.	1942-1951 1940-1943	15,000	100.00	200
4383	Clifton, N. J. (2 issues) 4 1/2 Cloquet S. D., Minn 3	1942-1949	60,000	102.29	3.95
4051	Coahoma County, Miss3	1941-1949	797,500	98.75	3.17
4218	Coffeyville S. D., Kan21/4	1938-1947	55,000	100	2.75
4221	Corning City S. D. N. V. 234	1940-1965	23,349 100,000	100.40	2.72
4384	Corpus Christi, Tex41/2	1938-1952	25,000	100.40	4.50
4384	Corpus Christi, Tex. (2 issues)4 1/2		25,000 60,000 30,000		
4048	Craig Colo		30,000		
4382	Creston, Iowa	1942-1945	d12,000	100	3.00
4385	Croton-on-Hudson, N. Y3.60	1938-1960	d12,000 25,000	100.34	3.56
3879	Culpeper, Va2	1938-1941	797,000	100	2.00
4387	Coffeyville S. D., Kan 2 ½ Concordia, Kan 2 ½ Cornordia, Kan 2 ½ Corpus Christi, Tex 4 ½ Corpus Christi, Tex (2 issues) 4 ½ Cowan, Tenn 5 Craig, Colo	1938-1957 1939-1944	790,000	98.88 100	2.62 4.00
4053	Delaware River Joint Commission,				2.00
100	N. J		d1,980,000	100	
163	Dennison, Tex. (2 issues)	1939-1942 1-20 years	d15,000 24,000	100 103.27	3.50
161	Derry Twp. S. D., Pa314	1938-1947	75,000	100.26	3.20
161	Dewey, Okla5-514	1940-1957	36,500	*****	****
3872	N. J. 4 ½ Dennison, Tex. 3 ½ Dennison, Tex. (2 issues) 4 Derry Twp. S. D., Pa 3 ½ Dewey, Okla 5-5 ½ Dike Con. S. D., Iowa 3 ½ Douglas County, Kan 2 ½ Dover, N. H. 1 ½	,	36,500 738,000 20,000	100.11	
4052	Dover, N. H	1938-1943	60,000	100.11	1.60
4050	Dover, N. H	1938-1947	26,000	100.63	1.88
4383	Ecorse Twp., Mich41/4-41/4	1939-1944	764,000		
4055	Ector County, Tex Edgecombe County, N. C 34-4	1938-1967	135,000 250,000	100.14	3.83
4381	Esmen Twp., Ill4	1942-1951	20,000		0.00
4053	Eamen Twp., III	1938-1952	600,000	100.004	2.44
4381	Evans Vills, N. Y	1941-1957 1938-1957	33,000 7425,000	100.38	3.06
		1937-1944	8,000	100.60	2.38
4053	Fairview, N. J.		8,000 300,000	98.50	****
4219	Fell Two S D Pe	1938-1947	400,000		
156	Fairfield Co., Ohio 2½ Fairriew, N. J. Fail River, Mass. 2½ Fell Twp. S. D., Pa. 5 Fillimore Co., Ind. S. D. 16, Minn. 3 Fishkill, N. Y. 2½ Fort Gay, W. Va. 5 Fosston, Minn. 3 Fox Chapel, Pa. 2½ Frankford, Dela. 3½	1938-1947	400,000 30,000 d10,000 4,500	100	3.60
4221	Fishkill, N. Y	1938-1942	4,500	100.14	2.45
4390	Fort Gay, W. Va	1938-1957	0,000	100	5.00
4223	Fox Chapel, Pa	1942-1948 1938-1947	15,000 80,000	100.79	2.10
4380	Frankford, Dela	1941-1972	731,000	100.79	2.10

MUNICIPAL BONDS

Dealer Markets

MERICKA & CO. WM. J.

Union Trust Bidg. CLEVELAND

One Wall Street NEW YORK

CHICAGO

	NICOLAU	15 a	JU.,		18						_
105 W. Adams St. CHICAGO	DIREGT WIRE		314 N. I	Broadwa OUIS	y	Page 161	Frederick S. D., Okla3	e Maturity	Amount 29,000	Price	Be
CHICAGO	WINE		3	.00.0		4050	Frostburg, Md		45,000		3
					_	3871 4225	Gadsden, Ala4 Galena Park, Texas	1939-1955	732,000 60,000	96.06	. 4
	AL BOND					4057	Galena Park, Texas214-31	1938-1952	250,000	100.06	2
e present here	vith our det	tailed li	st of the	muni	cipai	4383	Girard, Kan 4 Garfield Twp., Mich 4 Gilbert S. D., Ariz 4	1-10 yrs. 1938-1961		101.65	
ded condition	f our colum	month	or June	, which	hing	4380 4388	Gilbert S. D., Ariz	1938-1948	20,000 744,000	100	4
usual time.	i our column	ns preve	nted our	publis	sming				75,000	100.26	-
e review of th	month's sa	les was	given or	page	304	153	Goshen School City, Ind3	1938-1947 1946	80,000 10,000	100.13 103.75	1 2
"Chronicle"	of July 10.	The to	tal of aw	ards di	iring	4390 4383	Giencoe, Minn 3, 3, 3, 6 Gioucester, Mass. 1, 3, 3 Gioucester, Mass. 1, 3 Goshen School City, Ind 3 Goshen Co. S. D. 15, Wyo 3, 4 Grand Haven, Mich 5 Grand Island, N. Y 3, Greenburgh, N. Y. (5 iss.) 2. Greenville, N. C 3, Greenville, N. C 3, Greenville, N. C 3, Hamilton, Ohio 3 Hammonton, N. J. 4 Harlen, Mont 4, 5	1938-1947	39,000 15,490	101.40 107.84	
h stands at	111,362,195	5. This t	otal does	not inc	elude	4385	Grand Island, N. Y	1938-1956	19,000	100.32	3
	Relief Admi					4055	Greenville, N. C	0 1938-1947 1939-1952	98,000 755,000	100.22 100.20	3
stration loan	s or grants	actually	made o	or pron	nised	160 4226	Greenville, N. C	1938-1942 1941-1957	15,000 100,000	100.44 101	3
es and muni	cipalities dur	ring the	month.	The I	l the	4055	Hamilton, Ohio3	1938-1947	760,000		
of congrete	issuing bon issues was 40	09 III JU	me was	949 8110	i une	4052	Harlen, Mont	1938-1952	32,000 r40,000	100	4
	Rate	Maturity	Amount	Price	Basis	4047	Harrison Street Impt. Dist. No. 7,		85,000		
ron, Ohio	4%	1938-1947 1938-1962		100.03 100.03		4384	Ark	1020 1040	r27,000	100.46	-
ron, Ohio (4 issues meda County, Cal	1236	1938-1943	16,000	100.70		4383 4383	Haverhill, Mass 13 Hawley, Minn 4	1938-1947	25,000 d5,000	100.29 100	1
gan, Mich berst, Mass rew-Nodaway D.	2	1938-1957	20,000 74,000	100.12	3,89	162 4225	Hawley, Minn	1948-1957 1939 1957	7110,000 15,000	101.24 100	2
ew-Nodaway D.	D., Mo4		790,000			4056	Hempfield Twp. S. D., Pa3	1938-1946	25,000	100.86	2
on, Ala	214	1938-1947	720,000 28,500	102.30	4.52	4221 4221	Hempfield Twp. S. D., Pa	0 1938-1951 0 1939-1953	28,000 140,000	100.15 100.47	1
ison, Kan ison, Kan nta, Ga	21/2		90,000			4052	Hopewell Co., Mo4		725,000		
n, Tex			100,000	100	2.75	162 153	Hopewell Twp. S. D., Pa3 Hornick Con. S. D., Iowa2	1939-1953 1938-1944	70,000	100 92	3
on. Pa	2 16	1957 1938-1957	35,000 40,000	100.14 103	2.49	4387	Horseshoe Valley Twp. N. Dak4 Hot Springs Co. S. D. No. 9, Wyo.3		1,200 97,600	100 100.59	
or, Me or S. D., Pa le Creek, Minn	3	1938-1947	25,000	101.10	2.78	153	Humboldt Co., Iowa23	1948-1950	400,000	101.02	
er Dam. Wis	3	1938-1952 1938-1947	12,000 60,000	103.90	2.30	4049	Huntington, Ind5 Huron Ind. S. D., S. Dak3	1938-1944 1-15 yrs.	12,500 775,000	103.04 101.26	-
ford, Ind.		1938-1952 1942-1950	44,000 7270,000	100.53 104.57	3.43	4990	Huron Ind. S. D., S. Dak 34 Hustisford, Wis 34 Hysham, Mont 44		38,000 18,000	100.55	
eville, N. J. ramie County, M	nn314	1942-1945	rd80,000	100.52	3.10	3872	11 12 12 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	1938-1957	100,000	100.06	
in, N. H	3	1938-1947 1938-1947	100,000 24,000	100.15 100.47	2.72 2.91	4385 156	Interlaken, N. Y	0 1940-1954 1938-1962	15,000 150,000	100.44	
el, N. Y	54	1938-1962	50,000 r131,500	100.30 100	3.22 5.25	4218	Iola, Kan	1938-1947	50,000	100.00	-
Earth County, N	inn 21/2	1942-1946	33,600	100	2.50	4221	Ironton, Wis	1939-1948 1938-1947	40,000 350,000	102.06 100.11	
Earth County, Mman, Mont	314	1938-1942 1938-1962	d1,900 r25,000	100 100	6.00 3.25	3874	Jackson, Miss. (2 issues)31/4	1938-1947	121,613 10,000	100.70	1
ner, Ohio	1 70	1938-1957	15,500	100.50	3.44	4053	Jennings S. D., Miss Jersey City, N. J. (2 issues)41	1945-1946	240,000	104.40	-
xville, N. Y. (2)	sues)21/2	1938-1957	35,000 129,000	100.04	2.49	4382 161	Johnson Co., Iowa Josephine Co. S. D. 7, Ore21/2,23/	1947-1949 1941-1947	24,000 48,000	100.27	:
geport S. D., Wa	Neb 4	1-25 years 1943-1957	12,500 96,000						6,000	100	4
n, Okla	334-4	1941-1952	12,000	100		4220 4220	Kansas City, Mo3		150,000 350,000		-
wick, Md	416	1940-1957 1957	5,000 45,000	100.13		163 4390	Kansas City, Mo. 24 Kansas City, Mo. 3 Karnes Co. R. D. 4, Texas. 44; Kernosha, Wis. 23; Kentucky (State of). 234 Kern Co. Calif. 234	1945-1959 1947	30,000 745,000	100.33 100.45	1
wick Twp., Mo		1939-1951 1938-1957	25,000	101.76 100.07	3.09	309	Kentucky (State of)23/	1947	d2,100,000	101.04	-
ornia (State of)		1939-1950	3,000,000	103.83	2.52	4380	Korn Co S D Calle 214	1000-1042	140,000 40,000	100.05 100.65	1
net County, Wis	11/4	1949 1938-1942	40,000 200,000	104.62 100.14	2.55 1.45	4380	Kern Co. S. D., Calif	20 years	25,000 35,000	100.11 100.57	
n S. D., Ohio.	11/4	1938-1942 1938-1947	2,250 10,000	102.26 100.50	3.20	4389	Kittitas Co. S. D. No. 12, Wash 4	10-20 yrs.	d3,000	100	4
ttsburg, Ky	4 1/4		730,000			4216	Kokomo, Ind	1939-1950	87,500 12,000	$100.12 \\ 102.91$	4
S. D. No. 1, 1 Point H. S. D.,	Kan 2 16	1938-1960	23,000 12,000	100.44 100.38	3.45	4217	Lake Co. S. D. No. 108, Calif2\(\frac{1}{2}\) Lancaster County, S. C3\(\frac{1}{4}\)-3\(\frac{1}{2}\)	1944-1953 1940-1964	180,000 250,000	100.17 100.14	2
eston County, S. anooga, Tenn	C234-3	1940-1949 1953-1962	175,000 434,000	100 100.45	2.90	4385	Larchmont, N. Y	1938-1942	11,000	100.12	1
ktowaga, N. Y.		1942-1944	718,000		4.18				722,500 6,900	100.14	-
rokee County, Iow	2 1/2	1948-1950 1938-1947	500,000 125,000	101.14 100.11	2.39 1.98	4384	Lee County, Miss	1938-1963	778,000	100	-
copee, Masscinnati City S. D.	Ohio 214	1949-1956	785,000	100.14	2.24	152	Lewes, Del	5-20 years	717,000 44,000	100.74 100	
rks, Nebarfield Co. Poor I	let De 914	1939-1949	759,500 7115,000	100.13	2.48	157	Lincoln Neb	1938-1947	125,000 r110,000	100.20 100.13	
arwater County, M	inn3	1942-1951 1940-1943	15,000	102.29	3.95	4050	Lincoln Parish S. D. No. 1, La.	1939-1962	260,000		
arwater County, M fton, N. J. (2 issue equet S. D., Minn- ahoma County, Mi fteyville S. D., Kai	3	1942-1949 1941-1949	60,000 797,500			4055	Lincoin Parish S. D. No. 1, La Lincointon, N. C	1953-1956 1948-1952	720,000 717,000	101.63 101.26	1
ffeyville S. D., Ka	234	1941-1949 1938-1947	55,000	98.75 100	3.17 2.75	4385	Linden, N. J	1938-1952 1938-1942	397,000 103,000	102.33 101.96	
ncordia, Kan rning City S. D., P rpus Christi, Tex. rpus Christi, Tex. van, Tenn	Y 21/	1940-1965	23,349 100,000	100.40	2.72	4380	Linden, N. J	1942-1957	78.000		-
rpus Christi, Tex.	4 1/2	1938-1952	25,000	100	4.50	3871	Los Angeles County, Calif4%	1939-1952 1938-1947	175,000 20,000	100 100.15	
van, Tenn	2 188Ues) 4 ½		60,000 30,000			3871	Lost Nation Ind S. D. Iowa 24	1938-1962 1938-1950	25,000 13,000	101.04 100	-
aig, Colo eston, Iowa oton-on-Hudson, N lpeper, Va		1942-1945	30,000 d12,000	100	3.00	3878	Lower Burrell Twp. S. D., Pa314	1942-1955	47,000	101.43	
oton-on-Hudson, N	Y3.60	1938-1960	25,000	100.34	3.56	3879	McCamey Ind. Sch. Dist., Texas.4	1938-1942 12 years	100,000 272,000	100.05	
las, Tex (2 issues)	214	1938-1941 1938-1957	797,000	100 98.88	2.00	4387	McCurtain Co. S. D. No. 13, Okia.4 McPherson Sch. Dist., Kan214	1-15 years	6,000	100.03	
las, Tex (2 issues) renport, N. Dak aware River Joint	ommission	1939-1944	2,400	100	4.00	3873	McPherson Sch. Dist., Kan214	1939-1948	101,000 91,000	100	1
. J.	414	1943-1950				164	Madera County, Calif314 Madison, Wis. (2 issues)214	1940-1957	35,000 86,000	100.23 100.04	-
nison, Tex. nison, Tex. (2 issu	(%)4	1939-1942 1-20 years	d15,000 24,000	100 103.27	3.50	4381	Madison County, Ind 24 Madison County, Ind 34 Madison County, Ohio 24 Madison County, Ohio 24 Manaroneck, N. Y. (2 Issues) 34 Manchester, N. H. 34	1938-1947	42,500	100.20	-
ry Twp. S. D., Pa	5.514	1938-1947 1940-1957	75,000	100.26	3.20	160	Madison County, Ohio214	1938-1944	780,000 4,600	98.91 100.06	1
e Con. S. D., Iowa	31/4	1940-1997	36,500 738,000			3876 4052	Mamaroneck, N. Y. (2 Issues) 31/4 Manchester, N. H 3	1938-1957	216,000 80,000	100.18 101.17	1
ry Twp. S. D., Pa vey, Okla	234	1938-1943	20,000	100.11 100.47	1.60	158	Mantua Township, N. J4	1000 1010	7123,000	93.50	-
thampton, Mass	2	1938-1947	26,000	100.63	1.88	4385	Mantua Township, N. J	1938-1942	794,000	100.14 100.14	1
or County, Tex	414-414	1939-1944	764,000 135,000			4058 I	Mannette County, Wis316	1942 1938-1957	70,000 25,000	107.03 100.33	2
gecombe County, N	C314-4	1938-1967 1942-1951	250,000 20,000	100.14	3.83	162	Marcellus, N. Y. Maybrook, N. Y. Maybrook, N. Y. Mayfield S. D., Pa	1938-1952	15.000	100	2
tor County, Tex_ gecombe County, N men Twp., Ill_ ex County, N. J_ ans N ills, N. Y	2.45	1938-1952	600,000	100.004	2.44	4219	Medford, Mass. (2 issues)	1-20 years 1938-1947	20,000 263,000	104.63 100.17	1
ans N ills, N. Y	3.10	1941-1957 1938-1957	33,000 7425,000	100.38 101.04	3.06 2.38	4226	Medford, Wis	10/0 1000	35,000	104.07	
vansville. Ind	21/2	1937-1944	8,000	100.60		152	Miami Beach, Fla34	1000-1001	3,000,000 375,000	101.06 98.32	3
airfield Co., Ohio	214	1938-1947	300,000 400,000	98.50	****	4383 I	Middletown, Md	1942-1957 1938-1942	d20,000	08 44	2
irfield Co., Ohio			30,000		3.60	156	Miami Beach, Fla 334 Middletown, Md Midland, Mich 224 Midland, Mich (4 issues) 224 Mils County, Iowa 446	1938-1942	42,011 47,610	100.37	12
irfield Co., Ohio	16 Minn 2	1938-1947	d10 000			4900 1	Alle County Town 412	1938-1949	47 000	100	4
rield Co., Ohio	16, Minn 3	1938-1947 1938-1942	4,500	100 100.14	2.45	153	Aillstadt, Ill.	1900-1919	47,000 18,000	100	10
ried Co., Ohio view, N. J. River, Mass. Twp. S. D., Pa. nore Co., Ind. S. D. kill. N. Y. Gay, W. Va. tton, Minn	16, Minn 3 21/4 5		4,500 6,000		2.45 5.00	4382	Aingo Con, S. D., Iowa 234	1938-1952	18,000 27,000	100	
nsville, Ind. "field Co., Ohlo view, N. J. River, Mass Twp. S. D., Pa. more Co, Ind. S. D. kill, N. Y. t Gay, W. Va. ston, Minn. Chapel, Pa. nkford. Dela kill, Tenn.	16, Minn 3 21/2 5 3 21/4	1938-1942 1938-1957	4,500	100.14	2.45	4382	Milstadt, III. 414 Aingo Con. S. D., Iowa. 224 Aingo Con. S. D., Iowa. 124, III. 314 Ainneapolis, Minn. 214 Ainneapolis, Minn. 214 Ainneapolis Minn. (2 issues) 2.24	1938-1952	18,000		2

4/2		1	inai	ncial
Page Name R 4220 Mississippi (State of)3-3	ate Maturity 1938-1955	Amount	Price 100.03	Basis
4216 Monterey County Calif 21/	E 1029 1061	152,000 25,000	103.05 100.09	3.35
150 Montgomery, Ala. 54 4218 Montgomery County, Kan. 58 3878 Moorelead School District, Ckia. 3 158 Moorestown Township, N. J. 3 4991 Moorestown Township, N. J. 3	1938-1952	600,000 16,000 25,000		
		16,000 25,000 7117,000 14,000	100.61	
4387 Moulton Twp, S. D., Ohlo	20 years	30,000 14,000 91,000	100.34	
4224 Mount Pleasant S. D., Pa3	1947	d18 000	100	3.00
4217 Muncle, Ind	1941 1942 1942-1952	715,000 710,000 17,000	100.70 100.16 101.09	2.06 2.47 2.63
4383 Muskegon School District Mich 28	1020 1059	. 45,000 770,000	100.03	2.74
4054 Nassau County, N. Y. 25 4054 Nassau County, N. Y. 25 4054 Nassau County, N. Y. (2 issues) 4 3876 Newtane, N. Y. (2 issues) 4	1947-1954 1946-1947 1938-1947	1,220,000	100	2.88 2.88
4383 New Mexico (State of)	1939-1963	780,000 77,000 400,000	100 100.30 100.02	2.88 2.97
4395 Now Movice (State of)	1040 1050	1,600,000	100.02 100.03	2.99
4055 New Hanover County, N. C. 3 4386 New York (State of) 2, 159 New Windsor, N. Y 2, 4386 Niagara Falls, N. Y 2 4053 North Haledon, N. J 4 4055 No. Hemystead S. D. No. 9, N. Y. 2	4 1938-1962 60 1938-1947 1938-1952	40,000,000 25,000 225,000	100.43	2.19 2.58
	1-6 years 20 1938-1943	7.200 24,000	100.07	2.00
163 Nucres County Navig. Dist. No. 1,	1938-1942	89,000		
Texas 4386 Ogdensburg, N. Y. (2 issues) 2.44225 Okanogan Co. S. D., No. 116,	1940-1951 20 1938-1947	<i>d</i> 300,000 80,000	100 100.18	4.00 2.18
Wash 4389 Overton, Texas 43	10-20 years	d27,750 45,000	100	4.00
3875 Palisade Park, N. J	1938-1947 1938-1945 1938-1943	r120,000 r24,000	100.26	3.44
Wash 4 4389 Overton, Texas 44 3875 Palisade Park, N. J 4 4053 Park Ridge, N. J 34 4053 Park Ridge, N. J 34 4053 Park Ridge, N. J 34 4218 Parsons, Kan 24 4222 Pavilion, Bethany, &c., S. D. 1, N. Y 26 4384 Phillipsburg, Mont 4 157 Pittsfield, N. H 3 4388 Plymouth, Pa 34	1938-1947	11,000 50,000	$100.26 \\ 100.22$	3.44 2.70
N. Y 2.6	0 1939-1950	22,000 68,000	100.30 100	2.56 4.00
4388 Plymouth, Pa	1938-1947 1939-1942	10,000 d15,000 3,000	100	3.50
156 Port Huron, Mich 2 3878 Portland, Ore 3	1939-1948 1938-1947	729,000	100.16 102.71	2.47
3878 Portland, Ore		160,000	*****	
4055 Putnam County, N. Y	0 1938-1946 1938-1942	743,000 80,000 100,000	100.17 100.48	2.17 1.59
156 Ramsey County S. D. 16, Minn3 4057 Rapid City, S. Dak4	1937-1941 1939-1941	1,000 30,000	100 103.58	3.00
3877 Readsville, N. C	1939-1966 1948-1952	120,000	100.12 100.20	3.97
4219 River Range S. D., Mich4 151 Riverside County, Calif4	1937-1941 1952-1957	70,000	100 101.53	4.00
4053 Roosevelt Co. S. D., N. M (2 iss.) 4 158 Roosevelt Co. S. D. 39, N. M4 4052 Rosebud Co. S. D. 12 Mont	1939-1949 1939-1955	8,500	100 100	4.00
4384 Roseland, Neb. 151 Sacramento County, Calif	1939-1958	11,500 60,000	100.41	3.70
4216 Saint Clair County, Ala 24 3873 Saint Paul, Minn 22	1938-1940 1938-1947	755,000 1 200,000 1	100.05	$\frac{2.22}{1.99}$
154 Salina S. D., Kan 2½ 4057 San Antonio, Tex (7 Issues) 2½-3	1953-1960 1-10 years 1932-1957	17,500 1 325,000 1	100.27 101.11 100.16	2.28 2.85
3879 San Angelo, Tex 4216 San Bernardino County, Calif236		723,000 1 60,000 1	07.78 00.16 00.02	
154 Salina S. D., Kan	7-9 years 1939-1947	22,000 1	00.02 100.66	2.24 2.67
158 San Juan Co. Con. S. D. 5, N. M. 3 1/4 3876 Saranac, N. Y. 3.20	1940-1949 1939-1949	10.000 1	01.33	3.55
4051 Sault Ste. Marie, Mich	1938-1942 1938-1957	17,903 1 60,000 1	00.31	3.50 2.87
3871 San Diego County, Cairi. 224 4387 Sandusky, Ohio 3 158 San Juan Co. Con. S. D. 5, N. M. 354 3876 Saranae, N. Y. 3.20 4051 Sault Ste. Marle, Mich. 324 4055 Sayville Fire Dist., N. Y. 2.90 4220 Seribner S. D., Neb 24 4216 Sedgwick Co. S. D. 13, Colo 4058 Shamrock Ind. S. D., Tex. 4 4382 Shawnee County, Kan 224		74,000		4.00
4382 Shawnee County, Kan 24 4218 Shenandoah Ind. S. D., Iowa 24	1-10 years 1939-1953	35,000 1	01.05 00.15	2.29 2.48
4058 Shamrock Ind. S. D., Tex. 4 4332 Shawnee County, Kan. 2)4 4218 Shenandoah Ind. S. D., Iowa. 2)4 4387 Sheridan County, N. Dak. 3 4386 Shreveport, Ia. 3 4386 Sidney, N. Y. 3 153 Sidney, Iowa. 2)4 4220 Silver Bow Co. S. D. I, Mont. 3)4 4389 Snyder, Tex. 4 4388 Somerset S. D., Pa. 4 4384 Socastee High S. D. 6, S. C. 5 4389 Souriske Ind. S. D., Tex. 4 4224 Socastee High S. D. 6, S. C. 5 4389 Souriske Ind. S. D., Tex. 4 4224 South Carolina (State of) 34	1938-1947 1938-1957	20.000 1		2.99 2.96
153 Sidney, Iowa 24 4220 Silver Bow Co. S. D. 1, Mont 34	1938-1942	5,000 10 120,000 744,000	00.02	2.24
4389 Snyder, Tex	1940-1948 1938-1949			1.97
4389 Souriake Ind. S. D., Tex 4 4224 South Carolina (State of) 34	1938-1947 1940-1949 4,	000,000 10	01.08	3.19 3.09
4055 Southold S. D. No. 5, N. Y	1939-1967 1938-1957	250,000 10 60,000 10	00.88	3.00
4387 Springfield, Ohio	5-20 years 1941-1949	55,000		3.49
4050 Stafford S. D., Kan3 4055 Sterling S. D. 19, N. Y3.20	1938-1952 1940-1967	70,000 65,000 10	00.39	3.17 1
130 Stillwater S. D., Minn	1938-1942 1941-1965 1939-1962	70,000 10	0.75 2	.97 1.94 1.15
4389 Souriake Ind. S. D., Tex	1947-1953 1938-1943	r88.000 10	0 4	.50
4051 Swanville S. D., Minn		2,200 - 32,000 - 90,000 10 170,000 11	0.50 _	i
4383 Tawas City, Mich	1938-1953	12,600 55,000		k
4380 Tennessee (State of)	1944-1948 75,8	18,000 867,000 10		.34 t
4222 Theresa S. D. No. 1, N. Y3.40 4381 Tipton, Ind	1938-1977 1			.34 4 .36 p
4223 Toledo City S. D., Ohio	1938-1962 2 10 years	80,000 10: 75,000 100	0 4.	.09 P
3877 Union, Union Sch. Dist. No. 1,				23
4053 Union Township, N. J. 474 4386 Valley Stream, N. Y. 2.80	1942-1950 <i>7</i> 2 1939-1947	59,000 100 29,000 100	0.29	79
4050 Vanceburg, Ky	1938-1947 2	00,000 100 4,600		15 34
4058 Vernon County, Wis 234 163 Victoria, Texas 334	1940 1 1938-1966 1	$01,000 103 \\ 01,000 100$	3.47 1. 0.16 3.	55 30
4051 Waltham, Mass. (2 issues)	1947 74° 1938-1947 19	78,000 101	.28 1.	86
4218 Washington, Ind	1939-1948 1938 1942	5,000 103 40,000 100	.62 1.	86 55
4048 Watsonville, Calif	938-1950	14.000 100	.31 2.	41
153 Webber Township S. D., Ill	938-1942	10,000 12,000 100	1.0	
4390 West Virginia (State of) 2-314 1 4388 West York, Pa 3	938-1952 1,46 938-1947 2	0,000 100 0,000 102	.34 2.8	52 54
4387 Wilkes County, N. C	1960 2	16,000 100 19,000 100 15,000 100	.79 2.9 6.0	95
4049 Will Co. S. D. 86, Ill		5,000 100	.63 2.6	

Page	Name Rate	Maturity	Amount	Price	Basis
4049	Will Co. H. S. D. No. 204, Ill 234	1950-1951	760,000	101.008	2.66
4384	Windsor, Mo3	1938-1947	20,000	100	3.00
	Woodford & Marshall Co. S. D.				
	No. 120, Ill4		15,000		
3880	Woodland, Wis4		45,000	100.55	
	Woodridge, N. J4		45,000	100.09	3.97
4052	Wright County, Mo4	1-20 years	75,000	105.50	
	Yazoo County, Miss4		78,000		
	Yerington, Nev334	1938-1947	10,000		
	Yonkers, N. Y. (3 issues) 3-41/2	1939-1957	880,000	100	
	Tork Township, Wis		26,000	100.28	
	Yorkville, N. Y		15,000	100.24	2.65
11	tal bond sales for June (343 municipaling 402 separate issues)				

d Subject to call in and during the earlier years and to mature in the later year. t Not including \$126,477,700 temporary loans or funds obtained by States and municipalities from agencies of the Federal Government. r Refunding bonds. The following items included in our totals for the previous months should be eliminated from the same. We give the

page	e number of the issue of the eliminations may be for	f our	paper			
Page	Name	Rate	Maturity	Amount	Price	Basis
4380	Antioch, Calif. (May)			\$50,000		

We have also learned of the following additional sales for

Page	pre	vious months:				
4380 Antloch, Calif	Page	Name Ra	te Maturity	Amount	Price	Basis
3872 Aurelia, Iowa (2 issues) 3\(\frac{1}{2} \) 5 3878 Dayville, Ore 6 1939-1954 8,000 100 6.00 4049 Des Moines, Iowa 3 1938-1953 157,323 100 3.00 3878 Edgerton, Ohio 4\(\frac{1}{2} \) 1939-1963 24,500 95 3878 Ironton City S. D., Ohio 3\(\frac{1}{2} \) 1938-1963 83,500 100.82 3.17 3879 Lauderdale County, Tenn 4 1938-1957 7100,000 100 4.00 3878 Mahanoy City S. D., Pa 3\(\frac{1}{2} \) 1938-1965 30,000 100.82 3.17 3878 Manito, Ill 4 26,000 100 3.50 3872 Manito, Ill 4 26,000 100 3.50 3876 Ovid, Romulus and Lodi S. D. 1, N. Y. 2\(\frac{1}{2} \) 1938-1947 48,000 101.69 3.876 Ovid, Romulus and Lodi S. D. 1, N. Y. 2\(\frac{1}{2} \) 1938-1941 13,360 4057 Shenandoah S. D., Pa .(April) 3 1-10 years 40,000 100 3.00 4057 Shenandoah S. D., Pa .(April) 3 1938-1948 18,000 100 3.00 43878 Springfield Rural S. D., Ohio 3\(\frac{1}{2} \) 1938-1948 18,000 100 3.00 4.50 3874 Swift Co. Ind. S. D. 4, Minn 4\(\frac{1}{2} \) 1938-1948 18,000 710,000 100 4.50			4 1956-1957	\$5,000	100.08	3.49
3878 Dayville, Ore	3872	Aurelia, Iowa (2 issues)31/4-5				
4049 Des Moines, Iowa			1939-1954	8,000		
3878 Edgerton, Ohlo	4049	Des Moines, Iowa3	1938-1953	157,323		3.00
3878 Ironton City S. D., Ohlo	3878	Edgerton, Ohio43	1939-1963	24,500		
3879 Lauderdale County, Tenn. 4 1938-1957 7100,000 100 4.00 3878 Mahanoy City S. D., Pa. 314 1937-1966 30,000 100 3.50 3872 Manito, III 4 26,000 100 3.50 3674 Swift Co. Ind. S. D., Iowa 314 1942-1948 3,500 3.50 3876 Ovid, Romulus and Lodi S. D. I, N. Y 214 1938-1941 13,360 40,000 100 3.00 4057 Shenandoah S. D., Pa. (April) 310 years 40,000 100 3.00 4387 Springfield Rural S. D., Ohio (April) 314 1938-1948 18,000 710,000 100 4.50	3878	Ironton City S. D., Ohlo 31	1938-1961	83,500	100.82	
3878 Mahanoy City S. D., Pa. 314 1937-1966 30,000 100 3.50 3872 Manito, Ill 4 26,000 153 Mount Vernon Twp., Ill. (Jan.) 314 1938-1947 48,000 101.69 3.50 3876 Ovid, Romulus and Lodi S. D. 1, N. Y 214 1938-1941 40,000 100 3.00 4057 Shenandoah S. D., Pa. (April) 31-10 years 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 40,				7100,000	100	
3872 Manito, III				30,000	100	3.50
153 Mount Vernon Twp., Ill. (Jan.) 334 1938-1947 48,000 101.69 48,000 101.69 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3,500 3	3872	Manito, Ill.				
4049 Oto Ind. S. D., Iowa 3,4 1942-1948 3,500 3876 Ovid, Romulus and Lodi S. D. 1, N. Y 1938-1941 13,360 4057 Shenandoah S. D., Pa. (April) 40,000 60,000 4387 Springfield Rural S. D., Ohlo (April) 1938-1948 18,000 3874 Swift Co. Ind. S. D. 4, Minn 446 710,000 100 4.50	153	Mount Vernon Twp., Ill. (Jan.)3 14	1938-1947		101.69	
N. Y 234 1938-1941 13.360 4226 Plymouth, Wis 3 1-10 years 40,000 100 3.00 4057 Shenandoah S. D., Pa. (April) 80,000 4000 (April) 314 1938-1948 18,000 710,000 100 4.50	4049	Oto Ind. S. D., Iowa 314	1942-1948	3,500		
4226 Plymouth, Wis	3876					
4226 Plymouth, Wis 3 1-10 years 40,000 100 3.00 4057 Shenandoah S. D., Pa. (April) 80,000 (April) 1938-1948 18,000 710,000 100 4.50		N. Y234				
4057 Shenandoah S. D., Pa. (April) 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80,000 80	4226	Plymouth, Wis3	1-10 years		100	3.00
(April) 3874 Swift Co. Ind. S. D. 4, Minn 436 710,000 100 4.50	4057	Shenandoah S. D., Pa. (April)		80,000		
3874 Swift Co. Ind. S. D. 4, Minn 41/2 710,000 100 4.50	4387	Springfield Rural S. D., Ohio				
3874 Swift Co. Ind. S. D. 4, Minn 41/2 710,000 100 4.50		(April)31/2	1938-1948			
3880 Whatcom County, Wash 47,000 100.31		Swift Co. Ind. S. D. 4, Minn 4 1/2				4.50
	3880	Whateom County, Wash3		47,000	100.31	

All of the above sales (except as indicated) are for May. These additional May issues will make the total sales (not including temporary or RFC and PWA loans) for that month \$51,186,586.

DEBENTURES SOLD BY CANADIAN MUNICIPALITIES IN JUNE

Page	Name	Rate	Maturity	Amount	Price	Basis
164	Annapolis Royal N. S	4	1957	\$12,000	101.78	
4390	Brantford, Ont	316	1-15 years	135,000	100.50	3.42
	Brantford, Ont.		1-5 years	25,289	100.60	3.37
	Bridgewater, N. S.		15-years		101.78	
164				25,000,000		
	Canada (Dominion of)			*25,000,000		
164		314	5-15 years		96.61	
	Drummondville, Que (2 issues)	4	1-30 years		99.45	
	Fabrique Saint Vital, Que			00 000	100	4.00
164	Forest Hill, Ont	214	1-20 years		101.08	3.35
			1-30 years	45,000	98.78	4.10
4000	Grand Mere, Que	914	1938-1957	525,000	99.28	
	Halifax, N. S.		1957	25,000	100.32	3.94
3880	Kentville, N. S.	- 1	1997	60,000	101.20	
4226	Lunenburg, N. S314	-4	1 00			3.82
164	Magog, Que	-3 1/2	1-30 years		96.09	
3880		-3 35	1938-1947	6,079	100	3.50
4226	Paris, Ont		1-15 years	10,000		
3880	Pictou, N. S.			33,000	95.27	
4390	Quebec (Province of)			20,000,000		
4390	Quebec (Province of)	_314	1949	11,000,000		
4226	Saint John, N. B.	_31/2	1-5 years	100,000		2.67
4390	Shawinigan Falls, Que		1-30 years	100,000	99.76	4.02
4226	Summerside, P. E. I		1952	160,000		
164	Verdun, Que		1-30 years	240,000	97.54	4.22
	Westminster Twp., Ont	3 16	1-10 years	10,400	99.67	3.57
4226	Wolfeville, N. S.		20 years			
	Woodstock, Ont		1-15 years	75,000	102.89	3.10

Total long-term Canadian debentures sold in June....\$33,332,163 * Temporary loan; not included in month's total.

RECONSTRUCTION FINANCE CORPORATION

Official Statement on Awards of Municipal Bonds—In connection with the statement given in our issue of July 10, on the high bids received for the various issues of municipal bonds offered for sale by the above Corporation on July 8—V. 145, p. 305—we now give the official report on the definite awards of the majority of the bonds offered. It is stated by Jesse H. Jones, Chairman, that 57 issues of the bonds offered by RFC at public sale on July 8, 1937, have been awarded to the highest bidders. The face amount of the bonds sold was \$3,839,150 and the sale price \$3,880,430.76, a net premium of \$41,280.76, representing an average price of 101.1. The bonds, the successful bidders and the prices paid were: prices paid were:

\$16,000 City Board of Education of the City of Eufaula, Barbour County, Ala., 4% City School District warrants. Ward, Sterne & Co., Birmingham, Ala. \$985.50 per \$1,000.

30,000 School District No. 30 of Benton County, Ark., 4% school bonds, 1935. Walton, Sullivan & Co., Little Rock, Ark. \$952.60 per \$1,000.

69,500 City of Stuttgart, Arkansas County, Ark., 4% street improvement bonds. Walton, Sullivan & Co., Little Rock, Ark. \$925.20 per \$1,000.

28,000 City of Lindsay, County of Tulare, Calif., 4% city hall bonds. Kaiser & Co., San Francisco, Calif. \$1.032.14 per \$1,000. 42,000 City of Lake City, Columbia County, Fla., 4% water revenue bonds. Equitable Securities Corp., New York, N. Y. \$981.30 per \$1,000.

24,000 Special Tax School District No. 1, Orange County, Fla. (sometimes referred to as Orlando Special Tax School District), 4% school building bonds. Leedy, Wheeler & Co., Orlando, Fla. \$961 per \$1,000.

27,000 Special Tax School District No. 12 of Orange County, Fia. (sometimes referred to as Pinecastle Special Tax School District), 4% school building bonds. Leedy, Wheeler & Co., Orlando, Fia. \$922.60 per \$1,000.

7,000 Town of Davisboro, County of Washington, Ga., 4% water works bonds. Trust Co. of Georgia, Atlanta, Georgia & Associates. \$970 per \$1,000.

- \$15,000 Nicholis Consolidated School District, Coffee County, Ga., 4% school house bonds. Trust Co. of Georgia, Atlanta, Georgia & Associates. \$970 per \$1,000.
- 55,000 City of Litchfield, County of Montgomery, Ill., 4% sewerage revenue bonds. Stifel, Nicolaus & Co., Inc., Chicago, Ill. \$1,017.73 per \$1,000.
- 76,000 City of Nashville, Washington County, Ill., 4% water revenue bonds. Lewis, Pickett & Co., Chicago, Ill. \$931.10 per \$1,000. 12,000 Village of Oswego, Kendall County, Ill., 4% water works (revenue) bonds. Stifel, Nicolaus & Co., Inc., Chicago, Ill. \$978.70 per \$1,000.
- 10,500 Incorporated Town of Parkersburg, Butler County, Iowa., 4% sewer revenue bonds. Shaw, McDermott & Sparks, Inc., Des Moines, Iowa., \$1,018.20 per \$1,000.

 18,000 Vine Grove, Hardin County, Ky., 4% water works revenue bonds. Stein Bros. & Boyce, Louisville, Ky., and associates. \$950.40 per \$1,000.
- per \$1,000.

 39,000 Marlette Township Unit School District, Sanilac County, Mich.

 4% general obligation bonds. Wm. R. Stuart, & Co., Chicago, III. \$1,000.65 per \$1,000.

 39,000 Mattawan Consolidated School District No. 7 Fractional, Antwerp Township, Van Buren County, Mich., 4% general obligation bonds. Channer Securities Co., Chicago, III. \$950.70 per \$1,000.

 29,000 Benoit Special Consolidated School District, Bolivar County, Miss., 4% school bonds. Lincoln National Bank, Washington, D. C. \$967.10 per \$1,000.

 24,000 East Tupelo Consolidated School District, Lee County, Miss., 4% school bonds. First National Bank, Memphis, Tenn. \$903.10 per \$1,000.

 16,000 Town of Hernando, De Soto County, Miss., 4% street improve-
- 16,000 Town of Hernando, De Soto County, Miss., 4% street improvement bonds. Federal Securities Co., Inc., Memphis, Tenn. \$1,010.56 per \$1,000.
- 50,500 Pass Christian Separate School District, Harrison County, Miss., 4% school bonds. Whitney National Bank, New Orleans, La. \$1,001 per \$1,000.

 32,000 Ruleville Municipal Separate School District, Sunflower County, Miss., 4% school bonds. James Weir, Washington, D. C. \$996.25 per \$1,000.
- 18,500 The City of Cuba, Crawford County, Mo., 4% sewerage bonds. City National Bank & Trust Co., Kansas City, Mo. \$955 per \$1,000.

- \$1,000.

 17,500 Consolidated District No. 19 of Scott County, Mo., 4% school district bonds, Commerce Trust Co., Kansas City, Mo. \$1,010 per \$1,000.

 29,000 City of Steelville, Crawford County, Mo., 4% water works bonds. City National Bank & Trust Co. \$1,002.68 per \$1,000.

 19,000 City of Willow Springs, Howell County, Mo., 4% water works extension and fire department bonds. City National Bank & Trust Co., Kansas City, Mo. \$982.68 per \$1,000.

 4,250 School District No. 1 of Lewis and Clark County, Mont., 4% school bonds. Union Bank & Trust Co., Helena, Montana. \$1,010 per \$1,000.
- 14,000 The Township of Caldwell, Essex County, N. J., 4% township hall bonds. H. B. Boland & Co., New York, N. Y. \$1,018.95 per \$1,000.
- 107,000 Township of Hillside, Union County, N. J., 4% trunk sewer, bonds, J. S. Rippel & Co., Newark, N. J. \$981.73 per \$1,000.

 760,000 County of Hudson, N. J., 4% hospital bonds of 1934, Phelps, Fenn & Co., New York, N. Y., and associates, \$1,079 per \$1,000.
- 26,000 Village of Deming, Luna County, N. M., 4% gas system revenue bonds, Brown, Schlessman, Owen & Co., Denver, Colo. \$952.76 per \$1,000.
- 135,000 Town of Las Cruces, Dona Ana County, N. M., 4% gas system revenue bonds. Brown, Schlessman, Owen & Co., Denver, Colo. \$952,76 per \$1,000.

 65,000 The City of Buffalo, Eric County, N. Y., 4% general improvement bonds, series C. C. E. Weinig Co., Buffalo, N. Y. \$1.068.6415

- per \$1,000.

 31,000 Village of Watkins Glen, County of Schuyler, N. Y., 4% sewage treatment bonds. Geo. B. Gibbons & Co., Inc., New York, N. Y., and associate, \$1,092 per \$1,000.

 38,000 Town of Wells, Hamilton County, N. Y., 4% water district bonds of 1934. Manufacturers & Traders Trust Co., Buffalo, N. Y. \$1,035.99 per \$1,000.

 80,000 County of Harnett, N. C., 4% school building bonds. R. S. Dickson & Co., Charlotte, N. C. \$963.75 per \$1,000.

 43,000 County of Lee, N. C., 4% school improvement bonds. R. S. Dickson & Co., Charlotte, N. C. \$986.25 per \$1,000.

 93,000 City of Berea, County of Cuyahoga, Ohlo, 4% sewage disposal plant bonds—series No. 1, 1935. Otis & Co., Cleveland, Ohio. \$1,043.35 per \$1,000.

 49,000 The Board of Education of the Mayfield Village School District.
- 49,000 The Board of Education of the Mayfield Village School District, County of Cuyahoga, Ohio, 4% school building bonds. Fox, Einhorn & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio, and associate, \$945.80 per \$1,000.
- 12,500 Village of Union City, County of Darke, Ohio, 4% water works bonds. Saunders, Stiver & Co., Cleveland, Ohio. \$1,067.50

- 12,500 Village of Union City, County of Darke, Ohio, 4% water works bonds. Saunders, Stiver & Co., Cleveland, Ohio. \$1,067.50 per \$1,000.
 19,000 City of Wellston, Jackson County, Ohio, 4% street lighting improvement bonds. Granberry & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio. \$1,035.70 per \$1,000.
 9,900 Catoosa Consolidated School District No. 27, Rogers County, Okla., 4% building bonds of 1934. The Brown-Crummer Co., Wichita, Kan. \$1,031.30 per \$1,000.
 17,500 City of Dewey, Washington County, Okla., 4% sewage disposal plant bonds of 1934. The Brown-Crummer Co., Wichita, Kan. \$971.40 per \$1,000.
 192,500 City of Elk City, County of Beckham, Okla., 4% water works bonds of 1935. C. Edgar Honnold, Oklahoma City, Okla., \$931.10 per \$1,000.
 11,500 Hughes Consolidated School District No. 1, Garvin County, Okla., 4% building bonds of 1935. First National Bank & Trust Co., Oklahoma City, Okla., \$1,040 per \$1,000.
 48,000 The City of Seminole, Seminole County, Okla., 4% municipal building bonds of 1935. First State Bank, Seminole, Okla., \$1,000 per \$1,000.
 510,000 State of Oregon by the Department of Higher Education of the state of Oregon acting through the State Board of Vigitor Figures.
- \$1,000 per \$1,000.

 510,000 State of Oregon by the Department of Higher Education of the State of Oregon, acting through the State Board of Higher Education (Eugene, Ore.), 4% University of Oregon building bonds. Widmann & Holzman, Cincinnati, Ohio, and associates. \$991.10 per \$1,000.

 38,000 State of Oregon by the Department of Higher Education of the State of Oregon, acting through the State Board of Higher Education, 4% Southern Oregon Normal School gymnasium bonds. Blyth & Co., Inc., New York, N. Y. \$976.40 per \$1,000.

 31,000 City of Columbia, Richland County, S. C., 4% public market revenue bonds, C. W. Haynes & Co., Columbia, S. C. \$1,001.40 per \$1,000.

 26,000 Town of Summerton, Clarendon County, S. C., 4% water works revenue bonds, G. H. Crawford Co., Inc., Columbia, S. C. \$961.25 per \$1,000.

 81,000 Berar County Water Control and Improvement District No. 1

- \$961.25 per \$1,000.

 81,000 Berar County Water Control and Improvement District No. 1
 Berar County, Texas, 4% sanitary sewer system serial bonds,
 first series. Dewar, Robertson & Pancoast, San Antonio, Texas,
 and associate. \$1,016.30 per \$1,000.

 99,000 Berar County Water Control and Improvement District No. 3.
 Bexar County, Texas, 4% sanitary sewer system serial bonds,
 first series. Dewar, Robertson & Pancoast, San Antonio, Texas,
 and associate. \$963.30 per \$1,000.

 39,500 Sweetwater Independent School District, County of Nolan, Texas,
 4% school house bonds, series 1935. The Brown-Crummer Investment Co., Dallas, Texas. \$1,002.15 per \$1,000.

- \$11,000 City of Sandy City, County of Salt Lake, Utah, 4% general obligation bonds, series of Feb. 1, 1934. W. G. Goodart, Co., Salt Lake City, Utah. \$1,020 per \$1,000.

 127,000 Arlington County, Arlington, Va., 4% sewer bonds. Phelps, Fenn & Co., New York, N. Y., and associate. \$1,121.40 per \$1,000.

 163,000 The State Teachers College at Harrisonburg, Harrisonburg, Va., 4% dormitory bonds and dormitory bonds, series B. Frederick E. Nolting, Inc., Richmond, Va., and associates. \$976 per \$1,000.

 189,000 City of Tacoma, Plerce County, Wash., 4% water (revenue) bonds of 1935. Goldman, Sachs & Co., New York, N. Y., and associate. \$1,075.50 per \$1,000.

"WE OFFER SUBJECT-

\$15,000 DELAND Imp. 6% Bonds Due-Jan. 1, 1955 Price-5.25 Basis"

Thomas M. Cook & Company Harvey Building WEST PALM BEACH, FLORIDA

News Items

Alaska, Territory of—President Approves Municipal Bond Bill—President Roosevelt has signed a bill to permit municipal corporations in Alaska to issue bonds for improvements sanctioned by at least 65% of the voters participating in an election, according to news advices from Washington. The present law requires approval by 65% of those listed as qualified voters, regardless of whether they vote.

Arkansas—Refinancing Plan Upheld by Supreme Court— The State Supreme Court, in a decision handed down on July 12, denied a motion for rehearing in the suit of W. G. Scougale, local taxpayer, challenging the validity of the proposed highway debt refinancing program, it is reported in Little Rock news advices.

It was stated recently by counsel for intervenors that if the motion was denied, an appeal would be filed in the United States Supreme Court. The validity of the program was sanctioned by the Arkansas Supreme Court in a recent decision, by a count of four to three.

Centennial Commission Bonds Approved—The Supreme Court is said to have also affirmed a lower court decision sustaining the right of the Arkansas Centennial Commission to issue \$300,000 in revenue bonds for park and other recreational projects.

court Rules on Municipal Building Bonds—In an important decision to interpret Amendment No. 13 to the State Constitution, the Supreme Court had previously ruled that this law permits municipalities to issue bonds to erect additions to buildings as well as to finance new construction, according to report. It is said that the decision was returned in a suit brought at the request of the Public Works Administration to determine the right of the City of Little Rock to issue \$25,000 of bonds to build an addition to its public library. library.

Massachusetts.—Legal Investments for Savings Banks.—We publish in full below a list issued by the State Bank Commissioner on July 1 1937, showing the bonds and notes which, in the opinion of the Banking Department, are now legal investments for savings banks in Massachusetts under the provisions of clauses second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, sixth a and seventeenth, of Section 54, Chapter 168, of the General Laws. Clause second, relating to investments in public funds, has been applied only to those counties, cities, towns and districts which appear to have bonds or notes outstanding, and from which debt statements could be obtained. Clause third is the general law relating to railroad bonds. Clause fourth, fifth, sixth and sixth a relate to investments in street railway bonds, telephone company bonds and gas, electric and water company bonds. Clause seventeenth provides that issues which complied with the old law shall continue, under certain conditions, to be legal investments. Investments in bonds or notes of cities, towns and districts mentioned in the list should not be made, the Bank Commissioner says, "without further inquiry, as to both their indebtedness and their valuations for the assessment of taxes, are constantly changing."

The issues added to the list since July 1, 1936, the date the last list was issued (V. 143, p. 622-4), are designated below by means of an asterisk, while those that have been dropped are indicated by being enclosed in brackets. It will be seen that there are numerous changes in the present list, both as regards the municipal securities and the corporate

be seen that there are numerous changes in the present list, both as regards the municipal securities and the corporate obligations now deemed legal.

PUBLIC FUNDS.

(Covering counties, cities, towns and districts which appear to have bonds or notes outstanding, and from which debt statements could be obtained.)

Public funds of the United States or of this Common-wealth, or in the legally authorized bonds of any other State of the United States, but not including a territory, which has not within the twenty years prior to the making of such investment defaulted in the payment of any part of either principal or interest of any legal debt. Bonds or notes of the following counties, cities, towns

and districts in New England:

Connecticut(Conci)
Cities.
New London
Norwich
Putnam
Rockville
Shelton
Stamford
Torrington

Towns.

Torrington

Berlin

Willimantic

Berlin
Bethel
Branford
Canton
Cromwell
*Danbury
Darien
[East Lyme]
*Fairfield
*Greenwich
*Hamden
Madison

Madison Milford

Norfolk

Norwich

*New Canaan New Hartford New Milford

Norwich
Plymouth
*Putnam
[Southington]
South Windsor
[Stamford]
Trumbull
Wallingford
Windsor

Kittery *Millinocket

*Orono *Presque Isle Water Districts.
Augusta
[Brunswick and
Topsham]

Covington, Ky. Cumberland, Md. Dallas, Tex.
Danville, Ill.
Davenport, Iowa
Dayton, Ohio

Berlin Concord Concord
Dover
Franklin
Keene
Laconia
Manchester
Nashua
Portsmouth
Rochester
*Somersworth
Towns. Derry
*Exeter
Hampton
*Haverhill
*Henniker Jaffrey New London *Northumberland Pembroke *Pittsfield Stratford Massachusetts. Hartford
Bonds or notes of Meriden
any county, city, Middletown
town or incorpo-*New Britain
rated district of
the Commonwealth of Mass.

New Hampshire.

Coos Grafton

Hilisborough *Sullivan

Vermont.

Rhode island.

Towns.

Towns.
Barringt n
Bristol
Burriliville
Lincoln
Little Compton
Narragansett
North F Ingstown
Smithfield
South Kingstown
*Tiverton

Connecticut.

Critics.

Cos aties. *Fairfield Hartford

Bristol

Derby Hartford

Barre

Newport Warwick

Towns.

Legally authorized bonds for municipal purposes of the following cities:
Alameda, Calif.
Alientown, Pa.
Alientown, Pa.
Altona, Pa.
Atlanta, Ga.
*Baltimore, Md.
Battle Creek, Mich.
Bay City, Mich.
Bellingham, Wash.
Berkeley, Calif.
Birmingham, Ala.
Bloomington, Ill.
Bridgeport, Conn.
*Butte, Mont.
Canton, Ohio
Cedar Rapids, Iowa
Chester, Pa.
Chicago, Ill.
Cincinnatl, Ohio
*ColoradoSpss.,Col.
*Columbus, Ga.
Council Bluffs, Iowa
Covington, Ky.
Cumberland, Md. following cities: *El Paso, Texas
Erie, Pa.
Evansville, Ind.
Everett, Wash.
*Fort Smith, Ark.
Fort Wayne, Ind.
Fort Worth, Tex.
Fresno, Calif.
Gary, Ind.
Glendale, Calif.
Green Bay, Wis.
Hamilton, Ohio
Hammond, Ind.
Harrisburg, Pa.
Haselton, Pa.
Houston, Tex.
Huntington, W. Va.
Indianapolis, Ind.
Jacksonville, Fla.
Jamestown, N. Y.
Johnstown, Pa.
Joplin, Mo.
a Kaiamazoo, Mich.
Kansas City, Kan.
Kansas City, Kan.
Kansas City, Kan.
Kansas City, Mo.
Kenosha, Wis.
La Crosse, Wis.
*Lakewood, Ohio
Lancaster, Pa.
Lansing, Mich.
*Lexington, Ky.
Lincoin, Neb.
Long Beach, Calif.
Lorain, Ohio
Los Angeles, Calif.
Lousville, Ky.
Lynchburg, Va.
Macon, Ga. Dayton, Ohio
*Decatur, Ill.
Denver, Colo.
Des Moines, Iowa
*Dubuque, Iowa
Duluth, Minn.
E. Cleveland, Ohio
Elgin, Ill.
*Elkhart, Ind.
Elmira, N. Y.

Madison, Wis.
Mansfield, Ohio
*Marlon, Ohio
McKeesport, Pa.
Milwaukee, Wis.
Minneapolis, Minn.
Moline, Ili.
*Muskogee, Okla.
Newark, Ohio
New Castle, Pa.
Newport New; Va.
Norwood, Ohio
Oakland, Calif.
Ogden, Utah
Oklahoma C'y, Okla.
Oshkosh, Wis.
Pasadena, Calif.
Ogden, Utah
Oklahoma C'y, Okla.
Spokane, Wash.
Oklahoma C'y, Okla.
Spokane, Wash.
Oklahoma Ciy, Okla.
Spokane, Wash.
Oklahoma Ciy, Okla.
Spokane, Wash.
Oklahoma Ciy, Okla.
Spokane, Wash.
Oshkosh, Wis.
Pasadena, Calif.
Peoria, Ili.
IPhoenix, Ariz.
IPhtsburgh, Pa.
Portland, Ore.
Providence, R. I.
Quincy, Ill.
Racine, Wis.
Reading, Pa.
Richmond, Ind.
Riverside, Calif.
Spokane, Wash.
Tampa, Fla.
Terre Haute, Ind.
Topeka, Kan.
*Tucson, Ariz.
Tulsa, Okla.
*Tureson, Ariz.
Tulsa, Okla.
*Utlca, N. Y.
Warren, Ohio
Waterloo, Iowa
West Allis, Wis.
Wheeling, W. Va.
Williamsport, Pa.
Williamsport, Pa. RAILROAD BONDS.

ATCHISON TOPEKA & SANTA FE SYSTEM. Chicago Santa Fe & Cal. Ry. 1st 5s, 37] San Francisco & San Joaquin Valley Ry. 1st 5s, 1940

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Atl. Coast Line RR. Ist cons. 4s, 1952
Atl. Coast Line RR. gen. unif. series A
4½s and B 4s of 1964
Atl. Coast Line RR. equip. trust ctfs.
series E 4½s, 1941
*Series F 2¾s, 1952
Atl. Coast Line RR. of So. Caro. 4s, 1948

*Wilm. & New Bern RR4s, 1947.

Atchison Topeka & Santa Fe Ry.— General mortgage 4s, 1995 Trans. Short Line 1st 4s, 1958 Rocky Mountain Div. 1st 4s, 1965

BALTIMORE & OHIO SYSTEM. Baltimore & Ohio RR.—

Ref. & gen. ser. A 5s, 1995
Ref. & gen. ser. B 6s, 1995
Ref. & gen. ser. C 6s, 1995
Ref. & gen. ser. D 5s, 2000
Ref. & gen. ser. E 6s, 2000
Ref. & gen. ser. F 5s, 1996
lst mortgage 4s, 5s, 1948
Southwestern Div. 1st 5s, 1950
Equipment trusts—

Equipment trusts— 1922 (serially) 5s, 1937

Baltimore & Ohio equip. trusts—
1923 (serially) 5s, 1938
Series B (serially) 4½s, 1940
Series C (serially) 4½s, 1941
Series F (serially) 4½s, 1944
*Series I (serially) 4½s, 1944
*Series I (serially) 2½s, 1947
Cleveland Term. & Val. RR. 1st 4s, 1995
[Ohio River RR.]—
[Gen. 5s, 1937]
Pittsburgh Lake Erie & West Virginia
ref. 4s, 1941
West Virginia & Pittsburgh RR. 1st 4s,
1990

BANGOR & AROOSTOOK SYSTEM.

Aroostook Northern RR. 1st 5s, 1947

Bafigor & Aroostook RR. 1st 5s, 1943

Piscataquis Div. 1st 5s, 1943

Van Buren Ex. 1st 5s, 1943

B. & A. RR. cons. ref. 4s, 1951

Conv. cons. ref. 4s, 1951

Conv. cons. ref. 4s, 1951

Ext. 1st 5s, 1939

St. Johns River Ext. 1st 5s, 1939

BOSTON & MAINE SYSTEM.
Connecticut & Passumpsic Rivers RR.—1st 4s, 1943

* CAROLINA CLINCHFIELD & OHIO SYSTEM *Clinchfield RR. equip trust series A (serially) 21/4s, 1952

CENTRAL OF NEW JERSEY SYSTEM

Central RR. of N. J. gen. 4s & 5s, 1987 | *Equip. trust 1926 (serially) 41/4s, 1941

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO SYSTEM.

CHESAPEAKE
Big Sandy Ry. 1st 4s, 1944
Chesapeake & Ohio Ry.—
First consolidated 5s, 1939
Richmond & Alleg Div. 1st 4s, 1989
Gen. mtgc. 4½s, 1992
[Ref. & impt. series A 4½s, 1933]
Ref. & impt. series C 4½s, 1996
Ref. and impt. series D 3½s, 1996
*Series E 3½s, 1996
*Equipment truste—

*Series E 3/25, 1930 Equipment trusts— [Series T (serially) 5½s, 1937] Series U (serially) 5s, 1938 Series W (serially) 4½s, 1940 *Series of 1936 (serially) 2½s, 1947 *Series of 1937 (serially) 2s, 1947 1946

& OHIO SYSTEM.

[Ches. & Ohio North. Ry. 1st 5s, '45]
Coal River Ry. 1st 4s, 1945
Columbus & Hocking Val. RR. 1st 4s, '48
Columbus & Toledo RR. 1st 4s, 1955
Craig Valley Branch 1st 5s, 1940
Greenbrier Ry. 1st 4s, 1940
*Hocking Valley Ry. 1st 5s, 1940
Hocking Valley Ry. 1st 5s, 1940
Hocking Valley Ry. equip. trust series
1923 and 1924, 5s, 1938-39
Kanawha Bridge & Term. Co. 1st 5s, '48
Paint Creek Branch 1st 4s, 1945
Potts Creek Branch 1st 4s, 1945
Richmond & Alleghany Div. 2d 4s, 1989
[Virginia Air Line Ry. 1st 5s, 1952]
Warm Springs Valley Branch 1st 5s, 1941

CHICAGO BURLINGTON & QUINCY SYSTEM

Chicago Burlington & Quincy RR.— General 4s, 1958 1st & ref. series A 5s, 1971 lst & ref. series B 4½s, 1977 Illinois Div. mortgage 3½s, 1949 Mortgage 4s, 1949 Equip. trust, series of 1936 (ser.) 2½s,'46

DELAWARE LACKAWANNA & WESTERN SYSTEM. Morris & Essex RR. 1st refunding 31/2s, N. Y. Lackawanna & Western Ry 2000 1st & ref. A & B 4s & 41/2s, 1973

ELGIN JOLIET & EASTERN SYSTEM.
Elgin Joliet & Eastern Ry. 1st 5s, 1941 | *Equip. trust, 1937 (ser.) 21/2s, 1952

GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM. FHERN SYSTEM.

Eastern Ry. of Minnesota, Northern Division 4s, 1948

[Montana Central Ry. 1st 5s, 6s, 1937]

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry. 1st 6s, 1939

St. Paul Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry.—

[Cons. mtge. ext. 5s, 1943]

[Montana extension 4s, 1937]

Pacific extension 4s, 1937]

Pacific extension 4s, 1937

Western Fruit Express Co.—

Equip. trust ctfs. ser. D (ser.) 4½s, '44

Equip. trust ctfs. ser. E (ser.) 4½s, '45 GREAT NORT

Great Northern Ry.—

Gen. ser. B 5½s, 1952

Gen. ser. C 5s, 1973

Gen. ser. D 4½s, 1976

Gen. ser. E 4½s, 1977

1st & ref. 4½s, 1961

Gen. mtge. ser. G conv. 4s, 1946

Gen. mtge. ser. G conv. 4s, 1946

*Gen. mtge. ser. H conv. 4s, 1946

*Gen. mtge. ser. I 3½s, 1967

Equip. trust ctfs. ser. B (ser.) 5s, 1938

Series C (serially) 4½s, 1939

*Series E (serially) 2s, 1947

ILLINOIS CENTRAL SYSTEM. Chic. St. L. & N. O. RR. cons. 31/s, 1951 Illinois Central RR.— Sterling extended 4s, 1951 Gold extended 31/s, 1950

Gold extended 3½s, 1950 Sterling 3s, 1951 Gold 4s, 1951 Gold 3½s, 1951 Springfield Div. 1st 3½s, 1951 Actualing 4s, 1955 Refunding 5s, 1955 Cairo Bridge 1st 4s, 1950 St. Louis Div. 1st 3½s, 1951 St. Louis Div. 1st 3½s, 1951 Purchased lines 1st 3½s, 1951

RAL SYSTEM.

Western Lines 1st 4s, 1951
Louisville Div. 1st 3½s, 1953
Omaha Div. 1st 3s, 1951
Litchfield Div. 1st 3s, 1951
Litchfield Div. 1st 3s, 1951
Collateral trust 3½s, 1950
Collateral trust 4s, 1952
FEquip. trust ctfs. ser. H 5½s, 1937
Equip. trust ctfs. ser. I 4½s, 1937
Equip. trust ctfs. ser. K 4½s, 1939
Equip. trust ctfs. ser. K 4½s, 1940
Equip. trust ctfs. ser. N 4½s, 1941
Equip. trust ctfs. ser. O 4½s, 1942
\$Equip. trust ctfs. ser. P 4½s, 1944
*Equip. trust ctfs. ser. R 3s, 1952

LEHIGH VALLEY SYSTEM. Lehigh Valley RR. 1st 4s, 1948 General cons. 4s, 41₂s 5s of 2003 Cons. annuity 4½s & 6s irredee Lehigh Valley Ry. 1st 41/48, 1940 emable

LONG ISLAND SYSTEM. Montauk Extension RR. 1st 5s, 1945 N. Y. Bay Extension RR. 1st 5s, 1943 Equip. trust ser. E (ser.) 5s, 1938 Equip. trust ser. F (ser.) 5s, 1939 Equip. trust ser. G (ser.) 5s, 1940 Equip. trust ser. I (ser.) 4½s, 1942 Equip. trust ser. J (ser.) 4½s, 1945

Long Island RR.—
Gen. mtge. 4s, 1938
Unified mtge. 4s, 1949
Ref. mtge. 4s, 1949
Brooklyn & Montauk RR. second (now lat) 5s, 1938
[Long Island City & Flushing RR. cons. 5s, 1937]

LOUISVILLE & Nashville RR.—
Unified 4s, 1940
[Ist 5s, 1937]
Ist & ref. 3¾s, 4s, 4½s & 5s, 2003
Equip. trust ctfs. ser. E 4½s, 1937
Equip. trust ctfs. ser. F 5s. 1938
*Equip. trust ctfs. ser. G 2½s, 1952
[St. Louis Div. 1st 6s, 1971]
Mobile & Montgomery 4½s, 1945

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE SYSTEM. Nashville System.

Nashville Florence & Sheffield Ry. 1st
5s, 1937

[So. & No. Ala. RR. 1st cons. 5s, 1936]
So. & No. Ala. RR. gen. cons. 5s, 1963
Lexington & East Ry. 1st 5s, 1963
Lexington & East Ry. 1st 5s, 1965
Paducah & Mem. Div 1st 4s, 1946
*St. Louis Div. 2nd (now 1st) 3s, 1980
Atl. Knox. & Cin. Div. 4s, 1955

MAINE CENTRAL SYSTEM. Portland & Rumford Falls Ry. 1st 5s European & No. Amer. 1st 5s, 1958

MICHIGAN CENTRAL SYSTEM.

Michigan Central RR. 1st 3½8, 1952 Michigan Central-Michigan Air Line RR. 1st 48, 1940 Michigan Central-Kalamazoo & South Haven RR. 1st 5s, 1939 §

Michigan Central-Jackson-Lansing & Saginaw RR. 1st 3½s, 1951 Michigan Central-Joliet & Northern Indi-ana RR. 1st 4s, 1957 §

NEW YORK CENTRAL SYSTEM

NEW YORK CEN

N. Y. C. & Hudson River RR.—

Debenture 4s, 1942
Consolidation 4s, 1998
Ref. & impt. 4s, 1998
Ref. & impt. 6s, series B, 2013
Ref. & impt. 6s, series B, 2013
Ref. & impt. 6s, series C, 2013
Mortgage 3½s, 1997
Equip. tr. ctfs. 4½s (serial), 1944
2d equip. tr. ctfs. 4½s (serial), 1944
2d equip. trust, 1929 4½s (serially) 1945
*Equip. trust 1929 (serially) 5s, 1937
Equip. trust 1922 (serially) 4½s, 1937
Equip. trust 1922 (serially) 5s, 1938
Equip. trust 1923 (serially) 5s, 1938
Equip. trust 1924 (serially) 5s, 1939
Equip. trust 1924 (serially) 4½s, 1940
S. D. & Pt. M. RR. 1st 3½s, 1959
Lake Shore coll. 3½s, 1998
Boston & Albany RR.—

Ref. 3½s, 1952
Term. 3½s, 1951
Impt. 4½s, 1937
Impt. 4½s, 1937
Impt. 5s, 1932
Impt. 5s, 1942

NASHVILLE CHATTANOOC

Beech Creek RR. 1st 4s, 19365] Carthage & Adirondack Ry. 1st 4s, 1981 Chicago Indiana & So. RR. 4s, 1956 Cleveland Short Line Ry. 1st 4\(\frac{1}{2}\)st 1961 Gouverneur & Oswegatchie RR. 1st 5s 1942 Jamestown Franklin & Clearfield RR. 1st 4s, 1959
Ind. Ill. & Iowa RR. 1st 4s, 1950
Kalamazoo Allegan & Grand Rapids RR. 1st 5s, 1938
Kalamazoo & White Pigeon RR.—
1st 5s, 1938
Kalamazoo & White Pigeon RR.—
1st 5s, 1948
Lake Shore & Mich. Southern Ry.—
First general 3½s, 1997
Mohawk & Malone Ry 1st 4s, 1991
Consol 3½s, 2002
N. Y. & Harlem RR. mtge. 3½s, 2000
N. Y. & Putnam RR. 1st cons. 4s, 1993
Sturgis Goshen & St. L. Ry. 1st 3s, 1989
Toledo & Ohlo Ry. ref. & impt. ser. A
3½s, 1960

NASHVILLE CHATTANOOGA & ST. LOUIS SYSTEM. Nashville Chattanooga & St. Louis Ry. equip. trust ctfs. series B 41/4s, 1937
*Series C (serially) 21/4s, 1952

NEW YORK NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD SYSTEM

Boston & Providence RR. plain 5s, 1938
Holyoke & Westfield RR. 1st 4½s, 1951
Norwich & Worcester RR. 1st 4½s, 1947
[Old Colony RR. (Concluded)]—
[Ist series B 5s, 1945]
Ist series C 4½s, 1950
[Ist series D 6s, 1952]
[Ist series B 5s, 1944]

[Ist series B 5s, 1945]
Ist series C 6s, 1953
[Ist series B 6s, 1953]

NORFOLK & WESTERN SYSTEM.

Scioto Valley & New England RR. 18 Norfolk & West. Ry. consol. 4s, 1996

NORTHERN PACIFIC SYSTEM.

Northern Pacific Ry.—
Ref. and imp. series A, 434s, 2047
Ref. and imp. series B 6s, 2047
Ref. and imp. series C 5s, 2047
Ref. and imp. series D 5s, 2047
Prior lien 4s, 1997

Norther Pacific Ry. (Concluded)—
General lien 3s, 2047
St. Paul-Duluth Division 4s, 1996
Equip. tr. ctf. of1925 (serially) 4 1/45, 4
*Series of 1936 (serially) 2 1/45, 1946
*Series of 1937 (serially) 2 1/45, 1947
St. Paul & Duluth RR. consol. 4s, 1968

PERE MARQUETTE SYSTEM.

Pere Marquette Ry.— lat series A 5s, 1956 *Series of 1936 (serially) 21/4s, 1946 *Series of 1937 (serially) 23/4s, 1947

lst series B 4s, 1956 lst series C 4½s, 1980 Equip. trust ser. A (ser.) 4½s, 1942

PHILADELPHIA BALTIMORE & WASHINGTON SYSTEM. Phila. Balt. & Wash. RR. 4s, 1943 General series A 4s, 1960 General series B 5s, 1974 General series C 41/s, 1977

Phila. Balt. & Wash. (Concluded)— General series D 4½s, 1981 Col. & Port Deposit Ry. 1st 4s, 1940 Phila. Balt. Cent. RR. 1st 4s, 1951

PENNSYLVANIA SYSTEM.

ANIA SYSTEM.

[Delaware River RR. & Br. Co.]—
[1st 4s, 1936\$]
Delaware RR. 1st series A 4s, 1982
Erie & Pittsburgh RR. gen. 3½s, 1940\$
Hollidaysburg Bedford & Cumberland
RR. 1st 4s, 1951
Harrisburg Portsmouth Mt. Joy & Lancster RR. 1st 4s, 1943
Grand Rapids & Indiana RR.—
1st ext. 4½s, 1941.
Monongahela Ry. cons. Series A 1st 4s, 1960
Pittsburgh Youngstown & Ashtabula Ry. general series D, 4½s, 1977
Pittsburgh, Virginia & Charleston Ry. 1st 4s, 1943
Sunbury Hazleton & Wilkes-Barre Ry.—
2d 6s, 1938
United N. J. RR. & Canal Co.—
General 4s, 1944
General 4s, 1948
General 4½s, 1973
General 4½s, 1973
General 4½s, 1973
General 4½s, 1979 PENNSYLVA

Pennsylvania RR.—
Consolidated 4s, 1943
General 5s, 1968
General 6s, 1970
General 6s, 1970
General series C 33/s, 1970
Consolidated 3/ss, 1945
Consolidated 3/ss, 1945
Consolidated 4/s, 1948
Consolidated 4/s, 1960
General 4/s, 1981
General series E 4/s, 1984
Equip. trust ser. A (ser.) 5s, 1938
Equip. trust ser. B (ser.) 5s, 1939
Equip. trust ser. C (ser.) 4/s, 1939
Equip. trust ser. G (ser.) 23/s, 1950
*Equip. trust ser. G (ser.) 23/s, 1950
*Equip. trust ser. H (ser.) 23/s, 1952
Allegheny Valley Ry. gen. 4s, 1942
Cambria & Clearfield RR. 1st 5s, 1941
Cambria & Clearfield Ry. gen 4s, 1955
Cleveland & Pittsburgh RR.—
General 3/ss, 1942
General 3/ss, 1942
General 3/ss, 1948
General 3/ss, 1948
General 3/ss, 1948

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS SYSTEM.

Pitts. Cinc. Chic. & St. Louis RR.—
General series A 5s, 1970
General series B, 1975
General series C 4½s, 1977
General series C 5s, 1981
Pitts. Cinc. Chic. & St. Louis Ry.—
Consol. gold series A 4½s, 1940
Consol. gold series B 4½s, 1942
Consol. gold series B 4½s, 1942
Consol. gold series D 4s, 1945

Pitts. Cinc. Chic & St. L. Ry. (Conc.)—
Consol. gold series E 3½s, 1949
Consol. gold series F 4s, 1953
Consol. gold series G 4s, 1957
Consol. gold series G 4s, 1960
Consol. gold series H 4s, 1960
Consol. gold series I 4½s, 1963
Consol. gold series J 4½s, 1964
Vandalia RR.—Consol. series A 4s, 1955
Consol. series B 4s, 1957

READING SYSTEM.

New York Short Line RR. 1st 4s, 1957 Norristown & Main Line Con't'ng RR.— 1st 4s, 1952. Phila. & Frankford RR. 1st 41/s, 1952 Phila. & Reading RR. imp. 4s, 1947 [Phila. & Reading Ist ext. 41/s, 1943] Phila. & Reading Ist ext. 41/s, 1943 Reading Belt RR. 1st 4s, 1950

Reading Co. equip. tr. ser M 4½s, 1945 Equip. trust series N 5s, 1938 Gen. & ref. series A 4½s, 1997 Gen & ref. series B 4½s, 1997 *Gen. & ref. series C 3½s, 1962 Schuyikill & Lehigh RR. 1st 4s, 1948 Shamokin, Sunbury & Lewisburg RR.— 1st 4s, 1975. 2d 5s, 1945

SOUTHERN PACIFIC SYSTEM.

Southern Pacific RR. 1st ref. 4s, 1955 1st consol. 5s, 1937 Southern Pacific Co.— Oregon Lines 1st M. ser. A 4½s, 1977 Equip. trust ser. K (ser.) 4½s, 1943 Equip. trust ser. L (ser.) 4½s, 1944 Equip. trust ser. M (ser.) 4½s, 1945

*Equip. trust ser. N 2½8, 1951 *Equip. trust ser. O 2½8, 1952 Northern Ry. 1st 5s, 1938 Central Pacific Ry. 1st ref. 4s, 1949 Central Pacific Ry. Through Short Line 1st 4s, 1954 [So. Pacific Branch Ry, 1st 6s, 1937]

SOUTHERN RAILWAY SYSTEM.

Southern Ry. 1st cons. mtge. 5s, 1994
Southern Ry., Memphis Div. 1st 5s, 1996
Southern Ry., St. Louis Div. 1st 4s, 1951
Southern Ry. East Tenn. reorg. 5s, 1938
[Southern Ry. Equip. trust]—
[Series W (serially) 5½s, 1937]

Series BB (serially) 4½s, 1943
Series CC (serially) 4½s, 1944

UNION PACIFIC SYSTEM.

Union Pacific RR. 1st mtge 4s, 1947 1st lien and ref. 4s, 2008 1st lien & ref. 5s, 2008

Oreson Short Line RR.—
Ist and consolidated 4s, 1960
Consolidated ist 5s, 1946
Guaranteed consol. ist 5s, 1946
Income A 5s, 1946

VIRGINIAN SYSTEM.

Virginian Ry.— Equip. trust ser. D (ser.) 5s, 1938

Equip. trust ser. E (ser.) 41/2s, 1940 1st lien & ref. ser. A 33/4s, 1966

MISCELLANEOUS.

Boston Terminal Co. 1st 3½s, 1947a 1st mtge. 4s, 1950a Boston Revere Beach & Lynn RR.]— [1st 4½s, 1947] [General 6s, 1938]

New London Northern RR. 1st 4s, 1940 New York & New England RR.— Boston Terminal 1st 4s, 1939a

† Only those not stamped subordinate. ‡ Continued on legal list under provisions of General Laws, Chapter 168, Section 54, Clause 17. a Legalized by special Act of General Court.

STREET RAILWAY BONDS.

Boston Elevated Ry. Co. [Debenture 3s, 1937] [Debenture 5s, 1937] Debenture 4½s, 1949 Plain 4½s, 1947 Plain 4½s, 1941 Plain 5s, 1942 [Plain 5s, 1940]

Boston Elevated Ry. Co. (Concluded)— Piain 6s, 1971 Plain 6s, 1972 West End Street Ry. Co.— [Debenture 5s, 1936] Debenture 5s, 1944 Debenture 7s, 1947

TELEPHONE COMPANY BONDS.

[Collateral trust 5s, 1946]
Bell Telephone Co. of Pa.—

1st & ref. mtge. ser. B 5s, 1948
1st & ref. mtge. ser. C 5s, 1960
New England Tel. & Tel. Co.—
1st mtge. gold ser. A 5s, 1952
1st mtge. gold ser B 4½s, 1961
N. Y. Telephone Co.—
1st & gen. mtge. 4½s, 1939

C. A. Telephone Co.—
1st & gen. mtge. 4½s, 1939

GAS, ELECTRIC AND WATER COMPANY BONDS.

(Massachusetts Companies.)

OTHER GAS & ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY BONDS.

*ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC CO.

*General mortgage 31/4s, 1964

BANGOR HYDRO-ELECTRIC CO.

[1st lien & ref. mtge. 5s, 1955] [1st lien & ref. mtge. 41/2s, 1960]

BROOKLYN BOROUGH GAS CO.

1st mtge. gold 5s, 1938

BROOKLYN UNION GAS CO 1st cons. mtge. 5s, 1945 1st lien & ref. mtge. gold, ser. A 6s, 1947

BROOKLYN EDISON CO., INC.

Edison Elec. Ill. Co. of Brooklyn 1st Brooklyn Edison Co., Inc.-cons. mtge. 4s, 1939

Kings County Elec. Lt. & Pr. Co. 1st mtge. 5s, 1937

BUFFALO NIAGARA ELECTRIC CORPORATION

Buffalo Gen. Elec. Co. 1st mtge. 5s, 1939 Euff. Gen. El. Co. 1st & ref. M. 5s, '39 Gen. & ref. mtge. gold ser. A 5s, 1956

CENTRAL HUDSON GAS & ELECTRIC CORP.

1st & ref. mtge. 31/2s, 1965

CENTRAL MAINE POWER CO.

lst mtge. 5s, 1939 [lst & gen. mtge. ser. E 41/s, 1957] 1st & gen. mtge. ser. G 4s, 1960 1*1st & gen. mtge. 3½s, 1966

CENTRAL VERMONT PUBLIC SERVICE CORP.

[lst & ref. mtge. series A 5s, 1959]
[Rutland Ry. Lt. & Power Corp. 1st mtge. (series B) 31/s, 1966 mtge. 5s, 1946]

CLEVELAND ELECTRIC ILLUMINATING CO.

*1st mtge. gold 3¾s, 1965 [Series A and B gen. mtge. 5s, 1954 and 1961]

CONNECTICUT LIGHT & POWER CO.

Connecticut Light & Power Co.—
lst & ref. mtge. ser. A 7s, 1951
[1st & ref. mtge. ser. C 4 1/4s, 1956]
[1st & ref. mtge. ser. D 5s, 1962]

GHT & POWER CO.

Connecticut Light & Power Co.—

*lst & ref. mtge. ser. E 33/s, 1965

*lst & ref. mtge. s. f., ser. F 33/s, 1966

*lst & ref. mtge. s. f., ser. G 33/s, 1966

[Waterbury Gas & Light Co. 1st mtge.

gold 43/s, 1958]

CONNECTICUT RIVER POWER CO.

1st mtge. s. f. gold series A 33/4s, 1961

CONSOLIDATED GAS, ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER CO. OF BALTIMORE Consol. Gas Co. of Baltimore City— Cons. 1st mtge. 5s, 1939 Gen. mtge. 4½s, 1954

CONSOLIDATED EDISON COMPANY OF NEW YORK, INC.

*The N. Y. Gas & El: Lt., Heat & Pow.—

*Ist mortgage gold 5s, 1945

*Purchase money gold 4s, 1949

*The New York Edison Co., Inc.—

Ist lien & ref. mtge. (ser. D) 3½s, 1965

1st lien & ref. mtge. (ser. E) 3½s, 1966

CONSUMERS POWER CO. Consumers Power Co.—
1st lien & unif. mtge. gold series 1934
(now 1st mtge.) 4s, 1944
1st lien & unif. mtge. series 1935 (now
1st mtge.) 3¾s, 1965

lst lien & unif. mtge. series 1935 (now lst mtge.) 3½s, 1965
*1st mtge. series 1936 4½s, 1966
*1st mtge. series 1936 3½s, 1970
[Jackson Gas Co. 1st mtge. 5s, 1937

CUMBERLAND COUNTY POWER & LIGHT CO. 1st mtge. 4s, 1960

[1st mtge. (ser. A) 4½s, 1956] *1st mtge. 3½s, 1966 THE DETROIT EDISON CO.

THE DETROIT EDISON CO.

[The Detroit Edison Co. gen. & ref. mtge. gold (ser. E) 5s, 1962]

The Detroit Edison Co. gen. & ref. mtge. gold (ser. E) 4s, 1965

The Detroit Edison Co. gen. & ref. mtge. gold (ser. F) 4s, 1965

*Gen. & ref. mtge. gold (ser. F) 4s, 1965

*Gen. & ref. mtge. gold (ser. G) 3½s'66

[DUQUESNE LIGHT CO.]
[1st mtge. gold (scries B) 3½s, 1965]
[Duquesne Light Co. 1st mtge. gold (ser. B) 4½s, 1957]

EMPIRE DISTRICT ELECTRIC CO.

Empire District Electric Co.— 1st mtge. & ref. 5s, 1952 Osark Power & Water Co.— 1st mtge. 5s, 1952 EMPIRE GAS & ELECTRIC CO.

Empire Gas & Electric Co.—
Gen. & ref. mtge. gold (ser. A) 6s, 1952

Empire Gas & Elec. Co. and Empire Coke
Co. joint 1st & ref. mtge. gold 5s, 1941 GREEN MOUNTAIN POWER CORP.

Burlington Gas Light Co.— 1st mtge. 5s, 1955 Green Mountain Power Corp. 1st mtge 5s, 1948

INDIANA GENERAL SERVICE CO. 1st mtge. 5s, 1948

INDIANAPOLIS POWER & LIGHT CO. Indianapolis Power & Light Co. 1st mtge. gold (ser. A) 5s, 1957

JERSEY CENTRAL POWER & LIGHT CO.

rsey Central Power & Light Co.— 1st mtge. & ref. gold (ser. B) 5s, 1947 | Jersey Central Power & Light Co.— 1st mtge. & ref. gold (ser. C) 4 1/5s, 1961

[KANSAS CITY POWER & LIGHT CO.] [1st mtge. 41/s, 1961]

KINGS COUNTY LIGHTING CO. 1st refunding mtge. 5s, 1954 1st refunding mtge. 61/s, 1954 LAKE SUPERIOR DISTRICT POWER CO.

[1st mtge. & ref. 5s, 1956]
*1st mtge. series A 3 1/2s, 1966

[LONG ISLAND LIGHTING CO.]

[1st mtge. 5s, 1936] *MARION RESERVE POWER CO.

*1st mtge. 41/2s, 1952 METROPOLITAN EDISON CO.

York Haven Water & Power Co. 1st mtge. gold 5s, 1951 1st mtge. series G 4s, 1965 NARRANGANSETT ELECTRIC CO.

*1st mtge. series A 31/2s, 1966

NEW JERSEY POWER & LIGHT CO.

1st mtge. 41/2s, 1960

[NEW YORK EDISON CO.]
[New York Elec. Lt., Ht. & Pr. Co.]—
[1st mtge. 5s, 1948]
[Purchase money mtge. 4s, 1949]
[Series D 3 [1st lien & ref. mtge.]— [Series A 61/4s, 1941] [Series D 31/4s, 1965] NEW YORK & QUEENS ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.

1st & consol. mtge. 31/2s, 1965 NEW YORK STATE ELECTRIC & GAS CORP

N. Y. State Elec. & Gas Corp. 1st mtge. | *N. Y. State Gas & Elec. Corp. 1st mtge. 4s, 1965 [51/4s, 1962]

*NIAGARA FALLS POWER CO.

NIAGARA, LOCKPORT & ONTARIO POWER CO. 1st mtge. & ref. 5s, 1955 Salmon River Power Co. 1st 5s, 1952 | Western N. Y. Util. Co. 1st 5s, 1946

NORTHERN PENNSYLVANIA POWER CO.

Northern Penn. Pr. Co. 1st & ref. mtge. Northern Penn. Pr. Co. 1st & ref. mtge. gold (ser. A) 5s, 1956

PACIFIC GAS & ELECTRIC CO.

1st & ref. mtge. ser. H 3¾s, 1961 *1st & ref. mtge. series I 3¾s, 1966 [Gen. & ref. mtge. 5s, 1942] lst & ref. mtge. ser. B 6s, 1941 1st & ref. mtge. ser. G 4s, 1964

476		Financial	Chronicle		17, 1937
PENNSYLVA Penn Public Service Corp. 1st & mtge. gold (ser. C) 6s, 1947 Penn Public Service Corp. 1st & mtge. gold (ser. D) 5s, 1954	NIA ELECTRIC CO. ref. *1st & ref. mtge. gold (ser. F) 4s, 1971 ref. mtge. gold	Municipalities	Number 4 No information 3 Disqualified	Amounts (Approx.) 3,906,607 15,199,185
PENNSYL Penn. Power Co. 1st mtge. gold 5s,	VANIA POWER CO.]		Railroad issues	18 Called	\$19,105,792 66,639,717 251,055,700
1st & ref. mtge. series D 4s, 1961 1st consol. mtge. gold 6s, 1943	*Refunding mtge. gold	5s, 1947	Public utility issues: Gas and electric	1 Matured	\$317,695,417 466,409,500 1,823,000 20,584,500
Philadelphia Suburban Counties Ga *1st & refunding mortgage 3⅓s, 1967	And the Control of th	e. g. 434s, 1957]	Telephone	2 No information 1 Disqualified 1 Called 2 Matured	20,584,500 1,600,000 47,070,500 38,598,000
POTOMAC EI General & refunding (series B) 6s, 1 *1st mtge. 3\(\)s, 1966	ECTRIC POWER CO. 953]		Total removals		
PUBLIC SERVICE (Public Service Co. of N. H.— lat & ref. ser. C 31/4s, 1960	lst & ref. ser. D 3½s, *lst & ref. ser. E 3½ *lst & ref. ser. E 3½	1960 6s. 1961		ditions	
QUEENS BOROUG General mtge. 5s., 1952 [Refunding mtge. 5s., 1955]	ERefunding mtge. 4 1/28,		Municipalities— Manchester, ConnSouth Orange and Maplewood Scho Nanticoke School District, Pa Tamaqua School District, Pa Washington School District, Pa Dubuque, Iowa Dubuque Industrial School District * Buchanan County (St. Joseph), M * Galveston County (Galveston), Te * Harris County (Houston), Texas	ol District, N. J	\$2,839,000 4,509,000 427,000 377,000
General mtge. gold (series E) 5s, 1962		, 1960	Washington School District, Pa Gary, Ind	, Iowa	1,232,000 $2,262,296$ $1,692,063$ $738,000$
1st mtge 5s, 1938	OATED GAS & ELECTRIC	co.	 Buchanan County (St. Joseph), M Galveston County (Galveston), Te Harris County (Houston), Texas 	loexas	1,734,235 2,171,700 13,775,000
1st mtge. (4% series) 4s, 1965	COTRIC & POWER CO.		* Unlimited tax obligations only. Railroads—		Amounts
Pacific Light & Power Co	1st & ref. mige. (series I LIFORNIA EDISON CO. So. Calif. Edison Co.—		Alabama Great Southern RR. Co.: due to April 15, 1952 Atlantic Coast Line RR. Co.: Equi to April 1, 1952 Bessemer & Lake Eric RR. Co.: Eq due to March 1, 1947 Chesepeake & Ohio Ry. Co.:	Equipment trust 21/s, H, ipment trust 21/s, F, due uipment trust 21/s, 1937.	
1st mtge. 5s, 1942	Ref. mtge. gold 31/s, Ref. mtge. gold (ser. 1 1st & ref. mtge. gold (B) 33/s, 1960 is, 1960			
[Southern Indiana Gas & Elec. Co. 1	NA GAS & ELECTRIC CO st mtge. gold 51/s, 1957] IGHTING CO., INC.		%s, July 15, 1937 1 %s, July 15, 1938 1 %s, July 15, 1939 1 %s, July 15, 1940		1,530,000 1,530,000 1,530,000
[Syracuse Gas Co. 1st 5s, 1946]	[Syracuse Lighting Co. [1st and ref. mtge. go	1d 516a 10547	Serial notes: \$\frac{4}{8}\\$, July 15, 1937. 1\frac{4}{8}\\$, July 15, 1938. 1\frac{4}{8}\\$, July 15, 1939. 1\frac{4}{8}\\$, July 15, 1940. 2\frac{4}{8}\\$, July 15, 1941. 2\frac{4}{8}\\$, July 15, 1942. 2\frac{4}{8}\\$, July 15, 1943. 2\frac{4}{8}\\$, July 15, 1944. 2\frac{4}{8}\\$, July 15, 1944. 2\frac{4}{8}\\$, July 15, 1946. Equipment trust 2\frac{8}{8}\\$, July 15, 1946. Equipment trust 2\frac{8}{8}\\$, Idea to Molicago Union Station Co., guar. 3\frac{3}{8}\\$, Clincinnati New Orleans & Texas Patrust 2\frac{4}{8}\\$, H, due to April 15, 1980. Clinchfield RR., equip. trust 2\frac{1}{8}\\$, A Great Northern Ry. Co.: General 3\frac{1}{8}\\$, 1967, series I. Equipment trust 2\frac{8}{8}\\$, E, due to Ma Kansas City Southern Ry. Co., equ		1,530,000 1,530,000 1,530,000 1,530,000 1,530,000 1,530,000
Toledo Edison Co. 1st mtge gold 5s, 19	O EDISON CO. 62 AS & ELECTRIC CO.		2 %s, July 15, 1946 Equipment trust 2s, 1937, due to M Chicago Union Station Co., guar. 3	arch 1, 1947	1,530,000 1,530,000 4,000,000 7,000,000
[1st and ref. 5s, 1953] (UNION ELECTRIC	1st lien & ref. ser. A. 53	(0.)	Cincinnati New Orleans & Texas Pa trust 2½s, H, due to April 15, 198 Clinchfield RR., equip. trust 2½s, A Great Northern Ry. Co.:	52A, due to March 1, 1952	6,810,000 1,815,000
General mtge. gold 4½s, 1957 General mtge. gold 5s, 1957 WEST PEN	Gen. mtge. gold series A	56, 1954	General 3 1/4s, 1967, series I. Equipment trust 2s, E. due to Ma Kansas City Southern Ry. Co., eq to Jan. 1, 1952. Louisville & Nashville RR. Co.:	arch 1, 1947 uipment trust 3s, F, due	50,000,000 4,650,000 3,195,000
West Penn Power Co.— 1st mtge. gold (series E) 5s, 1963 WISCONSIN G. 1st mtge. 3½s, 1966	1st mtge. gold (series 1 1st mtge. gold (ser. I) AS & ELECTRIC CO.	H) 4s, 1961 3½s, 1966	First & refunding 3 1/4s, 2003, serie Equipment trust 2 1/4s, G, due to Missouri-Kansas-Texas RR, Co., eq	March 1, 1952 uipment trust 214s, 1937.	25,788,000 4,950,000
	CHIGAN POWER CO. ref. Wisconsin Mich. Pow gold 4½s, 1961 *lst mtge. 3½s, 1961		due to Feb. 15, 1952 Nashville Chattanooga & St. Louis 2½8, C, due to March 1, 1952 New York Central RR. Co.: 15-year sec. 3½8, 1952 Equipment trust 2¾8, 1937, due t	o March 15 1059	40,032,700
WISCONSIN Polit mtge. (series A) 4s, 1966	OWER & LIGHT CO.		Equipment trust 21/4s, due to July Equipment trust 21/4s, due to May	y, 1946y, 1947	3,000,000 6,490,000
WISCONSIN PU Ist mtge. 4s, 1961 [Wisconsin Public Service Corp.]— Ist lien & ref. m. g. ser. A 6s, 196 [Ist lien & ref. m. g. ser. B 5½s, 195	BLIC SERVICE CORP. [Wisconsin Valley Elect [1st mtge. gold series I [1st mtge. gold series I [1st mtge. gold series]]	58, 1942] 3 5 148, 1942]	Pere Marquette Ry. Co.: Equipment trust 21/28, 1936, due to	o July 1, 1946	1,220,000
Later Changes in Legal List listing the changes in the ab issued by the State Bank C	The following bulle ove list of legal inve	stments was	Equipment trust 234s, 1937, due to Southern Pacific Co.: 10-year sec. 334s, 1946	me 1, 1941 me 1, 1941 uly 1, 1942 Nov. 1, 1951 March 1, 1952 3 ⅓s, 1970	2,421,000 2,056,000 3,156,000 9,150,000 11,220,000 20,000,000
ADDED TO I	IST OF JULY 1, 1937 Public Utilit	ties	Wheeling & Lake Eric Ry. Co., equito July 1, 1946	st & imp. 3s. 1947, ser. A.	1,400,000 2,186,000 348,244,700
	FROM THE LIST		Public Utilities— Atlantic City Electric Co., general 3	%s, 1964	Amounts (Approx.) \$18,000,000
Public Utilities As of June 28, 1937 Union Elec. Light & Power Co. (Mo.) Gen. mtge. gold 4½s, 1957 Gen mtge. gold series A 5s, 1954	Boston & Albany Railroad	d Co.—	Bangor Hydro-Electric Co., 1st 3/4s. Buffalo Niagara Electric Corp., 1st r Central Maine Power Co., 1st & gen. Central Vermont Public Service Corp. Cincinnati Gas & Electric Co.: 1st 3/4s 1966	ref. 3½s, 1967, series C 3½s, 1966, series H 1st 3½s, 1966, series B.	7,108,000 17,029,000 14,000,000 7,000,000 34,740,000
Gen. mtge. gold 5s, 1957 Buffalo Niagara Electric Corp.— Gen. & ref. mtge. gold ser. A 5s, 19 Called as of Aug. 1, 1937.	56		Central vermont Public Service Corp. Cincinnati Gas & Electric Co.: 1st 3½s, 1966 1st 3½s, 1967 Connecticut Light & Power Co.: 1st & ref. 3½s, 1966, series F 1st & ref. 3½s, 1966, series G Consolidated Gas Electric Light & Power Co.: 21		7,000,000 16,000,000
New York State—Summ Legal Investments During Ye the practice of the State Ba	ar—Marking a new onking Department,	leparture in a statement	Consumers Power Co., 1st 31/4s, 1966 Cumberland County Power & Light County 1966	Go.:	23,000,000 12,000,000 9,470,000
was made available on July 1 been made in the list of sec vestment by savings banks in of the July 1, 1936, official	3 showing the change urities considered elig a New York since the	es that have gible for in- publication ith the text	1st 4s, 1900 Dayton Power & Light Co.: 1st & ref. 3½s, 1960 1st & ref. 3½s, 1962 Detroit Edison Co., gen. & ref. 3½s,	1966, series G	1,553,000 19,719,000 1,500,000 20,000,000
of the July 1, 1936, official of the statement and in an complete official tabulation following changes incorporate	early issue we shall of legal investment	publish the	Lake Superior District Power Co., 1s Long Island Lighting Co.: 1st ref. 4s, 1961, series D 1st ref. 4s, 1963, series E Narragansett Electric Co., 1st 31/4s, 1	1966, series A	3,000,000 16,669,000 34,000,000
SUMMARY OF ADDITIONS A	AND REMOVALS REF ATED JULY 1, 1937 ditions	Amounts	Lake Superior District Power Co., 1s Long Island Lighting Co.: 1st ref. 4s, 1961, series D	961, series A 3 ¼s, 1966, series E 3 ½s, 1966, series I 3 ½s, 1967	10,067,000 30,000,000 35,000,000 130,000,000
Municipalities Railroad issues_ Public utility issues: Gas and electric	41	\$31,757,294 348,244,700	1st 3½s, 1961, series E	New Jorgey 1st & rof	1,400,000
Telephone Tótal additions	1	25,000,000 -\$925,356,994	Pacific Telephone & Telegraph Co., r	ef. 31/4s, 1966, series C	25,000,000 545,355,000

Removals

Municipalities Municipalities

Enfield, Conn. \$810,500 No information.
Adams, Mass. \$347,500 No information.
Revere, Mass. \$1,808,607 No information.
Rahway, N. J. \$2,385,000 Debt appears to be over 12%.
Jefferson County, Pa. \$940,000. No information.
Kansas City, Kan. \$10,435,185 Debt appears to be over 12%.
*Kansas City, Kan. \$10,435,185 Debt appears to be over 12%.
*Constant of the county of the county

Railroads

Railroads

Boston & Albany RR. Co., imp. 4½s, 1937. \$1,000,000. Matured July 1, 1937. Charleston Union Station Co., 1st 4s, 1937. \$250,000 Matured Jan. 1'37 Chesepeake & Ohio Northern Ry. Co., 1st 5s, 1945. \$1,000,000 Called Oct. 1, 1936. Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. Co.:
Ref. & imp. 4½s, 1993, series A. \$24,784,000 Called Oct. 1, 1936. Equip. tr. 5½s, T. due to June, 1937. \$1,018,000 Matured. Equip. tr. 5½s, 1934, due to 1949. \$15,938,000 Called Sept. 1, 1936. Chicago Union Station Co., guar. 5s, 1944. \$7,000,000 Called Dec. 1'36. Chicago Union Station Co., guar. 5s, 1944. \$7,000,000 Called Dec. 1'36. Chicago Union Station Co., guar. 5s, 1944. \$7,000,000 Called Dec. 1'36. Chicago Union Station Co., guar. 5s, 1944. \$7,000,000 Called Dec. 1'36. Chicago Union Station Co., guar. 5s, 1946. \$7,000,000 Called Dec. 1'36. Chicago Union Station Co., guar. 5s, 1946. \$7,000,000 Called July 1, 1936. \$5,129,000 Matured.
Cleveland Cincinnati Chicago & St. Louis Ry. Co.; Ref. & imp. 6s, 1941, series C. \$1,052,600 Called July 1, 1937. Ref. & imp. 6s, 1941, series C. \$1,052,600 Called July 1, 1937. Colorado & Southern Ry. Co., equip. tr. 5½s, 1922, due to May, 1937. \$95,000 Matured.
Duluth Missabe & Northern Ry. Co., gen. 5s, 1941. \$625,000 Called July 1, 1936. Equip. tr. 5½s, 1961. \$8,176,000 Called Oct. 21, 1936. Equip. tr. 5½s, due to May 1, 1937. \$50,000 Matured.
Illinois Central RR. Co., equip. tr. 5½s, H, due to Feb., 1937. \$434,000 Matured.
Long Island City & Flushing RR. Co., 1st cons. 5s, 1937. \$650,000

Edilp. 7. 328, due to May 1, 1837. \$434,000
Matured.

Long Island City & Flushing RR. Co., 1st cons. 5s, 1937. \$650,000
Matured May 1, 1937.

Louisville & Nashville RR. Co.:
1st 5s, 1937. \$1,749,000
Matured May 1, 1937.

1st & ref. 5½s, 2003, series A. \$12,753,000
Called Oct. 1, 1936.

Sec. 5s, 1941. \$10,000,000
Called Oct. 1, 1936.

Set. Louis div. 1st 6s, 1971. \$3,498,000
Called Sept. 1, 1936.

Montana Central Ry. Co.:
1st 5s, 1937. \$4,000,000
Matured July 1, 1937.
1st 6s, 1937. \$6,000,000
Matured July 1, 1937.

New York Central RR. Co.:
Conv. sec. 6s, 1944. \$59,911,100
Called June 30, 1937.

Ser. sec. 1½s, 1937, series A. \$3,000,000
Matured.

N. Y. C. L. equip. tr. 5s, due to June, 1937. \$1,092,000
Matured.
Ohio River RR. Co., gen. 5s, 1937. \$2,941,000
Matured April 1, 1937.
Philadelphia & Reading RR. Co., 1st cons. 4s, 1937. \$5,766,717
Matured
March 1, 1937.
Pocanhontas Coal & Coke Co., joint 4s, 1941. \$10,385,000
Called Dec.
1, 1936.

Pocanhontas Coal & Coke Co., joint 4s, 1941. \$10,385,000 Called Dec. 1, 1936. \$1, 201 Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry. Co.: Cons. ext. 5s, 1943. \$40,847,000 Called July 1, 1937. Montana ext., 1st 4s, 1937. \$10,185,000 Matured June 1, 1937. South & North Alabama RR. Co., cons. 5s, 1936. \$9,292,000 Matured Aug. 1, 1936. South Pacific Coast Ry. Co., 1st 4s, 1937. \$465,000 Matured July 1, 1937. Southern Pacific Branch Ry. Co., 1st 6s, 1937. \$3,533,000 Matured April 1, 1937. Southern Pacific Co., 10-yr. sec. serial 4s, 1944. \$12,000,000 Called July 13, 1936. South Pacific RR. Co., 40-yr. gold 4s, 1968. \$20,000,000 Called July 1, 1936. Yirginia Air Line Ry. Co., 1st 5s, 1952. \$900,000 Called Nov. 2, 1936. Western New York & Pennsylvania RR. Co., 1st 5s, 1937. \$9,990,000 Matured Jan. 1, 1937. Wilkes-Barre Connecting RR. Co., 1st & imp. 5s, 1947, series A. \$2,-186,000 Interest reduced to 3% (see additions). Total removals of railroad securities amounted to \$317,695,417.

Wilkos-Barre Connecting RR. Co., 1st & mp. os, 1947, series A. se., 188,000 Interest reduced to 3% (see additions).

Total removals of railroad securities amounted to \$317,695,417.

Public Utilities

Androscoggin Electric Corp., 1st 4/4s, 1955. \$4,000,000 Called Dec. 1 '30 Atlantic City Electric Corp., 1st 4/4s, 1955. \$4,000,000 Called Dec. 1 '30 Atlantic City Electric Corp., 1st 4/4s, 1955. \$4,000,000 Called Dec. 1, 1936. \$1,956. \$12,914,000 Called April 1, 1937. Bangor Hydro-Electric Co.: 1st lien & ref. 4s, 1954. \$1,786,000 Called Dec. 1, 1936. 1st lien & ref. 4s, 1954. \$1,786,000 Called Dec. 1, 1936. 1st lien & ref. 4s, 1955. \$3,037,000 Called Dec. 1, 1936. 1st lien & ref. 4s, 1955. \$3,037,000 Called Dec. 1, 1936. 1st lien & ref. 4s, 1955. \$3,037,000 Called Dec. 1, 1936. 1st lien & ref. 4s, 1955. \$7,029,000 Called Dec. 1, 1936. 1st lien & ref. 4s, 1955. \$7,029,000 Called Dec. 1, 1936. Central Wermont Public Service Corp., 1st & ref. 5s, 1959, series E. \$9,000,000 Called Dec. 1, 1936. Connecticut Light & Power Co., 1st & gen. 4/5s, 1957, series E. \$9,000,000 Called Dec. 1, 1936. Connecticut Light & Power Co. 1st & gen. 4/5s, 1957, series E. \$9,000,000 Called Dec. 1, 1936. Connecticut Light & Power Co. 58,618,500 Called Jan. 1, 1937. 1st & ref. 5s, 1962, series D. \$7,355,500 Called Jan. 1, 1937. 1st & ref. 5s, 1962, series D. \$7,355,500 Called Jan. 1, 1937. 1st & ref. 5s, 1965, series B. \$1,937, 1951. \$21,901,000 Called Feb. 6, 1937. Detroit Edison Co., gen. & ref. 5s, 1965, series C. \$20,000,000 Called Oct. 1, 1936. Star, 1936. 1st & ref. 5s, 1956, series B. \$3,534,000 Called Dec. 31, 1936. 1st & ref. 5s, 1956, series B. \$3,534,000 Called Dec. 1, 1937. 1st & ref. 5s, 1956, series B. \$1,500,000 Called Peb. 1, 1937. New Syork Edison Co., 1st & ref. 6,5s, 1956, series B. \$1,668,000 Called Cox. 1, 1936. 1st & ref. 4s, 1950. \$3,490,000 No information. 1st 4/5s, 1960. \$3,490,000 No information. 1st 4/5s, 1960. \$3,490,000 No information. New York Edison Co., 1st & ref. 6,5s, 1941, 1937. 1st lien & ref. 4s, 1971. \$4

New York, N. Y.—Aldermen Cut Water Rates \$12,000,000

—The Board of Aldermen on July 13 unanimously voted to restore the city water rates to their normal level, such as they were before the 50% increase put in effect in 1933. This will involve a reduction in rates amounting to about \$12,000,000, as compared with the cut of \$2,400,000 which the Board of Estimate recently sanctioned on the recomthe Board of Estimate recently sanctioned, on the recommendation of the Commissioner of Water, Gas and Electricity. This also compares with the reduction recommended of \$5,900,000 by the former Water Commissioner Walter P. Davidson. The \$12,000,000 reduction put into effect now by the Board of Aldermen is said to match the \$12,000,000 it will cost the city to restore salary cuts of city employees. will cost the city to restore salary cuts of city employees.

The ordinance was forwarded to the Mayor who is expected

to veto it on the ground that the city cannot afford to make such a large reduction and also that the Aldermen have exceeded their jurisdiction in this matter. It is believed that if the Mayor vetoes the ordinance the Aldermen will again pass it and the case will probably go to the courts.

Residence Bill Passed Despite Mayor's Veto—The Board also passed the Lyons Residence bill, providing that all city employees shall make their homes in the city, over the veto of Mayor La Guardia. The vote was 52 to 1, with two not voting. Unless the measure is declared invalid by the courts, not only will employees have to live in the city, but employees entering municipal service after Jan. 1, 1938, when the measure takes effect, will have to show three years previous residence here. previous residence here.

City Utility Tax Upheld by Court—The Court of Appeals has upheld the constitutionality of the city's utility tax as applied to rapid transit lines, according to a United Press dispatch from Albany on July 14. In two decisions the Court is said to have dismissed complaints of the New York City Rapid Transit Co. and the Brooklyn & Queens Transit Co. Both concerns paid the tax under protest and sought to recover, we understand. The New York City company is reported to have sought \$1,408,697, while the Brooklyn concern claimed \$756,879.50.

Pennsylvania—Voters to Ballot on Proposed State Income Tax—At the general election to be held on Nov. 2 the voters of the State will determine whether they desire to pay a State income tax in addition to the existing Federal levy, according to a Harrisburg dispatch of July 9, from which we quote as follows:

Quote as follows:

Pennsylvania voters at the Nov. 2 election will determine whether they desire to pay a State income tax in addition to the existing Federal levy.

A constitutional amendment permitting the Commonwealth to levy a graded tax on incomes and inheritances, except taxable value of homesteads, will be submitted to the voters, under a ruling made today by Attorney General Charles J. Margiotti.

Under the ruling, based on a Supreme Court decision in the Philadelphia city-county consolidation case, which removes the five-year time-lock in instances where amendments have been approved by two succeeding Legislatures, Margiotti held that four other proposals to amend the Constitution could be submitted to the voters in November. This includes the amendment providing for the merger of the Philadelphia city and county governments.

Bond Issue Sought

Bond Issue Sought

The other amendments would:
Permit a \$42,000,000 State bond issue to finance a construction program at State welfare institutions and State College.
Remove questions regarding legality of appropriations for old age assistance and aid to mothers with dependent children. Such appropriations are being made, but never have been challenged. Legal authorities assert the appropriations could not withstand a legal test.
Clear up any doubt about yearly votes on constitutional amendments despite the fact the Appellate tribunal ruled this could be done oftener than once in five years if the proposed change had not been submitted to the voters before and defeated.

Would End Time-Lock

Would End Time-Lock

The latter amendment provides that amendments may be submitted to voters in November of any year after the proposal has been approved by two Legislatures. The intent was to break the five-year time-lock, which the Court itself broke in its recent decision.

While much of its effectiveness has been destroyed by the Court's reversal of the 1924 decision, ratification will make it unmistakably clear in the Constitution that amendments can be voted upon at any November election. It also will make it impossible for a future court decision to again clamp the five-year rule upon the submission of proposed changes to the basic law.

8 Proposals Delayed

Secretary of the Commonwealth David L. Lawrence, to whom Margiotti's opinion was given, will begin publication of the five amendments at the beginning of August for the information of electors who will vote upon them.

The Margiotti opinion rules that eight proposed amendments which have been agreed to by only one Legislature shall not be published until the summer of 1938, preceding the general election at which will be chosen the Legislators who may be called upon to consider those eight amendments for second approval.

Pennsylvania—Chain Store Tax Collection Restrained by Court—The Dauphin County Court on July 9 issued a temporary restraining order to prevent the State from collecting the chain store tax imposed by the 1937 Legislature, pending adjudication of attacks on constitutionality of the Act, according to a United Press dispatch from Harrisburg.

Constitutionality tests were filed by American Stores Co. and the Great Atlantic & Pacific Co. The Act was designed to raise money to increase the pay of fourth-class district school teachers.

district school teachers.

United States—Chamber of Commerce Outlines Plan for Control of Municipal Debt—A Washington news report as of July 12 had the following to say in regard to the recom-July 12 had the following to say in regard to the recommendations made by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States looking toward a more effective control of future municipal indebtedness:

Methods that have been successfully employed by local governments in coping with their debt problems are outlined in a report made public today by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States.

The report is being widely circulated as part of the Chamber's nation-wide campaign to stimulate interest among business men and other taxpayers in the fiscal affairs of State and local governments.

The Chamber's Committee on State and Local Taxation prepared the report.

Province of Investor

"In the last analysis," the Committee says, "effective debt control is the province of the investor and the taxpayer quite as much as that of the public official. To safeguard the quality of muncipal securities in his portfolio the investor must insist upon proper standards of fiscal management and carefully scrutinize his municipal purchases."

As a first step in any program of debt control, the Committee lays stress upon the necessity of long-range, systematic financial planning, and offers the following suggestions:

Local governments should plan in advance for the construction and financing of projected improvements. The improvement program should be correlated with the current spending program of local government.

Pay-as-you-go instead of bonds should be used to finance all improvements of a recurring nature, and there should be greater reliance upon current revenues for paying the cost of non-recurring expenditures.

Debt should not be incurred when it will increase debt-service charges to a point where they consume more than 25% of dependable current revenues. The percentage often should be lower.

Serial bonds should be used whenever practicable.

Debt maturities should be so scheduled that each issue matures in approximately equal amounts each year.

Term bonds may contain provisions permitting retirement each year in an approximately equal amounts.

Plan to Curb Debt Power

As a second major step, the Committee believes that "specific limitations upon the power to incur debt can be effective in controlling local indebtedness. The fault with present limitations of this type lies principally with application and administration."

States may well consider revision of their restrictions upon local debt incurrence in view of the facts disclosed by developments of the past few years, the Committee advises.

The Committee favors the holding of referenda on all new bond issues. As a third important step in any program of debt control, the Committee says that "a State can be of substantial help to its municipalities, particularly the smaller communities, by setting up an agency to assist them in developing and following good practices in the exercise of their borrowing power."

Bond Proposals and Negotiations ALABAMA

ALABAMA, State of \$_\$12,668,526 IN TAXES RECEIVED\$_Alabama collected \$12,668,526 in taxes paid direct to the State Tax Commission from Jan. 19 through July 3, Henry S. Long, commission President, said recently. The collections represented an increase of \$3,290,967 over 1936 collections between the same dates. The percentage gain was 25.97.

The figures, released by Long, included income, gasoline, tobacco and other taxes paid directly to the commission, but did not show ad valorem levies, automobile tags or any revenues paid county tax collectors or probate judges.

ARIZONA

MARICOPA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 44 (P. O. Phoenix), Ariz.—BOND SALE—We are informed by Kirby L. Vidrine & Co. of Phoenix, that on July 7 they purchased \$12,500 4 ½ % building bonds.

MIAMI, Ariz.—BONDS TO BE EXCHANGED—The \$395,000 refunding bonds recently authorized will be issued only to holders of presently outstanding bonds in exchange for their holdings.

The following statement was made by Oren F. Frary, Town Treasurer: This issue of \$395,000.00, dated July 1, 1937, 4%, is a refunding issue and will not be sold. They are for exchange only for all outstanding issues of the Town of Miami.

Town of Miami bonds have been in default since Jan. 1, 1932 and at present the coupons due Jan. 1, 1936 and subsequent and bonds due Jan. 1, 1936 and subsequently due are in default. An advance levy of \$38,000.00 for the new bonds is being made and this puts the new bonds on a cash basis. All coupons and bonds as due will be paid cash. As new issue is callable at any interest paying date, Jan. 1 and July 1 of each, the levy provisions will allow us to call a year or so ahead of time and thus insure a firm cash basis for the new bonds.

ARKANSAS BONDS

Largest Retail Distributors

WALTON, SULLIVAN & CO. LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

ARKANSAS

FORT SMITH, Ark.—BOND ELECTION—An election will be held on July 20 to vote on the question of issuing \$30,000 airport impt. bonds.

July 20 to vote on the question of issuing \$30,000 airport impt. bonds.

MISSISSIPPI COUNTY DRAINAGE DISTRICT NO. 17 (P. O. Oaccola), Ark.—RFC REFINANCING PLAN TO BECOME OPERATIVE—The following report is taken from the Chicago "Journal of Commerce" of July 6:

"With termination of receivership and approval of a loan agreement with the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, Drainage District No. 17 of Mississippi County, northeast Arkansas, will refinance its \$3,704,500 of outstanding bonds on a 55% basis, and will levy and collect a 4% tax to meet debt charges and costs of rehabilitation of its physical properties. The 55% refinancing has been approved by 90% of the bondholders. "Proceeds of a loan of \$1,699,500 by the RFC will be supplemented by cash on hand in the debt adjustment.
"Federal Judge Thomas C. Trimble at Little Rock has relieved Clifton H. Scott and Roy A. Dickle as co-receivers, and duties of receivership will be performed by a board of commissioners composed of V. G. Holland, B. A. Lynch and J. H. Crain. Act 46 of 1933 permits lifting of receivership of improvement districts and appointment of boards of commissioners to perform such duties.

"Receivership for the district, which was formed in 1917, was established some years ago on petition of the Guardian Trust Co., trustee, and other bondholders."

CALIFORNIA MUNICIPAL BONDS REVEL MILLER & CO. MEMBERS Los Angeles Stock Exchange

650 So. Spring Street • Los Angeles
Telephone: VAndike 2201 Teletype: LA 477 SAN FRANCISCO SANTA ANA

CALIFORNIA

KERN COUNTY (P. O. Bakersfield), Calif.—RED ROCK SCI OOL DISTRICT B,ND OFFERING—Scaled bids will be received until 11 a, m. on July 26, by F. E. Smith, County Clerk, for the purchase of an \$8,000 issue of 5% semi-ann. school bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Dated June 21, 1937. Due \$1,000 from 1938 to 1945 incl. Prin. and int. payable at the County Treasurer's office. A certified check for 10% of the bid, payable to the above Clerk, is required.

(This report supersedes the offering notice given in these columns reently.—V. 145, p. 151.)

LOS ANGELES COUNTY (P. O. Los Angeles), Calif.—WATER DISTRICT NO. 21 BONDS OFFERED—The County Clerk will receive bidsuntil 2 p. m., July 27 for the purchase of \$4,000 bonds of Los Angeles County Waterworks District No. 21, Kagel Canyon.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY (P. O. Los Angeles), Calif.—ELECTION IN HUDSGN SCHOOL DISTRICT—An election will be held in Hudson School District on July 23 at which a proposal to issue \$40,000 school building bonds will be voted upon.

MADERA COUNTY (P. O. Madera), Calif.—BOND ELECTIONS IN CHOWCHILLA AND ASH VIEW SCHOOL DISTRICTS—Elections will be held in Chowchilla School District and Ash View School District on July 26 for the purpose of voting on bond issues. A \$35,000 school building bond issue will be submitted in Chowchilla and a \$20,000 school building bond issue in Ash View.

MARIN COUNTY (P. O. San Rafael), Calif.—MILL VALLEY SCHOOL BONDS SOLD—The \$30,000 school bonds of Mill Valley School District, offered on July 12—V. 145, p. 307—were awarded to Donnellan & Co. of San Francisco, as $1\frac{1}{2}$ s, at par plus a premium of \$58, equal to 100.193, a basis of about 1.87%. Dated May 10,1937. Due \$5,000 yearly on May 10,1938 to 1943, incl.

MERCED COUNTY (P. O. Merced), Calif.—PIONEER SCHOOL BOND OFFERING—On July 19 the County Supervisors will offer for sale an issue of \$10,000 bonds of the Pioneer Elementary School. Interest rate is not to exceed 5%.

SACRAMENTO COUNTY (P. O. Sacramento), Calif.—SYLVAN SCHOOL DISTRICT BOND SALE—The \$15,000 issue of school bonds offered for sale on July 12—V. 145, p. 151—was awarded to Dean Witter & Co. of San Francisco, as 3¾s, paying a premium of \$26.00, equal to 100.17, a basis of about 3.72%. Dated July 1, 1937. Due from July 1, 1938 to 1955.

SACRAMENTO COUNTY RECLAMATION DISTRICT NO. 407 (P. O. Sacramento), Calif.—BOND ELECTION—The Board of Directors has ordered a special election to be held July 26 for the purpose of voting on the issuance of \$53,000 refunding bonds and \$58,000 levee improvement

SAN DIEGO COUNTY (P. O. San Diego), Calif.—BOND OFFERING—J. B. McLees, County Clerk, will receive bids until 11 a. m. July 19 for the purchase at not less than par of \$400,000 county special district refunding bonds. Bidders are to name rate of interest, in a multiple of \$4%, but not to exceed 6%. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Oct. 1, 1936. Principal and semi-annual interest (April 1 and Oct. 1) payable at the County Treasury. Due \$220,000 in nine years and \$180,000 in 10 years. Certified check for 3% of amount of bonds bid for, payable to the Chairman of the Board of Supervisors, required. Certified copy of approving opinion of O'Melveny, Tuller & Myers of Los Angeles will be furnished by the county.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY (P. O. San Diego), Calif.—SCHOOL DISTRICT BOND SALE—The \$36,000 issue of La Mesa-Spring Valley School District bonds offered for sale on July 12—V. 145, p. 307—was awarded to Miller, Hall & Co. of Los Angeles, as 5s, paying a premium of \$107.00, equal to 100.29, a basis of about 4.97%. Dated June 14, 1937. Due \$2,000 from June 14, 1940 to 1957 incl.

SAN FRANCISCO (City and County), Calif.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 3 p. m. on July 26 by J. S. Dunnigan, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, for the purchase of two issues of 4% semi-annual bonds aggregating \$1.357,000, divided as follows: \$810,000 water distribution bonds. Due on Dec. 1 as follows: \$42,000 in 1937 and \$48,000 from 1938 to 1953, inclusive.

547,000 sewer bonds. Due on Dec. 1 as follows: \$27,000 in 1937 and \$20,000 from 1938 to 1963, inclusive.

SAN FRANCISCO (City and County), Calif.—BOND ISSUANCE NOT SCHEDULED—We are informed by the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors that nothing definite has been done as yet regarding the issuance of the \$49,250,000 in rapid transit subway system bonds.

SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY (P. O. Stockton), Calif.—HOUSTON SCHOOL BOND OFFERING—The County Clerk will receive bids until 10 a. m. Aug. 2 for the purchase of \$50,000 school building bonds of Houston School District.

SANTA CLARA COUNTY (P. O. San Jose), Calif.—PALA SCHOOL DISTRICT BOND ELECTION—An election is to be held July 14 at which the voters of Pala School District will decide the question of issuing \$35,000 school building removal bonds.

the voters of Pala School District will decide the question of issuing \$35,000 school building removal bonds.

SANTA CLARA COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICTS (P. O. San Jose), Calif.—BOND SALE—The two issues of school bonds aggregating \$240,000, offered for sale on July 12—V. 145, p. 151—were awarded jointly to Donnellan & Co., and Brush, Slocumb & Co., both of San Francisco, as follows: \$135,000 Campbell Union High School District bonds for a premium of \$218.00, equal to 100.16, on the bonds divided as follows: \$49,000 as 5s, maturing \$5,000, 1938 to 1942, and \$6,000, 1943 to 1946; the remaining \$86,000 as 2s, maturing \$6,000 in 1947, and \$8,000 from 1948 to 1957 incl.

105,000 Santa Clara Union High School District bonds for a premium of \$8.00, equal to 100.007, on the bonds divided as follows: \$40,000 5s, maturing \$5,000, 1938 to 1945; \$5,000 as 24s, maturing in 1946; \$54,000 as 2s, maturing \$5,000 from 1947 to 1952, and \$6,000, 1953 to 1956; the remaining \$6,000 as 1½s, maturing on 1957.

SANTA MONICA ACQUISITION AND IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Santa Monica), Calif. — OUTSTANDING BONDS. ACQUIRED AT DISCOUNT—The Los Angeles "Times" of July 3 had the following to say in regard to the bonded debt position of the above district: "Finance Commissioner T. D. Plummer of Santa Monica, according to Attorney Marshall Stimson, announced the acquisition and Improvement District No. 1 at 60 cents on the dollar. The bonds amounted to \$564,167 in principal and about \$229,000 in interest.

"The purchase was made possible, according to Mr. Stimson, by a contribution of \$145,841 by the Board of Supervisors from the gasoline tax funds; \$33,458 from the road district fund of Supervisor Leland Ford; \$33,200 from the interest and sinking fund of the district: \$110,000 which it paid in. Mr. Stimson expressed the opinion that property owners undoubtedly will take advantage of the opportunity to pay up their delinquent taxes before Sept. 1 now that the property of the district is freed from the menace of bonds."

VENTURA COUNTY (P. O. V

VENTURA COUNTY (P. O. Ventura), Calif.—MOORPARK SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMEN?—The following information is furnished in connection with the offering scheduled for July 19 of the \$40,000 3% coupon bonds of Moorpark Union High School District, described in these columns recently—V. 145, p. 307:

Moorpark Memorial Union High School District was organized July 5, 1919. The area of the district is approximately 45,394 acres, and includes the Village of Moorpark. The estimated population is 2,000. The principal industries are agriculture, and citrus fruit growing. The total bonded indebtedness, including this issue is \$64,000.00. The assessed valuation of the property within this district is \$2,980,123.00 and the estimated valuation of the property is \$8,000,000.00.

YOLO COUNTY (P. O. Woodland), Calif.—DAVIS SCHOOL BONDS SOLD—The issue of \$50,000 bonds of Davis Joint Union High School District, which was offered on July 12—V. 145, p. 151—was awarded on July 14 to Dean Witter & Co. of San Francisco at par, plus a premium of \$222, equal to 100.444.

CONNECTICUT

BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$700,000 series C coupon, registerable as to principal only, refunding bonds offered on July 12—V. 145, p. 307—was awarded to an account composed of Edward B. Smith & Co. and Estabrook & Co., both of New York, and Putnam & Co. of Hartford, as 2½s at a price of 100.9599, a basis of about 2.08%. Dated July 15, 1937 and due July 15 as follows: \$78,000 from 1939 to 1946 inclusive, and \$76,000 in 1947.

Other bidders were: Name— Price Bid	Int. Rate
Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.; Bancamerica-Blair	
Corporation; The R. F. Griggs Co., and Good- win Beach & Co	00 21/4 %
First National Bank & Trust Co. of Bridgeport, Agent for First National Bank of Boston 705,012.0	00 21/4 %
The First Boston Corp.; G. M. PMurphy & Co., and Day, Stoddard & Williams, Inc	00 214%
Blythe & Co., Inc.; Dick & Merle-Smith; Geo. B. Gibbons & Co., Inc., and F. S. Moseley & Co., 704,480.0	00 214%
Brown Harriman & Co., Inc., and Hemphill, Noyes & Co	0 21/4%
Lazard Freres & Co., Inc.: J. & W. Seligman & Co., and First of Michigan Corp	0 21/2%
Harris Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago; Northern Trust Co., Chicago, and Rutter & Co., N. Y. 703,759.0 Burr & Co., Inc. and C. F. Childs & Co 703,640.0	0 214%
Chemical Bank & Trust Co.; Kean, Taylor & Co.,	
Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Eldredge & Co 702,940.0	
R. L. Day & Co.; Stone & Webster & Blodget, Inc.; Edward M. Bradley & Co., Inc., and Cooley & Co	9 21/4%
Chas. D. Barney & Co.; A. C. Allyn & Co.; Washburn & Co., and Corburn & Middlebrook 700,700.0	0 21/4%
Lehman Bros.; Phelps, Fenn & Co., and the Bridge- port City Co	0 21/4 %

CONNECTICUT, State of—WAGE LAW HELD CONSTITUTIONAL—The State's minimum wage law, in the opinion of Attorney General Edward J. Daly, is constitutional, according to a report in the Hartford "Courant" of July 3.

A formal opinion from Mr. Daly's office on July 2 advised Joseph Mr. Tone, State Labor Commissioner, that this view is "not to be considered as a final adjudication of the question," but finds that the reasoning of the United States Supreme Court in holding the State of Washington minimum wage law constitutional can be applied to Connecticut's statute.

STAMFORD (Town of), Conn.—BOND SALE—The \$300,000 coupon, registerable as to principal, emergency bonds of 1937 offered on July 13—V. 145, p. 307—were awarded to the Bankers Trust Co. and the First Boston Corp., both of New York, jointly, as 1¾s, at a price of 101.06, a basis of about 1.58%. Dated July 15, 1937 and due \$30,000 on July 15 from 1939 to 1948 incl.

The following other bids, all of which named an interest rate of 2¼%, were submitted:

Bidder	Rate Bid
Brown Harriman & Co. and Charles W. Scranton & Co	100.8599
Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Goodwin Beach & Co	100.785
Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc. and R. F. Griggs Co	100.628
First National Bank of Boston	100.589
R. L. Day & Co. and Edward M. Bradley & Co	100.329
Estabrook & Co. and Putnam & Co.	100.26
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STRATFORD, Conn.—OTHER BIDS—The \$105,000 public welfare bonds awarded July 8 to Putnam & Co. of Hartford, as 2½s at a price of 100.82, a basis of about 2.385%—V. 145, p. 308—were also bid for as fol-

Bidders (All for 21/2 % Bonds)—	Rate Bid
Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc	100.812
R. F. Griggs Co.	100.779 100.326
Bancamerica-Blair Corp	100.726

Rocky Mountain Municipals ARIZONA—COLORADO—IDAHO—MONTANA NEW MEXICO—WYOMING

DONALD F. BROWN & COMPANY

DENVER

Telephone: Keystone 2395 - Teletype Davr 53

COLORADO

DENVER (City and County), Colo.—BOND CALL—John F. McGuire, Manager of Revenue, is calling for payment on July 31, various storm sewer, sanitary sewer, improvement, surfacing, alley paving, street paving and sidewalk bonds. Interest shall cease 30 days from July 31.

LA JUNTA, Colo.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—The City Council has passed on final reading an ordinance authorizing the issuance of \$700,000 municipal light and power plant bonds.

DELAWARE

REHOBOTH BEACH, Del.—BONDS VOTED—On June 30 the tax-payers approved a proposition to issue \$160,000 high school building bonds.

FLORIDA BONDS

Clyde C. Pierce Corporation

Barnett National Bank Building
JACKSONVILLE FLORIDA
Branch Office: TAMPA
irst National Bank Buildi g T S. Piece, Resident Manager

FLORIDA

ARCADIA, Fla.—COUNCIL APPROVES NEW REFUNDING CONTRACT—The Arcadia City Council has approved the revised refunding contract submitted by the R. E. Crummer Co. The contract now provides that the payment of bonds be spread over 40 years and notes for the interest be paid on a basis of 25%, being deposited in a bank and taken up as delinquent taxes are paid.

BROWARD AND DADE COUNTIES, Fla.—REDUCTION OF DRAIN-AGE DISTRICT TAXES TO BE EFFECTED—The following report is taken from the Jacksonville "Times-Union" of July 10:

"Reduction of drainage district taxes, effective with the 1937 levies, on approximately 100,000 acres of land in Broward and Dade counties has been assured through the gaining of a \$190,000 loan from the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, it was announced here yesterday by W. G. Troxler, Miami attorney.

"Mr. Troxler, a member of the law firm of Evans, Mershon & Sawyer, was here to witness a \$188,034.23 transaction ss the RFC took over securities for two drainage districts, the Dade-Broward district and the Napoleon B. Broward district."

BROWARD COUNTY (P. O. Fort Lauderdale), Fla.—REFUNDING BONDS READY FOR DELIVERY—It is stated by the bondowners' association for the above county and for Road and Bridge District No. 3 that the refunding bonds issued under the terms of the plan dated Dec. 16, 1935, will be ready for delivery on July 20. Bonds and certificates of deposit should be forwarded to the Continental Illinois National Bank & Trust Co. of Chicago on and after July 20. The May I and Nov. 1, 1936, and May 1, 1937, interest coupons will be paid at the rate of 2½% per annum at the time of exchange.

FLORIDA, State of—TENDERS OF MUNICIPAL OBLIGATIONS INVITED—It is announced by W. V. Knott, State Treusurer, that, pursuant to Chapter 15891, Laws of Florida, he will receive until 10 a.m. (Eastern Standard Time) on July 28 scaled offerings of matured or unmatured road and bridge or highway bonds, time warrants, certificates of

indebtedness and (or) negotiable notes of various counties and special road and bridge districts.

FLORIDA, State of—SALES OF TAX CERTIFICATES HALTED—Comptroller J. M. Lee on July 12 ordered clerks of Circuit Courts in every county to halt sales of 2-year-old tax certificates under a disputed act of the 1937 Legislature, according to an Associated Press dispatch from Tallahassee. He is said to have acted after Circuit Judge J. B. Johnson at Tallahassee held the sales valid, but ruled unconstitutional two clauses of the law permitting property owners to redeem their land within two years or, in the case of homesteads, within 10 years.

FORT MYERS, Fla.—COURT REFUSES TO VALIDATE PROPOSED REFUNDING BONDS—A decision handed down by the State Supreme Court failed to give approval to the proposed issue of \$3,008,000 refunding bonds. The Court affirmed a decree of Judge Whitehurst of the Cirsuit Court which denied the petition to validate the bonds. It had been planned by the city to issue the bonds pledging unlimited taxation although the original issue was restricted in the amount of taxes that could be assessed to pay for them. The State and Atlantic Coast Line railroad joined in opposing the validation of the new issue.

PALM BEACH COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICTS (P. O. West Palm Beach), Fla.—VALIDATION PROCEEDINGS UP TO STATE SUPREME COURT—In a letter to bondholders on July 13, it is stated by Robert M. Hart, Secretary of the County Refunding Agency, that the validation proceedings recently filed in the Circuit Court of Palm Beach County have been appealed to the State Supreme Court by the Board of Public Instruction for County School Districts Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6 and 9. He states that it will be probably not less than 90 days before action will be taken by the high court.

SANFORD, Fla.—REPORT ON EXCHANGE OF ORIGINAL BONDS—Mayor Edward Higgins has announced the exchange of 94% of the original bond issue for bonds of a lower rate of interest. Under the new set-up the municipality anticipates meeting interest requirements without additional burdens to the taxpayers. The oringal issue of \$5,884,000 had been in default for some time.

VOLUSIA COUNTY (P. O. De Land), Fla.—BOND TENDERS IN-VITED—It is stated by Geo. W. Marks, Secretary of the Board of Public Instruction, that he will consider sealed offerings of school district refunding bonds, dated Jan. 1, 1936, of the following Special Tax School Districts: District No. 12 (De Land, District No. 9 (Oak Hill); District No. 7 (Port Orange); District No. 23 (Ormond); District No. 32 (Holly Hill), and District No. 8 (New Smyrna). The amount of bonds of each issue to be purchased will be determined by the above Secretary and offerings must be firm for at least 10 days in order to be considered.

GEORGIA

COLUMBUS, Ga.—TAXABLE PROPERTY VALUATIONS SHOW INCREASE—City officials reported total taxable property valuations of \$38,799,993 on the 1937 tax digests of Cloumbus as compared with \$36,688,023 for 1936, an increase of \$2,111,975.

Of the increase \$1,596,930 is in personal property returns. This is due, officials said, to their appeal this year for a more liberal return of intangibles, with an understanding they would be returned on a basis of about 10% of actual valuation.

NAHUNTA, Ga.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until noon on Aug. 2 by A. S. Mizell, City Clerk, for the purchase of a \$7,000 issue of 5% coupon water works bonds. Denom. \$500. Dated Oct. 30, 1943, to 1956, incl. No bid for less than par and accrued interest will be considered. Prin. and int. (A. & O.) payable at the City Treasurer's office. Legality approved by the City Attorney. A certified check for \$1,000, payable to the Mayor and Aldermen, must accompany the bid.

UNION CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT, Grady County, Ga.—BOND ELECTION—An election has been called for July 26 at which a proposed \$15,000 school building bonds issue will be voted upon.

IDAHO

MOUNTAIN HOME, Idaho—BOND OFFERING—O. E. Norell, Village Clerk, will receive bids until 8:30 p. m. July 30 for the purchase of \$30,000 bonds, to bear interest at no more than 6%. Denom. \$500. Principal and interest payable at the Village Treasurer's office, or at the State Treasurer's office, or at some bank or trust company in New York to be designated by the village. Due on the amortization plan over a period of no more than 10 years. Certified check for 5% of amount of bid, payable to the Village Treasurer, required.

SALMON, Idaho—CALLED BONDS STILL OUTSTANDING—It is said that numbers 1 to 60, of the 6% refunding water bonds called for payment on Jan. 4, at the City Treasurer's office, have not been presented as yet. Dated Jan. 1, 1922.

yet. Dated Jan. 1, 1922.

TWIN FALLS COUNTY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1, CLASS A (P. O. Twin Falls), Idaho—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 10 A. M. on Aug. 2, by E. F. Stettler, District Clerk, for the purchase of a \$350,000 issue of coupon building bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 4%, payable semi-annually. Dated July 1, 1937. The bonds are payable on an amortization plan within 12 years from date of issue, first bonds to mature two years from date of issue. The last \$70,000 to be callable at par and accrued interest on any interest payment date after one year from date of issue, at the option of the district. Prin. and int. payable at the District Treasurer's office. Bids shall specify the lowest rate of interest, and the amount of premium, if any, above par, at which the bidder will purchase said bonds. The approving opinion of Chapman & Cutler of Chicago, will be furnished the purchaser. A certified check for 5%, payable to the District Treasurer, must accompany the bid.

Municipal Bonds of

ILLINOIS INDIANA MICHIGAN IOWA WISCONSIN

Bought-Sold-Quoted

Robinson & Company, Inc.

MUNICIPAL BOND DEALERS

1.6 So. L. Salle St., Chicago State 0640 Teletype CGO. 437

ILLINOIS

CHICAGO, III.—INJUNCTION AGAINST SCHOOL BOARD MADE PERMANENT—Judge Philip L. Sullivan in the Federal District Court at Chicago recently made permanent against the Chicago Board of Education the injunction asked by the Union Trust Co. of Pittsburgh against payment of taxes collected against the 1929 warrants in any manner other than pro rata. The Judge referred the case to Irving Herriot as special master in chancery to conduct a hearing on the amounts to which the plaintiff is entitled in order that judgment may be issued. It is expected that action soon will be taken in similar suits against the Board of Education on account of the 1929 warrants now pending in the county courts.

HARRISBURG SCHOOL DISTRICT, III.—BONDS VOTEDvoters or the district on July 6 approved a propo-addition construction bonds.

METAMORA SCHOOL DISTRICT, III.—BONDS SOLD—An issue of \$5,000 4% school bonds was sold to Woltzen & Ireland of Washburn at 102.40, a basis of about 3.58%. Purchaser agreed to pay printing and legal expenses. Due \$2,500 on July 1 in 1943 and 1944.

MOUNT AUBURN, Ill.—BONDS SOLD—Joseph E. Walters, Town Clerk, reports that an issue of \$52,000 road construction bonds, authorized at the June 15 election, has been sold.

NEBRASKA TOWNSHIP (P. O. Flanagan), III.—BONDS SOLD—An issue of \$25,000 road construction bonds, which was approved by the voters on April 27, has been sold, according to the Township Clerk.

PLAINVIEW SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106, III.—BONDS VOTED—At a recent election the voters of the district approved a bond issue of \$18,000 for construction of a school building.

PLYMOUTH, III.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received by the Village Clerk until 2 P. M. on July 16 for the purchase of \$38,000 water bonds, including \$30,000 revenue and \$8,000 general obligations.

INDIANA

BARR SCHOOL TOWNSHIP (P. O. Montgomery), Ind.—BOND OFFERING—The Township Trustee will receive bids until 10 a. m. Aug. 4 for the purchase of \$25,000 bonds.

BRAZIL, Ind.—BOND OFFERING—As previously reported in these columns—V. 145, p. 308—Ralph H. Bolin, City Clerk-Treasurer, will receive bids until 4 p. m. July 20 for the purchase at not less than par of \$4,500 3½% Forest Park Band Shell construction bonds. Denom. \$500. Dated July 20, 1937. Interest payable annually. Due \$500 yearly for

**CHARLESTOWN, Ind.—BONDS SOLD—An issue of \$45,000 4% water works revenue bonds was sold to McNurlen & Huncilman of Indianapolis. Dated June 15, 1937. Due as follows: \$1,000 from 1940 to 1952 incl.; \$2,000 from 1953 to 1965 incl., and \$3,000 in 1966 and 1967. Legal opinion of Charles & Trauernicht of St. Louis.

FULTON, Ind.—BOND OFFERING—The Board of Trustees of the town will receive bids until 10 a.m. (Central Standard Time) July 20 for the purchase of an issue of \$5,200 bonds.

GERMAN SCHOOL TOWNSHIP, Vanderburgh County, Ind.— PROPOSED BOND ISSUE—The township plans to issue \$15,000 not to exceed 4½% interest school building bonds, to mature semi-annually over a period of 10 years, beginning on June 1, 1938. Net assessed valuation of taxable property is \$1,241,720.

GRIFFITH, Ind.—BOND OFFERING—A. C. Penning, Town Clerk-Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. on Aug. 6 for the purchase of \$14,000 5% Miller Street Drain construction bonds. Dated July 10, 1937. Denom. \$500. Due \$500 Jan. 10 and July 10 from 1938 to 1951, incl. Interest payable semi-annually. Legal opinion of Smith, Remster, Hornbrook & Smith of Indianapolis will be furnished the successful bidder.

Hornbrook & Smith of Indianapolis will be furnished the successful bidder.

HUNTINGTON COUNTY (P. O. Huntington), Ind.—BOND DE-FAULT REPORT—The following report appeared in the July 3 issue of the Chicago "Journal of Commerce":

"Part of the bridge bonds of Huntington County, Ind., due July 1, will be defaulted, announced County Auditor Ned F. Brown, who has been trying to obtain approval of the County Council of an order from the State Board of Tax Commissioners that approximately \$10,500 be used from State gasoline tax collections to apply on the bonds and interest. The coupons presented and a part of the bonds were to be retired July 1, and unless some provision is made for payment of the other portion of the principal, the same thing will be done next Jan 1, it was said.

"Members of the Council recommended that the State Commissioners ask the Council to make an appropriation out of the county's genera fund to meet the shortgage in the sinking fund made by the Commission's cut of three cents from the county sinking fund levy made last fall. The State Board ordered that the difference be met from the gasoline tax payments to the county this year. The County Council opposes this plan because it would decrease the funds to be spent for road maintenance and is not anxious to have the amount taken from the general fund—should the Commissioners approve—because it would destroy the county's working balance.

INDIANA, (State of)—SUITS AGAINST INCOME TAX LAW DIS-

INDIANA, (State of)—SUITS AGAINST INCOME TAX LAW DIS-MISSED—A news report from South Bend as of June 30 had the following

Three federal judges today dismissed two suits attacking the constitutionality of the Indiana gross income tax law for lack of equity. The judges were J. Earl Major, Chicago; Phillip L. Sullivan, Chicago and Thomas W. Slick of South Bend. The companies testing the law were the Lake County Saving and Loan Association of Gary and the Calumet Chevrolet Sales, Inc., of Crown Point.

LAFAYETTE SCHOOL TOWNSHIP (P. O. Fort Wayne), Ind.—BOND OFFERING—The Trustee and Advisory Board will receive bids until 10 a. m. July 27 for the purchase of an issue of \$21,400 bonds.

MUNCIE, Ind.—WARRANT SALE—McNurlen & Huncilman of Indianapolis purchased on July 9 an issue of \$95,000 time warrants at 1½% interest, at par pkus a premium of \$22. Due Dec. 30, 1937. Proceeds wil tide the city over until fall tax collections. The Indianapolis Bond & Share Corp., and the Merchants National Bank, Muncie, also bid for the issue.

PRINCETON SCHOOL CITY, Ind.—BOND ISSUE DETAILS—The \$33,000 3% school nuilding bonds sold to the City Securities Corp. of Indianapolis, at a price of 101.057, as previously reported in these columns—V. 145, p. 308—are dated Aug. 1, 1937 and mature as follows: \$500 Feb. 1 and \$1,000 Aug. 1, 1938; \$1,000 Feb. 1 and Aug. 1 from 1939 to 1949 incl.; \$1,500 Feb. 1 and Aug. 1, 1950 and 1951; \$1,500 Feb. 1 and \$2,000 Aug. 1, 1952.

VINCENNES, Ind.—WARRANT SALE—The \$30,000 temporary loan warrants offered on July 15—V. 145, p. 153—were awarded to the Indianapolis Bond & Share Corp., Indianapolis, as 2½s. Due Dec. 27, 1937.

WARSAW, Ind.—BOND OFFERING—William J. Chinworth, City Clerk-Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 10 a. m. on July 29 for the purchase of \$20,000 4% bonds, the proceeds of which will be used in the cost of establishing separate sanitary sewage and surface drainage systems. Dated July 15, 1937. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000 June 1 and Dec. 1 from 1938 to 1947, incl. Interest payable J. & D. Bonds will not be sold for less than par.

WAYNE TOWNSHIP (P. O. Grass Creek), Ind.—BOND OFFERING
-The Township Trustee will receive bids until 10 a. m. July 31 for the
urchase of \$15,000 bonds.

IOWA

CHEROKEE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Cherokee), Iowa—MATURITY—It is stated by the District Secretary that the \$12,000 building bonds purchased by the Iowa-Des Moines National Bank & Trust Co. of Des Moines, as 2¾s, at a price of 100.75, as noted in these columns recently—V. 145, p. 308—are due \$4,000 from Dec..1, 1950 to 1952, giving a basis of about 2.69%.

GUTHRIE COUNTY (P. O. Guthrie Center), Iowa—BOND ELECTION POSTPONED—An election to vote on the question of issuing \$41,000 county farm building bonds, which was to have been held on July 12, has been postponed to July 22.

HORNICK CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Hornick), Iowa—BOND OFFERING—It is stated by Frank Becker, District Secretary, that he will receive bids until 8:30 p. m. on July 16, for the purchase of a \$22,000 issue of refunding bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 4%, payable M. & N. Due on Nov. I as follows: \$1,000, 1938 to 1945; \$2,000, 1946, and \$3,000, 1947 to 1950. The printed bonds and the approving opinion of Chapman & Cutler of Chicago will be furnished.

HUBBARD, Iowa—BOND OFFERING—Elmer Bocke, Town Clerk, was to receive bids until 7:30 P. M. July 17 for the purchase of \$11,000 town hall bonds, which are to bear interest at no more than 5%.

The bonds will mature serially from 1939 to 1952, subject to call at any

OSKALOOSA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Oakaloosa), Iowa—BOND OFFERING—Elizabeth C. Hawkins, District Secretary, will receive sealed and open bids until 8 p. m. on July 21, for the purchase of a \$21,000 issue of high school bonds. Dated Aug. 1, 1937. Due on Aug. 1 as follows: \$1,000 in 1949 and \$10,000 in 1950 and 1951. Prin. and int. (F. & A.) payable at the District Treasurer's office. The bonds and attorney's opinions are to be furnished by the purchaser.

STORM LAKE, Iowa—BOND ISSUANCE NOT CONTEMPLATED—In connection with the report given in these columns recently, that an election would be held on Aug. 25 to vote on the issuance of \$330,000 in municipal light plant bonds—V. 145, p. 309—we are informed by G. S. Robinson, City Clerk, that the issuance of bonds is not up at this time. The ques-

tion to be submitted to the voters is whether the city shall construct a power plant and distribution system at a cost of \$330,000.

SUPERIOR RURAL INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Webster City), Iowa—PRICE PAID—It is reported by the District Secretary that the \$2,200 school bonds sold on June 25 to the First State Bank of Webster City as 3s, as noted in these columns—V. 145, p. 153—were purchased at a price of 100.47, a basis of about 2.88%. Due from Nov. 1, 1938 to Nov. 1, 1943.

TAMA, Iowa—BOND SALE—The \$5,500 coupon sewer bonds offered on July 12—V. 145, p. 309—were awarded to Shaw, McDermott & Sparks of Des Moines, as 2½s, at par, plus a premium of \$32, equal to 100.581, a basis of about 2.40%. Denom. \$500. Dated July 1, 1937. Interest payable semi-annually. Due \$500 yearly on Nov. 1 from 1938 to 1948.

TROY TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5, Wright County, Iowa—BOND OFFERING—Henry T. Larsen, District Secretary, will receive bids until 8 p. m. July 14 for the purchase of \$4,000 school building bonds. Dated Aug. 1, 1937. Interest payable semi-annually. Due \$500 yearly on Aug. 1 from 1939 to 1946. Bonds and attorney's opinion will be furnished by the district.

WAPELLO COUNTY (P. O. Ottumwa) Iowa—BOND SALE—The \$171,000 issue of home construction funding bonds offered for sale on July 14—V. 145, p. 309—was awarded to the Bancamerica-Biair Corp., as 2½s, paying a premium of \$1,001, equal to 100.585, a basis of about 2.20%. Dated June 1, 1937. Due as follows: \$43,000, 1949; \$56,000 in 1950 and 1951, and \$16,000 in 1952.

KANSAS

BURLINGAME, Kan.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—An ordinance has been passed authorizing the issuance of \$32,000 refunding bonds. EDNA, Kan.—BOND SALE—A \$2,500 block of cemetery land bonds has been sold to the State School Commission.

GALENA, Kan.—BONDS TO BE EXCHANGED—The city has arranged with the Rittenoure Investment Co. of Wichita for the issuance of \$151,760.54 4% refunding bonds to holders of outstanding bonds, in exchange for their holdings. Denom. \$210.54, \$50, \$250, \$500 and \$1,000. Dated June 1, 1937. Interest payable March 1 and Sept. 1. Due serially on Sept. 1 from 1938 to 1960.

HERINGTON, Kan.—BOND SALE—An issue of \$25,000 Diesel engine purchase bonds was sold recently to Estes, Payne & Co. of Topeka.

MARSHALL COUNTY (P. O. Marysville), Kan.—BOND SALE—An issue of \$14.800 road work relief bonds has been sold to the Dunne-Israel Investment Co. of Wichita at par less \$125 for handling.

MUNICIPAL UNIVERSITY OF WICHITA (P. O. Wichita), Kan.—BOND OFFERING—W. E. Holmes, Secretary of the University, will receive bids until July 21 for the purchase of \$28,000 2½% refunding bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Dated July 1, 1937. Interest payable Feb. 1 and Aug. 1. Due \$3,000 yearly on Aug. 1 from 1939 to 1946, and \$4,000 Aug. 1, 1947. Cert. check for 2% of amount of bid, payable to the Treasurer of the Board of Regents of the University required.

RUSSELL, Kan.—BOND ELECTION—Because of a legal technicality, it will be necessary for the city to vote again on the \$127,700 water bonds issue which was approved by the voters in April—V. 144, p. 2867. The new election will be called for July 12.

STAFFORD, Kan.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—An ordinance has been assed authorizing the issuance of \$80,000 refunding bonds.

TONGANOXIE, Kan.—BOND SALE DETAILS—We are informed by the City Clerk that the \$19,500 3¼% refunding bonds purchased by the Columbian Securities Corp. of Topeka, as noted here recently—V. 145, p. 309—were sold at a price of 100.068, a basis of about 3.235%. Denom. \$500. Coupon bonds, dated July 1, 1937. Due from 1938 to 1947 incl. Interest payable F. & A.

WAKEENEY, Kan.—BOND OFFERING—Norman McKenzie, City Clerk, will receive bids until July 22 for the purchase at not less than par of \$15,000 4% municipal building bonds. Denom. \$500. Dated May 1, 1937

KENTUCKY

BOWLING GREEN, Ky.—BOND CALL—It is announced by the Bowling Green Trust Co. that numbers 81 to 120 of the 5% high school bonds are being called for payment on Sept. 1, on which date interest shall cease. Payment will be made at the said trust company in Bowling Green.

cease. Payment will be made at the said trust company in Bowling Green.

CALLOWAY COUNTY (P. O. Murray), Ky.—BONDS PUBLICLY OFFERED—The Bankers Bond Co. of Louisville, is offering a \$65,000 issue of 4% semi-ann, public school corporation, 1st mortgage bonds. Denom \$1,000. Dated June 1,1937. The bonds are secured by a closed 1st mage, on school properties having a value of approximately two times this issue of bonds. The school properties under the mortgage will serve over 80% of the high school pupils and over 60% of the grade school pupils of the county. The estimated income for the present fiscal year of the Calloway Board of Education is \$83,000, as against maximum rental payment of \$5,000 a year. The bonds are offered subject to the approval of the Court of Appeals and the approving opinion of Woodward, Dawson & Hobson, of Louisville.

FULTON, Ky.—BOND SALE DETAILS—We are now informed by the City Clerk that the \$45,000 4% bonds purchased by the Bankers Bond Co. of Louisville, as noted in these columns in June—V. 144, p. 4050—are for the purpose of retiring \$24,000 outstanding waterworks revenue bonds and for improvements to the water works. Denom. \$1,000. Dated June 15, 1937. Due serially in from 1 to 20 years, callable on any interest payment date after 30 days' notice. Interest payable J. & D. The bonds were sold on a basis to yield 4.50%.

\$50,000 State of Louisiana Highway 4s series S due July 1985-56 price to yield 3.75%

McALISTER, SMITH & PATE, Inc.

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CHARLESTON, S. C.

LOUISIANA

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 21 (P. O. Lake Charles), La.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 10 a. m. on Aug. 4, by H. A. Norton, Secretary of the Parish School Board, for the purchase of a \$50,000 issue of school bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 6%, payable F. & A. Denom. \$500. Dated Aug. 15, 1937. Due on Feb. 15 as follows: \$2.000 in 1938; \$2,500, 1939 to 1941; \$3,000, 1942 to 1944; \$3,500, 1945 to 1947; \$4,000, 1948 to 1950, and \$4,500 in 1951 and 1952. The approving opinion of Thomson, Wood & Hoffman of New York, on the legality of the issue. will be furnished by the purchaser. A certified check for 3%, payable to the School Board, must accompany the bid.

EAST CARROLL PARISH (P. O. Lake Providence), La.—BOND 9 A. M. on Aug. 11, by Ashley W. Warlick, Secretary of the Parish School Board, for the purchase of the following bonds and certificates aggregating \$78,000, divided as follows:

\$78,000, divided as follows:
\$50,000 School District No. 8 bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 6%, payable J. & J. Denom. \$500. Dated July 1, 1937. Due from July 1, 1938 to 1967. The approving opinion of Chapman & Cutler of Chicago, will be furnished. A \$500 certified check, payable to E. D. Schneider, President of the School Board, required.

10,000 Certificates of indebtedness. Interest rate is not to exceed 6%, payable F. & A. Denom. \$500. Dated Aug. 1, 1937. Due from Aug. 1, 1938 to 1945. A certified check for \$200, payable to the above President, is required.

18,000 School District A bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 6%, payable J. & J. Denom. \$500 or \$500 and \$100. Dated July 1, 1937. Due from July 1, 1938 to 1967. The approving opinion of Chapman & Cutler of Chicago, will be furnished. A \$300 certified check, payable to the President, is required with bid.

FRANKLIN PARISH SCHOOL DISTRICT, WARD NO. 7 (P. O. Winnsboro) La.—BOND OFFERING—We are informed by John L. McDuff, Superintendent of the Parish School Board, that sealed bids will be received until 10 a. m. on Aug. 6, for the purchase of \$90,000 school bonds. Interest rate to be specified by bidder. Denominations \$1,000 and \$500. Dated Sept. 1, 1937. Due from Sept. 1, 1938 to 1957 incl. Prin. and semi-annual int. payable at the office of the School Board in Winnsboro. Legality to be approved by Chapman & Cutler of Chicago. Bids must be for not less than par. A certified check for \$1,000 must accompany the bid.

LOUISIANA (State of)—BOND SALE—The \$5,000,000 highway, series S, coupon or registered bonds offered on July 14—V. 144, p. 4050—were awarded to a syndicate headed by Halsey, Stuart & Co. of New York and including the Bancamerica-Blair Corp., New York; E. H. Rollins & Sons, New York; Geo. B. Gibbons & Co., New York; B. J. Van Ingen & Co., New York; Darby & Co., New York; Burr & Co., New York; Otis & Co., Cleveland; Morse Bros. & Co., New York; Schlater, Noyes & Gardner, New York; Madlister, Smith & Pate, Greenville; Piper, Jaffay & Hopwood, Minneapolis; Barrow, Leary & Co., Shreveport; Eli T. Watson & Co., J. N. Hynson & Co., both of New York and Schmidt, Poole & Co. of Philadelphia. The group is paying a premium of \$3,300 over par, equal to 100.066, \$2,580,000 bonds maturing from 1941 to 1957 to bear interest at 4% and \$2,420,000 maturing in 1958, 1959 and 1960 34%. The net interest cost to the State is 3.86089%.

The bonds are dated July 1, 1937 and will mature on July 1 as follows: \$30,000, 1941 to 1943; \$34,000, 1944; \$30,000, 1945 and 1946; \$20,000, 1947; \$10,000, 1958; \$1,000, 1949; \$110,000, 1950; \$160,000, 1951 and 1952; \$150,000, 1958; \$1,060,000, 1959 and \$365,000 in 1960.

BONDS OFFERED FOR INVESTMENT—The successful group reoffered the above bonds for public subscription, the 4% bonds priced to yield from 2.30 to 3.80%, according to maturity, while the 34s, are being offered at 101.00. The bonds are considered general obligations of the State, payable on full faith and credit pledges.

(The official advertisement of the above reoffering notice appears on page V of this issue.)

offered at 101.00. The bonds are considered general obligations of the State, payable on full faith and credit pledges.

(The official advertisement of the above reoffering notice appears on page V of this issue.)

Other tenders for the above bonds were reported to have been as follows: Second high bid for the bonds was par for \$2,580,000 of 4s and \$2,420,000 3\frac{4}s. It was submitted by a sydnicate composed of Blyth & Co.; Chase National Bank; Chemical Bank & Trust Co.; Lehman Bros.; Stone & Webster and Blodget; Phelps, Fenn & Co.; Hehman Bros.; Stone & Webster and Blodget; Phelps, Fenn & Co.; Hannahs, Ballin & Lee; Robinson, Humphrey Co.; Wells-Dickey Co.; Marx & Co.; Hibernia National Bank; Whitney National Bank; National Bank of Commerce, and American Bank & Trust Co., all of New Orleans; Newman, Harris & Co.; Scharf & Jones; Nusloch, Baudean & Smith; W. Edward Brosn; Woolfolk, Huggins & Shober; Lamar, Kingston & Labouisse; Dane & Well, Inc.; Moore & Hyams.

The third bid was 100.02 for \$4,075,000 4s and \$925,000 3\frac{3}s. It was submitted by a group composed of Graham, Parsons & Co.; Etranahan, Harris & Co.; Hemphill, Noyes & Co.; Eastman, Dillon & Co.; Eldredge & Co.; Equitable Securities Corp.; McDonald, Coolidge & Co.; Eraun, Bosworth & Co.; Field, Richards & Shepard; White, Phillips Corp.; Fenner & Beane; Well & Co.; Kirchofer & Arnold; Ward, Sterne & Co.; First National Bank of Montgomery; Frederick E. Nolting; City National Bank & Trust of Kansas City; Mason & Hagan; Bigelow, Webb & Co.; Edward Jones & Co.; Fox, Einhorn & Co.; C. Edgar Honnold & Co.; T. J. Feibleman & Co.; Hangnosti & Wqlker; Pohl & Co.; Wheeler & Woolfolk and Louisiana Savings Bank & Trust Co. of New Orleans.

MONROE, La.—BONDS DEFEATED—At the election held on July 8—V. 145, p. 154—the voters refused to approve the issuance of \$1,500,000 in various public improvement bonds, and \$100,000 in electric transit system bonds, the count being almost two to one against the issues.

MORGAN CITY, La.—BOND ELECTION—On July 27 an election will be held for the purpose of voting on a proposal to issue \$50,000 water front bonds.

NEW ORLEANS, La.—BOND CALL—We are informed by Horace P. Phillips, Secretary of the Board of Liquidation, that the 12th allotment of Constitutional bonds, bearing 4% interest, consisting of 632 bonds for \$1,000 each and 136 bonds for \$500 each, dated July 1, 1892, due on July 1, 1942, are being called for payment on Jan. 1, 1938, on which date interest shall cease.

It is also reported by Mr. Phillips that the Constitutional bonds called on Jan. 1, 1928; Jan. 1, 1935; Jan. 1, 1936, and Jan. 1, 1937, and new public improvement bonds called on Jan. 1, 1935 and Jan. 1, 1937, have not been presented for payment as yet.

■ RICHLAND PARISH ROAD DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Rayville), La. —BONDS SOLD—It is reported that \$48,000 6% semi-annual refunding bonds were purchased by the A. M. Smith Investment Co. of New Orleans.

VERMILLION PARISH SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Abbeville), La.
—MATURITY—We are now informed that the \$20,000 Maurice School
District No. 2 bonds purchased on July 1 jointly by Charles F. Boagni,
and the Planters Trust & Savings Bank, both of Opelousas, as 4\frac{1}{2}\s, at a
price of 101.007, as noted here recently—V. 145, p. 309—are due on July
1 as follows: \$500, 1938 and 1939; \$750, 1940 to 1945; \$1.000, 1946 to 1950;
\$1,250, 1951 to 1954, and \$1,500, 1955 to 1957, giving a basis of about
4.64%.

VERNON PARISH (P. O. Leesville), La.—BOND ELECTION—An election is scheduled for July 20 at which a proposition to issue \$50,000 school debt funding bonds will be submitted to a vote.

MAINE

AUBURN, Me.—OTHER BIDS—The \$20,000 construction bonds awarded to the Peoples Savings Bank of Lewiston, as 2s at par, as previously reported—V. 145, p. 309— were also bid for as follows:

Bidder—	Int. Rate	Rate Bid
Frederick M. Swan & Co	21/2%	100.147
		Par
E. H. Rollins & Sons		100.64
Jordan-Lavin & Co	233%	100.55
Merchants National Bank of Boston		100.512
H. M. Payson & Co		100.50
Arthur Perry & Co		100.26 100.37
Estabrook & Co	274 %	100.37

BRUNSWICK, Me.—FINANCIAL STATEMENT—The following given in connection with the recent sale of \$35,000 sewer bonds to H. M. Payson & Co. of Portland as 2½s at 100.57, a basis of about 2.44%-V. 145, p. 309:

Financial Statement April 1, 1937	DITTANT	
Liabilities—		
Temporary loans, First National Bank	\$3,500.00	
Bond issue of 1894, \$1,000 due yearly	1,000.00	
Bond issue of 1902, \$1,000 due yearly Bond issue of 1914, \$1,000 due yearly, commencing	8,000.00	
1945	15,000.00	
	14,000.00	
Funded note issue of 1936, \$1,000 due yearly	10,000.00	
Funded note issue of 1930, \$1,000 due yearly	10,000.00	E1 FOO OO
		51,500.00
Resources—	et 202 20	
Uncollected taxes, April 1, 1937	1,020.02	
Trust participation certificate No. 662	177.20	
Balance in treasury, April 1, 1937	2,027.93	
		3 528 51

Corporation debt, April 1, 1937—————\$47,971.49

Valuation on real and personal estates, 1936, \$4,658.802. Rate of taxation, 1936, \$2.80 per \$1,000. Number of polls, 1,751. Corporation debt, April 1, 1937 ... -\$47,971.49

3,528.51

WATERVILLE, Me.—BOND SALE—The \$50,000 3 ½% coupon funding bonds offered on July 15 were awarded to Frederick M. Swan & Co. of Boston at a price of 106.719, a basis of about 3.05%. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Aug. 1, 1937. Principal and semi-annual interest (Feb. 1 and Aug. 1) payable at the First National Bank of Boston. Due Aug. 1, 1957.

Financial Statement, Aug. 1, 1937

Assessed valuation, 1936. \$12,604
Total bonded debt (not including this issue). 575
1936 tax levy, \$609,838.23; uncollected July 1, 1937, \$51,695.58.
1935 tax levy, \$581,388.50; uncollected July 1, 1937, \$13,573.15.
1934 tax levy, \$580,345.50; uncollected July 1, 1937, \$17,645.36. \$12,604,237.50 575,000.00

MARYLAND

CALVERT COUNTY (P. O. Prince Frederick), Md.—BOND SALE—The \$45,000 3½% lateral road bonds offered on July 13—V. 144, p. 4382—were awarded to W. W. Lanahan & Co. of Baltimore, at a price of 104.13, a basis of about 2.69%. Dated July 1, 1937, and due \$22,500 on July 1 in 1942 and 1943. A group composed of the Mercantile Commerce Bank & Trust Co., Baker, Watts & Co., Mackubin, Legg & Co., Stein Bros. & Boyce and Strother, Brogden & Co., all of Baltimore, second high bidder, bid 103.82. Brown & Sons of Baltimore bid 101.531 for the issue.

CENTREVILLE, Md.—PURCHASER—The issue of \$66,000 4% electric plant improvement bonds sold by the city on July 9 at a price of 106, as reported in these columns—V. 145, p. 309—were awarded to George M. Moffett of Centreville, an investor.

KENT COUNTY (P. O. Chestertown), Md.—HIGHER TAX RATE—Tax rate for the 1937-38 fiscal year is \$1.52 per \$100 of assessed valuation, as compared with \$1.20 last year. Total valuation of real and personal property has been placed at \$18,077,285. Increase in the tax rate is attributed to heavier requirements in the budget for maintenance of roads and payment of maturing bond principal and interest. Moreover, the total appropriations of \$286,831.94 includes provision for a reassessment of all real and personal property, which will be conducted in the latter part of September.

of all real and personal property, which will be conducted in the latter part of September.

MARYLAND (State of)—BOND OFFERING—Hooper S. Miles, State Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until noon on Aug. 10 for the purchase of \$3,408,000 234% coupon, registerable as to principal only, certificates of indebtedness, comprising two issues, each of which is designated "General Bond Issue of 1937" and will be sold pursuant to the terms and provisions contained in Chapter 487 of the Acts of the Maryland General Assembly of 1937. The offering consists of:

\$2,508,000 bonds, dated Aug. 15, 1937 and due Aug. 15 as follows: \$161,000, 1942; \$165,000, 1941; \$170,000, 1942; \$175,000, 1943; \$181,000, 1944; \$186,000, 1945; \$192,000, 1946; \$198,000, 1947; \$204,000, 1948; \$210,000, 1949; \$226,000, 1950; \$222,000, 1951, and \$228,000 in 1952. Interest payable F. & A. 15.

900,000 bonds, dated June 15, 1937 and due June 15 as follows: \$58,000, 1949; \$67,000, 1944; \$67,000, 1945; \$69,000, 1946; \$71,000, 1943; \$65,000, 1944; \$75,000, 1949; \$77,000, 1946; \$71,000, 1947; \$73,000, 1948; \$75,000, 1949; \$77,000, 1950; \$80,000 in 1951, and \$82,000 in 1952. Interest payable J. & D. 15. The sale of this issue; was postponed on June 8.

All of the bonds will be issued in denoms. of \$1,000. Both principal and interest will be exempt from the Federal income tax, and from State, county and municipal taxation.

Proposals must be accompanied by 5% of the amount bid for, payable to the order of the State Treasurer. Payment for and delivery of the bonds to be made on Aug. 16, 1937, at the State Treasurer's office. With respect to the legality of the loans, the official call for bids states: "It is one of the terms of this offering that the bonds when issued will be the legal and validity. Stockbridge & Waters to this effect will be delivered to the successful bidder. Bidders may, if they wish, make the legality and validity of the bonds one of the terms of the bid by making the bid 'Subject to legality' or using any equivalent form of expression,

MARYLAND, State of—BOND ISSUE BILL HELD VALID—The State Court of Appeals in an opinion rendered by Chief Justice Bond, ruled that the \$1,000,000 State bond issue bill passed by the 1937 Legislature for construction of a State office building in Annapolis is constitutional and not subject to a popular referendum.

The Court held the Act was outside the scope of the section of the Constitution permitting legislative enactments to be referred to the people. The decision of the Court had the effect of lifting an injunction restraining saie of the bonds and removes all barriers, which leaves the way clear for saie of the bonds as scheduled by the Board of Public Works.

MASSACHUSETTS

BRISTOL COUNTY (P. O. Taunton).

Ernest W. Kilroy, County Treasurer, will receive bids until 10 A. M. (Daylight Saving Time) July 20 for the purchase at discount of \$200,000 tax anticipation temporary loan notes.

The notes will be in denominations of six at \$25,000, four at \$10,000 and two at \$5,000, dated July 21, 1937 and payable Nov. 17, 1937, at The National Shawmut Bank of Boston, in Boston, Massachusetts, and will be ready for delivery on or about July 21.

They will be certified as to genuineness and validity by The National Shawmut Bank of Boston, under advice of Ropes, Gray, Boyden & Perkins, and all legal papers incident to this issue will be filed with said bank, where they may be inspected.

Financial Statement as of July 1, 1937

Financial Statement as of July 1, 1937

Assessed valuation 1935 Assessed valuation 1936 Assessed valuation 1937 Net bonded debt			396,211,656,00
Tax levy	1935 \$481,848.00 None	\$502,025.00 None	\$554,662.09

to the National Shawmut Bank of Boston as 1½s at a price of 100.058, a basis of about 1.48%, as previously reported in these columns—V. 145, p. 309—were also bid for as follows:

Bidder-	Int. Rate	Rate Bid
Bidder— Newton, Abbe & Co Home National Bank of Brockton Burr & Co., Inc	136%	100.01
Home National Bank of Brockton	134%	Par
Burr & Co., Inc	134 %	100.648
First Boston Corp	134 %	100.592
Tyler & Co Brockton National Bank	132 %	100.59
Brockton National Bank	132 %	100.57
Brown Harriman & Co	134 %	100.57
Edward B. Smith & Co	134 %	100.519
Bancamerica-Blair Corp	1% %	100.516
R. L. Day & Co	13/2%	100.49
Goldman, Sachs & Co	1 3/2 %	100,484
H. C. Wainwright & Co	134 %	100.453
First National Bank of Boston	134 %	100.441
Whiting, Weeks & Knowles	13/2%	100.42
Washburn & Co	134 %	100.394
Frederick M. Swan & Co	13/4%	100.37
Estabrook & Co	134 %	100.19

EVERETT, Mass.—OTHER BIDS—The following is a complete list of the other bids submitted at the recent sale of \$450,000 revenue anticipation

482	Financial	Chronicle	July 17, 1937
previously reported in these colum Bidder— National Shawmut Bank Everett National Bank Merchants National Bank Jackson & Curtis Brown Harriman & Co First National Bank of Boston Leavitt & Co Leavitt & Co Middlesex County National Bank Faxon & Co E. H. Rollins & Sons	Discount 0.83 % 0.834 % 0.834 % 0.844 % 0.849 % 0.855 % 0.865 % 0.865 % 0.865 % 0.878 % 0.878 % 0.88 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 % 0.89 %	The following other bids were submitte Bidders (All for 2% Bonds) Kennedy, Spence & Co Bancamerica-Blair Corp Lazard Freres & Co Estabrook & Co Newton, Abbe & Co Whiting, Weeks & Knowles First Boston Corp. First National Bank of Boston. Tyler & Co Merchants National Bank of Boston Brown Harriman & Co Goldman, Sachs & Co	$ \begin{array}{c c} \textit{Rate Bid} \\ & 100.847 \\ & 100.667 \\ & 100.522 \\ & 100.393 \\ & 100.37 \\ & 100.347 \\ & 100.341 \\ & 100.313 \\ & 100.299 \\ & 100.29 \\ & 100.219 \\ & 100.172 \\ \hline \end{array} $
GARDNER, Mass.—BOND OF Treasurer, will receive bids until 11 for the purchase at not less than par Bidders are to specify rate of interest Dated July 1, 1937. Principal and payable at the National Shawmut on July 1 from 1938 to 1941. Bonds are engraved under the segmineness by The National Shawm approved by Ely, Bradford, Thom furnished the purchaser. All legal p with the bank where they may be it Bonds will be delivered to the Bank of Boston, 40 Water Street, B	FFERING—G. Amasa Whiney, City a. m. (Daylight Saving Time) July 19 of \$40,000 coupon water system bonds., in a multiple of ½%. Denom. \$1,000. semi-annual interest (Jan. 1 and July 1) Bank of Boston. Due \$10,000 yearly upervision of and authenticated as to tut Bank of Boston; their legality will be pson & Brown, whose opinion will be apers incident to this issue will be filed aspected. purchaser at The National Shawmut oston.	TOWNSEND, Mass.—NOTE SALE—C revenue notes was awarded to the Merchan .58% discount basis. The notes mature \$10 and Dec. 15, 1937. WINCHENDON, Mass.—OTHER BID notes awarded recently to R. L. Day & C viously reported, were as follows: Bidder— Discount Mansfield & Co	On July 15 an issue of \$20,000 ts National Bank of Boston on a ,000 on each of the dates Nov. 15 S—Other bids for the \$50,000 or of Boston, at 0.64%, as predder— Onal Shawmut Bank
Net valuation for year 1936 (real est Total gross debt (including this issu Water bonds.— Borrowing capacity under Chap. 44, Population— HOLYOKE, Mass.—NOTE SALI pation temporary loan notes was av New York on a 539% discount based of the control	ment, June 15, 1937 Late and personal)\$21,500,663.00 e)\$5,500.00\$5,500.00\$20,397 E—An issue of \$350,000 revenue anticivarded on July 14 to Leavitt & Co. of sis. Dated July 14, 1937 and payable ational Bank of Boston bid .56% dis-	WORCESTER, Mass.—BOND SALE—July 14 were awarded to Edward B. Smith burn & Co., Inc. of Boston, jointly, as 134s about 1.60%. The sale consisted of: \$308,000 trunk sewer bonds. Due July 1: 1945 incl. and \$30,000 in 1946 and 140,000 Water bonds. Due \$14,000 on 64,000 Municipal relief bonds. Due July to 1941 incl. and \$6,000 from 1935,000 Water bonds. Due \$7,000 on JEach issue is dated July 1, 1937.	s, at a price of 100.77, a basis of
Valuation 1935\$84,471,330 Valuation 1936\$3,514,150 Total uncollected taxes previous target 1934 Levy\$2,461,094.69 \$2,35 Uncoll'ted to date 8,113.40	Discount 0.58% 0.58% 0.69% 0.60% 0.66% 0.66% 0.70% ment July 9, 1937 Tax titles\$169,870,42 Borrowed against 175,937.39 0.1934—\$14,294.24. 1935 1936 6.617.20 \$2,330,743.45 \$2,200,658.25 12,666.99 128,419.98 *2,003,904.96	Debt Statement and Borrowing Ca Average valuation less abatements for 193 1935 and 1936 Debt limit 2½% of the same Total bonded debt Exempt Park debt \$250,000.0 Memorial auditorium debt 838,000.0 Water debt (serial) 2,647,300. Relief debt 2,544,000.0 Financial year adjustment loan 648,000.0 Flood damage loan 200,000.0 Total sinking funds \$430,132.9 Less: Park loan fund 250,000.0	pacity July 10, 1937 14,\$284,118,150.00\$7,102,953.75 00 00 00 00 7,127,300.00 7,127,300.00 7,127,300.00
300,000 (not incl. this issue). Cash balance—\$437,029.26. MEDFORD, Mass.—BONDS AU on July 1 authorized a bond issue of building. MEDFORD, Mass.—OTHER BILL highway department equipment bot Shawmut Bank of Boston, as 2s, a 1.96%, as previously reported—V. 14 Bidder— Lazard Freres & Co., Inc. and Goldm Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc. Estabrook & Co. and R. L. Day & C Brown Harriman & Co., Inc. Harris Trust & Savings Bank Frederick M. Swan & Co. Whiting, Weeks & Knowles Kidder, Peabody & Co. and Newton, METHUEN, Mass.—NOTE SALI on July 16 was awarded to the Secon discount. Dated July 16, 1937 and d 1938.	24 % 100.80 234 % 100.78 234 % 100.699 234 % 100.687 234 % 100.687 24 % 100.639 Abbe & Co. 234 % 100.639 Abbe & Co. 254 % 100.37 E—The issue of \$100,000 notes offered d National Bank of Boston, at 0.806 % ue \$50,000 each on June 10 and July 8,	Borrowing capacity within debt limit	system 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
discount of \$80,000 court house loan of 1937. Dated July 20, 1937 an \$25,000 (two) and \$10,000 (three). in Massachusetts and will be engrathenticated as to genuineness by the their legality will be approved by Rowhose opinion will be furnished the complete transcript of proceedings co issuance of the notes will be filed wiwhere they may be inspected. Notes day, July 21, 1937, at the First Nationfice, Boston, against payment in maturity at the First National Bank Hanover Bank & Trust Co. in New NORFOLK COUNTY (P. O. The \$75,000 tuberculosis hospital in the Norfolk County Trust Co. of Ded reported, were also bid for as follows	Dedham), Mass.—OTHER BIDS— naintenance notes awarded July 6 to ham, at 0.53% discount, as previously:	BIRMINGHAM, Mich.—TENDERS WA Treasurer, will receive until 2 p. m. (Easte sealed tenders of 1935 certificates of indebt maturing Oct. 1, 1940. Offerings should their par value and the amount for which th should be firm for 15 days. SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS IN City Treasurer, special assessment bonds in default as to both principal and interee obligations of 54 special assessment district	ANCIPALS A. T. T. Tel. DET 447 AN ANTED—H. H. Corson, City rn Standard Time) on July 23 edness dated Oct. 1, 1935, and state the certificate numbers ey will be sold to the city, and DEFAULT—According to the n the amount of \$258,688 are st. The bonds constitute the tts and the city is segregating
First Boston Corp. Faxon & Co. SALEM, Mass.—ADDITIONAL		obligations of 54 special assessment districtional collections for the benefit of the holders of districts. Mr. Corson is of the opinion that been formed in connection with the default	ets and the city is segregated bonds of each of the affect

TAUNTON, Mass.— $BOND\ SALE$ —The issue of \$50,000 municipal relief bonds offered on July 13—V. 145, p. 310—was awarded to Edward B. Smith & Co. of York, as $1\frac{1}{2}$ s, at a price of 100.12, a basis of about 1.725%. Due \$5,000 annually.

NOTE SALE—Award also was made on July 13 of \$200,000 revenue anticipation notes to the Merchants National Bank of Boston, at 0.57% discount. Dated July 15, 1937, and due Dec. 15, 1937.

Other bids were as follows:

 Bidder—
 Discount

 National Shawmut Bank
 0.59%

 Leavitt & Co.
 0.619%

 Whiting, Weeks & Knowles
 0.63%

 First National Bank of Boston
 0.68%

 Faxon & Co.
 0.72%

 E. H. Rollins & Sons
 0.73%

other bids were as follows:

should be firm for 15 days.

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS IN DEFAULT—According to the City Treasurer, special assessment bonds in the amount of \$258,688 are in default as to both principal and interest. The bonds constitute the obligations of 54 special assessment districts and the city is segregating all collections for the benefit of the holders of bonds of each of the affected districts. Mr. Corson is of the opinion that no protective committee has been formed in connection with the default, adding that the outlook for payment of the indebtedness is seriously handicapped by State enactments affecting the collection of special assessments.

BLOOMFIELD, TROY, ROYAL OAK AND SOUTHFIELD TOWN-SHIPS FRACTIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Birmingham), Mich.—TENDERS WANTED—John H. Rosso, District Treasurer, will receive until 4 P. M. on July 21 sealed tenders for sale to the township of outstanding 1936 refunding bonds, of series A. B. C. D and E, dated March 2, 1936. Offerings should be firm for 15 days and tenders should describe securities offered, giving series number and letter. Prices asked must cover Sept. 2, 1937 and subsequent coupons attached to the bonds.

ECORSE, Mich.—BOND CALL—Don H. Beckmann, Village Clerk, announces the call for redemption at the Detroit Trust Co., Detroit, on Aug. 1, 1937, on which date interest will cease to accrue, 5% series E refunding bonds in the principal amount of \$668,000, dated Feb. 1, 1934 and due Feb. 1, 1964.

FREMONT, Mich.—BOND SALE—Thd \$35,000 special assessment street improvement bonds offered June 21—V. 144, p. 4219—were awarded as 5s, at par, as follows: \$21,000 to the Fremont State Bank, and \$14,000 to the Old State Bank, Fremont. No other bid was made. The bonds are dated June 1, 1937 and mature \$7,000 on June 1 from 1938 to 1942 incl.

GROSSE ILE TOWNSHIP (P. O. Grosse IIe), Mich.—BONDS SOLD—The issue of \$21,000 series A refunding bonds which, together with \$22,000 series B, was offered without success on May 3, has since been sold. The issue is due serially from 1938 to 1945 incl. Of the \$15,000 water supply system bonds which were likewise unsuccessfully offered last January, a block of \$6,300 has been sold.

MACKINAC STRAITS BRIDGE COMMISSION, ™ Mich.—PWA REFUSES BRIDGE LOAN—The Commission's request for a loan of \$30,-000,000 for construction of a bridge across Mackinac Straits in Michigan has been turned down by the Public Works Administration.

The following bonds and certificates of indebtedness have been called for payment at the Detroit Bank of Detroit, on Aug. 16:

Series B refunding bonds, numbers 12, 36, 49, 75 and 130.

Interest refunding certificates numbers 6, 21, 32, 41, 44, 50, 55, 61, 62, 70 and 75.

No further interest will be paid on the above obligations other than the Aug. 15, 1937 coupon.

Interest coupons must accompany securities when presented for payment.

WATERSMEET TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Watersmeet), Mich.—BOND OFFERING—As previously reported in these columns—V. 145, p. 310—F. H. Untiet, Secretary of the Board of Education, will receive bids on July 22 for the purchase of \$50,000 5% coupon school building and equipment bonds. The hour to which bids will be accepted is 7 p. m., not 8 p. m. as stated in the earlier report. Denom. \$1,000. Dated July 1, 1937. Principal and semi-annual interest (Jan. 1 and July 1) payable at the Ironwood Branch Metals National Bank of Hancock, in Ironwood. Legality of the bonds is approved by Wm. 8. Baird, of Bessemer. No certified check is required.

MINNESOTA

BERTHA, Minn.—WARRANT SALE DETAILS—It is now stated by the Village Recorder that the \$17,500 Sewer Improvement District No. 1 warrants purchased by Kalman & Co. of St. Paul, as noted here recently—V. 145, p. 310—were sold as 3½s at a price of 100.05, a basis of about 3.49%. Due from Jan. 1, 1939 to 1947 inclusive.

DETROIT LAKES, Minn.—CERTIFICATE OFFERING—As previously reported in these columns, E. J. Bestick, City Clerk, will receive bids until 8 P. M. July 19 for the purchase of \$12,500 2% certificates of indebtedness. Denoms. 10 for \$1,000 and 5 for \$500. Dated July 15, 1937. Due July 15, 1939.

FLOODWOOD SCHOOL DISTRICT, Minn.—BONDS VOTED—At a recent special election a proposed \$50,000 bond issue for construction of an addition to a high school building was approved by the voters.

HENNEPIN COUNTY (P. O. Minneapolis), Minn.—BOND SALE—The \$20,000 2½% court house repair and improvement bonds offered on July 12—V. 145, p. 156—were awarded to the Northwestern National Bank Trust Co. of Minneapolis at par plus a premium of \$406.50, equal to 102.0325, a basis of about 1.97%. Dated July 1, 1937. Due \$4,000 yearly on July 1 from 1939 to 1943, incl. Piper, Jaffray & Hopwood of Minneapolis were second high bidders, offering a premium of \$240.

HIBBING, Minn.—BONDS OFFERED LOCALLY—The village is offering an issue of \$20,000 3% sewer system construction bonds for local popular subscription. Denom. \$500. No more than \$2,500 bonds will be sold to any one individual.

LAKEVILLE SCHOOL DISTRICT, Minn.—BONDS VOTED—On July 6 the voters of the district approved a proposal to issue \$42,000 school building bonds.

PINE COUNTY (P. O. Pine City), Minn.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—The County Board recently passed a resolution authorizing the issuance \$50,000 old age assistance fund bonds.

SOUTH ST. PAUL, Minn.—BOND OFFERING—E. L. Sloan, City Recorder, will receive bids until 8 p. m. Aug. 2 for the purchase at not less than par of the following 4% coupon bonds:
\$50,000 trunk sewer bonds. Due \$5,000 yearly on Jan. 1 from 1938 to 1947.

16,000 fire equipment bonds. Due \$1,500 yearly on July 1 from 1938 to 1945 and \$2,000 on July 1 in 1946 and 1947.

Denom. \$500. Dated July 1, 1937. Interest payable Jan. 1 and July 1. Certified check for 2% of amount of bid required.

TRAVERSE COUNTY INDEPENDENT CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 36 (P. O. Tintah), Minn.—BOND SALE—The \$11,000 issue of building bonds offered for sale on July 8—V. 144, p. 4384—was purchased by Kalman & Co. of St. Paul. No other bid was received, according to the District Clerk. Dated July 1, 1937. Due \$1,000 from July 1, 1938 to 1948 inclusive.

Offerings Wanted: LOUISIANA & MISSISSPIPI MUNICIPALS

Bond Department WHITNEY NATIONAL BANK

NEW ORLEANS, LA.
Bell Teletype N O. 182

Raymond 5409

MISSISSIPPI

JACKSON COUNTY (P. O. Pascagoula), Miss.—BOND OFFERING—It is reported that sealed bids will be received until Aug. 2, by the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, for the purchase of an issue of \$100,000 industrial building bonds. Due serially to 1956. These bonds were authorized by the Industrial Development Act of 1936 and were approved by the voters at the election on May 1. We understand that general taxes by three districts in the county will be used for the payment of these bonds.

OLIVE BRANCH, Miss.—BOND OFFERING—It is reported that sealed bids will be received until Aug. 3 by the City Clerk for the purchase of a \$15,000 issue of sewer and street bonds.

SKENE CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Skene), Miss.—BONDS SOLD—It is reported that \$5,000 5½% refunding bonds were purchased recently by Saunders & Anderson of Memphis.

WASHINGTON COUNTY (P. O. Greenville), Miss.—ROAD BOND ISSUANCE CONTEMPLATED—It is said that the County Supervisors are planning to issue \$250.000 in bonds to build a county system of farmers' roads. It may be found necessary to hold an election on this proposal if protests are filed by taxpayers before Aug. 2.

YAZOO CITY, Miss.—BONDS SOLD—J. B. Cobb, City Clerk, states that the \$18,000 3% street intersection refunding bonds authorized on June 14, as noted here—V. 145, p. 156—were purchased on June 28 by the Delta National Bank of Yazoo City, and the Bank of Yazoo City, at par. Dated Aug. 1, 1937. Due \$3,000 from 1941 to 1946 incl. Prin. and int. (F. & A.) payable at the City Treasurer's office.

MISSOURI BONDS

Markets in all State, County & Town Issues

SCHERCK, RICHTER COMPANY LANDRETH BUILDING, ST. LOUIS, MO.

MISSOURI

BARNARD-BOLCKOW DRAINAGE DISTRICT (P. O. Mayville), Mc.—BONDS SOLD TO RFC—It is reported that \$61,500 4% semi-ann. refunding bonds have been purchased by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Legality approved by Charles & Trauernicht, of St. Louis.

JACKSON TOWNSHIP (P. Q. Ravenwood), Mo.—BONDS DE-FEATED—At the election held on July 8—V. 145, p. 156—the voters defeated a proposal to issue \$125,000 in road improvement bonds.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY (P. O. Clayton), Mo.—BOND ELECTION— is stated by W. E. Miller, County Clerk that the County Court has dered an election for Aug. 17 in order to have the voters pass on the suance of \$800,000 in bonds to be used for debt retirement.

SALISBURY SCHOOL DISTRICT, Mo.—BOND ELECTION—An election was to be held on July 16 at which a proposal to issue \$48,000 school building bonds will be voted upon.

OFFERINGS WANTED

UTAH—IBAHO—NEVADA—MONTANA—WYOMING MUNICIPALS

FIRST SECURITY TRUST CO.

Phone Wasatch 3221 SALT LAKE CITY
Bell Teletype: SL K-372

MONTANA

BOZEMAN, Mont.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 7:30 p. m. on July 23 by L. G. Shadoan, City Clerk, for the purchase of four issues of coupon special improvement district bonds aggregating \$38,100, divided as follows:
\$18,500 District No. 305 bonds. Due in 20 years.
\$9,200 District No. 306 bonds. Due in 20 years.
\$6,200 District No. 307 bonds. Due in 20 years.
\$1,200 District No. 310 bonds. Due in 10 years.

Interest rate is not to exceed 6%, payable J. & J. Denom. \$100. Dated Sept. 1, 1937. The bonds will be sold and issued in accordance with Section 5249, R. C. Montana 1935, as amended by Chapter 23 of the Laws of the 25th State Legislature, and Section 5250, R. C. Montana, 1935, and will be redeemed from the proceeds of a special assessment against all of the property in the special improvement districts, and are guaranteed, both as to principal and interest, by general property tax, as provided by the statutes.

(This report supersedes the offering notice given in our issue of July 10—

the statutes.
(This report supersedes the offering notice given in our issue of July 10-V. 145, p. 310.)

CASCADE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 82 (P. O. Great Falls), Mont.—BOND OFFERING—Arthur R. Hansen, Clerk of the Board of Trustees, will receive bids until 8 p. m. July 31 for the purchase of \$12,000 school building bonds, to be issued on either the serial or amortization plan. Interest rate is not to exceed 6%. Dated June 15, 1937. Interest payable June 15 and Dec. 15. Certified check for 2% required.

ENNIS SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 52, Mont.—BOND OFFERING—R. S. Tuttle, District Clerk, will receive bids until 8 p. m. Aug. 6 for the purchase of \$22,000 6% school remodeling bonds. Denom. \$550. Certified check for \$100 required.

GALLATIN COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Bozeman), Mont.—BOND SALE—The \$7,500 issue of school building bonds offered for sale on July 12—V. 145, p. 156—was purchased by the State Board of Land Commissioners, as 4s at par, according to the Secretary of the Board

GARFIELD COUNTY (P. O. Jordan), Mont.—BOND SALE—The \$25,000 issue of refunding bonds offered on July 12—V. 145, p. 157—were awarded to the State Board of Land Commissioners on a bid of par for 4s. This was the only bid received.

HAVRE, Mont.—MATURITY—It is now reported by the City Clerk that the \$90,000 4% gas distribution bonds purchased at par by the Public Works Administration, as noted here last April, are due in 20 years.

LEWISTOWN, Mont.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—The City Council as passed a resolution authorizing the issuance of \$140,000 water system

ROOSEVELT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 16 (P. O. Bainville), Mont.—BOND OFFERING—Earl J. Summer, Clerk of the Board of Trustees, will receive bids until 7 p. m. July 31 for the purchase of \$6,000 gymnasium auditorium bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 6%. Dated June 1, 1937. Interest payable June 1 and Dec. 1. Certified check for \$600, payable to the Clerk, required.

STILLWATER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 52 (P. O. Absarokee), Mont.—BOND SALE—The \$5,500 issue of gymnasium bonds offered for sale on July 7—V. 144, p. 4052—was awarded to the State Board of Land Commissioners, as 4s, at par, taking it as one single bond, payable on the amortization plan in 10 years.

NEBRASKA

SCOTTS BLUFF COUNTY (P. O. Gering), Neb.—BOND ELECTION—An election is scheduled for Aug. 3 at which the voters will pass on a proposition to issue \$85,000 refunding bonds.

NEW HAMPSHIRE

PITTSFIELD, N. H.—NOTE SALE—Richard B. Bartlett, Town Selectman, informs us that an issue of \$10,000 3% road and sidewalk construction notes was sold June 1 to the Pittsfield Savings Bank at a price of par. Dated June 1, 1937. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000 annually. Interest payable J. & D. (The previous report in these columns described the obligations as being bonds.—V. 145, p. 157.)

WEARE, N. H.—BONDS VOTED—At a recent town meeting the tax-payers voted to authorize the Selectmen to issue \$25,000 refunding notes.

NEW JERSEY

ASBURY PARK, N. J.—TAX COLLECTIONS—Current taxes collected during the first 5 months of 1937 amounted to \$302,108.43, as as compared with \$254 614.44 in the same period last year. Delinquent payments reached \$253.080.25, compared with \$214,457.32 in 1936.

ATLANTIC COUNTY (P. O. Atlantic City), N. J.—BOND RE-FUNDING COMPLETED—The Board of Freeholders on July 14 officially declared that the refunding of \$3,307,000 bonds was completed. A resolution was passed to the effect that all except two bonds of \$1,000 each had been exchanged for new refunding bonds and that the holders of these bonds could make the exchange any time.

bonds could make the exchange any time.

BOUND BROOK, N. J.—BOND SALE—The \$167,000 coupon or registered bonds offered on July 13—V. 145, p. 157—were awarded to B. J. Van Ingen & Co., Inc. and MacBride, Miller & Co. of Newark, jointly, as 2¼s, at a price of 100.069, a basis of about 2.74%. The sale consisted of:
\$147,000 General improvement bonds. Due Aug. 1 as follows: \$10,000 from 1938 to 1951 incl. and \$7,000 in 1952.

20,000 Sanitary sewer assessment bonds. Due \$4,000 on Aug. 1 from 1938 to 1942 incl. Each issue is dated Aug. 1, 1937.

Other bids were as follows:		
Bidder	Int. Rate	Premium
A C Allyn & Co Inc	3%	\$741.48
Koan Taylor & Co	3.10%	Par
Colver, Kobinson & Co	3.2070	450.00
Campbell Pheing & Co	0.40%	232.13
Granberry & Co	3.20%	217.10
		100.00
J. S. Rippel & Co.	31/4%	922.00
Irâ Haupt & Co. J. S. Rippel & Co. R. K. Webster & Co. H. L. Allen & Co. C. A. Preim & Co. Minsch, Monell & Co., Inc. First National Bank, Bound Brook. H. B. Boland & Co.	31/2%	689.71
H. L. Allen & Co	31/2%	350.59
C. A. Preim & Co	31/4 %	368.00
Minsch, Monell & Co., Inc.	31/4%	46.99
First National Bank, Bound Brook.	31/4 %	30.06
H. B. Boland & Co	3.40%	150.30
Edward Lowber Stokes & Co	3.60%	560.00

H. L. ALLEN & COMPANY

New Jersey Municipal Bonds Telephone RE gror 2-7333 A. T. & T. Teletype N. Y. 1-528

100 Broadway

New York

MUNICIPAL BONDS

New Jersey and General Market Issues

B. J. Van Ingen & Co. Inc.

87 WILLIAM STREET, N. Y.

Telephone: John 4-6364

A. T. & T.: N. Y. 1-730

Newark Tel.: Market 3-3124

\$166,000 Essex Co., N. J., Road 2.45s Due June 1, 1946-52 To Yield 2.35%-2.50%

Colyer, Robinson & Company

1180 Raymond Blvd., Newark MArket 3-1718
New York Wire:
A. T. & T. Teletype
NWRK 24

NEW JERSEY

BEACH HAVEN, N. J.—BOND SALE—Burley & Co. of N. Y. City have purchased an issue of \$157,000 4½% refunding bonds at a price of \$153,860, equal to 98. Sale has been approved by the State Funding Commission. The bonds were unsuccessfully offered to bear interest at not to exceed 4½% on June 21. The bonds as offered were dated June 1, 1937, and due June 1 as follows: \$10,000 from 1938 to 1952, incl., and \$7,000 in 1953.

FORT LEE, N. J.—TAX RATE ANNOUNCED—COURT FAVORS CITY IN JUDGMENT CASE—The Bergen County Tax Board has announced the tax rate for 1937 as \$4.38 per \$100 of assessed valuation, compared with \$4.37 last year. The action came on the heels of a decision by Federal Judge William Clark that a judgment of \$575,950.29 obtained against the borough by bondholders would not have to be included in this year's tax levy. Announcement of the tax rate was delayed for two months pending the Court's ruling. The State Municipal Finance Commission had petitioned the Court not to require that the borough make provision in the current budget to meet the judgment. An adverse ruling would have necessitated a tax rate of \$8.54, it is said.

HAMILTON TOWNSHIP, Atlantic County, N. J.—BOND ISSUE APPROVED—The State Funding Commission has approved the proposal to issue \$242,500 refunding bonds. The ordinance authorizing the issue, the Commission said, provides for a cash basis of operations substantially in accordance with the Local Budget Act.

HAMILTON TOWNSHIP, Mercer County, N. J.—BONDS PASSED ON FIRST READING—First reading has been given by the Township Committee to an ordinance providing authority for the issuance of \$63,375 sewer bonds.

LINWOOD, N. J.—BOND SALE—The city recently sold privately, with approval of State Funding Commission, a block of \$87,000 refunding bonds to Christensen & Co. at a price of \$83,000 and accrued interest. They are part of an authorized issue of \$212,000.

NEWARK, N. J.—TAX COLLECTIONS LOWER—Tax collections for the first six months of 1937 were \$1,085,894.06 below receipts in the same period last year, according to a statement issued July 9 by Department of Revenue and Finance. The city's assessment policy and its relief situation are factors militating against tax collections, according to Director Murphy. According to the director, taxpayers are withholding their payments while they seek assessment reductions. Moreover, the relief debt of about \$1,000,000 accumulated by the city is a retarding influence in that many store owners and property holders to whom the money is owed hold that they are unable to pay taxes until their obligations have been met by the city.

owed hold that they are unable to pay taxes until their obligations have been met by the city.

Collections of current taxes for the first half of the year are \$14,307,-779.77, compared with \$14,657,906 in 1936. Arrearage collections are \$3,699,898.56 as against \$4,435,665.52 a year ago. May, the City Commission election month, showed the worst falling off.

In 1936, current tax collections in May amounted to \$4,335,735.88.

This year May saw only \$2,685.926.82 come into the City Treasury.

The arrearage collections in May for 1937 were only \$531,920.65, as compared with the \$758,335.03 collected in 1936.

NEWARK, N. J.—BONDS PASSED ON FIRST READING—Following the recent opinion given by Reed, Hoyt & Washburn of New York that the city had authority to issue emergency relief bonds in excess of the legal debt limit, the City Commission has passed on first reading an ordinance authorizing the issuance of \$1,750,000 relief bonds.

NEW JERSEY, State of—VALUE OF REALTY SET AT \$4,853,394,611

—A Trenton news report of July 13 had the following to say:

"J. H. Thayer Martin, State Tax Commissioner, today reported the assessed and true value of real estate in New Jersey for 1937 at \$4,853,-394,611 and the assessed value of personal property at \$779,271,699.

"A hearing will be held by the Commissioner today to entertain complaints from county tax boards and freeholder boards and to determine the radio and true valuations of property as shown on the equalization table.

the ratio and the valuations of the ratio of

NEW JERSEY (State of)—MUNICIPAL FINANCE COMMISSION TO RECESS—At the July 2 meeting the Municipal Finance Commission resolved that, following the regular meetings of July 16, it will recess in so far as regular adjournments are concerned, until Sept. 10. The following resolution to that effect was adopted by a unanimous vote:

"Be it resolved, that, following the regular meetings of this Commission scheduled for July 16, stated adjournments will be taken until Sept. 10, 1937, and

scheduled for July 16, stated adjournments will be taken until Sept. 10, 1937, and "Be it further resolved, that any and all matters requiring the consideration of this Commission between the dates hereinabove mentioned shall be considered at special meetings to be called by the Secretary on at least one hour's previous notice to the several Commissioners, said notice to be given either in writing or by telephone, "And be it further resolved, that a copy of these minutes be transmitted to each of the municipalities under the jurisdiction of this Commission."

NORTH ARLINGTON, N. J.—BOND SALE—Sale of \$613,000 of general refunding bonds to Schlater, Noyes & Gardner of New York was consummated July 6 by the Borough of North Arlington. The transaction is part of a general refunding program for the municipality's indebtedness of approximately \$3,000,000, which, officials say, will be completed in the near future. A number of the bonds will mature in 1941. From that time on a block will mature annually until 1967, when the entire debt will have been paid off.

NORTHFIELD, N. J.—BOND SALE—The State Funding Commission recently approved of the private sale of a block of \$116,000 refunding bonds to Christensen & Co. The bonds are part of a total issue of \$303,000.

OCEAN CITY, N. J.—BONDS SOLD—Clyde W. Struble, City Treasurer, informs us that the sinking fund purchased \$38,000 5% jetty bonds, dated July 1, 1937 and payable on demand. J. & J. interest.

dated July 1, 1937 and payable on demand. J. & J. interest.

PASSAIC COUNTY (P. O. Paterson), N. J.—BONDS AUTHORIZED

—The Board of Chosen Freeholders has given final approval to the ordinance providing authority for the issuance of \$75,000 park bonds.

PERTH AMBOY, N. J.—BONDS PUBLICLY OFFERED—Leach Bros., Inc., Philadelphia, are offering \$150,000 4½% refunding bonds due \$75,000 each Feb. 1, 1944 and 1946, at prices to yeld 4.00%. These bonds are, in the opinion of counsel, valid and binding obligations of the city, payable from unlimited ad valorem taxes on all the taxable property therein. They are issued under Article VI-A of Chapter 77 of the Laws of New Jersey, under which the city agrees to levy, as long as there are bonds of this issue outstanding, a sum sufficient to meet the prin. and int. on the bonds, such funds to be deposited in a special trust fund and used only for this purpose.

for this purpose. For this purpose, per last of May 1, 1937, Perth Amboy reported an assessed valuation of \$49,073,432 and a net bonded debt of \$6,616,556.

RAHWAY, N. J.—BOND OFFERING—Samuel R. Morton, City Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 8 p. m. (daylight saving time) on July 23, for the purchase of \$27,700 not to exceed 6% interest coupon or registered sewer bonds. Dated Nov. 1, 1936. One bond for \$700, others \$1,000 each. Due Nov. 1 as follows: \$4,000 from 1938 to 1943, incl. and \$3,700 in 1944 Bidder to name a single rate of interest, expressed in a multiple of \(\frac{1}{2} \) or 1-10th of 1\(\frac{1}{2} \). These bonds are part of an authorized issue of \$227,700, the balance of \$200,000 having already been sold. Principal and interest (M. & N.) payable at the Rahway National Bank, Rahway. A certified check for 2\(\frac{1}{2} \) of the bonds bid for, payable to the order of the City Treasurer, must accompany each proposal. The approving legal opinion of Caldwell & Raymond of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder.

RIDGEWOOD, N. J.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—The Board of Commissioners of the village has given final approval to an ordinance authorizing the issuance of \$170,000 improvement bonds.

SECAUCUS, N. J.—PROPOSED BOND ISSUE—An ordinance providing for the issuance of \$10,000 not to exceed 4½% interest was passed on two readings at a meeting of Council on July 13. It will receive final reading July 27.

SURF CITY, N. J.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—The plan of the borough to issue \$60,000 general refunding bonds has been approved by the State Funding Commission.

WEST ORANGE, N. J.—BONDS SOLD—An issue of \$25,000 3½% fire apparatus bonds has been sold to the Sinking Fund Commission. Due \$5,000 on Dec. 1 from 1937 to 1941, inclusive.

NEW MEXICO

SANTA ROSA, N. Mex.—CERTIFICATE DISPOSAL REPORT—In connection with the \$22,000 sewer certificates authorized by the Village Council recently, as noted here—V. 145, p. 158—we are now informed by the Village Clerk that these certificates will be used for the purchase of materials, few or none will be offered at public sale.

NEW YORK

CAMILLUS, N. Y.—BOND SALE—The \$35,000 coupon or registered sewerage system bonds offered on July 12—V. 145, p. 311—were awarded to Rutter & Co. of New York on a bid of 100.405 for 3s, a basis of about 2,95%. Dated July 1, 1937. Due July 1 as follows: \$2,000,1938 to 1954, and \$1,000 in 1955.

CROTON-ON-HUDSON, N. Y.—BONDS VOTED AND DEFEATED—At the July 13 election, the proposal to issue \$25,000 fire house bonds was approved by the voters, while the \$95,000 water extension loan was rejected. The fire house issue carried by a vote of 214 to 146. The bonds, when issued, will mature \$1,000 annually for 10 years and \$1,500 yearly thereafter.

GREAT NECK SCHOOL DISTRICT, N. Y.—BONDS VOTED—On July 1 the voters of the district gave their approval to the proposed issuance of \$296,000 bonds to finance the erection of an addition to a school building.

HAVERSTRAW, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received by James P. McCabe, Village Clerk, until 3 p. m. (Daylight Saving Time) on July 16 for the purchase of \$30,000 not to exceed 6% interest, street improvement bonds. Dated Aug. 15, 1937. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$6,000 on Aug. 15 from 1938 to 1942 incl. Payable at the National Bank of Haverstraw & Trust Co., Haverstraw. A certified check for 5% of the amount bid must accompany each proposal.

HENRY HUDSON PARKWAY AUTHORITY, N. Y.—NEW BOND ISSUE ON MARKET—It is reported that the new issue of \$2,000,000 3½% series B bonds has now been placed on the market. A substantial portion of the loan is said to have been subscribed for at par by holders of the previously issued \$3,100,000 series A bonds, in accordance with the offer made by the Authority several months ago. Proceeds of the \$2,000,000 series B securities will be used to finance the construction of an upper level to the existing bridge. This expansion of facilities was made necessary in order to relieve present congestion on the span incident to increased traffic. The bonds not subscribed for are stated to have been placed privately by Stranahan, Harris & Co. of New York and associates, as underwriters. The new series B bonds mature April 1, 1955, and are redeemable as follows: At 102.50 if called on or before April 1, 1940; at 102 thereafter to April, 1945; at 101 from then on to April 1, 1950, and thereafter to April, 1945; at 101 from then on to April 1, 1950, and thereafter at par. (The above report corrects that given in a previous issue—V. 145, p. 311.)

KENMORE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Kenmore), N. Y.—BONDS VOTED—The voters of the district on July 8 voted approval of a bond issue of \$1,020,000 for erection of a high school building.

issue of \$1,020,000 for erection of a high school building.

LYNBROOK, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Christian Becker, Deputy Village Clerk, will receive bids until 3 p. m. (Eastern Standard Time) July 29 for the purchase at not less than par of the following coupon, fully registerable, general obligation unlimited tax bonds:

\$39,000 tax revenue bonds. Due \$12,000 July 1, 1938, and \$9,000 yearly on July 1, from 1939 to 1941.

62,000 paving bonds. Due on July 1 as follows: \$5,000, 1938 to 1941, and \$7,000, 1942 to 1947.

18,000 drainage bonds. Due \$1,000 yearly on July 1 from 1938 to 1955.

Bidders are to name rate of interest, in a multiple of 4% or 1-10%, but not to exceed 5%. All the bonds must bear the same rate of interest. Denomination \$1,000. Dated July 1, 1937. Principal and semi-annual interest (Jan. 1 and July 1) payable at the Lynbrook National Bank & Trust Co., Lynbrook, with New York exchange. Certified check for \$2,380, payable to the village, required. Approving opinion of Clay, Dillon & Vandewater of New York will be furnished by the village.

NEW YORK, N. Y.—COMPTROLLER REQUESTS CESSATION OF LONG-TERM INDEBTEDNESS—Comptroller Frank J. Taylor in a report to the Board of Estimate on July 7 disclosed that the unemcumbered margin of the city's debt-incurring power had decreased by \$31,603,412.36 since Jan. 1, 1937. On that date, he said, the city was within \$33,347,902 of the constitutional debt limit, while on April 1, the date of his report, the margin had decreased to \$301,774,499.

Comptroller Taylor warned that it might be time for the city to call a halt on its long-range spending, as it is committed to projects in the current

halt on its long-range spending, as it is committed to projects in the current capital outlay budget which, if completed within the year, would bring the debt margin down to approximately \$48,000,000.

The reason for the decrease, he added, is composed of four factors—a decrease in the assessed valuation of real estate and increases in the funded debt, the amortization of sinking fund debts and the increase in contract and land liability.

The Comptroller urged that the Board, before authorizing any additional projects to be paid for out of long-term bonds, should carefully investigate the situation and should be guided by the figures contained in his report.

NEW YORK, N. Y.—JUDGE SEABURY RESIGNS AS TRANSIT ADVISER—Samuel Seabury resigned on July 16 as Special Counsel for the Board of Estimate on rapid transit unification. In his communication to

the Mayor, Judge Seabury stated that he felt he had done all that could be done in the negotiations with the private companies and that under present conditions nothing further can be accomplished. The Seabury-Berle transit unification plan has been rejected by the Transit Commission. The Board of Estimate voted its appreciation to Judge Seabury for bis services, which were without compensation.

NEW YORK (State of)—GOVERNOR REPORTS DEFICIT AGAIN REDUCED—Governor Herbert H. Lehman issued on July 6 a financial statement showing that the New York state deficit, which stood at \$94,428,496.67 in 1933, had been reduced to \$10,198,451.76, at the close of the 1936-37 fiscal year, on June 30.

The Governor's figures disclosed that revenues so far exceeded expenditures during the fiscal year that there was a balance of \$45,679,704.13.
This, absorbed by a deficit of \$55,878,155.89, as of June 30, 1936, left the present deficit of \$10,198,451.76, lowest since Franklin D. Roosevelt's first term as Governor.

Revenues for the year totaled \$360,870,830.67, which was \$18,399,-119.41 in excess of the \$342.471.711.26 budget estimate, while the year's expenditures totaled \$315,191,126.54, which was \$6,728,530.42 more than the \$308,462,596.12 budget estimate, thus accounting for the balance of \$45,679,704.13 as the year's surplus.

This was the second successive year in which the State, under Governor Lehman, has operated with a surplus, ofsett, however, by the cumulative deficit. When Mr. Lehman became Governor on Jan. 1, 1933, there was an apparent deficit of about \$114,000,000 which had been piled up during the Governorship of Mr. Roosevelt. Through salary reductions and other emergency curtailments, with the imposition of emergency taxes, this deficit was reduced to \$94,428,496.67, by the end of the fiscal year. The State, under Governor Lehman, operated with a surplus the following fiscal year and the deficit was further reduced to \$64,725,778.02, but again the State's expenditures exceeded its income during the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1935, and the deficit rose to \$97,048,752.52, followed by the reduction to \$55,878,155.89 on June 30, 1936, and now reduced to \$10.198,451.76.

NEW YORK, State of—PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION ORDERS REDUCED RATES ON MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC PLANTS—We quote in part as follows from an Albany dispatch to the New York "Journal of Commerce" of July 8:

"The Public Service Commission has written to more municipally-owned electric plants stating that they should file reduced rates immediately, but that, pending a prompt reply, no formal rate proceedings will be instituted, it was announced today. The village plants to which the Commission has now written are in addition to nearly thirty municipalities to which similar advices had been sent previously.

"The villages in which rate reductions have been ordered are Bath, Boonville, Churchville, Mayville, Salamanca, Spencerport and Wellswille. The municipalities to which similar letters had been previously sent are Dunkirk, Jamestown, Akron, Angelica, Andover, Castile, Delevan, Endicott, Frankfort, Green Island, Greenport, Groton, Hamilton, Herkimer, Lake Placid, Little Valley, Macedon, Port Byron, Richmondville, Rouses Point, Savannah, Sherburne, Skaneateles, Springville, Theresa and Tupper Lake.

NORTH HEMPSTEAD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7

NORTH HEMPSTEAD UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7 (P. O. Great Neck), N. Y.—BOND SALE—The \$296,000 coupon or registered school bonds offered on July 16—V. 145, p. 311—were awarded to Stranahan, Harris & Co., and C. D. Barney & Co., both of New York, on a bid of 100.32 for 2½s, a basis of about 2.47%. Dated July 1, 1937. Due on Jan. 1 as follows: \$10,000, 1940 to 1947; \$15,000, 1948 to 1961; and \$6,000 in 1962.

QUEENSBURY (P. O. Glens Falls), N. Y.—OFFERING OF BONDS OF NORTH GLENS FALLS WATER DISTRICT—D. Elmer Fowler, Town Supervisor, will receive bids until 2 p. m. (Daylight Saving Time) July 20 for the purchase at not less than par of \$9,000 coupon, fully registerable, water supply system construction bonds of North Glens Falls Water District. Bidders are to specify rate of interest, in a multiple of 4 or 1-10%, but not to exceed 6%. The bonds are general obligations of the town, payable primarily from a levy on property in the water district, but if not paid from such levy, then all property in the town is subject to unlimited taxes for payment of the bonds. Denom. \$500. Dated July 1, 1937. Principal and semi-annual interest (Jan. 1 and July 1) payable at the Glens Falls National Bank & Trust Co., Glens Falls, in New York exchange. Due \$500 yearly on July 1 from 1938 to 1955. Certified check for \$200, payable to the town, required. Approving opinion of Clay, Dillon & Vandewater of New York will be furnished by the town.

STILLWATER, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Thomas S. Ryan, Village

STILLWATER, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Thomas S. Ryan, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until 11 a. m. (Eastern Standard Time) on July 20 for the purchase of \$17,000 not to exceed 6% int., coupon water works bonds. Dated Aug. 1, 1937. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$1,000 on Aug. 1 from 1940 to 1956 incl. Prin. and semi-ann. int. payable at the Mechanicville Branch of the State Bank of Albany, Mechanicville. The bonds are general obligations of the village, and all of its taxable property will be subject to the levy of unlimited ad valorem taxes in order to pay both principal and interest. A certified check for 10%, payable to the order of the village, must accompany each proposal.

SYRACUSE. N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Chester H. King. City.

order of the village, must accompany each proposal.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—Chester H. King, City Comptroller, will receive sealed bids until noon (Eastern Standard Time) on July 27 for the purchase of \$1,500,000 not to exceed 6% interest coupon or registered debt equalization, 1937 series, bonds. Dated Aug. 15, 1937. Denom. \$1,000. Due Aug. 15 as follows: \$400,000 in 1946, and \$1,100,000 in 1947. Bidder to frame a single rate of interest on all of the bonds, expressed in a multiple of \$\frac{1}{2}\$ or 1-10th of 1%. Principal and interest (F. & A. 15) payable at the Chase National Bank, New York City. The bonds are general obligations of the city, payable from unlimited taxes. A certified check for 2% of the bonds bid for, payable to the order of the City Comptroller, must accompany each proposal. The approving opinion of Caldwell & Raymond of New York City will be furnished the successful bidder. Bonds will be delivered to the purchaser on or about Aug. 16, 1937, at the Chase National Bank, New York City.

UTICA. N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—City Controller Thomas J. Nelson

UTICA, N. Y.—BOND OFFERING—City Controller Thomas J. Nelson has tentatively set July 29 at noon as the time for the receipt of bids on \$157,470 bonds. The amount is divided as follows: \$121,470 to fund delinquent taxes; \$19,000 for equipment of a school building; and \$17,000 for installation of fireproof stairways in a school building.

UTICA, N. Y.—CERTIFICATE SALE—The issue of \$500,000 tax anticipation certificates of indebtedness offered on July 13—V. 145, p. 311—was awarded to the National City Bank of New York, at 0.48% interest, at par plus a premium of \$10. Dated July 15, 1937 and due Nov. 15, 1937. The Bank of the Manhattan Co., New York, second high bidder, named a rate of 0.57% and offered a premium of \$6.

Other bids were as follows:

Bidder	Int. Rate	Premium
Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.		\$12.00
First Boston Corp.	0.50%	10.00
Salomon Bros. & Hutzler.	0.60%	23.00
Manufacturers & Traders Trust Co	0.60%	4.66
Chase National Bank		13.00

WATERTOWN, N. Y.—FINANCIAL STATEMENT—In connection with the offering on July 22 of \$300,000 not to exceed 4% interest public welfare and public works bonds, previously described in these columns—V. 145, p. 311—we give the following:

V. 145, p. 311—we give the following:

Financial Statement

The assessed valuation of the property subject to the taxing power of the city is \$48,049,660. The total bonded debt of the city, including the above-mentioned bonds, is \$3,830,779.80, of which none is water debt. The population of the city (1930 census) was 32,088. The bonded debt above stated does not include the debt of any other subdivision having power to levy taxes upon any or all of the property subject to the taxing power of the city. The fiscal year commences July 1. The amount of taxes levied for the fiscal years commencing July 1, 1934, July 1, 1935, and July 1, 1936, was respectively \$1,406,294.02, \$1,366,331.7 and \$1,351,823.51. The amount of such taxes uncollected at the end of each of said fiscal years was, respectively, \$608.64, none, and none. The amount of such taxes remaining uncollected as of July 7, 1937, is, respectively, none, none and none. The taxes of the fiscal year commencing July 1, 1937, amount to \$710,947.34, of which \$26,607.02 has been collected.

VAPHANK FIRE DISTRICT (P. O. Yaphank), N. Y.—MATURITY

YAPHANK FIRE DISTRICT (P. O. Yaphank), N. Y.—MATURITY—The \$6,500 3.30% fire department bonds awarded to the Bank of Port Jefferson at par, as previously reported in these columns—V. 145, p. 159—

are in denoms. of 1.300 and mature one bond each March 1 from 1938 to 1942, inclusive.

NORTH CAROLINA

BOILING SPRINGS SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Boiling Springs), N. C.—BONDS VOTED—It is reported that the voters approved recently the issuance of \$45,000 in school building bonds.

the issuance of \$45,000 in school building bonds.

BUNCOMBE COUNTY (P. O. Asheville), N. C.—BOND TENDERS INVITED—It is stated by Curtis Bynum, Secretary of the Sinking Fund Commission, that pursuant to the provisions of the respective bond orders and ordinances authorizing their issuance, tenders will be received until noon on July 28, for the purchase by the respective sinking funds in the name and on behalf of the issuing units, of the following bonds:

Buncombe Co. refunding, dated July 1, 1936.

City of Asheville general refunding, dated July 1, 1936.

City of Asheville water refunding, dated July 1, 1936.

Asheville Special School Tax District refunding, dated July 1, 1936.

Biltmore Special School Tax District refunding, dated July 1, 1936.

Black Mountain Special School Tax District refunding, dated July 1, 1936.

Fairview Township Special School Tax District refunding, dated July 1, 1936.

1, 1936.
 Flat Creek Special School Tax District refunding, dated July 1, 1936.
 French Broad Con. School District refunding, dated July 1, 1936.
 Grace Special School Tax District (5½% and 5½%) refunding, dated July 1, 1936.
 Haw Creek Special School Tax District refunding, dated July 1, 1936.
 Johnson Special School Tax District refunding, dated July 1, 1936.
 Oak Hill-Jupiter Special School Tax District refunding, dated July 1, 1936.

Oak Hill-Jupiter Special School Tax District refunding, dated July 1, 1936.
Oakley Special School Tax District refunding, dated July 1, 1936.
Reems Creek Township, Special School Tax District refunding, dated
July 1, 1936.
Sand Hill Con. Public School District (5½% and 5½%) refunding,
dated Nov. 1, 1936.
Sandy Mush Special School Tax District refunding, dated July 1, 1936.
Swannanoa Con. School District (6% and 5%) refunding, dated July 1, 1936.

Valley Springs Special School Tax District refunding, dated July 1, 1936. Weaverville Public School District refunding, dated July 1, 1936. West Buncombe Special School Tax District (6% and 5%) refunding, dated July 1, 1936. West Buncombe Special School Tax District (6% and 5%) refunding, dated July 1, 1936. Woodfin Special School Tax District refunding, dated July 1, 1936. Beaverdam Water & Sewer District refunding, dated July 1, 1936. Caney Valley Sanitary Sewer District refunding, dated July 1, 1936. Skyland Sanitary Sewer District refunding, dated July 1, 1936. South Buncombe Water and Watershed District refunding, dated July 1, 1936.

Swannanoa Water & Sewer District refunding, dated July 1, 1936. Woodfin Sanitary Water & Sewer District refunding, dated July 1, 1936.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.—BOND SALE—The two issues of coupon or registered bonds aggregating \$1,400,000, offered for sale on July 13—V. 145, p. 312—were awarded to a syndicate composed of the Chase National Bank of New York, the Harris Trust & Savings Bank, of Chicago, the Wachovia Bank & Trust Co. of Winston-Salem, and Burr & Co., Inc., of New York, as follows:

of New York, as follows:
\$1,300,000 water bonds, of which the first \$580,000 were taken as 3 1/4 s, maturing on Feb. 1: \$18,000, 1939 to 1943; \$23,000, 1944 to 1948; \$25,000, 1949 to 1951; \$35,000, 1952 to 1955, and \$40,000, 1956 to 1959; the remaining \$720,000 as 3s, maturing \$40,000 from Feb. 1, 1960 to 1977 incl.

100,000 street improvement funding bonds as 3 1/4 s. Due on Feb. 1 as follows: \$7,000, 1939 to 1948, and \$10,000, 1949 to 1951, all incl. The entire amount of bonds was awarded at a price of 100.01, a basis of about 3.06%.

BONDS OFFERED FOR INVESTMENT—The successful bidders reoffered the above bonds for public subscription, the 3½ % water bonds priced to yield from 1.50% to 3.00%, while the 3% water bonds are priced at from par to 97.50. The street improvement bonds are priced to yield from 1.55% to 2.90%, according to maturity.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT—The following information is furnished in connection with the above sale:
Assessed valuation, real and personal property, 1936———\$106,091,535.00
Assessed valuation, real property only, 1936———77,049,250.00

Statement of Debt as of June 30, 1937 Outstanding debt (not incl. notes to be retired from the proceeds of bonds now offered, nor revenue antipation notes)

89.453,500.00
1,400,000.00 \$10,853,500.00

Total.

Deductions:
Water debt included above (for interest and amortization the net water revenues are sufficient)

Sinking funds, except for water debt 294,695.27 \$3,302,312.70 \$7,551,187.30

1935-1936 1934-1935

Total amount of taxes levied for the 3 fiscal yrs. preceding the ceding the current fiscal year \$1,427,357.82 \$1,366,395.91 \$1,585,761.83 Amt. of such uncollected taxes at end of each of said fiscal years (June 30). 324,378.90 270,268.08 262,088.08 Amount of such taxes uncollected as of June 24, 1937. 73,123.93 75,582.97 132,325.85 Mecklenburg County, N. C. \$95,589,710.00 Outstanding debt. \$95,589,710.00 Cutstanding debt. \$173,583.09 \$173,583.09

CREEDMOOR, N. C.—BOND ELECTION—On Aug. 2 an election will be held for the purpose of voting on the issuance of \$24,000 water system bonds and \$21,000 sewer system bonds.

bonds and \$21,000 sewer system bonds.

GASTON COUNTY (P. O. Gastonia), N. C.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 11 a. m. (Eastern Standard Time) on July 20 by W. E. Easterling, Secretary of the Local Government Commission, at his office in Raleigh, for the purchase of the \$35,000 school building bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Coupon bonds, registerable as to principal only. Dated June 1, 1937. Due on June 1 as follows: \$2,000, 1939 to 1942, and \$3,000, 1943 to 1951, all incl., without option of prior payment. Prin. and int. (J. & D.) payable in legal tender in N. Y. City. Delivery on or about July 30 at place of purchaser's choice.

Bidders are requested to name the interest rate or rates, not exceeding 6% per annum in multiples of ¼ of 1%. Each bid may name one rate for part of the bonds (having the earliest maturities), and another rate for the balance, but no bid may name more than two rates, and each bidder must specify in his bid the amount of bonds of each rate. The bonds will be awarded to the bidder offering to purchase the bonds at the lowest interest

Total debt, including bonds now offered \$1,762,275.00 Sinking funds 306,868.92

Net debt, including bonds now offered_____\$1,455,406.08 Population, Census, 1920, 51,242; Census 1930, 78,049; present estimated population, 90,000.

Tax Data as of June 30, 1937 1933-34 1934-35 1935-36 1936-37

HAYWOOD COUNTY (P. O. Waynesville), N. C.—BONDS AU-THORIZED—The County Commissioners have passed an order authorizing the issuance of \$30,000 county hospital addition bonds.

LANDIS, N. C.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—The Board of Aldermen has passed an ordinance providing authority for the issuance of \$25,000 street improvement bonds.

NEW HANOVER COUNTY (P. O. Wilmington), N. C.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—The Board of County Commissioners on July 6 adopted a resolution authorizing the issuance of \$79,000 school bonds. This issue is to take the place of the \$46,000 bonds which were withdrawn because of a legal technicality after being awarded to the BancOhio Securities Corp. of Columbus on June 8—V. 144, p. 4055.

VALDESE, N. C.—BONDS VOTED—At a recent election the voters of Valdese approved the issuance of \$50,000 water works improvement bonds and \$10,000 sewer system enlargement bonds.

WHITEVILLE N. C.—BOND OFFERING—W. E. Feasterling, Sevre.

WHITEVILLE, N. C.—BOND OFFERING—W. E. Easterling, Secretary of the Local Government Commission, will receive bids until 11 a. m. July 20 for the purchase at not less than par of \$20,000 coupon, registerable as to principal, general obligation unlimited tax street improvement funding bonds. Bidders are to specify interest rates, but no more than two separate rates on the issue, not to exceed 6%. Denom. \$1,000. Dated June 1, 1937. Prin. and semi-ann. int. (June 1 and Dec. 1) payable at New York. Due on June 1 as follows: \$1,000, 1940 and 1941, and \$2,000, 1942 to 1950. Cert. check for \$400, payable to the State Treasurer, required. Approving opinion of Masslich & Mitchell of New York will be furnished to the purchaser.

Ottered)
Outstanding bonded debt—Street impt. bonds____\$21,000.00
Water and sewer bonds_____124,000.00

\$145,000.00 Total outstanding debt including debt to be retired from bonds now offered.
Uncollected special assessments..... \$176,500.00 4,814.95

Net debt, including bonds now offered \$171,685.05
All outstanding bonds mature in annual series, with bond maturities for the next 10 years as follows: 1937-38, \$12,000; 1938-39, \$13,000; 1939-40, \$7,500; 1940-41, \$5,500; 1941-42, \$5,500; 1942-43, \$5,500; 1942-44, \$5,500; 1944-45, \$5,500; 1945-46, \$5,500; 1946-47, \$5,500.

Population, census 1930, 2,204; estimated, 1937, 2,750.

**Tax Data as of June 30, 1937 1933-34 1934-35 1935-36 1936-37

Assessed valuation \$1,519,124.00 \$1,656,636.00 \$1,690,641.00 \$1,786,235.00 Levied \$25,317.22 27,963.96 29,358.28 30,170.78 Collected \$24,475.42 26,367.08 27,256.19 21,130.63 Uncollected \$41.80 1,596.88 2,102.09 9,040.15 Percent collected \$.97\% .94\% .93\% .70\%

There has been more than \$250,000 spent on new construction in White-ville during the past two years. The town has never defaulted in the payment of its obligations.

WHITEVILLE, N. C.—NOTE SALE—The \$7,500 issue of revenue anticipation notes offered for sale on July 6—V. 145, p. 160—was purchased by the Waccamaw Bank & Trust Co. of Whiteville, at 5%, plus a premium of \$1.94. Dated July 1, 1937. Due in 90 days.

NORTH DAKOTA

AMOR TOWNSHIP, Bowman County, N. Dak.—CERTIFICATE OFFERING—Laura E. Bartel, Township Clerk, will receive bids until 10 at m. July 10 at the office of the County Auditor in Bowman for the purchase, at not less than par, of \$500 certificates of indebtedness, which are to bear interest at no more than 7%. Interest payable semi-annually.

CASSELTON, N. Dak.—BOND SALE—The \$7,000 issue of artesian well bonds offered for sale on July 14—V. 145, p. 160—was purchased by the First State Bank of Casselton as 4s, according to the City Auditor. No other bids was received. Due \$500 from July 1, 1940 to 1953.

FARGO, N. Dak.—BOND ELECTION—An election will be held Sept. 14 at which a proposed \$200,000 convention hall and armory bonds issue will be submitted to a vote.

LIBERTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 30 (P. O. Battleview), N. Dak.—CERTIFICATE OFFERING—P. O. Grubb, District Clerk, will receive bids until 2 p. m. July 23 for the purchase of \$800 6% certificates of indebtedness. Denom. \$800. Certified check for 5% required.

DAKOTA, State of—BONDED DEBT TO BE REDUCED An Associated Press dispatch from Bismarck on June 30 re-

NORTH DAKOTA, State of—BONDED DEBT TO BE REDUCED \$2,000,000—An Associated Press dispatch from Bismarck on June 30 reported as follows:

"Plans to slash \$2,000,000 from North Dakota's bonded indebtedness were announced tonight by F. A. Vogel, Manager of the Bank of North Dakota, as the institution prepared to retire \$3,243,000 in bonds called for retirement Thursday. After retirement of the bonds Thursday, in line with orders from the State Industrial Commission, the State's bonded indebtedness will be reduced to \$24,544,000.

"This retirement before maturity comes through the use of a sinking fund built up largely through Federal refinancing of farm mortgages held by the bank. The payment will leave \$2,900,831.15 in the sinking fund. Mr. Vogel declared plans being made call for retirement of another \$2,000,000 in bonds within next year."

ROLETTE COUNTY (P. O. Rolla), N. Dak.—CERTIFICATE OFFER ING—Jas. H. Penny, County Auditor, will receive bids until 2 p. m. July 28 for the purchase at not less than par of \$60,000 certificates of indebtedness. Bidders are to specify interest rate, not to exceed 7%. Denom. \$500 and \$1,000. Dated July 28, 1937. Principal and semi-annual interest (Jan. 28 and July 28) payable at the County Auditor's office. Due part July 28, 1938 and part July 28, 1939. Certified check for 2% of amount of bid, required.

STELLE COUNTY (P. O. Finley), N. Dak.—PRICE PAID—It is stated by the County Auditor that the \$29,900 funding bonds purchased by the State Land Department, as noted in these columns in May—V. 144, p. 3723—were sold as 4s at par.

OHIO MUNICIPALS

MITCHELL, HERRICK & CO.

700 CUYAHOGA BUILDING, CLEVELAND

CANTON CINCINNATI COLUMBUS SPRINGFIELD

оніо

BROOKVILLE, Ohio—BOND OFFERING—Frank Borden, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until noon on July 30, for the purchase of \$32,000 6% sanitary sewer bonds. Dated July 1, 1937. Denom. \$2,000 and \$1,000. Due Oct. 1 as follows: \$1,000 from 1938 to 1955, incl. and \$2,000 from 1956 to 1962, incl. Interest payable A. & O. Bidder may name an interest rate other than 6%, to be expressed in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. A certified check for 1% of the amount bid, payable to the order of the Village Treasurer, must accompany each proposal.

CAMPBELL, Ohio—BOND OFFERING—John B. Ross, City Auditor, will receive bids until noon July 30, for the purchase of \$32,000 4% general and special refunding bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Sept. 1, 1937. Principal and semi-annual interest payable at the office of the Sinking Fund Trustees. Due \$4,000 yearly on Oct. 1 from 1943 to 1950, incl. Certified check for 2% of amount of bid, payable to the City Auditor, required. Delivery to be made not later than Sept. 1.

CARROLL TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ottawa County, Ohio—BONDS DEFEATED—The proposed \$60,000 school building bond issue submitted to the voters at a recent election was rejected.

CINCINNATI, Ohio—NOTE SALE—An account composed of Edward B. Smith & Co., New York, Van Lahr, Doll & Isphording, Inc., and Charles A. Hinsch & Co., Inc., both of Cincinnati, was awarded July 12 a new issue of \$1,500,000 refunding water works notes as 1 1/4s, at par plus a premium of \$160. Dated Aug. 1, 1937. Due Aug. 1 as follows: \$500,000 in 1938, and \$1,000,000 in 1939. The notes due in the latter year are callable on Aug. 1, 1938, at par. The notes are full faith general obligations and, in addition, are further secured by a lien on the net revenue of the water works system. Payable at the Irving Trust Co., New York City, or at the City Treasurer's office. Legality approved by Squire, Sanders & Deempsey of Cleveland. The banking group re-offered the 1938 maturity to yield 0.65%, and the 1939 maturity was priced at 100 1/4. Immediate resale of the entire issue was effected.

the entire issue was effected.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—PROPOSED BOND SALE—The City Council has voted to refund a total of \$4,529,662 bonds maturing in the last four months of the present year. Financing has been approved by the State Bureau of Inspection and Supervision. Public offering is expected to be made by the city sometime in August. Amount of the bonds to be sold at that time cannot be determined until a later date, as part of the total issue will be taken by the City Sinking Fund and the Treasury Investment Board. Of the amount to be refunded, \$4,000,000 are general serial bonds and \$529,662 constitute special assessment maturities. The refunding bonds will mature serially from 1939 to 1952, incl. and bear interest at not more than 6%. City bonds outstanding June 2, 1937, aggregated \$108,482,254, against which there was \$5,568,733 in the sinking fund, making a net debt of \$102,913,521. Delinquent tax scrip of \$1,319,640 and tax anticipation notes of \$2,107,046 increased the net debt to \$106,340,207. Of the 1937 tax levy of \$15,588,578, \$8,185,714, was collected to June 30, according to report. Tax rate is \$28.60 per \$1,000, as against \$32 in 1936. In connection with the projected income surplus, it is pointed out that the city, also other local units in the county, is now required to absorb its entire relief burden, amounting to about \$400,000 each month.

DALTON, Ohio—BGND OFFERING—Ernest F. Scott, Village Clerk,

DALTON, Ohio—BGND OFFERING—Ernest F. Scott, Village Clerk, will receive sealed bids until noon on July 31 for the purchase of \$4,920 5% water works bonds. Dated June 1, 1937. One bond for \$420, others \$500 each. Due Dec. 1 as follows: \$500 from 1938 to 1946 incl., and \$420 in 1947. In bidding an interest rate other than 5%, bidder is required to express the coupon in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. Interest payable J. & D. A certified check for \$50, payable to the order of the village, must accompany each proposal. pany each proposal.

ERIE COUNTY (P. O. Sandusky), Ohio—OTHER BIDS—\$18,800 poor relief bonds awarded July 8 to Saunders, Stiver & Co. of Cleveland as 2½s, at par plus a premium of \$83.36 equal to 100.47, a basic of about 213%, as previously reported—V. 145. p. 312—were also bid for as follows:

2.13%, as previously reported—v.145, p. 312—wer	e also blu for	as follows:
Bidder—	Int. Rate	Premium
Stranahan, Harris & Co., Toledo Fox, Einhorn & Co., Cincinnati	- 21/4 %	\$78.96
Fox, Einhorn & Co., Cincinnati	- 21/4 %	74.00
Seasongood & Mayer, Cincinnati	- 21/4 %	56.85
Ryan, Sutherland & Co., Toledo	- 21/4 %	35.50
Seasongood & Mayer, Cincinnati Ryan, Sutherland & Co., Toledo Prudden & Co., Cincinnati First Cleveland Corp., Cleveland	- 21/4 %	33.00
First Cleveland Corp., Cleveland	- 21/4 %	12.00
Third National Exchange Bank, Sandusky	2 16 %	200.00

FLATROCK TOWNSHIP RURAL SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Florida), Ohio—BONDS VOTED—The voters of the district at a recent election approved a bond issue of \$44,000 for school building.

IRONTON SCHOOL DISTRICT, Ohio—BOND SALE—An issue of 10,000 4% tax deficiency bonds has been sold to the Sinking Fund Comission of the District.

LIMA, Ohio—SEEKS RULING ON REVENUE BOND ISSUE—Whether the issuance by the city of \$102,385 in bonds to provide part of the funds for a proposed \$425,000 sanitary sewer project would be legal will be decided in Allen County Common Pleas Court. Several weeks ago works Progress Administration officials announced the Government would contribute \$325,000 toward the construction work if the city would provide the remainder of the costs. The City Council planned the bond issue, but City Solicitor Charles W. Long ruled that the use of the bonds for any such purpose would be illegal.

LORAIN, Ohio—BOND SALE—The two issues of bonds offered on 11y 12—V. 144, p. 4223—were awarded as follows:

July 12—V. 144, p. 4223—were awarded as follows:
\$35,000 street and sewer improvement bonds to the First Cleveland Corp.,
as 2½s, at par plus a premium of \$50.50, equal to 100.144, a basis
of about 2.20%. Denom. \$1,000. Interest payable semi-annually.
Due \$5,000 yearly on Sept. 15 from 1938 to 1944, incl.

5,500 park improvement bonds to Johnson, Kase & Co., Cleveland, as
1½s, at par plus a premium of 50 cents, equal to 100.009, a basis
of about 1.49%. Denom. \$1,000, except one for \$500. Interest
payable March 15 and Sept. 15. Due \$1,500 Sept. 15, 1938 and \$1,000 yearly on Sept. 15 from 1939 to 1942 Dated July 1, 1937.

MARION TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Hamler), Henry County, Ohio—BONDS VOTED—A bond issue of \$85,000 for school building was approved by the voters of the district at a recent election.

NELSONVILLE, Ohio—BOND OFFERING—E. F. Devore, City Auditor, will receive bids until noon July 31 for the purchase of an issue of \$90,000 4% electric light plant improvement mortgage revenue bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Dated July 1, 1937. Interest payable semi-annually. Due on July 1 as follows: \$5,000, 1939 to 1944; and \$6,000, 1945 to 1954 redeemable on and after July 1, 1946. Certified check for \$900. payable to the City Treasurer, required.

NORWOOD, Ohio—BONDS AUTHORIZED—The City Council has assed three ordinances authorizing the issuance of a total of \$25,700 bonds.

PORTSMOUTH, Ohio—LIST OF BIDS—As previously reported in these columns—V. 145, p. 161—Pohl & Co., Inc., and Nelson, Browning & Co., both of Cincinnati, jointly, were awarded July 1 two refunding issues aggregating \$140,000. The following is a complete list of the bids submitted at the sale:

37	Amount	Rate of	Premium
Name of Bidder—	Bid For	Int.	0414.00
Pohl & Co., Inc., jointly with Nelson,	\$68,000	3.25%	\$414.80
Browning & Co., Cincinnati	72.000	3.25%	439.20
Weil, Roth & Irving Co., Cincinnati	140.000	3.25%	42.80
Stranahan, Harris & Co., Inc., Toledo	140,000	3.50%	963.42
Widmann & Holzman, jointly with J. S.	1		
Todd & Co., C. A. Hinsch & Co., Inc.,	68,000	3.50%	150.96
and Middendorf & Co., Cincinnati	72,000	$\frac{3.50\%}{3.50\%}$	159.84
First Cleveland Corp., jointly with Field			
Richards & Shepard, Inc., Cleveland	140.000	3.75%	924.00
Bohmer-Reinhart & Co., jointly with			
Edward Brockhaus & Co. and Meyer			
Smith & O'Brien, Cincinnati	140.000	3.75%	467.11

SPRINGFIELD, Ohio—BONDS SOLD—The \$135,000 delinquent to bonds mentioned in these columns last week—V. 145, p. 312—were sold the Sinking Fund Trustees, as 2½s, at par. Dated March 1, 1937. Denor \$1,000. Due in 1939 and 1940.

WAYNESVILLE, Ohio—BOND OFFERING—B. K. Henderson, Village Clerk, will receive bids until noon July 30 for the purchase at not less than par of \$495 4% judgment funding bonds. Denom. \$165. Dated July 1, 1937. Principal and semi-annual interest (March 1 and Sept. 1) payable at the Waynesville National Bank, Waynesville. Due \$165 on Sept. 1 in each of the years 1938, 1939 and 1940. Certified check for \$25, required.

R. J. EDWARDS, Inc.

Municipal Bonds Since 1892

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

AT&T Ok Cy 19

Long Distance 158

OKLAHOMA

ALEX SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Alex), Okla.—BOND SALE—The \$11,000 registered school building bonds offered on June 29—V. 145, p. 160—were awarded to the Brown-Crummer Investment Co., Oklahoma Oity, on a bid of par for 3½s. Denom. \$1,000. Interest payable Jan. 1 and July 1. Due \$1,000 yearly from 1940 to 1950 inclusive.

GRANITE SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Granite), Okla.—BOND SALE—The \$14,500 issue of school building bonds offered for sale on July 12—V. 145, p. 312—was purchased by the Brown-Crummer Co. of Wichita, according to the Superintendent of schools.

MURRAY COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Sulphur), Okla.—BONDS SOLD—It is stated by the Clerk of the Board of Education that \$6,330 funding bonds were purchased by the Taylor-Stuart Co. of Oklahoma City.

WELLINGTON, Okla.—BONDS DEFEATED—A proposal to issue \$32,000 park improvement bonds was defeated by the voters at a recent special election.

OREGON

JEFFERSON COUNTY UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Madras), Ore.—BOND SALE—The \$10,000 issue of school bonds offered for sale on July 9—V. 145, p. 312—was awarded to the State Land Board, as 234s, at a price of 100.07, a basis of about 2.73%. Dated July 1, 1937. Due \$2,000 from July 1, 1939 to 1943; optional after July 1, 1941.

MEDFORD, Ore.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 7:30 P. M. on Aug. 3, by M. L. Alford, City Recorder, for the purchase of a \$50,000 issue of street improvement bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 4%, payable semi-annually. Denom. \$1,000. Dated July 15, 1937. Due \$10,000 from 1938 to 1942 incl. These bonds were approved by the voters at the election held on June 18.

MILWAUKEE, Ore.—BONDS VOTED—The voters on June 28 voted the issuance of \$17,000 city hail bonds.

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania 5% Bonds due July 1, 1951 Price: To Net 2.20%

Moncure Biddle & Co.

1520 Locust Street

Philadelphia

PENNSYLVANIA

CATAWISSA, Pa.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$10,000 coupon funding bonds offered on July 3—V. 145, p. 161—were awarded to E. H. Rollins & Sons of Philadelphia, as 3%s, at par plus a premium of \$30.10, equal to 100.301, a basis of about 3.69%. Dated June 1, 1937. Due \$1,000 yearly on June 1 from 1938 to 1947.

COLLEGE TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. State College), Pa.—BONDS VOTED—On July 6 the voters of the district gave their approval to the proposal to issue \$32,000 school building bonds.

CONYNGHAM TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Mocanaqua), Pa.—BONDS SOLD—The \$12,000 4% coupon operating revenue bonds for which no bids were received on April 5, were sold later to the State School Retirement Board at par. Dated May 1, 1937, and due May 1 as follows: \$1,500 from 1938 to 1941, incl., and \$1,000 from 1942 to 1947, incl.

EAST DEER TOWNSHIP (P. O. Creighton), Pa.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$35,000 coupon bonds offered July 9—V. 144, p. 4388—was awarded to Glover & MacGregor of Pittsburgh, as 3s, at par plus a premium of \$266.60, equal to 100.76 Dated July 1, 1937 and due July 1 as follows: \$5,000 from 1948 to 1951 incl. and \$5,000 from 1953 to 1955 incl. Other

bids were as follows:		
Bidder—	Int. Rate	Premium
Otis & Co	314%	\$533.00
E. H. Rollins & Sons	3 1/4 %	469.00
Singer, Deane & Scribner	31/2%	646.45
Johnson & McLean	312%	~ 211.65
Chandler & Co	314%	90.96
S. K. Cunningham & Co	312%	388.50

EASTON, Pa.—BOND OFFERING—C. E. Rogers, City Clerk, will received sealed bids until 10 a. m. (Eastern Standard Time) on Aug. 3 for the purchase of \$245,000 2, 2\frac{1}{4}, 2\frac{1}{4}, 2\frac{1}{4} or 3\frac{1}{8} coupon, registerable as to principal only, funding and refunding bonds. Dated Aug. 1, 1937. Denom. \$1,000. Due Aug. 1 as follows: \$5,000, 1943; \$10,000, 1944; \$15,000, 1945; \$20,000 in 1946 and 1947; \$25,000 from 1948 to 1954, incl. Bidder to name a single rate of interest on all of the bonds. Interest payable F. & A. A certified check for 2\gamma of the bonds bid for, payable to the order of the City Treasurer, must accompany each proposal. The bonds will be issued subject to approving legal opinion of Townsend, Elliott & Munson of Philadelphia.

FAYETTE CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND ELECTION—The School Board has set Sept. 14 as the date of an election at which a proposition to issue \$20,000 school building bonds will be voted upon.

HARRISON TOWNSHIP (P. O. Natrona), Pa.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$16,000 3% coupon funding bonds offered July 12—V. 144, p. 4388—was awarded to Singer, Deane & Scribner, Pittsburgh, at par plus a premium of \$293.08, equal to 101.83, a basis of about 2.64%. Dated June 1, 1937 and due Dec. 1 as follows: \$3,000, 1939; \$5,000 in 1940 and 1941, and

\$3,000 in 1944. Other bids were as follows:	11, 0110
	remium
	\$202.00
Glover & MacGregor	188.25
8. K. Cunningham & Co.	171.20
E. H. Rollins & Sons	116.00
Johnson & McLean	52.50

INDEPENDENCE TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Washington), Pa.—BONDS VOTED—The voters of the district have approved a bond issue of \$100,000 for school building purposes.

a bond issue of \$100,000 for school building purposes.

INDIANA TOWNSHIP SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Sharpsburg R. D.), Pa.—BOND OFFERING—George C. Hodil, Secretary of the School Board, will receive bids until 7 p. m. (Eastern Standard Time) Aug. 4 for the purchase of \$25,000 coupon bonds. Bidders are to specify a single rate of interest, in a multiple of \$4% but not to exceed \$4\forall %. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Aug. 1, 1937. Interest payable May 1 and Nov. 1. Due \$5,000 yearly on Nov. 1 from 1938 to 1942. Certified check for \$500, payable to the District Treasurer, required. The district will furnish the approving opinion of Burgwin, Scully & Churchill of Pittsburgh. The district will print the bonds.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa.—BOND SALE—The \$207,000 coupon redemption bonds of 1937 offered on July 13—V. 144, p. 4388—were awarded to C. F. Childs & Co., New York, and Kelley, Richardson & Co. of Chicago, jointly, as 4½8, at a price of 100.86, a basis of about 4.14%. Dated Aug. 1, 1937, and due Aug. 1 as follows: \$7,000, 1939; \$5,000, 1940 to 1944, incl.; \$20,000, 1945 and 1946; \$30,000 in 1947 and 1948, and \$25,000 from 1949 to 1951, incl.

MARION HEIGHTS SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND ELECTION-At an election to be held on Aug. 3 a proposal to issue \$12,000 bonds we be voted upon.

NEW CASTLE, Pa.—BOND OFFERING DETAILS—FINANCIAL STATEMENT—The \$70,000 3% funding bonds being offered for sale on July 26, as previously reported in these columns—V. 145, p. 162—will be issued in coupon form, registerable as to principal only. Interest will be payable J. & J. 15, without deduction for any taxes which the city might be required to pay, retain or deduct therefrom under any present law of the United States or any State, county or municipality. Copies of the ordinance providing for the sale of the bonds may be obtained from C. Ed. Brown, City Clerk.

Financial Statement	
Assessed valuation (real and personal) for 1937	\$49 179 520 00
Bonded debt (including this issue)	941.000.00
Floating debt	12,038.00
Total debt	953,038.00
Amount of sinking fund	154,376.10
Population: Est 1910 37 000: 1920 est 40 000: 1930	44 038

Water bonds included in bonded debt? Not owned by city. Are bonds issued by an election or otherwise? Otherwise. Have principal and interest of all previous issues of bonds been promptly paid? Yes.

Tax Status	(Last Three Year	rs)	
Year—	1934	1935	1936
Levy	\$585.052.73	\$587,392.79	\$585,566.69
Collection end fiscal year	306.827.41	333.007.87	431.016.79
Collection to date	336,385.57	363,815.04	456,932.49
Budget based on what tax c			
77%: \$3,442,566.40.	CONTRACTOR STREET, NAME OF STREET		
Maturing Bonds Over Next The	ee Years-1938.	\$105,000; 19	39, \$87,000;
1940, \$67,000.			

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—NOTE SALE POSTPONED—The City temporarily postponed the sale announced for July 15 of \$3,000,000 not to exceed 2½% interest series B and C general impt. notes, dated July 1, 1937 and due July 1, 1940.

Analysis of Funded and Floating Debt June 30, 1937 The actual indebtedness of the City of Pittsburgh is as follows:
Gross amount of indebtedness — \$59,560,060.04
Note and bonded debt outstanding — \$58,088,700.00
\$Bonds authorized, not issued:
Public welfare relief bonds of 1932 — 700,000.00
Net floating debt — 771,360.04 \$59,560,060.04

Credit to be deducted from said gross in-debtedness: Bonds of said City included in said gross bonded debt which have been purchased by the Sinking Fund Com-mission and are held in the several sinking funds. Cash held in said sinking funds for the re-demption of the bonded debt of the City last mentioned \$947,300.00

1.681.068.44 \$2,628,368.44

Net debt outstanding (which includes bonds authorized but not issued)

Bonds authorized but not issued: Public Welfare Relief Bonds (sanctioned by electors April 26, 1932)

Notes authorized since the date of the above financial statement.

General improvement note or notes "B".

Term three years, dated July 1, 1937, to be sold at this sale.

General improvement notes "C" three-year dated July 1, 1937, to be sold at this sale.

1,000,000.00 \$56,931,691.60

June 30, 1937 delinquent City taxes (prior years) \$3,000,000.00

Water bonds outstanding (incl. in above bonds outstanding) \$5,900,100.00

Cash and bonds in water bond sinking fund 236,416.93

PENNSYLVANIA, State of—DORRANCE TRUSTEES DROP SUIT ON TAX—We take the following news report from the Philadelphia

ON TAX—We take the following news report from the Philadelphia "Inquirer" of July 9:

Ethel M. Dorrance of Radnor, and three other trustees of \$35,000,000 trust fund created by her late husband, John T. Dorrance, President of the Campbell Soup Co., vesterday dropped a suit filed in Federal Court a year ago to prevent Pennsylvania authorities from collecting a one-mill personal property tax on the securities in the fund.

Hearings in the suit, which was filed Aug. 7, 1936, were postponed 31 times, and today former Attorney General William A. Schnader, counsel for the trustees, submitted an order to Circuit Judge J. Warren Davis, which the latter signed, for the "discontinuance" of the action.

Although Mr. Dorrance placed securities, mostly common stock of the soup company, worth \$35,000,000, in the fund, Pennsylvania tax authorities placed a valuation of \$27,256,126.47 on the taxables as of Jan. 1, 1936, and a one-mill levy amounting to \$27,256.13.

PENNSYLVANIA (State of)—BOND ISSUES APPROVED—The Department of Internal Affairs, Bureau of Municipal Affairs, has approved the following bond issues. Information includes the name of the municipality, amount and purpose of issue, and date approved:

Date

Municipality and Purpose— Ferndale Borough School District, Cambria County—	Date Approved	Amount
Erecting, furnishing and equipping a new school building. New Oxford Borough School District, Adams County —Erecting an addition, equipping and furnishing	June 28	\$45,000
same Biglerville Borough School District, Adams County— Brecting, equipping and furnishing additional school	June 28	25,000
buildings. Hazleton City School District, Luzerne County— Refund bonded indebtedness, \$70,000; permanent	June 29	15,000
improvements, \$40,000	June 29	110,000
Paying operating expensesOlyphant Borough School District, Lackawanna	June 29	25,000
County—Refunding bonded indebtedness.	June 30	58,500

RIDLEY TOWNSHIP (P. O. Folsom), Pa.—BONDS NOT SOLD—No bids were received for the sewer bonds offered on July 14—V. 145, p. 313. The amount of the offering, originally set at \$20,000, had been reduced to \$15,000.

RIMERSBURG, Pa.—BOND OFFERING—George O. Heeter, Borough Secretary, will receive bids until 2 p. m. July 31, for the purchase of \$15,000 4% coupon, registerable bonds. Denoms. 12 for \$500, 24 for \$250 and 30 for \$100. Dated July 1, 1937. Interest payable semi-annually. Due July 1, 1952, subject to call on and after July 1, 1938.

SOMERSET SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND SALE DETAILS—The \$8,500 bonds sold in June to Otis & Co. of Cleveland, as previously reported—V. 144, p. 4388, bear 3½% interest and were sold at a price of 103.31, a basis of about 2.98%. Dated July 1, 1937, and due July 1 as follows: \$500 in 1940, and \$1.000 from 1941 to 1948, incl.

TAYLOR SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND OFFERING—George Powell, District Secretary, will receive bids until 8 P. M. August 2 for the purchase at not less than par of \$25,000 5% bonds. Denoms. 20 for \$1,000 and 10 for \$500. Dated July 1, 1937. Interest payable semi-annually. Due \$2,500 yearly on July 1 from 1938 to 1947, incl.

WEST HAZELTON SCHOOL DISTRICT, Pa.—BOND ELECTION—An election is scheduled for July 31 at which a proposal to issue \$100,000 bonds will be submitted to a vote.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$400,000 coupon, registerable as to principal only, improvement bonds offered on July 14—V. 144, p. 4388—was awarded to a group composed of the Bancamerica-Biair Corp., New York, Butcher & Sherrerd and Stroud & Co. both of Philadelphia, as 2½s, at a price of 100.5875, a basis of about 2.45%. Dated July 1, 1937 and due July 1 as follows: \$10,000 from 1943 to 1945 incl.; \$20,000, 1946; \$30,000 from 1947 to 1953 incl.; \$20,000 in 1954 and 1955, and \$50,000 in 1956 and 1957.

The bonds, according to the bankers, are being re-offered at 102.25 for he 1943-45 maturities; 102 for the 1946-54 maturities and at 101.50 for the 1955.57 maturities.

Other bids were as follows:	
Bidders (All for 2 3/4 % Bonds)—	Premium
Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.	- \$6.076
E. H. Rollins & Sons. Inc.	5.188
Mackey, Dunn & Co	4.632
Granam, Parsons & Co	_ 4.192
Phelps, Fenn & Co	3,028

RHODE ISLAND

NEWPORT, R. I.—BOND SALE—On July 14 an issue of \$125,000 coupon police station addition, highway and drainage bonds was awarded to Lazard Freres & Co. of New York on a bid of 100,639 for 2s, a basis of about 1.92%. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Aug. 1, 1937. Principal and semi-annual interest (Feb. 1 and Aug. 1) payable at the City Treasurer's office, or at the First National Bank of Boston, at holder's option. Due \$8,000 yearly on Aug. 1 from 1938 to 1952; and \$5,000 Aug. 1, 1953. Burr & Co. of New York bid 100.53 for 2s.

Financial Statement July	1, 1937	
Assessed valuation for year 1936	************	\$76,402,300.00
Sinking fund bonds Less sinking funds	206,128.17	96,871.83
Serial bonds (including this issue) Net bonded debt		1,762,000.00 $1,858,871.83$

Water Doubleton, 1936—29,202.

Tax rate: 1930 to 1933, \$24.00; 1934, \$23.50; 1935, \$24.00; 1936, \$24.00. NORTH PROVIDENCE, R. I.—TAX RATE UNCHANGED—The Tax Assessing Board has fixed the 1937 tax rate at \$2 per \$100 of assessed valuation, no change from last year.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—BONDS SOLD—The Sinking Fund Commissioners purchased \$600,000 2% unemployment relief bonds at a price of par. Dated Aug. 1, 1937, and due \$60,000 on Aug. 1 from 1938 to 1947 incl.

RHODE ISLAND (State of)—PWA DECLINES AID FOR PROPOSED BRIDGE—The Public Works Administration in Washington announced recently it would give neither a Federal loan nor grant for construction of the proposed \$2,200.000 Jamestown-North Kingstown Bridge across the west passage of Narragansett Bay.

Refusing to make public the reasons for disapproval, the agency turned down a request for a grant of \$990.000 and a loan of \$121,000. The construction of the bridge was authorized by the General Assembly at its last session.

Its last session.

Pending in the House of Representatives is a bill introduced by Congressman John M. O'Connell of Westerly, in whose district the proposed bridge would be located, which would authorize the State of Rhode Island

bridge would be located, which would authorize the State of Rhode Island "acting by and through the Jamestown Bridge Commission, as an agency of the State," to construct and operate the bridge.

As recently as June 11, Gov. Robert E. Quinn, who signed the bridge bill on April 28, asked the Supreme Court for an advisory opinion on three questions concerning the bridge.

One was whether the Act allows the Commission, acting in the name of the State, to issue revenue bonds of the State of Rhode Island, or whether the Commission can issue bonds only in its own name.

Another cites the State Constitutional prohibition against the State

Another cites the State Constitutional prohibition against the State obligating itself by debt for more than \$50,000 without express consent of the people. It asked whether this provision of the Constitution would be violated if the bridge bonds were issued in the name of the State acting by and through the Jamestown Bridge Commission.

The third question is one of statutory construction and seeks to determine whether a conflict exists between one section of the General Assembly Act authorizing the Commission to fix, collect and adjust tolls and another section authorizing the Division of Public Utilities to reduce tolls if found

WESTERLY, R. I.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$65,000 coupon water bonds offered on July 16 was awarded to G. M.-P. Murphy & Co. of New York, as 2s, at a price of 100.719, a basis of about 1.905%. Dated July 1, 1937 and due \$7,000 on July 1 from 1943 to 1947 incl. Other bids were as follows:

Int. Rate Lazard Freres & Co... First National Bank of Boston... Goldman, Sachs & Co...

Financial Statement, July 1, 1937

SOUTH CAROLINA

ABBEVILLE COUNTY (P. O. Abbeville), S. C.—RESULT OF BOND ELECTION—At a recent election the people of the county voted down a proposal to issue \$36,000 jail bonds, but approved the issuance of \$5,000 county hospital bonds.

BLACKVILLE, S. C.—BOND CALL—H. L. Buist, Town Clerk-Treasurer, is said to be calling for payment at the Blackville depository, on Aug. 2, on which date interest shall cease, a total of \$6,000 6% electric light system bonds, part of an original issue of \$11,000. Dated July 1, 1915. Due on July 1, 1955. The bonds presented shall have July 1 and subsequent coupons attached.

OLYMPIA SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 4 (P. O. Columbia), S. C.—BOND ELECTION—It is reported that an election will be held on July 19 in order to vote on the issuance of \$50,000 in school building bonds.

SOUTH DAKOTA

BRITTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Britton), S. Dak.—WARRANTS CALLED—George G. Baker, District Treasurer, is said to be calling for payment all registered outstanding warrants up to and including No. 1236, at the First National Bank in Britton.

EMERY, S. Dak.—BOND OFFERING—As previously reported in these columns—V. 145, p. 313—Tom Nolan, City Auditor, will receive bids until 10 A. M. July 20 for the purchase at not less than par of \$3,500 bonds. Interest rate will not exceed 5%. Denom. \$500. Due \$500 yearly on July 1 from 1940 to 1946.

FORT PIERRE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 (P. O. Fort Pierre), S. Dak.—WARRANTS CALLED—Howard Hendrickson District Treasurer, is said to be calling for payment the following: All registered tuition warrants up to and including No. 9070. All registered general warrants up to and including No. 7750.

GREGORY COUNTY (P. O. Burke), S. Dak.—BONDS SOLD—It is stated by the County Auditor that \$37,500 4½% semi-ann. funding bonds were purchased recently by the Northwest Security National Bank of Sioux Falls.

SCOTLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 4, S. Dak.

—BOND ELECTION—The Board of Education has ordered an election to be held July 20, for the purpose of voting on a proposal to issue \$30,000 school building bonds.

TENNESSEE

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—BOND TENDERS INVITED—It is stated by T. R. Preston, Chairman of the Sinking Fund Commissioners, that he will receive sealed tenders of refunding bonds of the city, series A, B, and C, and funding bonds of the city, all dated May 1, 1935, and maturing May 1, 1950, until 10:30 a. m. on July 29. The Sinking Fund Commissioners are said to have in the sinking fund for the purpose of purchasing said bonds the sum of \$109,000.

In the event tenders in a sufficient amount of said bonds, at an interest yield basis to the Commission of 3½ % or more, are not submitted, the Commission will consider tenders of other issues of bonds of the city, having a maturity date prior to May 1, 1950.

Tenders or bidders shall specify the interest rates and number of bonds to be tendered. Bidders may stipulate, if they so desire, that their tenders are for the purchase of all or none of the bonds tendered, and shall state the time and place said bonds will be delivered, if tenders are accepted.

Tenders shall be accompanied by certified check upon any incorporated bank or trust company for 1% of the face amount of the bonds tendered or purchased, payable to the Sinking Fund Commissioners.

FAYETTEVILLE, Tenn.—BONDS VOTED—By a vote of 75 to 15

FAYETTEVILLE, Tenn.—BONDS VOTED—By a vote of 75 to 15 ne residents on June 26 approved a proposal to issue \$25,000 school build-

HAMBLEN COUNTY (P. O. Morristown), Tenn.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until July 19, by E. B. Fisher, Chairman of the County Court, for the purchase of an issue of \$100,000 refunding bonds, Interest rate is not to exceed 5%, payable semi-annually. Due \$5,000 from 1938 to 1957 incl.

HARDEMAN COUNTY (P. O. Bolivar), Tenn.—BOND SALE—The First National Bank of Memphis has purchased and is now offering to investors at par an issue of \$100,000 5% funding bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Feb. 1, 1937. Principal and semi-annual interest (April 1 and Oct. 1) payable at the office of the County Trustee, in Bolivar. Due Oct. 1, 1957.

LENOIR CITY, Tenn.—REPORT ON PROGRESS OF REFUNDING PLAN—It is reported that the entire indebtedness of the city, aggregating \$460,000, is being readjusted through an exchange with the present holders of refunding bonds bearing 3½% to 5½% int. and maturing 20 years after date, but redeemable at the option of the city on any int.—payment period, at par and int. It is said that at present all of the indebtedness, with the exception of \$27,500, has been converted through exchange into refunding bonds and int. is being paid promptly.

LIVINGSTON, Tenn.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until noon on July 24, by Mayor B. H. Hunt, for the purchase of a \$35,000 issue of municipal auditorium bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 6%, payable semi-annually. Denom. \$100. Dated Aug. 1, 1937. Due in 20 years. No bid for less than par and accrued interest will be considered.

POLK COUNTY (P. O. Benton), Tenn.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—The County Court recently passed a resolution providing authority for the issuance of \$200,000 debt funding bonds.

SCOTT COUNTY (P. O. Huntsville), Tenn.—BONDS AUTHORIZED—On July 6 the County Court authorized a bond issue of \$175,000 to refund outstanding indebtedness.

outstanding indebtedness.

TENNESSEE, State of—GAINS REPORTED IN TAX COLLECTIONS—An Associated Press dispatch from Nashville on June 30 had the following to say in regard to revenue increases:

The tax department reported tonight that Tennessee collected \$33,406,660 from tax sources in the fiscal year ending at midnight, representing a gain of \$4,766,791, or 16.64% over the last previous fiscal year.

The gasoline tax was the heaviest producer, according to the department, accounting for \$18,118,709 in the 1936-1937 fiscal year, and \$15,648,726 in 1935-1936. In each case this represented more than half the total collections.

The 1935-1936 total from all tax sources was \$28,639,868, making a total for the fiscal biennium of \$62,046,528.

In the 1935-1936 fiscal period, when property, ad valorem, privlege and gross receipts taxes and public utility fees aggregating about \$2,500,000 a year, did not clear through the department, it reported collections of

TEXAS

ALAMO HEIGHTS, Tex.—BONDS VOTED—A proposal to issue \$58,000 water improvement and refunding bonds was approved by the voters at an election held on July 6.

AUSTIN, Texas—ADDITIONAL DETAILS—We are now informed that the \$100,000 2½ % fire station and equipment bonds purchased jointly by Roche & Co. of Austin, and Fenner & Beane, of Houston, at par and accrued interest, as noted here recently—V. 145, p. 313—are in the denomination of \$1,000 each, mature \$5,000 from July 1, 1938 to 1957, without option, and the interest is payable J. & J.

RIG. SPRINGENNETENDETENDETENDETENDETE (P. Q. Big.

BIG SPRINGFINDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Big Spring), Texas—BONDS DEFEATED—At the election held on June 26 the voters rejected the proposal to issue \$65,000 in gymnasium-auditorium bonds.

CANUTILLO SCHOOL DISTRICT, Texas—BONDS VOTED—The voters of the district have approved the issuance of \$30,000 school building bonds.

ECTOR COUNTY (P. O. Odessa), Texas—BOND SALE DETAILS—We are now informed by the County Clerk that the \$150,000 (not \$135,000) courthouse bonds purchased by the State of Texas, as 3s and 3½s, noted in these columns recently—V. 145, p. 163—are due in 15 years, optional in 10 years. Registered bonds in \$1,000 denominations.

EL PASO COUNTY (P. O. El Paso), Tex.—BOND ELECTION—The county will hold an election on Aug. 23 for the purpose of voting on a proposal to issue \$100,000 park improvement bonds.

ENNIS, Texas—DEBT REFUNDING PLAN SUBMITTED—Under date of June 28, the Brown-Crummer Co. of Dallas, forwarded to bond and warrant holders of the above city, a report of their negotiations with city officials, a proposed plan for the refunding of the \$497,000 indebtedness, and a list of holders of \$253,000 bonds who have approved the program.

debtedness, and a list of holders of \$253,000 bonds who have approved the program.

The plan calls for the payment of all unpaid interest coupons and accrued interest coupons and accrued interest to April 10, 1934, at par, all similar interest due from that date to April 10, 1936, at 50 cents on the dollar, and all interest from then to April 10, 1937, at 4% per annum.

The city also contemplates the issuance of three series of callable refunding bonds dated April 10, 1937, maturing serially from 2 to 35 years, the average maturity extension being about seven years. All the new bonds will be exchanged for the original securities at par.

Series A will consist of \$208,500 refunding bonds bearing interest at 4% until 1941, and at 4½% until paid, to be exchanged for bonds bearing a 4½% coupon.

Series B will consist of \$142,000 refunding bonds bearing 4% interest until 1941 and 4½% until paid, to be exchanged for 5% obligations.

Series O will consist of \$145,500 refunding bonds with a rate of 4% until 1941 and 5% until paid, to be exchanged for 5½% bonds and 6% warrants.

The validity of the new bonds will be determined by the United States

warrants.

The validity of the new bonds will be determined by the United States District Court and approved by the Attorney General of the State. Consent of holders of 75% of the bonds is necessary for the plan to become operative.

Holders are requested to forward their consent to the program to the Brown-Crummer Investment Co., Dallas, Texas.

Brown-Crummer Investment Co., Dallas, Texas.

FRENCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Beaumont),
Texas—BOND OFFERING DETAILS—In connection with the offering
scheduled for July 16 of the \$25,000 stadium bonds, notice of which was
given in these columns recently—V. 145, p. 313—it is stated by A. B. C.
Dean, Superintendent of Schools, that the bonds will be offered at 8 p. m.
on the said date. Interest rate is not to exceed 4%, payable J. & J. Bids
will be considered on any rate or combination of rates. It is the intention
of the Board to sell the bonds at the lowest interest rate that will bring a
price of approximately, but not less than, par and accrued interest. Bids
on rates must be in multiples of ¼ of 1%. The printing of bonds and legal
opinion must be furnished by the purchaser. The place of payment on
principal and interest will be made satisfactory to the purchaser. A \$500
certified check, payable to Clyde H. Wooding, President of the School
Board, must accompany the bid.

GORMAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Gorman), Texas—BONDS SOLD—It is reported by the Secretary of the Board of Education that \$5,000 building bonds were sold recently.

Education that \$5,000 building bonds were sold recently.

MONAHANS, Texas—BOND ELECTION CONTEMPLATED—It is stated by the City Clerk that an election will be held in the near future to vote on the issuance of \$100,000 in various improvement bonds.

NUECES COUNTY (P. O. Corpus Christi), Texas—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received by C. J. Wilde, County Auditor, until 10 A.M. on Aug. 2, for the purchase of a \$73,000 issue of road bonds. Interest rate is not to exceed 4%, payable M. & S. Denom. \$1,000. Dated Sept. 1, 1937. Due on Sept. 1 as follows: \$20,000, 1945 to 1949; \$30,000, 1950 to 1952; \$40,000, 1953, and \$45,000 in 1954. The county reserves the right to retire said bonds or any portion thereof on any interest paying date on or after Sept. 1, 1942. Prin. and int. payable at the State Treasurer's office or at the County Treasurer's office. The approving opinion of Chapman & Cutler of Chicago, will be furnished. These bonds are part of a \$875,000 issue approved by the voters at an election held on Nov. 9, 1929. Bidding forms will be furnished by the county.

(An issue of \$200,000 road bonds was offered for sale without success on June 14, as reported in these columns at that time—V. 144, p. 4389.)

BOND SALE—On July 5 an issue of \$35,000 3½% jail improvement warrant funding bonds was sold to the J. R. Phillips Investment Co. of Houston.

PITTSBURG, Texas—BOND OFFERING DETAILS—It is now reported by E. F. Garrison, City Secretary, that the \$25,000 5% semi-ann. sewer system revenue bonds scheduled for sale on July 20, as noted here recently—V. 145, p. 163—are part of an authorized issue of \$50,000, naturing on May 15 as follows: \$500, 1938; \$1,000, 1939 to 1941; \$1,500, 1942, and \$3,000, 1943 to 1957. Legality to be approved by W. P. Dumas of Dallas. The bonds are secured solely by a valid first lien on all the physical property of the sewerage system and the net revenues thereof, are issued pursuant to an election held on Aptil 15, 1936, and under the authority of the General Laws of the State, especially Articles 1,111 to 1,118, Revised Civil Statutes of the State, as amended.

PORT ARTHUR. Texas—BOND CALL—A. F. Hine, City Clerk.

PORT ARTHUR, Texas—BOND CALL—A. F. Hine, City Clerk, states that all persons owning and (or) holding 6% street improvement bonds, Series No. 1, numbered from 13 to 22, are to present them for redemption at the National City Bank, New York, or at the City Treasurer's office, on Dec. 1, on which date interest shall cease. Dated Dec. 1, 1903, optional on Dec. 1, 1923.

SAN ANGELO, Texas—BONDS DEFEATED—At the election held on July 6—V. 144, p. 4389—the voters defeated the proposal to issue \$100,000 in park impt. bonds.

SEYMOUR, Texas—BOND SALE—The \$65,000 water and sewer system bonds recently approved by the voters have been sold to the Brown-Crummer Investment Co. of Dallas.

SONORA, Texas—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids were received until 2 P. M. on July 17, by G. Smith, City Manager, for the purchase of a \$90,000 issue of 4½% water works revenue bonds. Denom. \$1,000. Due as follows: \$1,000, 1983 to 1942; \$2,000, 1943 to 1962, and \$3,000, 1963 to 1977; optional after 20 years. These bonds were approved by the voters at an election held on March 27. Prin. and int. (M. & N.) payable in Sonora. A certified check for \$4,500 must accompany the bid.

TAYLOR COUNTY (P. O. Abilene), Tex.—BONDS VOTED—A \$25,000 bond issue for purchase of a right-of-way for a new highway has been approved by the voters.

TEXAS, State of—REQUIREMENTS ON ROAD BONDS TO BE MET A report from its Austin Bureau to the Dallas "News" of July 3 had the

Mounting revenues from increased gasoline consumption enabled the Board of County and District Road Indebtedness to appropriate Friday, for the first time, funds to pay all requirements on 1938 bonds assumed by the State

for the first time, runds to pay all requirements on 1990 bonds assumed by the State.

The Board appropriated \$8,765,360 to pay interest and principal next year on \$170,000,000 of bonds, the proceeds of which were spent for State highway construction. Funds for the bonds assumption are provided by the allocation of one cent of the gasoline tax of four cents a gallon.

Income for the year was estimated conservatively at \$9,000,000 despite the collection of \$9,819,493 during the year ended last June 30 and \$8,710,334 during the year ended last June 30 and \$8,710,334 during the year ended June 30, 1936. Ability to pay all the State's requirements was attributed mainly to increased gasoline usage and in part of a decrease in the bonds.

In 1933, the first year under the Bond Retirement Act which changed the basis of road construction to a State proposition rather than one dependent on counties and districts, the State was able to pay the interest but only 33% of the principal. In 1934 the principal payment was 30%; in 1936, 75%, and this year 90%. The average for the last five years is 55.6%.

The allocation for 1938 provides \$4,393,119 for principal and \$4,372,240 for interest. Bonds admitted for participation in the Assumption Act are from all but 22 counties of the State. About \$29,000,000 worth of bonds have been retired since the Act became effective. About \$40,000,000 issued by counties and districts were not eligible for participation because the proceeds were not spent on highway construction.

RFC LOANS TO IRRIGATION DISTRICTS—Irrigation districts to the number of 17 in the lower Rio Grande Valley have been refinanced through the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, according to a report of the RFC. These districts have received a total of \$8,857,111 in disbursements, while \$16,546,259 in indebtedness will be taken up by the RFC loans.

The largest loan was made to Hidalgo and Cameron Counties Water Control and Improvement District No. 9, which received \$2,450,000. The district had asked for \$2,800,000. Disbursement of \$2,449,650 already had been made. The district has an outstanding indebtedness of \$3,500,000, the report said.

TEXAS, State of—WARRANTS CALLED—An Austin dispatch of July 6 had the following to say in regard to the latest warrant call:
"The deficit in the general fund is remaining almost stationary, it was shown Tuesday when State Treasurer Charley Lockhart called for payments general fund warrants to No. 86,005, representing \$1,208,347, and bring cash payments up to Jan. 21. This left the deficit at \$10,513,466, but \$202,600 less than it was June 21, the date of the last warrant call.
"The deficit in the general pension fund is \$4,756,659. These warrants are being purchased for the highway investment fund up to the July, 1936, issue if not discounted and those issued prior to July, 1935, regardless of discount."

YSLETA SCHOOL DISTRICT, TEX.—BONDS VOTED—A bond issue of \$25,000 for construction of a school building was approved by the voters at a recent election.

UTAH

BEAVER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT (P. O. Beaver), Utah— $BONDS\ VOTED$ —The voters of the district recently gave their approval to a bond issue of \$55,000 for school building purposes.

VERMONT

ST. ALBANS, Vt.—BOND OFFERING—John F. Sullivan, Mayor, announces that sealed bids will be received until 7:30 p. m. (Eastern Standard Time) on July 22 for the purchase of \$35,000 refunding bonds. Dated Aug. 14, 1937. Denom. \$1,000. Due \$5,000 on Aug. 14 from 1954 to 1960 incl. Bidder to name a single interest rate of not more than 4%, expressed in a multiple of ¼ of 1%. Principal and interest (F. & A. 14) payable at the Peoples Trust Co. of St. Albans. The bonds will be authenticated as to genuineness and approved as to legality by Attorney Charles D. Watson of the City of St. Albans. Delivery will be made to the purchaser on or about Aug. 18, 1937, at the Peoples Trust Co., St. Albans.

\$20,000

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VIRGINIA

RICHMOND, Va.—BOND SALE—The \$1,500,000 3% coupon or registered semi-ann. public improvement bonds offered for sale on July 15—V. 145, p. 163—were awarded to a syndicate composed of Blyth & Co., Inc.; Lazard Freres & Co., Inc.; Chas. D. Barney & Co., Francis I. Du Pont & Co., all of New York; R. S. Dickson & Co., Inc. of Charlotte, N. C., and Mason-Hagan, Inc. of Richmond, paying a premium of \$111,298.50, equal to 107.4199, a basis of about 2.205%. Dated July 1, 1937. Due \$75,000 from July 1, 1938 to 1957, inclusive.

BONDS OFFERED FOR INVESTMENT—The successful bidders reoffered the above bonds for public subscription at prices to yield from 1.20%
on the earliest maturity up to a yield of 2.25% on the last maturity.

It is stated that a very active demand for these bonds was manifested
by subscribers.

The second highest bid was submitted by a syndicate headed by Edward
B. Smith & Co. of New York, a tender of \$106,513.50 premium for the 3%
bonds.

VIRGINIA, State of—REVENUE COLLECTIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR AT NEW HIGH—We quote in part as follows from a special dispatch out of Richmond to the "Wall Street Journal" of July 13:

"Revenue collections of the State of Virginia set a new record during the fiscal year ended June 30, according to estimates of the June receipts. Total collections are placed at \$79,671,383, up \$16,710,876 from the \$62,-960,507 received during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1936.

"Latest audited comparison is for the 11-month period ended May 1 which shows \$72,671,383 as compared with \$57,495,420 during the like period of the previous year. An estimate of \$7,000,000 is added for June collections, although it is believed that final computations will show that figure exceeded.

"The figures include Virginia Alcoholic Beverage Control Board business as well as all other sources of revenue, including special funds.

"General fund cash balance at the end of, the fiscal year was about \$100,000 more than a year previously, marking the second time in eight years that a surplus has been shown.

"Budget Director H. I. Smith, in discussing the financial results of the State for the fiscal year, said:

"It is apparent that the cash balance in the State fund, general revenue, at the close of business June 30, will be approximately \$800,000. A few items in transit may change this figure some.

"At the beginning of the fiscal year there was a balance of \$695,899.
The State has met its every financial requirement and obligation.

"Through economy on the parts of State institutions and State departments, several thousand dollars of their appropriations will expire and reverte to the general fund. No estimate of this amount can be placed at this time.

"It was pointed out that the Legislature last June appropriated \$4,000,000 additional for roads, relief and public assistance and no additional taxes

"It was pointed out that the Legislature last June appropriated \$4,000,000 additional for roads, relief and public assistance and no additional taxes were imposed.

WASHINGTON

KING COUNTY (P. O. Seattle), Wash.—BOND ISSUANCE CONTEMPLATED—The following report is taken from the Seattle "Post-Intelligencer" of July 8:

The problem of the \$2,250,000 outstanding in county warrants issued for relief of the needy, long a worry to directors of county finances, was be-

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lieved solved yesterday by County Commissioners' decision to i ssue bonds to retire the debt. The huge mass of warrants, outstanding with no funds available from tax income to retire them, had been pyramiding steadily higher.

The debt has ceased growing since the State took over the county welfare department. The saving thus made will be sufficient to pay the annual \$288,976 toward retirement of the new 10-year bond issue and leave enough over to permit raising county salaries somewhat, Chairman Louis Nash of the board declared.

The limits of the 40-mill tax law have precluded the county from retiring the steadily growing dole debt by taxation.

KING COUNTY (P. O. Seattle), Wash.—BONDS PLANNED—The County Commissioners are completing plans for the issuance of \$2,250,000 warrant funding bonds.

MERIDIAN CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 320 (P. O. Bellingham), Wash.—BOND SALE—The \$18,000 issue of school bonds offered for sale on July 9—V. 144, p. 4390—was awarded to the State of Washington as 4s at par. Dated July 15, 1937. Due in from 2 to 20 years after date of issue; optional after five years.

SEATTLE, Wash.—BONDS CALLED—H. L. Collier, City Treasurer, is asid to have called for payment from July 16 to 21, various local impt. district bonds

WISHRAM SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 92, Klickitat County, Wash. BOND SALE—The \$23,000 bond issue offered on July 9—V. 145, p. 164—as awarded to the State of Washington at 3% interest. Due serially for

WEST VIRGINIA

MASON COUNTY (P. O. Point Pleasant), W. Va.—BONDS DE-FEATED—It is stated by the Clerk of the County Court that at the elec-tion held on June 20, the proposal to issue \$95,000 in court house and jail bonds was defeated.

WEST VIRGINIA (State of)—BOND SALE—The \$500,000 coupon, fully registerable, road bonds offered for sale on July 13—V. 145, p. 314—were awarded, in conjunction with an additional \$500,000, to a syndicate composed of Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc., the Bancamerica-Blair Corp., Geo. B. Gibbons & Co., Inc., Burr & Co., Inc., all of New York, and Schmidt, Poole & Co. of Philadelphia, taking the first \$240,000 as 3½s, and the remaining \$760,000 as 2½s, on a net interest cost of 2.329%. Due \$40,000 annually on May 1 from 1938 to 1962 incl.

The \$500,000 block of bonds was offered with an option to the purchaser to take an additional \$500,000 road bonds alike in all respects to the issue scheduled for July 13.

BONDS OFFERED FOR INVESTMENT—The successful bidders reoffered the above bonds for public subscription, the $3 \frac{1}{2}$ s, at prices to yield 0.80% to 2.00%, while the $2 \frac{1}{2}$ s are priced to yield from 2.00% to 2.35%, all according to maturity.

Financial Statement	
Assessed valuation, 1936	\$1,737,625,670,00
Bonded Indebtedness-	
1. State road bonds	75,927,000.00
2. State refunding bonds	4,000,000.00
3 1025 Virginia debt refunding bonds	1 120 000 00

Total bonded indebtedness—not including this offer ____ \$81,047,000.00
Outstanding notes______None

Total bonded indebtedness—not including this offer ... \$81,047,000.00 Outstanding notes. None

1. Issued pursuant to the Good Roads Amendments to the Constitution and payable serially, last maturity May 1, 1962.

2. Payable serially \$250,000.00 each year, last maturity June 1, 1953.

3. \$560,000.00 to be retired annually, July 1, 1938, 1939.

All of the original issue (1919 Virginia debt \$13,500,000.00.00) retired except as hereinafter stated. \$861,225.00 of the 1919 Virginia debt bonds (3½%) were held in escrow by the State of West Virginia to be exchanged for Virginia deferred certificates which had not been deposited with the Commonwealth of Virginia prior to April, 1919.

\$447,300.00 remain in escrow, although eligible for exchange since 1919. The law provides any part of the bonds remaining in escrow and uncalled for on Jan. 1, 1939 shall be conclusively presumed to have been lost or destroyed and shall be immediately canceled by the State of West Virginia, Hence the State will be liable for payment for whatever part of the \$447,-300.00 presented for payment prior to Jan. 1, 1939.

Population (1920 census) 1,463,701; (1930 census) 1,728,510.

These bonds are issued under authority of amendment to the Constitution known as \$50,000,000.00 Sta5e road bond amendment, and under authority of an Act of the Legislature of the State of West Virginia known as Chapter 19, Acts of 1935, Regular Session.

To secure the payment of this bond, principal sum and interest, when other funds and revenues sufficient are not available for that purpose, it is agreed that, within the limits prescribed by the Constitution, the Board of Public Works of the State of West Virginia shall annually cause to be levied and collected an annual State tax on all property in the State, until said bond is fully paid, sufficient to pay the annual interest on said bond and the principal sum thereof within the time this bond becomes due and payable.

WISCONSIN

OCONTO COUNTY (P. O. Oconto), Wis.—BOND OFFERING—Sealed bids will be received until 2 p. m. (Central Standard Time) on July 26, by Josie M. Cook, County Clerk, for the purchase of two issues of 3% highway improvement bonds, aggregating \$240,000, divided as follows: \$210,000 series H bonds. Due on June 1 as follows: \$70,000, 1940; \$75,000, 1941, and \$65,000 in 1942.

30,000 series H bonds. Due on June 1, 1940.

Toenom. \$1,000. Dated June 1, 1937. These bonds are a part of a \$500,000 issue approved on April 7, 1936, of which \$100,000 have been sold. Prin. and int. (J. & D.) payable in lawful money at the County Treasurer's office. The approving opinion of Chapman & Cutler of Chicago will be furnished. A certified check for 2% of the par value of the bonds, payable to the County Treasurer, must accompany the bid.

SHELDON TOWNSHIP (P. O. Sheldon), Wis.—BONDS VOTED—At a recent election a bond issue of \$35,000 for highway improvements was approved by the voters.

STEVENS POINT, Wis.—PRICE PAID—In connection with the sale of the \$70,000 2½% corporate purpose notes to T. E. Joiner & Co. of Chicago, noted in these columns recently—V. 145, p. 164—it is reported that the notes were sold at par, plus all expenses. Due on Aug. 15, 1938; subject to redemption on April 1, 1938.

WASHINGTON (P. O. Bangor, Route 2), Wis.—INTEREST RATE—We are now informed by the Town Clerk that the \$45,000 highway improvement, series A, bonds purchased on July 7 by T. E. Joiner & Co. of Chicago, at a price of 100.52, as noted in these columns—V. 145, p. 314—were sold as 3s, giving a basis of about 2.88%. Due from 1938 to 1952, optional on June 1, 1942.

WISCONSIN, State of—GOVERNOR SIGNS TAX MEASURE—Governor La Follette signed recently a \$1,236,250 high school aid bill carrying as a rider the administration's tax program for the biennium which began on

July 1. Designed to meet a record budget of \$66,150,000, the tax program does nothing more than renew for two more years two expiring emergency measures—the $2\frac{1}{2}\%$ privilege tax on corporate dividends and the 60% surtax on individual incomes.

WYOMING

CODY, Wyo.—BOND SALE—The \$50,000 issue of coupon water works improvement bonds offered for sale on July 8—V. 144, p. 4390—was awarded jointly to the American National Bank of Cheyenne and Geo. W. Vallery & Co. of Denver, as 3½s at a price of 100.90, a basis of about 3.15%. Purchaser is to furnish the legal opinion and printing of the bonds. Dated July 1, 1937. Due in 30 years; optional in 10 years.

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CANADA

CANADA (Dominion of)—REVENUES HIGHER—The Comptroller of the Treasury reported ordinary revenues for June of \$36,668,896 and total revenues, with special receipts, of \$36,977,726. This compares with total income of \$33,601,440 in the same month last year. Total receipts in the first three months of the current fiscal year amounted to \$167,219,981, as against only \$134,865,019 in the same period last year. Ordinary expenditures in the recent month were \$26,307,504, as compared with \$26,069,611 in June of 1936. Ordinary disbursements in the first three months of the present fiscal year aggregated \$90,416,266, in contrast with \$89,767,482 in the like months of 1936. Other expenditures in the recent month of June included \$14,074,255 for government-owned enterprises, contrasted with an outlay for the same purpose of \$11,505,173 in June 1936.

CANADA (Dominion of)—TREASURY BILLS SOLD—The Bank of Canada accepted tenders July 14 for \$25,000,000 Treasury bills, due Oct. 15-1937. The average discount price was \$99.84102 and the average yield 0.632%.

HANTSPORT, N. S.—BOND SALE—Cornell, Macgillivary & Co. of Halifax recently purchased \$18,500 4% bonds at a price of 101.27, and re-offered them at 102. The total includes \$14,000 issue, dated July 2, 1937 and due \$1,000 annually from 1938 to 1951, incl., and a loan of \$4,500, dated May 15, 1937 and due \$300 yearly from 1938 to 1952, incl.

MONCTON, N. B.—BOND SALE—The issue of \$62,000 school bonds offered on July 9—V. 145, p. 314—was awarded to a syndicate composed of Johnston & Ward, Montreal, Irving, Brennan & Co., St. John, Nesbitt, Thomson & Co. and W. C. Pitfield & Co., both of Montreal, as 3½s, at a price of 96.57, a basis of about 2.78%. Dated Aug. 1, 1937 and due Aug. 1, 1952.

1, 1952.

MONTREAL, Que.—DEBT UP \$2,577,114 IN FISCAL YEAR—Net debt of the city increased \$2,577,141 to \$201,581,016 during the fiscal year ended April 30, 1937, according to the annual report presented to the City Council by Honore Parent, Director of Finance. Revenue surplus for the year amounted to \$377,327, an increase of \$261,076 over last year. The Toronto "Globe and Mail" of July 1 commented on the features of the report as follows:

"Net debt at the end of the year represented 21.91% of the taxable property valuation, placed at \$920,005,859. It is equivalent to \$227.78 per capita of the city's population. The report shows the city's loan power has been exceeded by \$3,815,420, or 0.428% of the taxable valuation. This is due, the report adds, to decreased municipal property values since the loans were authorized.

"Interest paid on the funded debt, which totaled \$276,207,378 compared with \$275,584,877 the previous year, was at the rate of 4.45%, compared with \$275,584,877 the previous year, was at the rate of 4.45%, compared with \$276,104. The sinking fund amounted to \$45,043,284, of which \$38,529,257 is on funded debt. Loans authorized but not floated totaled \$4,492,-704. The sinking fund amounted to \$45,043,284, of which \$38,529,257 is on funded debt, \$3,415,231 for Catholic school bonds and \$3,098,796 for Protestant schools. The fund shows an increase of \$4,843,002.

"Permanent assets of the city stand at \$189,685,636, a decrease of \$30,527 during the year. Relief expenditures during the year amounted to \$6,880,011, which is incorporated into the funded debt. The amount represents one-third of the total amount paid out in the city on relief since the Dominion and Provincial governments assume payment of the remaining two-thirds."

OTTAWA, Ont.—BOND SALE—On July 8 a syndicate composed of A. E. Ames & Co., Toronto; the Royal Securities Corp., Montreal; McTaggart, Hannaford, Birks & Gordon, Montreal, and Harrison & Co., Toronto, was awarded \$830,475 bonds on a bid of 100.30. The bonds are divided into four issues, as follows:

four issues, as follows:
\$623,000 2% 5 year serial relief and road improvement bonds, dated Jan. 1.
1937. Interest payable Jan. 1 and July 1.
17,500 2½% 10 year serial road bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Interest payable Jan. 1 and July 1.
122,870 2½% 15 year serial and purchase and improvement bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Interest payable Jan. 1 and July 1.
67,105 3% 20 year serial water works and sewer bonds, dated July 1, 1936. Interest payable Jan. 1 and July 1.
Other bidders were:—

Price

(This supplements an earlier report given in these columns—V. 145, p. 314).

PORT ARTHUR, Ont.—BOND OFFERING—A. H. Evans, City Treasurer, will receive sealed bids until 5 p. m. on July 22 for the purchase of \$49,700 4% 15-year serial bonds and \$98,900 4% 20-year serial bonds. Payable at Port Arthur, Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg and Vancouver.

QUEBEC, Que.—SINKING FUND ASSETS TRANSFERRED TO PROVINCE—All the amounts deposited in the sinking fund of the city of Quebec has been transferred by City Treasurer Eugene Barry, to the provincial treasury in accordance with the law, according to report. The transaction, which places a sum of \$4,400,000 in the account of the province of Quebec was executed in virtue of an amendment to the city adopted at the last session of the legislature, reviving an old statute.

WINNIPEG, Man.—MONTH'S CREDIT ARRANGED—The Bank of Montreal has agreed to finance the city's relief requirements during the month of July. Previously the bank had announced that it would refuse further credit after July 1 because of the large overdraft accumulated by the city. It is expected that during the present month some plan can be adopted which will provide a permanent solution of the city's relief problem. A refinancing plan for the city is reported to have already been approved by holders of about 20% of the debenture debt. The plan, which was announced in its final form recently, will become effective upon approval of holders of at least 60% of the indebtedness.